

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th November 1875.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1175C.S.

GENERAL.—The 29th March 1876.—Bahoo Gobind Mohun Ghose, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, having resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 16th March 1876, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 24th January 1876, is cancelled.

Bahoo Kali Nath Dey, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act VII (B.C.) of 1868.

The 30th March 1876.—Mr. Charles Arthur Kelly, c.s., reported his departure from India on leave on the 27th March 1876.

Mr. J. F. Stevens, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Cuttack, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge of Moorsshedabad.

Moulvi Dulleelluddeen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 8, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 8th January 1876.

The services of Mr. James Austin Bourdillon, Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Mr. John Elliott, M.A., who has been appointed to the Third Class of the Bengal Educational Service, is also appointed to be Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal with effect from the 24th ultimo, vice Mr. W. G. Willson, deceased.

Mr. Henry Bell, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is appointed to be President of the Central Examination Committee for the first half-yearly departmental examination of assistants and others of 1876.

The orders of the 22nd February last, granting to Mr. H. J. Reynolds, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, leave for one month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, are cancelled.

Mr. Alexander Mackenzie is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. Wavell, or until further orders. Mr. Mackenzie will act in the Second Grade of Magistrates and Collectors.

The following officers are appointed to act in the Second Grade of Magistrates and Collectors with effect from the dates mentioned against their names, viz.—

Mr. Robert Henry Wilson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs,—from the 1st ultimo, the date on which Mr. F. Wyer made over charge of his duties as Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Fureedpore.

Mr. Arthur Weekes, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Fureedpore, from the 8th ultimo, the date on which Mr. L. B. B. King made over charge of his duties as Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Maldah.

Mr. Frederick Hubert McLaughlin, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moorshedabad, is appointed to act temporarily, until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge of Jessore.

An extension of furlough for four months has been granted to Mr. H. Beveridge, c.s., by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.

The 3rd April 1876.—Mr. Alexander Thomas Maclean, District and Sessions Judge, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed, under Section 3 of Act X of 1870, to perform the functions of a Judge in the town of Calcutta for the purpose of disposing of cases of land acquisition under the provisions of that Act.

The 4th April 1876.—Mr. A. B. Falcon, Officiating District and Sessions Judge of Moorshedabad, is allowed special leave for one month, under Section 15 of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Rakhal Das Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Baripore division of the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

This cancels the orders of the 15th ultimo, appointing Baboo Poorno Chunder Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Baripore sub-division.

Baboo Poorno Chunder Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the district of Dacca.

The Hon'ble Henry Lucius Dampier, c.s., is allowed furlough for one year, under Section 10 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from the 26th ultimo.

Baboo Gopal Chunder Mookerjee, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pooree, is transferred to Serampore, in the district of Hooghly.

POLICE.—*The 3rd April 1876.*—Mr. Oswald B. Wood is appointed to act, until further orders, as an Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Mr. H. W. J. Bamber, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Jessore, is appointed to be District Superintendent of Police, Rajshahye.

Mr. S. J. Kilby, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on special duty in the Patna Division, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District Superintendent of Police, Jessore.

Mr. H. Bayley, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Gaya, is posted to the Mudhoobunnee division of the Durbhanga district.

EDUCATION.—*The 3rd April 1876.*—Mr. C. H. Tawney, Professor, Presidency College, is allowed furlough for eighteen months under Section 10 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 6th instant, or such later date as he may avail himself of it. Mr. Tawney is also allowed three days' subsidiary leave under Section 18 of the Code.

The 4th April 1876.—Mr. C. B. Clarke, M.A., Inspector of Schools, Rajshahye Circle, is promoted to the First Class of the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Mr. R. Thwaytes, deceased.

MEDICAL.—*The 31st March 1876.*—Assistant Surgeon Amerto Lall Bhuttacharjee is appointed to be Resident Assistant Surgeon in the Campbell Hospital, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Tarinee Churn Pal.

Assistant Surgeon Doorga Das Bhuttacharjee is appointed to be Resident Assistant Surgeon in the Campbell Hospital, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Chunder Coomer Gupta.

The 4th April 1876.—Assistant Surgeon Akbar Khan, attached to the Doolai Dispensary, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 6th December 1875.

MARINE.—*The 21st March 1876.*—The Magistrate of Pooree is appointed, under Section 3, Act IV of 1875, to be the officer for the port of Pooree, who will receive notice of accidents to ships for communication to the local Government.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 30th March 1876.*—Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Gupta is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Sahebgunge, *vice* Mr. A. H. Bull, resigned.

ROAD CESS.—*The 21st March 1876.*—Mr. Robert Carstairs, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to be a member of the District Road-Cess Committee of Tipperah, *vice* Mr. T. Smith, Sub-Engineer, transferred.

R. L. MANGERS,
Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1876.—The following amendment of Rule 76 of the Rules for the guidance of running pilots (published at page 572 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st February 1872) having been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, is published for general information:—

AMENDED RULE No. 76.

"Pilots in charge of inward-bound pilgrim ships from the Persian Gulf or Red Sea are to warn the commander not to allow the pilgrims to land until an officer of the Master Attendant's Department has visited and inspected the vessel. Should there be an epidemic on board, he will anchor the vessel at Mud Point and telegraph to the Master Attendant for orders. The latter part of this order applies to vessels bringing return emigrants, and to vessels any of the passengers or crew of which are suffering from an epidemic or an infectious or contagious disease dangerous to human life."

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—In supersession of Notification dated 16th May last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor directs the substitution of the following for Rule 96 of the rules for regulating labor transport under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, which were published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 21st January 1874:—

Rule 96—The space measured off for emigrants shall be fitted along the sides of the vessel with (a) a boarding three feet high, rising from the plank sheer of the vessel; and (b) thick and sound canvas curtains, hanging from roof to deck, with ventilating space under the eaves and fastening closely to the deck below. But from the month of October to March, both inclusive, the three feet boarding shall completely enclose the emigrants' deck space, and, besides the side curtains, there shall be similar curtains hung, one at each end of the deck, so as to convert the entire space allotted to emigrants into a thoroughly sheltered compartment, with ventilating spaces near the roof for the exit of heated and unwholesome air. This large compartment, moreover, shall be sub-divided into three smaller compartments by means of similar boarding and curtains placed right across the deck space from one side of the vessel to the other; only that each such intermediate boarding shall be so constructed as to admit of its removal when necessary at the discretion of the Medical Officer in charge, and each such intermediate curtain, instead of being hung almost from the roof as the curtains at the sides and ends, shall be hung at a height not exceeding six feet, measuring from the deck upwards, the space above being left clear and open for the purposes of free ventilation.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the townships of Berhampore, Lalbagh, and Jungypore, in the Moorshedabad district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said townships of Berhampore, Lalbagh, and Jungypore, shall be those specified in the Government notifications respectively dated 28th February 1869, 17th March 1869, and 24th March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire areas above defined.

H. J. S. CORROX,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th March 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the townships of the North Suburban Town, Nowabgunge, Bagjulla, Kadihatty, and Augurpara, in the 24-Pergunnahs district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said townships of North Suburban Town, Nowabgunge, Bagjulla, Kadihatty, and Augurpara, shall be those specified in the Government notifications respectively dated 20th February 1869, 24th March 1869, 23rd August 1870, 23rd August 1870, 17th March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire areas above defined.

H. J. S. CORROX,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 25th March 1876—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Rampore Beaulah, in the Rajshahye district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Rampore Beaulah shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 15th March 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Nattore shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 20th February 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the towns of Maldah and English Bazar, in the Maldah district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said towns of Maldah and English Bazar shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 15th December 1868 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Rungpore, in the Rungpore district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Rungpore shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 20th February 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Julpigoree, in the Julpigoree district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Julpigoree shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 24th July 1875 for the purposes of Act XX (B.C.) of 1856.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 3rd April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Chur Pullundo, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Furruckpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 10 beghas 4 cottahs and 10 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Chur Pullundo:—

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of Bhabooel village; on the west and east by lands occupied by Jadoo Shaik, Commoroddy Shaik, Gobind Dass, Asker Mundole, Bodone Shaik, Jooran Pramanick, Eshuh Shaik, Mookondolail Roy, Hazaree Shaik, Mehree Shaik, Niloo Shaik, Hussien Shaik, Bosoruth Shaik, Echoo Mullick, Attoy Mullick, Hooroom Shaik, Mochun Mullick, Gopaul Mullick, Mullicksha, Arjan Shaik, Bhodoy Shaik, Majaree Shaik, Gopal Mullick, and Gunga Gobindo Soor; and on the north by Government boundaries of Chur Pullundo.

One piece bounded on the east by boundaries of kismut Bhabooel village; on the west and south by land taken by the Eastern Bengal Railway Company; and on the north by lands belonging to Pittambur Dass and Modoo Soodone Kur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Bhabooeel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 11 baezhas and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Bhabooeel :—

• One piece bounded on the south and west by boundaries of kismut Bhabooeel; on the north by land occupied by Modoo Soodon Kur; and on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of kismut Bhabooeel; on the west by lands belonging to Modoo Soodon Kur, Bachoolaul Roy, and Modoo Soonee Kur; on the north by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; and on the east by lands belonging to Modoo Soonee Kur and Bachoolaul Roy.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of kismut Bhabooeel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 37 beeghas 15 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; on the south by lands occupied by Roy Churn Pramanick, Pittambur, Ram Chund Frollad, Gour Gopaul, Nobokissory, and Shoolul Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Ashanundo Pramanick, Gobindo Mistry, Hurry Barooye, Oerew Pramanick, Shutole Sirdar, Tiloke Pramanick, and Radhanath Sirdar; on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company and the boundaries of Bhabooeel village; and on the north by boundaries of Bhabooeel village and by lands occupied by Radhanath and Nundo Sirdars, Tiloke Pramanick, Shutole Sirdar, boundaries of Bhabooeel, Oerew Pramanick, Hurry Barooye, Gobindo Mistry, Ashanundo Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Shool Ram Chund, Nobokissory, Gopaul, and Goyanath Pramanick, is required within the aforesaid village of kismut Bhabooeel.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1176C.S.

The 30th March 1876.—Baboo Hurro Kally Moo kerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Moonsheegunge division of the Dacca district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Gupta is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of the Southal Pergunnahs, *vice* Mr. A. H. Bull, resigned. Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Gupta is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 31st March 1876.—Baboo Premchand Pal, Munsif of Tumlook, in the district of Midnapore, is transferred to Putneetollah, in the district of Dinagepore.

Baboo Rajchunder Sandyal, Munsif of Putneetollah, in the district of Dinagepore, is transferred to Tumlook, in the district of Midnapore, and is vested, under Section 29, Act VI of 1871, with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes up to the amount of Rs. 50.

The 3rd April 1876.—Baboo Ghonesham Gupta is appointed to act as Moonsif of Motiharee, in the district of Sarun, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Gopinath Mattay, or until further orders.

ERRATUM.—*The 4th April 1876.*—In the orders of the 23rd ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, vesting Mr. F. H. Harding, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class—

For

‘Mr. F. H. Harding, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Rampore Haut division of the Moorsshedabad district.’

Read

‘Mr. F. H. Harding, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Jungypore division of the Moorsshedabad district.’

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 4th April 1876.*—Bahoo Gopinath Mattay, Officiating Moonsif of Motiharee, in the district of Saran, is allowed leave for one month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 23rd instant.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1876.—The declaration published at page 1357 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd September 1874, for the acquisition, under the provisions of Act X of 1870, of the plot of land required for a burial ground for Mahomedans in the town of Jehanabad, is hereby cancelled.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the Sulkea Moonsiffce be henceforth called the Moonsiffce of Howrah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st March 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 82 of the District Towns' Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend to the town of Nusseerabad, in the district of Mymensingh, from the 15th April 1876, the whole of the conservancy provisions of the Schedule K of the aforesaid Act.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—The men described in the roll below having embezzled Government money on different occasions, are hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the Government service in any capacity.

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Age.	Caste.	Height.	Complexion.	Place of residence.	Official designation.
				ft. in.			
Bonomali Chakravarti.	Ramgati Chakravarti.	26	Brahmin, Hindu.	5 6	Fair	Moheahwardi, thana Kopashur, zillah Dacca.	Late District Road Fund Clerk, Backergunge.
Raj Kumar Mukerjee.	Ishwar Chandra Mukerji.	30	Ditto	5 7	Ditto	Kashipur, thana Katwali, zillah Backergunge.	Late Head Clerk of the Police Office, Backergunge.
Grah Chandra Gupta.	Gour Chandra Gupta.	30	Boidho, Hindu	4 6	Dark	Kurpara, thana Srimagar, zillah Dacca.	Late Municipal Overseer at Barisal.
Lake Nath Guho	Kali Kinkar Guho	27	Kyeste, Hindu	5 6	Swarthy	Medinimondal, thana Srimagar, zillah Dacca.	Late Nazir of the Persepur Moonsif in Backergunge.
Shama Charan Das	Ramkumal Das	26	Boidya, Hindu	5 6	Dark	Golah, thana Gournadi, zillah Backergunge.	Late Nazir of Patuakhali Moonsif in zillah Backergunge.
Kinto Kumar Das	Kashi Nath Das	38	Haina Hindu.	5 3	Ditto	Bhawan, thana Srimagar, zillah Dacca.	Late M-hurrie in the Accountant's Department in the Judge's Court, Backergunge.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite its name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Burdwan	Goghat	Goghat	Goghat	Baboo Isaku Chunder Kumar.

This change will take effect on and from the 1st April 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite its name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Burdwan	Khandagoh	Khandagoh	Khandagoh	Gyanendra Nath Singha.

This change will take effect on and from the 1st April 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th March 1876.—Under Section 104 of Act VI of 1863 of the Bengal Legislative Council, it is hereby notified for general information that a Census will be taken by the Justices of Calcutta of all persons who may be within the Town on the night of the 6th April 1876.

The Lieutenant Governor trusts that persons of all classes will co-operate heartily with the Justices, in order that so important a public work may be carried to a successful conclusion.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—The men described in the roll below having been implicated in the abstraction of court-fee stamps from the Courts of the Moonsifs of Panchpookoria, in the district of Tipperah, are hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the Government service in any capacity.

Descriptive Roll

Name.	Father's name.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Description and other distinguishing marks.	Native place.
Nobin Chandra Bhadra.	Ramgati Hindu.	Kayast. Hindu.	About 24—25 years.	About 5 feet 2 inches.	Fair complexion and thin.	Moyna Sasana, pergunah, Bardakhlar, Panch Pookoria.
Sadat Ali	Nahar Mahomed	Mahomedan, Sunni.	About 36 years.	About 5 feet 6 inches.		Kachhara, pergunah, Bardakhlar, Panch Pookoria.
Dar Bux	Khandakar Karim.	Abdool	33—36 years.	About 5 feet 2 inches.	Dark complexion.	Panchpookoria, Panch Pookoria.
Abdool Rezaq	Reynazuddin	Ditto	30—31 years.	About 5 feet 6 inches.	Ditto	Madnabpur, Panch Pookoria.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 25th March 1876.—The following Rules under Sections 18 and 24 of Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan Marriages and Divorces), as finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are published for general information:—

1. As soon as the Act has been extended to any district under section 1, the District Registrar shall nominate a sufficient number of persons to be licensed as Mahomedan Registrars under section 3. He shall also specify the limits within which each of the persons so nominated shall exercise the functions of Mahomedan Registrar.

2. The District Registrar's nomination shall be submitted to the Inspector-General of Registration, and shall be accompanied by the original application of each nominee in the form below, and also by a certificate of good moral character signed by three Mahomedan gentlemen of known respectability and position, and countersigned by the District Magistrate:—

Application for a Mahomedan Registrarship under Act I of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan Marriages and Divorces) at District of Thana

REMARKS	
Names and addresses of persons recommending the candidate.	Whether candidate can write Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Bengali, and English.
Whether candidate is acquainted with Mahomedan law and holds a certificate from any Government Madrasah.	Whether candidate is acquainted with Mahomedan law and holds a certificate from any Government Madrasah.
Whether candidate has a necessary house for office.	Whether candidate has a necessary house for office.
Distance of residence from proposed Registry Office and Subder Station.	Distance of residence from proposed Registry Office and Subder Station.
Present family residence of candidate.	Present family residence of candidate.
Father's name and profession.	Father's name and profession.
Profession or present employment of candidate, with present salary or pension.	Profession or present employment of candidate, with present salary or pension.
Age.	Age.
Name (in English) and (usual) signature of candidate, date of application, and address in full.	Name (in English) and (usual) signature of candidate, date of application, and address in full.

3. In the selection of Mahomedan Registrars, preference shall ordinarily be given to ex-kazis and Government pensioners, being Mahomedans, who reside at a convenient place within the limits of the proposed jurisdiction; but no person shall be appointed a Mahomedan Registrar merely by reason of some supposed hereditary right. A Sub-Registrar of Assurances may be nominated as Mahomedan Registrar, provided he be a Mahomedan, and is otherwise qualified.

4. The limits within which a Mahomedan Registrar shall be licensed to act shall for the present coincide with the limits of a sub-district under the Indian Registration Act, or with the jurisdiction of a police station. The head-quarters shall be at some convenient place within those limits.

5. The District Registrar's nomination, with the accompanying applications and certificates, shall be forwarded to Government by the Inspector-General of Registration with his remarks and recommendation.

6. Should such a course appear expedient hereafter, all Mahomedan Registrars who may have been appointed under these rules, and all future applicants for licenses, shall be liable to examination in the following subjects:—

- (1.) Arabic and vernacular of the district.
- (2.) Mahomedan law of marriage and divorce.
- (3.) Act I of 1876 (B.C.), and the rules.

And if any person who has been appointed a Mahomedan Registrar fail to pass such examination, his license will be liable to be cancelled. Such examination may be held at such times and places and by such examiners as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time appoint.

7. Licenses to qualified persons who have been approved of as Mahomedan Registrars will be granted in the following form:—

License under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876.

To
of
Calcutta, the 187.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by Act I (B.C.) of 1876, you are hereby authorized to register, in the manner prescribed by the above Act, all Mahomedan marriages and divorces which shall be effected within on application being made to you for such registration.

2. It will be your duty carefully to observe the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, and such rules as may from time to time be prescribed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, in pursuance of the power conferred upon him by the above Act.

3. This license shall continue in force until it is revoked or suspended by the said Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

By order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

8. When a Mahomedan Registrar desires to give up his license, or is about to leave the place or district in which he has exercised the functions of Mahomedan Registrar, he shall report the circumstances through the District Registrar to the Inspector-General of Assurances for the orders of Government.

9. When a Mahomedan Registrar makes over charge of his office to a licensed successor, a certificate shall be jointly given of the date on which the office is made over, and of the safety and correctness of the records; and this certificate shall be forwarded by the District Registrar to the Inspector-General.

10. Mahomedan Registrars shall not be entitled to leave as of right under the rules in force for Government servants. The District Registrar may, however, grant leave in cases of urgency, but no leave exceeding one month shall be granted without the previous sanction of the Inspector-General. All leave shall be at once reported to that officer, together with the arrangements made for carrying on the duties of the Mahomedan Registrar.

11. In cases of leave or absence from duty, the next nearest Mahomedan Registrar shall ordinarily be appointed to carry on the duties of the absentee in addition to his own.

12. It is not intended that service as a Mahomedan Registrar shall count as Government service, so as to give rise to any claim for pension or gratuity, or to leave allowances of any kind; but it is not intended by this to preclude the appointment of Sub-Registrars or retired Government servants to be Mahomedan Registrars.

13. The general control and supervision of the working of the Act shall be exercised by the present inspecting staff attached to the Department for the Registration of Assurances.

14. The registers, forms, and seal to be used by a Mahomedan Registrar shall be such only as are supplied by Government under section 5 of the Act. The Government shall also supply writing ink; and no ink shall be used for making entries in the registers and indexes other than that supplied. The Government may also supply such other articles of stationery as are requisite. All such registers, forms, seals, ink, and other articles shall be charged at cost price, and shall ordinarily be paid for by the Mahomedan Registrar at the time they are supplied. But in any case, when the District Registrar thinks it necessary, he may defer the realization of the charge for a term not exceeding three months. In case of failure to pay at the prescribed period, the District Registrar should report the case for orders to the Inspector-General of Registration.

15. The seal shall always remain in the personal custody of the Mahomedan Registrar, and shall be made over with the records to the officer appointed to receive the same whenever a Mahomedan Registrar ceases, either temporarily or permanently, to exercise his functions.

16. A printed table of fees in the vernacular of the district shall be suspended in some conspicuous place in every Mahomedan Registrar's office.

17. The fees received by a Mahomedan Registrar under sections 9 and 16 of the Act, and rules 21 and 50, may be retained by him as his lawful remuneration, provided that he duly pays for the registers and other articles supplied to him under rule 14. All fees received by a District Registrar shall be credited to Government in the same way as fees realized under the Indian Registration Act.

18. When the attendance of a Mahomedan Registrar is required at the celebration of a marriage, the party requiring his attendance may make a written application to the Mahomedan Registrar, specifying the place and time of the marriage, and that officer may attend, provided the prescribed fees and expenses have been paid.

19. It shall be lawful for a Mahomedan Registrar to travel on circuit within his jurisdiction for the purpose of attending at the celebration of marriages, provided that at least 15 days before the beginning of each month he affix at his office a public notice specifying the dates on which he will be at the several places which he proposes to visit, and on a written application made by any resident of such place, not less than one week before the date so fixed, he shall be bound to attend at the house of such resident at the time fixed for the celebration of the marriage.

20. Priority of application shall in all cases determine the order in which the Mahomedan Registrar shall be bound to attend such marriages in case any question of precedence arise.

21. The following fees are prescribed for the attendance of a Mahomedan Registrar attending at the celebration of a marriage:—

(1.) For attending a marriage under rule 18 at a place and time fixed by the parties, Rs. 10, plus travelling expenses at the rate of four annas a mile.

(2.) For attending the celebration of a marriage under rule 19 at a place and time fixed by the Registrar himself, Rs. 2. In such cases no travelling expenses will be charged.

22. The fees, together with the travelling allowance, must be deposited by the applicant at the time of applying for the attendance of the Mahomedan Registrar.

23. When a Mahomedan Registrar is present at the celebration of a marriage, he shall make an entry of the fact in the Register of Marriages (A), and a copy of such entry shall be included in the copies to be made under sections 12, 15, and 22 of the Act.

24. If all the persons who, by section 11 of the Act, are required to sign the entry of the marriage or divorce in the proper register are not present, registration shall be deferred until they are all present; provided that no marriage or divorce for registration of which application has been made within one month as required by section 9, shall be registered after the expiration of three months from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected.

25. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself whether or not a marriage was effected by the persons by whom it is represented to have been effected in the following manner:—

(1) by examining the parties to the marriage, or, if either or both of them are minors, their lawful guardians. If the woman be a *purdah-nishin*, her duly authorized wakil shall be examined, instead of the woman;

(2) by examining the two witnesses who were present at the marriage.

26. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself whether or not a divorce, other than the kind known as *khula*, was effected by the man by whom it is represented to have been effected by examining that man; and if he be of the Sheah sect, by also examining the two witnesses to the divorce being effected.

27. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself that a divorce of the kind known as *khula* was effected by the persons by whom it was represented to have been effected in the following manner:—

(1) by examining the parties to the *khula*, provided that if the woman be a *purdah-nishin*, her duly constituted wakil shall be examined instead of the woman;

(2) if the man be of the Sheah sect, by also examining the two witnesses to the divorce being effected.

28. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself of the identity of persons appearing before him as witnesses of a marriage or divorce, unless they are otherwise personally known to him, by examining at least one witness to the identity of each person so appearing.

29. In the case of any person appearing as the representative of the man or woman (whether he appears as guardian or wakil), the Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself of the right of such person to appear by examining such person. If a wakil so appear, the Mahomedan Registrar shall further examine witnesses to the fact of the wakil having been duly authorized to appear.

30. When the entry of the marriage or divorce has been made in the proper register, it shall be read over by the Mahomedan Registrar to the persons who, by section 11, are required to sign such entry. If they admit its correctness, the entry shall then be signed by them.

31. When a person who cannot write signs his name by means of a mark, his name shall be recorded at length, and the writer shall also sign his name in attestation that the mark was affixed in his presence.

32. If a Mahomedan Registrar discovers any error in the form or substance of any entry of a marriage or divorce made by him, he may within one month next after the discovery of such error, in the presence of the persons married, or, in case of their death or absence, in the presence of two other credible witnesses, correct the error by entry in the margin, without any alteration of the original entry, and shall sign the marginal entry and add

thereto the date of such correction, and he shall also make the like marginal entry in the copies thereof.

And every entry made under this section shall be attested by the witnesses in whose presence it was made.

And, in case a copy has been already sent to the Registrar, such person shall make and send another copy thereof, containing both the original erroneous entry and the marginal correction therein made.

33. No erasures shall be made with a knife in any register book or record, but mistakes shall be corrected, when necessary, with the pen, and shall be invariably attested by the registering officer. Corrections are not to be obliterated or blotted out, so as to be illegible; but a line is to be drawn through erroneous words with the pen, so that they may remain legible.

34. The circumstances under which registration of a marriage or divorce should be refused are as follows:—

(1.) If the marriage or divorce was not effected within the jurisdiction of the Marriage Registrar to whom application for registration is made.

(2.) If the application is not made by the persons specified in section 8 of the Act.

(3.) If application has been made after the expiry of one month from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected.

(4.) If all the persons required by section 11 to sign the entry in the proper register fail to appear within the time limited for such appearance by the Mahomedan Registrar under rule 26.

(5.) If the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself that the marriage or divorce was effected by the person or persons by whom it is represented to have been effected.

(6.) If the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself as to the identity of the persons appearing before him and alleging that the marriage has been effected.

(7.) In the case of any person appearing as the representative of the man or woman (whether he appear as guardian or as wakil), if the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself of the right of such person to appear.

(8.) If one of the parties applying for registration of marriage, or if the man applying for the divorce, appear to be of unsound mind.

35. In cases 2 and 8 the order of refusal shall ordinarily be deferred till one month has elapsed from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected; but if the parties declare their inability to comply with the requirements of the law, or for any other reason wish that registration should at once be refused, this may be done.

36. The reasons for refusal to register to be recorded under section 20 shall be concisely and clearly stated in each particular case. When registration is refused under clause 5, 6, or 7 of rule 34, the Mahomedan Registrar shall record the grounds of his decision.

37. Fees paid under section 9 shall not be refunded unless registration is refused for one of the reasons numbered (1), (2), (3), and (8) in rule 34. Fees and travelling allowances paid for the attendance of Mahomedan Registrars at the celebration of marriages shall be refunded only in cases where the Mahomedan Registrar does not attend. Fees paid for searches in the registers and indexes, or for copies of entries, shall be refunded only when the searches are not made or the copies not given.

38. The refund of fees paid to a Mahomedan Registrar shall be made by him at once on application, and he shall take and file a receipt for the amount of such repayment from the person to whom it is made.

39. When a register book is closed a certificate to that effect shall be appended at the close of the written portion, and a certificate showing the number of pages written upon shall be entered on the first page.

40. The registers and indexes shall be kept in Urdu.

41. The "year" referred to in section 7 of the Act shall be a year of the Christian era, commencing on the 1st January and ending on the 31st December.

42. The index to marriages and divorces shall be prepared from Registers A, B, and C, and contain the following particulars :—

1. Name of party.
2. Father's name.
3. Residence.*
4. Place of registration.
5. Year of registration.
6. Serial number for the year.
7. Book.
8. Volume.
9. Page.

43. Names shall be indexed according to their first letter, and shall be arranged in the order of the Urdu alphabet. A mere title or designation of race shall not be taken as the index word.

Thus Shaikh Ramzan will be indexed Ramzan Shaikh; Mir Aulad Ali, Aulad Ali Mir.

44. A catalogue, in form given below, shall be kept up and permanently preserved in every Mahomedan Registrar's office, and on the occasion of every transfer of records the officer receiving charge of the records shall compare them with the catalogue and certify therein that he has found them correct. Whenever any of the records are transferred to the district office, the

fact shall be noted in the column of remarks, together with the date of transfer :—

Number of entries each

of Ca

to

is

is

45. In district offices the following record shall be preserved in perpetuity :—

All register books A, B, and C, and their indexes.

The catalogue.

Register of refusals.

Register of appeals.

Reports of the destruction of records, and list of papers destroyed.

46. The following records may be destroyed after the expiration of three full years from the period to which they relate :—

Applications for registration or for attendance at the celebration of marriages under rules 18 and 19.

Applications for search or copies of extracts.

All correspondence, whether in the vernacular or in English, which is of an ordinary routine character, and which the Registrar considers may be destroyed.

47. No records or papers whatever shall be destroyed without the previous sanction of the Inspector-General.

48. Applications for search in the records, or for copies of extracts therefrom, shall be made in writing; no stamps shall be required on such applications. Applications made to the District Registrar shall be entered in the register kept by him for that purpose. Applications made to the Mahomedan Registrar shall be filed by him, the date of application and the date on which a search was made, or a copy delivered, being noted on the

* Residence includes village or town, police station, and district.

ack of the application. If the register from which an extract is required has been transferred to the District Registrar or other person under section 3, the application, together with the prescribed fee, shall be forwarded by the Mahomedan Registrar to such District Registrar or other person at the expense of the applicant.

49. A call for information from any court hall, if it necessitates search in the registers, shall be accompanied by the necessary fee for search. Officers of Government shall be permitted to

inspect the registers without fee; but if the production of a register in any court is required it shall be produced by the Mahomedan Registrar or other officer whom the District Registrar may depute for the purpose, who will be entitled to claim payment of his expenses like any other witness.

50. Besides the fees leviable under section 16 of the Act, a fee of eight annas may be charged for extracts and copies of orders and records not otherwise provided for in the law.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th March 1876.—Under Sections 2 and 5 of (the District Towns) Act VI (B.C.)

(1) Khosalganj.	(6) Shib Bazar.	(11) Gokulganj.	(16) Mohatpurganj.
(2) Telh Bazar.	(7) Malidanga.	(12) Nunia Bazar.	(17) Gungadaspur.
(3) Anundpur.	(8) Sawlganj.	(13) Malipur.	(18) Kasigunj.
(4) Jagatpur.	(9) Balanpara.	(14) Malpara.	(19) Bamaria.
(5) Moynagara.	(10) Doyanaya Bazar.	(15) Futalganj.	

of 1868, it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1876 the provisions of the Act shall be in force in

the villages and bazars noted in the margin, forming the town of Khicerpoy, in the district of Midnapur. The town so constituted is bounded—

on the north by Marr and Shamdeb;
on the east by Parula and Alanpur;
on the south by Katia Khal;
on the west by Katia Khal.

Under Section 21 of the Act, it is hereby declared that the estimates to be prepared for the town under Sections 14 and 15 shall be prepared for the year 1876-77, and the assessment to be made under the Act shall take effect from the 1st April next.

Under Section 41, the Sub-Divisional Officer of Gurbetta is appointed to be a permanent Member and Chairman of the Town Committee.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th March 1876.—Under Sections 2 and 5 of (the District Towns) Act VI (B.C.)

(1) Haribansapur.	(5) Gokul Bazar.	(9) Rameshpur.	(13) Depur.
(2) Nijbazar.	(6) Doyal Bazar.	(10) Gobindapur.	(14) Bangpur.
(3) Bahurampur.	(7) Kristagunge.	(11) Amdan.	(15) Pandua.
(4) Sanar Bazar.	(8) Brindaban Bazar.	(12) Sharbazar.	(16) Manahurpur.

of 1868, it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1876 the provisions of the Act

shall be in force in the villages and bazars noted in the margin, forming the town of Ramjibunpur, in the district of Midnapur. The town so constituted is bounded—

on the north by Davbhola village and Tarajuli Khal;
on the east by Hajipur, Bachkagram, Khejurboin, Bandaria, and Solagram;
on the south by Karanjigram and Narainpur;
on the west by Bahadurpur, Hakurhati, and Srinagar.

Under Section 21 of the Act, it is hereby declared that the estimates to be prepared for the town under Sections 14 and 15 shall be prepared for the year 1876-77, and the assessment to be made under the Act shall take effect from the 1st April next.

Under Section 41, the Sub-Divisional Officer of Gurbetta is appointed to be a permanent Member and Chairman of the Town Committee.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1876.—It is hereby notified that under Section 68 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1870 (the Village Chowkidaree Act), the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to extend the provisions of that Act to the whole of the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st of April 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1876.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1861, that with a view to the preservation of the peace in the villages of Bhubanipore and Chandpara, in the jurisdiction of thana Nalchiti, in the district of Backergunge, where a dispute exists regarding the possession and rents of certain lands and tenures in pergunnah Havile Selimabad, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the employment, for a period of six months, of a special police force, consisting of one head constable and four constables, to be quartered at those villages. The charges noted below will be levied from the villagers:—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
1 Head Constable	15	0	0	
2 Constables on Rs. 8 each	16	0	0	
2 Ditto on „ 7 each	14	0	0	
Total ...	45	0	0	
Stationery	1	0	0	
Contingencies at 10 per cent.	4	12	0	
Pension charges at 2 annas on the rupee	5	10	0	
Total ...	56	6	0	per month.
Cost of barracks	50	0	0	
Cost of travelling	10	0	0	
Clothing for one head constable and four constables at Rs. 4 per annum	10	0	0	
Total ...	70	0	0	

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th March 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a public lavine, it is hereby declared that the following plot of land, measuring 3,814 square feet, more or less, at Imamgunge, in the town of Dacca, is required.

The plot is bounded on the north by the land belonging to Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; south by the pucca wall of Dil Mahomed Bepari and the land of Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; east by the land of Dil Mahomed Bepari and part of the land of the above parties; and west by the road.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 29th March 1876.

No. 104.—Notification.—The Mymensingh division of Public Works will be abolished from the 31st current, and the Public Works in that division included in the Dacca division.

No. 105.—Transfer.—Mr. R. Elliot, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Third Grade, from the Mymensingh to the Dinapore division.

The 1st April 1876.

No. 106.—Leave of absence.—Baboo Benode Chand Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Burdwan division, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 107.—Mr. J. Percy, Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, is allowed six months' leave on private affairs, without pay, under Section 9, Supplement F, of the above rules.

No. 108.—Transfer.—Baboo Rakhal Doss Chatterjee, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Presidency to the Nuddea Rivers division.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Col., R.E.,

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 109.

The 4th April 1876.

UNDER Section S9 of Act X of 1871, the following annual accounts and reports of the District Road Committees of Dacca, Furrêdpore, Backergunge, Mymensingh, and Tipperah, of works done and in progress during the past cess year 1874-75, together with the remarks thereon of the Commissioner of the Dacca Division, are published for general information.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Col., R.E.,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

No. 669, dated Dacca, the 17th December 1875.

From—D. R. LYALL, Esq., Chairman of the Road Cess Committee, Dacca,
To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith a detailed account of receipts and expenditure of the District Road Fund for the year ending 30th September 1875 in the form prescribed by Government order, Department Public Works, No. 4952, of the 24th September 1872, and at the same time to submit the following report on the works done by the District Road Committee during that year and those proposed during the current year 1875-76, in accordance with the instructions contained in Government circular No. 50, of the 23rd July 1873.

2. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 15,698-15-7, and the receipts of the year came to Rs. 87,584-12-6, making a total of Rs. 1,03,283-12-1 as the available funds of this district for the year. Part II of the annual account shows in detail the sources from which the sum was derived. There has been no grant made to this district during the year from provincial funds. The total expenditure for works and establishment, without taking in cost of the dredger, amounted to Rs. 53,819-0-11, of which Rs. 19,009-5-0 were disbursed on original works and Rs. 20,163-13-7 on repairs, aggregating Rs. 39,173-2-7. Of this outlay, Rs. 31,495-14-2 were spent through the Department Public Works.

3. The original works executed during the year consisted solely in finishing works begun last year. No new original work was begun owing to the refusal of Government to sanction, without more complete estimates and plans, the extension of the Goalundo road, one-third of which from Manickgunge to Shealo, a distance of 15½ miles, is completed. The Committee have taken advantage of the money thus unexpended in repaying in full the loan of Rs. 30,000 taken for the dredging machine, together with Rs. 686-4-0 on account of interest, and the Committee are now absolutely free from debt.

4. The accounts do not show this transaction fully, and I therefore explain it now.

The Committee borrowed Rs. 30,000 from Government under Act XXIV of 1871 for the purposes of paying their half of the total cost of the dredging machine. This was entered as a receipt in our accounts for the first quarter of the current year, but this was objected to by the Controller, who directed it to be entered as a deposit till paid off. This was done, and the amount was finally paid off in the fourth quarter.

This sum of Rs. 30,000, along with Rs. 5,000 in addition, was made over to the Executive Engineer, and the sum of Rs. 33,011-3-6 shown as an advance outstanding to credit of the Department Public Works really represents the sum of Rs. 35,000 paid for the dredger, minus some payments made by the Executive Engineer.

The cost of the dredger will appear in our accounts when the item is finally adjusted and charged in the Executive Engineer's accounts. I cannot, however, believe that the system of accounts can be correct in which no entry of a transaction like this occurs.

5. From the account submitted by the Dockyard authorities and the Controller of Public Works Accounts, it seems likely that the sum of Rs. 35,000 paid as stated above will more than cover the Committee's share of the total cost.

6. Owing to the great delay in putting the dredger together, a season has been lost. It is now ready, but some alterations suggested by Mr. Windle yet remain to be done to it before leaving Calcutta.

7. Works done in 1874-75:—

(1.) The 12 bridges on the Shealo Manickgunge road left unfinished last year have been completed this year at a cost of Rs. 3,187-13-10.

(2.) The current of water through the Shalkeah bridge being very strong and the water-way being insufficient to let out the water of the bheel in case of a sudden rise, another bridge was constructed near the Shalkeah bridge with a span of 20 feet, at an expenditure of Rs. 1,784-12.

(3.) A small sum of Rs. 81-2-3 was also spent during the year in filling earth to the approaches of Kistopoor and Katrasin Beel bridges, which were completed during the preceding year.

(4.) A bar which formed at the mouth of Panya khal excavated last year was removed at a cost of Rs. 332-7-3.

(5.) The inhabitants of Shikaritolah and neighbouring villages applied for a grant to deepen a small portion of the khal which runs by their village, and which had silted up.

Rs. 1,000 was given for the purpose. The khal was inspected by me, and I found that the money was properly expended. The work was done by the villagers.

(6.) On the application of the inhabitants of Brahmunketta, Sulta, and Barsha, a sum of Rs. 800 was granted out of the sudder sub-divisional allotment for the excavation of a portion of the Brahmunketta khal about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles, which runs by their villages, and which had silted up. This was also done by the villagers.

(7.) A grant of Rs. 1,500 was also made to Baboo Kali Kishore Goober, a zemindar of Bickrampore, for finishing the Bujrojugui road, 4 miles, together with three wooden bridges situated on the line. This gentleman undertook the construction of the road and gave half the funds. The earthwork of this road was completed, but the three bridges remained to be done, which will be done during the current year.

(8.) An inspection bungalow was constructed at Mohadebpore, on the Goalundo road, at a cost of Rs. 579-9-6, as there is no point near the middle of the road to which a boat can go.

(9.) During the year under review the Kurnoparah khal and the Brahmaputra river have been surveyed at a cost of Rs. 181-6-8 and 616-6-3 respectively.

(10.) A portion of the proposed road from Peelkhana to the bank of the Dhallesarree, 10 miles, has been also surveyed and estimated for at a cost of Rs. 57-0-8, and the remaining portion, $15\frac{1}{2}$ miles, between Fulbariah and Manickgunge, is now being surveyed with a view to the preparation of the complete estimates and plans of the whole line from Dacca to Manickgunge for submission to Government.

(11.) The section of the Goalundo road between Shealo and Manickgunge, a distance of $15\frac{1}{2}$ miles, has been repaired, and the road was open for traffic all the year round. The expenditure incurred on it is Rs. 3,507-11-6, including cost of young trees. In consequence of the frequent injury done by cattle to the turling of this road, especially during the rains, three pounds were constructed in the villages of Baniajouri, Monachigore, and Chellia. A large number of trees was also planted along the sides of the road, but many of these have died.

(12.) *Mymensingh Road.*—This road runs from beyond the race-course to Toke, on the Mymensingh boundary, a distance of 52 miles. It was repaired at an outlay of Rs. 2,145-13. The repairs consisted in levelling the surface, cutting jungle, and filling in ruts and holes. All the bridges on the line (52 masonry and 24 wooden) have been also put into working order at a total cost of Rs. 1,949-15, with the exception of the Toonghy bridge, which is in a dangerous state, and which is proposed to shortly replace by an iron bridge from the donation of Rs. 20,000, promised by Rajah Kailly Narain Roy Chowdry Bahadur. This last-named bridge has been closed to traffic entirely, and a ferry boat engaged in the Toonghy river for convenience of the public. One other bridge has also since given way, and will have to be replaced this year.

(13.) The remainder of the Naraingunge road, together with the portion (9th mile) between the main road and the railway steamer ghat, was mended and the line put into thorough repair at a total cost of Rs. 7,387-2-9, and the Committee will have to incur but little expense on it for some years to come. The wooden masonry, and the iron suspension bridges on this road, as well as the bamboo piling on the river bank at Tagla, on the 4th mile, were also repaired at a total cost of Rs. 1,319-13-0.

(14.) Petty repairs were also effected to the Kolatya road (9 miles) at an expenditure of Rs. 1,375, and ten temporary bamboo bridges erected thereon at a cost of Rs. 50, or Rs. 5 per bridge.

(15.) On the application of certain individuals the Mugbazar road, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile, was fully repaired and cleared of jungles at a cost of Rs. 700, which was granted from the sudder sub-divisional allotment. The money was not given to the villagers, but the work was done by the Committee through a contractor.

(16.) On the whole, all the roads of this district were kept in fair order with the exception of the Moonsheegunge-Sreenugger road, which is $18\frac{1}{2}$ miles in length, and which requires extensive repairs. Six temporary bamboo bridges were, however, put up over the more important khals crossing this road at a cost of Rs. 30, in order to render foot traffic possible. The Kolatya road is also bad in parts.

(17.) The sum of Rs. 1,116-1-4, shown against the Moonsheegunge-Sreenugger road on the expenditure side of the annual account, is on account of repairs executed last year, which, on account of the rise of floods, could not be correctly measured at the time.

(18.) The works executed by the Central Committee out of the sudder sub-divisional allotment of Rs. 2,000 have been detailed above. Those done by the Branch Committees are given separately. The Moonsheegunge Branch Committee deserve great credit for the way they are working their small grant. They spent their money economically and efficiently. The Manickgunge Committee has been less active, chiefly, I believe, owing to the frequent changes of the sub-divisional officers:—

Moonsheegunge.

	Rs
Road from Moonsheegunge to Katakhal (Length 1 mile 825 feet.)	1,000
Ditto Panchasar to Rampal (3 miles)	500
Ditto Buharghatta to Pauldea (1125 yards)	150
Ditto Rampal to Buzrojugui	150
Kumarbhog road	100
Other very potty roads	90

Works done from the unexpended balance in hand of last year:—

Kamarkhara road	...	...	...	...	300
Maizparah road	...	...	...	...	100
Other very petty roads	...	...	...	...	47-4

Manickgunge:—

Road from Lechragunge to Lotakhola	300
------------------------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Works done from the unexpended balance in hand of last year:—

Construction of a wooden bridge at Lolitgunge and other very petty works	73
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	----

8. During the whole year the works of the Committee were managed by the 'Public Works Department under the supervision of the District Engineer. During the year the Government Resolution regarding the reorganization of Public Works Establishments and the division of the districts into classes was issued, in which this district was placed in the list of first class districts; but the funds at disposal of the Committee not being sufficient to entertain the establishment necessary for a first class district, the Committee have applied to Government to have this district transferred to class II, but no final orders have yet been passed on the subject pending the settlement of some matters of detail. The question of payment by the Committee for Public Works Establishment charges, both for this year and for the future, agreeably to paragraph 41 of Government Resolution No. 1209, dated 8th March 1875, has been settled, and the arrangements generally approved of by Government, and the Committee have accordingly paid Rs. 4,056 as their contribution to the pay of the Executive Engineer and his office establishment for 1874-75, and Rs. 794-13-11 as travelling allowance, though this latter sum has been actually disbursed during the current year.

9. The following roads and khals were added during the year under review to the Vice-Chairman's statement under Section 66, and supplemental statements under Section 68 were prepared and submitted to your office:—

1. Road from Hazeegunge to Futoollah.
2. Kurnoparah khal.
3. Shikaritolah khal.

10. There have been five meetings of the Road Cess Committee during the year, at which there was an average attendance of seven out of twelve members, and the members transacted their business satisfactorily. Ten days' notice was given of every meeting, the business to be transacted at each meeting was duly notified, and no business which had not been previously notified was submitted for the consideration of the Committee. The Chairman presided at each meeting.

11. The works proposed to be carried out during the current year are detailed below. They have been brought before, and sanctioned by, the Committee:—

- (1.) Repairs to the road from Manickgunge to Shealo, consisting of surface repairs, turfing, and earthwork in repair to slopes.
- (2.) Repairs to metalling Naraingunge road, and also to bridges and spur work at Pagla.
- (3.) New wing wall of a portion of the bridge beyond Kakertak, which has fallen down, to be rebuilt.
- (4.) Ordinary annual repairs also to be done to the Mymensingh road and bridges, and also to the Kolatya road.
- (5.) The Moonsheegunge-Sreenugger road, which is in a bad state, to be put into good order and bridges erected on the line.
- (6.) Petty village works will be undertaken by the Central Committee and the Branch Committees of Moonsheegunge and Manickgunge, for which Rs. 6,000 have been allotted.
- (7.) The Goalundo line of road from Dacca to Manickgunge will be extended and bridged as far as possible.
- (8.) Survey operations to be done to the Taltolah khal and Brahmapootra river, which are proposed to be undertaken hereafter.
- (9.) On arrival of the steam dredger it will be worked first in clearing out the channel of the Dullessuree, Boorigunga, and Gozghutta rivers, and after that in the Hilsamari and Panya khal.

12. All the works of the Committee will be met from the proceeds of the Road Cess Fund of the year, which is to be derived from the following sources:—

1. Cess on lands,
2. „ on houses,
3. Ferry tolls,
4. One per cent. road cess,
5. Other miscellaneous,

and which is expected to amount to Rs. 97,205, including balance of previous year.

13. It is, however, very unlikely that the Committee will spend their whole funds this year, owing to the delay in sanctioning the continuation of the road to Goalundo.

14. The estimates and plans required are more elaborate than a small local office can have done in a reasonable time, and it is a question whether under the present rules Committees will not be compelled to spend their money on smaller and less useful schemes, owing to the great difficulty in getting large schemes prepared and sanctioned in time for work.

15. Ultimately the work will no doubt be done, but the long delay is a matter of regret.

No 6—Part I.

Dacca District Road Fund.

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Collection of Revenue.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance on 1st October 1874. { Cash in hand Advances outstanding	16,307 3 5 1,053 1 8	...	Establishment Contingent charges Refunds	5,586 2 6 986 3 9 1,703 8 1	...
Less balance at credit of deposits	17,360 5 1 1,661 5 6	...	...	...	6,572 6 3 1,703 8 1
Receipts of the year. { Cess on lands " on mines, railways, &c. " on houses Fines	62,693 15 0 7,230 14 0 155 0 0	...	Outlay on District Works. { Roads and bridges River and canal works Roads and bridges River and canal works Ferries	15,967 13 10 3,041 7 2 19,581 12 4 582 1 3	...
Road cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act	1,230 13 6	...	Repairs	70,112 13 0	19,009 5 0
Receipts from tolls { Road tolls Ferry Canal or river tolls ... ..	... .. 14,273 8 0 ... ..	...	Establishment Tools and plant	1,230 13 6	20,163 13 7 5,176 0 0
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund ... ..	... ..	...	Total outlay to be passed	14,273 8 0	1,194 0 0
Sales of produce and stores	10 0 0	...	Balance on 30th September 1875. { Cash in hand Advances outstanding	18,041 11 11 33,084 4 9	53,819 0 11
Fines and refunds	1,948 10 0	...	...	51,126 0 8 1,661 5 6	...
Miscellaneous ... ..	...	...	Deduct balance at credit of deposit ... ..	...	49,464 11 2
Total ... ..	...	...	Grand Total ... ..	...	1,03,283 25 1
Grand Total ... ..	...	...	...	...	...

J. M. POKOSE,
RADICA MOHUN ROY,
HARI CHARAN CHAKRAVARTI, } *Members of Committee.*

Passed for Rs. 53,819 0 11 (Fifty three thousand, eight hundred and nineteen, and pice eleven only)

D. R. LAVAL,
Chairman.

No. 6.—Part II.

DACCA DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue under District Road Cess Act X of 1871.	68,000 0	Amount collected under Act X of 1871	.....	70,112 13 0
Road cess leviable otherwise than the District Road Cess Act.	500 0	Amount of other cesses	.....	1,239 13 6
		Realized from sale of Shapmara ferry	643 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Hazirgunge	627 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Kooripara	93 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Kharsool	94 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Gaskhali	235 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Goolgoolia	635 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Sripoor	26 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Koochookhola ferry	162 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Machpara	422 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Noyan bazar	182 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Boidya bazar	90 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Demra	937 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Choitpoor Sidhirgunge ferry	317 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Mirpoor ferry	241 4 0	
		Ditto ditto Rikahi bazar ferry	1,049 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Rohitpoor	702 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Naraingunge	732 4 0	
		Ditto ditto Miratolli	90 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Lalpoor	48 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Nursingoli	575 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Boyragadi	140 0 0	
Receipts from ferry	18,000 0	Ditto ditto Danga Daoodpoor ferry	42 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Hoglagadi Shampore ferry	167 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Panya Moheshkhali	267 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Idrakpoor ferry	612 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Roopgunge ferry	72 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Pagla	97 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Harai	196 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Tetia Bisanundi ferry	422 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Khali Pasha	202 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Dharabangha	80 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Chur Koomaria	217 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Kekertek	345 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Amargunge Hosenpore ferry	42 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Singair ferry	55 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Baira	82 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Chandar Chanta ferry	852 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Bulmandi ferry	152 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Goolundo Shibahoy ferry	1,645 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Joognighatta ferry	117 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Mohadebpore Utholi ferry	54 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Bethoa ferry	148 0 0	
		Ditto ditto Mahandabadi ferry	16 8 0	
		Ditto ditto Khali Rikahi bazar ferry	112 8 0	
	100 0	Amount of other receipts	.....	14,273 8 0
		Total	.....	87,584 12 0
		EXPENDITURE.		
		Salaries of clerks and mohurrirs for 12 months	2,209 0 8	
		Ditto ditto ditto employed in preparing statistical returns for 7 months and 21 days	1,794 2 4	
Establishment on collection of revenue.		Salaries of ticca mohurrirs employed in the towjeekhana during the kist times	292 8 0	
		Salaries of peons for 12 months	1,200 14 6	
		Contingent expenses	5,586 2 6	
			986 3 9	
	5,715 8	Total collection of Revenue	.....	6,572 6 3
		OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.		
		Original Works.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
		Filling earth to the approaches of the two bridges on the road between Shealo and Manickgunge	81 2 3	
Original Works...	8,554 0	Constructing 13 bridges on the above road	10,272 9 10	
		Constructing an inspection bungalow at Mohadebpore, on the above road	579 0 6	
	1,500 0	Constructing the Bujrojugini road	1,500 0 0	
		Cost of levelling and surveying the road from Pedkhana to the banks of the Jhullosore	578 0 8	
		Carried over	13,911 6 3	6,572 6 3

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A.	OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.—(Continued.)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	13,011 6 3	6,572 6 3
Original Works— (Continued)		Marking highest flood on the road from Dacca to Manick- gunge ...	165 3 7	
		Petty charges ...	1 0 0	
	2,000 0	Works done by the Branch Committee of Moonshee- gunge ...		
		Construction of the road from Moonsheegunge to Kutakhali ...	1,000 0 0	
		Construction of the road from Panchasar to Rampal ...	5 0 0	
		Petty works ...	917 4 0	
	1,000 0	Works done by the Branch Committee of Manickgunge Constructing the Kamarkhara road ...	300 0 0	
		Petty works ...	73 0 0	
		Total Roads and Bridges ...	15,967 13 10	
		River and Canal Works.		
	1,500 0	Works done by the Central Committee of the sudder sub-division out of the allotment for village roads		
		Excavating the Brahmunetta khal ...	800 0 0	
		Cutting the mouth of the Panya khal ...	332 7 3	
		Remuneration of ameen employed in the measurement of the Panya khal ...	62 5 0	
	1,000 0	Excavating Shikaritolah khal ...	1,000 0 0	
		Cost of surveying and levelling the Brahmapootra river	648 6 3	
		Ditto ditto the Kurnoparah khal ...	181 6 8	
		Ditto of measuring Kuntabutty khal ...	18 14 0	
		Total River and Canal Works ...	3,041 7 2	
		Total Original Works ...		19,009 5 0
		REPAIRS.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
Maintenance and Repairs	7,100 0	Metalling Naraingunge road ...	7,367 2 9	
		Repairs to the bridges on the above road ...	1,000 2 6	
		Bamboo piling on ditto ...	123 11 3	
	2,000 0	Annual repairs to the Goalundo road ...	3,404 8 6	
		Planting trees on ditto ...	14 6 0	
	4,100 0	Annual repairs to the Mymensingh road ...	2,145 13 0	
		Repairing bridges on the above road ...	1,942 15 0	
	5,400 0	Repairing Moonsheegunge and Sreenugger road ...	1,116 1 4	
		Putting up bamboo bridges over the khals on the Sree- nugger road ...	3 0 0	
	1,470 0	Annual repairs to the Kolatya road ...	1,425 0 0	
		Repairing Mugbasar road ...	7 0 0	
		Total Repairs, Roads, and Bridges ...	19,501 12 4	
		Ferries.		
	150 0	Expenses incurred in keeping a ferry boat in Toonghy river ...	42 1 3	
		Compensation for the resumption of the ferry between Goalundo and Shealo ...	540 0 0	
		Total Repairs to Ferries ...	582 1 3	
		Total Repairs ...		20,163 13 7
		Establishment on Works.		
Establishment on Works.	120 0	Allowance to a draftsman of the Executive Engineer's office for 12 months at Rs. 10 ...	120 0 0	
	1,900 0	Pay of Mr. Price, Temporary Surveyor for the Brahma- pootra river and Kurnoparah khal, for 5 months, at Rs. 200 per mensem ...	1,000 0 0	
	3,600 0	Contribution to pay of the Executive Engineer and his staff for 1874-75 ...	4,056 0 0	
		Total of Establishment ...		5,176 0 0
		Tools and Plant.		
Tools and Plant	4,500 0	Pay and allowance of the establishment entertained for the steam dredger ...	494 8 0	
		Cost of publishing an advertisement for the dredger loan ...	13 4 0	
	816 10	Interest on dredger loan ...	686 4 0	
		Total of Tools and Plant ...		1,194 0 0
Refunds		Refund of amount drawn in May 1874 from the Govern- ment Estates Improvement Fund for digging a tank ...	1,101 1 11	
		Other receipts refunded ...	542 6 2	
		Total Expenditure ...		53,819 0 1

* Done from the sudder sub-divisional allotment for village roads.

D. R. LYALL.

Chairman.

Memorandum showing in detail the actual cash balance on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the Dacca District Road Fund in the Dacca Treasury	18,041 11 11	18,041 11 11	

Memorandum showing in detail the balance at credit of deposits on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Amount drawn under the orders of the Accountant-General, Bengal, on account of the difference between his books and the District Road Fund accounts erroneously credited to "Miscellaneous Receipts" during June 1874	1,661 5 6	1,661 5 6	

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of outstanding advances on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of Public Works Department in the Dacca Treasury	33,011 3 6	33,011 3 6	
Other advances.			
Balance of cash in hands of Baboo Kali Kishore Shome ditto ditto Bycunto Nath Sen, Deputy Inspector of Schools	20 0 0		
Balance of cash in hands of the nazir of Manickgunge sub-divisional office	10 0 0		
	43 1 3	73 1 3	
Total ... ..	.....	33,084 4 0	

D. R. LYALL,
Chairman.

No. 850, dated Fureedpore, the

1875.

From—F. WYER, Esq., Chairman, District Road Cess Committee, Fureedpore.

To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I HAVE the honor to forward a report on the road cess operations for the last year. The submission of this report has been delayed this year owing to the non-receipt of the Executive Engineer's report, which, in spite of many reminders, has not yet been sent in. The information as to the amount spent under him has, in the absence of this report, been compiled from the bills in my office.

2. From the accounts which are appended you will see that the total income this year, including the balance of Rs. 15,566-9-6 from last year, was Rs. 61,335-11-9. The total expenditure was Rs. 22,111-9-1, leaving a balance at the close of the year of Rs. 39,224-5-8.

* Exclusive of Rs. 122 on account of deposit for ferries.
Annual account will follow.

3. This large balance is on the face of it very unsatisfactory; it is, however, owing chiefly to the money budgetted for the Rajbari road not having been spent, owing to proper plans and estimates not having been prepared, and the sanction of Government not having been obtained to the scheme. The Executive Engineer of Backergunge and Fureedpore did indeed prepare plans and estimates but too late in the year for anything to be done, even supposing that they had been properly prepared. I have just received them back from the Superintending Engineer through your office, with the intimation that they are so defective that they cannot be submitted to Government. I am therefore afraid that it will be so late this year before the sanction of Government can be obtained that very little will be done towards making this road.

4. *Original Works.*—In consequence of the Rajbari road not having been taken in hand, the only original works nearly finished during the year were the construction of the Hatooria road, and the completion of some village roads at Handampore, Joshai, and Ambaria in the Goalundo sub-division. The amount shown as spent on the Rajbari road is the cost for tracing out the new line and paying for some earthwork which was thrown up during past year.

5. *Repairs.*—Some repairs were made along the Pangsha road, but most of the money shown as spent on this work was money paid for repairs made during the previous year. The Jessore road (20 miles) has been repaired. The new Talma road up to the fifth mile and the old Talma road have also been repaired.

In August last the bund which was thrown up across the large khal leading to Dhol Samuddar was cut, and the greatly improved health of the town is, I think, in consequence of this. I will, however, notice this point separately in my general report. It was feared that the Jessore bridge would be carried away by the rush of the water through the bund; this, however, did not prove the case.

6. *Establishment.*—Government rules regarding the establishment were received on the 28th March 1875, and after a good deal of correspondence the committee decided on appointing—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1 Assistant Engineer on	500	0	0
1 Overseer on	150	0	0
1 Ditto on	100	0	0

and for office work an Accountant on Rs. 50, and 3 peons on Rs. 6 each. This was referred through you to Government for sanction on the 30th August 1875, but sanction has not yet been accorded. This is very much to be regretted, since it is quite impossible to have the work of the Road Cess Committee carried out unless some establishment is placed at their disposal. The present establishment is quite inadequate for the work which has to be done, and cannot be properly supervised by an Executive Engineer who lives at Burisal and very seldom comes to this district at all. What few repairs are now done are done by a mchurin, who is called sub-overseer, his work being checked by the Department Public Works overseer. I hope therefore that the plan proposed by the Committee, or some better plan, will be sanctioned in time to carry out the present year's projects, which are as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Construction of the Hatooria road	2,000	0	0
„ „ Rajbari road	43,000	0	0
„ „ Handampore road	1,200	0	0
„ „ Hobra Khal	10,000	0	0

7. On my coming to the district in March last, I asked the Executive Engineer to have the Bakundah, Murra Padda, Bhologram, Chowkighatta, and Amgram khals levelled and surveyed. The advantages arising from opening these khals to navigation throughout the year were detailed by me in paragraph 56 of my last Annual Administration Report, which were as follows:—

(1.) The Bakundah Khal, by opening which the Dhol Samuddar would be connected with the Sitalakhia rivers the whole year round, and communication between Fureedpore and Madaripore would be much facilitated.

(2.) The Sadipur Khal, connecting the Dhol Samuddar with the Ganges.

(3.) The Murra Padda, from Tepakhola to Kanaipore.

(4.) The khal between Bologram and Hobra, by opening which the Kumar would be connected with the Gorai.

(5.) The Chowkighatta Khal opening, which would save 14 miles for boats going to Bhanga from Maligram hut.

(6.) The Amgram Khal

I have no doubt that keeping the khals of the district open is really of more importance than making roads, for these khals are the natural highways of the people of this district, who are well supplied with boats, while almost altogether without ours. Besides these roads interfere with the natural drainage, whereas keeping khals open assists it. I hope therefore that the Hobra Khal at least will be completed this year.

8. Besides this it is proposed to repair the Jessore road, Goalchamat bridge, and Bazar bridge at a cost of Rs. 3,000
 Repair the Pangsha road „ 5,000
 Ditto Ainpur or new Talma roads „ 500
 Ditto Goalundo, old Talma and Ferry Ghât roads, &c. „ 1,500

Thus it will be seen that if all these projects are carried through Rs. 56,200 will be spent, and you will, I think, agree with me that to be well spent the constant supervision of a competent engineer is required.

9. I forward copies of the sub-divisional reports, from which you will see that Goalundo spent a little less than the allotted amount, and Madaripore a good deal less. The reason of so little having been spent in Madaripore is that the members who were entrusted with money to expend did not do so. This will, I hope, be remedied this year by sending one of the overseers to Madaripore.

10. In addition to Rs. 1,993-5-3 and Rs. 433-11 expended during the year 1874-75 by the Branch Committees of Goalundo and Madaripore respectively, Rs. 2,105 were shown as expended by the said Committee during the year 1873-74 which were not charged in the last annual account, as no information or account was received from either of the sub-divisions before December 1874.

No. 35R.C., dated Goalundo, the 26th October 1875.

From—J. BOSFORD, Esq., Chairman, Branch Road Cess Committee, Goalundo.

To—The Chairman, District Road Cess Committee, Ferozepore.

I HAVE the honor to submit the following report on the working of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Goalundo during the year 1874-75.

2. A sum of Rs. 2,065 was allotted to this sub-division from the district road fund for the year ending September 1875. The total expenditure on actual works is Rs. 2,529-8-3, as per account below; the deficit, Rs. 162-0-3, being intended to be met from the next year's budget allotment :—

	Rs.	5.	P.
Allotment for 1874-75	2,065	0	0
Village contribution	302	8	0
Total	2,367	8	0
Expenditure during 1874-75 in actual works	2,529	8	3
Deficit to be paid from this year's grant	162	0	3

3. The following works have been done during the year :—

- (1.) *Hamdampore Road*.—This is a bund road from Hamdampore to Radha Kantbhall, where it joins the old Paltani road. It has been done at a cost of Rs. 1,594-13, including that of a masonry bridge at Camarpara, and is a very useful road, and will be more so if it be a little extended to join the Rajbari feeder road at Sarjankanda.
- (2.) *Joshai Road*.—This road was made in the village Joshai, thana Pangsha, at an expense of Rs. 300, and does benefit to about 15 villages, the inhabitants of some of which voluntarily contributed half the amount, the other half being paid from the road fund.
- (3.) *Anbaria Road*.—This is a fair-weather road from Anbaria to Rajbari, a distance of five miles. The work was done by a contractor at the rate of Rs. 16 per mile, the total expenditure being Rs. 80. This road is very useful for about eight months in the year, and is a good commencement for one fit for cart traffic.
- (4.) *Joypore School and Cemetery Road*.—This is a small road running from the railway gate opposite to the village Joypore and does good to the villagers of Kusabata, Panoir, Joypore, &c., specially enabling their children to come to the Goalundo school. It has become very useful since the removal of Goalundo bazar and some of the Government offices to the side of the Joypore tank. It cost Rs. 121-4-3 only.
5. *Hoonoria Ferry Ghât Road*.—This road was slightly repaired this year, which cost Rs. 41-3, including that of a wooden bridge. This road was at a distance of more than a thousand feet from the river, nevertheless it has been completely cut away.
6. *Rupsha Khal bund*.—A large number of villagers applied for a bund at the mouth of the khal, as great injury was done to their crops during the past few years on account of the water suddenly rushing through it. The villagers themselves contributed Rs. 152-8, and a bund cost on the whole Rs. 450-11. It has enabled the people to reap fully their aus crop this time, but the khal being completely shut at the mouth overflowed its banks and did some harm in another way. This will most likely be obviated by the proposed deepening of Ratundia Khal.

4 *Collection.*—Collections of the house-tax in this sub-division have been made by the subordinate establishment, that is to say the canongo, chainmen, and the messengers, without incurring any additional expense. The people seem to understand fairly the object of the cess, and a number of applications for village works were received this year, many of which could not be taken up for want of sufficient funds. The amount voluntarily contributed by the villagers is to show that they sufficiently appreciate the benefit of these works.

No. 142, dated Madaripore, the 25th October 1875.

From—A. J. FRASER, Esq., Deputy Magistrate and Chairman, Branch Road Cess Committee, Madaripore.

To—The Chairman, District Road Cess Committee, Ferozepore.

WITH reference to your office letter No. 20, without date, I have the honor to submit the annual report and accounts for the road cess year 1874-75.

2. Of the allotment of Rs. 1,200 made for the year 1873-74, Rs. 600 was only received in August 1874, of which Rs. 492-8 was actually spent on various works, as shown in the list submitted with this office No. 535, of the 29th December 1874, and the balance (Rs. 107-8) was kept in hand, as the cess year elapsed before the amount could be properly expended. During this year Rs. 2,000 was allotted, of which Rs. 487-8 was proposed to be paid as the remainder of the advances made last year, and the remaining Rs. 1,512-8 was allotted to works specified in the proceedings of the Branch Road Cess Committee, dated 24th April 1875, copy of which was submitted to you with this office No. 174, of the 28th April last.

3. Of the amount of Rs. 487-8 proposed to pay up the remainder of last year's allotment, Rs. 212-8 have been paid up during the year, and the remainder was kept in hand, as the works on which it was allotted had not been completed. Moreover, Rs. 75 allotted last year on two works (for one Rs. 50 and for the other Rs. 25) was returned by the undertakers of the works during this year. This sum, together with Rs. 107-8 of the last year's balance, has been credited into the treasury under the instructions conveyed in your letter No. 3060, dated September 1875.

4. Of Rs. 1,512-8 allotted for the works of the year under report, Rs. 221 have only been expended on works as per list appended, and the balance is now in hand.

5. It is to be regretted that most of the applicants who applied for road cess money for works detailed in the proceedings of the 24th April last have failed to come forward to take the money, notwithstanding they were informed to do so. On the whole, the people of this sub-division do not seem to take any interest in the matter. They apply for road cess money, and when money was given to them they do nothing and return it after a few days, while there are some who never appear for money after having submitted their application. A new set of members has of late been sanctioned; they represent the several thanas of the sub-division, and it is hoped that these members in their respective thanas will interest themselves next year more than the old members have done. Undoubtedly next year some roads will be made and communication opened out in the interior.

List of Expenditure on the Village Roads, &c., with the names and nature of the Works undertaken within the Madaripore Sub-division during the year 1874-75.

PAID AS BALANCE OF THE ALLOTMENT MADE LAST YEAR.

Name of work.	Nature of work.	Amount of expenditure.
		Rs. A.
Bridges over Gihat Maji, Khageli and Saduk	Repairs	50 0
Chobdar's khals.		
Kodalia khal	Re-digging	37 8
Gihat Maji road	Repairs	25 0
Lukhmigunge village road	Ditto	15 0
Pachimgao khal	Re-digging	15 0
Kagdi road	Repairs	20 0
Kakeisar road	Ditto	25 0
Dighirpar road	Ditto	25 0
Total		212 8

EXPENDED ON WORKS OF THE CURRENT YEAR.

Embankment on side of Kumar near Madaripore bazar.	New work	56 0
Lukhmigunge road	Repairs	50 0
Jallapara road	New work	35 0
Bijari road	Repairs	50 0
Madaripore road	Ditto	30 0
		221 0
Adhesive stamps		0 3
Total		221 3

Vice-Chairman's note on the accounts of the Branch Committees for the road cess year 1874-75

Goalundo.—Of Rs. 2,529-8-3 shown as expended, only Rs. 1,993-5-3 have been charged in the accounts ending the road cess year 1874-75, and the remainder in October and November last. The allotment for the Goalundo sub-division during 1874-75 was Rs. 3,570, which is made up as follows:—

Rs. 2,065 for 1874-75 and Rs. 1,505 for the expenditure of 1873-74, as the amount was not debited in that year's account, owing to the non-receipt of accounts of expenditure from the sub division in due time.

Madaripore.—The allotment for Madaripore for 1874-75 was Rs. 2,000, including Rs. 600 expended during the last year, but not charged in that year's account, owing to the reason stated above. Rs. 600 was at first shown as expended by the Madaripore Committee and charged in this office accounts but subsequently it was known that Rs. 107-8 was only allotted, but not expended; consequently the sum has been refunded.

JADUB CHANDRA GOSSAMI,

Vice-Chairman.

No 930, dated Fureedpore, the 18th December 1875.

From—RABOO JADUB CHANDRA GOSSAMI, Vice-Chairman, District Road Cess Committee, .

To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

In continuation of this office annual report No. 850, I have the honor to submit herewith the annual account for the road cess year 1874-75.

2. Rs. 8,022 shown as expended during the last year has been subsequently refunded by the Collector, as the land required for the Rajbari road was not taken up on account of the line being abandoned. This sum was shown in the 4th quarterly account as receipt under the head of "Fines and Refunds." This has been corrected by the Controller and deducted from the expenditure on original works during the year. It has caused a decrease of Rs. 8,022 from the total amount expended, as stated in the 2nd paragraph of this office report mentioned above.

No. 6.—Part I.
FUREEDPORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

	Ra.	A. P.	Ra.	A. P.	On Collection of Revenue.	Ra.	A. P.	Ra.	A. P.
Balance on 1st October 1874.	9,311	5 5			Establishment	6,015	6 3		
Advances outstanding	7,168	7 1			Contingent charges	2,126	3 6		
Total	16,479	12 6			Refunds	.....		8,144	9 9
Deduct balance at credit of deposit	913	3 0						39	8 0
Net balance	.....		15,566	9 6					
					<i>Outlay on District Works.</i>				
<i>Receipts of the year.</i>					Original works	.....		.....
Revenue under District Road Cess Act X of 1871.	33,359	7 4			{ Roads and bridges	.....		.....
on houses	1,541	1 0			{ Rivers and canals	.....		.....
Fines	751	11 11			{ Roads and bridges	.....		.....
Road cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act.	.....		35,652	4 3	{ Rivers and canal works	.....		.....
Receipt from tolls	.....		466	3 1	{ Ferries	.....		.....
{ Road tolls	.....				Establishment	.....		.....
{ Ferry tolls	683	3 9			Tools and plant	.....		.....
{ Canal or river tolls	.....					.....		.....
Grant-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund	.....		683	3 9	Total outlay to be passed	.....		.....
Sales of produce and stores	18	10 3			Balance on the September 1875.	35,449	1 7		
Fines and refunds	193	12 0			{ Cash in hand	.....		.....
Miscellaneous	723	0 11			{ Advances outstanding	3,897	4 1		
Total receipts of the year	.....		935	7 2	Total	39,346	5 8		
					Deduct balance at credit of deposit	122	0 0		
Total	.....		37,747	2 3				39,224	5 8
					Grand Total	.....		53,313	11 9

Examined and passed for Rupees (14,089-6-1) fourteen thousand and eighty-nine annas six and pie one only.

(Sd.) MOHIMA CHANDRA ROY, Member.

JADUR CHANDRA GOSSAMI, Vice-Chairman.

No. 6.—Part II.

FUREEDPORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue under Road Cess Act.	31,290 0 0	Amount collected under Act X of 1871 ... ..	...	35,652 4 3
Road cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act.	400 0 0	Ditto of other cesses ditto ... ..	...	106 3 1
Receipt from Ferries.	100 0 0	Realized from sale of Chundpore ferry	118 3 8	
	35 0 0	Ditto ditto Hajizunga "	37 0 0	
	40 0 0	Ditto ditto Mohalsparah "	44 0 0	
	80 0 0	Ditto ditto Dholai "	77 0 0	
	50 0 0	Ditto ditto Nakanda "	66 0 0	
	200 0 0	Ditto ditto Purnarayanpore "	135 0 0	
	50 0 0	Ditto ditto Mah-salu and Moojoorlia ferry	43 0 0	
	130 0 0	Ditto ditto Fureedpore ferry	121 0 0	
	43 0 0	Ditto ditto Gopalpore "	53 0 0	
	12 0 0	Ditto ditto Kolichari "	9 0 0	
	740 0 0			693 3 8
	100 0 0	Amount of other receipts ... ..	...	936 7 2
		Total Income ... ..	...	37,747 2 3
		EXPENDITURE.		
	672 0 0	Salary of one head clerk for 13 days at Rs. 54	23 6 3	
		For 6 months and 2 days at Rs. 17, being the allowance given during his leave	102 13 6	
		Officiating head clerk for 1 month and 16 days at Rs. 42	63 10 9	
		and for 4 months at Rs. 50, when confirmed	200 0 0	
	1,440 0 0	Salary of 4 pergunnah writers at Rs. 30 for 11 months and broken periods, with additional allowance to 1 pergunnah writer at 20 per cent. during the absence of the head clerk	389 14 6	
Establishment on collection of revenue.	1,200 0 0	Salary of 3 pergunnah writers for 11 months and broken periods at Rs. 25 per mensem	1,120 13 0	
	1,440 0 0	Salary of 7 mohurirs at Rs. 15 for 11 months and broken periods	849 3 6	
		Temporary mohurirs to assist townjinovis and employed for statistical work	1,239 9 0	
		Salary of 2 house cess assessors at Rs. 60 for 2 months and broken periods	135 14 3	
	1,248 0 0	Salary of 22 peons at Rs. 6 for 11 months and broken periods	385 5 9	
		Allowance to the Goalundo sub-divisional head clerk for 10 months at Rs. 3	1,567 10 3	
			30 0 0	
Contingencies	2,270 0 0	Contingent expenses	6,014 6 3	
Refund	8,270 0 0	Refund of cess and fines realized under Act X of 1871 in excess	2,126 3 6	8,444 9 9
		OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.		
		Original Works.		
		Roads and Bridges.	Rs. A. P.	
	21,923 6 0	Construction of Rajbari road	1,439 4 9	
		Less refunds	8,022 0 0	
	3,644 3 6	Construction of Hatooria road	6,583 11 8	
Original works	1,000 0 0	Minor works, such as village roads in Sadler sub-division	1,079 6 10	
	3,570 0 0	Ditto ditto in Goalundo sub-division	126 14 0	
		Ditto ditto in Madaripore sub-division	3,065 9 3	
	2,000 0 0	Ditto ditto in Madaripore sub-division	141 0 0	
		River and Canal Works.		
		Survey of canals	2,169 13 2	
			373 9 3	
		Repairs.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
	2,700 0 0	Repairs to Pangsha	2,652 8 0	
	3,650 0 0	Jessore road	873 4 6	
Maintenance and repairs.	200 0 0	Minor works	332 7 10	
		Repairs to village roads in Goalundo sub-division	401 3 0	
		Ditto ditto in Madaripore sub-division	892 11 0	
	1,000 0 0	Ditto to old and new Talna roads	656 2 9	
		Total Repairs ... ..	...	5,608 5 1
Establishment	3,139 0 0	Portion of Public Works establishment paid by the District Road Fund as per Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 3550, dated 16th July 1875 ... ..	...	2,051 10 2
		Tools and Plant.		
Tools and plant	100 0 0	Purchase of kodalis and baskets ... ..	...	42 9 0
		Total Expenditure ... ..	...	14,089 6 1

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the Ferozapore District Road Fund in the Ferozapore Treasury	35,440 1 7	35,440 1 7	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of Deposit on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Deposit in lieu of security for the ferries	122 0 0	122 0 0	

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of Outstanding Advance on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of Public Works Department in Ferozapore Treasury	1,951 12 4	1,951 12 4	
<i>Other Advances.</i>			
Balance at credit of Branch Committees	1,940 7 9		
Deputy Collector in charge road cess for permanent advances	5 0 0		
		1,945 7 9	
Total		3,897 4 1	

No. 21, dated Backergunge, the 2nd December 1875.

From—J. F. BRADBURY, Esq., Vice-Chairman, District Road Cess Committee,
Backergunge,

To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report on the road cess operations in this district during the past year, beginning on the 1st October 1874 and ending with the 30th September last.

2. The Road Cess Act was only brought into operation in this district in November last, and the first meeting of the District Road Cess Committee was held and a Vice-Chairman elected on the 20th May last.

3. The memorandum of accounts appended hereto shows the income and expenditure of the Committee during the year.

4. Nearly one-third of the income of the Committee was swallowed up by establishment and contingent charges, and a balance of more than Rs. 5,000 remained at the close of the year. Rs. 21,000 odd were spent under the superintendence of Public Works Department and sub-divisional officers and the Town Committee in repairing and maintaining the roads and other channels of communication and locomotion in this district. Only one original work was undertaken, or, to speak more accurately, the Madaripore road was not only repaired, but extended and improved.

5. I send herewith a copy of the memorandum of expenditure proposed to be incurred during the current year 1875-76. The estimates submitted have received the sanction of the Commissioner, and the memorandum specifies the various works to be undertaken and their nature and extent.

6. The estimated income for the current year is nearly Rs. 76,000. Of this nearly Rs. 22,500 will be required for establishment and contingent charges, leaving Rs. 53,000 odd for expenditure on various works. From this Rs. 53,000 odd must also be provided, the contribution towards the Public Works Department establishment, which amounts to Rs. 5,548.

7. No work was done during October, and we have not yet received the November accounts from the Executive Engineer. The real working season is just beginning, and considerable progress will have been made before the end of the cold weather, although I cannot yet state which of these works will be first taken in hand.

8. The annual accounts are submitted herewith.

BACKERGUNGE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Collection of Revenue.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance on 1st October { Cash in hand ... 1874 { Advances outstanding ...	2,622 1 8 1,756 15 11		Establishment ... Contingent charges ...	6,388 6 6 2,871 1 7	
Total	4,379 1 7		Refunds ...		9,239 11 1 93 14 2
Deduct balance at credit of deposits		4,379 1 7			
<i>Receipts of the year.</i>			<i>Outlay on District Works.</i>		
Revenue under Dis- { Cess on lands... tributed Road Cess Act { " on houses, railways, &c. of 1871 { " on houses			Original works { Roads and bridges ... " { River and canal works ...	2,523 15 7 2,186 10 0	
Road cess leviable otherwise than under District Road Cess Act	1,292 4 3	1,292 4 3	Repairs { Road and bridges ... " { River and canal works ... " { Ferries ...	16,552 0 7	4,710 9 7
Receipts from Tolls { Road tolls ... " { Ferry " ... " { Canal or river tolls ...	2,380 3 9 2,825 0 0	2,380 3 9 2,825 0 0	Tools and plant ...	578 5 3	16,552 0 7
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	Total outlay to be passed		31,107 8 8
Sale of produce and stores	30 0 0		Balance on 30th Sep. { Cash in hand ... tember 1875 { Advances outstanding ...	93,902 6 8 1,351 7 0	578 5 3
Fines and refunds	535 12 9		Deduct balance at credit of deposits	5,253 13 8	31,107 8 8
Miscellaneous					5,253 13 8
Total receipts of the year		32,672 4 9			36,451 6 4
Grand Total		36,451 6 4		Grand Total	36,451 6 4

* This balance does not agree with the passbook, because cheques Nos. 82 and 83 were not cashed till the 1st October. Total amount of these two cheques Rs. 1,226-1-10, to which add our Balance Rs. 3,562-6-8. This makes a sum of Rs. 5,128-8-6; the balance shown in the passbook, Passed for Rs. 131,197-8-8, thirty-one thousand and ninety-seven annas eight and pice eight only.

Rs. 15-6-6 was expended by the Executive Engineer at credit of the Public Works Department.

Members.

(Sd.) PHARY LALL ROY.	(Sd.) EDWARD BROWN.
" NARAY CHITTOOR.	" EDWARD TAYLOR.
" OKHAY CHANDR SINGH.	" ATCHUNE NATH MITTAR.

J. F. BRADBURY.

For-Collector.

BACKERGUNGE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Revenue under District Road Cess Act of 1871.	500	Fines	1,202 4 3	1,202 4 3	
Road cess leviable otherwise than under District Road Cess Act.	4,000	One per cent. road cess	2,380 3 9	2,380 3 9	
		<i>Ferry Tolls, Suider Station.</i>			
Receipts from ferries.	3 0	1 Kalgira	300 0 0		
	80	2 Jagua	80 0 0		
	200	3 Rahamutpur	200 0 0		
	100	4 Shukarpur	100 0 0		
	100	5 Dwarika	100 0 0		
	10	6 Rupashia	2 8 0		
		<i>Dukhin Shabarpore.</i>			
	90	7 Manikpura to Krisnapura	55 0 0		
	400	8 Gandharbapur to Ganespur	380 0 0		
	680	9 Chur Manika to Doria	610 0 0		
	90	10 Tazumuddi to Manpura	107 8 0		
	473	11 Gomahali to Hatia	820 0 0		
		<i>Peroseore.</i>			
	65	12 Damedar	70 0 0	2,825 0 0	
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund.	25,000	Sanctioned in Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 169, dated 20th December 1874	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	
		Other receipts	565 12 9	565 12 9	
		Total Income		32,872 4 9	
		EXPENDITURE			
Establishment for collection of revenue.	8,471	1 head clerk from 21st Nov. 1874 to 3rd Jan. 1875 at Rs. 30 per mensem	39 14 2		
		1 head clerk from 14th Jan. 1875 to 17th Mar. 1875 at Rs. 50	122 9 3		
		1 head clerk from 18th Mar. to 30th Sept. 1875 at Rs. 60	301 4 8		
		1 pergunnah writer from 23rd to 30th Nov. at Rs. 25	523 12 1		
		1 ditto ditto from 24th to 31st Dec. at Rs. 25	6 10 8		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 31st Dec. at Rs. 25	6 13 4		
		1 or to ditto ditto ditto at Rs. 25	25 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 10th to 31st Dec. at Rs. 20	21 6 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 15th to 31st Dec. at Rs. 20	14 3 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 15th to 31st Dec. at Rs. 20	10 15 3		
		1 ditto ditto from 18th to 31st Jan. at Rs. 30	13 8 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 31st Dec. 1875 at Rs. 25	24 3 1		
		2 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st Jan. at Rs. 25 each	50 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 31st Jan. at Rs. 20	20 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 28th Feb. at Rs. 30	30 0 0		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 28th Feb. at Rs. 25 each	75 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 28th Feb. at Rs. 20	20 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto for 5 days of Feb. at Rs. 15	2 10 10		
		1 ditto ditto from 18th to 31st Mar. at Rs. 30	13 8 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 31st Mar. at Rs. 30	30 0 0		
		4 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st Mar. at Rs. 25 each	100 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 17th Mar. at Rs. 15, and from 18th to 31st Mar. at Rs. 20	17 4 2		
		1 ditto ditto from 18th to 17th Mar. at Rs. 20	5 12 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 17th to 31st Mar. at Rs. 20	9 10 1		
		1 ditto ditto from 20th to 31st Mar. at Rs. 20	1 14 9		
		2 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th April at Rs. 30 each	60 0 0		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th April at Rs. 25 each	75 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 20th April at Rs. 25	21 10 6		
		1 Ditto ditto from 21st to 30th Apr. at Rs. 25	5 13 3		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th Apr. at Rs. 20 each	60 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 27th to 30th April at Rs. 20	2 10 6		
		Carried over	1,240 8 0		

Savings
Rs. 5-10Savings
Rs. 6-12-11.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned under Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount	Total.	REMARKS.
Establishment for collection of revenue.		EXPENDITURE.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
		Brought forward	1,245 8 6		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 31st May at Rs. 30	30 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 4th " at " 30	3 13 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 5th to 19th " at " 30	6 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 19th to 31st " at " 30	12 9 3		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st " at " 25 each	75 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 29th May at Rs. 25	25 5 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 13th to 1st " at " 25	4 13 3		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st " at " 20 each	60 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 4th to 31st May at Rs. 20	18 1 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 5th to 31st " at " 20	17 6 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 13th to 19th " at " 15	2 14 6		
		2 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th June at " 30 each	60 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 25th to 30th June at Rs. 30	6 0 0		
		2 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th " at " 25 each	50 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 15th June at Rs. 25	12 8 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 15th " at " 25	13 5 3		
		4 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th " at " 20 each	80 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 5th to 31st June at Rs. 20	17 5 3		
		1 ditto ditto from 18th to 31st " at " 20	8 10 6		
		1 ditto ditto from 19th to 31st " at " 20	8 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 18th to 30th " at " 20	10 0 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 24th " at " 20	16 0 0		
		4 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st July at " 30 each	120 0 0		
		2 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st July at Rs. 25 each	50 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 13th to 31st July at Rs. 25	15 6 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 24th to 31st " at " 25	6 7 0		
		7 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st " at " 20 each	140 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 24th July at Rs. 20	18 11 3		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 23rd " at " 20	14 13 3		
		1 ditto ditto from 1st to 19th " at " 20	7 11 9		
		4 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st Aug. at " 30 each	120 0 0		
		4 pergunnah writers from 1st to 1st Aug. at Rs. 25 each	100 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 11th to 31st Aug. at Rs. 25	16 14 9		
		1 ditto ditto from 24th to 28th " at " 25	3 3 6		
		7 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st " at " 20 each	140 0 0		
		2 pergunnah writers from 14th to 31st Aug. at Rs. 20 each	15 12 0		One was paid 1 rupee.
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 14th Aug. at Rs. 20	6 7 3		
		5 pergunnah writers from 1st to 31st Sept. at " 30 each	150 0 0		
		3 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th Sept. at Rs. 25 each	75 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 1st to 21st Sept. at Rs. 25	17 8 0		
		6 pergunnah writers from 1st to 30th " at " 20 each	120 0 0		
		1 pergunnah writer from 3rd to 30th Sep. at Rs. 20	18 1 0		
		1 ditto ditto from 14th to 30th " at " 20	12 5 3		
		1 ditto ditto from 22nd to 30th " at " 20	6 0 0		
		3 mohurirs from 21st to 30th Nov. 1874 at Rs. 15 each	15 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 23rd to 30th Nov. at Rs. 15	4 0 0		
		1 ditto from 24th to 30th " at " 15	3 8 0		
		4 mohurirs from 1st to 31st Dec. 1874 at Rs. 15 each	60 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 1st to 29th Dec. 1874 at Rs. 15	14 0 6		
		5 mohurirs from 1st to 31st Jan. 1875 at Rs. 15 each	75 0 0		
		6 ditto from 1st to 28th Feb. " at " 15	75 0 0		
		5 ditto from 1st to 31st Mar. " at " 15	75 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 9th to 31st " at " 15	11 2 1		
		2 mohurirs from 17th to 31st " at " 15 each	14 8 4		
		8 ditto from 1st to 30th April. " at " 15	120 0 0		
		2 ditto from 16th to 30th " at " 15	15 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 22nd to 30th " at " 15	4 8 0		
		1 ditto from 24th to 30th " at " 15	3 8 0		
		10 mohurirs from 1st to 31st May. " at " 15 each	150 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 1st to 29th " at " 15	14 0 0		
		1 ditto from 13th to 31st " at " 15	9 3 0		
		11 mohurirs from 1st to 30th June. " at " 15	165 0 0		
		Carried over	1,843 9 8		

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
Establishment for collection of revenue.	EXPENDITURE.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
		Brought forward ...	3,843 9 8		
		1 mohurr from 1st to 30th June 1875 at Rs. 15 ...	14 12 0		1 annas fine.
		1 ditto 28th to 30th .. at .. 15 ..	1 8 0		
		15 mohurirs from 1st to 31st July .. at .. 15 each	225 0 0		
		1 mohurir from 1st to 31st .. at .. 15 ..	11 0 0		1 rupee fine.
		16 mohurirs from 1st to 31st Aug. .. at .. 15 each	240 0 0		Ditto.
		2 ditto 19th to 31st .. at .. 15 each	12 9 0		
		1 mohurir from 17th to 31st .. at .. 15 ..	7 4 0		
		1 ditto 20th to 31st .. at .. 15 ..	5 12 9		
		20 mohurirs from 1st to 30th Sept .. at .. 15 each	300 0 0		
		10 peons from 1st to 31st Dec. 1874 at Rs. 6 each	60 0 0		
		6 ditto 1st to 28th Jan. 1875 at .. 6 ..	36 0 0		
		1 peon from 1st to 18th .. at .. 6 ..	2 15 9		8 annas fine.
		1 ditto 1st to 20th .. at .. 6 ..	3 10 0		4 annas fine.
		1 ditto 1st to 20th .. at .. 6 ..	5 9 9		
		1 ditto 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	5 8 0		8 annas fine.
		8 peons from 1st to 28th Feb. .. at .. 6 each	48 0 0		
		2 ditto 1st to 28th .. at .. 6 ..	11 8 0		They were fined
		2 ditto 1st to 17th .. at .. 6 each	11 9 0		1 annas each.
		2 ditto 1st to 21st .. at .. 6 ..	9 13 8		
		2 ditto 1st to 21st .. at .. 6 ..	9 0 0		
		2 ditto 1st to 12th .. at .. 6 ..	5 2 0		
		2 ditto 1st to 16th .. at .. 6 ..	4 4 6		
		10 ditto 1st to 31st Mar. .. at .. 6 ..	114 0 0		
		1 peon from 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	5 8 0		8 annas fine.
		7 peons from 1st to 30th A. ril .. at .. 6 each	12 9 0		
		6 ditto 5th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	31 3 0		
		2 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	8 0 0		They were fined
		2 ditto 11th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	8 0 0		Rs. 2 each.
		2 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	6 0 0		They were fined
		1 peon from 6th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	5 0 0		Rs. 3 each.
		1 ditto 8th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	4 9 6		
		1 ditto 9th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	4 6 4		
		1 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	4 0 0		Rs. 2 fine.
		1 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	4 3 2		3 days' pay fine.
		1 ditto 10th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	4 3 2		
		1 ditto 10th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	3 0 0		
		1 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	2 0 0		Rs. 1 fine.
		1 ditto 24th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	1 6 4		
		25 peons from 1st to 31st May .. at .. 6 each	150 0 0		
		5 ditto 15th to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	16 6 6		
		2 ditto 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	11 9 6		
		1 peon from 4th to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	5 6 8		
		1 ditto 3rd to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	4 1 9		Rs. 1-8 fine.
		1 ditto 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	4 0 0		Rs. 2 fine.
		16 peons from 1st to 30th June .. at .. 6 each	96 0 0		
		7 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	35 0 0		Each of these men was fined
					Rs. 1.
		6 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	24 0 0		Each was fined
					Rs. 2.
		2 ditto 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	6 0 0		Each was fined
					Rs. 3.
		1 peon from 1st to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	5 8 0		8 annas fine.
		1 ditto 6th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	5 3 0		
		2 peons from 10th to 30th .. at .. 6 each	1 12 6		
		19 ditto 1st to 31st July .. at .. 6 ..	114 0 0		They were fined
		9 ditto 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	45 0 0		Rs. 1 each.
		5 ditto 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	20 0 0		They were fined
					Rs. 2 each.
		2 ditto 13th to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	6 11 6		They were fined
					Rs. 1 each.
		34 ditto 1st to 31st Aug. .. at .. 6 ..	2 3 0 0		One was fined
					Rs. 1.
		10 ditto 2nd to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	57 15 6		
		1 peon from 1st to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	5 12 0		4 annas fine.
		1 ditto 2nd to 31st .. at .. 6 ..	5 8 9		Ditto.
		2 peons from 15th to 31st .. at .. 6 each	5 0 6		
		47 ditto 1st to 20th Sept. .. at .. 6 ..	251 8 0		One was fined
					8 annas.
		9 ditto 15th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	28 11 6		
		5 ditto 16th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	15 0 0		
		1 peon from 19th to 30th .. at .. 6 ..	2 3 1		One day's pay fine.
		23 ticca peons employed in January and February 1875 ..	50 11 6		
		Total establishment on collection of revenue ..	1,060 9 9		
		Salary of one road fund clerk from September 1874 to 22nd November at Rs. 20 ..	55 5 4		
		Total Establishment ..	.....	6,388 6 6	
		Carried over ..	.....	6,388 6 6	

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	EXPENDITURE.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Contingent charges	2,500	Brought forward		6,389 6 6	
		Boat-hire incurred by the peons of this office for serving notices under the District Road Cess Act from February to September 1875	1,265 15 3		
		Boat-hire and peons' fees for service of notices charged by the Collector of Dacca	19 8 6		
		Boat-hire and peons' fees for service of notices charged by the Collector of Furruckpore	22 1 0		
		Boat-hire and peons' fees for service of notices charged by the Collector of 24 Pergunnahs	0 3 0		
		Boat-hire and peons' fees for service of notices charged by the Collector of Jessore	5 0 0		
		Money order fees to send the amount to Dacca and Furruckpore	0 8 0		
		Country stationery from December 1874 to September 1875	99 8 0		
		Cost of service labels from January to September 1875	208 8 0		
		Cost of adhesive receipt stamps	2 11 0		
		Ditto opening 53 boxes containing road cess forms	2 11 0		
		Cart and cooly hire for conveying the boxes from steamer ghat to office	13 0 0		
		Cost of repairing boxes, chairs, and office padlocks	6 6 0		
		Wages of a punkah-puller for the head clerk from 16th June to 5th September 1875	14 2 0		
		Wages of 4 tees punkah-pullers employed for the two days the Road Cess Meeting was held	0 8 0		
		Cost of binding 3 copies of Road Cess Act	0 12 0		
		Ditto 27 volumes of Road Cess registers Nos. 1 to IV	33 8 0		
		Cost of binding registers Nos. 7 and 8 of the Committee's office	1 4 0		
		Cost of binding a peon's register for the nazir	0 4 0		
		Ditto 7 bottles of kerosene oil to light white-sants	2 13 0		
		Ditto American cloth for binding buffers	12 14 6		
		Travelling allowance of the head clerk who was transferred from Furruckpore to this district	38 4 0		
		Cost of 20 chairs	101 3 0		
		Ditto 11 tables, viz. one for the Deputy Collector, one for the head clerk, and nine for the section-writers	272 1 6		
		Cost of 12 almirahs	470 0 0		
		Ditto 6 mandal chairs	9 0 0		
		Ditto four takaposhes for use of the mchurris	32 0 0		
		Ditto 13 mats (patus) to sit on	10 8 0		
		Ditto 6 hogla mats ditto	0 9 0		
		Ditto 3 boxes to keep notices in	8 12 0		
		Ditto 19 locks for the office doors and boxes	8 15 0		
		Ditto 4 shelves for keeping forms	65 6 0		
		Ditto one cash box for the use of the head clerk	17 8 0		
		Ditto cost of a seal for the cess office	30 0 0		
		Postage for ditto	0 12 0		
		Cost of one sealing ink-pot	0 7 6		
		Ditto a punkah for the head clerk, with charges for nails, fringe, string and hanging &c.	7 5 0		
		Ditto of hanging two punkahs, viz. one for the Deputy Collector and one for the head clerk	2 4 0		
		Ditto one basket for keeping waste papers for the use of the Deputy Collector	0 6 0		
		Ditto attaching chains and hooks to the office doors	0 8 0		
		Ditto one lantern and nine Bengali almanacs	1 13 0		
		Cooly and cart hire, &c., for conveying 11 almirahs, 7 tables, and 8 chairs from Calcutta to Balinghatia, and from Burrial Ghat to office	20 8 0		
		Boat-hire for conveying 6 almirahs, 7 tables, and 8 chairs from Balinghatia to Burrial	1 0 0		
		Other charges	2 4		
		Total		2,871 4 7	

The office being removed from one building to another, the charges for hanging the head clerk's punkah have again been incurred.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75.—(Concluded.)

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
		Brought forward ...	.....	9,269 11 1	
		EXPENDITURE.			
		<i>Original Works.</i>			
		<i>Roads and Bridges.</i>			
Original works ...	4,000	Madaripore road ...	2,523 15 7	2,523 15 7	
		<i>River and Canal Works.</i>			
		Kashipore Khal ...	1,836 10 0		
		Tarki Khal ...	300 0 0	2,136 10 0	
		Total Original Works ...	.....	4,710 9 7	
		<i>Repairs.</i>			
		<i>Roads and Bridges.</i>			
Repairs ...	1,000	Amanatgunge road ...	1,087 14 11		
	4,000	Burrisal town ...	4,000 0 0		
	800	Dukhin Shahbaspore ...	856 6 0		
	1,000	Perazepore ...	2,257 12 0		
	20 0	Patuakhali ...	854 13 3		
	1,000	Nalchiti road ...	1,145 5 11		
	3,000	Jhalokati road ...	4,030 6 7		
	7,600	Annual repairs of the roads in the sudder sub-division, including Madaripore road and Madhobpasha road ...	2,018 6 11	10,552 0 7	
		Total repairs ...	.....	
		<i>Establishment.</i>			
Establishment on works ...	500	One overseer from 27th April to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 1-0 ...	413 5 3		
		His travelling for the above period ...	165 0 0	578 5 3	
Refunds ...	.....	Refunds of excess fines under the District Road Cess Act ...	98 14 2	98 14 2	
		Grand Total of Expenditure ...	.....	31,197 8 8	

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the District Road Fund in the Treasury ...	3,902 6 8	3,902 6 8	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of Deposits on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Nil.		

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of Outstanding Advances on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance in hand of the Sub-divisional Officer of Patuakhali ...	1,145 2 9		
Balance in hand of the Sub-divisional Officer of Dowlutkhan ...	138 10 9		
Balance in hand of the Sub-divisional Officer of Perazepore ...	113 0 0	1,396 13 6	
Advance to Public Works Department ...	—45 6 6	—15 6 6	
Total ...	.....	1,351 7 0	

Memorandum of Expenditure proposed to be incurred during the current year 1875-76.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Number.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Establishment for collection of revenue.	.....	1 head clerk at Rs. 58 per mensem ... 12 pergunnah writers at Rs. 30 each per mensem ... 12 ditto at Rs. 25 ditto ... 24 mohurirs at Rs. 15 each per mensem ... 75 peons at Rs. 6 ditto ... Contingent charges ...	686 0 0 4,320 0 0 3,000 0 0 4,320 0 0 5,400 0 0 4,100 0 0	22,236 0 0
		Sudder Sub-Division.		
Original Works ...	6	Madaripore road (alias Gaurnadi Road) ...	4,676 0 0	
	7	Backergunge road ...	13,109 0 0	
	8	Basanda road ...	671 0 0	
		PEROZPORE SUB-DIVISION.		
		Construction of a jetty on the Damooda river ... Metalling of the roads in the head-quarters of the sub-division ...	250 0 0 1,258 6 0	
		DAKHIN SHANBAZPORE SUB-DIVISION.		
	22	Road from outpost Tazumuddin to police station Boorhanaddy ...	1,000 0 0	
		PATNAKHALLY SUB-DIVISION.		
	23	Kalikapore road ...	276 0 0	21,239 6 0
		Sudder Sub-Division.		
Repairs ...	.....	Burrisal town roads ... 1 Jalakhatti road ... 2 Nalchiti road ... 3 Amanungunge road ... 4 Daldahia road ... 6 Madaripore road (alias Gaurnadi road) ... 11 Dowlutkhan road ... 19 Madhabpasha road ... 20 Mookerjee road ...	4,000 0 0 11,142 0 0 476 0 0 1,134 0 0 1,413 0 0 1,011 0 0 3,000 0 0 490 0 0 29 0 0	
		PEROZPORE SUB-DIVISION.		
		Roads and bridges at the head-quarters of the sub-division ... 21 Raikati road ...	238 12 0 252 14 0	
		DAKHIN SHANBAZPORE SUB-DIVISION.		
	24	Repairing and metalling of the town roads ... Dowlutkhan to Bhola road ...	420 0 0 749 0 0	
		PATNAKHALLY SUB-DIVISION.		
	25	Town roads ... Mirzagunge road ...	265 0 0 300 0 0	25,770 10 0
Work Establishment under the Committee Public Works Establishment.	.....	One overseer at Rs. 100 per mensem ... His travelling ... Reserve on account of Public Works establishment as per orders of Government of Bengal, No. 1209, dated 8th March 1875, at Rs. 329 a month ...	1,200 0 0 400 0 0 3,948 0 0	5,548 0 0
		Grand Total ...		74,894 0 0

No. 589, dated Mymensingh, the 5th January 1876.

From—R. H. PAWSEY, Esq., Chairman, Road Cess Committee, Mymensingh.

To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith statement No. III, called for in the enclosure of your No. 206R, dated 19th August 1874, being the annual account for the cess year 1874-75.

2. You will observe from the balance sheet that the main source of income for the year has been a loan of Rs. 48,000 advanced by Government under the conditions named in No. 954, dated 10th April 1875.

3. The expenditure on establishment has exceeded the sanctioned estimate from its having been found necessary to push on the work preliminary to the collection of the cess from the commencement of the current year 1875-76, and the contingencies, including hire of boats, exceeded what was anticipated from the same cause.

4. The original works undertaken were provided for in the statement No. I, submitted in December 1872, with the exception of the fifth item for the timber bridge at Newgong, reports regarding which are as yet unfurnished as required by the Executive Engineer, and other minor items of expenditure urgently required.

5. The roads repaired have all been put in durable order, excepting a portion of the Subankhali road, some eight miles of which were found in the high floods of August and September 1875 to be far below what is required.

6. I beg to append herewith a list of the works (which are in progress, in accordance with the estimate submitted to you with my No. 491, dated 13th September last.

List of the works proposed for 1875-76.

ORIGINAL WORKS.

1. Road from Nusseerabad to Dhaponia.
2. Doorgapore road up to 22nd mile.
3. Road from Madhupore to Tangail.
4. Extension of the Subankhali road to bank of Jumna.

REPAIRS TO

5. Jamalpore road.
6. Road from Pearpore to Sharpore.
7. Gouripore and Rangopalpore road.
8. Road from Mymensingh to Toke Chandpore.
9. Madhupore bridge, completion of repairs.
10. Village roads under the supervision of Branch Committees, as well as this Committee.

No. 6—Part I.
MYMENSINGH DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Collection of Revenue.	Rs. A. P.
<i>Balance on 1st October 1874.</i>				
Cash overdrawn	— 1,486 2 10		Establishment	9,368 6 3
Advances outstanding	1,610 8 2		Contingent charges	2,098 4 0
			Refunds	67 14 6
Deduct balance at credit of deposits	124 5 4	66 13 10		11,466 10 3
	67 7 6			67 14 6
<i>Receipts of the year.</i>				
Cess on lands	.....		<i>Outlay on District Works.</i>	
„ on mines and railways	.....		Original works	27,022 1 4
„ on houses	.....		{ Roads and bridges	853 6 0
Fines	250 0 0	250 0 0	{ River and canal works	14,247 1 10
Road cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act	275 6 3	275 6 3	Repairs	785 2 9
Receipts from tolls	5,487 9 1	5,487 9 1	Establishment	15,032 4 7
{ Road tolls	.....		Tools and plant	170 1 9
{ Ferry tolls	.....			7 12 9
{ Canal or river tolls	.....			43,085 10 5
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund	.....	6,487 9 1		64,620 3 2
Sales of produce and stores	.....		Total outlay to be passed	.....
Fines and refunds	307 6 9		Balance on 30th { Cash in hand (overdrawn)	— 3,442 14 1
Miscellaneous	.....	307 6 9	September 1875. { Advances outstanding	3,199 13 10
				— 243 0 3
			Deduct balance at credit of deposits	45,000 0 0
Total income of the year	.....	6,320 5 1		— 48,243 0 3
Grand Total	.....	6,377 2 11	Grand Total	6,377 2 11

Passed for Rs. 64,620-3-2 (fifty-four thousand six hundred and twenty, three annas, two pie.)

BENIN (HUNDER CHATTERJEE, }
J. W. RAID, } *Members*
K. C. ACHARYA, }

R. W. PRINCE,
Chairman.
J. PRATT,
Vice-Chairman.

No. 6.—Part II.

MYMENSINGH DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75 to accompany the Annual Account for that year.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue under District Road Cess Act—Fine	300 0 0	Income. Fines realized from parties in default of submitting their returns in due time	250 0 0	250 0 0
Road Cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act.	1,000 0 0	One per cent. road cess	275 6 3	275 6 3
		Ferries.		
	2,400 0 0	Shambhoogunge and Boyra	2,501 10 0	
	168 0 0	Kakraid	103 9 3	
	400 0 0	Annan Mantolla	195 2 10	
	150 0 0	Bagonbari ferry on Sutia river	164 10 0	
	140 0 0	Gahtali ferry on Subarnkhali road	186 9 0	
Ferry Tolls	530 0 0	Dulapore, Kaemarballi, and Aenarghoke in the Kishoregunge sub-division	681 12 0	
	355 0 0	Bangri	90 0 0	
	720 0 0	Jamulpore ferry in the Brahmaputra river	600 0 0	
	300 0 0	Pearpur ditto ditto	450 0 0	
	430 0 0	Alakdia, Dowhajani, and Silmabad, in the Jamuna river	487 4 0	
		Gopalpore	15 0 0	
		Nabagram	10 0 0	5,187 9 1
Fines and Refunds		Salary of road cess clerks paid up by parties for citing them as witness on their behalf	3 12 9	
		Add to the receipts under this head— <i>cide</i> paragraph 2 of No. 12365, dated 21st September 1875, from the Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal	67 7 6	
		Advances refunded after adjustment made	236 1 6	307 5 9
		Total Income		6,320 6 1
		EXPENDITURE.		
Collection of Revenue—Establishment.	7,600 0 0	Salary of a clerk under the Road Cess Committee	120 0 0	
		Ditto peon ditto ditto	60 0 0	
		Assessing establishment	9,188 8 1	
			9,308 8 1	
Contingencies	550 0 0	Contingencies, including boat hire for serving road cess notices and stationery	2,009 4 1	11,469 10 3
Refunds		Refunds of road cess fines	40 0 0	
		Ditto of ferry tolls	14 14 6	67 14 6
		District Works. Original Works. Roads and Bridges.		
	3,418 0 0	Road from Nassirabad to Dhapania	3,491 2 3	
	5,000 0 0	Ditto Nassirabad to Durcapur	9,071 6 10	
		Metalling some parts of the Subarnkhali road	307 7 0	
	2,000 0 0	Construction of a bridge over Annan river on the road from Gahtali to Mymensing	2,171 4 3	
	3,500 0 0	Construction of a bridge at Nowgong on Subarnkhali road	6,129 2 0	
		Improvement of Netrokona Bazar	1,440 1 3	
Roads and Bridges		Surveying a new line of road from Malhupore to Nagarpore via Tanzail	205 6	
		Construction of a new bungalow at Kakraid	118 0	
		Ditto ditto in the sudder station for road cess office	1,462 1 0	
		A village road from Kandura to Cherang Bazar	20 0 0	
		Surveying the proposed municipality at Mooktagacha	60 0 0	
	1,000 0 0	Village roads of Atin sub-division	630 1 3	
	1,000 0 0	Ditto Kishoregunge sub-division	1,525 0 0	
		Total Roads and Bridges	27,023 1 4	
		River and Canal Works.		
River and Canal Works.		Surveying Brahmaputra river	728 0 0	
		Ditto Naranda river in the Kishoregunj sub-division	21 0 0	
		Certain works of the above river by the sub-divisional officer	10 0 0	
		Total River and Canal Works	84 0 0	
		Total Original Works		27,876 7 4
		Repairs. Roads and Bridges.		
	680 0 0	Ramgopalpore and Gouripore road	67 4 6	
	1,153 0 0	Road from Mymensing to Toke Chandpore	1,109 9 3	
	7,562 0 0	Subarnkhali road	8,113 3	
Roads and Bridges	1,779 0 0	Road from Mymensing to Jamulpore	1,000 0 0	
	172 0 0	Toke bungalow	16 1 6	
	62 0 0	Gahtali bungalow	20 1 0	
		Gaffargong bungalow	90 0 0	
		Carried over	1,064 13 0	30,410 0 1

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	12,364 13 6	39,410 0 1
		<i>Repairs.—(Continued.)</i>		
		<i>Roads and Bridges.</i>		
Roads and bridges. —(Continued.)	4,000 0 0	Repairing the bridge over the Bangshi river at Madhupore	840 11 10	
	1,000 0 0	Village roads in the Jamalpore sub-division ...	758 15 6	
	500 0 0	Road from Hushenpore to Kishoregunge ...	282 9 0	
		Total Roads and Bridges ...	14,247 1 10	
Ferries	300 0 0	Char. on incurred in keeping a ferry at Gistali ghat ...	43 10 9	
		Repair of a boat kept in the Sudder ghat ...	6 3 0	
	700 0 0	Construction of new boats ...	735 6 0	
		Total Ferries ...	785 2 9	
		Total Repairs ...		15,032 4 7
Establishment ...	250 0 0	Wages of establishment occasionally entertained for road works ...	170 1 9	
Tools and Plant...	50 0 0	Price of baskets, daws, spades, &c. ...	7 12 9	170 1 9
				7 12 9
		Total Expenditure ...		54,829 3 2

R. H. PAWSEY, Chairman.

Memorandum showing in detail the Actual Cash Balance on 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the District Road Fund in the treasury ...	3,442 14 1	3,442 14 1	{ There is no cash balance at credit of the fund, but a sum of Rs. 3,442-14-1 has been overdrawn.

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at Credit of Deposit on 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Loan from Government ...	48,000 0 0	48,000 0 0	

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount of Outstanding Advances on 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
At credit of Public Works Department ...	1,424 15 9		
<i>Other Advances.</i>			
Sub-division Jamalpore ...	218 0 6		
Sub-division Kishoregunj ...	261 7 0		
Sub-division Attia ...	1,295 6 7		
	1,774 14 1	3,199 13 10	

R. H. PAWSEY, Chairman.

No. 104R, dated Comilla, the 23rd November 1875.

From—N. S. ALEXANDER, Esq., Magistrate and Chairman of the District Road Cess Committee, Tipperah,

To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the annual report on the administration of the Road Cess Department for the year 1874-75, and also the accounts, which have been scrutinized and audited by a sub-committee of three members, as required by Section 88 of the *Road Cess Act*.

2. The Act came into actual operation in this district on 1st October 1874, and the first instalments of the cess were realized in January 1875, so that we really had no funds to our credit till the middle of January; there was then no sanction to expenditure in anticipation of income, as has now been permitted. During October, November, December 1874 very little was done.

3. The Committee consists of the following gentlemen:—

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. The Magistrate and Collector of Tipperah, <i>Chairman</i> | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| <i>Members.</i> | |
| 2. The Senior Covenanted Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector | |
| 3. The Executive Engineer | |
| 4. The Deputy Collector in charge Road Cess | |
| 5. The District Superintendent of Police | |
| 6. Mr. J. P. DeLanney. | |
| 7. „ E. DeLanney. | |
| 8. „ H. L. Weathrall. | |
| 9. „ Hume Smith. | |
| 10. „ Thomas Smith. | |
| 11. Baboo Shib Chundra Aich. | |
| 12. „ Ram Dulal Roy. | |
| 13. „ Nilmoney Das. | |
| 14. „ Hurrish Chundra Bose. | |
| 15. „ Uma Lochun Mozumdar. | |
| 16. „ Eshan Chundra Roy. | |
| 17. Mohamed Gazi Choudhuri. | |
| 18. Munshi Lall Meah, <i>alias</i> Ameruddin Ahamed. | |
| 19. Aptabuddin Mohamed. | |

The following change in members occurred during the year:—

Mr Hume Smith in place of Mr. Campbell (deceased).

Mr. Thomas Smith was appointed an additional member; he has since left the district.

4. Seven meetings of the Committee were held during the year; the attendance was good. Most of the members take lively interest in the work, among such are Messrs. Hume Smith, H. L. Weathrall, G. Ridsdale, and E. DeLanney; Baboos Ram Dulal Roy, Shib Chundra Aich, Nilmoney Dass, Hurrish Chundra Bose, and Mohamed Gazi Choudhuri: several members of the Committee, however, did not display much interest, and indeed rarely attended the meetings, such were Baboos Uma Lochun Mozumdar, Eshan Chundra Roy, and Munshi Aptabuddin Mohamed and Munshi Ameruddin Ahamed.

5. Besides the Sudder District Committee, four Branch Committees have been organized, viz:—

1. The Brahmunberiah Branch Committee, which has 31 members.
2. The Chondogram Branch Committee, which has 26 members.
3. The Nursingpore Branch Committee, which has 21 members.
4. Murodnagur Branch Committee, which has 22 members.

The Branch Committee held a fair number of meetings and the attendance at them was good, and all of them appear to have taken some interest in the work; the Chondogram and Brahmunberiah Committees especially so. The Brahmunberiah Committee was presided over by the sub-divisional officer; the Chondogram Committee by the Moonsif, to whom our thanks are specially due for his attention and zeal, as he did this work in addition to his heavy duties as Moonsif. The Murodnagur and Nursingpore Committees were also presided over by the Moonsif of those places; they did very fairly, but the Murodnagur Moonsif is overworked, as it is with rent cases, and has but little time to give to anything else; and in Nursingpore there is not much room for village road works; the country is covered with dense jungle and intersected in every direction with tidal khals. Further on is given the expenditure of each Committee on the works undertaken by it.

6. The total sum at the disposal of the Committee being from cesses levied on lands and houses under parts II and IV of the Act, levied at the maximum rates on a valuation of Rs. 34,93,935, amounted to Rs. 1,00,331-1-11: the various items are shown in the accounts appended. The total expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs. 66,174-11-1, thus leaving a balance of Rs. 38,012 6, the details of the expenditure as set forth in the statement appended.

On collection of Revenue and Committee's control.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment for valuation department ...	5,116	0	5			
Ditto for the Executive Office under the District Road Cess Committee ...	820	0	0			
Contingencies for both the two offices ...	835	15	0			
				6,771	15	5

Original works.

Roads and bridges ...	33,234	8	8			
River and canal works ...	8,863	4	9			
Ferries ...	750	0	0			
				42,847	13	5
Maintenance and repairs ...				5,293	9	9
Tools and plant ...				474	14	3
Establishment employed on works, including the proportion paid to Department Public Works for the year ...				9,869	8	6
Refund of cess due to other district and excess drawn from the Provincial Fund in 1872-73 ...				916	13	9
Total .				66,174	11	1

7. The rather large balance* remaining unexpended at the end of the year is due chiefly to our not having been able during the past year to carry out the proposed masonry bridges of the Brahmunbariah and Laksham roads. As regards the Brahmunbariah road, sanction to our proposed estimates and plans for the road was received too late to commence brick-making. Some attempt was made in March, but owing to the large rainfall we had the attempt had to be abandoned; but we have commenced early this year, and the work will be pushed on vigorously. As regards the Laksham road, the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, wished for further information as to levels, &c., and the work was put off altogether. These two items alone, viz. the bridging on these roads, amounted to Rs. 17,235. This is one difficulty we have to contend with. The plans and estimates are in the case of all large works sent to the Chief Engineer, and for some months we remain in uncertainty whether they will be sanctioned or not. If sanctioned, a good portion of the current working season has often passed; if not sanctioned, it is generally too late to turn to something else. The fact lies, I think, in having

the statutory meeting† so late in the year as August. I do not see why it should not take place, say, in May of each year; then ample time would be given to settle all operations in time for the ensuing working season. In a district like Tipperah very little work can be done on the roads and canals, &c., after May or before December, as the whole country is, between May and December, more or less in an inundated state.

8. The following were the works undertaken during the past year in their order of importance:—

A.—The Brahmunbariah Road.—This road when completed will greatly facilitate communication between the sub-division of Brahmunbariah and head-quarters. The total length of the road is 40 miles: of this the 16 miles of road from Comilla‡ to Noyanpore is in good condition, from Noyanpore to the Titas, 14 miles, including the Titas river valley. Of this a portion of about six miles has been fairly done, though not perfectly finished; the remaining eight miles are in course of construction. The work is a most difficult one; the line of road is intersected with hill streams flowing down from the closely adjoining hills in the Hill Tipperah country. These necessitate a number of bridges at short intervals, which I need not say add considerably to the cost and arduousness of the work: indeed, before the road is in a complete state, it will have cost, I estimate, about Rs. 2,000 per mile, and even then it is doubtful if we shall be able to bridge the Titas river valley. This stream, which in the cold and hot seasons is an insignificant little river, in the rains, and when in flood, is from two to three miles in width where it crosses the line of road. My idea is to keep ferry boats on this part of the road during the rainy season, and after the flood subsides each year to make a temporary road down to the proper banks of the stream. No earthwork will ever stand the force of this hill stream when in flood, and to bridge over these three miles would cost a mint of money; but I intend during the present cold season to have some decision come to on the point. The road between the Titas and Brahmunbariah, 10 miles, is passable and wants little remaining to be done to it.

B.—The Laksham and Noakhally Road.—This road is about 28 miles in length. Of this the 17 miles as far as Laksham is bridged and in good order, except the damages done to it in August last by the floods of the Gumti river. Beyond Laksham to the boundary of the Noakhally district, a distance of 11 miles, the road is still incomplete, and there is not much use our completing this portion of the road unless the Noakhally authorities continue on our side. Between Laksham and the Noakhally boundary there are no large marts or villages even in our district. The only object of the road will be to connect Comilla and Sudharam, and unless the Noakhally Committee do the road in their district, it is of little use our making

* Rs. 33,012-6.

† Under Section 70 of the Act.

‡ Note.—This portion of the road will be widened during the present year.

a fine bridged road to end in a swamp. The work of bridging this road, when it is done, will be costly owing to the innumerable khals intersecting this part of the country.

C.—*The Gokarna Canal.*—This canal when completed will save boats going to Brahmunbariah more than a day's journey by water: the canal will be about three miles in length, and will save a bend of the Titas river of nearly 40 miles. A great deal can be done in this way in saving time by making short cuts in the interminable windings of such rivers as the Titas and Gunti. During the past year 1½ miles of the canal were excavated, the average depth being 7 feet, the cost being Rs. 7,830-14-3, or nearly the whole sum estimated for the year. Owing to the nature of the soil the work proved more arduous and costly than had been anticipated. If we can succeed in getting the current of the river to flow into the canal even a little, it will save much expenditure and labour.

D.—*"Village Roads."*—The entire amount expended by the Sudder and Branch Committees was Rs. 10,453-14-6, in the following ratios, viz.:—

Village Roads.	Number of roads, &c.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Sudder District Committee	{ 17 Roads and a culvert ... 1 Water-course ... }	3,327	14	6
2. Brahmunbariah Branch Committee	{ 17 Roads ... 8 Water-courses ... }	2,381	9	6
3. Murodnagur Branch Committee	{ 5 Roads with some temporary bridges ... 4 Water courses ... }	1,474	1	0
4. Chondogram Branch Committee	11 Roads with bamboo bridges ...	2,296	8	0
5. Nursingpore Branch Committee	{ 3 Roads and a bridge ... 1 Water-course ... }	972	14	6
Total	67 Roads, &c.	10,452	15	6

The total number of roads, &c., so undertaken amounted to 67. The roads, as their names explain, are roads leading from main roads to village or from village to village. In a district like Tipperah, I think the re-opening of silted up khals or water channels will be more useful and popular than the constructing of village roads only, though it does not seem quite clear if such works can be brought under the head of petty village works; the heading might be "village roads and canals."

E.—*Chandpore Canal.*—This canal is a very important one. It connects the Megna river with the Dacoetea and saves many trading boats going to marts in the south of the district and to Noakhally. The former dangerous passage down the Megna to the mouth of the Dacoetea, the junction of the Dacoetea and Megna, is a peculiarly dangerous spot. If one river happens to be in higher flood than the other, a sort of whirlpool forms at the mouth of the Dacoetea; and many boats were annually wrecked trying to get into the Dacoetea from the Megna on their way to the large river marts of Hazigunge, Dowlutgunge, Chitoshi, and many others. The bore, too, in the Megna at this spot is very dangerous at certain seasons of the year to the country craft. They are now saved all these dangers, besides making a saving of time of four or five days often, by taking the short cut through this canal, a distance of six miles. The canal had a good deal of money expended on it in 1873, and this past year a sum of Rs. 905-5-3 were further expended on it; and in the present year it is going to be further widened and deepened to admit of the passage of the largest boats all the year round.

F.—*Repairs to all Roads.*—The sum of Rs. 5,293-9-9 was expended as given below:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Brahmunbariah Road	1,118	4	9
Laksham Road	658	4	6
Companygunge Road	553	9	6
Bebeerbazar Road	202	0	0
Arri Oorah Road	206	2	9
Maugzangul Road	50	1	3
Kalibazar Road	1,208	8	0
Chitoshi Road	879	7	0
Bamboo bridges	35	8	0
Miscellaneous repairs	58	11	6
Outstandings on account of repairs of 1873-74	323	0	6
Total	5,293	9	9

G.—Two inspection bungalows were constructed, one at Brahmunbariah and the other at Laksham, for the use of the engineering staff and generally for inspecting officers. The cost of these was Rs. 882-14-0.

H.—There were other miscellaneous works, such as temporary bamboo bridges, repairs to offices, &c., &c.

I. As regards establishment, throughout the year we made an arrangement by which we employed the Public Works officers stationed at Comilla. Up to 1st April 1875 this officer was designated the Executive Engineer in charge of the Tipperah and Noakhally districts,

and was an officer of some standing and experience, but latterly the separate executive charge was done away with, and an officer of the rank of Overseer simply was sent here, in consequence of which this Committee resolved to appoint an Engineer of its own from 1st October 1875. During 1874-75 we paid before the 1st April 1875 half the salaries of the officers of the Public Works Department as our quota, and after the 1st April 1875 at the rate of two-thirds of the said salaries, so that throughout the year we have had the services of the staff of the Public Works Department. I did not think it a good plan in the middle of the road cess year to appoint any one as Engineer to the Committee; the change took place in April 1875, when more than half the year had expired. It was not advisable at that stage to introduce an entirely new man; indeed, by the time candidates could have been advertised for and a man appointed the cess year would have nearly expired. By the

* Nos. 1925-27, dated 10th April 1876.

consent of the Chief Engineer, this district was temporarily classified as a third-class one, and Mr. T. Smith, a sub-engineer of the Public Works Department, appointed to act as District

Engineer, 3rd class. Mr. Smith made over charge to Mr. J. Wilson, Overseer of the Department Public Works; Mr. Wilson held charge till the end of the year. As we had only Engineers of the status of Messrs. Smith and Wilson, it was as well that the expenditure for the year did not much exceed that fixed for a third-class district.

10. One of the chief difficulties experienced in this district, especially by the Branch Committees, is that of getting a sufficiency of labor. Here day laborers even, either themselves or their families, possess some land. When any ploughing or reaping has to be done (and this occurs pretty frequently in the year), our roads are deserted, the labourers leaving almost *en masse* at stated periods. This difficulty is not easy to overcome, as the climate of Tipperah does not suit up-country men, who soon sicken with fever.

11. As regards the working establishment, Mr. T. Smith held charge from 1st October 1874 to 28th June 1875. He did not exert himself as he ought to have done. This was probably due to his bad state of health. He did not manage to go about the district as much as an Engineer should, and did not look after his contractors and subordinates as much as he should have done. Mr. Wilson held charge from 29th June to 30th September 1875. He worked well, though, as he held charge only during the time the inundation was at its height, he could do little road work; but what he did was well done.

The Overseers, Babu Chundra Nath Bannerjee and Taruck Chundra Gupta, did their work in a satisfactory manner.

12. The estimates for the various works to be undertaken next year, and for the various establishments, have already been submitted to you and obtained your approval,† but I give them appended in a concise form:—

† In letter No 470R, dated 6th November 1876.

ORIGINAL WORKS.

	Rs.	Rs.
Roads and Bridges—		
Improving portions of the <i>Brahmunbariah</i> road with bridges and Inspection Bungalow ...	45,630	
Laksham or Nonkholly road, earthwork, and Inspection Bungalow ...	8,500	
Improving District Road Cess Office Bungalow ...	601	
Kalibazar Road earthwork, &c., and Inspection Bungalow ...	7,014	
Village roads, &c., ...	19,000	
Survey charges ...	3,242	
Compensation for taking up lands ...	3,000	
Rivers and Canals—		
Improving Makram khal ...	10,400	
		97,387
Repairs—		
Laksham Road ...	1,488	
Bebeerbazar Road ...	600	
Khabbazar Road ...	526	
Chitoshi Road ...	828	
Companygunge Road ...	660	
Chandpore Cannal ...	2,995	
		7,097
Establishments—		
On collection of Revenue and Committee's Control and Engineering ...	24,038	
General contingencies ...	1,200	
Tools and Plant ...	2,000	
Refunds ...	3,000	
		30,238
Total Expenditure ...		1,34,722

13. My acknowledgments are due to Mr. Manson, the Vice-Chairman, and Babu Rakhal Das Mookerjee, the Secretary to the Committee, for the manner in which they have conducted their duties.

No. 6.—Part I.

TIPPERAH DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Annual accounts of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

[illegible]

Passed for Rs. 66,174-11-1 (sixty-six thousand one hundred and seventy-four, annas eleven, and pie one only.)

E. DeLANNEY,
SHIB CHANDRA AICH,
RAM DOOLAL ROY,

A. MANSON,
Vice-Chairman.

No. 6.—Part II.

TIPPERAH DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
INCOME.				
<i>Amount collected under Act X of 1871 (B.C.)</i>				
Revenue under Act X of 1871.	93,664 0 0	Cess on lands	92,692 16 4	
	4,040 0 0	Ditto houses	3,394 8 0	
		Fines	60 4 0	
				96,169 11 4
Receipts from Ferry ..	2,217 3 2	Other cesses		2,040 0 8
		Realized from sale of Noyanpore ferry ..	44 0 0	
		Ditto Companygunge ferry ..	440 0 0	
		Ditto Nurpore ditto ..	67 0 0	
		Ditto Pashuram ditto ..	60 0 0	
		Ditto Khurhoo ditto ..	21 0 0	
		Ditto Sheelapore ditto ..	368 0 0	
		Ditto Comillah ditto ..	635 0 0	
	1,642 2 0	Ditto Ujanisha ditto ..	180 0 0	
				1,713 0 0
Sales of produce and stores.		Amount received by sale of old tools, &c., remitted by the District Engineer ..		11 12 0
Fines and refunds ..		Refund of the amount drawn in excess by the Road Cess Deputy Collector's head clerk in the pay bill for September 1874 ..		2 0 0
Miscellaneous revenue from sources other than above-mentioned.		Talabana of peons, &c., realized from sundry persons who had neglected to pay cess on or before the due date ..		394 9 11
		Total Income		1,00,351 1 11
EXPENDITURE.				
<i>On Collection of Revenue and Committee's Control.</i>				
<i>Road Cess Deputy Collector's Office.</i>				
Establishment ..		1 Head Clerk from 1st September 1874 to 31st August 1875 at Rs. 64 per month ..	648	
		Deduct on account allowed for September 1874 at Rs. 12 per month	2	
				646 0 0
		1 Clerk from 1st September 1874 to 31st August 1875 at Rs. 30 per month ..	300	
		1 Clerk from 1st September 1874 to 31st August 1875 at Rs. 25 per month ..	300	
		2 Mohurs from 1st September 1874 to 31st August 1875 at Rs. 15 per month ..	360	
		12 Peons from 1st September 1874 to 31st August 1875 at Rs. 6 per month ..	604	
		2 Assessors for September 1874 at Rs. 50 per month ..	100	
		6 House Cess Collectors for 3 months at Rs. 8 each per month ..	243	
		1 Clerk for 3 months at Rs. 30 per month ..	90	
		1 Ditto for 3 ditto at Rs. 25 ditto ..	75	
		3 Mohurs at Rs. 15 each per month ..	135	
		1 Clerk for 1½ months at Rs. 30 per month ..	75	
		4 Clerks for 2½ ditto at Rs. 20 ditto ..	200	
		2 Ditto for 1½ ditto at Rs. 25 ditto ..	125	
		1200 mohurs and peons	278 11 4	
				3,851 11 4
	4,698 0 0	Cost of Road Cess Establishment for 1871-72, paid as per Accountant-General, Bengal's No. 223 F.A., dated 2nd July 1875	411 14 6	
<i>Collector's Office—Towjee Department.</i>				
	320 0 0	Allowance to the Collector's Accountant from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 20 per month ..	240	
		1 Clerk for 12 months, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 25 per month ..	300	
		1 Clerk for 12 months, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, at Rs. 20 per month ..	240	
		2 Clerks for 1 month and 24 days at Rs. 20 per month, including wages of a ticca clerk for a day ..	72 6 7	
				852 6 7

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	51,116 0 5	5,116 0 5
		<i>District Committee's Office.</i>		
Establishment ...	.....	1 Clerk and Accountant from 1st September 1874 to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 60 per month, less Rs. 25 ...	755 0 0	
		1 Peon from 1st September 1874 to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 5 per month ...	65 0 0	
			820 0 0	5,936 0 5
Contingent charges ...	.....	Sundry charges incurred in serving notices, &c., and contingent charges for the Road Cess Deputy Collector's office ...	290 0 0	
		Municipal tax on the district office bungalow from October 1874 to September 1875 ...	43 0 0	
	718 0 0	District office contingencies ...	258 0 0	
	400 0 0	Furniture ...	245 15 0	835 15 0
		Total on collection of revenue, &c. ...	.....	6,771 15 5
		<i>OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.</i>		
		<i>Original Works.</i>		
		<i>Roads and Bridges.</i>		
Original works ...	17,655 0 0	Brahmanberia road earthwork from Noyanpore to Brahmanberia, 23 miles ...	9,927 6 7	
	7,936 0 0	Construction of bridges from Noyanpore to Arrybari, 6 miles ...	3,579 13 6	
	684 0 0	Construction of inspection bungalows ...	673 10 0	
	269 0 0		14,080 14 1	
		<i>Lakhsam and Noakhally Road.</i>		
	8,009 0 0	Earthwork from Lakhsam to Berula, 9½ miles ...	6,736 7 3	
	9,299 0 0	Construction of bridges ...	297 7 1	
	269 0 0	Inspection bungalow at Lakhsam ...	259 4 0	
		Rs. A. P.		
		Surveying the Hajigunge road and jungle-cutting ...	80 0 0	
		Surveying other roads and preparing estimates for 1875-76 ...	1,269 5 9	
		Expenditure charged in Executive Engineer's sub-schedules for October and November 1874 ...	1,329 5 9	
			129 3 0	
		<i>Minor Works.</i>	8,700 11 1	
		Construction of village roads, &c., by the Brahmanberia Branch Committee ...	2,351 9 6	
		Construction of village roads, &c., by the Muradnagore Branch Committee ...	1,474 1 0	
	13,000 0 0	Construction of village roads, &c., by the Chondazram Branch Committee ...	2,296 8 0	
		Construction of village roads, &c., by the Nursingpore Branch Committee ...	979 14 6	
		Construction of village roads, &c., by the Sudder District Committee ...	3,327 14 6	
		Total village roads ...	10,452 15 6	
		Total Roads and Bridges ...		33,234 8 8
		<i>River and Canal Works.</i>		
	8,068 0 0	Deepening and widening the Gokurna canal about 1½ miles ...	7,930 14 3	
	4,098 0 0	Deepening the Chandpore canal ...	305 5 3	
		Cutting lands of river Goomtee ...	127 1 3	
		Total River and Canal works ...	8,963 4 9	9,613 4 9
		<i>Ferries.</i>		
	750 0 0	Compensation paid to the Rajah of Hill Tipperah for the resumption of the Ujanisha ferry on Teetas ...	750 0 0	
		Total Original Works ...		42,847 13 5
		<i>Maintenance and Repairs.</i>		
		<i>Roads and Bridges.</i>		
Repairs ...	1,491 0 0	Repairs to the Brahmanberia road from Comillah to Brahmanberia, 21 miles, and bridges ...	1,116 4 9	
	1,420 0 0	Lakhsam road from Comillah to Lakhsam, 10 miles ...	658 4 6	
	1,374 0 0	Companygunge road from Mynamotes to Companygunge, 15 miles ...	553 9 6	
	241 0 0	Bebeer Bazar road from Comillah to Bebeer Bazar, 6 miles ...	202 0 0	
	321 0 0	Repairs to the Arriarah road from Comillah to Mynamotes, 5 miles ...	266 2 9	
	67 0 0	Repairs to the Mangzungal road ...	50 1 3	
	217 0 0	Repairs to the Kalibazar road from Comillah to Kalibazar, 4½ miles, with bridges ...	1,206 8 0	
	2,600 0 0			
		Carried over ...	3,996 14 9	49,619 12 10

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per Budget Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	3,926 14 9	49,619 12 10
Repairs.—(Continued.)	1,147 0 0	Repairs to the Chitoshi road from Laksham road to Chitoshi, 14 miles ...	879 7 0	
	84 0 0	Construction of bamboo bridges on the district road ...	35 9 0	
	379 13 0	Miscellaneous petty repairs ...	68 11 6	
		Rs. A. P.		
		Expenditure charged in Executive Engineer's sub-schedule for October and November 1875 ...	410 5 6	
		Deduct materials at site transferred to Public Works Department as per sub-schedule for March 1875 ...	93 8 0	
			323 0 6	
		Total Repairs Roads and Bridges		5,293 2 6
		Establishment.		
Public Works Charges	4,738 0 0	Proportionate cost of Public Works establishment paid by this district from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1-75 ...	4,738 0 0	
		Amount of extra establishment ...	6 12 0	
Other Charges	1,656 0 0	Salary of a District Engineer from 3rd August to 30th September 1-75 at Rs. 600 per month ...	977 6 9	
		His travelling allowance for the above period at Rs. 150 per month ...	250 10 3	
		Pay and travelling allowance of a supervisor from 1st April to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 2.5 per month ...	135 0 0	
		Salary and travelling allowance of one overseer from 13th May to 30th September 1-75 at Rs. 175 per month ...	807 3 0	
		Salary and travelling allowance of one sub-overseer for the above period at Rs. 85 per month ...	391 1 6	
		Salary and travelling allowance of one sub-overseer from 1st to 22nd May 1875, at Rs. 60 per month ...	25 2 6	
		Salary and travelling allowance of a sub-overseer from 13th May 1875 to 30th September at Rs. 60 per month ...	276 12 3	
		1 Cook from 13th May 1875 to 30th September at Rs. 40 per month ...	164 8 3	
		1 Draftsman from 13th May 1875 to 30th September at Rs. 35 per month ...	161 7 3	
		1 Munwan from 13th May 1875 to 30th September at Rs. 6 per month ...	28 15 6	
		1 Chuprassie from 1st April to 30th September 1875 at Rs. 7 per month ...	42 0 0	
		2 Chuprasses from June to September 1875 at Rs. 6 each per month ...	46 0 0	
		1 temporary sub-overseer from 7th June to 30th September 1-75 at Rs. 60 per month ...	120 0 0	
		1 temporary sub-overseer from 1st June to 3rd September 1875 at Rs. 60 per month ...	200 0 0	
		1 temporary sub-overseer from 9th June to 30th September 1-75 at Rs. 40 per month ...	142 5 3	
	9,500 0 0	1 Store-keeper for three months at Rs. 6 per month ...	18 0 0	9,976 4 6
		Public Works Charges.		
Tools and Plant	125 0 0	Cost of kodales, &c., purchased for works ...	474 14 3	474 14 3
	344 6 0	Paid into treasury on account refund of the amount drawn in excess in 1872-73, vide Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal No. 139, dated 5th January 1875 ...	334 6 6	
Refunds	1,000 0 0	Amount remitted to the Dacca and Ferozepore Districts being the cess collected from estates situated in this district ...	522 7 3	9,163 2
		Total Expenditure		66,181 7 1

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the Tipperah District Road Fund in the treasury	39,133 9 11*	39,133 9 11	* The difference of Rs. 593.4 between the pass book and the District Road Fund Accounts is owing to an unpaid cheque

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of deposit on the 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Alahce Bux, Comillah ferry farmer of 1874-75	0 8 0		
Minotari and others, Sholeopore ferry farmers of 1875-76	387 0 0		
Mahamud Kamil, &c., Pushuram ditto ditto	60 0 0		
Hurro Chandra Paul, Companyganje ditto ditto	110 0 0		
Shib Parahad Tewary, Comillah ditto ditto	800 0 0		
Lal Chand Majee and others, Ujanaha ditto ditto	80 0 0		
Amjadali Dafadar, Nyanpore ditto ditto	44 0 0		
		1,471 8 0	

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of Outstanding Advances on the 30th September 1875.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance in hand of the District Engineer, Tipperah, on account of the flood works	600 0 0		* Advance for flood works.
Chandra Nath Banerjee, Supervisor	202 4 3†		† Advance for flood works
Tarack Chandra Gupta, Overseer	508 12 8‡		Imprest account
		1,318 1 0	
Balance of advance to Public Works Department ... ..	.....	—971 8 11	‡ Imprest account
Total ... ..	.....	343 8 1	Flood works

No. 653R, dated Dacca, the 8th February 1876.

From—H. A. COCKERELL, Esq., Commissioner of the Dacca Division,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department.

WITH reference to your letter No. 313, dated 20th ultimo, I have the honor to submit herewith the annual accounts and reports of the several District Road Committees in this division for the past cess year 1874-75.

2. The district of Tipperah having been annexed to this division during the year of report, the districts in which road cess on lands and houses was collected were Dacca, Fureedpore, and Tipperah. In Backergunge the Road Cess Act was introduced last year only, and in Mymensingh the collections could not commence until after the close of the year. Thus the Road Fund in these two districts consisted of tolls on ferries, fines under Road Cess Act, and Government grants from provincial funds or loans, while in the three other districts the road cess collections, fines, ferry tolls, &c., comprised the fund.

3. The only district to which any grant from provincial funds was made was Backergunge, which received an allotment of Rs. 25,000,* and a loan of Rs. 48,000 was allowed to the district of Mymensingh under the Government order No. 954, dated 16th April 1875.

4. In Dacca the total amount available for expenditure amounted, as per details given in the margin, to Rs. 1,03,283-12-1, of which—

	Rs. A. P.	On account of establishment and contingencies for collection of cess, &c.	Rs. A. P.
Collections under the Road Cess Act	70,112 13 0	In refunds	1,703 8 1
Other cesses	1,230 13 8	Original works	19,009 5 0
Ferry tolls	11,273 8 0	Repairs	20,163 13 7
Miscellaneous	1,958 10 0	Public Works Department establishment	5,176 0 0
Balance of 1873-74	(a) 15,098 15 7	Tools and plants	507 12 0
Total	1,03,283 12 1	Miscellaneous	686 4 0
		Total	53,819 0 11

(a) The difference between this and the amount shown in the account of 1873-74 is owing to Rs. 1,691-5-0 carried to the head of deposit under the Controller's No. 12554, dated 21st September 1875, paragraph 2.

have been expended during the year, leaving a balance of Rs. 49,464-11-2.

5. This large sum remained unexpended owing to the refusal of Government to sanction, without more complete estimates and plans, the extension of the Goalundo road; but the Committee have utilized this balance in repaying in full the loan† of Rs. 30,000 taken for the dredging machine.

6. Of the original works executed at a cost of Rs. 19,009-5-0, 13 bridges made on the Goalundo road (from Manickgunge to Sheale) were the most important, and they cost more than Rs. 10,000. Under the head of repairs, the metalling of the road between Dacca and Naraingunge cost upwards of Rs. 7,000, and nearly Rs. 8,000 were spent in the annual repairs of the Goalundo and Mymensingh roads and bridges. It is satisfactory to note that in two instances villagers applied for assistance to execute local works, and carried them out to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

7. All existing roads and bridges appear to have been properly repaired, except the road between Moonsheegunge and Sreenugger, the repairs of which should have been undertaken and completed within the year, as there was a large balance in hand to meet the cost.

8. The works proposed to be carried out during the current cess year (1875-76) are—

- (1) Repairs of the Sreenugger road.
- (2) Annual repairs to all existing roads and bridges, including metalling.
- (3) Petty village roads, &c.
- (4) Construction of road from Dacca to Manickgunge.
- (5) The survey of Taltolla khal and Bruhnapootra River, which it is proposed in connection with works to undertake hereafter.
- (6) Working of the steam dredger in cleansing out the channel of the Dhullesuree, Boorigunga, and Gozghutta Rivers, and after that in the Hilsamari and Panya khal.

9. *Furcedpore.*—In Furcedpore, the receipts amounted to Rs. 61,335-11-9,* and the expenditure is detailed below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
* Road cess collections	35,872	4	3	Establishment and contingencies	8,144	9	9
Other cesses	460	3	1	Refunds	38	8	0
Ferry tolls	693	3	9	Original works	6,225	12	1
Fines and refunds (a)	8,215	12	0	Repairs	5,608	5	1
Miscellaneous	741	11	2	Public Works Department establish-			
Balance of 1873-74(b)	15,568	9	6	ment	2,051	10	2
Total	61,335	11	9	Tools and plants	42	9	0
				Total	22,111	6	1

leaving a large unexpended balance of Rs. 39,224-5-8(c) at the close of the year, which on the face of it seems very unsatisfactory, but the Chairman of the District Committee explains that it is chiefly owing to the money (about Rs. 22,000) budgetted for for the Rajbaree road not having been spent, in consequence of proper plans and estimates of the road not having been prepared, and the Government sanction to the work not having been received within the year.

10. Under the head of "original works," construction of a part of Rajbaree and Hatorea roads and village roads in the Goalundo and Madaripore sub-divisions are included. The repairs comprise the works done on the Pangsa, Jessore, and other roads of the district.

11. The works proposed to be undertaken during the current year are—

	Rs.
Rajbaree road	43,000
Habra khal	10,000
Huindumpore road	1,200
Hatorea road	2,000
Improving water communications by opening some khals	10,000
Total	66,200

12. There is not much chance of making any considerable progress in the Rajbaree road even this year. As the original line proposed has been changed, and estimates and plans are not yet ready for submission to the Superintending Engineer, the District Committee will be instructed to utilize the unexpended portion of the amount allotted to this road in some other useful works.

The complaint of the Chairman regarding the want of a resident Engineer has been met by the appointment of Mr. Staples (*vide* Government order No. 5917, dated 17th December 1875, Public Works Department).

13. *Backergunge.*—In Backergunge the total receipts, including the balance of the preceding year (1873-74), amounted to Rs. 36,451-6-4,‡ of which

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
‡ Government grant	25,000	0	0	On account of establishment and contingencies	9,259	11	1
Ferry tolls	2,825	0	0	In refunds	196	14	2
Other cesses	2,389	3	0	In original works	4,710	9	7
Fines, &c.	1,292	4	3	In repairs	16,552	0	7
Miscellaneous	30	0	0	Public Works Department establish-			
Balance of 1873-74(d)	4,914	14	0	ment	578	5	3
Total	36,451	6	4	Total	31,197	8	8

(d) The difference between this amount and that shown in the last report is Rs. 535-12-0. The Chairman of the District Committee has been called upon to explain this discrepancy.

§ This does not correspond with the amount shown in the account submitted by Road Cess Committee, where the balance is shown to be Rs. 5,239-4-2, including Rs. 45-6-0, which was sent by the Public Works Department in excess of the amount in its hands.

have been expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,253-13-8.§

14. All the district roads have been required, and hence the expenditure under the head of "repairs" is the heaviest (Rs. 16,552-0-7). The original works comprise the Madaripore road and two khals.

15. The works proposed to be undertaken during the current year are the construction or completion of certain roads at a cost of upwards of Rs. 21,000, and repairs of existing roads and bridges, which are estimated to cost Rs. 25,770.

(a) Includes refund of Rs. 8,022 on account of lands for Rajbaree road, which had been debited in the account of 1873-74, but the amount not having been actually expended, it has been recredited under the head of refund, while the Controller of Accounts was directed to charge the sum against original works; hence the account to show a deficit of Rs. 1,730-3-11 under the head of "Original Works," instead of the actual expenditure of Rs. 6,225-12-1.

(b) The difference between this and the amount shown in the last account is owing to deduction of Rs. 913-3, balance at credit of deposit (*vide* printed account of 1873-74, published by the Controller of Public Works Accounts).

(c) Exclusive of deposit of Rs. 122 on account of ferries.

16. *Mymensingh*.—In this district the receipts amounted, as per details given in the margin, to Rs. 54,377-2-11, and the expenditure, as per following memorandum, to Rs. 54,620-3-2, being Rs. 243-0-3 in excess of receipts:—

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Road cess collections...	...	...	0 0 0	Establishment and Contingencies	11,466	10	3
Other cesses ...	...	...	275 8 3	Refunds ...	...	67	14 6
Ferry tolls ...	...	...	5,487 9 1	Original works ...	...	27,875	7 4
Loan, vide Government order No. 954, dated 16th April 1875 ...	...	...	49,000 0 0	Repairs ...	...	15,032	4 7
Fines and refunds ...	...	...	657 5 9	Public Works Department estab-	...	...	...
Balance of 1873-74 ...	...	...	50 13 10	lishment ...	...	170	1 9
Total ...	54,377	2	11	Tools and plants ...	...	7	12 9
				Total ...	54,620	3	2

17. Of the original works, executed at a cost of Rs. 27,875-7-9, the construction of the roads from Nusseerabad to Dhapuria and from Nusseerabad to Doorgapore, and of a bridge at Nowgong on the Subankhali road, at a cost of nearly Rs. 19,000, formed the principal items under the head of repairs. Subankhali* road alone cost Rs. 8,189.

18. During the current year the continuation of the roads from Nusseerabad to Dhapuria and Nusseerabad to Doorgapore, construction of road from Modhoopore to Tangail, and extension of the Subankhali road to the bank of the Jumna, as well as the repairs of all existing roads and bridges, are proposed to be undertaken at a cost of Rs. 78,000.

19. The collections of the road cess have been commenced in Mymensingh from the current year, and there will be ample funds at the disposal of the Committee to meet the above expenditure. The collections are estimated to amount to Rs. 1,50,000.

20. *Tipperah*.—In this district the amount available for expenditure was Rs. 1,04,187-1-1,† and the following is an abstract of the charges incurred:—

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
† Collections under the Road Cess Act...	96,169	11	4	Establishment and Contingencies	6,771	15	5
Other cesses ...	2,040	0	8	Refunds ...	...	916	13 9
Ferry tolls ...	1,713	0	0	Original works ...	...	42,847	13 5
Fines and refunds ...	3	0	0	Repairs ...	...	5,293	9 9
Miscellaneous ...	(a) 4 6	5	11	Public Works Department estab-	...	...	...
Balance of 1873-74 ...	3,855	15	2	lishment ...	...	9,869	8 6
Total ...	1,04,187	1	1	Tools and plants ...	...	474	14 3
				Total ...	66,174	11	1

(a) Vide printed account for the year 1873-74, under the signature of the Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

leaving a balance of Rs. 38,012-6-0 at the close of the year. This is rather a large sum remaining unexpended, but the Chairman of the District Committee explains that it is due to the Committee's not being able to carry out the proposed masonry bridges of the Brahmunbariah and Laksham roads in consequence of the sanction of Government to the plans and estimate—of the same not having been received in time within the year to commence the work.

21. Of the original works executed, the most important were the roads from the sub-divisional head-quarters of Brahmunbariah and from thana Laksham‡ to the town of Comila, in which more than Rs. 20,000 have been expended within the year.

22. The following works are proposed to be undertaken during the current year, at a cost of upwards of Rs. 82,000:—

Continuation of Brahmunbariah Road.
Laksham Road.
Kalibazar „
Village roads.
Improving Makrum Khal.
Repairs of existing roads, &c., &c., &c.

23. The most important feature in the administration of the District Road Funds during the past year is the organization of establishments for execution of works under the Government Resolution No. 1209, dated 8th March 1875.

24. This Resolution classed the districts of Dacca and Tipperah in the first class, Fureedpore and Mymensingh in the third class, and Backergunge in the second class. Since then Dacca has been reduced to second class and Mymensingh has been raised to first class. Fureedpore has also got a resident Engineer in Mr. Staples (vide Government letter No. 5917, dated 17th December 1875).

25. The reports herewith submitted from the Chairman of the District Committee of Dacca and Tipperah are sufficiently full not to need any further remarks from me. Next stands the report from Fureedpore: the two other reports from Backergunge and Mymensingh are exceedingly meagre.

26. With the exception of Fureedpore, the District Committee appear to have worked fairly well. The Committee of Fureedpore have done the least, and the action of the

Madaripore Branch Committee appears to have been remarkably slow, as they could not expend more than Rs. 487 out of an allotment of Rs. 2,000, though the requirements of the sub-division demanded several times that small sum. The attention of the Committee will be drawn to this.

I.

No. 703R, dated Dacca, the 26th February 1876.

Memo. by—H. A. COCKERELL, Esq., Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

SUBMITTED to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, with reference to the marginal note against paragraph 13 of this office report No. 653R, dated 8th instant.

Extract, paragraph 1, from a letter, No. 62, dated 14th February 1876, from the Chairman of the Road Cess Committee of Backergunge, to the address of the Commissioner of Dacca.

WITH reference to your Personal Assistant's letter No. 651R of the 7th instant, I have the honor to state that the discrepancy pointed out therein in the accounts for 1873-74 and 1874-75, relating to the amount of advances outstanding on the 1st October 1874, has its origin in the fact that in the account for 1873-74 all advances made to sub-divisional officers were treated as actual expenditure instead of, as it should have been, merely advances. Accordingly, in the account of that year, only the balance in the hand of the Executive Engineer on the 1st October 1874 was shown as "balances outstanding." This mistake has been corrected in the account of the subsequent year 1874-75, and instead of Rs. 1,756-15-11 (the amount in hand of the Executive Engineer), we have shown as advances outstanding on the 1st October 1874, Rs. 2,292-12-8, being the amount in hand of the Executive Engineer and the sub-divisional officers of Perozepore and Dowlutkhan on that date. (There was no money in the hand of the sub-divisional officer of Patuakhali on that date).

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Col., R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 3rd April 1876.

No. 127.—*Notification.*—Sergeant T. Green, Overseer, First Grade, having been permitted to rejoin his appointment in the Sone Circle, the unexpired portion of the sick leave granted him in the orders marginally noted is hereby cancelled.

Sergeant Green is transferred from the Arrah to the Western Sone Survey Division.

No. 128.—*Leave.*—Mr. C. L. Davis, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, on special survey duty in the South-Western Circle, availed himself of the subsidiary leave granted him in the orders marginally noted on the afternoon of the 22nd March 1876.

No. 129.—Baboo Bishala Churn Mullick, Overseer, First Grade, Upper Gunduk Embankment Division, is granted sick leave for four months in extension of the sick leave granted him in the orders marginally noted, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 130.—*Notification.*—The following extract from the undermentioned Notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for general information:—

"No. 152, dated the 28th March 1876.

"The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions to fill existing vacancies with effect from the dates specified:—

Names.	Present Class.	Class to which promoted.	With effect from	Nature of promotion.	REMARKS.
Colonel F. T. Haig, R.E.	Chief Engr.	II Chief Engr.	1 Feb. 8th 1876	Officiating...	Five Colonel Granted, on privilege leave."

No. 131.—*Transfer.*—Mr. F. M. S. Douglas, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, from the Gunduk Survey Division of the Gunduk Circle to the Arrah Division of the Sone Circle.

No. 132.—*Notification.*—It is hereby notified that the Hidgellee Tidal Canal Ranges I and II from Kallcenugger to Gowkhally were re-opened to traffic on the 25th March 1876.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

A.

The 3rd April 1876.

Notification.—Orders will be received in the Dehree Workshops for the manufacture of tools and plant, iron and brass castings, lock-gates of iron or wood, lock culvert and sluice valves, lifting gear, waste weir brackets, and any other kind of work required in wood or metal by Government officers or private parties.

2. All orders to be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division, Dehree-on-Sone, who will forward a copy of the terms on which orders can be accepted.

CHARLES FOURACRES,
Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division.

B.

Rates of work in the Dehree Workshops.

Description of work.	Amount.	Per.	
<i>Bridges.*</i>			
	Rs. A. P.		
Lattice girder bridge, 60 feet clear span and 15 feet roadway, complete	5,000 0 0	} Span.	
The above, with iron-work only	4,600 0 0		
Lattice girder bridge, 45 feet clear span and 10 feet roadway, complete	2,700 0 0		
The above, with iron-work only	2,400 0 0		
Lattice girder bridge, 40 feet clear span and 10 feet roadway, complete	2,000 0 0		
The above, with iron-work only	1,750 0 0		
Lattice girder bridge, 30 feet clear span and 10 feet roadway, complete	1,800 0 0		
The above, with iron-work only	1,700 0 0		
Lattice girder bridge, 20 feet clear span and 10 feet roadway, complete	800 0 0	} Cwt.	
The above, with iron-work only	650 0 0		
<i>Castings.†</i>			
Ordinary iron castings weighing more than 10 cwt.	11 8 0		
Ditto ditto above 3 cwt. and under 10 cwt.	12 13 0		
Ditto ditto above 28 lb and " 3 "	13 8 0		
Ditto ditto above 14 " and " 28 "	14 7 0		
Ditto ditto above 7 " and " 14 "	16 10 0		
Ditto ditto above 3½ " and " 7 "	18 4 0		
Ditto weighing under 3½ cwt.	21 8 0		
Cast-iron tooth wheels, pinions, &c., above 1 cwt.	12 15 0		
Ditto above 56 lbs and under 1 cwt.	13 12 0		
Ditto above 14 " and " 28 "	16 15 0		
Ditto above 7 " and " 14 "	19 15 0		
Ditto under 7 "	23 7 0		
<i>Brass Castings..</i>			
Rough castings	1 1 0	} lb.	
Gun metal	1 5 0		

* **NOTE.**—All the above bridges are calculated to stand a live load of 120 lb per square foot of roadway.

† **NOTE.**—Special quotations will be given for forgings or other works.

CHARLES FOURACRES,
Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division.

C.

Rules under which works can be executed in the Dehree Workshop.

All parties requiring work to be done in the Dehree Workshops are requested to send full instructions as to dimensions and description of work required, in order to facilitate the preparation of designs and estimates. If drawings of the work are already in existence, it would be better if copies of them were sent, the dimensions being plainly figured thereon.

2. Government work done for Government officers will be paid for by transfer in the usual manner through the department for which the work is done. Notice of completion will be sent to the indenting officers, whose instructions for forwarding the articles to their destination will be attended to.

3. When extensive orders are given by private individuals, advances may or may not be required, at the discretion of the Superintending Engineer, before such work can be put in hand; but it is to be understood that all private work is undertaken for cash on delivery, and that credit will not be allowed.

CHARLES FOURACRES,
Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

Chief Engineer, Bengal Irrigation Department.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st April 1876.

MR. F. J. FERGOUSON, the Official Trustee of Bengal, having obtained six months' leave of absence on private affairs from this day, the Honorable the Chief Justice has, under Section 11 of Act XVII of 1864, appointed Mr. John Cameron Macgregor, Barrister-at-law, to officiate as Official Trustee during the absence of Mr. Ferguson, or until further orders.

By order,

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

General letter No. 2.

Dated Calcutta, the 25th March 1876.

IN modification of paragraph 8 of circular order No. 11, dated 10th September 1873, the Court directs that Sessions Judges and District Magistrates shall, until further orders, submit the quarterly statements D and E separately and independently direct to the Court.

2. Each will fill up the portion concerning him in the present forms. In Part II of statement D, the Sessions Judge will continue to give the information hitherto given regarding commitments. But this will now become for Magistrates a statement of miscellaneous cases, and information regarding the following classes of cases will be given:—

Col. 2	...	...	Possession.
" 3	...	...	Nuisance.
" 4	...	...	Maintenance.
" 5	...	...	Sureties of the peace.
" 6	...	...	Sureties for good behaviour.
" 7	...	...	Order with property.

3. The Superintendent of Stationery has already (*see* General letter No. 1, dated the 9th March 1876,) issued forms for this purpose.

General letter No. 3.

Dated Calcutta, the 17th February 1876.

THE COURT is pleased to rescind so much of paragraphs 3 and 4 of circular memorandum No. 3, dated 1st February 1873, as requires the separate exhibition in the quarterly civil statements of the work of

HIGH COURT,
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT,
Civil.

Subordinate Judges and Moonsiffs vested with the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes under Section 29, Act VI of 1871, performed in the exercise of that jurisdiction, such work being now shown in a separate statement.

No. 5, dated Calcutta, the 25th March 1876.

From—W. M. SOUTTAR, Esq., Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal,

To—All District Judges, Judicial Commissioners, and Small Cause Court Judges.

I AM directed to request that you will be good enough to procure and transmit to the High Court an enumeration of all the registers kept in your court and in each of the courts subordinate to you, as also a specimen form of each register in Vernacular or English, as the case may be. Each register should be on foolscap paper, with columns ruled in tabular form. It should show the title or name of the register, and the several headings under which entries are recorded. It should also have marked at foot the name and salary of the clerk who actually keeps the register.

2. Each set of registers concerning any court should be procured by you in duplicate: one of them should be filed in your office, and the other sent to this office in original. They should be despatched as soon as possible without waiting for the corresponding sets from other subordinate courts.

3. All office registers and diaries whatsoever, other than the registers of money accounts, are to be thus submitted in complete specimen form.

Circular Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Circular Order No 4.

Dated Calcutta, the 13th March 1876.

It has been brought to the notice of the Court that it frequently happens, in the case of process issued in one district for service or execution in another, that the seals and signatures on the process are illegible, whereby great inconvenience and delay are caused.

HIGH COURT;
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:
Civil and Criminal.

2. It is also necessary and right that in every sentence or order made by a Criminal Court, the jurisdiction of the Judge or Magistrate making it should distinctly appear on the face thereof.

3. The Court is therefore pleased to direct that in every process, and every sentence or order (of whatever description) issued by a Judicial Officer for whatever purpose it may be issued or made, the name of the district and of the court from which the same is issued, and also the name and powers of the Officer issuing or making, it shall be clearly set out in such manner that it may be easily read.

4. The Court further directs generally that in all cases all Judicial Officers shall take care to sign their names distinctly and legibly.

By order of the High Court,
W. M. SOUTTAR,
Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th March 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of the year 1876, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the Twenty-fifth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. R. BULLEN-SMITH, Sheriff.

সরকারি আফিস, সন ১৮৭৬ সাল ২৯শে মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৬ সালের ২৫শে এপ্রেল মঙ্গলবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ামের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৬ সালের চতুর্থ ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়াম বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন করেন্দীর বিরুদ্ধে কৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. R. BULLEN-SMITH, Sheriff.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of the Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Moonshigunge will, for this month only, sit at the Moonshigunge Court for nine days from 17th April instant.

PORSHNATH BANERJEE, Offg. Judge.

TREASURY NOTICE.

ASSISTANT COLLECTOR MR C. R. MARRIOTT has been placed in charge of the Chumpra-run Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order,

DURGAGATI BANERJEE, Personal Asst. to Commissioner.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The undermentioned Candidate has passed the examination for Honors in Law :—

Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas Presidency College.

The undermentioned Candidates have passed the Medical examinations :—

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

First Division.

Ghosh, Radharaman Medical College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bhattacharyya, Nagendranath Medical College.
Chattopadhyay, Gopalchandra Ditto.

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Sadukhan, Khiradchandra Medical College.
Mukhopadhyay, Amarchand Ditto.
Gupta, Durgadas Ditto.
4. Syed Hossain Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Chakravarti, Biharilal Medical College.
De, Rajendralal Ditto.
Maitra, Bipinivihari Ditto.
Mitra, Upendranath Ditto.
5. Sil, Kānailāl Ditto.

SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Basu, Kedarnath Medical College.
Chattopadhyay, Nityananda Ditto.
De, Rajendranath Ditto.
Mallik, Kānailāl Ditto.
Mitra, Haridās Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Annadaprasād Ditto.
" Prokaschandra Ditto.
Pāin, Akshoy Kumar Ditto.
Pal, Akhilnath Ditto.
10. " Bauamali Ditto.

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Asdar Ali Khan Medical College.
Bandyopadhyay, Avinashchandra Ditto.
" Banerwar Ditto.
" Brajendranath Ditto.
" Madhavchandra Ditto.
" Suryyanath Ditto.
Basu, Adyanath Ditto.
" Annadacharan Ditto.
" Kisarimohan Ditto.
10. " Mahendramohan Ditto.
" Suratīāl... .. Ditto.
" Upendrachandra Ditto.
Bhaduri, Akshoykumar Ditto.
Chakravarti, Benimadhav... .. Ditto.
" Durganath Ditto.
" Syamacharan Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Annadaprasad Ditto.
" Brajanath... .. Ditto.
" Chandirāj Ditto.
20. " Priyanath... .. Ditto.

	Chaudhuri, Chandranath ...	...	...	Medical College.
	Dés, Annadaprasad ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Apurvakrishna ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Madhavkrishna ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Mahendranath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Srinarayan ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Umeschandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Datta, Gostavihari ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Manmathanath ...	...	...	Ditto.
30	„ Matilal ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Nilmadhav ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Davidson, W. H. ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Fuzlur Rahman ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Gangopadhyay, Mahendranath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Upendranath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Ghosh, Heramvachandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Kamakshyanath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Kasinath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Umeschandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
40	Gupta, Gurucharan Das ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Piyarisankar Das ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Purnachandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Kar, Amritlal ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Nagendranath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Karmakar, Chandranath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Kumar, Sasibhusan ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Lahiri, Durgadās ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Mitra, Baradaprasad ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Gopalchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
50	„ Kailāsnath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Mukhopadhyay, Avinaschandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Chintamani ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Heramvanāth ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Khelaram ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Nripendrachandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Nān, Hirālāl ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Pal, Sitalāchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Palit, Khirodchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Ray, Gangadhar ...	...	...	Ditto.
60	„ Jagatchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Manmathanath ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Rajkumar ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Rāychaudhuri, Hemchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Sāhā, Gopivallabh ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Kunjavihari ...	...	...	Ditto.
	Sen, Achyutananda ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Haricharan ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Hemchandra ...	...	...	Ditto.
	„ Kaliprasanna ...	...	...	Ditto.
70	Srimāni, Sasibhusan ...	...	...	Ditto.

SENATE HOUSE, the 27th March 1876.

J. SUTCLIFFE, *Offg. Registrar.*

UNDER Rule 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules of 5th October 1872, it is hereby notified that the eighteen Junior Scholarships allotted to the Patna division for the year 1876-77 have been distributed as follows:—

I. The six Second Grade Scholarships to go to the six best candidates irrespective of districts.

II. The twelve Third Grade Scholarships have been allotted thus:—

Patna	...	...	2
Gya	...	...	2
Shahabad	...	...	2
Mozufferpore	...	...	3
Sarun	...	...	3
Durbhunga	...	...	0
Chumparun	...	...	0
			—
			12
			—

DOORAGATI BANERJEE, *Personal Asst. to Commr., for Offg. Commr.*

BANKIPORE, the 16th March 1876.

List of Minor and Vernacular Scholars selected in the Behar Circle for the year 1876.

No.	Names of Scholars.	Age.	Schools from which the scholars came.	Schools where the scholarships are made tenable.	Amount of stipend.	Period for which tenable.
MINOR SCHOLARS.						
PATNA DIVISION.						
Patna District.						
		Y. M.			Rs. A. P.	
1	Dijo Das Biswas	15 0	Patna Cheap School	Patna Collegiate School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Mohamad Akbar Husain	14 0	Ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
3	Rajhu Nath Bhattacharjee	14 0	Dinapur Aided School	Kharaul Higher School	5 0 0	Ditto.
4	Nand Lal	14 0	Jhanganj ditto	Patna Collegiate School	5 0 0	Ditto.
Gya District.						
1	Gabra Lal	16 0	Tikari Aided School	Gya Higher School	5 0 0	2 years.
Shahabad District.						
1	Nageshar Lal	15 0	Bazar Aided School	Patna Collegiate School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Harbhans Sahay	15 0	Jagdespur Private School	Arrah Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
3	Biku Lal	15 0	Ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
Saran District.						
Nil.						
Champaran District.						
Nil.						
Muzafferpur District.						
1	Parseeram Lal	16 0	Hajipur Aided School	Patna Collegiate School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Ajudhya Prasad	16 0	Ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
Durbhanga District.						
1	Balagovind	15 0	Roserah Aided School	Muzafferpur Zillah School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Sahib Ram Das	16 0	Madhubani ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
3	Subhan Ahmed Khan	14 0	Durbhanga Raj School	Patna Collegiate School	5 0 0	Ditto.
4	Sree Nath Ghose	16 0	Tajpur Aided School	Dacca Collegiate School	5 0 0	Ditto.
BHAGI PUR DIVISION.						
Bhagulpur District.						
1	Tasuddiq Husain	13 0	Banka Aided School	Deoghur Zillah School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Fayzul-haq	14 0	Barani Private School	Blarupur Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
3	Tej Narayan Misir	13 0	Ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
4	Lal Mohamad	16 0	Madchpurah Aided School	Muzafferpur Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
5	Birjessar Das	11 0	Colgong Aided School	Bhagulpur Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
Monghyr District.						
1	Shashi Bhushan Ganguli	15 0	Jamulpur Aided School	Navadipna Higher Class Hindu School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Synna Charan Ghosal	16 0	Ditto	Monghyr Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
Purneah District.						
1	Hari Das Byrati	16 0	Kilparah Aided School	Purneah Zillah School	5 0 0	2 years.
Sonthal Pergunnahs.						
1	Baroda Kanta Mittra	12 0	Rajmahal Aided School	Hughli Collegiate School	5 0 0	2 years.
2	Fagu Lal Mandal	13 0	Ditto	Ditto	5 0 0	Ditto.
3	Grish Chandra Roy	16 0	Amjorah Aided School	Beerbhoom Zillah School	5 0 0	Ditto.
VERNACULAR SCHOLARS.						
PATNA DIVISION.						
Patna District.						
1	Surjan Singh	14 0	Patna Attached Model School	Patna Collegiate School	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Ramkishan	12 0	Tanganj Middle School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Kanta Misir	13 0	Gurbatta Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Dwarika Prasad	15 0	Silao Middle School	Behar Aided School	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Muna Ali	13 0	Hilsa ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Sheikh Mozhar-ul-haq	11 0	Babpurah Maktab	Patna Collegiate School	4 0 0	Ditto.
Gya District.						
1	Mohan	13 0	Daudnagar Middle School	Gya Zillah School	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Amur Chand Ram	12 0	Hasnab ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Rachha Lal	14 0	Deo ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Lila Dube	13 0	Gah ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Deoti Nardau	14 0	Tikari ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Basant Ram	13 0	Gyah ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
7	Kasi Pathak e.	13 0	Dharant ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Shahabad District.						
1	Khubbhari Lal	14 0	Arrah Model School	Arrah Zillah School	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Gulam Haidar	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Sahast Sahay	13 0	Kulharia Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Hinda Prasad	13 0	Burwa Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Gulam Husain	14 0	Mohajuntol Maktab	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Mangal Prasad	13 0	Chandi Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Saran District.						
1	Juthan Singh	14 0	Chuprah Attached Model School	Chuprah Zillah School	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Patch Bahadur	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Abdul Rahim	14 0	Manjhi Middle School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Shuegovind Tewari	14 0	Purua ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Kedar Nath	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Harham Doo Lal	14 0	Sewan A. V. School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.

No.	Names of Scholars.	Age.	Schools from which the scholars came.	Schools where the scholarships are made tenable.	Amount of stipend.	Period for which tenable.
Champaran District.		Y. M.			Rs. A. P.	
1	Juthan Lal	13 0	Sonepur M. School ...	Motihari Zillah School ...	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Karjhinan Ram	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Ram Birachh	14 0	Barharwa Aided School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Abdul Hakim	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Babu Nand Misir	14 0	Mangura Pathshala	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Muzafferpur District.						
1	Nazir Hasain	13 0	Hajipur M. School	Muzafferpur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Sita Ram	15 0	Mahna Pathshala	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Kunj Behari Lal	15 0	Sheshar Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Haldeo Narayan	14 0	Sitamari M. School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Dost Mahammad	14 0	Muzafferpur Society's Aided School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Aga Ali	14 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Durbhanga District.						
1	Barham Das Narayan ...	13 0	Simri Raj School	Muzafferpur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Raj Bansi Singh	15 0	Ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Bhaji Ram	12 0	Jhanjharpur Raj School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Abdullah	13 0	Kadamalmal School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Mohammad Khan	13 0	Durbhanga Raj School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
BHAGULPUR DIVISION.						
Bhagulpur District.						
1	Achuta Nand Sukul	14 0	Bhagulpur Attached Model School	Bhagulpur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	4 years.
2	Amani Lal	13 0	Bhagulpur Attached Model School ...	Bhagulpur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	4 years.
3	Darbari Sahu	12 0	Colgaon Model School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Moti Lal	14 0	Madehpur Model School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Lal Mohan Ganguli	10 0	Masuranj Anglo-Vernacular School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Mohamed Majid	12 0	Purani Model School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
7	Raj Nath Jha	12 0	Sultanzanj Model School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Monghyr District.						
1	Bhatu Prasad	11 0	Kharakpur Model School ...	Monghyr Zillah School ...	4 0 0	Ditto.
2	Ram Saran*	13 0	Gogrow Aided School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Bansi Ram	14 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Tahir-ul-Haq	13 0	Pachwa Middle School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Daraset Hasain	12 0	Husampur M. School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
6	Chandi Prasad	11 0	Saratpur M. School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
7	Kunj Behari Prasad Sahu ...	14 0	Kachampur M. School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
8	Rathu Prasad Singh	14 0	Sadanundpur Pathshala ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Purneah District.						
1	Mahomed Jha	14 0	Arraryah Model School ...	Purneah Zillah School ...	4 0 0	Ditto.
2	Phul Chand Sahu	13 0	Ditto ditto	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
3	Gurharan Sahu	14 0	Dhulibigha M. School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
4	Borast Sahu	11 0	Quash Model School	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
5	Issar Prasad	13 0	Purneah Model School ...	Ditto	4 0 0	Ditto.
Southal Pergunnahs.						
1	Harkhi Sukul	14 0	Maharawan Middle School ...	Bhagulpur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	Ditto.
2	Navin Chandra Pal	13 0	Afzalpur Aided School ...	Boghrur Zillah School ...	4 0 0	Ditto.

* Also gained Vizianagram scholarship.

BANKIPUR, the 1st April 1876.

A. N. CHQFT, *Inspector of Schools, Behar Circle.*

The undermentioned candidates have obtained the Minor and Vernacular Scholarships from the district of Bankoora for the year 1875.

Names of candidates.	School where educated.	Where to hold the scholarship.	Period of scholarship.
Minor.			
Kadar Nath Dighorea	Bisempore M. English ...	Bankoora Government School.	2 years.
Vernacular.			
Ramjilan Ghose	Kuchiakol Vernacular ...	Kuchiakol H. English ...	4 ..
Narendra Coomar Chatterjee ...	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
Padmalochan Bakse	Bankoora Vernacular ...	Bankoora Government School.	3 years.

HOOGLY,
The 31st March 1876

BRABHA MOHUN MULLIK,
Offs. Inspector of Schools W. C.

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 248B.

Notice is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1874-75 will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Friday, the 7th April 1876, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,920 chests, viz.—

			Chests.
Behar Opium	...	...	2,235
Benares „	...	...	1,685
Total	...	...	3,920

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1875, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 12th and 22nd April 1876, respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Wednesday, the 12th April 1876, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 22nd April 1876.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.		Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 4th May	1876	2,235	1,685	3,920
On or about Wednesday, 7th June	„	2,235	1,685	3,920
On or about Wednesday, 5th July	„	2,235	1,685	3,920
On or about Thursday, 3rd August	„	2,235	1,685	3,920
On or about Wednesday, 6th September	„	2,230	1,680	3,910
On or about Friday, 6th October	„	2,230	1,680	3,910
On or about Thursday, 2nd November	„	2,230	1,680	3,910
On or about Friday, 1st December	„	2,230	1,680	3,910
Total	...	17,860	13,460	31,320

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th February 1876.

No. 356B.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1874-75, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,920 chests, viz.—

			Chests.
Behar Opium	...	...	2,235
Benares „	...	...	1,685
Total	...	...	3,920

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1875, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th May 1876 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th May 1876.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.		Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about	Wednesday, 7th June 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Wednesday, 5th July 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Thursday, 3rd August 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Wednesday, 6th September 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Friday, 6th October 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Thursday, 2nd November 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Friday, 1st December 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Total ...		15,625	11,775	27,400

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 28th March 1876

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export on the 16th February 1876.

District.	Port.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpaddah Salt Pans ...	Indian Mds. 50,000	"
Godavery ...	Cocanada ...	50,000	
Kistna ...	Nursapur ...	37,903	
Chingleput ...	Nizampatam ...	.....
	Madras ...	.....
	Ennore ...	.....
	Covelong ...	2,61,401	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....
	Katmavadiy ...	.....
	Tranquebar ...	.....
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	.....
Total ...		4,02,304	

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, 2nd March 1876.

EDWD. GIBSON,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

Published for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 30th March 1876.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 518.—Fort William, the 31st March 1876.—Notifications.—Public.—The Right Honourable Edward Robert Lytton Bulwer-Lytton, Baron Lytton of Knebworth, in the county of Hertford, and a Baronet of the United Kingdom, is expected to arrive at Aden on or about Saturday, the 1st proximo, and at Bombay on Friday, the 7th idem, in Her Majesty's Ship *Orontes*, to assume the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

The Resident at Aden will receive Lord Lytton with all the honours and distinctions which are due to the Viceroy of India.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will make arrangements, in communication with the Naval Authorities, for the landing and reception of Lord Lytton at Bombay with all the honours and distinctions which are due to the Viceroy of India.

An Aide-de-Camp of the Viceroy will proceed to Bombay to attend upon Lord Lytton throughout his journey from Bombay to Calcutta.

One of the principal Civil Officers of each Government, Administration, or Agency, will be deputed to meet Lord Lytton as he enters the limits of such Government, Administration, or Agency, and will remain in attendance upon His Lordship until he passes beyond those limits.

At the Railway Stations at which halts are made for rest and refreshment, Civil and Military Officers will be in attendance. There will also be a Guard of Honour upon the platform.

Should Lord Lytton make any stay at Allahabad, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces will make all arrangements, in communication with the Military Authorities, for His Lordship's reception in a suitable manner.

At stations between Bombay and Howrah, other than those mentioned in the two preceding paragraphs, the attendance of officers is dispensed with.

Proper police precautions will be taken at all the stations along the line at which the train stops.

Upon Lord Lytton's arrival at the Howrah Terminus of the East Indian Railway, His Lordship will be received by the Secretaries to the Government of India, and by the Military Secretary and Aides-de-Camp to the Viceroy.

The following Officers will also be in attendance upon the Howrah Railway platform :—

The Commissioner of Burdwan.

One of the Secretaries to the Government of Bengal.

The Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District, with the District Staff.

The Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

The Sheriff of Calcutta.

The Magistrate of Howrah.

A Guard of Honour of Native Infantry will be drawn up at the Howrah Terminus.

Lord Lytton, attended by his personal staff, by the Secretaries to the Government of India, by the Military Secretary and Aides-de-Camp of the Viceroy, will proceed to Government House in the Viceroy's carriages, escorted by the Calcutta Volunteer Lancers and by the Body-Guard.

The line of route will be lined throughout by troops under the orders of the Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District.

A Royal Salute will be fired from the ramparts of Fort William as the *cortège* appears upon the Hooghly Bridge.

A Guard of Honour of British Infantry and a Guard of Honour of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles will be drawn up opposite the grand entrance of Government House.

Lord Lytton will be received as he alights from the carriage at the foot of the grand staircase by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, attended by his personal staff.

All the Civil and Military Officers of Government at the Presidency will be in attendance upon the grand staircase of Government House. Consular Officers and other representatives of Foreign Governments at Calcutta, and all non-official gentlemen, are invited to be present upon the grand staircase.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, attended by his personal staff and the Members of the Governor-General's Council, will receive Lord Lytton at the top of the grand staircase, and will conduct His Lordship to the Throne-room.

Shortly afterwards, Lord Lytton will proceed with the Members of the Governor-General's Council to the Council Chamber, where His Lordship's Commission from Her Majesty the Queen will be read by the Home Secretary.

A Royal Salute will then be fired from the ramparts of Fort William in honour of Lord Lytton upon his assumption of the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

The troops may then be withdrawn.

Full dress will be worn by all Officers, Civil and Military, on this occasion, and evening dress by all gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform.

The date and hour for Lord Lytton's arrival at Howrah will be notified hereafter.

No. 203.—Fort William, the 31st March 1876.—Establishments.—Mr. T. J. Chichele Plowden, Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, has obtained three weeks' privilege leave of absence with effect from the 27th instant, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 205.—Appointment.—Mr. J. A. Bourdillon, of the Bengal Civil Service, to officiate as Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department with effect from the forenoon of the 27th instant, and until further orders.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, are republished for general information:—

No. 5.—Fort William, the 27th March 1876.—Commerce and Trade.—The following Notice is published for general information:—

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

INDIAN OCEAN.

VESSELS TRADING TO REUNION.

The following Notice has been published by the British Board of Trade:—

"The Board of Trade, in consequence of information which they have received, deem it their duty to caution Owners and Masters of British vessels employed in trading with Reunion, that vessels arriving in the roadstead off that place, between the months of November and March, incur great risk from hurricanes."

In reproducing the above Notice, Mariners are reminded that the island of Reunion, possesses no safe ports where ships can be sheltered from bad weather. The attention of Owners and Masters of British vessels is drawn to the great risk incurred by accepting freights for that island to arrive during the hurricane months (November to March), and it

is suggested that they should have it distinctly stated in the Charter-party, that the cargo shall be discharged only at the roadstead of St. Denis; as from this position a vessel can, in the event of a hurricane setting in, easily proceed to sea.

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR,
Superintendent, Marine Surveys.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1876.

By Order,

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

This Notice has reference to Admiralty Chart—Reunion, No. 1497, and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 529.

No. 242.—The 30th March 1876.—Appointment.—General.—Mr. Colman Patrick Lewis Macaulay, of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, during the absence of Mr. C. J. Lyall, or until further orders.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 1936.—The 31st March 1876.—Leave and Allowances.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be added as a note at the end of the Form in the Appendix to Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code:—

Note.—The duty of signing this certificate may be delegated by the head of a Department or a Secretary to Government to the Chief Assistant or Registrar of his office.

No. 1952.—The 31st March 1876.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information:—

FINANCIAL.

No. 48.

INDIA OFFICE, LONDON,

10th February 1876.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

MY LORD,

Para. 1. I have considered in Council your Financial letter dated the 29th January 1875, No. 39, on the subject of the Leave Rules of the Uncovenanted Service.

2. You therein state that you have some doubts as to the intentions of the Duke of Argyll, and as to the manner in which effect should be given to His Grace's instructions; that nearly all the offices in the Uncovenanted Service are such as may, under certain circumstances, be "fitly held by Natives," and that, consequently, if you were to adopt a principle of selection, which would be most in accordance with the instructions received by you, the logical conclusion would be that no members of the Service should be admitted to the favourable rules.

3. You consider that the rigid adoption of the principle that the present holders of offices to which Natives could fitly be appointed should not be admitted to the benefits of the favourable rules, would cause not unreasonable dissatisfaction, and you are of opinion that some limit of a more or less arbitrary nature as to the position of those to whom those rules should be extended will have to be laid down.

4. You therefore forward nominal lists, which you state to be complete, of all those officers of the Uncovenanted Service who come within the category set forth in Schedule A of the Civil Leave Code, and request me to determine the principle on which admission to the favourable Leave Rules shall be regulated.

5. With your Financial letter dated the 30th September 1875, No. 346, you forwarded, in continuation of the list already referred to, a list of officers of the Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department whom you proposed to admit to the more favourable rules.

6. The instruction conveyed to your Government in the Financial despatches dated the 10th March 1870 and the 6th December 1871, appear to me to leave no doubt as to the intentions of the Duke of Argyll on this subject.

7. In the former despatch the Duke of Argyll assented to the favourable rules "proposed for holders of offices now held by English gentlemen," with certain modifications, and desired "that they be declared applicable from this date only to officers of the Education Department appointed from England, and to such others of those now actually in the Service as you may think fit to include in a nominal list for that purpose, to be submitted for my approval." His Grace also stated that the second set of Rules proposed "for all other classes of the Uncovenanted Service would, for the present, apply to all Uncovenanted Servants not entitled to the benefits of the first set of Rules, and hereafter to all Uncovenanted Servants who may not have been appointed from England."

8. In para. 7 of the latter Despatch, the Duke of Argyll extended the benefits of the first set of Rules to "those Uncovenanted Servants appointed in England to offices for which they had special qualifications," and "to those Europeans who for special reasons may have been, or, with my sanction, may be hereafter appointed in India to certain exceptional posts," and His Grace added "but, in order to confine these privileges within reasonable limits, I must again request that you will furnish me with a nominal list of the officers who appear to you to come within the description referred to in my Financial Despatch dated the 10th March 1870, No. 84."

9. The Duke of Argyll concluded*—"The principle which Her Majesty's Government have steadily kept in view throughout the discussion on these Furlough Rules is, that the Uncovenanted Service should be principally reserved for the Natives of the country, and that superior appointments which require English training and experience, should be made as heretofore from England; and they look with great disfavour on the system, which appears to be growing up in India, of appointing Englishmen in India to situations that ought only, as a rule, to be filled by civilians who have gained their position by open competition. I trust that the views I have now expressed will put a stop to the above practice."

* Financial Despatch, 10th March 1870.

10. In the views expressed by the Duke of Argyll in those Despatches I concur.

11. In respect, therefore, to the future, I request that it may clearly be understood that the less favourable Leave Rules will be applicable to all Uncovenanted Servants appointed after the year 1871, unless—

(1) They have been appointed in England.

(2) They have been appointed in India with the sanction of the Secretary of State.

It remains to specify in detail the reasonable concessions which, in accordance with the intimation made by the Duke of Argyll, I am willing to grant to certain of your Uncovenanted Servants who now hold, and at the date of His Grace's Despatch held, appointments in the Uncovenanted Service. It is to be understood that the instructions contained in the remainder of this Despatch apply only to them.

12. I have not within my reach the information necessary to enable me to select individual officers according to their merit or according to the peculiar circumstances of their appointment. In the absence of any such principle of choice, it will be expedient to shape the proposed concessions in such a manner as to harmonise with the policy which has been laid down for the future. Without going so far as to assent to your Excellency's opinion, that "if the whole of the classes enumerated in Schedule A are admitted to the new rules, the concession must be extended to the future," I am quite sensible of the difficulty which would attend any attempt to enforce, in respect to the future, a system contrasting violently with that which shall be adopted in respect to present incumbents. It will be, on this ground, expedient to apply a different mode of treatment to the present incumbents of those offices which will in future, so far as they are continued, certainly be filled up as a rule from England, and those which may possibly continue to be filled in India. The Uncovenanted Service of the Public Works Department,—except so far as it is recruited from students educated at the Indian Civil Engineering Colleges which were specially designed for the natives of the country,—will ordinarily in the future be supplied from Cooper's Hill. The forest service will, in like manner, and with possibly an analogous exception, consist of candidates prepared in Europe under the system established by Dr. Brandis. The limited opportunity which exists in India for obtaining men of scientific training furnishes an obvious reason for confining, as a general rule, to persons selected in England the higher grades of the Telegraph and Geological Survey Departments. It has already been determined that the higher Educational Officers shall be selected here. On the other hand, the officers on the present establishment at Mysore only exist for a temporary purpose. A similar consideration applies to the arrangement under which the small number of uncovenanted Marine and Medical Officers are at present appointed. To all these officers, as occupying posts which, so far as they are filled up by Englishmen at all, will in the future be ordinarily filled up in England, I see no difficulty in extending without restriction the concessions contemplated by the Duke of Argyll.

13. The following Officers, therefore, named in the enclosure to your Despatch of 29th January 1875, may be immediately admitted to the more favourable Leave Rules:—

The 274 Officers, under the Government of India, included in Section D.

The 30 Officers, under the Government of India, included in Sub-sections 4 and 6 of Section E.

The 20 Officers, under the Government of Madras, included in Sub-section 2 of Section B.

The 19 Officers, under the Government of Bombay, included in Sub-section 2 of Section C and four Forest officers in Sub-section 1 of the same Section.

The 10 Officers, employed in Mysore, included in Section I.

The Educational Officers, the Officers of the Marine Department who have served in the Indian Navy or Bengal Marine, and the Medical Officers named in the lists transmitted by you.

The three Medical Officers of the Persian Telegraph Service, as recommended in your Financial letter dated the 26th February 1875, No. 79.

A nominal list of all the above Officers is annexed to this despatch.

14. Of the remaining Officers named in your lists, the greater part are filling posts which do not require preliminary technical education, and which, in future, if not held by Natives, will be occupied partly by Covenanted Civil Servants, or by Uncovenanted Servants specially selected with the sanction of the Secretary of State, according to the principles adverted to in para. 11 of this despatch. Adopting therefore, with regard to this class of Officers, your suggestion that, as respects existing incumbents, an arbitrary limit must be to some extent applied to them, I sanction the extension of the more favourable rules to such of the above-mentioned Officers named in your lists as are now in the receipt of salaries of not less than Rs. 6,000 per annum, and I request that a list of the persons to whom this will apply may be forwarded for record in this office.

15. I observe that your lists do not include any of the Officers employed in the higher appointments of the Andamans. You may, perhaps, desire to correct the omission, and possibly other similar omissions; if so, I will gladly consider any recommendations you may make.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obtt., humble Servant,

(Sd.) SALISBURY.

OFFICERS UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Educational Officers.

Name.	Present Appointment.
W. L. Atkinson, M.A.	Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.
H. Whodrow ...	Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, Bengal.
H. F. Hanford ...	Professor in the Presidency College, and Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.
W. Brenand ...	Principal of the Dacca College, Bengal.
C. H. Tawney, M.A. ...	Professor in the Presidency College, Bengal.
J. M. Scott, M.A. ...	Professor in the Civil Engineering Department of the Presidency College, Bengal.
W. G. Wilson, M.A. ...	Professor in the Presidency College, Bengal.
C. A. Martin ...	Professor in Krishnagar College, Bengal.
W. Robson, M.D. ...	Assistant Professor in the Presidency College, Bengal.
H. Blochmann ...	Assistant Professor in the Calcutta Madrasah, Bengal.
R. Parry ...	Professor in the Hooghly College, Bengal.
J. W. McCrindle, M.A.	Principal in the Patna College, Bengal.
H. H. Locke ...	Principal of the School of Arts, Calcutta, Bengal.
F. J. Rowe, M.A. ...	Professor in the Hooghly College, Bengal.

OFFICERS UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS—continued.

Officers in the Marine Department who have served in the Indian Navy or Bengal Marine.

Name.	Present Appointment.
E. G. Wells ...	Commander in the Bengal Marine.
R. B. Lungley ...	Commander in the Bengal Marine.
C. King ...	Commander in the Bengal Marine.
Captain A. Baker ...	Deputy Master Attendant, Calcutta.
Captain E. J. Butler	1st Assistant Master Attendant, Calcutta, and Government Prosecutor for the Trial of Pilots.
Captain F. Warden ...	Extra Assistant Master Attendant, Calcutta, and Agent for Government Consignments and Transports.

Medical Officers.

H. M. Davis ...	Medical Officer, Pubna.
C. M. Russel ...	" " Sarun.
R. McLeod ...	" " Gya.
S. S. Lynch ...	Superintendent of the Jail at Alipore.
C. Sconce ...	Superintendent of the Central Jail at Midnapore.
V. Richards ...	Civil Medical Officer of Bangalore.
C. T. O. Woodford ...	Police Surgeon and Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the Medical College, Calcutta.

No. 1954.—The 31st March 1876.—*Separate Revenue—Post Office.*—Mr. A. M. Monteath received charge of the Office of Director-General of the Post Office of India from Mr. F. R. Hogg, before noon, on the 28th March 1876.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 340.—Fort William, the 27th March 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 75 of 1876, Surgeon J. J. Wood, M.B., of the Medical Department, Superintendent of Vaccination, Ranchee Circle, is granted furlough to Europe on private affairs, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868, for twenty months, instead of two years, as previously notified.

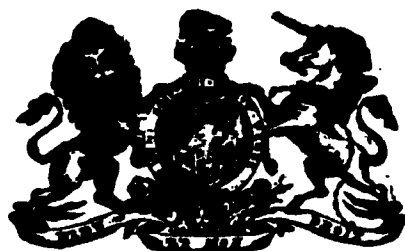
No. 341.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Lieutenant-Colonel William Turton Fagan, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, First Grade, Rajshahye, Bengal—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Marine Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 12.—Fort William, the 31st March 1876.—Notification.—The grant of the furlough to Europe and subsidiary leave to Captain A. Baker, Deputy Master Attendant, Officiating Master Attendant, Calcutta, in Marine Notification No. 4 of 1876, is to be considered as under Sections 10 (a) and 18 (a) of the Civil Leave Code instead of those previously notified.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Fureedpore, Goulundo extension line, will be put up to sale at the Goulundo Sub-divisional Cutcherry at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, corresponding with 28th Bysack 1283, B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of sales on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BERSHA AND IN ACRES.			LANDS EXCLUDED FROM SALES FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Fureedpore	Pergunnah, Islampore, Mouzah Garul.	17	North	7 5 4	2 1 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,050 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nudda.
2	ditto	ditto.	17	South	7 1 0	2 1 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nudda.
3	ditto	ditto.	17	North	5 4 0	1 2 35	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
4	ditto	ditto.	17	South	3 10 9	1 0 27	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,010 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
5	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedahye, and Islampore, Mouzah Burora, Majparrah and Muthoorapore.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 17, as per plan, and terminates on 2,840 feet of mile 18, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 7. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
6	ditto	ditto	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 8. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
7	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedahye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,840 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.
8	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedahye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,840 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.

9	ditto	Pergunnah Najer Inaetpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-ahye, Mousah Majjarrab, Kapore, Inaetpore and Kanookhallee.	19	North	6 13 2	3 0 33	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 19, as per plan, and terminates on 1,775 feet of mile 19.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 18, as per plan.
10	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 13 2	2 0 32	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 13, as per plan.
11	ditto	Pergunnah Najer Inaetpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-ahye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	19	North	4 4 6	1 1 23	...	...	Commences on 1,820 feet of mile 19, and terminates on 3,660 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
12	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 10 2	2 0 34	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
13	ditto	ditto	19	North	6 4 2	1 2 36	...	...	Commences on 3,680 feet of mile 19, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
14	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 13 12	1 3 19	Occupied by roads	0 0 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
15	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurtahye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	20	North	6 16 1	2 1 0	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 19, as per plan, and terminates on 1,490 feet of mile 20.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
16	ditto	ditto	20	South	6 6 4	1 3 1	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
17	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurtahye, Mousah Panga.	20	North	7 16 10	2 2 14	...	...	Commences on 1,480 feet of mile 20, and terminates on 3,440 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 18. West—By railway level crossing.
18	ditto	ditto	20	South	7 16 10	2 2 14	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 20. West—By railway level crossing.
19	ditto	ditto	20	North	7 17 9	2 2 17	...	...	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 20, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 17.
20	ditto	ditto	20	South	9 14 12	2 0 35	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By western boundary of lot 18.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGAL AND IN ACRE.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	P.	Reasons for exc ⁿ fusion.	A. R. P.		
21	Puredpore	Pergunnah Nasharutahye, Mouzah Panga.	21	North	6 17	2	1 3	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 20, as per plan, and terminates on 1,000 feet of mile 21.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
22	ditto	ditto	21	South	7 0	2	1 10	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 10, as per plan, and terminates on 1,000 feet of mile 21.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
23	ditto	ditto	21	North	13 5	4	1 21	.....	.....	Commences on 2,050 feet of mile 21, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
24	ditto	ditto	21	South	13 2	4	1 13	Occupied by nullah	0 1 21	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
25	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutahye, Mouzah Panga and Magoradungah.	22	North	11 6	3	2 38	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 21, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 22.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
26	ditto	ditto	22	South	11 6	3	2 38	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
27	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutahye, Mouzah Magoradungah, Mobesala, and Narranpore.	23	North	11 0	3	2 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates on 5,125 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway level crossing.
28	ditto	ditto	22	South	10 12	3	2 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 22, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
29	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutahye, Mouzah Narranpore.	23	North	8 1	3	2 26	.....	.....	Commences on 820 feet of mile 23, and terminates on 1,920 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By road under class D. West—By Panga station land.
30	ditto	ditto	23	South	7 18	2	2 19	Class C land within the lot excluded from sale.	.....	Commences at the end of mile 22, as per plan, and terminates on 1,920 feet of mile 23.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By road under class D. West—By end of mile 22, as per plan.
31	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutahye, Mouzah Narranpore and Poodapora.	23	North	14 16	4	3 24	.....	.....	Commences on 1,400 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class D.

to	...	ditto	23	South	...	13 17 8	4 1	Commences on 1,960 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class-D.
to	...	Pergunnah Nisharutahye, Mousah Poonparrah and Satriyehpore.	24	North	...	6 0 0	1 3 37	Occupied by road	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 23, as per plan, and terminates on 1,150 feet of mile 24.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By class A land of the railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.	
to	...	ditto	24	South	...	5 19 0	1 3 35	ditto	0 0 5	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By class A land of railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.	
to	...	Pergunnah Nisharutahye, Mousah Kalispore.	24	North	...	16 0 0	4 3 33	ditto	0 0 5	Commences on 3,070 feet of mile 24, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.	
to	...	ditto	24	South	...	14 0 0	4 3 21	ditto Retained by Ry. Co.	0 0 6 5 3 32 6 0 15	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.	
to	...	Pergunnah Baikachee, Mousah Kalispore and Jhawgram.	25	North	...	18 14 4	6 0 30	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 24, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 25.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
to	...	ditto	25	South	...	18 14 4	6 0 30	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
to	...	Pergunnah Baikachee, Mousah Duree-Jhawgram.	25	North	...	8 8 10	2 3 6	Occupied by road	0 0 6	Commences on 3,915 feet of mile 25, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.	
to	...	ditto	25	South	...	7 18 12	2 2 20	ditto	0 0 6 0 0 12	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.	
to	...	Pergunnah Baikachee and Mahomed-shye, Mousah Duree-Jhawgram, Telee-Jhawgram, Akolothagee, Kalokhale, and Abdol-guny Maseet.	26	North	...	10 7 9	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 25, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 26.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
to	...	ditto	26	South	...	10 7 9	3 1 29	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By western boundary of lot 44. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
to	...	Pergunnah Baikachee and Mahomed-shye, Mousah Akolothagee, Maseet and Kalokhale.	26	North	...	14 4 8	4 2 33	Occupied by road	0 0 5	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 41.	

Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
				R. C. O.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
Furzedpore	Pergunnahs Baligachee and Mahomedahye, Mouzah Abdoogunyah, Malet and Kabthakee.	26	South	14 4 8	4 2 33	0 0 5 0 0 10	Occupied by road	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 42.	
ditto	Pergunnahs Baligachee and Mahomedahye, Mouzah Kakothakee.	27	North	3 2 6	1 0 6	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 26, as per plan, and terminates on 320 feet of mile 27.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
ditto	ditto	27	South	3 2 6	1 0 6	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Monzah Bulbupore.	27	North	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	Commences on 770 feet of mile 27, and terminates on 2,820 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
ditto	ditto	27	South	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 50. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Monzah Tengra and Kamea.	27	North	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 27, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 47.
ditto	ditto	27	South	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 48.
ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Monzah Kamea and Harah.	28	North	12 9 0	4 0 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 27, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 28.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 53. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
ditto	ditto	28	South	13 11 0	4 1 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 54. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Monzah Harah and Madhupore.	29	North	13 2 0	4 1 12	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 28, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
ditto	ditto	28	South	9 14 0	3 0 33	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 52.

ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Harsh and Medinibere, Moornathola and Gobind- pore.	29	North	...	9 10 5	3 1 4	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 29.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Hurragee. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
ditto	ditto	29	South	...	13 13 9	4 2 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,500 feet of mile 29.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By Hurragee. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Bagjee and Gobindpore.	29	North	...	14 15 9	4 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 2,240 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragee.
ditto	ditto	29	South	...	13 0 13	3 3 37	Occupied by nullal	1 1 29	Commences on 2,690 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragee.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Gobindpore and Hurree- harpore.	30	North	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 29, as per plan, and terminates on 2,840 feet of mile 30.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
ditto	ditto	30	South	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Moonsah Hurragee.	30	North	...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates on 4,140 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Hurragee station land. West—By village road.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Hurragee, Dadpore, and Engboonathpore.	30	South	...	14 10 0	4 3 7	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By village road.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Hurragee and Dadpore.	30	North	...	1 3 2	0 1 21	Occupied by roads	0 0 19	Commences on 5,115 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By Bailgachee station land.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Dadpore, Hurragee, Kugboonathpore, and Ghose- barah.	31	North	...	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 30, as per plan, and terminates on 2,760 feet of mile 31.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 66. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Dadpore, Hurragee, Kugboonathpore, and Ghose- barah.	31	South	...	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	ditto	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 67. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- sabs Ghosebarah and Dy- nugger.	31	North	...	10 6 8	3 1 26	.....	.....	Commences on 2,760 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 66.

Name of Subh.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGAL AND IN ACRES.		LAND REVENUE FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
				B. C. C.	A. E. R.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. P.		
69	Furzedpore	31	South	9 9 2	3 0 20	.....	....	Commences on 2,760 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 66.
70	ditto	32	North	10 12 1	3 2 1	Occupied by nullah	0 0 4	Commences at the end of mile 31, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 32.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 70. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
71	ditto	33	South	10 10 6	3 1 27	ditto	0 0 4	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 71. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
72	ditto	33	North	11 5 4	3 2 36	.....	....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 32, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
73	ditto	33	South	11 5 4	3 2 36	.....	....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
74	ditto	33	North	12 18 6	4 1 3	.....	....	Commences at the end of mile 32, as per plan, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 33.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
75	ditto	33	South	12 18 5	4 1 3	.....	....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
76	ditto	33	North	13 5 12	4 1 23	.....	....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 33, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 73.
77	ditto	33	South	13 5 12	4 1 23	.....	....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 73.
78	ditto	34	North	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	....	Commences at the end of mile 33, as per plan, and terminates on 2,260 feet of mile 34.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
79	ditto	34	South	9 15 0	3 0 36	.....	....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.

78	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Dyangpur and Doorgapore.	34	North	10 8 15	3 1 33	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 34, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
79	ditto	...	ditto	34	South	9 0 7	2 3 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
80	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Doorgapoor and Gopeenathpore.	35	North	6 6 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 34, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 35.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 82. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
81	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Doorgapoor.	35	South	8 6 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 83. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
82	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Gopeenathpore, Doorgapoor, Kakhiladon, and Gungapershadpore.	35	North	9 18 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 35, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
83	ditto	...	ditto	35	South	9 18 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.
84	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Gungapershadpore and Pucharluckeepore.	36	North	10 0 0	3 1 9	0 2 23	Occupied by spurs for protection of bridge.	Commences at the end of mile 35, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 36.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 86. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
85	ditto	...	ditto	36	South	10 0 0	3 1 9	0 2 22	ditto	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 87. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
86	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Pucharluckeepore and Howanipore.	36	North	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 36, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 84.
87	ditto	...	ditto	36	South	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 85.
88	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Gungapershadpore and Luckhore, Curnoorpore, and Benpurpore.	36B	North	11 4 14	3 2 35	.....	.....	Commences at 35 miles and 20 chains, and terminates at the river Ganges.	North—By river tanges. South—By class A land of railway. East—By zemindary land. West—By public road.
89	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Bhoadpore, Monzaha Bhoadpore and Bhoadpore.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 37.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Bhoadpore station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGGAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. E. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. P.		
90	Fureedpore	Pergunnahs Nasibehye and Phoolotee, Mouzaha Bhowneepore and Benodepore.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,350 feet of mile 37.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Rajbarce station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.
91	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibehye and Phoolotee, Mouzaha Bhowneepore and Rajbarce.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 2,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajbarce station land. West—By zemindary land.
92	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibehye and Phoolotee, Mouzaha Bhowneepore and Sujunkandee.	37	South	9 11 11	3 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
93	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibehye and Phoolotee, Mouzaha Sujun Kande.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24	.....	.....	Commences on 3,680 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By Rajbarce station land.
94	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibehye and Phoolotee, Mouzaha Sujun Kande and Bindpore.	37	North	10 4 4	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 37, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbarce station land.
95	ditto	ditto	37	South	4 11 4	1 2 1	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbarce station land.
96	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzaha Bindpore and Ranchunderpore.	38	North	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 37, as per plan, and terminates on 2,340 feet of mile 38.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
97	ditto	ditto	38	South	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
98	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzaha Ranchunderpore and Kausal-dekandee.	38	North	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	Commences on 2,865 feet of mile 38, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
99	ditto	ditto	38	South	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
100	ditto	Pergunnahs Phoolotee and Kasimnager, Mouzaha Kausal-dekandee and Agmarce.	39	North	9 5 4	3 0 10	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 38, as per plan, and terminates on 3,510 feet of mile 39.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 102. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.

101	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	9	8	4	3	0	18	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By western boundary of lot 103. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.
102	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Phoolotee and Kasimnugger, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	39	North	...	0	6	13	2	0	15	...	Commences on 3,510 feet of mile 39, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.
103	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	6	4	3	2	0	9	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 101.
104	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	40	North	...	12	7	4	4	0	14	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 3,370 feet of mile 40.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.
105	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	3	11	2	1	0	29	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 1,075 feet of mile 40.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.
106	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	8	2	2	2	2	29	...	Commences on 1,445 feet of mile 40 and terminates on 3,370 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By nullah. West—By seminary land.
107	Fureedpore	...	Pergunnahs Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia and Oorakandee.	...	40	North	Occupied by road	7	10	8	2	1	38	...	Commences on 3,425 feet of mile 40, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.
108	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	Ditto Occupied by nullah	7	10	8	2	1	38	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.
109	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Oorakandee.	...	41	North	...	13	0	8	4	1	20	...	Commences at the end of mile 40, as per plan, and terminates on 3,980 feet of mile 41.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.
110	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	13	2	8	4	1	14	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.
111	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Nuns-ek and Foorakandee.	...	41	North	...	4	3	14	1	1	22	...	Commences on 3,945 feet of mile 41, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By seminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
112	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	4	5	14	1	1	27	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By seminary land. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEEGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	B. C. C.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
113	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Tooranttoo and Kamardanga.	43	North	8 10 14	2 3 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 41, as per plan, and terminates on 2,650 feet of mile 42.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
114	ditto	ditto	43	South	8 10 14	2 3 13	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
115	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Kamardanga.	43	North	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,680 feet of mile 42, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
116	ditto	ditto	42	South	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
117	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapoor, Mouzahs Kamardanga and Pooroolab.	43	North	6 2 15	3 0 5	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 42, as per plan, and terminates on 3,250 feet of mile 43.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
118	ditto	ditto	43	South	5 6 7	1 3 2	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
119	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapoor, Mouzahs Burroingah, Acopallundo and Burroobilla.	43	North	6 11 11	1 2 2	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,480 feet of mile 43, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
120	ditto	ditto	43	South	4 4 13	1 1 25	Occupied by nullah	.....	0 1 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
121	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapoor, Mouzahs Burroobilla Koushabaut and Jypoor.	41	North	7 4 2	2 1 21	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 3,130 feet of mile 44.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By new terminal station. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.
122	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapoor, Mouzahs Burroobilla and Koushabaut.	41	South	1 1 6	0 1 17	Retained under sanction of Government.	Retained for station purpose, but not formally applied for by Co.	1 1 4 3 1 9 4 2 13	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 360 feet of mile 44.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By permanent land of railway. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.

CALCUTTA, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 9th March 1876.

W. HEYSHAM, Railway Deputy Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Mymensingh will be put to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Saturday, the 15th April 1876, corresponding with 4th Bysack 1283, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th January 1876.

No. in Towji.	Names of mehal and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue of estates.	Amount of arrear for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
FIRST CLASS MEHALS SETTLED IN PERPETUITY.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
26	Zemindary pergunnah Barbazoo, Hissas 3 annas 16 gundahs share out of 7 annas.	Beban Bibi and others	5,348 13 0	1,408 10 0	
137	Two annas share of pergunnah Shoshung.	Ram Nauth Sing and others	1,098 4 0	219 9 0	
1761-53	Talook Rupachundra Gurba Mojomondar, pergunnah Hoshenshye.	Ram Mohun Mojomondar and others.	627 5 0	48 7 0	
1764-274	Ditto ditto ditto	Ram Krishna Surma	627 5 0	39 2 0	
2129-165	Talook Krishna Ram Dutt and others, Tuppah Hazraty.	Gouri Sunker Dutt and others	1,605 5 0	30 13 0	
SECOND CLASS MEHALS TEMPORARILY SETTLED.					
4965	Resumed estate chur Jaikhana, pergunnah Alapung.	Hara Sundary Debea Choudrine and others.	2,474 0 0	618 0 0	Settled for 55 years, from 1st Bysack 1281 B.S., corresponding with April 1874, to Cheyt 1313, or April 1907.
5065	Resumed Mehal Reel Sulungi, pergunnah Mymensingh.	Rhoba Sundary Debea Choudrine and others.	554 0 0	138 0 0	
5123	Resumed Mehal Basar Alai, pergunnah Sherepore.	Gobinda Kumar Choudry Road Fund	577 0 0 5 12 0	2 12 0	

J. PRATT, *Contd. Dy. Collector, for Offg. Collector.*

MYMENSINGH COLLECTORATE, the 9th March 1876.

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipt from Local Traffic.

	FOOT PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES, &c.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
For the week ending 30th March 1876	426 6 9	374 8 6	453 7 9	365 9 0	1,619 0 0	
For 12 weeks ending 23rd March 1876	5,031 12 0	4,509 3 3	5,704 13 9	4,818 3 3	20,064 0 3	
Total	5,458 2 9	4,883 11 9	6,157 5 8	5,183 12 3	21,663 0 3	

By order of the Commissioners,

CALCUTTA, the 3rd April 1876.

(683—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th March 1876.

LIABILITIES.		Rs. A. P.	ASSETS.		Rs. A. P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up	...	2,20,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	...	1,66,42,948 7 0
Reserve Fund	...	19,00,085 13 1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	65,86,435 10 5
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	Rs. 1,60,91,223 1 10	3,81,31,332 15 10	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	49,41,376 11 2
General Treasury Balance at Branches	2,20,40,104 14 0		Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	...	1,93,59,685 15 10
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,81,91,508 15 9	Dead Stock	...	10,67,477 4 6
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	4,88,785 3 8	Stamps	...	12,542 15 9
Sundries	...	6,82,463 10 5	Balances with other banks	...	7,81,655 11 4
			Sundries	...	1,47,987 5 10
			Bullion	...	20,074 13 1
					4,85,61,384 14 6
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Rs. 1,33,32,164 3 3	3,21,42,854 12 1
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	1,58,10,690 8 10	
Total	...	8,27,04,230 10 7	Total	...	8,17,42,230 10 7

By order of the Directors.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 30th March 1876.

J. GORDON, *Chief Acct. & Dy. Secy.*
(674—1)

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSOLVENT ESTATES.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 31st JANUARY 1876.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.		Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.		Probable outturn of the dependencies.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.		
Alexander and Co.	2,91,057	0 5	2,32,306	0 2	48,898	13 8	9,882	2 7	9,076	8 9	805	9 10	0 0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Adam, Scott and Co.	1,29,985	15 8	1,04,491	12 0	22,841	15 11	2,652	3 9	0 0	0	352	9 8	2,299	10 1	Ditto	
Anderson and Co., William	2,558	6 6	0 0	0 0	1,843	13 10	714	8 8	0 0	0	273	1 8	441	7 0	Ditto	
Asiatic Marine Insurance Office	8,38,685	0 0	6,75,833	5 7	1,38,343	3 0	24,528	7 5	15,789	8 0	8,738	15 5	21,173	15 5	Ditto	
Anund Chunder Bannerjee	2,386	10 0	0 0	0 0	1,545	12 8	840	13 4	0 0	0	840	13 4	0 0	0	Ditto	
Arnold and Co. (Aga Mahomed Hossen Sheerazee and T. S. M. Brewer)	6,640	12 1	0 0	0 0	3,363	0 6	3,337	11 7	0 0	0	3,337	11 7	0 0	0	Ditto	
Anstruther and Co.	7,542	7 5	2,557	5 0	2,976	7 6	2,008	10 11	0 0	0	2,008	10 11	0 0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Abendroth, J. C. R. (Durrachmidt, Grob and Co.)	1,919	10 7	0 0	0 0	200	10 0	1,629	0 7	0 0	0	1,629	0 7	0 0	0	Ditto	
Abendroth, J. C. R.	9,377	4 4	861	0 0	1,017	5 3	7,498	15 1	0 0	0	7,498	15 1	0 0	0	Ditto	
Balfour and Co.	5,60,726	13 6	3,04,076	13 9	2,55,076	9 7	1,573	6 2	839	9 3	733	12 11	0 0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Boyd and Co.	30,284	6 1	10,726	1 0	13,343	9 9	6,214	11 4	3,835	8 2	2,379	3 2	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bruce, Shand and Co.	8,66,502	5 5	1,96,777	1 0	3,32,316	3 0	7,409	1 5	7,339	11 1	69	6 4	0 0	0	Ditto	
Brunet, Saliz, and Latapie	15,235	0 0	7,111	12 3	5,431	6 7	2,391	13 2	2,094	13 2	297	0 0	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bischoff, Beer and Co.	2,640	5 8	0 0	0 0	2,056	3 5	584	2 3	0 0	0	584	2 3	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bodry, John (1st)	1,689	0 8	0 0	0 0	474	0 0	1,215	0 8	0 0	0	1,215	0 8	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bagot, W. N.	4,149	4 9	0 0	0 0	3,439	4 0	710	0 9	0 0	0	710	0 9	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bluet, James	873	0 0	0 0	0 0	164	14 1	708	1 11	650	1 10	58	0 1	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bhoobun Mohun Mitter	4,000	0 0	0 0	0 0	2,163	7 9	1,836	8 3	1,794	12 6	41	11 9	0 0	0	Ditto	
Baboolall Shaw and others	1,24,601	4 8	71,673	2 4	26,162	2 11	36,765	12 5	5,143	14 8	31,621	13 9	0 0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Bodry, John (3rd)	4,396	5 9	689	12 4	2,295	13 4	1,410	12 7	147	4 10	1,263	7 3	0 0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Buldeo Doss	3,522	12 0	0 0	0 0	708	5 0	2,814	7 0	2,607	7 0	207	0 0	0 0	0	Ditto	
Bhore Mull Goundka	14,206	11 6	0 0	0 0	850	2 0	13,356	9 6	0 0	0	13,356	9 6	0 0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Brindabun Chunder Newgy and Nundollal Newgy	3,565	4 0	0 0	0 0	626	0 6	2,939	3 6	0 0	0	2,939	3 6	0 0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	

	2,438 16 9	1,632 2 9	1,275 12 5	465 10 3	697 9 1	537 3 0	160 6 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Bartlett, E.											Schedule not filed as yet.	
Bespineharry Dutt												
Colvin and Co.	1,80,854 14 10	97,691 6 11	1,30,838 13 6	30,394 1 1	19,622 0 3	11,444 9 9	8,177 6 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Cruttenden, Mackillop and Co.	2,11,438 1 2	1,12,443 15 6	67,887 11 5	19,963 2 4	5,291 6 10	4,827 11 3	4,827 11 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Canter and Co.	17,19,492 3 7	3,86,102 12 10	13,26,584 4 11	67,887 11 5	1,106 6 3	1,018 13 4	57 8 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Cockerell and Co.	9,025 4 10	2,535 0 0	3,511 6 2	3,511 6 2	2,978 14 8	0 0 0	2,978 14 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Colville, Gilmore and Co.												
Canyloll Burreaul and Kissen	15,491 5 11	3,057 5 0	2,347 1 9	2,347 1 9	10,086 15 2	8,276 8 3	1,810 6 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Mohun Burreaul	5,409 11 9	2,654 1 0	2,070 5 3	2,070 5 3	685 5 6	0 0 0	685 5 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Crompton, G. T.	16,504 11 6	5,673 4 3	10,258 7 5	10,258 7 5	672 15 10	618 13 4	54 2 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Currie, J. A. (2nd)	1,184 0 0	435 11 11	173 4 11	173 4 11	574 15 2	491 13 1	83 2 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Conyers, E. Z.	28,417 4 9	22,121 13 1	5,697 0 10	5,697 0 10	698 6 10	510 11 2	87 11 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Cameron, John (2nd)	9,623 9 3	5,676 2 8	2,212 5 4	2,212 5 4	1,735 1 3	1,523 9 7	211 7 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Connyram and Choonceloll	4,94,759 15 11	3,66,649 1 5	94,837 12 1	94,837 12 1	33,273 2 5	15,738 7 5	17,534 11 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Charles Nephew & Co.												
Castello, M. O.	3,201 7 9	2,227 5 6	226 4 0	226 4 0	747 14 3	112 10 6	635 3 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Child, W. C.	22,025 3 4	13,130 0 8	4,653 9 7	4,653 9 7	4,241 9 1	3,687 13 10	553 9 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Carr, Robert	11,319 3 8	9,403 14 2	911 6 7	911 6 7	1,033 14 11	592 12 6	441 2 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dickson, William	1,543 0 2	999 2 3	185 2 0	185 2 0	658 11 11	0 0 0	658 11 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Dawes, W. T.	1,907 0 9	0 0 0	223 15 11	223 15 11	1,683 0 10	1,630 15 2	52 1 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dore, J. M.	12,691 0 0	10,130 1 6	2,173 2 8	2,173 2 8	687 11 10	44 4 9	643 7 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dorrett Brothers	2,164 9 6	0 0 0	1,465 2 10	1,465 2 10	759 6 8	694 8 0	64 14 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
DeSilva, John Emanuel	13,643 11 3	11,131 11 5	851 8 9	851 8 9	1,690 7 1	1,316 7 2	313 15 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
DeSouza, John	1,534 0 3	0 0 0	805 9 0	805 9 0	3,148 5 4	2,815 3 0	528 7 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dumat, Alfred	6,224 3 6	1,051 12 9	2,024 3 5	2,024 3 5	639 16 8	0 0 0	333 2 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Durrant, Edward	3,223 1 6	1,719 5 4	833 12 6	833 12 6	971 2 10	787 0 0	639 15 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dennison, G. R.	29,546 0 0	26,967 6 10	1,607 6 4	1,607 6 4	1,383 6 4	164 7 8	184 2 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
DeBrunner, Jules	65,912 4 7	57,434 3 2	7,094 11 1	7,094 11 1	1,582 3 9	915 6 0	1,218 14 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Duff, David	2,137 12 9	126 15 5	428 9 7	428 9 7	714 7 6	0 0 0	696 13 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dinnonath Paul	834 4 3	0 0 0	119 12 9	119 12 9	1,188 6 0	1,070 11 0	714 7 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Dwarkanath Mitter	5,938 12 0	108 8 7	4,641 13 5	4,641 13 5	3,206 11 5	3,048 5 8	117 11 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Dinnonath Day	11,909 6 0	6,387 4 3	2,315 6 4	2,315 6 4	3,003 10 0	2,256 13 0	158 5 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Deas Brothers	5,064 4 6	203 15 6	1,856 11 0	1,856 11 0	2,763 5 2	0 0 0	3,003 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Damoodur Das	4,018 15 9	619 1 8	636 8 11	636 8 11	9,542 3 7	9,516 3 7	506 8 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Ewing, Aird, and Anderson	3,11,186 10 2	59,611 6 10	2,12,032 15 9	2,12,032 15 9	612 13 11	615 1 5	26 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Edwards, C. L.	815 0 0	0 0 0	202 2 1	202 2 1	2,541 3 1	2,218 0 3	97 12 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Ellias, M. B.	7,233 3 6	3,428 10 7	1,263 5 10	1,263 5 10	533 7 3	0 0 0	323 2 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto	ditto.
Eagleton and Co.	643 7 3	0 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0			533 7 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0		

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Ferguson and Co.	1,91,900 11 9	1,47,403 14 9	32,290 2 7	12,206 10 5	3,200 0 0	9,006 10 5	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Ferguson Brothers and Co.	1,47,614 13 0	68,637 12 4	75,113 15 2	3,863 1 6	3,761 0 8	102 0 10	0 0 0	Ditto
Foster, Rogers and Co.	6,323 3 10	857 3 7	2,294 7 11	3,171 8 4	2,542 11 8	628 12 8	0 0 0	Ditto
Fabian, E. D.	775 8 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	775 8 6	0 0 0	775 8 6	0 0 0	Ditto
Fraser, W. T.	1,624 13 1	112 0 0	603 2 7	909 10 6	864 0 0	45 10 6	0 0 0	Ditto
Ferris, G. P.	2,650 0 0	54 15 6	813 2 3	1,781 14 3	1,304 9 6	477 4 9	0 0 0	Ditto
Fanshawe, R. F.	876 0 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	876 0 10	0 0 0	876 0 10	0 0 0	Ditto
Fornaro C. (Fornaro and Huni)	27,287 11 9	16,030 1 9	9,000 11 7	2,256 14 5	1,804 11 11	452 2 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Foolchund Soorjummull (Buldeo Das, Foolchund)	6,316 11 0	0 0 0	101 3 0	6,215 8 0	0 0 0	6,215 8 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Gilmore and Co.	46,760 3 0	23,186 11 8	19,709 15 11	3,863 7 5	0 0 0	1,225 9 9	2,637 13 8	Nothing further recoverable.
Griffiths, Gurtia and Co.	49,455 13 8	23,262 15 3	19,201 1 0	6,991 13 5	6,991 13 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Gordon, Stuart and Co.	78,183 10 4	36,478 0 3	35,196 13 0	6,510 13 1	2,666 6 8	3,844 6 5	0 0 0	Ditto
Goberdhone Mullick	2,880 14 9	1,296 3 2	912 11 0	672 0 7	0 0 0	672 0 7	0 0 0	Ditto
Gibson & Co.	765 10 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	765 10 9	0 0 0	765 10 9	0 0 0	Ditto
Greedhur Mullick	1,111 3 8	9 10 0	505 7 0	596 2 8	563 3 8	32 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Gooroo Churn Sen	1,09,756 8 1	84,146 1 8	25,005 7 7	604 14 10	207 14 6	397 0 4	0 0 0	Ditto
Gubboy, A. J.	9,055 7 0	5,179 12 11	1,966 5 11	1,909 4 2	350 0 0	1,549 4 2	0 0 0	Ditto
Gordon, G. J.	570 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	570 0 0	0 0 0	570 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Gocoldas Soonderjee	18,266 14 1	11,533 9 3	5,760 12 11	972 7 11	972 7 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Golabchund Hemchund	1,506 2 0	0 0 0	120 9 0	1,385 9 0	0 0 0	1,385 9 0	0 0 0	Schedule not filed as yet.
Golum Hossein Virgee	1,26,756 14 4	40,928 6 8	85,314 2 4	514 5 4	318 1 0	196 4 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Grant and Sons, G.	6,904 8 5	3,326 15 7	2,011 4 10	566 4 0	0 0 0	566 4 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Ghaseeram	35,461 7 5	6,030 3 5	21,628 10 11	7,802 9 1	472 15 4	7,329 9 9	0 0 0	Ditto
Ghose and Co., R. G.	26,848 9 2	17,918 2 4	7,754 14 8	1,175 8 2	536 2 0	639 6 2	0 0 0	Ditto
Gregory, M.	17,166 7 6	12,057 9 10	4,104 2 1	1,004 11 7	290 6 3	714 5 4	0 0 0	Ditto
Gasper, N. M.	6,982 5 3	3,394 1 11	630 15 0	8,057 4 4	1,257 15 10	1,799 4 6	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Gubboy, E. S.	33,575 7 3	29,376 15 4	3,449 3 4	749 4 7	592 1 2	157 3 5	0 0 0	Ditto
Gilmour, J. A. G.	512 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	512 8 0	0 0 0	512 8 0	0 0 0	Ditto
Gobind Dass Mullick	1,700 8 3	504 0 6	669 5 3	627 2 6	485 0 11	42 1 7	0 0 0	Ditto
Gopeensath Chundun Mull	1,899 5 9	0 0 0	305 9 0	1,593 12 9	0 0 0	593 12 9	0 0 0	Schedule not filed as yet.
Gobin Chund Koby	2,315 13 6	0 0 0	311 6 1	2,004 7 5	0 0 0	2,004 7 5	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Grees Chunder Mozoomdar	2,022 10 4	0 0 0	374 11 0	1,647 15 4	0 0 0	1,647 15 4	0 0 0	Ditto

	2,651	12	6	0	0	0	1,936	8	3	715	4	3	0	0	0	265	8	4	449	11	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Hurry, W. C.	25,170	12	11	6,933	13	9	17,650	8	0	596	7	2	356	3	4	230	3	10	0	0	0	Ditto
Hoffmann and Co.	2,43,857	5	7	33,776	11	7	2,04,100	10	6	5,889	15	6	5,392	10	6	497	5	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Hughesdon Brothers	2,225	11	3	512	4	3	461	2	1	1,232	4	11	1,080	0	5	172	4	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Hudson, Nathaniel	1,047	8	9	0	0	0	309	6	10	738	1	11	616	4	9	121	13	2	0	0	0	Ditto
Hullodbur Day	1,316	8	6	0	0	0	616	1	10	730	6	8	0	0	0	730	6	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Hoppe, William	1,320	4	7	0	0	0	217	12	10	1,102	7	9	0	0	0	1,102	7	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Hufnagle and Co., Charles	1,050	14	3	0	0	0	61	0	0	631	14	3	0	0	0	691	14	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Heeralall Hunnoomantoram	3,396	12	7	374	9	0	2,385	3	1	830	12	0	596	15	0	830	12	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Hollway, William (2nd), Milliner	741	6	8	0	0	0	232	0	0	637	0	6	0	0	0	40	1	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Hughes, J. G. William	1,001	5	6	0	0	0	344	0	0	509	6	8	0	0	0	509	6	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Honigberger, Honigberger	1,859	15	11	989	3	8	153	5	9	712	6	6	671	8	10	40	13	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Hervey, Andrew (1st)	536	15	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	536	15	6	0	0	0	536	15	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Hickie, William	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Hurjeebun Doss	19,695	15	1	6,858	3	1	6,171	6	6	6,666	5	6	3,376	15	0	3,289	6	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Heeralall																						Outstandings in course of recovery.
Hanlon, E.	2,063	9	0	0	0	0	1,019	11	6	1,049	13	6	0	0	0	1,049	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Howard Brothers	10,063	15	10	3,909	15	6	3,315	3	1	2,839	13	3	1,906	5	5	933	7	10	0	0	0	Ditto
Hodge, G. A. (3rd)	840	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	765	0	0	0	0	0	765	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Harran Chfnder Chuckerbutty	5,000	0	0	3,098	0	10	705	2	2	1,106	13	0	1,103	7	0	93	6	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Hill, James (Barham, Hill and Co.)	30,576	6	2	12,724	2	5	9,995	0	1	8,157	3	8	2,179	10	1	5,977	9	7	0	0	0	Ditto
Hurry Narain Khattri	9,808	12	6	431	14	8	927	12	2	8,449	1	8	3,646	3	11	4,802	13	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Huchting and Co., R. H.	4,130	9	3	0	0	0	1,538	4	0	2,592	5	3	0	0	0	2,592	5	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Janssen and Co., J.	20,002	10	9	65	15	3	15,572	5	0	4,014	6	6	3,820	1	3	224	5	3	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Jeelunkiesen Bose	924	14	0	0	0	0	103	10	0	821	4	0	0	0	0	821	4	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Juggeshur Laha	34,389	4	1	16,563	4	10	15,519	2	4	2,845	12	11	1,969	5	5	316	7	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Jadub Chunder Seal	2,091	6	7	0	0	0	751	3	0	1,340	3	7	0	0	0	1,340	3	7	0	0	0	Ditto
Jordoh, J. S.	5,376	8	0	3,537	15	6	917	3	9	921	4	9	0	0	0	921	4	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Jugenpersaud	960	8	9	0	0	0	223	9	0	736	15	9	0	0	0	736	15	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Jacob, Charles	933	8	0	0	0	0	367	14	9	565	0	3	0	0	0	565	9	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Judah, S. E.	2,186	15	0	0	0	0	1,392	15	0	794	0	0	0	0	0	794	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Jadub Chunder Nundy	6,143	7	9	0	0	0	251	0	0	5,892	7	9	0	0	0	5,892	7	9	0	0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.
Johuriall Mookem	1,656	0	0	0	0	0	150	0	0	1,506	0	0	0	0	0	1,506	0	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Kemp, H. C. (T. Hyde Gardiner and Co.)	33,765	12	9	27,374	0	2	5,817	5	1	674	7	6	135	0	4	489	7	2	0	0	0	Ditto
Kelly, W. S.	1,603	5	3	0	0	0	615	6	2	987	15	1	0	0	0	987	15	1	0	0	0	Ditto
Kherjee, Jagdish Hurrydas Natha	1,251	10	4	534	15	1	204	4	6	612	6	9	441	10	2	100	12	7	0	0	0	Ditto
Kemp, H. C.	2,469	15	10	168	12	6	436	2	5	1,865	0	11	1,600	0	0	265	0	11	0	0	0	Ditto
Kunoolall Banyam and Choteelall	1,160	13	11	108	1	5	177	2	5	875	10	1	767	0	0	108	10	1	0	0	0	Ditto
Kullooram Ramsook	2,433	13	6	0	0	0	425	0	0	2,008	13	6	0	0	0	2,008	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.		Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Kallydas Dutt	16,849 0 0	10,020 13 8	5,225 11 11	1,602 6 5	1,072 8 4	529 14 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Khan Mahomed Dhurramsee	55,247 0 1	29,778 10 10	10,822 5 4	14,646 8 11	723 7 0	13,923 1 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kaisaree Chund Isreechund	3,285 5 4	2,222 15 6	149 8 9	912 13 1	395 11 1	517 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kisorey Mohun Chauder	3,300 0 0	0 0 0	47 4 0	3,252 12 0	0 0 0	3,232 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kis: Jas Day	983 0 0	0 0 0	448 1 0	534 15 0	0 0 0	534 15 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kisoreymohun Ruckitt	9,405 15 3	4,909 13 6	3,542 1 5	954 0 4	229 12 11	724 3 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kally Dass Dass and others	12,723 0 3	0 0 0	6,223 7 11	6,494 8 4	0 0 0	6,494 8 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Kesuball Mullick	2,283 15 3	308 8 6	1,148 15 1	768 7 8	519 8 3	246 15 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kennedy, John	600 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	600 0 0	0 0 0	600 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Khetter Mohun Sen and another	1,442 12 1	0 0 0	272 15 6	1,169 12 7	0 0 0	1,169 12 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lyall, Matheson and Co.	3,68,483 0 6	2,81,618 14 7	84,761 13 2	2,022 4 9	0 0 0	2,022 4 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Larperit, Saunders and Co.	79,618 2 8	42,900 8 0	22,815 7 6	13,902 9 6	12,631 12 0	1,270 13 6	7,052 14 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Langlois and Co.	33,708 2 8	1,620 6 4	23,552 8 7	8,493 3 9	8,170 3 9	325 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
LeTourneur, Labadie and Co.	7,483 10 3	884 4 10	5,399 14 8	1,199 6 9	0 0 0	1,199 6 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Latapie, E. D. (1st)	3,982 6 2	0 0 0	3,011 4 3	971 1 11	0 0 0	971 1 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lake, Hamill and Co.	6,527 12 4	58,14 0 0	2,313 0 4	4,125 14 0	3,781 1 10	344 12 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Leighton, Henry J.	1,480 0 0	56 13 9	136 11 2	1,286 7 1	1,205 14 4	80 8 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Landemagn, J. V.	1,008 10 1	231 8 3	192 4 0	585 2 10	0 0 0	585 2 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Ledlie, A. H. (2nd)	1,654 8 7	0 0 0	602 2 6	1,052 6 1	0 0 0	1,052 6 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lackarsteen and Co., C. R.	13,673 12 11	9,175 7 9	2,045 7 2	2,452 14 0	2,342 8 3	110 5 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lindsay, D. B.	1,430 3 0	0 0 0	557 4 0	872 15 0	0 0 0	872 15 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Limond, Campbell	12,578 1 10	11,077 14 5	850 12 11	649 6 6	0 0 0	649 6 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lindstedt, Edwards	1,114 12 9	0 0 0	582 4 0	532 8 9	0 0 0	532 8 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Luckeynarin Khetry	1,726 9 9	0 0 0	477 8 0	1,249 1 9	0 0 0	1,249 1 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Langlois, J. P.	1,448 12 0	0 0 0	532 0 0	916 12 0	0 0 0	916 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Low, Isabella Sarah	1,454 12 1	0 0 0	781 12 9	672 15 4	0 0 0	672 15 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lindeman, F. P.	2,491 2 0	349 3 7	1,184 6 0	957 8 5	652 6 0	305 2 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lokenath Shaw	8,323 8 6	5,066 1 8	2,359 1 7	893 5 3	0 0 0	595 5 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Latapie and Co., E. D.	2,419 10 6	234 7 10	457 0 0	1,697 12 8	1,609 11 0	88 1 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Luckeynarin Pyne	1,101 1 6	5 0 1	426 2 4	609 15 1	597 11 5	72 3 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lindley, John (Gill & Co)	6,618 3 0	0 0 0	466 4 3	6,151 14 9	0 0 0	6,151 14 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Lindley, John	1,862 10 9	0 0 0	856 10 0	1,026 0 9	0 0 0	1,026 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lisjeebhoy Dhanjeebhoy	4,720 8 4	0 0 0	717 11 3	4,002 13 1	0 0 0	4,002 13 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.			Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.		Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Norman Brothers	19,569 14 7	9,267 15 3	5,906 1 4	4,395 14 0	4,395 14 0	4,395 14 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Nobinkisto Ghose	2,450 0 0	0 0 0	209 0 0	2,151 0 0	2,151 0 0	2,151 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nilmoney Mookerjee	2,754 2 0	3 8 0	1,708 2 11	1,042 7 1	1,042 7 1	970 4 10	72 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nundelall Shaw and Anuntolall Shaw	1,950 0 0	0 0 0	249 6 6	1,700 9 6	1,700 9 6	0 0 0	1,700 9 6	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nobinkissen Law (Law and Co.)	881 13 7	0 0 0	363 15 6	517 14 1	517 14 1	0 0 0	517 14 1	0 0 0	Ditto.
Narain Sing and Co.	32,001 8 6	16,576 4 2	9,636 12 2	5,788 8 2	5,788 8 2	4,577 14 8	1,210 9 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Nundomull Bhimmull	12,242 15 2	9,492 7 2	2,031 2 1	719 5 11	719 5 11	690 7 7	28 14 4	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nolit Mohun Dass	94,480 2 9	and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 500.	16,091 9 4	78,388 9 5	78,388 9 5	0 0 0	78,388 9 5	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nittanund Dass	3,350 0 0	0 0 0	809 10 0	2,540 6 0	2,540 6 0	0 0 0	2,540 6 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Narain Dass	1,217 3 6	0 0 0	170 3 3	1,047 0 3	1,047 0 3	0 0 0	1,047 0 3	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nobin Chunder Paul and Co.	10,499 12 0	0 0 0	653 7 0	9,846 5 0	9,846 5 0	0 0 0	9,846 5 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Nursing Chunder Doss	1,438 12 0	0 0 0	4 15 2	1,433 12 10	1,433 12 10	0 0 0	1,433 12 10	0 0 0	Ditto.
Owen, Allhusen and Co.	29,862 14 9	0 0 0	25,800 15 11	4,061 14 10	4,061 14 10	3,958 12 0	103 2 10	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Oliva, L. R.	23,729 2 7	17,569 15 0	5,445 11 5	713 8 2	713 8 2	0 0 0	713 8 2	0 0 0	Ditto.
Ogle and Co., John	2,03,121 9 8	1,56,004 1 7	31,309 4 11	15,808 3 2	15,808 3 2	15,462 10 5	345 8 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Obhooy Churn Dutt	1,127 0 6	487 9 9	137 0 0	502 6 9	502 6 9	0 0 0	502 6 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Obhooy Churn Mullick and others	725 4 5	0 0 0	206 4 0	519 0 5	519 0 5	0 0 0	519 0 5	0 0 0	Ditto.
Obhovram Beedreerchund	1,910 9 0	0 0 0	372 14 6	1,537 10 6	1,537 10 6	0 0 0	1,537 10 6	0 0 0	Ditto.
Ord, W. K.	666 13 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	666 13 1	666 13 1	0 0 0	666 13 1	0 0 0	Ditto.
Ord, William (Murlock and Co.)	3,515 2 3	0 0 0	2,916 6 6	598 11 9	598 11 9	0 0 0	598 11 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Oochobanund Shaw	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Omrao Sing	2,590 2 11	1,380 3 9	391 9 2	818 6 0	818 6 0	818 6 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Palmer and Co.	5,68,976 7 7	3,99,662 2 5	1,67,330 12 10	1,983 8 4	1,983 8 4	0 0 0	1,983 8 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Palmer, John	7,707 7 11	4,111 5 4	949 12 2	2,646 6 5	2,646 6 5	2,045 0 2	601 6 3	0 0 0	Ditto.
Palmer, Thomas	1,473 0 0	0 0 0	887 4 9	585 11 3	585 11 3	0 0 0	585 11 3	0 0 0	Ditto.
Pew, P. L.	51,299 3 0	33,964 5 7	12,739 14 8	4,594 14 9	4,594 14 9	3,679 12 0	915 2 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Parry, John	4,996 8 11	1,597 6 10	1,504 13 0	1,894 5 1	1,894 5 1	823 13 11	1,070 7 2	0 0 0	Ditto.

Petre, Martin	1,201	0	0	278	1	9	113	4	5	809	9	10	689	4	11	120	4	11	Ditto	ditto.
Price, Henry	15,380	1	3	0	0	0	14,585	12	3	794	5	0	0	0	0	794	5	0	Ditto	ditto.
Pittar, W. J. (J. Cortfield & Co.)	5,778	10	0	4,211	2	5	1,045	10	6	521	13	1	103	8	4	418	4	9	Ditto	ditto.
Parke, Pittar	3,590	5	5	1,839	4	1	1,611	103	11	13,956	14	10	6,330	8	8	7,566	6	2	Ditto	ditto.
Posner, J.	7,075	8	6	2,028	4	9	2,855	15	6	2,191	4	3	0	0	0	2,191	4	3	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Pertab Chunder Roy & others	7,080	1	9	5,250	6	10	1,315	14	11	513	12	0	364	4	11	149	7	1	Ditto	ditto.
Payne & Co. (Bombay Firm)	8,925	0	0	0	0	0	899	8	4	7,125	7	8	0	0	0	7,125	7	8	Ditto	ditto.
Quillet, DeGaye and Co.	6,539	10	2	3,145	1	11	2,380	4	6	1,011	3	11	1,011	3	11	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Runtz, Rees and Co.	10,490	12	2	3,468	11	5	10,031	14	8	5,990	2	1	5,990	2	1	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Railey, G. F. (W. Newson & Co.)	11,476	7	5	7,397	1	11	3,586	10	7	944	1	7	944	1	7	78	9	4	Ditto	ditto.
Russell, C. D.	8,785	14	2	7,162	15	2	1,623	0	9	563	14	3	20	15	2	512	15	1	Ditto	ditto.
Rughoonath Bose	1,778	13	4	517	12	5	377	14	6	883	2	5	0	0	0	883	2	5	Ditto	ditto.
Rogew, Alexander	10,642	14	5	5,963	0	4	4,136	10	9	513	3	4	0	0	0	513	3	4	Ditto	ditto.
Rajkissore Dutt	1,451	9	11	0	0	0	662	0	11	3,789	9	0	0	0	0	2,065	11	9	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Rousac, A. G.	12,304	10	3	8,940	2	5	1,063	11	3	2,300	12	7	2,300	12	7	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Ramdhone Mitter	828	0	7	0	0	0	158	0	0	670	0	7	0	0	0	670	0	7	Ditto	ditto.
Rustonjee Cowasjee & Co.	9,414	4	5	934	13	0	5,919	9	2	2,559	14	3	2,393	0	8	166	13	7	Ditto	ditto.
Rustonjee Cowasjee	3,076	0	10	14	8	2	314	2	10	2,747	5	10	1,479	12	2	1,267	9	8	Ditto	ditto.
Ramsabuck Misar and two others	1,23,193	13	2	60,217	14	6	26,768	10	9	36,207	8	11	16,412	15	10	19,791	4	1	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Robinson, S. H.	1,129	10	9	0	0	0	132	0	0	997	10	9	0	0	0	997	10	9	Nothing further recoverable.	
Rannarin, Sreemany	2,164	4	6	0	0	0	1,513	9	9	650	10	9	0	0	0	650	10	9	Ditto	ditto.
Robinson, J. J. (Wallace and Co.)	3,652	8	8	0	0	0	1,976	1	0	1,076	7	8	0	0	0	1,076	7	8	Ditto	ditto.
Romanath Gossain	2,321	12	0	1,019	6	1	526	4	10	976	1	1	891	10	3	84	6	40	Ditto	ditto.
Roop Chand Dutt	3,619	0	6	1,095	5	5	1,351	10	11	571	15	8	0	0	0	571	15	8	Ditto	ditto.
Randolph, Henry Jobb	590	7	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	590	7	10	0	0	0	590	7	10	Ditto	ditto.
Rannath, Janakpersaud	5,296	4	9	0	0	0	2,792	3	0	2,504	1	9	0	0	0	2,504	1	9	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Robertson, C. A. (2nd)	1,700	0	0	0	0	0	707	8	6	992	7	6	0	0	0	992	7	6	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Russicklal Paul	702	5	3	0	0	0	23	11	6	678	9	9	0	0	0	678	9	9	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Faunders, May, Fordyce and Co.	4,02,938	12	2	3,21,706	9	10	68,900	10	11	12,331	7	5	11,999	6	7	332	0	10	Nothing further recoverable.	
Stewart and Co., W. C.	5,757	8	7	1,576	6	7	770	3	11	3,110	14	1	1,816	4	3	1,294	9	10	Ditto	ditto.
Senacs, W. DeM.	1,257	14	10	0	0	0	5	0	0	1,279	14	10	0	0	0	1,279	14	10	Ditto	ditto.
Smith, W. S.	3,620	13	5	2,635	15	6	471	0	8	513	13	3	471	11	1	42	2	0	Ditto	ditto.
Stoequeler, J. H.	7,135	0	0	0	0	0	5,425	3	1	1,712	12	11	0	0	0	1,712	12	11	Ditto	ditto.
Schlatter, Michael	20,294	11	10	13,948	6	9	2,325	5	7	4,021	2	6	1,388	14	4	2,632	4	2	Ditto	ditto.
Smouth, W. H.	1,856	7	0	0	0	0	218	9	3	1,637	13	9	0	0	0	1,196	6	9	Ditto	ditto.
Sheppard, G. A.	5,598	2	10	4,014	4	5	594	5	8	989	8	9	0	0	0	989	8	9	Ditto	ditto.
Sarkies and Co., P. J.	52,610	10	9	5,921	2	9	15,295	11	3	1,390	12	9	0	0	0	1,390	12	9	Ditto	ditto.
Sarkies, P. J.	10,227	7	7	5,821	6	7	3,013	13	5	1,389	3	7	0	0	0	1,389	3	7	Ditto	ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.						Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.			Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.				Rs.	A.	P.	
Scott, C. C. J.	7,723 13 9	4,659	10	11	2,002	0	10	1,062	2	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
nith, Haffnagle and Co.	25,894 3 6	13,828	7	4	10,798	4	10	1,267	7	4	0	0	0	ditto.
rabbis, W. V. G.	3,191 6 5	0	0	0	1,604	7	11	1,886	14	6	0	0	0	ditto.
ook, J. V.	775 10 0	0	0	0	158	0	0	617	10	0	0	0	0	ditto.
atherland, Thomas	1,108 11 1	0	0	0	410	0	0	698	11	1	0	0	0	ditto.
egopaul Misser	1,951 0 0	0	0	0	678	6	8	1,272	9	4	0	0	0	ditto.
blaman, Malidina	64,023 6 10	41,193	2	4	17,382	5	6	5,415	15	0	0	0	0	ditto.
ewart, W. M.	24,989 1 9	12,513	15	1	6,325	15	7	6,149	6	1	0	0	0	ditto.
anneeram and Sreeram	9,183 13 0	4,365	14	6	4,299	12	10	518	1	8	0	0	0	ditto.
reenath Mullick	17,782 7 7	13,192	8	3	3,293	4	1	1,296	11	3	0	0	0	ditto.
awnunden Paaray	32,283 9 9	17,155	13	7	7,297	4	6	7,800	7	8	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
nith, A. M.	2,800 10 7	35	0	0	768	11	2	1,996	15	5	0	0	0	ditto.
mbhoonath Doss	4,220 0 0	0	0	0	290	14	5	3,929	1	7	0	0	0	ditto.
ama Churn Doss and Sons.	5,353 0 3	0	0	0	661	4	0	4,691	12	3	0	0	0	ditto.
ib Chunder Seal	4,271 5 3	613	11	4	486	8	4	3,171	1	7	0	0	0	ditto.
blomon and Co., D.	6,329 1 7	0	0	0	426	12	0	5,502	5	7	0	0	0	ditto.
arkies, A. J.	2,534 6 6	0	0	0	248	7	9	2,255	14	9	0	0	0	ditto.
ulloah and Co. (1st)	1,20,873 10 9	68,596	14	0	50,626	7	9	1,650	5	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
ulloah and Co. (2nd)	19,207 10 6	7,964	9	2	9,587	1	3	1,656	0	1	0	0	0	ditto.
omas and Co.	4,52,832 8 3	3,69,204	6	5	49,683	15	1	13,914	2	9	0	0	0	ditto.
ower, Charles	2,177 9 0	240	0	0	72	0	0	1,865	9	0	0	0	0	ditto.
wentyman and Co.	660 11 11	0	0	0	152	2	1	508	9	10	0	0	0	ditto.
omas, John	740 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	740	0	0	0	0	0	ditto.
arachund Korumull and	22,970 1 11	6,210	6	9	14,187	12	0	2,571	15	2	0	0	0	ditto.
Dowlutchund	5,621 12 10	3,819	12	0	1,218	0	5	604	0	5	0	0	0	ditto.
eikins, A. H.	2,49,985 6 9	1,48,439	0	10	1,00,388	13	6	1,157	8	5	0	0	0	ditto.
urton, Sir T. E. M.	24,727 2 9	12,909	14	3	3,389	1	2	8,428	3	4	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
orluckanath Roy and Raichurn Roy	1,061 0 0	0	0	0	4	12	6	1,059	3	6	0	0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.
nscook Roy														

Vandenbergh, J. B. (1st)	6,540	10	9	3,014	3	6	2,737	15	6	755	7	9	209	0	0	549	7	9	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Vandenbergh, J. B. (2nd)	4,807	13	0	3,683	12	8	311	15	0	812	1	4	0	0	0	812	1	4	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Wills, F. F.	7,102	7	11	892	13	4	2,906	1	7	3,303	9	0	3,303	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Willis, Joseph	1,19,712	8	2	87,428	9	8	29,841	10	4	2,412	4	2	841	9	0	1,600	11	2	0	0	0	Ditto
Wood, Olliffe and Co.	3,276	6	10	0	0	0	1,427	4	6	1,849	2	4	0	0	0	1,849	2	4	0	0	0	Ditto
Wallace, Alexander and Co.	24,059	8	0	10,517	6	8	6,341	15	5	7,200	1	11	6,613	9	5	586	8	6	959	9	1	Ditto
Waring, E. S. S.	3,066	8	8	1,769	2	9	469	6	3	827	15	8	0	0	0	827	15	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Williams, Stephen	20,504	1	5	17,226	4	11	2,145	2	5	1,129	10	1	457	14	7	671	11	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Wilton, G. R.	1,559	15	1	539	8	1	216	10	11	812	12	1	729	2	8	83	9	5	0	0	0	Ditto
Watson and Co. and Gibbon and Co.	1,06,519	3	0	86,129	10	5	15,806	4	2	4,583	4	5	800	0	0	3,783	4	5	0	0	0	Ditto
Wood, H. W. I.	2,539	13	0	120	0	0	854	7	8	1,565	5	4	1,377	15	4	187	6	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Wilson, A.	920	3	6	0	0	0	16	0	0	904	3	6	0	0	0	904	3	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Wigham, William	967	3	6	0	0	0	32	0	0	935	3	6	0	0	0	935	3	6	0	0	0	Ditto
Walker, Archibald	827	13	0	0	0	0	40	11	9	787	1	3	0	0	0	787	1	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Webb, John	4,457	8	3	1,751	12	1	1,025	3	11	1,647	8	3	655	6	11	992	1	4	0	0	0	Ditto
Webb, H. C.	710	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	710	0	0	0	0	0	710	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto
Wilcox, H. C.	1,414	3	0	0	0	0	698	4	9	715	14	3	0	0	0	715	14	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Wood, D.																						Ditto
Woodin, W. (G. F. Hodgkinson and Co.)	25,411	5	4	0	0	0	22,444	3	9	2,967	1	7	2,571	13	11	395	3	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Woomeschunder Bauerjee (G. Delman and Co.)	14,553	2	9	2,100	6	5	1,893	4	7	10,859	7	9	5,559	8	6	5,299	15	3	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.

In addition to the above, there are 238 estates with balances under Rs. 500 each, aggregating Rs. 40,813-12-8, the particulars of which may be learnt at the Official Assignee's Office. The Official Assignee has received for remuneration for the last quarter rupees one thousand four hundred and eleven and ten annas only.

A. B. MILLER,
Official Assignee.

(680—1)

CALCUTTA,
The 1st February 1876.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount retransferred to India, and outstanding in the Banks of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st March 1876.

PARTICULARS.	34 per cent. loan of 1864-65.	4 PER CENT. LOANS				4½ PER CENT. LOANS				5 PER CENT. DEBENTURES FOR				Total amount.		
		of 1864-25.		of 1865-33.		of 1866-43.		of 1867-55.		of 1870.		of 1871.			of 1872.	
		1864-25.	1865-33.	1866-43.	1867-55.	1866-43.	1867-55.	1868-60.	1869-70.	1868-60.	1869-70.	1870-72.	1871-73.		1872-74.	
Balance of 16th March 1876	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,86,400	31,81,900	1,87,15,500	1,09,52,800	1,83,27,400	37,91,000	2,57,000	3,12,27,900	83,800	5,22,42,300	30,04,000	35,38,000	14,28,99,719
ADD—																
Amount enforced at Madras between 16th and 31st March 1876	..	..	..	..	..	17,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17,000
Amount enforced at Bombay between 16th and 31st March 1876	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,000	..	4,000	..	..	8,000
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 16th and 31st March 1876	..	..	..	..	2,000	60,400	5,500	38,000	4,800	..	19,900	..	2,18,700	..	..	2,28,600
DEDUCT—																
TOTAL	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,86,400	31,83,900	1,84,01,900	1,09,38,800	1,83,05,400	37,93,400	2,57,000	3,12,51,800	83,800	5,24,65,000	30,04,000	35,38,000	14,32,88,319
Amount written off in the London Registers	..	..	..	..	6,000	1,76,100	23,700	3,71,400	3,000	..	20,000	..	2,14,500	..	..	8,14,700
Balance on 31st March 1876	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,86,400	31,77,900	1,86,25,800	1,09,31,900	1,50,91,000	37,93,400	2,57,000	3,12,31,800	83,800	5,22,50,500	30,04,000	35,38,000	14,24,68,619

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Jan. 1874—Enforced from India 2,371 lakhs; retransferred from London 2,173 lakhs.

1st Feb. 1870 to 15th Feb. "	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
16th "	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1st Mar. "	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
16th " to 31st "	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	2288															
	2,200															
	2,300															

Balance against India ... 18 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAU;
Calcutta, the 3rd April 1876.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(687—1)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
Mar. 31	6 Fish Plates, M E	Order	S. S. "Ambassador."
April 1	15 Cases, A J and K T	Ditto	"City of Manchester."
" 1	2 Cases, 121 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	3 Packages, "Rangonea" in a block, B. B. & Co. top, Chittagong	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	7 Packages, B. B. & Co. top, Chittagong centre, J R W below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, C S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, 306 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	8 Cases, D in a diamond, G S outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	15 Cases, 74 in a diamond, E D J below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, G D A R in a diamond, W C S K outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, Stuart Gent	Addressed	Ditto.
" 1	7 Packages, H. V. & Co., E separated by a cross, Chittagong	Order	Ditto.
" 1	74 Bars Flat Iron, D D and N F	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	116 Gas Tubes, J C with G below	Jessop & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, L P J S in a diamond, W C S K outside	Order	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, M L with C below, in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, Honble Sir H. W. Norman	Care of Grindlay & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Keg, no mark	Order	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	12 Broken pieces of spelter, no mark, or P	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, Puttiah in a diamond, B. B. & Co. top, and Chittagong below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Vice, no mark, or T E in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	6 Packages, S. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, T. F. Thomson, E. I. Railway, Jamalpore	Addressed	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, J. Woodburn	Care of King, Hamilton & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Sample Parcel, S. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
" 1	4 Cases, O J M	Ditto	Ditto.

The 3rd April 1876.

(681—1)

D. Scott, *Offy. Vice-Chairman.*

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Case, "F M"	Tiverton.
12 Assorted Bars of Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Bundle Hoop Iron, no mark	Media.
1 Case, "S A R A C"	Ditto.
1 Parcel, "A G C" Graham & Co., 4077-4116	Queen Margaret.
75 Bars Assorted Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Case, H. J. Joakim	Ditto.
1 Bundle sand 3 Pieces Iron, no mark	Ireshope.
1 Plate Iron, M M	Ditto.
1 Case, H. C. R. & Co.	Ditto.
1 Plate Iron, O C C	Statesman.
9 Drums, and } (B N) 9-17 {	Duke of Devonshire.
1 Coil Wire,	
3 Cases, Provisions A.	Hankow.
1 Keg, E D 7	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	Ditto.
1 Casing, no mark	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark	Queen Anne.
1 Bar T Iron, J S	Ditto.
1 Column, H D M S L	Pleiades.
1 Bundle Fry-pans, no mark	City of Mecca.
1 Parcel, S. S. Ewing & Co.	Ditto.
2 Bars T Iron, S A	City of Poonah.
6 Bars of Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S. & Co.	Ditto.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
8 Bars of Iron, no mark	City of Oxford.
1 Case, K L	Ditto.
3 Bags Rivets, no mark	Ditto.
1 Carriage Pole, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanauth Dutt & Nephew	Ditto.
1 Bale, "L D" 828	Queen Victoria.
1 Case, T. S. & Co.	Duke of Sutherland.
1 Case, "X" 1767	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanauth Dutt & Nephew	Duke of Argyle.
1 Bag, H. C. Robertson	Yorkshire.
1 Case, Lieut. Ferrier, 14th Regiment, Calcutta	El Dorado.
4 Bars Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, (B) M (B S) B M (B) W B M (B C) (B S) Y 1895-301, &c.	Ditto.
1 Keg, no mark	Ditto.
1 Piece Cast Iron, no mark	Merkara.
4 Packages Weights, no mark	Ditto.
1 Bar Flat Iron, no mark	Roman Empire.
6 Bars Iron, no mark	City of Carthage.
1 Parcel, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Hurrish Chunder Bose, 40, Brindabun Bysack's Lane, Calcutta	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Richard Battersbay, Allahabad	City of Venice.
1 Parcel, S M K	Ditto.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
66 Bars Assorted Iron, no mark ...	British Nation.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Ditto.
3 Pieces Grindstone, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Keg, G. C. B. & Co., 296 ...	Ditto.
320 Broken Pieces Fire Bricks, Ram-say ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, [S T M] ...	Viceroy.
1 Parcel, [827] V B 1-5 ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, R D D ...	Ditto.
1 Cask and 2 Cases, D D ...	Almora.
1 Tub Steel, [L] F W L ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Rattan Basket, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case Acid, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Piece Redwood ...	Ditto.
2 Bundles Iron, no mark ...	Orion.
21 Pieces Fire Bars, no mark ...	City of Manchester.
1 Package, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Iron Pipe, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Iron Pillar, no mark ...	Ditto.
7 Fire Bars, no mark ...	Seagull.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 15th April 1876.

1 Case, [H & M I] C & B Calcutta, Scotia.	
1 Package, Captain W. O. A. Lockhart, Deputy Quarter-master-General, Simla, India, Arratoon Apcar.	
2 Cases, [307] C. & Co., 1-2 ...	Australia.
1 Case, B & M 245 ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Mr. J. Reading, Andrews' Hotel, Old Court House Street, Calcutta ...	Ditto.
1 parcel, Messrs. H. & R. Spicer, Alyne Tea Gardens, Luckeepore, Cachar, India ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle, no mark ...	Indus.
1 Portmanteau, W J B ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle, R & E ...	Ditto.
1 Trunk, L E B ...	Ditto.
10 Bales, [S K C] ...	Ditto.
1 Case, J G G 206 ...	Ditto.
5 Cases, [S] E K 418-53 ...	Ditto.
1 Package, M. A. Anthony, Penang, Hindostan.	

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 22nd April 1876.

T. B. LAKE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 1st April 1876.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
398	L 69—38210	100	Rajkissore Dey.
	L 69—22356	50	
401	L 69—58294	100	Cowasjee Pestonjee.
402	L 46—56563	20	Syama Kanta Roy.
405	L 67—43685	50	U. C. Mookerjee.
406	L 67—62527	50	Gungadhur Mookerjee.
407	L 68—79664	100	Mohendro Nath Ghose.
	L 69—14147	100	
	L 20—98094	5	
408	A 89—09005	500	The Chief Insp. of Post Offices, Oudh.
409	L 62—75486	10	The Offg. Post-Master-General, Bombay.
410	L 69—20810	100	Shetel Chunder Shaw.
	L 68—65312	100	
	L 68—03647	50	
	L 44—47711	10	
411	L 69—62740	100	Fuzyle Ellahce.

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
415	L 19—84750	50	Motes Lal Roy.
	" —84706	50	
	" —84006	50	
	" —84660	50	
	" —69864	50	
	L 49—51975	50	
	" —45943	50	
	L 66—00584	50	
	" —16730	50	
	" —16781	50	
	" —16779	50	
	L 67—02723	50	
	L 12—56598	20	
	L 14—13017	20	
	L 36—15205	20	
	L 14—92389	20	
	L 37—67827	20	
	L 45—22524	20	
	" —82615	20	
	L 47—78906	20	
	L 37—61356	20	
	L 14—75792	20	
	L 48—39722	20	
	" —55163	20	
	" —48041	20	
	L 33—44405	10	
	L 6—66637	10	
	L 5—93750	10	
	L 6—66638	10	
	L 60—34399	10	
	L 11—49037	5	
	" —49038	5	
	" —90037	5	
	" —24351	5	
	L 15—52573	5	
	" —52503	5	
	" —71950	5	
	L 20—29167	5	
	L 22—90316	5	
416	L 69—06943	100	D. W. Pratt.
	" —62382	100	
417	L 68—40048	100	Taruck Nath Roy.
	L 58—40822	10	
	L 73—26031	10	
	L 61—28361	10	
	L 60—64067	10	
	" —03632	10	
	L 61—22925	10	
	L 72—72722	10	
	L 62—47965	10	
	L 71—50334	10	
	L 72—48190	10	
	L 72—07829	10	
	L 73—26032	10	
	L 77—94355	20	
	" —19330	20	
	L 22—61420	5	
	L 23—94171	5	
419	A 87—94171	500	Bepin Behari Mookerjee.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
536	L 68—22639	100	Shah Ahmedoollah.
	L 77—00295	20	
	" —29679	20	
	" —40869	20	
	" —13442	20	
	" —13443	20	T. Hollaway.
	" —58202	20	
537	L 23—99268	5	
538	L 77—88573	20	Messrs. Mittra and Co.
539	L 62—95029	10	Koylas Chunder Paul.
	L 61—52122	10	Bogolanund Mookerjee.
540	A 72—70562	20	
541	L 34—96743	10	Sreenath Mookerjee.
	L 40—40546	10	
	L 45—22687	20	
	L 11—88030	5	
	L 16—83172	5	Ali Nukkee Khan.
542	L 11—31167	5	
	" to —31176	5	each 5

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

543	L 9-62607	5	D. E. Doonan.
	" -02066	5	
544	L 61-92255	10	Nilkantha Chackraverti.
545	L 60-09004	10	Prem Chund Nath.
546	L 69-30038	100	Chatoorbhoj Sahay.
547	L 62-09050	10	Surbassur Mitter.
	L 24-26039	5	
548	L 44-38190	10	Baney Madhub Ghose.
549	L 58-22887	10	Bishun Dyal.
550	L 58-59940	10	Rattee Ram Kutwall.
551	L 15-67377	5	W. W. J. Robson.
552	L 16-31549	5	Nirod Gopal Mittra.
	" -31547	5	
553	L 65-11284	20	Pandit Moharaj Kishan.
554	L 59-67363	50	Prakash Chunder Roy.
555	L 67-22864	50	Gopee Karmokar.
	" -21930	50	
556	L 61-51013	10	Anadi Churn Mookerjee.
557	L 11-04356	5	
	" -04358	5	
	" -04359	5	
	" -04360	5	
	" -04361	5	
	" -04362	5	Radhabinud Dey.
	" -04363	5	
	" -04365	5	
	" -04368	5	
	" -04369	5	
558	L 66-69488	50	
	L 65-91600	20	
	L 63-97931	20	
	L 71-24824	10	Situl Chundra Shaw.
	L 71-99171	10	
	" -24823	10	
	L 62-40506	10	
	L 43-28179	10	
560	L 3-28426	10	
	L 40-21200	5	Gordon Robb.
	L 9-74956	5	
561	L 67-35261	50	Mrs. Campbell.
	L 77-48574	20	
562	L 71-08981	10	Ram Chunder Banerjee.
	L 42-63172	10	
563	L 40-20242	10	Mahomed Enoss.
564	L 70-18480	1,000	
	" -12120	1,000	
	" -15298	1,000	Meer Abadi Hossain.
	" -15290	1,000	
	L 63-62118	20	
565	L 20-27151	5	Issen Chunder Mookerjee.
566	L 69-03545	100	T. C. Graham.
1	L 66-91399	50	Gopee Nath Pattack.
2	L 61-86442	10	B. C. Durnford.
3	L 70-18482	1,000	Meer Abadi Hossain.
4	L 67-30777	50	Toolee Ram.
246	A 9-71345	20	
	" -44826	20	
	L 65-78131	20	Brojo Nath Nundee.
	" -78132	20	
	A 97-35431	10	
	L 2-02931	10	
247	L 40-68628	10	
	" -68626	10	
	L 4-73047	10	
	L 35-08441	5	
	L 17-16833	5	
	" -16831	5	
	" -04105	5	Nahal Chunder Sing.
	" -04106	5	
	" -88816	5	
	" -88819	5	
	L 15-73507	5	
	" -72890	5	
247	L 11-84062	5	Nahal Chunder Sing.
	L 15-07462	5	
248	L 22-62220	5	Troylucko Nath Shaha.
	" -02226	5	
249	L 10-03035	5	A. Grant.
	L 20-79655	5	
250	L 64-77898	20	Syam Churn Chakravarti.
	" -77809	20	
251	L 65-44250	20	H. S. Lovell.
	" -44256	20	
252	L 23-32552	5	Shosi Sikur Roy.
	" -32522	5	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

253	L 1-47153	10	Komola Kanta Sen.
	L 2-44231	10	
254	A 67-89419	10	
	A 66-80745	10	Komul Chowdhuri.
	L 17-46098	5	
	L 10-11425	5	
255	L 44-25583	10	H. Fitzgerald.
	" -25584	10	
256	L 22-72359	5	Kader Nath Ghuttock.
	" -72360	5	
257	L 24-07568	5	Kally Prosad Mozoomdar.
	" -07569	5	
258	L 64-26140	20	Denonath Ghose.
	" -26148	20	
259	A 97-28691	10	P. Heyward.
	" -28695	10	
260	L 48-41240	20	Sarodaprosad Chatterjee.
	" -41241	20	
261	L 37-66360	20	Okhoy Churn Goopta.
	" -66352	20	
262	L 1-82395	10	James Hall.
	" -82396	10	
263	L 41-79616	10	Bissorup Halder.
	" -79612	10	
264	L 60-53500	50	Nanco Misser.
	" -53499	50	
265	L 11-54494	5	Goeljee Caria.
	" -54493	5	
266	L 57-37038	10	Naick Dookit Sing.
	" -37039	10	
267	L 65-54214	20	Dindoyai Mozoomdar.
	" -54215	20	
268	L 10-07138	5	Ateem Chinaman.
	" -07135	5	
1	L 21-70870	5	Nilmony Pattack.
	E 7-31171	5	
2	A 96-73227	10	Soorjo Kanto Roy.
	A 79-53125	10	

R. E. HAMILTON.

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.
PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 4th April 1876.

Wanted

A THOROUGHLY trained Accountant to fill the post of second clerk in the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Darjeeling. Salary Rs. 102 rising to Rs. 162. Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be sent to the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.

A. W. PAUL, Assistant Commissioner.

Wanted

A HEAD Clerk for the Office of the District and Sessions Judge of 24-Pergunnahs. Salary Rs. 70 per mensem.

None need apply who do not possess considerable experience of the duties of the office.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be sent to the undersigned before the 20th instant.

A. T. MACLEAN, District Judge.

24-PERGUNNAHS JUDGE'S OFFICE, the 4th April 1876.

Wanted

FOR the District Road Works of the Bhagulpore District

One Sub-Overseer at a monthly salary of Rs. 60, including travelling allowance.

Applications to be accompanied by a statement of the professional education the applicants have received, together with a brief history of their antecedents, and copies of testimonials showing their capabilities.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 20th April 1876.

V. TAYLOR, Magte. and Chairman.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. Henry Kinnaird York in our firm ceased on this date.
The 31st March 1876. (669-1) BIRD & Co.

Notice.

THE subscriber, Leslie Workc, ceases on 31st instant to be a partner of, or to have any interest in, our firm.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.
LESLIE WORKC.

CALCUTTA, the 30th March 1876. (675-1)

Notice.

CERTAIN effects belonging to the late F. Selby of Surdecch Factory are at the disposal of this Court, and will be delivered to his administrator, or to the party legally entitled to receive the same.

L. R. TOTTENHAM, *District Judge.*

COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE OF MIDNAPORE.

The 20th March 1876. (660-4)

NOTICE is hereby given that in conformity with Section XVII of the Charter Act IV of 1862, a meeting of the Proprietors of the Bank of Bengal will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 10th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., to elect a Director in the room of Mr. John Flemington, resigned.

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE, *Secy. and Treasurer.*

BANK OF BENGA, CALCUTTA.

The 1st April 1876. (679-1)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank of Bengal, General Treasury, and Public Debt Office will be closed as follows:—On Tuesday, the 11th instant, on account of the Chait Sankranti, and Good Friday, the 14th, and Saturday, the 15th, in conformity with Government Notification No. 3164 of 29th October 1867.

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE, *Secy. and Treasurer.*

BANK OF BENGA, CALCUTTA.

The 3rd April 1876. (682-1)

THE Government Promissory Note No. 635151, dated 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, of 4 per cent., originally standing in the name of Meecheerall Samunto, has been destroyed by white-ants.

(651-3)

LOST in transit by post between Jeetwarpoore (Tirhoot) and Calcutta. Interest warrant No. 049283 of 4th November 1875, for Rs. 20, favouring Mr. W. S. Mackenzie, for 21st half-year's interest on Government 4 per cent. paper No. 068215 of 1865, for Rs. 1,000.

BALMER LAWRIE & Co.

103, CLIVE STREET, the 15th March 1876. (650-3)

Lost.

THE following Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Tareeny Churn Banerjee, and never endorsed to any person:—

No. 5256, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500.

No. 000208, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500.

No. 10299, of 17252, of 30th June 1851, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 1,000.

(673-3)

Lost or Stolen.

A FOUR per cent. Government Promissory Note No. 064501—063320 of 1865, dated 1st May 1865, for Rs. 25,000, standing in the name of my client Sah Engr Chand. Interest for 21st half-year up to 31st October 1875 realized from the Patna Treasury by the undersigned.

(686-3)

JAYANARAYANA VAJAPPEYE,

Attorney for Sah Engr Chand.

STOLEN.—Government Promissory Notes No. 011423, of the 4 per cent. of 1854-55, for Rs. 1,000, and No. 014326, of the 4 per cent. of 1812-13, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of the undersigned, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above notes, and of the interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application made for the issue of duplicates in favor of HERBISH CHUNDER GHUTACK.

(698-3) of Konenagyer.

Mim Tea Company, Limited.

WE beg to give notice that the adjourned Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street, on Monday, the 17th April current, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, to receive the annual report, pass the accounts to 31st December 1875, and transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & Co.,

CALCUTTA, 1st April 1876. (695-1) Agents.

Bishnauth Tea Company, "Limited."

WE beg to give notice that the fifteenth Dividend, at the rate of 6½ per cent. on the capital paid up before 15th December 1875, declared at the Twenty-fifth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held this day, is payable on and after 3rd April proximo, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street.

Shareholders are requested to send in their scrip for examination as usual.

By order,

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR AND Co., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, 29th March 1876. (671-2)

Cutlecher Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 19th day of April 1876, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st December last, declaring a further Dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company are closed for fifteen days from date.

BEGG, DUNLOP AND Co., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, 30th March 1876. (672-3)

Bank of Calcutta, "Limited."

IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 4th May next, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of passing the final accounts of the liquidators, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of.

J. C. MANDY } *Liquidators.*
W. CHATER }

NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET.

Calcutta, 28th March 1876. (670-5)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Monday, the 17th day of April 1876, at noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the declaration of a final dividend for the season ending 31st December 1875, in terms of the Resolution No. 3, passed at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, held on the 29th March 1876, and for the passing of a resolution that the Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 2,30,000 to Rs. 3,00,000 by the issue of 700 additional shares of Rs. 100 each.

By order,

BALMER LAWRIE & Co., *Managing Agents.*

CALCUTTA, the 31st March 1876. (676-2)

Borsillah Tea Company, "Limited."

MINUTES of the Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 30th day of March 1876.

PRESENT:

E. A. Thurburn, Esq., in the Chair.

L. Hart, Esq.

C. Hudson, Esq.

E. C. Hornby, Esq.

John Hudson, Esq.

J. T. Jamieson, Esq.

A. Lawrie, Esq.

Dr. C. J. Simons,

E. J. Sinkinson, Esq., c.s.

Wm. Walker, Esq.

Robert Tucker, Esq.

By their Attorney,
C. Hudson, Esq.

The advertisement convening the meeting having been read, the following Resolution was proposed and carried,—

RESOLUTION I—

Proposed by Edward C. Hornby, Esq.

Seconded by Luther Hart, Esq.

"That the Managing Directors' Report and Accounts for the season ending 31st December 1875, be received and passed as correct."

E. A. THURBURN, *Chairman.*

CALCUTTA, the 2nd March 1876. (678-1)

Ramghur Company, "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 16, Strand, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 8th June 1876, at 3 P.M., for the transaction of such business as may be brought forward.

(621—4) MACKINNON, MACKENZIE AND CO., Agents.

Sungoo River Tea Company, "Limited."

WARRANTS for the dividend of Rs. 4 per share, payable on the 5th instant to Shareholders, standing on the Register of the Company on the 1st instant, will be issued on their application for such, stating the numbers of their shares. Share Certificates need not be presented.

SCHOENE, KILBURN & Co., Managing Agents.

4, FAIRLIE PLACE, CALCUTTA.

The 3rd April 1876.

(684—1)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited.

MINUTES of the Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 29th day of March 1876.

PRESENT:

J. G. H. Meugens, Esq., in the Chair.

S. Bird, Esq.

E. J. Stanley, Esq.

James Murdoch, Esq.

C. Hudson, Esq.

S. Griffiths, Esq.

Alexander Laurie, Esq.

John Hudson, Esq.

Henry J. Simpson, Esq.

R. F. Saunders, Esq., c.s.

E. J. Sankinson, Esq., c.s.

Dr. J. Berry White,

Dr. James Anderson.

T. C. Cadogan, Esq.

John Mackintosh, Esq.

by his Attorney,

David Landale, Esq.

By their Attorney,

C. Hudson, Esq.

The advertisement convening the Meeting having been read, the following Resolutions were proposed and carried.

Resolution I—

Proposed by S. BIRD, Esq.,

Seconded by JAMES MURDOCH, Esq.,

That the Directors' report and accounts for the season ending 31st December 1875 be received and passed as correct.

Resolution II—

Proposed by S. GRIFFITHS, Esq.,

Seconded by Dr. JAMES ANDERSON,

That Rs. 2,024-1-6, the amount due to the Company by Mr. H. May, late manager of the Jameerah division, be written off to Profit and Loss as irrecoverable.

Resolution III—

Proposed by T. C. CADOGAN, Esq.,

Seconded by E. J. STANLEY, Esq.,

That an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company be called forthwith for the purpose of passing a special Resolution with reference to the increase of capital as mentioned in the Directors' report and the declaration of a dividend.

Resolution IV—

Proposed by S. BIRD, Esq.,

Seconded by S. GRIFFITHS, Esq.,

That, with reference to Mr. H. C. Mahoney's application for a loan to replace his furniture and other property destroyed by fire on the night of the 15th instant, to be repaid by monthly deductions from his salary, such sum be advanced, and with such safeguards as may in the discretion of the Directors be deemed expedient, not exceeding Rs. 1,000.

Resolution V—

Proposed by T. C. CADOGAN, Esq.,

Seconded by Dr. JAMES ANDERSON,

That Mr. E. J. Stanley, retiring in conformity with the Articles of Association, be re-elected a Director of the Company for the ensuing year.

Resolution VI—

Proposed by J. G. H. MEUGENS, Esq.,

Seconded by C. HUDSON, Esq.,

That Mr. G. L. Kemp be re-elected Auditor of the Company for the ensuing year.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair, the Meeting separated.

J. G. H. MEUGENS, Chairman.

CALCUTTA, the 29th March 1876.

(677—1)

Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.

WILL sell, at 3 P.M. on Monday next, the 10th instant, to the highest bidders, in their Exchange Hall, on account of whom it may concern,

8 Cases Muslins,

landed damaged by salt water ex City of Manchester.

(688—1)

Estate Robert Allardice, deceased.**STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers' Act, being Act No. XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of the late Robert Allardice, of Dhurrumtollah, in the Town of Calcutta, late a member of the firm of Eastman and Company, who died on or about the 24th June 1869, in the Red Sea, while on his voyage from Calcutta to England, are required to send a statement in writing of the particulars of their respective claims on or before 15th day of August 1876 to the undersigned, one of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement, executed by the said deceased on the 5th day of September 1867, and the holder of Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased, with a copy of the said Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement annexed, and granted until the original deed or a proper authenticated copy thereof be produced; and notice is further hereby given that after the said 15th of August 1876 the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

ROBERT ALLARDICE.

8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA.

The 29th March 1876.

(684—14)

PURSUANT to an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 114 of 1875, (wherein Albert Birmingham Miller, Official Assignee of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, and Assignee of the estate and effects of James Calder, George James Gordon, and John Storm, Insolvents, is plaintiff, and Frederick John Ferguson, the Official Trustee of Bengal, is defendant,) and dated the twentieth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, the creditors of the late firm of Messrs Davidson and Company, of the Town of Calcutta, Merchants and Agents, and all other persons claiming to be entitled to the benefit of a certain Trust deed for the benefit of creditors, dated the twenty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and expressed to be made between Leith Alexander Davidson, Alexander McDonald Ritchie, Charles Stewart, and Ann Hogg as executrix of the will of Jonah John Hogg, deceased, of the first part, Alexander Colvin, James Cullen, Edward Trotter, Rajchunder Doss, and Rossemay Dutt of the second part, and the several creditors of the said Leith Alexander Davidson, Alexander McDonald Ritchie, Charles Stewart, and Jonah John Hogg, deceased, in their co-partnership account, who had executed, or should thereafter execute, the said Indenture of the third part, or their respective representatives, are peremptorily required, on or before the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, to send to the office of the Registrar of this Court, in its Original side, their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security may produce, or transmit the same to the Registrar, with the particulars of his claim, or shall produce the same before the sitting Judge in the Court House, on Saturday, the third day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

Dignam and Robinson, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION,

The 23rd February 1876.

(612—6)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of CHARLES JAMES CHOLLET DUBORDIEUX, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 22nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

J. O. Moses, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of LUNJEEBHoy DHUNJEEBHoy, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of March instant, it was ordered that Tuesday, the second day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be charged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 28th day of March 1876.

IN the matter of ALFRED HORTON PRITCHARD, of Esplanade Row, formerly carrying on business as a Broker, and lately a Manager of the *Royal Tourist Newspaper* in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Tuesday, the 28th day of March last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. FINE, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of ALFRED HORTON PRITCHARD, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 28th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. FINE, *Attorney.*

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE,

The 4th day of April 1876.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Rules for Passenger Service from Siligori to Panchkita.

A CARRIAGE will leave Siligori daily from 15th instant for Panchkita. Four passengers may be carried, and each traveller may take luggage not exceeding ten seers in weight.

2. The whole carriage may be engaged by one person.

3. The charges for each person or each seat will be Rs. 2-8, or for entire carriage of four seats Rs. 10.

4. A single passenger engaging the whole carriage will be allowed to carry two maunds luggage.

5. Application for Daks should be made as usual to the Post-Master of Purnia.

6. These arrangements apply only to the up-journey from Siligori to Panchkita. There will be no horse from Panchkita to Siligori, as the carriages are led by bullocks.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 4th April 1876.

Agent for Government Transports.	Jones, A. G.
Arten.	Liddle, Miss M. A.
Biscaccianti, A.	Loring, Mrs. J.
Blair, Col. R.	Luder, Hermann.
Blunt, F. E.	MacGregor, Atholl.
Bowie, W.	MacMahon, Master Joe.
Brown, B. T.	Mack, Mrs. Howard.
Bullock, Captain John.	Majhan, Mr.
Burton, James.	Mann, M. Gustave.
Butler, Arthur.	Manuel, R. A.
Cardoza, W.	McDonald, Mrs. G.
Carroll, Dr.	McKenzie, A.
Carvone, Sigr. Francesco.	Menteith, D. P. Stuart.
Cross, Shaw.	O'Kane, Miss.
Cunnison, James.	Poulson, P. Z.
Currie, R.	Prentis, Dr. Charles.
Dakin, Mrs.	Protopop, Sigr. Petro.
David, Jack.	Rainey, Miss Lucy E.
Dilmasnod, Monsieur.	Richardson, James.
Dunn, D.	Rivers, Dr. R.
Dunn, T. D.	Rodway, Walter.
Durrant, Mrs. G. B.	Ryant, Madam Jane.
Duval, W. H. D.	Sawyer, G. W.
"E. F. W."	Scott, J. R.
Farewell, Col. W. T. F.	Smiotaki, D. T.
Farrari, Signor D'Anania.	Shawe, M.
Gray, Mrs.	Shedden, A. W.
Green, R. E.	Slack, G. W.
Greig.	Sladen, Capt. W. D.
Hakimian, Monsieur Be-	Sola, Sigr. Dominico.
dros.	Stevenson, A. J.
Halmars and Co.	Sullivan, Surgeon E. O.
Heles, Messrs. J. & Co.	Treill, Monsieur Georges.
Hemiques, Lt. E. W.	U. N. and Co.
Hobbs, R. J.	Welsby, Messrs. J. H. & Co.
Howard, Mrs. M.	Wells, H. L.
Howard, T.	Whitecombe, T. S.
Jacobs, Messrs. A. and Co.	Wilkinson, James.
Johns, Miss.	Wray, J. W. (Marine Sur-
Johnson, Mrs. J. C.	geon).
Johnston General.	Wyer, Fred.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for."

"Alpha."	Mahomed Ibrahim Khan,
Bailey, F.	Bahadoor.
Beattie, Miss Marie.	Masson, Emile.
Blund, James.	Merdon, W. J.
Brown, James.	Mourity, J. J.
Carole, Mrs. M.	Newille, P. J.
Danison, Co.	Perrier, A.
Davis, Mrs.	Phillips, James.
Dawson, Hon'ble R.	Puddephett, T.
E. R.	Rangan, Marihese, A.
Fergus, Mrs. C.	Ribur, D.
Gador (Cook).	Robinson, J.
Gilbert, H.	Rose, Mrs. Albert.
Henry, P. Jemmison.	Ross, J. C.
Humes, Thomas	Salomone, Philirdelphé.
Irvin, R.	Savage, A. E.
Jebb, C. W.	Smith, A. A.
"K. M."	Smith, Dr. W. G.
Lange, Charles.	Thuey, A.
Leigh, Hon'ble G. H. C.	Tonkin, E.
Leonard, C.	Wallace, Revd. F.
Lintott, James.	Warner, J. H. B.
MacPherson, J. J.	Westfield, W. F.
	Westgarth, J.

Registered Letters.

Dawson, R.

Papers.

Alla Spettabill, Direzione.	Cattano, P.
Atholl, MacGregor.	D'Arcy, W.
Bolsa de Comercio.	Perrier, A.
Brown, James.	

W. A. PIN, *Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.*

Nudda Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagiruthce, Mutabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers, for the week ending Friday, the 31st March 1876.

Names of Rivers.	Least depth of water.
BHAUGIRUTHCE.	
Entrance below Chourasia ...	2 9
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles ...	2 9
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles ...	2 9
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles* ...	2 3
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles* ...	2 3
From Cutwa to Nudda, 46 miles* ...	2 3

MATABANGAH.	
Entrance from the Ganges ...	...
Tatarparah ...	...
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia ...	...
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1 ...	...
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree ...	...
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah ...	...
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge ...	...

JELLINGHEE.	
Entrance† ...	...
On the Entrance Bar ...	...
From Jellinghee to junction with Bhyrub river...	...
From junction with Bhyrub river to Teakatta ...	2 0
From Teakatta to Nudda ...	2 6

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 3rd April 1876, above zero, 5½ inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr.*,

Nudda Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 3rd April 1876.

* In one place only, and but for a short distance. Boats drawing 2 feet 3 inches can pass throughout the river.

† Boats drawing 2 feet can get from the Ganges into the Jellinghee at Teakatta and the Bhyrub.

The following books may be had from the office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every rupee's worth of stamps for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

Now ready.

32mo. *super royal*, with numerous plates, roan morocco and clasp, lettered.

Carbine and Rifle Exercises and Musketry Instruction; also Regulations regarding Ranges, Appliances, Arms, and Ammunition, &c., for the Cavalry and Infantry of the Native Army in India. Revised 1875. *Price, Rs. 2-4; packing and postage, 4 annas.*

Just published—revised edition.

Vanilla: its cultivation in India; by J. E. O'Connor. *Price, 8 annas; postage, 1 anna.*

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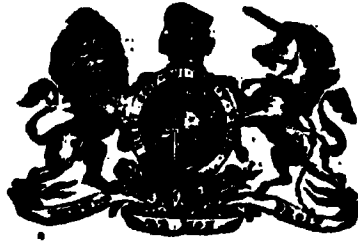
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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Second Publication.]

THE following Act, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 22nd December 1875, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 24th March 1876, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. III OF 1876.

An Act to provide for Irrigation in the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

WHEREAS it is necessary to make provision for the construction, maintenance, and regulation of canals, for the supply of water therefrom, and for the levy of rates for water so supplied, in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is hereby enacted:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876."

Short title.

It shall take effect in those districts in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to which the said Lieutenant-Governor shall extend it by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*; and shall commence on the day which shall be in such order provided for the commencement thereof.

Local extent and commencement.

2. The enactments specified in Schedule (A) hereto annexed are repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the said schedule.

Repeal of Acts.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation clause.

"Canal."

(i) "Canal" includes—

(a) all canals, channels, and reservoirs hitherto constructed, maintained, or controlled by Government for the supply or storage of water, or which may hereafter be so constructed, maintained, or controlled;

(b) all works, embankments, structures, supply and escape-channels connected with such canals, channels, or reservoirs;

(c) all village-channels as defined in clause (ii) of this section;

(d) all drainage-works as defined in clause (iii) of this section;

(e) any part of a river, stream, lake, natural collection of water, or natural drainage-channel, to which the Lieutenant-Governor has applied the provisions of Part II of this Act, or of which the water has been applied or used before the passing of this Act for the purposes of any existing canal;

(f) all lands on the banks of any canal as defined in articles (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, which have been acquired by Government;

(ii) "Village-channel" means any channel by which water is led from a canal directly into the fields to be irrigated, and includes all subsidiary works connected with any such channel, except the sluice or outlet through which water is supplied from a canal to such channel.

"Village-channel."

(iii) "Drainage-work" means any work in connection with a system of irrigation which has been or may hereafter be made

"Drainage-work." or improved by the Government for the purposes of the drainage of the country, whether under the provisions of Part IV of this Act or otherwise, and includes escape-channels from a canal, dams, weirs, embankments, sluices, groins, and other works connected therewith, but does not include works for the removal of sewage from towns.

(iv) "Flood-embankment" means any embankment constructed or maintained by the officers of

"Flood-embankment." Government in connection with any system of irrigation works for the protection of lands from inundation, or which may be declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be maintained in connection with any such system; and includes all groins, spurs, dams, and other protective works connected with such embankments;

(v) "Collector" means the head Revenue Officer of a district, and includes any officer appointed

"Collector." by the Lieutenant-Governor to exercise all or any of the powers of a Collector under this Act;

(vi) "Court" means, in the Regulation Provinces, a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction,

and in the Non-Regulation Provinces, the Court of a Commissioner of a Division,

unless when the Lieutenant-Governor has appointed (as he is hereby empowered to do), either specially for any case, or generally within any specified local limits, a judicial officer to perform the functions of a judge under this Act, and then the expression Court means the Court of such officer.

(vii) "Canal Officer" means an officer appointed under this Act to exercise

"Canal Officer." control or jurisdiction over a canal or any part thereof; and includes every officer to whom any of the functions of a Canal Officer under this Act have been assigned by the Lieutenant-Governor.

"Section." (viii) "Section" means a section of this Act.

(ix) "Owner" includes every person having a joint interest in the ownership of the thing specified; and all rights and obligations which attach to an owner under the provisions of this Act shall attach jointly and severally to every person having such joint interest in the ownership.

4. Nothing contained in the Bengal Embankment Act, 1873, shall apply to any canal or flood-embankment as defined in this Act.

Bengal Embankment Act not applicable to canals.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the officers by whom, and the local limits within which, all or any of the powers or duties herein-after conferred or imposed shall be exercised or performed.

Power to appoint officers.

PART II.

OF THE APPLICATION OF WATER FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

6. Whenever it appears expedient to the Lieutenant-Governor that the water of any river or stream flowing in a natural channel, or of any lake or other natural collection of still water, should be applied or used by the Government for the purpose of any existing or projected canal;

Notification to issue when water-supply is to be applied for public purposes.

the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare that the said water will be so applied or used after a day to be named in the said notification, not being earlier than three months from the date thereof.

7. At any time after the day so named, any Canal Officer, acting under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor in this behalf, may enter on any land and remove any obstructions, and may close any channels, and do any other thing necessary for such application or use of the said water.

8. As soon as is practicable after the issue of such notification, the Collector shall cause public notice to be given at convenient places, stating that the Government intends to apply or use the said water as aforesaid, and that claims for compensation in respect of the matters mentioned in section eleven may be made before him.

A copy of sections eleven, twelve and thirteen shall be annexed to every such notice.

9. When any claim for compensation is made before the Collector in accordance with the last preceding section, the Collector shall issue a notice requiring all persons interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, to appear personally or by agent before him at a time and place therein mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days after the date of publication of the notice), and to state the nature of their respective interests in the property affected, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

The Collector shall also serve notice to the same effect on the occupier (if any) of the land entered on, and on such persons known or believed to be interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, or to be entitled to act for persons so interested, as reside within his district.

10. The Collector may also require any person on whom a notice may be served under the last preceding section, and who makes a claim for compensation in accordance therewith, to deliver to him a statement containing, so far as may be practicable, the name of every other person possessing any interest in the property affected or any part thereof, as co-proprietor, sub-proprietor, mortgagee, tenant, or otherwise, and of the nature of such interest, and of the rents and profits (if any) received or receivable on account thereof for the year next preceding the date of the statement.

Power to require statements as to name and interests.

If any person shall fail to comply within the time fixed by the notice with a requisition made under this section, the Collector may impose upon him such daily fine as he may think fit, not exceeding fifty rupees; and such fine shall be payable daily until the requisition is complied with, and the Collector may proceed from time to time to levy the amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending;

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the Commissioner.

Every person required to make or deliver a statement under this section shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of sections one hundred and seventy-five and one hundred and seventy-six of the Indian Penal Code.

Persons required to make statements to be deemed legally bound to do so.

Damage for which compensation shall not be awarded.

11. No compensation shall be awarded for any damage caused by—

- (a) stoppage or diminution of percolation or floods;
- (b) deterioration of climate or soil;
- (c) stoppage of navigation, or of the means of rafting timber or watering cattle.

Matters in respect of which compensation may be awarded.

But compensation may be awarded in respect of any of the following matters:—

- (d) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel to any defined artificial channel, whether above or under ground, in use at the date of the issue of the notification under section six;
- (e) stoppage or diminution of supply of water to any work erected for purposes of profit on any channel, whether natural or artificial, in use at the date of the said notification;
- (f) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel which has been used for purposes of irrigation within the five years next before the date of the said notification;
- (g) damage done in respect of any right to a water-course or the use of any water to which any person is entitled under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV;
- (h) any other substantial damage, not falling under any of the above clauses (a), (b), or (c), and caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act, which is capable of being ascertained and estimated at the time of awarding such compensation.

Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (c), compensation may be awarded in respect of the loss of any tolls which were lawfully levied on any river or channel at the time of the issue of the notification mentioned in section six.

In determining the amount of compensation under this section, regard shall be had to the diminution in the market-value, at the time of awarding compensation, of the property in respect of which compensation is claimed; and where such market-value is not ascertainable, the amount shall be reckoned at twelve times the amount of the diminution of the annual net profits of such property, caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

No right to any such supply of water as is referred to in clauses (d), (e), or (f) of this section, in respect of a work or channel not in use at the date of the notification, shall be acquired as against the Government, except by grant or under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV.

12. If any supply of drinking-water is substantially deteriorated or diminished by any works undertaken in accordance with a declaration made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section six, the Canal Officer shall be bound to provide within convenient distance an adequate supply of good drinking-water in lieu of that so deteriorated or diminished, and no person shall be entitled to claim any further compensation in respect of the said deterioration or diminution.

13. No claim for compensation for any such stoppage, diminution, or damage shall be entertained after the expiration of six months from such stoppage, diminution, or damage, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

14. On the day fixed in the notice mentioned in section nine, the Collector shall proceed to enquire summarily into the claim and to determine the amount of compensation which in his opinion should be allowed therefor, and shall tender such amount to the persons interested who have attended in pursuance of the notice given under section nine.

For the purpose of such enquiry, the Collector shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and to compel the production of documents by the same means and, as far as may be, in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

15. The Collector may, if no claimant attends pursuant to the notice, or if for any other cause he thinks fit, from time to time postpone the enquiry to a day to be fixed by him.

16. If the Collector and the persons interested agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, the Collector shall make an award under his hand for the same.

Such award shall be filed in the Collector's office, and shall be conclusive, as between the Collector and the persons interested, of the value of the said property and the amount of compensation allowed for the same.

17. If the Collector and the persons interested do not agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, or if upon the said enquiry any question respecting the title to the property of which the value has been diminished, or any rights thereto, or interest therein, arises between or among two or more persons making conflicting claims in respect thereof, the Collector shall refer the matter to the determination of the Court in manner hereinafter provided.

18. If, when the Collector proceeds to make the enquiry as mentioned in sections fourteen and fifteen, no claimant attends, or if any person whom the Collector has reason to think interested, does not attend, the Collector shall hold a proceeding and record the following particulars:—

- (a) the nature and extent of the property of which the value has been diminished and in respect of which compensation is claimed, and the character and extent of the damage done;
- (b) the names of the persons whom he has reason to think interested in such property;
- (c) the amount fixed by him as compensation; and
- (d) the grounds on which such amount was determined;

and shall place the amount so fixed by him in deposit, there to be held on account of the persons interested, and shall issue a notice to the persons believed to be interested, informing them that the said amount has been deposited as required by this section, and that, should no application be made to the Court (as provided in the next succeeding section) within six weeks of the issue of the notice on the last of the persons named therein, the Collector will pay the amount to any persons legally authorized to receive and to give an acquittance for the same.

19. Any person on whom notice may be served under the last preceding section, and any person interested in any property in respect of which such notice has been issued, may, within six weeks of the service of such notice, apply to the Court stating his objection to the amount of compensation as fixed by the Collector under the last preceding section, and the amount which he claims as compensation. On receipt of such application the Court shall proceed to determine the amount of compensation to be paid on account of the claim and all other matters, as if a reference had been made to it under section seventeen.

20. In making a reference under section seventeen the Collector shall state, for the information of the Court, the particulars mentioned in section eighteen.

21. On receipt of a reference under section seventeen the Court shall proceed, as far as may be practicable, in accordance with sections nineteen to twenty-three (inclusive),

and sections twenty-six to thirty-six (inclusive) of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

Provided that instead of the last clause of the said section twenty-six, the following shall be read: "The provisions of this section and of section eleven of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876, shall be read to every assessor in a language which he understands, before he gives his opinion as to the amount of compensation to be awarded."

22. Where there are several persons interested, if such persons agree in the apportionment of the compensation, the particulars of such apportionment shall be specified in the award, whether such award be made by the Collector or by the Court, and as between such persons the award shall be conclusive evidence of the correctness of the apportionment.

23. When the amount of compensation has been settled under section sixteen, if any dispute arises as to the apportionment of the same or any part thereof, the Collector shall refer such dispute to the decision of the Court.

All costs entailed by such a reference and the proceedings of the Court thereon shall be paid by the parties who dispute the apportionment of the compensation, in such proportions as the Court may direct, and the Collector shall not be required to disburse any such costs, nor shall any such costs be recovered from the Collector.

24. When the amount of compensation has been settled by the Court, and there is any dispute as to the apportionment thereof, or when a reference to the Court has been made under the last preceding section, the Judge sitting alone shall decide the proportions in which the persons interested are entitled to share in such amount.

An appeal shall lie from every such decision to the High Court, unless the Judge whose decision is appealed from is not the District Judge, in which case the appeal shall lie in the first instance to the District Judge.

Every appeal under this section shall be presented within the time and in manner provided by the Code of Civil Procedure for regular appeals in suits.

25. Payment of the compensation shall be made by the Collector in accordance with the award made by him under section sixteen; or the proceeding held by him under section eighteen, if no application be made to the Court as provided by section nineteen; or the award made by the Court or the decision of the Judge under section twenty-one; or, in the case of an appeal under section twenty-four, in accordance with the decision in appeal, as the case may be.

26. The amount of compensation fixed by any award, proceeding, or decision as specified in the last preceding section, shall be deemed to be the full amount payable by the Government in respect of the claim dealt with therein; and the Government shall not be liable for any further claim to any person whatever in respect of any matter which was the subject of such award, por-

ceeding, or decision, nor shall any such claim be made against the Government in respect of the payment of any portion of such compensation in accordance with any award, proceeding, or decision as aforesaid, or in accordance with any decision of the Judge, or of the District Judge or of the High Court in appeal, as the case may be, under section twenty-four; and no suit shall be brought to set aside an award or decision under this Act.

27. Nothing contained in the last preceding section shall affect the liability of any person who may receive the whole or any part of any compensation awarded under this Act, to pay the same to the person lawfully entitled thereto.

28. Every tenant holding under an unexpired lease, or having a right of occupancy, who is in occupation of any land at the time when any stoppage or diminution of the supply, in respect of which compensation is allowed under section eleven, takes place, may claim an abatement of the rent previously payable by him for the said land, on the ground that the interruption reduces the value of the holding; provided that no part of the said compensation shall have been received by the said tenant in respect of such reduction in the value of his holding.

29. If a water-supply increasing the value of such holding is afterwards restored to the said land otherwise than at the cost of the tenant, the rent of the tenant may be enhanced, in respect of the increased value of such land due to the restored water-supply, to an amount not exceeding that at which it stood immediately before the abatement.

Such enhancement shall be on account only of the restored water-supply, and shall not affect the liability of the tenant to enhancement of rent on any other grounds.

30. All sums of money payable for compensation under this Part shall become due three months after the claim for such compensation is made in respect of the stoppage, diminution, or damage complained of, and simple interest at the rate of six per centum per annum shall be allowed on any such sum remaining unpaid after the said three months, except where the non-payment of such sum is caused by the wilful neglect or refusal of the claimant to receive the same.

Provided that the Collector may at any time invest the whole or any portion of the amount payable as compensation under this Act in any Government securities, and such securities shall be held by the Collector for the benefit of the persons interested, and the persons interested shall be bound to receive such securities with any interest which may have accrued upon them as full payment of the sum which the Collector paid for such securities, and of any sum which he may have paid as expenses incurred in purchasing the same, and of any interest which might otherwise have accrued on such sums.

31. No compensation shall be claimable under this Act in respect of any works executed before it came into force, or of any damage, injury, or loss caused by such works.

32. Service of any notice under this Part shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the officer therein mentioned.

Whenever it may be practicable, the service of the notice shall be made on the person therein named.

When such person cannot be found, the service may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him; and if no such adult male member can be found, the notice may be served by fixing the copy on the outer door of the house in which the person therein named ordinarily dwells or carries on business; and if such person has no ordinary place of residence within the district, service of any notice may be made by sending copy of such notice by post, in a registered cover addressed to such person at his usual place of residence.

PART III.

OF THE MAINTENANCE OF CANALS.

33. Whenever it shall be necessary to make any enquiry or examination in connection with a projected canal or with the maintenance of an existing canal, or with a projected flood-embankment or with the maintenance of an existing flood-embankment, any Canal Officer or other person acting under the general or special orders of a Canal Officer, may enter upon such lands as he may think necessary for the purpose, and may exercise all powers and do all things in respect of such lands as he might exercise and do if the Government had issued a notification under the provisions of section four of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, to the effect that land in that locality is likely to be needed for a public purpose; and may set up and maintain water-gauges, and do all other things necessary for the prosecution of such enquiry and examination.

34. Such Canal Officer or other person may also enter upon any land, building, or village-channel on account of which any water-rate is chargeable, for the purpose of inspecting or regulating the use of the water supplied, or of measuring the lands irrigated thereby or chargeable with a water-rate, and of doing all things necessary for the proper regulation and management of the canal from which such water is supplied.

35. In case of any accident being apprehended or happening to a canal or flood-embankment, any Canal Officer or any person acting under his general or special orders in this behalf, may enter upon any lands adjacent to such canal or flood-embankment, and may execute all works which may be necessary for the purpose of preventing such accident, or repairing any damage done.

36. When such Canal Officer or person proposes, under the provisions of either of the three last preceding sections, to enter into any building or enclosed court or garden attached to a dwelling-house not supplied with water flowing from any canal, and not being adjacent to a flood-embankment, he shall previously give to the occupier of such building, court, or garden such reasonable notice as the urgency of the case may allow.

37. In every case of entry upon any land or building under section seven, section thirty-three, section thirty-four, or section thirty-five, the Canal Officer or person making the entry shall ascertain and record the nature of any crop, tree, building, or other property, to which damage has been done, and the extent of the damage done to any such property, and shall tender compensation to the proprietors or occupiers for all damage done to the same by the entry or by any works executed. If such tender is not accepted, the Canal Officer shall refer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon give notice in writing to the persons interested in such land and to the Canal Officer, requiring them to attend before him, on a date to be fixed in the notice, for the purpose of making enquiry as to the amount of compensation.

38. After such enquiry as he may think necessary, the Collector shall decide the amount of compensation payable; and such decision shall be subject to an appeal to the Commissioner of the Division, provided that such appeal be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the decision appealed against.

If no such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Collector, or if such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive.

39. Suitable means of crossing canals constructed or maintained at the cost of Government shall be provided at such places as the Lieutenant-Governor thinks necessary for the reasonable convenience of the inhabitants of the adjacent lands; and suitable bridges, culverts, or other works shall be constructed to prevent the drainage of the adjacent lands being obstructed by any canal.

On the completion of any canal, or of any convenient section of any canal, the Collector, after causing such inspection to be made as may be necessary, shall certify to the Government that suitable and sufficient means of crossing the canal, and suitable and sufficient means of drainage, as aforesaid, have been provided; or shall report in what respects the provision made for the above purposes is defective; and if at any time after he shall have given such certificate it shall be brought to his notice that the provision made as above has proved insufficient, the Collector shall cause inquiry to be made into the circumstances of the case, and if the statement is established, shall report his opinion thereon for the consideration of the Lieutenant-Governor,

and the Lieutenant-Governor shall cause such measures in reference thereto to be taken as he thinks proper.

PART IV.

OF DRAINAGE.

40. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that injury to the public health or public convenience, or to any canal, or to any land for which irrigation from a canal is available, has arisen or may arise from the obstruction of any river, stream, or natural drainage-course, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, prohibit, within limits to be defined in such notification, the formation of any such obstruction, or may, within such limits, order the removal or other modification of such obstruction.

Thereupon so much of the said river, stream, or natural drainage-channel as is comprised within such limits shall be held to be a drainage-work as defined in section three.

41. The Canal Officer or other person authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor in that behalf, may, after such publication, issue an order to the person causing or having control over any such obstruction, to remove or modify the same within a time to be fixed in the order.

42. If, within the time so fixed, such person does not comply with the order, the Canal Officer may cause the obstruction to be removed or modified, and if the person to whom the order was issued does not, when called upon, pay the expenses of such removal or modification, such expenses shall be recoverable as a demand under the provisions of section one, Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as arrears of revenue*).

43. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that any drainage works are necessary for the public health, or for the improvement or proper cultivation or irrigation of any lands in districts to which the provisions of the Bengal Embankment Act 1873 do not apply, or that protection from floods or other accumulations of water, or from erosion by a river, is required for any lands,

the Lieutenant-Governor may cause a scheme for such works to be drawn up and carried into execution, and the persons authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor to draw up and execute such scheme may exercise in connection therewith all or any of the powers conferred on Canal Officers by sections thirty-three, thirty-four, and thirty-five, and shall be liable to any or all of the obligations imposed upon Canal Officers by sections thirty-six and thirty-seven.

44. Whenever, in pursuance of a notification made under section forty, any obstruction is removed or modified; or whenever any drainage-work is carried out under the last preceding section,

all claims for compensation on account of any loss consequent on the removal or modification of the said obstruction or the construction of such work, may be made before the Collector, and he shall deal with the same in the manner provided in Part II; but no compensation shall be allowed for any damage arising from increase of percolation.

45. No such claim shall be entertained after the expiration of six months from the occurrence of the loss complained of, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

Limitation of such claims.

PART V.

OF VILLAGE-CHANNELS.

46. "Person" in this Part includes any number of persons acting jointly.

Definition of person.

47. The Canal Officer shall keep a register of all village-channels, whether already existing or constructed under this Act, and shall note thereon in respect of every village-channel whether it is a public channel maintained at the cost of the Government, or a private channel maintained at the cost of the owners; and shall register the names of the owners of every such private channel.

Register of village-channels to be kept.

A village-channel made as an extension of, or a branch to, an existing village-channel shall be registered as a separate village-channel; and so much of the length of any village-channel as lies within the limits of any one village or mouzah shall be entered on the register as a separate village-channel. Every section of a village-channel so separately entered on the register shall be deemed to be a separate village-channel in respect of all rights and liabilities imposed by this Act.

Extension or branch of village-channel to be registered.

Provided always that whenever it shall seem fit to the Canal Officer for any special reason to enter upon his register as one village-channel a section of a village-channel which includes portions lying within two or more villages or mouzaha, the Canal Officer may, with the consent of the Collector obtained in writing, register such section as one village-channel, and such section shall be deemed to be one village-channel in respect of all rights and liabilities imposed by this Act.

Canal Officer may register as one village-channel a section including portions lying within two or more villages.

48. Any person may, with the consent of the Canal Officer, acquire the property in an existing village-channel for the purpose of improving or maintaining it—

Any person may acquire an existing village-channel by agreement.

(a) by taking over any village-channel belonging to Government;

(b) by transfer of a village-channel from the owner thereof by private agreement.

49. Any person may, with the permission of a Canal Officer, construct a new village-channel if he has obtained the consent of the owners and occupiers of the land required therefor.

Any person may construct a new village-channel with consent of owners or occupiers.

50. Any person desiring the construction of a new village-channel, but being unable or unwilling to construct it under a private arrangement with the owners and occupiers of the land affected, as mentioned in the last preceding section, may apply in writing to the Canal Officer stating

Any person may construct village-channel by applying to Canal Officer.

that he desires the said Canal Officer, in his behalf and at his cost, to do all things necessary for constructing such village-channel;

that he is ready to defray all costs necessary for acquiring the land and constructing such village-channel.

51. If the Canal Officer considers the construction of such village-channel expedient, he may call upon the applicant to deposit any part of the expense such

Procedure when Canal Officer considers construction of village-channel expedient.

Officer may consider necessary,

and upon such deposit being made, shall cause inquiry to be made into the most suitable alignment for the said village-channel,

and shall mark out the land which, in his opinion, it will be necessary to occupy for the construction thereof,

and shall forthwith publish a notification in every village through which the village-channel is proposed to be taken, that so much of such land as is situated within such village has been so marked out,

and shall send a copy of such notification to the Collector of every district in which any part of such land is known to be situate for publication on such land.

Such notification shall also call upon any person who wishes to be admitted a joint owner of such village-channel to make his application in that respect within thirty days of the publication of such notification. If any such applicant appears, and his application is admitted, he shall be liable to pay his share in the construction of such village-channel and in the cost of acquiring such land, and shall be an owner of such village-channel when constructed.

Person wishing to be joint owner must make his application within thirty days.

52. On receipt of copy of such notification, the Collector shall proceed to acquire such land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, as if a declaration had been issued by the Government for the acquisition thereof under section six of that Act, and as if the Government had thereupon directed the Collector to take order for the acquisition of such land under section seven of the said Act, and (if necessary) as if the Government had issued orders for summary possession being taken under section seventeen of the said Act.

53. On being put in possession of the land the Canal Officer shall construct the required village-channel; and on its completion shall give to the applicant notice thereof, and of any sum payable by him on account of the cost of acquiring the land and constructing the village-channel. On such notice being given, such sum shall be due from the applicant to the Canal Officer. On receipt of payment in full of all expenses incurred,

Procedure after construction of village-channel.

the Canal Officer shall make over possession of such village-channel to such applicant.

54. Whenever a Canal Officer considers that the transfer of a village channel from the owner is necessary for the proper management of the irrigation from such village-channel, he may cause a notice to be served on the registered owner to appear on a certain day, not less than fifteen days after service of notice, and to prefer any objection to such transfer. After hearing such objection the Canal Officer may order that such village-channel shall be transferred to such person as he may think fit, and that such person be registered as owner of the said village-channel:

Canal Officer may direct transfer of a village-channel.

Provided that no person shall be registered as the owner of a village-channel under this section, unless he has expressed in writing his willingness to be so registered, and until he has paid to the Canal Officer such sum as may be fixed by the Canal Officer under section fifty-six.

55. Any person wishing to become the joint

A person may be admitted joint owner of an existing village-channel.

owner of an existing village-channel may petition the Canal Officer to that effect, and on receipt of such petition the Canal Officer may, if he think fit, issue a notice as provided in the last preceding section, upon the registered owner, and after hearing any objection which the registered owner may prefer against the admission of such applicant to be a joint owner, may direct that the applicant shall be registered as such joint owner.

56. When deciding the question of transfer or

Canal Officer shall determine compensation to be paid for transfer or acquisition of joint ownership.

of admission to joint ownership under either of the two last preceding sections, the Canal Officer shall also determine what amount shall be paid—

as the costs of the proceedings;

as compensation to the previous owners;

and the amount so determined shall be due by the transferee or the person admitted to registry as a joint owner, as the case may be; and on payment of such amount, the village-channel shall be transferred, or the applicant shall be registered as owner or as a joint owner thereof, as the case may be.

57. Instead of awarding payment of compensation under the last preceding

Canal Officer may fix rent for a village-channel transferred.

section, the Canal Officer may fix an amount of rent to be paid annually to the previous owners by the persons to whom the village-channel is transferred.

Ownership of village-channel.

58. Every person

(a) acquiring a village-channel as provided in section forty-eight; or

(b) constructing a village-channel as provided in section forty-nine; or

(c) receiving possession of a village-channel as provided in section fifty-three; or

(d) acquiring a village-channel by transfer, as provided in section fifty-four, or

(e) being admitted to registration as joint owner in a village-channel, as provided in section fifty-five,

shall be deemed to be an owner of such village-channel.

59. Every owner of a village-channel shall be bound—

Obligations and rights of owner of village-channel.

(a) to construct and maintain all works

necessary for the passage across such village-channel of canals, village-channels, drainage-channels, and public roads existing at the time of its construction, and of the drainage intercepted by it, and for affording proper communications across it for the convenience of the occupants of neighbouring lands;

(b) to maintain such village-channel in a fit state of repair for the conveyance of water;

(c) to allow the use of it to others on such terms as may be declared equitable by the Canal Officer as hereinafter prescribed;

and shall be entitled—

(d) to have a supply of water by such village-channel at such rates and on such terms as are prescribed by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine;

(e) to receive such rent for the use of the village-channel by other persons as the Canal Officer may award him.

60. If the owner of a village-channel fails to

If owner of village-channel fails to execute works or make repairs, Canal Officer may execute them on his behalf.

fulfil the obligations mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the last preceding section the Canal Officer may require

him by notice to execute the necessary works or repairs within a period not being less than fifteen days, and in the event of failure, may execute them on his behalf; and all expenses incurred by the execution of such works or repairs shall be a sum due by such owner to Government; and if any such owner who has already failed on one occasion to execute such works or repairs when required to do so, and has left them to be executed on his behalf by the Canal Officer, shall again fail to execute any such works or repairs when required to do so; or if any such owner shall refuse in any respect to fulfil the obligation mentioned in clause (c) of the last preceding section, after having been required to fulfil the same by a notice in writing from the Canal Officer, the Canal Officer may strike such village-channel off the register, and so disqualify it to be any longer a medium for the conveyance of canal water.

Resignation of owner-ship.

61. Any owner may resign his interest in a village-channel, provided such resignation be duly registered in the office of the Canal Officer.

62. Any owner of a village-channel may, with the consent of the Canal

Owner may transfer interest.

Officer, transfer his interest to any other person, provided that the liabilities of the person so transferring shall not cease till such transfer is registered in the office of the Canal Officer.

63. If any owner of a village-channel dies, his

Procedure on death of owner of village-channel.

legal representative may apply for registration in his stead. If no such application for registry be made within six weeks from the

death of the said owner, the remaining registered owners of the village-channel, if any, shall be deemed to be owners of the entire interest in the village-channel, until some other person shall have established his claim to be registered as owner in place of the deceased. If the deceased shall have been the sole registered owner, the Canal Officer shall be deemed to be his representative for the purposes of this Part, and shall exercise all rights and be bound by all liabilities which attached to the deceased in respect of his ownership of the said village-channel, until some person shall have established his right to be registered as owner thereof in place of the deceased; and the Canal Officer shall account to such person for all sums received and expended in the exercise of the rights and discharge of the liabilities which attached to the deceased in respect of such ownership.

64. When any person applies for registration under the three last preceding sections, the Canal Officer shall serve notice on the other registered owners to prefer any objection to the resignation, transfer, or succession within fifteen days, and if no such objection shall be made, or if the objections made be deemed invalid, shall order such resignation, transfer, or succession to be registered.

65. All joint owners of a village-channel shall be held to have an equal interest in it, unless, with the permission of the Canal Officer, they register specific unequal interests.

66. Any person not an owner of a village-channel, desiring to have a supply of water through such village-channel, may make a private arrangement with the owners for the conveyance of water, or may apply to the Canal Officer for authority to use such village-channel.

67. On receipt of such application, the Canal Officer shall serve notice on the owners to show cause why such permission should not be granted, and if no objection be raised, or if any objections be raised, and found invalid, shall authorize the conveyance of such supply on such conditions as may appear to him equitable.

68. The Canal Officer shall also fix a sum as rent to be paid for the use of such village-channel to the owner. Such rent may be in the form of a percentage on the water-rate of the person using the village-channel, or otherwise, as may be fixed by the Canal Officer.

69. The owner of a village-channel which receives its water through another village-channel may, at the discretion of the Canal Officer, either be declared a joint owner of such other village-channel, or may be required to pay rent for the use of the same to the owner thereof, as provided in the last preceding section.

70. All rent payable under either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be due in the same instalments and at the

same periods as the water-rate is due, or in such other instalments and at such other dates as the Canal Officer may direct, and may be collected by the Canal Officer on behalf of the person entitled to it, if the Canal Officer thinks fit.

71. Any Canal Officer collecting rent under the last preceding section on behalf of any person entitled thereto, shall be bound to pay to the person entitled to the same no more than the amount actually collected by him as rent.

72. No land acquired under this Part for a village-channel shall be used for any other purpose without the consent of the Canal Officer previously obtained.

73. Every sum declared to be due under this Part shall be recoverable by the Canal Officer on behalf of the Government or of the person entitled to receive the same, and shall be held to be a demand under the provisions of section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868, or any other similar Act for the time being in force.

PART VI.

OF THE SUPPLY OF WATER.

74. Every person desiring that water shall be supplied to his land from a canal, shall present a written application to that effect to the Canal Officer, in the form given in Schedule (B) hereto annexed, or in a similar form, binding himself by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under the powers vested in him by this Act; and no person shall be liable to pay any rate or due whatever, on account of water supplied to his land with the permission of the Canal Officer, otherwise than on such application, nor shall water be supplied otherwise than on such application.

75. If the application mentioned in the last preceding section be granted by the Canal Officer, the Canal Officer shall cause his permission to be recorded in the form given in Schedule (C) hereto annexed, or in some similar form, binding himself by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor as aforesaid.

76. All rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine shall be consistent with the following conditions:—

(a) The Canal Officer may not stop the supply of water to any village-channel, or to any person who is entitled to such supply, except in the following cases:—

- (i) whenever and so long as it is necessary to stop such supply for the purpose of executing any work ordered by competent authority;
- (ii) whenever and so long as any village-channel is not maintained in such repair as to prevent the wasteful escape of water therefrom;

(iii) whenever and so long as it is necessary to do so in rotation to supply the legitimate demands of other persons entitled to water;

(iv) whenever and so long as it may be necessary to stop the supply in order to prevent the wastage or misuse of water.

(b) No claim shall be made against the Government for compensation in respect of loss caused by the failure or stoppage of the water in a canal, by reason of any cause beyond the control of the Government, or of any repairs, alterations, or additions to the canal, or of any measures taken for regulating the proper flow of water therein, or for maintaining the established course of irrigation which the Canal Officer considers necessary; but the person suffering such loss shall be entitled to such remission of the ordinary charges payable for the use of the water as is authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor:

(c) If the supply of water to any land irrigated from a canal be interrupted otherwise than in the manner described in the last preceding clause, the occupier or owner of such land may present a petition for compensation to the Collector for any loss arising from such interruption, and the Collector shall award to the petitioner reasonable compensation for such loss:

(d) When the water of a canal is supplied for the irrigation of a single crop, the permission to use such water shall be held to continue only until that crop comes to maturity, and to apply only to that crop; but if it be supplied for irrigating two or more crops to be raised on the same land within the year, such permission shall be held to continue for one year from the commencement of the irrigation, and to apply to such crops only as are matured within that year:

(e) No person entitled to use the water of any canal, or any work, building, or land appertaining to any canal shall sell or sub-let or otherwise transfer his right to such use without the permission of the Canal Officer, but all contracts made between Government and the owner or occupier of any immoveable property, as to the supply of canal-water to such property, shall be transferable therewith, and shall be presumed to have been so transferred whenever a transfer of such property takes place

77. On application being made for a supply of water to be used for purposes other than those of irrigation, the Canal Officer may give permission for water to be taken for such purposes, under such special conditions and restrictions, as to the limitation and control of the supply, as he shall think proper to impose in each case.

PART VII.

OF WATER-RATES.

78. The rates to be charged for canal-water supplied for purposes of irrigation shall be determined by the Lieutenant-Governor, and all persons accepting the water shall pay for it accordingly.

79. If water supplied through a village-channel be used in an unauthorized manner, and if the person by whose act or neglect such use has occurred cannot be identified, the persons on whose land such water has flowed, if such land has derived benefit therefrom,

or if no land has derived benefit therefrom, all the persons chargeable in respect of the water supplied through such village-channel in respect of the crop then on the ground, shall be liable to the charges made for such use, as determined by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine.

80. If water supplied through a village-channel be suffered to run to waste, and if, after enquiry by the Canal Officer, the person through whose act or neglect such water was suffered to run to waste cannot be discovered, all the persons chargeable in respect of the water supplied through such village-channel for the crop then on the ground shall be jointly liable for the charges made in respect of the water so wasted, as determined by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine.

All questions arising under this and the last preceding section shall be decided by the Canal Officer, subject to the provisions of section ninety-one.

81. All charges for the unauthorized use or for waste of water shall be deemed to be water-rate due on the crop, and may be recovered as such water-rate in addition to any penalties incurred on account of such use or waste.

82. The Canal Officer may enter into an agreement with any person for the collection and payment to the Government by such person of any sum payable under this Act by a third party.

83. Any sum lawfully due under this Part, either to the Government, or to any person who has entered into an agreement to collect dues for the Government and certified by the Canal Officer to be so due, shall be deemed to be rent payable on a pottah or engagement in respect of the land irrigated, and shall be recoverable as such by the person to whom it is payable.

Provided that the claim (if any) for rent in respect of such land shall have priority over any claim for arrears of water-rate so far as regards recovery of rent by the exercise of the power of distraint.

84. If any person distrains half or more than half of any crop on account of which water-rate is due, such person shall be bound, on requisition by the Canal Officer, to

furnish him with an account showing how the produce thus distrained has been appropriated in payment of such rent, and the Canal Officer shall be entitled to challenge such account before any Court competent to try suits for arrears of rent in respect of the land in question, and such Court, if it finds that the value of the crop distrained was in excess of the amount of rent which had been due for a period not longer than a year, together with the costs of the distraint, may require the distrainer to pay the water-rate due on such crop.

85. Every arrear of water-rate which is due to Government, and every sum due to Government by any person on account of collections of water-rate, and every sum due to such person on account of water-rate and certified by the Canal Officer to be so due, shall also be held to be a demand under the provisions of section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868, and may be recovered as provided in that Act, together with the costs of executing the processes.

Arrears of water-rate deemed to be a demand under Bengal Act VII of 1868.

86. Nothing in sections eighty-two to eighty-five (inclusive) applies to fines.

Sections eighty-two to eighty-five do not apply to fines.

PART VIII.

OF JURISDICTION.

87. Whenever a dispute arises between two or more persons in regard to their mutual rights or liabilities in respect of the use, construction, or maintenance of a village-channel, any such person interested may apply in writing to the Canal Officer stating the matter in dispute. Such officer shall hereupon give notice to the other persons interested that, on a day to be named in such notice, he will proceed to enquire into the said matter, and, after such enquiry, he may pass his order thereon, or may transfer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon enquire into and pass his order on the said matter.

Settlement of disputes as to mutual rights and liabilities of persons interested in village-channel.

88. Whenever any dispute arises among joint owners of a village-channel as to their shares of expense or as to the amounts severally contributed, or as to failure on the part of any owner to contribute his share, the matter may be decided after inquiry by the Canal Officer or Collector, as provided in the last preceding section.

Dispute as to shares and payments.

89. Any order passed by the Collector, under either of the two last preceding sections, and, subject to the provisions of section ninety-one, any such order passed by a Canal Officer, shall remain in force until set aside by the decree of a Civil Court, and may be executed by any Canal Officer as if it were a decree of the Civil Court.

Order passed by Collector and Canal Officer to remain in force until set aside by Civil Court.

90. All suits arising out of the exercise of the power of distraint for recovery of water-rates, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power of distraint,

Jurisdiction as to suits arising out of powers of distraint.

or by persons in receipt of the water-rates against any agents employed by them in the collection of such water-rates, or the sureties of such agents for money received or for accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession,

shall be cognizable by the same Court or authority as would have jurisdiction if such water-rates were rent due for the land irrigated.

91. Every order passed by a Canal Officer under Part V, Part VI, Part VII, or Part VIII of this Act, shall be appealable to the Collector, provided that the appeal be presented within thirty days of the date on which the Canal Officer made the order appealed against; and no appeal shall lie against any proceeding or order of the Collector under this Act, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, but all such proceedings and orders shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division and of the Board of Revenue, who may pass such order thereon as they may respectively think fit.

Appeal and supervision.

92. Any officer empowered under this Act to conduct any enquiry may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning and examining of witnesses, as are conferred on Civil Courts by the Code of Civil Procedure; and every such enquiry shall be deemed a judicial proceeding.

Power to summon and examine witnesses.

PART IX.

OF OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

93. Whoever, voluntarily and without proper authority, does any of the acts following, that is to say,—

- (1) damages, alters, enlarges, or obstructs any canal or drainage work;
- (2) interferes with, increases or diminishes the supply of water in, or the flow of water from, through, over, or under any canal or drainage work, or by any means raises or lowers the level of the water in any canal or drainage work;
- (3) being responsible for the maintenance of a village channel, or using a village channel, neglects to take proper precautions for the prevention of waste of the water thereof, or interferes with the authorized distribution of the water therefrom, or uses such water in an unauthorized manner;
- (4) corrupts or fouls the water of any canal so as to render it less fit for the purposes for which it is ordinarily used;
- (5) destroys, defaces, or moves any level mark or water-gauge fixed by the authority of a public servant;
- (6) destroys or removes any apparatus, or part of any apparatus for controlling or regulating the flow of water in any canal or drainage-work;
- (7) passes, or causes animals or vehicles to pass in or across any of the works, banks, or channels of a canal

contrary to rules made under this Act, after he has been desired to desist therefrom;

- (8) without the permission of the Canal Officer causes, or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to graze upon any flood-embankments, or tethers, or causes or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to be tethered upon any such embankments, or roots up any grass or other vegetation growing on any such embankments, or removes, cuts, or in any way injures or causes to be removed, cut, or otherwise injured any trees, bushes, grass, or hedge intended for the protection of such embankment;

- (9) violates any rule made under the Act, for breach whereof a penalty may be incurred,

shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the

Penalty. Indian Penal Code, and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, or to both.

94. Whoever, without the authority of the Canal Officer,

Further offences.

- (1) pierces or cuts through, or attempts to pierce or cut through, or otherwise to damage, destroy, or endanger the stability of any flood-embankment;
- (2) opens, shuts, or obstructs or attempts to open, shut, or obstruct, any sluice in any such embankment;
- (3) makes any dam or other obstruction for the purpose of diverting or opposing the current of a river on the banks whereof are flood-embankments, or refuses or neglects to remove any such dam or obstruction when so required by the Canal Officer;

shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code,

Penalty. and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

95. Whenever any person is convicted of an

Obstruction to be removed and damage repaired.

offence under either of the last two preceding sections, the convicting Magistrate may order that he shall remove the obstruction or repair the damage in respect of which the conviction is held, within a period to be fixed in such order. If such person neglects or refuses to obey such order within the fixed period, the Canal Officer may remove such obstruction, or repair such damage, and the cost of such removal or repair shall be levied from such person by the Collector as a demand under section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868.

96. Any person in charge of or employed

Persons employed on canal may take offenders into custody.

upon any canal, may remove from the lands or buildings belonging thereto, or may

take into custody without a warrant and take forthwith before a Magistrate or to the nearest police station, to be dealt with according to law, any person, who within his view, commits any of the following offences:—

- (1) wilfully damages or obstructs any canal;

(2) without proper authority interferes with the supply or flow of water, in or from any canal or in any river or stream, so as to make dangerous or render less useful any canal.

97. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any offence punishable under this Act: provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

98. Whenever any person is fined for an offence under this Act, the Magistrate may direct that the whole or any part of such fine may be paid by way of compensation to any person injured by such offence, or to any person who gave information leading to the detection of such offence, or to the conviction of the offender.

PART X.

OF SUBSIDIARY RULES.

99. The Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, make rules to regulate the following matters:—

(a) the proceedings of any officer who, under any provision of this Act, is required or empowered to take action in any matter;

(b) the cases in which, the officers to whom, and the conditions subject to which, orders and decisions given under any provision of this Act, and not expressly provided for as regards appeal, shall be appealable;

(c) the persons by whom, the time, place, or manner at or in which, anything for the doing of which provision is made in this Act, shall be done;

(d) the amount of any charge made under this Act;

(e) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, alter or cancel any rules so made.

Such rules, alterations, and cancellments shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

Provided that no rules shall be made by the Lieutenant-Governor under the powers conferred on him by this section until a draft of the same shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for one month, after which time the Lieutenant-Governor may pass such rules as originally published, or with such alterations, additions, and omissions as he may think fit.

SCHEDULE A.

(See Section 2.)

ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VIII of 1867	Recovery of rates for water supplied by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1869	Recovery of rates for water supplied for purposes of irrigation.	The whole Act.

SCHEDULE B.

(See Section 74.)

APPLICATION FOR WATER.

No.

Mouzah

Pergunnah

Canal

Village-channel

Name of owner of village-channel

Name of Applicant

I, the undersigned, hereby apply for water from the above-named village-channel for the fields and crops below detailed, and I engage to pay to the Canal Officer, or other person duly authorized to receive them, the water-rates as prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions of the Bengal Irrigation Act.

and I further agree to abide by all the rules issued under that Act.

No. of field in Revenue Map.	Acreage of field.	Crop to be grown.
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Date

Signature or mark of Applicant.

SCHEDULE C

(See Section 75.)

PERMISSION TO TAKE WATER.

No.

Permit of village to take water from
Canal
Village-channel
for the undermentioned fields and crops:—

No. of field.	Acreage of	Crops to be grown.	Water-rate due	Date of payment.
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Date

Signature of Canal Officer.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

• WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

PART IV.

Bills of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

THE following Bill, as settled by the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations on the 1st April 1876, is hereby published for general information:—

A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

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SIX SCHEDULES.

A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.
PRELIMINARY.

Short title and commencement.

1. This Act may be called the "Bengal Municipal Act, 1876";

and it shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may direct, not being more than three months after the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. On the commencement of this Act the enactments specified in the fifth schedule shall be

repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof; and the enactment specified in the sixth schedule shall cease to be in force in every Municipality under this Act to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

But this repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of anything done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules and bye-laws prescribed; assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made; powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment; and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references to any such enactment shall (so far as may be practicable) be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

In reference to all the matters aforesaid, the Commissioners under Chapter II shall, in respect of every Municipality, be substituted for the late Commissioners, or Town Committee (as the case may be);

and the panchait under Chapter III shall, in respect of every Union, be substituted for the panchait under Act XX of 1856;

and the Commissioners under Chapter IV shall, in respect of every Station, be substituted for the Commissioners under Act XXVI of 1850.

3. Unless and until the Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct by a notification to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, every place in which the provisions of the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, shall have been in force immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, from the said commencement become a first class Municipality under Chapter II, and every place in which the provisions of the District Towns' Act, 1868, shall have been in force immediately

before the commencement of this Act, shall, from the said commencement, become a second class Municipality under the said Chapter;

and every place in which Act XX of 1856 shall have been in force immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, from the said commencement, become a Union under Chapter III;

and every place in which Act XXVI of 1850 shall have been in force immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, from the said commencement, become a Station under Chapter IV.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in the last preceding section, this Act shall not take effect in any cantonment without the consent of the Governor-General in Council previously obtained, nor shall the Lieutenant-Governor extend this Act to any cantonment without such consent.

5. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Carriage." (1.) "Carriage" means any wheeled vehicle with springs used for the conveyance of human beings.

"Cart." (2.) "Cart" means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle with or without springs, not included in the definition of "carriage."

"Chapter." (3.) "Chapter" means Chapter of this Act

(4.) "Holding" includes any parcel of land, house, tank, or other immoveable property which has been separately valued for assessment, or in respect of which any person has been separately assessed, or which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, should be separately valued, or in respect of which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, any person should be separately assessed.

"Holding." (5.) "House" includes any hut, shop, warehouse, or building.

(6.) "Immoveable property" means land, benefits to arise out of land, houses, things attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

(7.) "Land" means benefits to arise out of land, houses, things attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

(8.) "Moveable property" means property other than immoveable property.

(9.) "Lieutenant-Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being or the person acting in that capacity.

(10.) "Magistrate of the district" means the chief Magistrate in a district.

(11.) "The Magistrate" includes the Magistrate of the district, the Magistrate in charge of a division of the district in which division a Municipality is constituted, and every Magistrate subordinate to the Magistrate of the district to

"Immoveable property" and "land."

"Land."

"Moveable property."

"Lieutenant-Governor."

"Magistrate of the district."

"The Magistrate."

whom the Magistrate of the district may have made over any duties under this Act.

(12.) "Municipality" means any place (not being a Station as defined in clause 21 or a Union as defined in clause 22 of this section) in which this Act, or any part thereof, is in force.

(13.) "Navigable channel" means any waterway, whether natural or artificial, through which a boat can pass.

(14.) "Offensive matter" means night-soil, sewage, and other contents of privies, drains, and cess-pools.

"Owner." (15.) "Owner" includes—

(a) every person who is entitled for the time being to receive any rent in respect of the land with regard to which the word is used, whether from the occupier or otherwise;

(b) a manager on behalf of any such person;

(c) an agent for any such person;

(d) a trustee for any such person;

Provided that no such manager, agent, or trustee shall be liable to do anything required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such manager, agent, or trustee, to do such thing.

(16.) "Road" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way.

(17.) "Rubbish" means all dirt, dung, broken brick, mortar, broken glass, kitchen, or stable refuse, or refuse of any kind whatsoever, and filth of any kind not included in the term "offensive matter."

"Schedule." (18.) "Schedule" means a schedule annexed to this Act.

"Section." (19.) "Section" means a section of this Act.

(20.) "The Commissioners" means the persons for the time being appointed or elected to conduct the affairs of any Municipality or of any Station (as the case may be) under this Act, and includes *ex-officio* Commissioners under this Act.

(21.) "Station" means any town or suburb in which the provisions of Chapter IV are in force.

(22.) "Union" means any city, town, suburb or bazaar in which the provisions of Chapter III are in force.

(23.) "Year" means a year beginning on the first day of April, or on such other date as may hereafter be fixed for any Municipality by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

CHAPTER II.

OF MUNICIPALITIES.

PART I.

Of the creation of Municipalities.

6. In every place which, in accordance with the provisions of section 3, becomes a Municipality under this Chapter, every person who has been appointed or elected to be a Commis-

sioner or a Member of a Town Committee for such place under any enactment hereby repealed, shall be deemed to be a Commissioner duly appointed for such Municipality; and in every such place which becomes a first class Municipality, it shall be deemed that a rate on the annual value of holdings under section 77, and in every such place which becomes a second class Municipality as aforesaid, it shall be deemed that a tax upon persons under the said section, has been duly imposed; and such rate or tax shall be levied accordingly until the Commissioners at a meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, shall otherwise direct;

and in every Municipality as aforesaid in which a tax on carriages and animals, or a fee upon the registration of carts, or tolls on roads or on ferries, may have been levied by the Municipal Commissioners or Town Committee before the commencement of this Act, it shall be deemed that the said tax, fee or tolls have been duly imposed under section 78, and such tax, fee, or tolls shall continue to be levied accordingly until the Commissioners at a meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, shall otherwise direct.

7. Except as is hereinafter otherwise expressly provided, Chapters I, II, and V may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in the manner prescribed in section 362 to any town or village not being within the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, from such date as may be specified in such notification, and save as is hereinafter otherwise provided, such Chapters shall take effect in such town or village on the date so specified.

Provided that at least six weeks before publishing any notification as aforesaid, the Lieutenant-Governor shall cause to be published in the town or village concerned a notice of his intention to declare the said town or village to be a Municipality, unless good reason to the contrary be shown within one month.

Any objections which may be made to the proposed measure shall be duly considered by the Lieutenant-Governor before he causes to be issued the notification declaring the town or village to be a Municipality under this Act.

8. From the date specified in any notification under the last preceding section, the town or village mentioned in such notification shall be deemed to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act.

The notification shall—

(a) define the limits of the Municipality;

(b) declare whether the same shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a first or second class Municipality.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, or of his own motion, by like notification, at any time order that a municipality be transferred from one class to the other; and may vary the limits of any municipality or withdraw any town or village from the operation of this Act.

Tax on holdings and persons in first and second class municipalities.

10. Chapters I, II, and V shall not be extended to any town or village, unless the Magistrate shall have certified to the Lieutenant-Governor

Conditions on which municipality may be created.

that three-fourths of the adult male population of such town or village are chiefly employed in pursuits other than agricultural; and that such town or village contains a number of inhabitants not being less than three thousand, and an average number of not less than one thousand inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such town or village.

11. No town or village shall be declared to be a first class Municipality, unless the Magistrate shall have certified to the Lieutenant-Governor that such

Conditions on which first class municipality may be created.

town or village contains at least fifteen thousand inhabitants, and an average number of not less than two thousand inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such town or village.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification in the

Lieutenant-Governor may unite places to a Municipality.

Calcutta Gazette, declare that any place in which three-fourths of the adult male population are chiefly employed in pursuits other than agricultural, shall be united with any town or village as aforesaid for the purposes of forming a Municipality of the first or second class, as the case may be, provided that no such place shall be so united unless some part of such place be situated within the distance of one mile from some part of such town or village.

Every such declaration shall specify the boundaries of every place so to be united.

Every town or village with which any such place is united, and all places so declared to be united with any such town or village shall be deemed, for purposes of taxation, and for all other purposes, to form part of one and the same Municipality.

13. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, whenever the

Land between Municipality and place united to form part of Municipality.

Lieutenant-Governor shall declare any place or places as aforesaid to be united with any town or village for the purpose of forming one Municipality, the Lieutenant-Governor may similarly declare that any land by which any such place is separated from the town or village with which it is united, and any land by which any such place is separated from any other such place which is united with the said town or village, shall be deemed to form part of the Municipality for all purposes other than those of taxation.

And such declaration shall specify the exterior boundaries of the entire Municipality as constituted under this and the last preceding section.

PART II.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

Of the Constitution of the Municipality.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time appoint, in every

Appointment of Commissioners.

Municipality, proper persons to be Commissioners for carrying out the purposes of this Act;

Provided that the total number of Commissioners holding office in any first class Municipality shall

not at any time be less than seven or more than thirty, and in any second class Municipality shall not at any time be less than four or more than twenty;

. Provided also that not more than one-fourth of the whole number of Commissioners so appointed shall be persons holding in the judicial, police, or revenue departments of the Government service salaried offices of which the functions are exercised within the district in which the Municipality is situated, unless such persons be elected Commissioners under the next succeeding section.

In case such whole number is not evenly divisible by four, the one-fourth shall be ascertained by taking the number next below the whole number, which is evenly divisible by four, as the number to be divided.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time direct that the whole or

Election of Commissioners.

any number of the Commissioners to be appointed under the last preceding section shall be elected, and may lay down such rules as he shall think fit, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect of the qualifications required to entitle any person to stand as a candidate for such election, and to entitle any person to vote for any such candidate, and in respect of the mode of election; and the Lieutenant-Governor may at any time cancel any rule made by him under this section.

But the elective system shall not be introduced into any Municipality unless the Magistrate certifies that at least one-third of the rate-payers residing therein have signed a petition praying for its introduction.

16. In addition to the Commissioners appointed

Ex-officio Commissioners.

or elected as hereinbefore provided, the Magistrate of the district, the Magistrate of the division, and the medical officer in charge of the district shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions; and the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, that the persons for the time being exercising the functions of the offices to be named in such notification shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners for any or every Municipality to which the functions of the offices held by the persons so appointed may extend.

17. The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint

Ad-interim Vice-Chairman and Commissioners.

any persons to be *ad-interim* Vice-Chairman and Commissioners pending the election of Commissioners.

18. No person who is not an owner or an

Qualification of Commissioner.

occupier of land in the Municipality shall be appointed or elected a Commissioner in such Municipality; but this section shall not apply to any person whom the Lieutenant-Governor may direct to be an *ex-officio* Commissioner.

19. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time

Resignation of Commissioner.

to time accept the resignation of any Commissioner appointed or elected under this Act.

20. The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, remove any Commissioner appointed or elected under this Act, if such Commissioner shall have been guilty of misconduct in the discharge of his duties, or of any disgraceful conduct.

21. Any Commissioner who, without having obtained permission from the Commissioners, shall have omitted to attend six consecutive meetings of the Commissioners, and any Commissioner who shall have been sentenced to imprisonment, shall cease to be a Commissioner.

22. Except as hereinafter provided, every Commissioner shall vacate his office at the end of three years from the first day of the year next following the date of his appointment or election as such Commissioner.

23. When Commissioners are for the first time appointed or elected in any place, one-third of the whole number of which the body may consist on the first day of the year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners, shall retire at the end of one year, and another third at the end of two years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners.

In case such whole number is not evenly divisible by three, the one-third shall be ascertained by taking the number next below the whole number, which is evenly divisible by three, as the number to be divided.

The Commissioners who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be selected by lot.

24. When any Commissioners have been elected in a Municipality, the rule of rotation in the last preceding section shall be applied separately to the Commissioners who have been appointed, and separately to the Commissioners who have been elected.

25. In calculating the whole number of Commissioners for the purposes of section 23, all *ex-officio* Commissioners shall be excluded; and such *ex-officio* Commissioners shall remain Commissioners so long as they continue to hold the respective offices in virtue of which they are respectively Commissioners.

26. When this Act comes into force in any place in which persons appointed or elected under any enactment hereby repealed remain in office as Commissioners, one-third of the whole number of which the body may consist on the date when this Act so comes into force shall retire at the end of one year, and another third at the end of two years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the year next following the date on which this Act shall have come into force in such place.

In case such whole number is not evenly divi-

sible by three, the one-third shall be ascertained by taking the number next below the whole number which is evenly divisible by three, as the number to be divided.

The Commissioners who shall retire at the end of the first and second year respectively shall be selected by lot out of those who have held office for more than three years at the end of such years respectively; and should the number of persons who have held office for more than three years fall short of one-third of the whole number of Commissioners, the number required to make up the one-third shall be selected by lot out of those Commissioners who have held office for less than three years.

27. Any person who has resigned the office of Commissioner, or has retired therefrom under sections 22, 23, or 24, or who has ceased to be a Commissioner in consequence of his failure to attend meetings as provided in section 21, may be at any time re-appointed or re-elected a Commissioner; but no person removed by the Lieutenant-Governor from his office under section 20, or who has ceased to be a Commissioner in consequence of being sentenced to imprisonment may be elected or re-elected a Commissioner without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor.

28. Unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint any other person to be such Chairman, the Magistrate of the district, if the Municipality be within the sudder division, and the Magistrate in charge of the division of the district, if the Municipality be situated within any other than the sudder division, shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Commissioners of the Municipality.

The Magistrate of the district may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division, delegate to any Magistrate subordinate to him at a sudder station any of the powers vested by this Act in him as the Chairman of the Commissioners of any Municipality, and may withdraw such powers.

In the absence of the Magistrate of a division of the district, the Magistrate of the district may appoint any Magistrate subordinate to him to officiate as Chairman of the Commissioners within such division.

29. The Commissioners at a meeting shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor; he shall hold office for one year from the beginning of the year next following his election, and shall be eligible for re-election for the following year.

The Vice-Chairman, on election or re-election, shall be held to be appointed a Commissioner under this Act during his term of office.

The Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from the office of Vice-Chairman by a resolution of the Commissioners, in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners shall have given their votes either personally or in writing:

Provided that the Lieutenant-Governor may sanction the election permanently, or for a term of years, of a salaried Vice-Chairman, if proposed by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Provided also that the present salaried Vice-Chairman of any Municipality who has been appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions of any enactment hereby repealed shall continue to hold the office until he resigns or is removed with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor.

30. The Commissioners shall, in the name of their Chairman, by the description of "The Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of _____," be a body corporate, and have perpetual succession, and a common seal, and in such name shall sue and be sued.

Such common seal shall have the name of the Municipality engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular of the district.

Of the Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

31. All property, moveable and immoveable, of any kind whatsoever, derived under any of the enactments specified in the fifth schedule, or otherwise, and vested in, or held in trust for the late Commissioners, or Committee, (being the Commissioners or Committee appointed under any of the said enactments), shall become vested in the Commissioners and their successors.

32. All roads, bridges, embankments, tanks, ghâts, wharves, jetties, wells, channels and drains in any Municipality (not being private property), and not being maintained by Government or at the public expense, now existing or which shall hereafter be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided therefor, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners.

But the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification, exclude any road, bridge, embankment, or drain from the operation of this Act, and may cancel such notification wholly or in part; provided that if the cost of the construction of the work shall have been paid from the Municipal Fund, such work shall not be excluded from the operation of this Act without the consent of the Commissioners.

33. The Commissioners at a meeting may agree with the person in whom the property in any road, bridge, embankment, tank, ghât, wharf, jetty, well, channel, or drain is vested to take over the property therein, and after such agreement may declare, by notice in writing put up thereon or near thereto that such road, bridge, embankment, tank, ghât, wharf, jetty, well, channel, or drain has been transferred to the Commissioners;

Thereupon the property therein shall vest in the Commissioners, and such road, bridge, embankment, tank, ghât, wharf, jetty, well, channel, or drain shall thenceforth be repaired and maintained out of the Municipal Fund.

34. Every hospital, dispensary, school, rest-house, ghât, and market, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and

all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being such property, which at and after the commencement of this Act shall be found within any Municipality, may, by order of the Lieutenant-Governor, duly published on the spot, be vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging thereto shall be transferred to, and vested in, such Commissioners as trustees for the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer:

Provided that no such order shall be published until one month after notice of the intention to transfer such property shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and within the Municipality in the vernacular language of the district.

35. If the Commissioners at a meeting shall, after publication of a notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, object to the transfer to themselves of any hospital, dispensary, school, rest-house, ghât, or market, on the ground that their funds cannot bear the charge, then such transfer shall not be made save under such conditions as the Commissioners at a meeting may agree to accept.

36. The Commissioners at a meeting may purchase or take on lease any land for the purposes of this Act, and may sell, let, or otherwise dispose of any land not required for such purposes.

37. The Lieutenant-Governor, on the application of the Commissioners that any land be acquired for the purposes of this Act, may, on being satisfied that the Commissioners are in a position to pay for such land either at once or in such instalments as the Lieutenant-Governor may think proper, notify under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, or any similar Act for the time being in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes, that such land is required for a public purpose, and may cause such land to be acquired under the provisions of such Act; and on payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

38. The Commissioners shall be bound to pay to the Government the cost of any land which may be acquired for them on their application under the provisions of the last preceding section.

39. The Commissioners may enter into and perform any contract necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in a first class Municipality in respect of any sum exceeding five hundred rupees, or which shall involve a value exceeding five hundred rupees, and every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in a second class Municipality in respect of any sum exceeding two hundred rupees, or which shall involve a value exceeding two hundred rupees, shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners at a meeting, and shall be in writing, and signed by at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chair-

man or Vice-Chairman, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed, such contract shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

Of the Mode of transacting the Business of the Municipality.

40. The Commissioners shall meet for the transaction of business (if there be any business to be transacted) at their office, or at some other convenient place, at least once in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman.

If there shall be no business to be laid before the meeting at any monthly meeting, the Chairman shall, instead of calling the meeting, give notice of the same to each Commissioner three days before the date which is appointed for the monthly meeting.

41. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall call a special meeting on a requisition signed by not less than three of the Commissioners.

42. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every meeting, and, in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside.

43. All questions which may come before the Commissioners at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.

In case of equality of votes, the President shall have a second or casting vote.

44. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Commissioners unless such meeting has been called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and unless a quorum shall be present.

A quorum shall be, in any Municipality in which the Commissioners are more than fifteen, five; in any other Municipality a number being not less than one-third of the entire number of Commissioners:

Provided that it shall require two members at least to form a quorum.

45. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the Commissioners shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and shall be signed by the President of the meeting, and such book shall be open to the inspection of the tax-payers.

46. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with this Act, or for the purpose of making any order authorised thereby, exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners:

Provided that the Chairman shall not act in opposition to, or in contravention of, any order of the Commissioners at a meeting, or exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting.

47. The Chairman may, by a written order, delegate to the Vice-Chairman all or any of the duties or powers of a Chairman as defined in this Act, subject to such restrictions as may seem fit to him, and may at any time by a written order withdraw the same.

Provided that nothing done by the Vice-Chairman which might have been done under the authority of a written order from the Chairman shall be invalid for want of or defect of such written order, if it be done with the express or implied consent of the Chairman.

48. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time decide whether a paid Secretary, Engineer, or Health Officer is required or not, and what number of assessors, overseers, clerks, registrars, subordinate officers, servants, and collectors of taxes or tolls, may be necessary for the Municipality, and shall from time to time fix the salaries to be paid to such persons respectively out of the Municipal Fund, and the allowances to be granted to such persons during absence on leave.

Subject to the scale of establishment decided upon by the Commissioners under this section, the Chairman shall have power to appoint such persons as he may think fit, and from time to time to remove such persons and appoint others in their places.

Provided that no person shall be appointed to an office the salary of which is more than two hundred rupees per mensem without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the Division; and provided also that no officer whose salary is more than fifty rupees per mensem shall be dismissed without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting.

49. The Commissioners shall take from every collector of municipal taxes or tolls, and from every other officer whose duty it is to receive or expend money on behalf of the Commissioners, such security as they may think proper.

Of Ward Committees.

50. The Commissioners at a meeting may divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon appoint, or cause to be elected, for each ward, not less than three proper persons, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be Members of the Ward Committee, and the Commissioners at a meeting may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected.

51. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division, lay down rules, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect of the qualifications required to entitle any person other than a Commissioner, to stand as a candidate for such election, and to entitle any person to vote for any candidate, and in respect of the mode of election; and the Commissioners may at any time cancel any rule made by them under this section for such election.

52. Each Ward Committee may, for each year if they see fit, elect their own Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if necessary) from among their own number, provided that if one or more Commissioners are members of the Ward Committee, the Chairman of the Ward Committee shall be a Commissioner.

53. The Commissioners at a meeting may delegate to a Ward Committee such of the powers of Commissioners under this Act as to them may seem fit; and such Ward Committee, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Commissioners at a meeting, may exercise all or any of such powers, and shall be liable to all the obligations imposed by this Act on Commissioners in respect of such powers.

All acts done, orders issued, and assessments made by Ward Committees, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioners at a meeting, who may at any time withdraw all or any of such powers.

54. The provisions of sections 41 to 47 (both inclusive) shall, as far as possible, be applicable to the transaction of business by Ward Committees, and the Commissioners shall sanction the establishments of Ward Committees in accordance with the provisions of section 48.

55. All questions regarding the removal, resignation, and appointment of Members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Liability of Commissioners and Ward Committees.

56. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred, by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Every Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners to which he shall knowingly have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

57. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners, and if any Commissioner shall be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office as a Commissioner, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners.

But no such shareholder or member shall act as a Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee in a matter relating to any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners.

58. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall vote on any question which regards exclusively the assessment of himself, or the valuation of his property, or his liability to any tax.

PART III.

OF THE MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

59. All sums received by the Commissioners, and all fines paid or levied in any Municipality under this Act, and all other sums which, under the sanction of Government, may be transferred to the Commissioners, shall constitute a fund which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind whatsoever, which may become vested in the Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them in trust for the purposes of this Act.

The Municipal Fund shall be deemed to be the fund applicable to police purposes mentioned in sections 11 and 48 of Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (*to provide for the better regulation of the Police within the Suburbs of the Town of Calcutta*).

60. The Commissioners shall set apart and apply annually out of the Municipal Fund—

first, such sum as they are by this Act required to provide for the maintenance of the municipal police force;

secondly, such sum as may be required for the payment of the interest which may fall due on any loan contracted by the Commissioners;

thirdly, such sum as they are by this Act required to provide for payment of their own establishment and the expenses of their office, and for payment of the municipal establishments entertained in the offices of the Magistrate and of the Commissioner of the division under section 74.

61. After the said sums have been set apart under the last preceding section, the Commissioners at a meeting shall,

as far as the Municipal Fund permits, from time to time cause roads, bridges, embankments, tanks, ghâts, wharves, jetties, wells, channels, drains, privies, latrines, and urinals being the property of the Commissioners to be maintained and repaired, and the Municipality to be cleansed;

and may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, apply the Municipal Fund to any of the following purposes within the Municipality, that is to say—

(1) the construction and improvement of roads, bridges, embankments, squares, gardens, tanks, ghâts, wharves, jetties, wells, channels, drains, privies, latrines, and urinals;

(2) the supply of water, and the lighting and watering of roads;

(3) the erection and maintenance of offices, police stations, and other buildings required for municipal purposes;

(4) other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants;

provided that for every thousand inhabitants of any Municipality not more than two hundred

rupees a year shall be expended on such other works of public utility, unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall, at the request of the Commissioners at a meeting, extend such limit for a special object;

(5) the construction and repair of school-houses, and the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid;

(6) the establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries;

(7) the promotion of vaccination;

(8) and generally to carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Provided that no portion of the Municipal Fund shall be applied to the establishment and maintenance of any school, hospital, or dispensary, or to the promotion of vaccination, unless such application be sanctioned by the consent of a majority of the Commissioners, present at a meeting specially convened for considering such application, or held after special notice has been given that such application will be considered at such meeting.

The Commissioners may do all things, not being inconsistent with this Act, which may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

62. With the consent of two-thirds of the Commissioners obtained in writing, and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Commissioners may contribute a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality, or elsewhere, for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section, and also towards the expenses of making, maintaining, and repairing any work for the improvement of a river or harbour (by whomsoever such work may be done):

but no contribution shall be made under this section to any work unless the same is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing Municipality.

63. The account books of the Municipality shall be open to the inspection of any tax-payer at the office of the Commissioners on a day to be fixed in each month.

An account showing the receipts and expenditure during the quarter, arranged under the proper heads and duly balanced, shall be prepared immediately after the close of each quarter, and shall, with the account books, be open to the inspection of any tax-payer, and a copy of such account shall be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district.

A similar account shall be prepared for each year as soon as possible after its close, and shall be open to inspection as aforesaid, and a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district for submission to the Commissioner of the division.

64. The Commissioners, at a meeting held at least three months before the close of the year, shall prepare in detail estimates showing the probable receipts and expenditure during the ensuing year, and the objects in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure.

65. Copies of the estimates and translations thereof in the vernacular of the district shall be lodged in the office of the Magistrate and in the municipal office or offices.

During fourteen days after the estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be locally published, the estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any tax-payer of such Municipality who may desire to inspect the same.

Any written suggestion which may be deposited in the office of the Commissioners shall be recorded and laid before them for consideration at the next meeting.

66. After the expiration of the said fourteen days, and after such revision as may appear requisite, the Chairman shall transmit the estimates to the Magistrate of the district with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Commissioners at a meeting; and the Magistrate of the district shall forward them to the Commissioner of the division together with such remarks or objections, and his own opinion thereon.

67. The Commissioner of the division may either sanction the estimate or may submit it for the consideration of the Lieutenant-Governor. The Lieutenant-Governor may either sanction the estimate as it stands, or sanction it after making such alterations therein as may seem to him fit, or may cause it to be returned to the Commissioners for such modifications as he may think necessary; and when such modifications have been made, the estimate shall be re-submitted to the Commissioner of the division and passed by him.

68. The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time revise any estimate of expenditure with the view of providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the appropriation of the amount at their disposal, and such revised estimate shall be published, and forwarded for sanction to the Commissioner of the division through the Magistrate of the district in the manner prescribed by section 66; and the Commissioner of the division and the Lieutenant-Governor may deal with such revised estimate in the manner provided by the last preceding section.

69. After the estimates of the Municipality for the year shall have been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the division, the Commissioners at a meeting may, from time to time, by a general or a special resolution, authorize the expenditure of any sum provided in such estimates, or any part of such sum, for the purpose to which it has been assigned in such estimate.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Lieutenant Governor may lay down such rules as he may think fit limiting or regulating the powers of any Municipality in respect to the expenditure of money for purposes which are provided for in the budget estimates of the year.

70. If any work is estimated to cost above three thousand rupees, the Lieutenant-Governor may require the plans and estimates of such work to be submitted for his approval, or for the approval of any officer of Government, before such work is commenced;

and may require statements of the progress and completion of such work, with accounts of the expenditure on the same, to be submitted from time to time, in such form as he may prescribe, for his approval, or for the approval of such officer of Government.

71. It shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to authorize the expenditure on any object during the year of a sum in excess of that which has been sanctioned in the estimate of the year, or in a revised estimate, for such object; but if it be found necessary in the course of the year, the Commissioners may recommend to the Commissioner of the division that the allotments which have been made to the different heads of the estimate shall be modified by transfer of any amount from one head to another, and the Commissioner of the division may sanction such transfers of allotment.

72. The Commissioners shall, at such time and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish annually a report of their proceedings and statements of the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them.

The report and any orders which may be passed thereon by Government shall be open to the inspection of the tax-payers at the office of the Commissioners, with the account, books and the quarterly and annual accounts; and the Lieutenant-Governor may cause any such report to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

73. The municipal accounts shall be audited each year by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, and the expense of such audit shall be paid from the Municipal Fund.

74. The Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the cost of maintaining clerks or other establishments in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Commissioner of the division, for the audit of accounts and the requisite correspondence connected with the purposes of this Act, shall be paid in rateable proportion from the funds of the several Municipalities which may be constituted under this Act in such district or division.

And the Commissioners of every Municipality shall pay to the Magistrate of the district the sum which they may be required to pay for the purposes of this section and the last preceding section.

75. All sums received on account of the Municipal Fund shall be paid into a Government treasury, or, into any bank or branch bank used as a Government treasury in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the account of the Municipality to which they belong:

Provided that the Commissioners may invest any moneys not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings' Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor.

76. Unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall expressly extend (as he is hereby empowered to do on the recommendation of the Commissioners) the limit of the powers of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman in this behalf, all orders for the payment of money from the Municipal Fund, if for a sum not above five hundred rupees in a first class Municipality, and not above two hundred rupees in a second class Municipality, shall be signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman; and all orders for larger sums by both of the said officers, or by one of the said officers and another Commissioner.

No such orders shall be issued otherwise than for the payment of money of which the expenditure has been authorized by the Commissioners at a meeting, as provided in section 69.

PART IV.

OF MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

Of the Power to impose Taxes and Tolls.

77. The Commissioners may, from time to time, at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, of which due notice shall have been given, and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, impose within the limits of the Municipality one or other, but not both, of the following taxes:—

(a) a tax upon persons occupying holdings within the Municipality according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality:

provided that the total sum to be raised by such tax in any year shall not exceed the sum which would be produced by an average rate of two rupees and four annas per annum for each holding, and that the amount assessed in respect of the occupation of any one holding shall not be more than eighty-four rupees per annum; or

(b) a rate on the annual value of all holdings situated within the Municipality:

provided that such rate shall not exceed seven and a half per centum on the annual value of such holdings, except within the Municipality of Dacca, in which it shall not exceed ten per centum on such annual value; and provided also that no rate shall be imposed on any holding of which the annual value is less than six rupees.

78. The Commissioners may, from time to time, at a meeting convened as aforesaid, and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, order that the following tax, fee, and tolls, or any of them, be levied within the limits of the Municipality in addition to either of the taxes mentioned in the last preceding section:—

(a) a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals named in the third schedule.

(b) a fee on the registration of carts.

(c) tolls on ferries and (subject to the provisions of sections 149 and 150) tolls upon bridges and metalled roads.

Of the Tax on Persons.

79. When it has been determined that a tax shall be imposed on persons occupying holdings within the Municipality, according to their circumstances and property, the Commissioners, after making such enquiries as may be necessary, shall cause to be prepared an assessment list which shall contain the following particulars, and any others which the Commissioners may think proper to include:—

- (a) name of the street or road in which the holding is situated;
- (b) number of the holding on the register;
- (c) name of person occupying the holding, whether such person be assessed or exempted from assessment;
- (d) description of the holding, and of the property within the Municipality, with profession or business of the person assessed;
- (e) amount of annual assessment;
- (f) amount of quarterly instalment;
- (g) if the occupier of the holding is exempted from assessment, a note to that effect.

The tax upon persons shall be payable in quarterly instalments by persons occupying holdings.

80. Save as is herein otherwise provided, every assessment of the tax upon persons, shall take effect from the beginning of the year next following that in which the notice required by section 103 is published, and shall be valid for three years and until the beginning of the year next after the date on which a new assessment or valuation may be published, or until the assessment and valuation be revised and amended.

Provided that when Chapters I, II, and V are extended to any place, the first assessment may take effect from the beginning of the quarter next following that in which the said notice shall be published.

Provided also that whenever the tax on persons which was assessed under the District Towns' Act, 1868, remains in force in any second class Municipality and is levied therein under the provisions of section 6, the Commissioners may revise such assessment, or may make a new assessment, and may order that such revision or new assessment shall take effect from the beginning of the year next following the date on which the notice required by section 103 is published.

81. In any Municipality in which the tax on persons is imposed, no tax shall be assessed on any person in respect of his occupation of any holding which is the property of Government and used for the purposes of a public building, but a rate of seven and a half per centum shall be assessed on the annual value of every such holding, to be ascertained in the manner prescribed by section 92, and such rate shall be payable by the Government.

Provided that no rate shall be assessed or levied on any arable land, or on any building which is

used exclusively as a place of worship, or as a hospital.

82. Whenever any tax shall have been assessed on any person in respect of his occupation of two or more holdings, and the aggregate of the amount so assessed upon him shall exceed eighty-four rupees per annum, such person may, within fifteen days of the publication of the notice required by section 103, apply to the Commissioners to cancel such assessment, and to substitute for the total amount of tax so assessed upon him in respect of the said holdings a rate to be calculated at seven and a half per centum on the annual value of such holdings; and the Commissioners shall thereupon substitute such rate; and for the purpose of calculating the amount of such rate, shall determine the annual value of the said holdings in the manner prescribed by section 92.

Every rate imposed under this section shall be payable by the occupier of the holdings so rated.

83. The Commissioners may exempt from assessment any person who may by them be deemed too poor to pay the tax; but the name of the occupier of every holding shall be included in the assessment list, whether he be assessed or exempted from assessment.

84. Any person mentioned in the assessment list, who shall at any time after the publication thereof have ceased to occupy any holding in respect of the occupation of which he has been assessed, or whose means and property in respect of which he has been so assessed shall have been reduced, may apply to the Commissioners to exempt him from his assessment or to revise the same.

85. The Commissioners may, at any time after the publication of the notice required by section 103, assess any person who was without authority omitted from the assessment list, or whose liability to assessment has accrued thereafter, and may enhance any assessment which appears to them to be inadequate, and to have been so made owing to mistake or fraud.

Any assessment or enhancement made under this section shall take effect from the beginning of the quarter next following that in which such assessment or enhancement is made.

86. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the assessment list the name of any new occupier of a holding, and may assess the tax on such person, and such person shall be liable to pay such assessment from the date on which his occupation of the holding commenced.

87. If any holding shall become vacant in the course of the year, the assessment on account of the occupation of such holding shall cease to have effect from the first day of the quarter next following that in which it became vacant.

Of the Rate on the value of Holdings.

88. When it has been determined that a rate shall be imposed on the annual value of holdings, the

Commissioners, after making such enquiries as may be necessary, shall determine the valuation of all holdings within the Municipality as hereinafter provided.

89. Save as is herein otherwise provided, such valuation shall be valid for three years from the date on which it first takes effect in the Municipality, and until the beginning of the year next after the date on which a new valuation may be made, or until the valuation be revised and amended.

Provided that whenever the tax on the value of holdings which was imposed and assessed under the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, remains in force in any Municipality and is levied thereon under the provisions of section 6, the Commissioners may revise the valuation and rating according to which such tax is being levied, or may make a new valuation and rating, and may order that such revision or such new valuation and rating shall take effect from the beginning of the year next following the date on which the notice required by section 103 is published.

90. The rate on the value of holdings shall not be assessed or levied on any holding which is used exclusively as a place of worship, or as a hospital.

91. The Commissioners, in order to prepare the valuation list, may, whenever they think fit, by notice, require the owners or occupiers of all holdings to furnish them with returns of the rent or annual value thereof, and the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, at any time between sunrise and sunset, may enter, inspect, and measure any such holding after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof.

92. The gross annual rent at which any holding may be reasonably expected to let, shall be deemed to be the annual value thereof, and such value shall accordingly be determined by the Commissioners, and entered in the valuation list.

93. Subject to the provisions of section 77, the Commissioners, at a meeting to be held before the close of the year next preceding the year to which the rate will apply, shall determine the percentage on the valuation of holdings at which the rate shall be levied, and the percentage so fixed shall remain in force until the order of the Commissioners determining such percentage shall be rescinded, and until the Commissioners at a meeting shall determine some other percentage on the valuation of holdings at which the rate will be levied from the beginning of the next year.

Provided that when Chapters I, II, and V are extended to any place, the first rate may be levied from the beginning of the quarter next after that in which the percentage has been fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting.

94. As soon as possible after the percentage at which the rate is to be levied on the next year shall have been determined under

the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall cause to be prepared a valuation and rating list, which shall contain the following particulars, and any others which the Commissioners may think proper to include:—

- (a) name of the street or road in which the holding is situated;
- (b) number of the holding on the register;
- (c) description of the holding;
- (d) annual value of the holding;
- (e) name of owner;
- (f) amount of rate payable for the year;
- (g) amount of quarterly instalment;
- (h) if the holding is exempted from assessment, a note to that effect.

The rate upon holdings shall be payable in quarterly instalments by the owner of the holding.

95. If any house belongs to one owner, and the land on which it stands and the adjacent land which is usually occupied therewith, belongs to another, the Commissioners may value such house and land together and may impose thereon one consolidated rate.

The total amount of the rates shall be payable by the owner of the house, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the land such proportion of the rate so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which such rent bears to the annual value of the holding.

If the owner of the house and the owner of the land do not agree in respect of the proportion of the rate so deducted by the owner of the house, the Commissioners shall, on the application of either party, make an award declaring the amount payable by each, and such award shall be final.

96. If the sum due from the owner of any holding remains unpaid after the notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the Municipality, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the same may be recovered from the occupier for the time being of such holding, who may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him:

Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any holding for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

97. Whenever, from the circumstances of the case, the levy of the rate on any holding in the Municipality would be productive of excessive hardship to the person liable to pay the same, the Commissioners at a meeting may reduce the amount payable on account of such holding, or may remit the same.

98. If the value of any holding shall be diminished from any cause beyond the control of the owner thereof, the owner thereof may apply for reduction of the valuation of the same.

99. The Commissioners may, at any time after the publication of the notice required by section 103, value and rate any holding which was without authority omitted from the valuation and rating list, or which has become liable to valuation and rating after the publication thereof, and may enhance the valuation and rating of any holding which may appear to have been insufficiently valued or rated through mistake or fraud; and may re-value and re-assess the rate on any holding the value of which has been increased by additions or alterations to any building thereon.

Any rate imposed or enhancement made under this section shall take effect from the beginning of the quarter next following that in which the rate shall be imposed or enhancement made.

100. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the valuation and rating list the name of any person to whom any holding mentioned therein shall have been transferred.

Such person shall be liable to pay the rate payable on such holding from the first day of the quarter next after the date of the transfer.

101. When any holding has been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any year, the Commissioners shall remit, and, if the rate has been paid, shall refund, one-half of so much of the rate of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said holding has remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such holding, or his agent, has given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof.

The amount of tax to be remitted or refunded shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

102. Whoever, being the owner of any holding for which a remission or refund of the rate has been made under the last preceding section, fails to give notice of the re-occupation of such holding within ten days of such re-occupation, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of rate payable quarterly on such house.

Of general provisions relating to the tax on persons and the rate on holdings and to the recovery of the same.

103. When the assessment list of the tax upon persons or the valuation and rating list of the rate on the annual value of holdings shall have been prepared or revised, the Chairman shall sign the same, and shall cause it to be deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and shall cause the notice in form (A) or the notice in form (B) of the first schedule (as the case may be) to be published in the manner required by section 362.

104. Any person who is dissatisfied with the amount assessed upon him, or with the valuation or rating of any holding, or who disputes his occupation of any holding, or his liability to be assessed, or rated, may apply to the Commissioners to review the amount of assessment, valuation, or rating, or to exempt him from the assessment of rate.

105. Every application presented under the last preceding section shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, who shall be appointed on that behalf by the Chairman. The Commissioners so appointed, after making such inquiries as they may deem necessary, may pass such order as they shall think fit in respect of such application.

The decision of such Commissioners, or of a majority thereof, in such cases shall be final.

106. Unless good cause shall be shown to the satisfaction of such Commissioners for extending the time allowed, and save as is otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no such application shall be received after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of the notice required by section 103 relating to the list containing the assessment, valuation, or rating in respect of which the application is made, or after the expiration of fifteen days from the date of service of the first notice of demand for payment at the rate in respect of which the application is made, whichever period shall last expire.

107. No objection shall be taken to any assessment or rating, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed or rated be questioned, in any other manner or by any other authority than in this Act is provided.

108. By notification to be posted up in their office, the Commissioners shall declare at what hours of each day (not being a Sunday or other recognized holiday) the office shall be open for the receipt of money.

109. The amount due by any person on account of the tax on persons, or the rate on holdings, shall be deemed to be the amount entered in the lists the notice relating to which is published under section 103, unless the amount entered in such list is subsequently altered by the Commissioners as provided in this Act, in which case the amount to which the assessment or rating is so altered shall be deemed to be the amount due.

Every instalment of such tax or rate shall be deemed to be due on the first day of the quarter in respect of which such instalment is payable.

110. For all sums paid on account of any tax or rate under this Act, a receipt stating the amount and the tax or rate on account of which it is paid shall be given, signed by the tax-collector or by some other officer authorized by the Commissioners to grant such receipts.

111. At any time within six months after any sum has become due on account of any tax or rate, the Commissioners shall cause to be served upon the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the said sum, which shall contain a statement of the period and of the tax or rate on account of which the charge is made.

If the amount mentioned in such bill be not paid on presentation thereof, a notice of demand in the form marked (A) in the second schedule shall be served on the person liable to pay the same, and such notice of demand may be served at any subsequent time, provided that no charge

shall be made in respect of the service of such notice.

Such notice shall be signed by the Chairman or an officer authorized in that behalf, and shall be served by a person authorized to receive payment.

112. If any person, after service upon him of such bill and notice, shall not, within fifteen days of the service of such notice or from the date of any order made on an application for review under section 105, pay the sum due, either to the Commissioners at their office, or to some person authorized by them to receive the money, or show to the Commissioners sufficient cause for not paying the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale shown in the table of fees marked (B) in the second schedule, may at any time within three months after the date of service of the said notice, or of the order made on an application to review as aforesaid, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, except ploughs, plough-cattle, tools or implements of trade or agriculture, wherever found, or of any such moveable property which may be found within the holding in respect of which such defaulter is liable to such tax or rate.

If the said property or any part thereof belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner thereof for any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same.

113. Every warrant of distress and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Commissioners, and shall be in the form marked (C) in the second schedule.

Distress shall be made by actual seizure of moveable property, and the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Such officer shall make an inventory of all moveable property seized under the warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the Municipality or Ward in which the property is situated, and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the form marked (D) in the second schedule:

Provided that if the property is of a perishable nature, it may be sold, with the consent of the defaulter, at any time after the expiry of twenty-four hours from the seizure.

114. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant may, under the special order of the Commissioners, between sunrise and sunset, break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, in order to make the distress, if he has reasonable ground for believing that such house contains any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, and if, after notification of his authority and purpose and demand of admittance duly made, he cannot otherwise obtain admittance.

Provided that he shall not enter or break open the door of any room appropriated for the *zanáná*, or residence of women, which by the usage of the country is considered private, except after three hours' notice and opportunity given for the retirement of the women.

115. If the sum due be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold by auction, at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible, and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure; or if unclaimed for a period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

The tax-collector or other officer authorized in that behalf shall make a return of all such sales to the Commissioners in the form marked (E) in the second schedule.

116. All officers and servants of the Commissioners, and all chowkedars, constables, and other officers of Police are prohibited from purchasing any property at any such sale.

117. The Commissioners shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the recovery of taxes under this Act.

118. If no sufficient goods or chattels belonging to a defaulter, or being upon the premises in respect of which he is assessed or rated, can be found within the Municipality, the Magistrate may, on the application of the Commissioners, issue his warrant to any officer of his Court for the distress and sale of any personal property or effects belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any personal property belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate whatsoever, and such other Magistrate shall endorse the warrant so issued, and cause it to be executed, and the amount, if levied, to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant, who shall remit the same to the Commissioners.

119. No distress or sale made under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any error, defect, or want of form in the bill, notice, summons, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto.

120. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize thereby the whole or any part of any tax, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any court of competent jurisdiction.

121. The Commissioners may order to be struck off the books the amount of any tax or rate which may appear to them to be irrecoverable.

Of the Tax on Carriages, Horses, and other Animals.

122. When it has been determined that a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals specified in the third schedule shall be imposed, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make an order that every carriage, horse, and every other animal of the kind specified in the third schedule which is kept or habitually used within, or which is let for hire within or without the Municipality, and habitually used within it, shall pay the tax, and shall cause such order to be published in the manner required by section 362.

Such order shall be published at least one month before the beginning of the half-year in which such tax shall first take effect; and shall specify at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in the third schedule, such tax shall be levied.

But such tax shall not be imposed on—

- (a) horses or ponies belonging to officers doing regimental duty, at the rate of one animal for each officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the Indian Volunteers' Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to Government, or to the Municipality, or for keeping which for the execution of their duty an allowance is made by the Government or by the Commissioners to any of their officers;
- (d) animals used by, or exclusively for the purposes of, any regiment;
- (e) horses or ponies used by police officers, at the rate of not more than one for each officer;
- (f) carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter;
- (g) animals under eleven hands in height;
- (h) carriages or animals kept for sale by any *bond fide* dealer in such carriages or animals, and not used for any other purpose.

123. Any order of the Commissioners imposing a tax under the last preceding section shall continue in force until rescinded, and the tax shall be levied at the rates specified in the order published as aforesaid, unless and until the Commissioners at a meeting, held not less than fifteen days before the end of the year, make and publish an order specifying any different rates at which the tax shall be payable for the ensuing year.

124. In any Municipality in which a tax has been imposed under the last preceding section, the owner of every carriage, horse, and other animal specified in the third schedule shall, within the first month of each half-year, forward to the Commissioners a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the carriages, horses, and other animals liable to the tax for which he is bound to take out a license.

Such owner shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the current half-year for the carriages, horses, and other animals specified in such statement, according to the rates specified in any order

for the time being in force under the two last preceding sections.

125. If any person acquires possession at any time after the commencement of any half-year, of any carriage, horse, or other animal specified in the third schedule, in respect of which no license has been given for such half-year, he shall forward a statement as above required within one month of the date on which he may have acquired possession thereof, and shall pay such amount of the tax as shall bear the same proportion to the whole tax for the half-year as the unexpired portion of the half-year bears to the half-year; and such amount shall be calculated from the date on which such person may have acquired possession as aforesaid.

126. On receiving the amount of the tax due as aforesaid, the Commissioners, or some person authorised by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same a license for the several carriages, horses, and other animals for the period in respect of which the amount is received.

Such license shall be for the current half-year and no longer.

127. Whenever the owner of any carriage, horse, or other animal liable to pay the said tax is not resident within the limits of the Municipality to the Commissioners of which the tax is due, the person in whose immediate possession the carriage, horse, or other animal is for the time being kept shall take out a license for the same.

128. Whoever keeps or is in possession of any carriage, horse, or other animal without the license required by the three last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, exclusive of the amount so payable.

129. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages or animals for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages or animals so kept by such person, in lieu of the tax at the rates specified in any order made by the Commissioners under sections 122 and 123.

130. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered in a book, to be kept by them, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons to whom, during the then current half-year, a license has been given, and of the carriages, horses, and other animals in respect of which they have paid the tax.

131. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage,

horse, or other animal liable to the tax for which a license has not been duly taken out.

And the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any such tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the carriages, horses, and other animals in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

132. On proof being given to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that a carriage, horse, or other animal for which a license has been taken out for any half-year has ceased to be kept or to be used within the Municipality during the course of such half-year, the Commissioners shall order a refund of so much of the tax for the half-year as shall bear the same proportion to the whole tax for the half-year as the period during which such carriage, horse, or other animal has not been kept or used in the Municipality bears to the half-year; but no such refund shall be allowed unless notice be given to the Commissioners within one month of the time when such use of such carriage, horse, or other animal ceased, and the Commissioners shall pass no order for refund until after the close of the half-year in respect of which the refund is claimed.

Of the Registration of Carts.

133. The Commissioners at a meeting may make and publish an order that every cart, which is kept or habitually used within, or which is let for hire within or without the Municipality and habitually used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct.

This section shall not apply to carts—

- (a) which are the property of the Government or of the Municipality;
- (b) which are kept without the limits of the Municipality, and are only temporarily and casually used within such limits;
- (c) which are kept in Howrah or within the Suburbs of Calcutta.

134. The registration of carts under the last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned yearly or half-yearly, upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall from time to time fix and notify, not exceeding four rupees if the registration has effect for a year, and not exceeding two rupees if the registration has effect for half a year, shall be paid for each registration.

135. Any person becoming possessed of any cart which has not been registered for the then current period of registration, shall register the same within one month of the date on which he may have become possessed thereof, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case on payment of such amount of the fee as shall bear the same proportion to the whole fee for the current period of registration as the unexpired portion of the current period of registration bears to the whole of such period; and such fee shall be calculated from the date on

which such person may have become possessed as aforesaid.

136. When the ownership of any registered cart is transferred within any period of registration, it shall be registered anew within one month of the transfer in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

137. Whoever keeps or is in possession of a cart not duly registered as required by the three last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such registration, exclusive of the amount so payable; and whoever, being the owner or driver of any cart, shall fail to affix thereto the registration number as required by section 131, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

138. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may seize and detain such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods), together with the animals drawing the same; and all police officers are required, on the application of the Commissioners, or of any servant of the Commissioners duly authorized in that behalf, to assist in the said seizure.

After such seizure the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of ten days they will sell such vehicle and animals by auction at such place as they may state in the notice; and if any registration fee, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains unpaid for ten days after the issue of such notice, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for payment of the said fee, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale.

Any balance that may remain out of the proceeds of the sale shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period, shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if at any time before the sale is concluded the person whose cart has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the person authorized by them to sell the cart, the amount of all the expenses incurred, and the registration fee payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the cart so seized.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the surplus of the sale proceeds of a cart seized under this section may be devoted to the payment of any fine imposed under the last preceding section; and any cart which has been seized under this section may be sold for the realization of any such fine.

Of Tolls on Ferries.

139. The Lieutenant-Governor may, with the consent of the Commissioners, make over to the Commissioners any existing public ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality,

to be administered by such Municipality until the Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct.

Every ferry while so administered shall be deemed to be a municipal ferry, and the profits derivable therefrom, or such part of the profits as the Lieutenant-Governor shall order, shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

140 The Commissioners may also, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, declare that any other ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality is a municipal ferry, and the profits derivable therefrom shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund:

provided that due compensation shall be made by the Municipality to any person for the loss which he may have sustained in consequence of such ferry being declared to be a municipal ferry.

The amount of compensation due in such cases shall be ascertained and awarded by the Magistrate under the provisions of section 4 of Bengal Act I of 1866 (*to amend certain provisions of Regulation VI of 1819*) or any similar law for the time being in force.

141. Every municipal ferry shall be maintained by the Commissioners, and they shall do all things necessary to provide for the safety and convenience of travellers, and the safety of property to be conveyed in such ferry.

142. When it has been determined to impose tolls on municipal ferries, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order specifying the ferries, and, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

143. No person shall be liable to pay any toll for crossing any river or stream at or near a municipal ferry unless he avails himself of the means provided by the Commissioners for crossing such river or stream.

144. Every lease of a ferry given by the Commissioners as hereinafter provided shall be liable to be cancelled at once, if it shall appear to the Commissioners at a meeting that the lessee has failed to make due provision for the convenience or safety of the public within fifteen days after being required to do so by a notice in writing from the Commissioners.

On the cancellation of a lease, the Commissioners may take possession of all boats and other appliances which have been used by the lessee in the working of the ferry; and may either retain the same permanently on payment of a fair price to the proprietor, or may retain them for such time as may be necessary, not exceeding three months, until they can make arrangements for such other boats and appliances as may be necessary, in which case the Commissioners shall pay a fair price to the owners for the use of the said boats and appliances.

Provided that within a week of taking such possession the Commissioners shall be bound to give notice to the said lessee of the intention to

retain the said boats and appliances permanently, or of the period during which they intend to retain them, as the case may be.

145. Any collector or lessee of tolls, or his agent, may refuse to convey any person or goods across a municipal ferry until the proper toll has been paid, and may require any person who refuses to pay the toll to leave the boat and to remove his goods from it.

Any person who refuses to leave a municipal ferry-boat or to remove his goods therefrom when required to do so under this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

146. No person shall keep a ferry-boat for the purpose of plying for hire within a distance of two miles above or below any municipal ferry without the previous sanction

of the Commissioners, if he plies within the limits of the Municipality,

of the Magistrate of the district, if without such limits,

or of the Magistrate of the district and the Commissioners, if one of the two banks between which he plies is within, and the other bank is without, such limits.

This section shall not apply to any private ferry which may be in existence at the commencement of this Act.

147. Whoever keeps a ferry-boat contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been required by a notice in writing to desist from such offence.

Of Tolls on Roads.

148. The Lieutenant-Governor may, with the consent of the Commissioners, make over to the Commissioners any existing toll-bar within the limits of the Municipality, to be administered by the Municipality until the Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct; every toll-bar while so administered shall be deemed to be a municipal toll-bar, and the profits derivable from it, or such part thereof as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

149. The Commissioners at a meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, may establish a toll-bar and levy tolls on any bridge or metalled road which they may have constructed after the commencement of this Act, or at any place within the Municipality adjacent to such bridge or metalled road at which tolls may conveniently be levied on vehicles and animals passing over such bridge or road; and the profits derived therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

Provided that no such toll-bar shall be established, or tolls levied, otherwise than for the purpose of recovering the expenses incurred in constructing such bridge or road, and in maintaining such bridge or road in repair for the five years next after the construction thereof, together

with interest on such expenses as hereinafter provided.

150. Whenever a toll-bar shall have been established, and tolls shall be levied as provided in the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall at the end of each year publish, by causing it to be posted up at their office, an abstract account showing—

(1) the amount of expenses incurred in the construction of such bridge or road, and in the maintenance of the same;

(2) the amount of interest which has accrued due thereon, at the annual rate of six per centum; and

(3) the amount which has been received from the profits of the said toll-bars;

and as soon as such expenses and interest shall have been recovered as aforesaid, such toll-bar shall be removed, and tolls shall no longer be levied on such bridge or road.

151. When it has been determined that tolls shall be levied on any such bridge or road, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, specifying the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

152. Any Collector or lessee of tolls may refuse to allow any person to pass through any municipal toll-bar until the proper toll has been paid.

153. Whoever, having driven any vehicle or animal (not exempted from toll) through a toll-gate, refuses to pay the toll, or with intent to evade payment of the toll fraudulently avoids passing through such toll-gate, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

154. If the toll due on any vehicle or animal is not paid on demand, the person authorized to collect the same may seize such vehicle or animal, or any part of its burden, of sufficient value to defray the toll, and shall give immediate notice of such seizure to the Commissioners.

After such seizure the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of ten days they will sell the property seized by auction at such place as they may state in the notice; and if any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remain undischarged for ten days after the issue of such notice, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale.

Any balance that may remain out of the proceeds of the sale shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if, at any time before the sale has been concluded, the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the officer appointed by them to sell the property, the amount of all the expenses incurred

and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the surplus of the sale proceeds of any property seized under this section may be devoted to the payment of any fine imposed under the last preceding section; and any property which has been seized under this section may be sold for the realization of any such fine.

Of general provisions relating to tolls on ferries and roads.

155. The Commissioners may grant a lease of any municipal ferry or toll-bar for any period not exceeding three years.

156. A table of tolls legibly written in the vernacular of the district shall be hung up

in some conspicuous position at each end of every municipal ferry,

and in some conspicuous position near every municipal toll-bar,

so as to be easily read by all persons required to pay the toll.

157. Whoever, being a toll-collector or lessee of a municipal ferry or toll-bar, neglects to hang up a table of tolls as required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been required by a notice in writing to desist from such offence.

158. The Commissioners, or the lessee of any municipal ferry or toll-bar, may compound with any person for a certain sum to be paid by such person for himself, or for any vehicles or animals kept by him, in lieu of the ordinary toll payable.

159. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on the march, or of animals or vehicles employed in the transport of such troops, or of military or Government stores, or the persons in charge of them,

or of military or police officers, or of any public or municipal officer on duty, or of any person in their custody, or of any property belonging to them or in their custody, or of any vehicle or animal employed by such persons for the transport of such property,

or of conservancy carts or other vehicles, or animals belonging to the Commissioners, or of the persons in charge of them,

or of any animals whether belonging to Government or otherwise, which are attached to a regiment or a Military Department, and which pass through a toll-bar, provided that tolls shall be leviable for conveying such animals over a ferry;

and the Commissioners or their lessees shall not be bound to allow any person or thing not specified above to cross a ferry or to pass a toll-gate without payment of the prescribed toll;

But the Commissioners at a meeting may exempt any other class of persons or things from payment of the said toll; and in granting a lease of any ferry or toll-bar may stipulate that any municipal servants and property and any other persons or

things shall be allowed to pass without payment of the toll.

160. In all cases of resistance to the person authorized to collect tolls, police officers shall assist when required, and for that purpose shall have the same powers as they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

161. Whoever, being authorized under this Act to collect tolls, demands or takes any higher tolls than the tolls authorized under this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and in default of payment to one month's imprisonment.

Of Tolls on Navigable Channels.

162. If the Lieutenant-Governor has declared that the provisions of the Canals' Act, 1864, or any other similar law for the time being in force, are applicable to any navigable channel which passes through the limits of a Municipality, he may, with the consent of the Commissioners, appoint the Commissioners to collect tolls as provided in section 8 of the said Act, until the Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct, and the profits derivable therefrom, or such part thereof as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

In such case the Commissioners shall exercise all the powers vested by such Act in the Collector.

163. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time order that the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them shall cease to levy any tolls under the last preceding section, and may at any time withdraw such order; provided that reasonable compensation shall be paid by the Commissioners to any farmer or other person who has entered into a legal contract with the Commissioners for the collection of such tolls, and whose profits under such contract are diminished by an order of the Lieutenant-Governor passed under this section.

PART V.

OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE.

164. All police officers appointed or employed in any Municipality shall be appointed under the provisions of Act V of 1861 (*for the Regulation of Police*) or of any similar Act for the time being in force for the regulation of the police in the police district within which the Municipality may be situated, and shall be deemed to be a portion of the police establishments under the Government of Bengal, and shall be subject to the provisions of any such Act, except as hereinafter provided.

165. Except as provided in the next succeeding section, no police officer who forms part of the strength of the municipal police for which the estimate mentioned in section 167 may have been calculated, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality save in execution of

duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

166. Whenever it shall appear to the Magistrate or to the District Superintendent of Police that it is necessary for the peace and good management of the district in which any Municipality is situated or of any other district, that one or more members of the municipal police force shall be specially deputed to any duty beyond the limits of such Municipality, not being a duty imposed on him or them by their employment as police officers of such Municipality, the Magistrate or District Superintendent may depute such member or members to such duty, which they shall be bound to perform;

Provided that during such deputation, the District Superintendent of Police shall make due provision for the efficient performance of police duties within the Municipality.

In case of and during such deputation, the salaries of the members of the police so deputed, and all other expenses incurred by their deputation, shall be paid by the Local Government and not by the Commissioners.

167. From the commencement of this Act, every District Superintendent of Police shall prepare, in such form as may be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor, an estimate of the income and expense of the Police force in every Municipality within his district for the year next following the preparation of such estimate, and shall present the same to the Commissioners of such Municipality at least four months before the beginning of the year to which the estimate relates.

168. The Police estimate shall show the number, constitution, and salaries of the Police force to be maintained in any such Municipality.

169. After the receipt of the Police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be translated into the language usually spoken in such Municipality, and such translation shall be made available for inspection by any tax-payer. The estimate shall also be laid before the Commissioners at their next meeting for consideration.

170. After such meeting, the Commissioners shall transmit the Police estimate, together with any remarks or objections which the Commissioners at the meeting may record, to the Magistrate of the district for transmission to the Commissioner of the division, and by him to the Lieutenant-Governor.

171. The Lieutenant-Governor shall consider the Police estimate so transmitted to him, and may approve, reject, or modify, and approve as modified, the same or any part thereof.

The Lieutenant-Governor shall also determine whether the whole or some, and what part of the expense of the police provided for in such estimate shall be borne by the Municipality to which the same refers:

provided that the expense so to be borne by any Municipality in which the tax on persons is in force shall not exceed, for a first class Municipality, the average rate of one rupee and eight annas in the year, and for a second class Municipality the average rate of one rupee and four annas in the year, for each holding in respect of the occupation of which the tax is imposed:

provided also that the expense so to be borne by any Municipality in which the tax on the value of holdings is in force shall not exceed five per centum on the total annual value of such holdings.

172. So much of the Police estimate as the Lieutenant-Governor may determine to be borne by any Municipality shall, for the purposes of this Act, be the expense of the Police to be borne by such Municipality for the year for which the Police estimate shall have been presented.

The amount which may be finally settled shall be entered in the estimates of the Municipality as prepared under section 64.

173. At the close of each month, the District Superintendent of Police shall cause to be prepared and laid before the Commissioners a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the month in the payment of the Police force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and, so far as the same is in accordance with the Police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the amount, or the share thereof which is payable by them under the last preceding section, to be paid from the Municipal Fund.

174. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time direct that the Magistrate in charge of any division of a district shall be deemed to be the District Superintendent of Police in respect of the Police of any Municipality within his division, or may direct that such Magistrate shall exercise any of the functions of District Superintendent of Police in regard to the Police of any such Municipality.

175. Nothing in this Act shall deprive the Commissioner of Police for the town of Calcutta of any power or authority over the Police in the Suburbs of Calcutta vested in him by Bengal Act II of 1866 (*for the better regulation of the Police within the suburbs of the town of Calcutta*).

And the Inspector-General of Police is hereby precluded from exercising over the Police within the said suburbs any of the powers and authorities vested in him by the said Act V of 1861.

176. The Deputy Commissioner of Police for the suburbs of Calcutta shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the District Superintendent of the said suburbs.

PART VI.

OF MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS WHICH SHALL BE GENERALLY IN FORCE IN ALL MUNICIPALITIES.

General.

177. The provisions of this Part shall be in force in every Municipality, unless and until the Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct.

178. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time make an order directing that all or any of the said provisions shall not be in force in any Municipality, or in any part thereof; and the provisions mentioned in such order shall cease to be in force in such Municipality or part thereof from the date specified in such order.

The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time cancel or modify any order made under this section.

179. Whenever it is provided in this Part or in Part VII that the Commissioners or the Commissioners at a meeting may require the owners or the

Procedure when owners or occupiers required to execute works by Commissioners.

occupiers, or may require the owners and the occupiers, of any land to execute any work or to do anything within a specified time, such requisition shall be made, as far as possible, by a notice to be served in the manner prescribed by sections 364 and 365 on every owner or occupier who is required to execute such work or to do such thing; but if there be any doubt as to the persons who are owners or occupiers, such requisition may be made by a notification to be posted up on or near the spot at which the work is required to be executed or the thing done, requiring the owners or the occupiers, or requiring the owners and occupiers to execute such work or to do such thing within a specified time; and in such notification it shall not be necessary to name the owners or occupiers.

Every requisition as aforesaid shall give notice to the persons to whom it is addressed that, if they fail to comply with the requisition, or to prefer an objection against such requisition as provided in the next succeeding section, the Commissioners will enter upon the land and cause the required work to be executed or the required thing to be done; and that in such case the expenses incurred thereby will be recovered from the persons who are required in such requisition to execute such work or do such thing.

180. Any person who is required by a requisition as aforesaid to execute any work or to do anything may, instead of executing the work or doing the thing

Person required to execute any work may prefer objection to the Commissioners.

required, prefer an objection in writing to the Commissioners against such requisition within five days of the service of the notice or posting up of the notification containing the requisition; or if the time within which he is required to comply with the requisition be less than five days, then within such less time.

Except as provided in the next succeeding section, such objection shall be heard and disposed of by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

181. If the objection shall allege that the cost of executing the work or of doing the thing required will exceed three hundred rupees, such objection shall be heard and disposed of by the Commissioners at a meeting, unless the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall certify that such cost will not exceed three hundred rupees, in which case the objection shall be heard and disposed of by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

Procedure if person objecting alleges that work will cost more than Rs. 300.

Provided that in any case in which the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have certified his opinion as aforesaid, and the objection shall

in consequence thereof have been heard and disposed of by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, the person making the objection may, if the requisition made upon him is not withdrawn on the hearing of his objection, pay in the said sum of three hundred rupees to the Commissioners as the cost of executing the work or the thing required; whereupon such person shall be relieved of all further liability and obligation in respect of executing the work or doing the thing required, and in respect of paying the expenses thereof; and the Commissioners themselves shall execute such work or do such thing, and shall exercise all powers necessary therefor.

182. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or the Commissioners at a meeting, as the case may be, shall, after hearing the objection and making any inquiry which they may deem necessary, record an order withdrawing, modifying, or making absolute the requisition against which the objection is preferred, and if such order does not withdraw the requisition, it shall specify the time within which the requisition shall be carried out, which shall not be less than the shortest time which might have been mentioned under this Act in the original requisition.

183. If the person making such objection be present at the office of the Commissioners, the said order shall be explained to him orally; and if such order cannot be so explained, notice of such order shall be given to the person making the objection in the manner prescribed by section 304; and such explanation of or service of the notice of the said order shall be deemed a requisition duly made under this Act to execute the work or do the thing required.

184. If the person or persons required to execute the work or to do the thing fail, within the time specified in any requisition as aforesaid, to begin to execute such work or to do such thing, and thereafter diligently to continue the same to the satisfaction of the Commissioners until it is completed, the Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf may, after giving forty-eight hours' notice of their intention by a notification to be posted up on or near the spot, enter upon the land and perform all necessary acts for the execution of the work or doing of the thing required; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners or by the occupiers, if such requisition was addressed to the owners or to the occupiers respectively, and by the owners and the occupiers, if such requisition was addressed to the owners and the occupiers.

185. Whenever any expenses incurred by the Commissioners are to be paid by the owners of any land as provided in the last preceding section, the Commissioners may, if there be more than one owner, apportion the said expenses among such owners in such manner as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

And whenever any such expenses are to be paid by the occupiers of any land, as provided in the last preceding section, the Commissioners may,

if there be more than one occupier, apportion the said expenses among such occupiers in such manner as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

186. Whenever any expenses incurred by the Commissioners are to be paid by the owners and occupiers of any land, as provided in section 184, the Commissioners may apportion the said expenses among the said owners and occupiers in such manner as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

187. Any expenses incurred, or fee chargeable by the Commissioners under, this Part or Part VII, may be recovered from the person liable to pay the same as an arrear of tax under sections 111 to 120 (both inclusive).

The demand for such expenses or fee shall be made by notice at any time within three months from the date on which the amount thereof shall have been ascertained.

188. Whenever any works or any alterations and improvements of which the Commissioners are authorized by this Part or Part VII to require the execution, are executed by the occupier on the requisition of the Commissioners, or are executed by the Commissioners, and the cost thereof is recovered from the occupier, the cost thereof may, if the Commissioners shall certify that such cost ought to be borne by the owner, be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction.

189. Any owner or occupier of land may contest his liability to pay any expenses or fees under this Part or Part VII, or may contest the amount which he has been called upon to pay, in a civil court of competent jurisdiction; provided that the fact of such action having been instituted shall be no bar to the recovery of the said amount in the manner prescribed by section 187.

190. Where any damages or compensation are by this Chapter directed to be paid by the Commissioners, the amount and, if necessary, the apportionment of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by a civil court of competent jurisdiction.

191. In any such case which is to be determined by such Court, such Court may, on the application of either party, summon the other party to appear at a time and place to be named in such summons.

Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, such Court may hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, may examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath or affirmation, and the costs of every such inquiry shall be in the discretion of such Court, which shall determine the amount thereof.

192. If the amount of damages or compensation ascertained in the manner above described be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered under a warrant of such Court by distress and sale of the moveable property of such party; and the surplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose property shall have been distrained.

Of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, Privies, and Drains.

193. The Commissioners shall provide all establishments, cattle, carts, and implements required for the removal of offensive matter and rubbish.

194. The Commissioners at a meeting may, from time to time, by an order published as prescribed in section 362, appoint the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove offensive matter and the manner in which the same shall be removed, and may provide places convenient for the deposit thereof, and may require the occupiers of houses to cause the same to be deposited daily, or at other stated intervals, in such places, and may remove the same at the expense of the occupier from any house if the occupier thereof fails to do so in accordance with this Act.

195. Whenever such order shall have been published, no mehter, nightman, or other servant of the Commissioners employed to remove offensive matter, shall withdraw from his duties without the permission of the Commissioners, unless he has given notice in writing not less than one month previously of his intention so to withdraw.

Any mehter, nightman, or other such person who after the said publication withdraws from his duties without giving such notice as aforesaid, shall be liable to rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, and shall forfeit all salary which may be due to him.

196. The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time, by an order published as prescribed in section 362, appoint the hours within which only every occupier of any house or land may place rubbish on the public road adjacent to his house or land in order that such rubbish may be removed by the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may charge such fees as they may think fit in respect of the removal of such rubbish, with the consent of the occupier of any house or land, from such house or land, or in respect of the removal from such public road of any rubbish which has accumulated in the exercise of a trade or business.

197. Whenever any order as provided in the last preceding section shall have been published in a Municipality, every occupier of any house or land who shall place or who shall allow his servants to place rubbish on a public road at other

than the appointed times, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

198. All drains, privies, and cesspools shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners.

199. The Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect all privies, drains, and cesspools at any time between sunrise and sunset, after six hours' notice in writing to the occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cesspools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies, drains, or cesspools; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such premises.

200. The Commissioners may provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals for the separate use of each sex, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be properly cleansed.

201. Whenever any land being private property, or within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners, by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or jungle, to afford facilities for the commission of a nuisance, or by want of drainage to be in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require the owners or occupiers, or the owners and occupiers of such land, within fifteen days, to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such land.

Provided that if for the purpose of effecting any drainage under this section it shall be necessary to acquire any land not being the property of the person who is required to drain his land, or to pay compensation to any other person, the Commissioners shall provide such land and pay such compensation.

202. Whoever, being an owner or occupier of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

203. All rubbish and offensive matter collected by the Commissioners from roads, privies, sewers, cesspools, and other places, shall be the property of the Commissioners, who shall have power to sell or otherwise dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

204. All existing public sewers, drains, and other conservancy works, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who shall have power to construct any further works of that nature which they may consider necessary.

Of Bathing and Washing Places and Tanks.

205. All streams, channels, water-courses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells, not being private property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

All public streams, &c. to be under direction and control of the Commissioners.

206. The Commissioners may, by order published at such places as they may think fit, set apart convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the supply of water for drinking and for culinary purposes, and may prohibit therein all bathing, washing of clothes and animals, or other acts calculated to pollute the water set apart for the purposes aforesaid :

Bathing places, &c.

and may similarly set apart a sufficient number of the same for the purposes of bathing ;

and a sufficient number for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

207. Whoever disobeys an order passed by the Commissioners under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty.

208. The Commissioners at a meeting may require the owners or occupiers, or the owners and occupiers of any land, within eight days, to cleanse any private tank or pool therein, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood.

Power to require unwholesome tanks on private premises to be cleansed or drained.

Provided that if for the purpose of effecting any drainage under this section it shall be necessary to acquire any land not being the property of the person who is required to drain his land, or to pay compensation to any other person, the Commissioners shall provide such land and pay such compensation.

209. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Penalty.

Of Obstructions and Encroachments on Roads.

210. The Commissioners may close temporarily any road or part of a road for the purpose of repairing such road, or for the purpose of constructing any sewer, drain, culvert, or bridge, or for any other public purpose.

Power to close a road or part of a road for repairs or other public purpose.

Whenever, owing to such repairs or constructions, or from any other cause, any road or part of a road shall be in a state which is dangerous to passengers, the Commissioners shall cause sufficient barriers or fences to be erected for the security of life and property, and shall cause such barriers or fences to be sufficiently lighted from sunset to sunrise.

211. Whoever, without the permission of the Commissioners, by making any excavation or erecting any wall, fence,

Penalty for erecting obstruction on road, drain, &c.

rail, post, or other obstruction, encroaches upon any drain, sewer, or aqueduct, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

212. The Commissioners may issue a notice requiring any person to remove any wall which he may have built, or any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, which he may have erected in or on any road or open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, after the date on which the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, or the District Towns Act, 1868, as the case may be, took effect in the Municipality; or in case neither of the said Acts was in force in the Municipality before the commencement of this Act, then after the date on which this Act may have been extended thereto; and if such person shall fail to comply with such requisition within eight days of the receipt of the same, the Magistrate may, on the application of the Commissioners, order that such obstruction or encroachment be removed; and thereupon the Commissioners may remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected the same.

Removal of future obstructions or encroachments in road.

No person shall be entitled to compensation in respect of the removal of any wall, fence, rail, post or other obstruction under this section.

213. Whoever fails to comply with a requisition of the Commissioners under the last preceding section, within the period specified in such requisition, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day after the expiration of eight days from the issue of such requisition until the wall, fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment is removed.

Penalty.

214. If the person who built or erected the said wall, fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment is not known or cannot be found, the

Procedure when person who erected obstruction cannot be found.

Commissioners may cause a notice to be posted up in the neighbourhood of the said wall, fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, requiring any person interested in the same to remove it, and it shall not be necessary to name any person in such requisition; and if the said wall, fence, rail, post or other obstruction or encroachment be not removed in compliance with the requisition contained in such notice within eight days of the posting up of the same, the Magistrate may, on the application of the Commissioners, order that such obstruction or encroachment be removed; and thereupon the Commissioners may remove any such obstruction or encroachment and may recover the cost of such removal by sale of the materials so removed.

Any surplus of such sale proceeds shall on demand be restored to the owners of such materials, and, if unclaimed, shall, after the lapse of one year, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

215. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house requiring him to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction erected or placed against or in front of such house which may have been so erected or placed after the date on which the District Municipal

Projections from houses erected in future to be removed.

Improvement Act, 1864, or the District Towns' Act, 1868, as the case may be, took effect in the Municipality, or in case neither of the said Acts was in force in the Municipality before the commencement of this Act, then after the date on which this Act may have been extended thereto, if the same overhangs the road, or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road ;

or obstructs or projects or encroaches into or upon any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road ;

and if such owner or occupier shall fail to comply with such requisition within eight days of the receipt of the same, the Magistrate may, on the application of the Commissioners, order that such projection, encroachment, or obstruction be removed or altered, and thereupon the Commissioners may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default.

No person shall be entitled to compensation in respect of the removal of any projection, obstruction, or encroachment under this section.

216. Whoever fails to comply with a requisition of the Commissioners under the last preceding section, within the period specified in such requisition, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees, for each day after the expiration of eight days from the issue of such requisition until the projection, encroachment or obstruction is removed.

Penalties.

217. Every order made by the Magistrate under section 212, section 214, or section 215, shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute such orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act XVIII of 1850 (*for the protection of Judicial Officers*).

218. Whenever any house, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, shall be burnt down or otherwise destroyed, or shall be taken down in order to be rebuilt or repaired, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or beyond the line of the road, or the line of the adjoining house, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house for any damage he may thereby sustain.

Houses projecting beyond line of road when taken down to be set back.

219. The Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of any land, within three days, to trim or prune the hedges bordering on any road, and to cut and trim any trees overhanging any road and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

220. Whoever disobeys an order of the Commissioners given under either of the two last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which

he fails to obey such order after he has been required to obey the same.

Of General Conservancy and Improvement.

221. If any well, tank, or other excavation, whether on public or private ground, be, for want of sufficient repairs or protection, dangerous to passengers, the Commissioners shall forthwith, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a temporary hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and may require the owners or occupiers, or the owners and occupiers of the land on which such tank, well, or other excavation is situated, forthwith properly to secure or protect such well, tank, or other excavation.

Wells, tanks, &c., to be secured.

222. Whoever fails to comply with any requisition under in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Penalty.

223. If any house, wall, structure, or anything affixed thereto, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and may require the owners or occupiers, or the owners and occupiers of the land to which such house, wall, or structure is affixed, forthwith to cause such repairs to be made to such house, wall, or structure as they may consider necessary for the public safety, or to remove such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto.

Houses, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

224. Whoever fails to comply with a requisition of the Commissioners under the last preceding section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day after the expiration of eight days from the issue of the requisition until the said house, wall, or structure is secured or taken down.

Penalty.

225. If the Commissioners shall have caused any repairs to be made to any house or other structure, and if such house or other structure be unoccupied, the Commissioners may enter upon possession of the same, and may retain possession thereof until the sum expended by them on the repairs be paid to them.

Powers to enter upon possession of houses so repaired.

226. The materials of anything which shall have been pulled down or removed under the provisions of section 223 may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied, so far as the same will extend, to the payment of the expenses incurred.

Sale of materials of houses, &c., pulled down.

Any surplus of such sale proceeds shall on demand be restored to the owner of such materials, and, if unclaimed, shall, after the lapse of three years, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

227. The Commissioners, or the Magistrate

Stray dogs to be killed
at certain appointed
periods.

of the district or of the division, may by published order appoint from time to time certain periods within which any dogs without collars, or other marks distinguishing them as private property, found straying in the roads or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs, may be destroyed; and such dogs may be destroyed in accordance with such order.

228. The Commissioners at a meeting may

Commissioners may offer
rewards for destruction of
wild animals.

offer rewards for the destruction of wild animals within the limits of a Municipality.

229. The Commissioners at a meeting may

Names of roads and
numbers of houses.

cause a name to be given to any road and to be affixed in such place as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house; and in like manner may from time to time cause such names and numbers to be altered.

Whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any

Penalty.

such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

PART VII.

OF CERTAIN MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS WHICH MAY BE EXTENDED TO ANY MUNICIPALITY BY EXPRESS ORDERS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

*General.***230. No provision contained in this Part shall**

Operation of this Part.

apply to any Municipality unless and until it has been expressly extended thereto by the Lieutenant-Governor in the manner provided by the next succeeding section.

231. The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the

Lieutenant-Governor
may order provisions of
this Part to be in force.

recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, order that all or any of the said provisions of this Part shall be in force in any Municipality; and may, on such recommendation, order that any place in a Municipality be excluded from the operation of the said provisions.

Such order shall be published in the Calcutta

Publication of order.

Gazette, and the Commissioners shall, within fifteen days of such publication, cause a copy of the same, with a translation thereof into the vernacular, to be posted up at their office, with a notice of the date on which such order shall take effect, and shall cause the same to be published as provided in section 359;

and the said provisions shall come into force in the Municipality from the date so fixed:

Provided that the date so fixed shall not be less than fifteen days after the publication under section 359, and shall not be more than three months after the publication of the order of the Lieutenant-Governor as aforesaid in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time cancel or modify an order made under this section.

*Of Privies, Drains, and Excavations.***232. The Commissioners may require the**

Commissioners may re-
quire owner or occupier
to repair drain, &c.

owners or occupiers, or the owners and occupiers of any land, within fifteen days, to repair and make efficient any drain, privy, or cesspool, or to close any cesspool which is situated on such land.

233. Whoever, without the permission of the

Penalty for throwing
rubbish into sewers.

Commissioners, throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, rubbish, offensive matter or dead bodies of animals into any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence.

234. Every person constructing a privy

Privies must be properly
enclosed.

shall have such privy shut out by a sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and the Commissioners may require any owner or occupier of land on which a privy stands, to cause the same to be shut out from view as aforesaid within fifteen days.

235. Any person constructing a privy and

Penalties.

failing to have it shut out from view as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees; and any person failing to comply with a requisition under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for every day during which the offence is continued after the expiration of the time specified in the said notice.

236. If any person, without the written con-

Unauthorized drains
leading into public sewers
may be demolished

sent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such branch drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit:

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person making or altering such branch drain.

237. Whoever, without the written consent

Penalty for altering
or making unauthorized
drains leading into public
sewers.

of the Commissioners previously obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

238. If any land, being within one hundred

Commissioners may re-
quire owner to drain land.

feet of a sewer, drain, or other outlet into which such land may, in the opinion of the Commissioners, be drained, is not drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, the Commissioners may require the owner within one month to drain the said land into such sewer, drain, or outlet.

239. If it appear to the Commissioners that a group or block of houses may be drained or improved more economically or advantageously in combination than separately, and a sewer, drain, or other outlet already exists, within one hundred feet of any part of such group or block of houses, the Commissioners may cause such group or block of houses to be drained and improved by a combined operation;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from the owners of such houses in such proportions as shall to the Commissioners seem fit.

240. If any branch drain, privy or cess-pool be constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners, or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds or unstops any branch drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, the Commissioners may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool as they think fit, or may cause the same to be removed;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cesspool was improperly constructed, rebuilt, or unstopped.

241. Whoever constructs any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, after the commencement of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners, or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, rebuilds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, shall be liable a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

242. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners construct or keep any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle for filth, sewage, house-drainage, or other offensive matter, within fifty feet of any public tank, or a tank which the inhabitants of any locality are entitled to use.

The Commissioners may require any owner and occupier upon whose land any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle so situated exists or may hereafter be constructed, to remove the same within eight days.

243. No person shall, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing, construct a privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any road or drain. The Commissioners may require any owner or occupier upon whose land any such privy exists to remove the same within eight days.

244. Any person constructing a latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house drain, or privy in contravention of the provisions of either of the two last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees; and any person failing to comply

with any requisition under the said sections shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been required by a notice in writing to desist from the offence.

245. The Commissioners at a meeting may by a general order prohibit the making of excavations for the purpose of taking earth therefrom, or for the purpose of storing rubbish or filth therein, and the digging of cesspools, tank, or pits, without special permission previously obtained from them.

If any such excavation, cesspool, tank, or pit is made after the issue and publication of such order without such special permission, the Commissioners may require the owners and occupiers of the land on which such excavation, cesspool, tank, or pit is made, within eight days, to fill up such excavation

246. Whoever shall dig or make, or cause or suffer to be dug or made therein, any such excavation, cesspool, tank, or pit without the written permission of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence.

Of Obstructions and Encroachments on Roads.

247. The Commissioners at a meeting may determine on the removal or alteration, as they shall think fit, of any projection, encroachment, or obstruction which may have been erected or placed against, or in front of, any house on any road within the limits of the Municipality, before the date on which the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, or the District towns' Act, 1868, as the case may be, took effect in the Municipality, or in case neither of the said Acts was in force in the Municipality before the commencement of this Act, then before the date on which this Act may have been extended thereto.

Notice in writing shall be given to the owner or occupier of such house, requiring him to remove or alter the said projection, encroachment or obstruction, or to show cause before the Commissioners why he should not be required so to do; and if such owner or occupier shall fail to comply with such requisition within thirty days of the receipt of the same, or if after such owner or occupier shall have shewn cause against being required to remove or alter the said projection, encroachment, or obstruction, the Commissioners shall make an absolute order directing such removal or alteration, and such owner or occupier shall fail to comply with such order within fifteen days of the date of the same, the Magistrate may, on the application of the Commissioners, order such projection, encroachment or obstruction to be removed or altered; and thereupon the Commissioners may remove or alter such projection, encroachment or obstruction.

The Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by any removal or alteration under this section.

In determining the amount of compensation, the value of the land shall not be taken into consideration.

248. Every order made by the Magistrate under the last preceding section shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute such orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act XVIII of 1850 (*for the protection of Judicial Officers*).

249. The Commissioners may grant permission to any person to deposit any moveable property on any road, or to make an excavation in any road, or to enclose the whole or any part of any road, and may charge such fees as they may fix for such permission, provided that such person undertakes to erect sufficient fences to protect the public from injury, danger, or annoyance, and to light such fences from sunset to sunrise sufficiently for such purpose.

250. Every person intending to build or take down any house, or to alter or repair the outward part of any house, shall, if any public road will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, before beginning the same, cause sufficient boards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the house where such works are being carried on from the road, and shall keep such board or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

Provided that no person shall put up a board or fence without the written permission of the Commissioners, and shall not keep up the said boards or fence for a time longer than allowed in the said written permission.

251. Every person who begins to build, or to take down or alter, or repair, any house contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any board, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or board, or to continue the same standing, or to maintain the same in good condition, or who does not, while such board or fence is standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same within eight days, when directed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Of Building Regulations.

252. The Commissioners at a meeting may direct that within certain limits, to be fixed by them, the external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings which are about to be erected, or the roofs or walls of which are about to be renewed or thoroughly repaired, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials.

253. Before beginning, within the limits of any Municipality, to build or rebuild any house, the person intending to build or rebuild such house shall give to the Commissioners notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, showing the levels and width at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Commissioners.

254. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall signify their approval of the proposed levels and width of foundation, or if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels and width of foundation in lieu thereof within the same time.

255. If such building as is mentioned in section 253 be begun or made without sending such notice and plan as are mentioned in the said section, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Commissioners, within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may require the owner or occupier to cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require.

256. If the Commissioners fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan as is mentioned in the last preceding section, and to fix other levels and width of foundation within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or rebuild the house therein referred to, according to the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan:

Provided that such building or rebuilding be otherwise in accordance with this Act.

The word "house" in this and the three last preceding sections does not include a hut.

257. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a hut, or any range or block of huts or sheds, or to add any hut or shed to any range or block already existing at the commencement of this Act, without previous notice to the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may require such huts or sheds to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines, of such width as they may think proper for ventilation and to facilitate scavengering, and with such number of privies and with such means of drainage as to them may seem necessary, and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a plinth at least two feet above the level of the nearest street.

258. If any such huts or sheds be built without giving such notice to the Commissioners or otherwise than as required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may

require the owners of the land on which such huts and sheds are built, and the occupiers of such huts and sheds, to take down and remove the same within one month, or to effect such alterations as they may deem necessary.

259. Whoever erects a hut, or any range or

Penalty.

blocks of huts or shed, or adds to any hut or shed, or to any range or block already existing, contrary to the provisions of section 257, and whoever fails to remove such hut, block of huts or shed, when required by the Commissioners to do so, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Of Sanitary Measures with regard to Blocks of Huts.

260. Whenever the Commissioners at a

Power of Commissioners as to inspection of huts.

meeting are satisfied, from inspection, or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts within the Municipality is by reason of the manner in which the huts are constructed or crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavenging, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may cause the locality to be inspected by two medical officers who shall make a report in writing on the sanitary condition of the said block of huts, and shall specify, if necessary, in the said report the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

261. On receipt of the said report the Commis-

On receipt of report Commissioners may cause notice to be served.

sioners at a meeting may require the owners or occupiers of the huts, or at the option of the Commissioners, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, to carry out and execute, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the Commissioners for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the aforesaid report, or any portion thereof respectively.

262. The Commissioners at a meeting may

Expenses may be recovered by instalments or remitted in case of poverty.

order that any expenses payable in respect of any work done by them in consequence of the failure of the owners or occupiers to execute such work when required to do so under the last preceding section, shall be recovered by instalments from the person liable to pay the same; or if it should appear to them that the said person is unable by reason of poverty to pay the same, may order the same, or any portion thereof, to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

263. If any of the said huts be pulled down, the

Sale of huts.

Commissioners shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected, and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut; or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Commissioners, until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a Civil Court of competent jurisdiction for the payment of the same.

264. In case the Commissioners should omit

If Commissioners fail to act, Lieutenant-Governor may take steps.

to take any action under sections 260 and 261, or in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor should fail to give proper effect to the provisions thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor may cause any block of huts to be inspected by the Sanitary Commissioner of Bengal, who shall make a report in writing to the Lieutenant-Governor on the sanitary condition of the locality, and in the event of his reporting that the sanitary condition of the locality is such as to be attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, shall specify the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

265. On receipt of the said report the Lieute-

On receipt of report Lieutenant-Governor may order Commissioners to serve notice on owners.

nant-Governor may order the Commissioners to require the owners or occupiers of the huts, or the owner of the land on which such huts are built, to carry out and execute, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the said report, or any portion thereof respectively, and a requisition made by the Commissioners in accordance with such order shall be deemed to be a requisition made under section 261.

266. If the Commissioners make default in

If Commissioners make default in carrying out order, Lieutenant-Governor may carry it out.

carrying out the said order of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint some officer to perform the same, and such officer may exercise such powers as the Commissioners, or the Commissioners at a meeting, might have exercised in respect of the execution of the required works, and in respect of the recovery of the expenses incurred thereby, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon the Commissioners by section 263, and the expenses incurred by such officer in the execution of the said works shall, subject to the provisions of section 262, be paid by the owners or occupiers of the huts, or the owner of the land, as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

Of the Regulation of the Sale of Food, Drink, and Drugs.

267. Every owner, or occupier, or farmer, of

Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained.

any place for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house, within the limits of a Municipality, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Commissioners and (if required so to do by the Commissioners) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided, sufficient for keeping such place, or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state.

268. If such owner, occupier, or farmer, after

Penalty.

notice in writing given to him by the Commissioners that such place or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less

than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every day during which such default is continued after issue of the said notice.

269. Any Magistrate, on the application of the Commissioners or any of their officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article which has been rendered, or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or offered, or exposed for sale, within the limits of a Municipality, as food or drink for man, may grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article;

and if it appear to the said Magistrate that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order it to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

270. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, buildings, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, corn, bread, flour, wine, spirits, butter, ghee or other food or drink, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink which may be therein: and in case any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink appear to be intended for the food or drink of man, and to be unfit for such food or drink, may seize the same;

and if it appear to a Magistrate that any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink is unfit for the food or drink of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food.

271. No place shall be kept for the sale of drugs unless the same shall have been registered in the office of the Commissioners.

272. Whoever uses any such place as is mentioned in the last preceding section without the same being registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

273. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any place kept for the sale of drugs, or in which drugs are sold, and if they have reason to suspect that any drug in the said place is adulterated in such a manner as to lessen its efficiency, to change its operation, or to render it noxious, may remove the same on giving a receipt therefor, specifying the nature and quantity of the drug removed, and its approximate value; and if it appear to a Magistrate that the said drug removed as aforesaid is adulterated as aforesaid, he may order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to him may seem fit.

If it shall appear to the said Magistrate that the drug so removed is not adulterated as aforesaid, the person from whose shop or

place it has been taken shall be entitled to have it restored to him, and it shall be in the discretion of the said Magistrate to award him such compensation as he may think proper, not exceeding the actual loss which has been sustained.

If the drug removed as aforesaid is not brought before a Magistrate, it shall be restored to the person from whose shop or place it was taken, and such person shall be entitled to compensation for any actual loss which he may have sustained by the removal of the said drug.

Of Burial and Burning-Grounds.

274. Within three months from the commencement of this Act, every place which is used as a burial or burning ground for corpses shall be registered as such by the owner thereof in the office of the Commissioners, but no fee shall be charged for such registry.

275. No burial or burning-ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed, or having lapsed into disuse, shall be again used as such otherwise than with the permission of the Commissioners, or under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor.

276. If it shall appear to the Commissioners at a meeting that any public or private burial or burning-ground is dangerous to health or offensive to the tax-payers, or to the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance, and is open and available to the inhabitants of the Municipality, the Commissioners shall give public notice of their intention to close such burial or burning-ground, and shall consider any objections which may be preferred within fifteen days of the publication of such notice; after considering such objections they may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division previously obtained, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning-ground.

If any building is attached to and used in connection with a burning-ground closed under this section, the Commissioners shall, if the owner of such building make an application to them in that behalf, take over the same on payment of a fair price therefor.

277. After the expiration of three months from the commencement of this Act, no corpse shall be buried or burnt otherwise than in a place which is borne on the register of the Commissioners as an open burial or burning-ground; but the Commissioners may grant special permission for a corpse to be buried or burnt elsewhere.

278. Whoever, after the expiration of the period mentioned in the last preceding section, knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not registered as a burial or burning ground, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

279. The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund; with the sanction of the Local Government, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning-grounds.

280. The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time out of the Municipal Fund provide for the burial and burning of paupers, free of charge, within the limits of the Municipality.

Of certain Offensive and Dangerous Trades or Occupations.

281. Within such local limits as may be fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting, no place shall be used without a license from the Commissioners, which shall be renewable annually,

for any of the following purposes, namely,

- melting tallow;
- boiling offal or blood;
- skinning or disembowelling animals;
- as a soap-house, oil-boiling-house, dyeing-house;
- tannery, slaughter-house, or kiln for making bricks, pottery, tiles, or lime;
- as a manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells may arise;
- as a yard or depot for trade in hay, straw, wood, thatching grass, jute, or other dangerously inflammable material;
- as a store-house for kerosine, petroleum, naphtha, or any inflammable oil, spirit, or explosive substance;
- as a shop for the sale of meat;
- or as a serai.

Such license shall not be withheld unless the Commissioners have reason to believe that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to persons residing in or frequenting the immediate neighbourhood.

The Commissioners may impose such conditions in respect of such license as they may think necessary.

This section shall not be applicable, until the expiration of one year from the date on which it comes into force as provided in section 231, to any land which may have been used for any such purpose before such date.

282. Whoever, without a license, uses any place for any of the aforesaid purposes within the limits of a Municipality after the expiration of the said time, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

283. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioners at a meeting that any place licensed under section 281, or that any place in respect of which the period of one year as mentioned in the said section has not expired, is nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may, notwithstanding anything contained in the said section, give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month after the date of such notice.

284. Whoever, after the expiration of such time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding forty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

285. Within such limits as the Commissioners at a meeting may determine, no milkman, cartman, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages shall keep any animals, or horned cattle exceeding ten heads for the purposes of trade or of business except in a place licensed by the Commissioners.

Such license shall be taken out half-yearly, in the first and seventh month in every year.

It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting to grant any such license subject to such conditions as they may think fit.

286. Whoever being a milkman, cartman, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages, keeps any animals, or horned cattle within such limits without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

287. Whoever, being the holder of a license under section 285 breaks the conditions of such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

288. Within such limits as the Commissioners may direct, no person shall keep any pig-stye not being shut out from a road by a sufficient wall or fence, and no person shall keep within such limits, more than ten pigs, or more than twenty sheep or goats otherwise than with the written permission of the Commissioners.

The Commissioners may charge an annual fee, not exceeding two rupees, for such permission, and may impose such conditions in respect of such permission as they may think necessary.

289. Whoever keeps any pig-stye, pigs, sheep, or goats, contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

290. Any Magistrate before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to the use of any place for a purpose for which a license is required, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made under this Act, in addition to the fine which may be imposed on such person under this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, any such license,

and the Commissioners upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, may cancel his license.

PART VIII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

291. Every Municipality, when required by the Lieutenant-Governor to do so, shall provide for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of its jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of Bengal Act IV of 1873 (*for registering births and deaths*), or any other similar Act for the time being in force.

292. The Lieutenant-Governor may require the Commissioners of any Municipality to appoint and maintain at each burning ghât and native burial-ground a Sub-Registrar for the registration of all corpses brought to such burning ghât or burial-ground for cremation or interment.

293. Whenever a Sub-Registrar shall have been appointed for any burning ghât or burial-ground under the last preceding section, information of the particulars required by section 8 of Bengal Act IV of 1873 to be known and registered may be given in respect of the death of any person whose body is brought to such burning ghât or burial-ground for cremation or interment to such Sub-Registrar, and information so given shall be deemed to be information given to the Registrar of the district as required by the said section.

Section 9 of Bengal Act IV of 1873 shall be applicable to all Sub-Registrars appointed under this Act.

294. Whenever a death shall occur in any hospital within the limits of any Municipality in respect of which the Lieutenant-Governor has directed that all deaths shall be registered under the said Bengal Act IV of 1873, it shall be the duty of the medical officer in charge of such hospital forthwith to send a notice in writing of the occurrence of such death to the Commissioners in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe; and in such case no other person shall be required to give information of such death to a Registrar under the said Bengal Act IV of 1873, or to a Sub-Registrar under this Act.

PART IX.

OF MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

295. This Part shall not apply to any Municipality until it has been expressly extended thereto by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

296. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, and not otherwise, provide land for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets; and may defray the cost of providing such land and of all expenses necessary for the establishment of such markets from the Municipal Fund, and may take a lease of any market;

and may, with such sanction, charge rent, tolls, and fees for the right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

All such rents, tolls, and fees may be recovered as arrears of tax under the provisions of sections 117 to 120 (both inclusive).

297. All rents, tolls, fees, and other sums received in respect of any market shall be credited to a separate fund, distinct from the Municipal Fund, which shall be styled "the Market Fund," and all expenses incurred in respect of the market, shall be charged against such Fund;

Every sum expended from the Municipal Fund under the provisions of this section on any market shall, until such sum be repaid, be treated as a book debt against the Market Fund, bearing interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, and such interest shall be charged against the Market Fund and credited to the Municipal Fund as soon as possible after the close of each year.

298. No place shall be deemed to be a Municipal Market for which the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor is required under section 296, and no place shall be deemed to be a market to which the following sections apply, unless at least thirty shops, stalls, or standings are erected therein for the sale of goods.

299. The Commissioners at a meeting may order that within such limits as they may fix, no land shall be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, butter, ghee, fruits, vegetables and similar provisions otherwise than under a license to be granted by the Commissioners.

300. When the Commissioners at a meeting shall have issued an order under the last preceding section, they may at a meeting grant a license for the use of any land as a market for the sale of provisions as aforesaid within the Municipality.

301. Every license granted under this Part shall be granted without fee, and shall be in force until the end of the year, and the Commissioners may grant such license, year by year, on the certificate in writing under the hand of the Chairman, annually renewed, that the land is fit to be used as a market for the sale of provisions as aforesaid.

302. The Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any land, shall grant such certificate, unless the land be defective for the purposes of a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways.

303. The owners or lessees of all land used as markets for the sale of provisions as aforesaid at the time of the extension of this Part to the Municipality, shall be entitled to receive a license for the current year without the certificate required by section 301, but in subsequent years the license shall not be renewed without such certificate.

304. Every license under this Part shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Commissioners in their office, in which shall be stated,

- (a) the name and address of the owner of the land and market;
- (b) the name and address of the lessee thereof, if any;
- (c) the extent and boundary of the market;
- (d) the description of articles sold therein; and
- (e) the days on which the market will be held.

305. Every transfer of interest in any such market shall be registered within two months after the date of transfer.

306. Any market, the license of which or the transfer of interest in which, shall not have been duly registered under the two last preceding sections, shall be deemed to be land used as a market without a license.

307. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any land, wilfully or negligently permits the same to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, butter, ghee, fruits, vegetables or similar provisions without a license under section 300, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding forty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after conviction for such offence.

308. The Magistrate, on the application of the Commissioners, may order any land, in respect of which a conviction shall have been obtained under the last preceding section, to be closed as a market place, and thereupon may appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such land being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, butter, ghee, fruits, vegetables or similar provisions on any land which shall have been so closed, shall be liable, for every such offence, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

PART X.

OF BYE-LAWS AND MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS RELATING TO MUNICIPALITIES.

309. The Commissioners of any Municipality may from time to time, at a meeting which has been convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice shall have been given, make bye-laws not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter for—

- (a) regulating the conduct of business at their meetings;
- (b) regulating the time and mode of collecting the taxes mentioned in this Chapter;
- (c) regulating the conduct of persons employed by them;
- (d) the prevention of the construction or opening of cesspools;
- (e) regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals;
- (f) the regulation and management of privies;
- (g) for regulating traffic in the streets;
- (h) regulating or prohibiting of fire-balloons, fireworks, fire-arms, or other missiles in the vicinity of public roads;

- (i) the registration of births and deaths;
- (k) and generally for the purposes of this Chapter.

And the Commissioners of any Municipality to which Part IX may have been extended may similarly make bye-laws for the regulation of markets.

The Commissioners may from time to time, at a meeting as aforesaid, repeal, alter, or add to such bye-laws.

Provided that no fee or toll which is not expressly sanctioned by this Act shall be levied under any such bye-law.

310. No bye-law, and no repeal, alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law, shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor, and until the expiration of one month after the same has been published in the manner directed in section 362, and no bye-law, and no alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor otherwise than on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting.

311. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, declare the penalties which shall be incurred by the breach of any bye-law, and any person committing a breach of any bye-law shall be liable to the penalty so declared; provided that no higher penalty shall be incurred by the breach of any bye-law than a fine of fifty rupees for every offence specified thereby, and a further fine of ten rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after the offender has been required by a notice in writing to desist from such offence.

312. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties under this Chapter, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the same, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

313. No prosecution for an offence under this Chapter or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, shall be instituted without the order or consent of the Commissioners, and no such prosecution shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence, unless the offence is continuous in its nature, in which case a prosecution may be instituted within three months of the date on which the commission or existence of the offence was first brought to the notice of the Chairman of the Commissioners.

Provided that the failure to take out any license under this Chapter shall be deemed to be a continuing offence until the expiration of the period for which such license is required to be taken out.

314. If the Commissioner of the division in which the Municipality is situated shall have reason to believe that the Commissioners have failed to pay for the municipal police as required by this Chapter, or have failed to maintain within the limits of the Municipality, any road which without such limits is maintained

by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871,

or have failed to maintain in proper order the roads within the Municipality;

or have failed to make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Municipality to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of any part thereof,

the said Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, convene a committee consisting of

- (a) the Magistrate of the district, or the Magistrate of the division of the district,
- (b) the Executive Engineer of the division,
- (c) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
- (d) and two members, one of whom shall be nominated by the Commissioner of the division, and the other by the Commissioners at a meeting;

and such Committee shall inquire into and report on the state of the Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the report of such Committee, call upon the Commissioners by a requisition in writing forwarded to the Chairman, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Chapter, in respect of all or any of the objects mentioned in this section.

And if the Commissioners neglect, for the period of three months from the date of such publication, to comply with such requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate of the district to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Chapter, and carry out the purposes thereof in respect of the said objects, or any of them; and for such purposes the Magistrate of the district shall have all the powers and rights conferred on the Commissioners and the Commissioners at a meeting by this Act, and shall exercise such powers and rights until the said Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct.

CHAPTER III.

Of Unions.

315. In every place which, in accordance with the provisions of section 3, becomes a Union under this Chapter, every person who has been appointed to be a member of a panchait for such place under Act XX of 1856, shall be deemed to be a member of the panchait duly appointed for such Union; and in every such Union any tax which may have been imposed and assessed under the provisions of the said Act shall be deemed to have been imposed and assessed under this Chapter, and may be levied as in this Chapter provided.

316. The provisions of this Chapter may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to any city, town, suburb or bazar not being within the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, from such date as may be specified therein, and shall thereupon come into force in such city, town, suburb or bazar on the date so specified.

317. The Lieutenant-Governor may, by like notification, at any time vary the limits of any Union, or withdraw any Union from the operation of this Chapter.

318. The Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification to be published in the said *Gazette*, form into a

Union for the purposes of this Chapter any city, town, suburb, or bazar, or any part or parts of a city, town, suburb, or bazar with any other city, town, suburb, or bazar, or part or parts of a city, town, suburb, or bazar; but no agricultural village intervening shall be included in such Union.

319. For the purposes of this Chapter, the Lieutenant-Governor may define and declare the limits of any Union, and all occupiers of houses within any such Union shall be liable to be assessed according to the provisions of this Chapter for the purposes mentioned in the next succeeding section; but such Union shall not include any agricultural village.

320. The Magistrate of every Union shall, by ways and means in and by this Chapter provided, cause to be levied and raised in such Union the amount of the expense of the police to be borne under the provisions of this Chapter by such Union, and the cost of raising such amount; and the Magistrate may by the same ways and means cause to be levied such further sum as to him shall seem meet, and apply the same in cleansing such Union, in providing drinking-water or in lighting or otherwise improving the same:

Provided that the aggregate amount to be raised under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas per annum for each house, and the amount assessed in respect of any one house shall not be more than the pay of a police officer of the lowest grade who is appointed to such Union.

321. All sums raised, levied, or received by the Magistrate, and all fines paid or levied under this Chapter, and all other sums which the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, shall constitute a fund which shall be called the Union Fund of the Union on account of which they are raised, levied, or received; and all expenditure authorized by this Chapter shall be made from such fund.

322. The Magistrate shall, before the close of each year, cause to be prepared in detail estimates showing the probable receipts and expenditure of the Union during the ensuing year, and shall lay such estimates before the Commissioner of the division, who may accept, amend, or reject the same.

323. The tax to be levied in any Union for the purposes of this Chapter shall be an assessment according to the circumstances and the property to be protected of the persons liable to the same.

324. For the purposes hereinafter mentioned, the Magistrate shall constitute and appoint a panchait for each Union, or when he may see fit to divide any Union into convenient wards, for each ward thereof; and shall issue a certificate of appointment, specifying the names, residence, business, or other description of the persons appointed, and the period for which the appointment is made.

Every panchait shall consist of three or five respectable persons residing or carrying on business in or near to any such Union, or in or near to any such division thereof:

Provided that instead of any one such person, the Magistrate may appoint any person whom he may think fit to be a member of the panchait notwithstanding such person may not reside or carry on business in or near to such Union, or in or near to any such division thereof.

325. The panchait so appointed, or the majority of them, shall, once in every year, if required so to do by the Magistrate, prepare and make, in accordance with the rules laid down in the requisition, an assessment upon the several persons liable to be assessed in respect of their occupation of property within the Union, or any ward thereof as aforesaid for which the panchait shall be appointed, and shall enter the same in a list which shall specify the names of the several occupiers of property within such Union or ward thereof liable to be assessed under the provisions of this Chapter, the trade, business, or other description of such occupier, the property occupied, and the amount payable monthly by such occupier.

326. The requisition of the Magistrate to the panchait to make out such list shall be in the form marked (A), set forth in the fourth schedule or to the like effect.

327. The panchait shall, if required by the Magistrate so to do, instead of making a new assessment, revise and amend the assessment then in force.

328. When an assessment shall have been made or revised, as the case may be, the panchait shall forward to the Magistrate the list containing the same, and the Magistrate shall revise and, if necessary, amend and settle it.

329. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, exempt from the assessment any occupier who may be unable from poverty to pay the same.

330. When the assessment shall have been settled, the Magistrate shall sign the list, and shall cause a copy thereof to be prepared in the form (B) in the fourth schedule, and deposited in his office, and a notification in the form (C) of the said schedule or to the like effect, and written in the language which is ordinarily spoken in such Union, to be published in the manner provided in section 362.

331. Unless revised or corrected as hereinafter provided, every assessment made under this Chapter shall stand good for one whole year, and until a new one is made.

In case the occupier of any property included in any assessment shall be changed before a new assessment is made, the new occupier, instead of the former occupier thereof, shall be liable in respect of such property for any portion of the assessment which shall have become payable during his occupation; and, after notification to such person, the Magistrate may cause his name to be substituted in the said list for the name of the former occupier.

Every assessment which shall be revised according to the provisions of section 327 shall be deemed a new assessment;

Provided that if no new assessment is made within the first three months of any year, a notification of the list of the previous year shall be published as required by section 330, and such list shall thereupon be deemed to be the assessment for the current year, and shall be open to appeal under the next succeeding section.

332. Any person assessed who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment or who shall dispute his occupation of any property, or his liability to be assessed, may appeal on unstamped paper to the Magistrate; and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he deems necessary, by examination of the appellant on oath or solemn affirmation, or otherwise, may confirm the assessment or amend the same.

The decision of the Magistrate in such cases shall be final, and no objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned in any other manner or by any other court:

Provided that no appeal shall be received after the expiration of one month from the time of the publication of the notification prescribed by section 330, or of the notification of the substitution of the name of an occupier under section 331, unless the Magistrate, upon reasonable cause shown, shall extend the time for receiving such appeal.

333. The Commissioner of the division, with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor, may at any time direct the Magistrate to revise the assessment of any Union, or ward thereof as aforesaid, specifying the reasons which, in his opinion, render such revision necessary, and the Magistrate shall, according to such direction, revise and, if necessary, amend the same.

334. The Magistrate may require the panchait to revise the assessment at any period during the year, but on every such occasion he shall address a written order to the panchait specifying the reasons which render such revision necessary, and requiring an amended return within a stated period.

335. Whenever any assessment is revised during the year as provided in the two last preceding sections, a copy of such revised list shall be prepared and deposited as provided in section 330, and a notification shall be published in the manner directed in the said section. And all objections to such revised assessment shall be made and dealt with in the manner prescribed by section 331.

336. If the persons appointed a panchait, or a majority of them, refuse or omit, for a period of fifteen days after the receipt of an order from the Magistrate, to perform the duties required of them, the Magistrate may himself make or revise the assessment, and may enforce the same as if it

had been made or revised in the first instance by the panchait:

Provided that the functions of the panchait shall not thereby absolutely cease and determine, but may be resumed at any time, only not so as to invalidate any act done by the Magistrate under this section.

337. No person shall be bound to act on a panchait unless he shall reside or carry on business within the limits of the Union or ward thereof for which the panchait is to be appointed.

338. Every panchait shall be appointed for the period of one year, and no person shall be compelled to serve on a panchait for more than one year at a time, or within less than three years after the expiry of previous service; but nothing in this section shall prevent any person from being appointed to serve on a panchait at any time whatsoever with his own consent.

339. If a majority of the persons assessed in any Union or ward for which a panchait shall be appointed, not being in arrear, make application in writing to the Magistrate for the removal of any member of the panchait appointed for such district, the Magistrate, if he think it expedient, may remove such member from the panchait.

340. If any vacancy shall occur among the members of a panchait, or if any member appointed shall refuse or decline or be unable to act, the Magistrate may, by a written communication to the person appointed, nominate and appoint another person to supply the vacancy or to be a member of the panchait.

341. In cities and large towns containing three or more divisions or districts, the Magistrate may appoint a sudder panchait consisting of not less than five members, who may be selected either from the members of the local panchaits or from any other residents of the town.

It shall be the duty of the sudder panchait to assist the Magistrate, when required so to do, in carrying out generally the objects of this Chapter, and particularly in revising the assessment made by the panchaits of wards of the Union, and enquiring into, and reporting on, appeals preferred against the same.

342. Subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the division, the Magistrate may appoint one or more tax collectors and such other servants as may be necessary for preparing, or assisting the panchait in preparing, the assessment for copying the same, for collecting the tax, keeping the accounts and records, and otherwise carrying out the purposes of this Chapter. The Magistrate shall take from every tax collector such security for the due disposal of the sums collected by him as may be thought necessary.

343. On such dates as may be fixed by the panchaits for payment of instalments of the tax, the tax collector shall proceed in person, or through

some one of his office establishment, to collect the amount due for the current month from each person subject to the tax, and for all sums so collected the tax collector shall grant a receipt.

Provided that, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division previously obtained, the collection may be made quarterly instead of monthly, and in such case the amount due for each quarter shall be collected in the last month of that quarter.

344. For the recovery of all sums which may not be paid to the tax collector on demand, the Magistrate shall proceed as far as possible in accordance with sections 111 to 120 (both inclusive).

345. The provisions of Part V of Chapter II shall, as far as possible, be applicable to Unions. In so applying them, the sections of the said Part shall be read as if the word "Union" were substituted for the word "municipality," and for the word "municipal," wherever such words occur;

and all functions assigned to the Commissioners of Municipalities by the said Part shall be performed by the panchaits of Unions:

provided that the District Superintendent of Police shall present his estimate as mentioned in section 167 to the Magistrate, and not to the panchait:

provided also that the Magistrate shall cause such estimate to be translated, made available for inspection by any tax-payers, and laid before the panchaits in the manner provided in section 169, and that the District Superintendent of Police shall cause the bill mentioned in section 173 to be laid before the Magistrate and not before the panchait, and the Magistrate shall cause the amount to be paid as provided in the same section.

346. The Magistrate may cause a name to be given to any street and affixed in such place or places as he may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house for the purpose of identifying such house; and if any person shall wilfully remove, obliterate, or destroy such name or number, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

347. The provisions of Chapters I and V shall apply to every Union in which this Chapter is in force.

CHAPTER IV.

OF STATIONS.

348. In every place which, in accordance with the provisions of section 3, becomes a Station under this Chapter, every person who has been appointed to be a Commissioner for such place under Act XXVI of 1850, shall be deemed to be a Commissioner duly appointed for such Station, and in every such station any tax which may have been imposed and assessed under the provisions of the said Act, shall be deemed to have been imposed and assessed under this Chapter, and may be levied as in this Chapter provided.

349. If it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor, from a requisition in writing signed by not less than two-thirds of the inhabitants of any town or suburb, not being within the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, that the inhabitants of such town or suburb are desirous of making better provision for making, repairing, cleaning, lighting, or watching any public streets, roads, drains, or tanks, or for the prevention of nuisances, or for improving the said town or suburb in any other manner, the Lieutenant-Governor may extend the provisions of this Chapter to such town or suburb.

350. Whenever any application shall be made to the Government for putting this Chapter in force in any town or suburb, notice thereof shall be given in the *Calcutta Gazette* setting forth the purposes of the application, and giving reasonable time for all inhabitants of such town or suburb, who are minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of this Chapter therein, for such purposes or any of them.

Such notice shall also be published as provided in section 362.

351. The Lieutenant-Governor shall take all such declarations into due consideration, and after the time allowed for receiving the same, shall make a final order, which shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and also as provided in section 362, to the effect that the application appears, or does not appear, to be according to the wishes of the inhabitants, either wholly, or in respect to one or more of the purposes in respect of which it is made; and if the whole or any part of it shall appear to be according to the wishes of the inhabitants, then that this Chapter shall be thenceforth in force in such town or suburb, for such purposes only as shall be mentioned in the order.

352. Whenever any such order shall be made and published as aforesaid, this Chapter shall come into force within the said town or suburb, for such purposes as are mentioned in the order, and the making and publication of the said order shall be conclusive evidence that the provisions of this Chapter have been complied with, and that this Chapter is thenceforth in force within the said town or suburb, for such purposes as are mentioned in the order.

353. Whenever this Chapter shall come into force in any place, the Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint the Magistrate and such number of the inhabitants thereof as to him shall appear necessary, to be Commissioners for putting the Chapter in force in the Station, and shall give authority to them to prepare rules for more effectually accomplishing the purposes for which they are appointed; which rules, when approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, shall be of the same force within the Station, until altered or rescinded as hereinafter provided, as if they were inserted in this Chapter.

And the Lieutenant-Governor may remove any of the Commissioners and appoint others, and may fill up vacancies occurring among the Commissioners in such manner as may seem to him fit.

354. The rules to be prepared by the said Commissioners shall provide, among other things, for those following, that is to say:—

(1) the appointment and management of all necessary officers and servants of the Commissioners, and the salaries to be allowed to them;

(2) the definition of the persons or property within the Station to be taxed for raising the monies necessary for the purposes of this Chapter, (whether by house assessment or town duties, or otherwise), the amount or rate of the taxes to be imposed, the manner of raising and collecting them, and ensuring the safety and due application of them when collected;

(3) the manner in which from time to time the rules in force are to be amended or rescinded, and new rules are to be made, with the approval in every case of the Lieutenant-Governor;

(4) the definition and prohibition of nuisances within the Station;

(5) the imposition of reasonable penalties for breach of any rules made by the Commissioners, not exceeding fifty rupees, or in the case of continuing nuisance, not exceeding five rupees, for every day that such nuisance is continued.

355. All sums realized under the provisions of this Chapter shall be paid into a separate fund to be styled "The Station Fund of —," and such fund shall be at the disposal of the Commissioners, and all expenditure authorized by this Chapter shall be made from such fund.

356. The Commissioners appointed from time to time shall have full power to make all necessary contracts, for the purposes of this Chapter, and apply the taxes raised as aforesaid in the necessary works, and in payment of their officers and servants, and in the other expenses incident to the execution of this Chapter within the Station.

357. No Commissioner shall be personally liable for any contract made by the Commissioners on behalf of the inhabitants of the Station, but every Commissioner shall be liable for any misapplication of the monies collected, to which he shall have been knowingly party or privy, or which shall have happened through gross neglect of his duty, and shall be liable to be sued for the same as for money due to, and at the suit of, the Secretary of State in Council.

358. All sums due on account of any tax under this Chapter may be recovered in the manner provided by sections 111 to 120 (both inclusive), and the provision of those sections shall, so far as may be practicable, apply to the recovery of all such sums by the Commissioners under this Chapter.

359. All Commissioners acting in execution of this Chapter shall, on or before the last day of every year, make up and

send to the Lieutenant-Governor an account of all works executed by them, and of all sums received and spent by them in the foregoing year in such form and with such vouchers as the Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time order.

360. The Lieutenant-Governor may, at any time, suspend the operation of this Chapter in any Station, and appoint any person or persons to examine and report upon the behaviour of the Commissioners, or any of them or their officers, in the execution of the duties imposed on them by this Chapter.

Lieutenant-Governor may suspend operation of Chapter.

361. The provisions of Chapters I and V shall apply to every Station in which this Chapter is in force.

Chapters I and V made applicable.

CHAPTER V.

OF GENERAL MATTERS RELATING TO MUNICIPALITIES, UNIONS, AND STATIONS.

362. Every bye-law, order, notice or other document directed to be published, under Chapter II or Chapter IV, as the case may be, shall be written in or translated into the vernacular of the district, and deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and (under Chapter III) in the office of the Magistrate, and a copy shall be posted up in a conspicuous position at such office and at every police station or outpost in the Municipality, Ward, Union or Station to which it relates, and in any other public places which the Commissioners or the Magistrate, as the case may be, may think proper.

And a public proclamation shall be read throughout such Municipality, Ward, Union or Station by beat of drum, notifying that such copy has been so posted up, and that the original is open to inspection in the office of the Commissioners or of the Magistrate, as the case may be.

363. Fines under this Act may be imposed by a Magistrate on any person who is convicted of the offence to which the fine attaches, and may be levied under the provisions of section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1872.

364. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed,

or be left at his usual place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family;

or, if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode;

or of the land, building, or other thing in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

365. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or to the occupier of any land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners or other authorities issuing the notice, they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any land to be served on such owner, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family;

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post in a registered cover addressed to his place of abode, and such service shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the land in respect of which the notice is served.

366. No assessment or rating of tax on property shall be invalid for error or defect of form, and it shall be enough in any assessment, valuation or rating for the purpose of making such tax, if the property so assessed or valued is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

367. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the authorities which granted the license or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the said authorities or to the person so authorized.

Whoever fails to produce his license when required to produce the same by any person authorized under this section to demand the production thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

368. All costs and other monies which are due under the provisions of this Act to the Commissioners of any Municipality under Chapter II, to the Magistrate acting under Chapter III, or to the Commissioners of any Station under Chapter IV, may be recovered in the manner provided in sections 111 to 120 (both inclusive).

369. If money be due under this Act in respect of any holding from the owner thereof, on account of any tax, expenses, or charges, recoverable under this Act, and if the owner thereof is unknown or the ownership thereof is disputed, the Commissioners, or other authorities who are entitled to demand payment of such money, may publish twice, at an interval of three months, a notification of sale of such holding, and after the expiry of not less than three months from the date of the last publication, unless the amount recoverable be paid, may sell such holding to the highest bidder, who shall at the time of sale deposit the full amount of the purchase-money.

Any person may pay the amount due at any time before the completion of the sale, and may recover such amount by a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction from any person beneficially interested in such property.

After payment of the amount due to the Commissioners or other authorities as aforesaid, the surplus, if any, shall be paid on demand to any person who establishes his right to the satisfaction of such Commissioners or other such authorities, or in a court of competent jurisdiction, or if unclaimed for a period of one year, shall be transferred to the Municipal Fund, Union Fund, or Station Fund, as the case may be.

370. The Commissioners under Chapter II, or the Magistrate acting under Chapter III, or the Commissioners under Chapter IV, respectively, may make compensation out of the Municipal, Union, or Station Fund respectively, to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Act.

371. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners of any Municipality, the Magistrate acting under Chapter III, or the Commissioners of any Station under Chapter IV, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of such Commissioners or Magistrate, and also (if the suit is intended to be brought against any officers of the said Commissioners or Magistrate, or any person acting under their directions) at the place of abode of the person against whom such suit is threatened to be brought, stating the cause of suit and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff;

And unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards.

If any such person to whom any such notice is given shall, before suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

372. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3 of Bengal Act VI of 1870 (*an Act to provide for the appointment, dismissal, and maintenance of village chowkeedars*), the provisions of Part II of the said Act, relating to chowkeedars-chakran lands, shall be applicable to all such lands which have been assigned before the commencement of the said Act for the benefit of any part of a Municipality, Union or Station in which this Act may from time to time be in force, and all duties and functions which the panchait of a village or any member thereof is required to discharge under the provisions of the said Part, and all powers which the panchait of a village or any member thereof is authorized to exercise under the said Part shall be exercised, in respect of any Municipality, by the Commissioners thereof;

in respect of any Union, by the Magistrate;

and in respect of any Station, by the Commissioner of such Station.

373. All Police Officers shall give immediate information to the Commissioners of the Municipality, the Magistrate of the Union, or the Commissioners of the Station, as the case may be, of any offence committed against this Act.

Police Officers to report offences to Justices, and to arrest unknown offenders.

Any Police Officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him,

or if such person decline to give his name and address,

or if the Police Officer shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given.

And such person may be detained at the Station House until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained, or until he shall be brought up at once before a Magistrate.

374. If any person employed under this Act (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act,

or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person with the Commissioners or with any public servant or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous, as provided in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or with both.

375. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to

Saving clause.

(a) render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which, but for this Act, would by law be deemed to be a nuisance:

(b) exempt any person guilty of nuisance from a suit in respect thereof:

(c) affect any enactment not hereby expressly repealed.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

FORM A.—(See Section 103.)

Notice to be published of the preparation of the list of assessment on persons.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1876.

Section 103.

MUNICIPALITY OF

Whereas an assessment list of the tax upon persons occupying holdings has been deposited in the office of the Commissioners as required by section 103 of "the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876," notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the office of the said Commissioners during office hours on any day not being a close holiday, and that the several persons whose names are included in the said

assessments are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax-collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), or in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of

A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

FORM B.—(See section 103.)

Notice to be published of the preparation of the valuation and rating list of holdings.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1876.

Section 103.

MUNICIPALITY OF

Whereas a valuation and rating list of the rate on the annual value of holdings has been deposited in the office of the Commissioners as required by section 103 of "the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876," notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the office of the said Commissioners during office hours on any day not being a close holiday, and that the several owners of the holdings included therein are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax-collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), and in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

• Dated this day of

A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FORM A.—(See section 111.)

NOTICE OF DEMAND UNDER SECTION 111, BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1876.

To of
Municipality of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. , being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill, is hereby demanded from you, and

that if you do not within fifteen days pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice, to an officer authorized to receive payment, or into the office of the Municipal Commissioners, the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels, or otherwise as provided by law.

A. B.

Chairman of

[The following note will be added at the foot of the above notice in those cases only in which the notice is to be addressed to a person who has not already paid one instalment of the tax at the rate at which the demand is made.]

Note.—If you have any objection to make against this demand you may, instead of paying the amount which is hereby demanded, present a petition to the Commissioners praying for a review of the amount assessed or rated. Such petition must be presented within fifteen days of the service of this notice, otherwise it will not be received. If you present such petition, no amount will be levied from you until the Commissioners shall have passed an order on your petition; but, after fifteen days from such order, the amount due by you, with such further costs as the Commissioners may direct, will be levied, unless it has been previously paid.

B.

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE UPON DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT.

FORM B.—(See section 112.)

Sums distrained for	Fee.
	Rs. A.
Under 1 Rupee	0 4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0 8
5 " 10 "	1 0
10 " 15 "	1 8
15 " 20 "	2 0
20 " 25 "	2 8
25 " 30 "	3 0
30 " 35 "	3 8
35 " 40 "	4 0
40 " 45 "	4 8
45 " 50 "	5 0
50 " 60 "	6 0
60 " 80 "	7 8
80 " 100 "	9 0
Above 100 "	10 0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when persons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man. If the amount demanded be paid or the warrant discharged before the sale is held so that no sale is necessary, one-fourth of the fees specified in the above table shall be remitted.

C.—(See section 113.)

Distress Warrant.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT (Section 113.)

To there insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for taxes (or rates) mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and fifteen days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand. This is to command you to distrain the moveable property of the said wherever it may be found, within the Municipality except ploughs, plough-cattle, tools, or implements of trade or agriculture, or any other moveable property, which may be found within the holding specified in the margin to the amount of the said sum of

and the further sum of to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property; and if within ten

days next after such distress the said sum of shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property, and if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Commissioners. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said you are to certify the same to us in returning this warrant.

A. B.

Chairman of

D.—(See section 113.)

From of Inventory and Notice.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT.

(Section 113.)

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of due for the taxes (or rates) mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay to me or into the office of the Commissioners of the said sum of and further the costs of this distraint as specified below, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress.)

Date

E.—(See section 115.)

Register of distraints of property and sales held on account of arrears for the month of in

1. Name of defaulter.
2. Number on register and specification of the holding on account of which the arrear is due.
3. Amount of arrear due.
4. Amount of costs and penalty.
5. Total amount to be realized.
6. Inventory of property seized under distress.
7. Date of distress.
8. Date of sale.
9. Detail of articles sold.
10. Amount realized on each article.
11. Purchaser's name.
12. Total amount realized.
13. Amount paid in to the Commissioner's Office on account of the arrear due with date.
14. Amount paid in to the Commissioner's office on account of costs and penalties.
15. Surplus proceeds of sale remaining after deducting the amount of arrears costs and penalties due.
16. How the surplus was disposed of with date of such disposal.
17. Balance of arrear still remaining unrealized, if any.
18. On what date such remaining balance was realized or written off by authority.
19. Remarks (explaining why the property seized was released without sale if not

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See sections 78 and 122.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

	Per quarter. Rs. A.
For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	4 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	3 0
For every 2-wheeled carriage	2 8
For every horse	2 0
For every pony under thirteen hands, and for every mule and donkey	0 12
For every elephant	6 0
For every camel	2 0

Ponies under eleven hands in height, and children's carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

Requisition to Panchait.

SEE CHAPTER III, SECTION (326)

(Here insert the names, places of abode, business, or other description of the panchait.)

I do hereby require you, the panchait appointed under Chapter III of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876, with all reasonable expedition, within (Here insert a period to be fixed by the Magistrate) from the date hereof, to make out and forward to me, the undersigned Magistrate of the District of, a fair and equitable assessment upon the several occupiers of houses, shops, and buildings in the Union of for the purpose of raising the sum of rupees required for the maintenance of the police for the year commencing on and other expenses authorized by the said Chapter III of the Bengal Municipal Act. You shall regulate and determine the amount of assessment to be levied from every such occupier according to the circumstances and the property to be protected of each person. But the amount assessed in respect of any one house shall not exceed rupees (Here insert the pay of a policeman of the lowest grade) and the aggregate amount assessed shall not exceed the average rate of two annas per mensem for each house, shop, or building in the district.

If the occupier of any house in the said district shall be unable, on the ground of poverty, to pay the assessment to which he is liable under the said Chapter, you shall exempt him from the same, but the property occupied, together with the name and description of such occupier, shall be specified in the list, together with the ground of exemption.

If any house be let out in portions to different persons, or be let out to or occupied by lodgers or travellers, the person who shall so let the same, or who shall receive the rents or payments from such persons or lodgers, or travellers, shall be deemed the occupier of such house, and shall be assessed accordingly.

The assessment which you are hereby required to make shall specify the name of every occupier

or business or other description of the person assessed, the annual assessment and the quota payable monthly, and may be in the following form or to the like effect:—

Serial No.	Property occupied.	Name of occupier.	Profession or business or other description.	Amount of annual assessment.	Amount of monthly (or quarterly) payment.

FORM B.

ASSESSMENT.

(See Section 330.)

An assessment made for the Union of upon the several occupiers of houses and other property in the said district, pursuant to Chapter III of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876, for the purpose of maintaining the Police for such Union, for cleaning the Union, and for other purposes authorised by the said Act.

Serial No.	Property occupied.	Names of occupiers.	Profession or business.	Amount of monthly (or quarterly) assessment.

FORM C.

NOTIFICATION.

(See Section 330.)

Whereas an assessment has been duly made pursuant to Chapter III of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876, and has been revised and settled by me, the undersigned Magistrate of

and has been deposited in the office of the Magistrate, notice is hereby given that the said assessment is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the said office during office hours on any day not being a close holiday, and that the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment, are hereby required to pay the monthly (or quarterly) contributions set opposite to their names with regularity to the Tax Collector or other person appointed by the Magistrate to receive the same, the first payment on the tenth day of the month succeeding the date of this notification, and every subsequent payment on or before the tenth day of each succeeding month (if the tax is to be collected quarterly; the months in which the payment is to be made must be specified,) or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distraint and sale of the personal effects of the defaulter, or of any goods and chattels which may be found on the premises in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and such other proceedings adopted for the recovery of the same as are allowed by law.

dated this

day of

Magistrate of.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 2.)

PART I.—ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXVI of 1850	Improvements in towns	The whole Act so far as it affects the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
XX of 1856	Police chowkedars in cities, &c., in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXI of 1857	Order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.	Sections 7, 13, 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 41, 42, 44, 48, 49, 50
XII of 1859	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah.	The whole Act.

PART II.—ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
III of 1864	District Municipal Improvement Act.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1867	Regulation of police in towns and Municipalities.	The whole Act
VII of 1867	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act
II of 1869	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act.
VI of 1869	District Towns' Act	The whole Act.
VII of 1870	Sanitary condition of Dacca.	The whole Act.
II of 1873	Amending District Municipal Improvement and District Towns' Acts.	The whole Act.
IV of 1873	Registration of Births and Deaths.	Section eleven.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 2.)

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
Bengal Act IV of 1871.	Sanitation of Pooree and other towns in Orissa, and regulation of Lodging-houses therein.	Sections 24 to 34, both inclusive.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill as settled by the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations on the 1st April 1876, is, by order of the President, published for general information :—

A Bill to provide for the Registration of revenue-paying and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make better provision for the preparation and maintenance of Registers of revenue-paying and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof; and of certain mortgages of revenue paying lands, It is hereby enacted as follows :—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called the "Land Registration Act 1876," and it shall come into force on the day of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, which date is hereinafter referred to as the commencement of this Act.

2. From the commencement of this Act, the Regulations mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed to the extent specified in the third column thereof shall cease to have effect in the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Civil Court" means any Civil Court which is competent to hear and determine the matter with respect to which the words are used :

(2) "Estate" includes (a) any land subject to the payment of land revenue, either immediately or prospectively, for the discharge of which a separate engagement has been entered into with Government :

(b) any land which is entered on the revenue-roll as separately assessed with land revenue (whether the amount of such assessment be payable immediately or prospectively), although no engagement has been entered into with Government for the amount of revenue so separately assessed upon it as a whole :

(c) any land being the property of Government which the Board shall have directed the separate entry on the General Register hereinafter mentioned.

(3) "Extent of interest" means the share or interest in an estate or revenue-free property of which the person with respect to whom the words are used is in possession as proprietor or manager.

(4) "Lieutenant Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being, or the

(5) "Local division" means a sub-division, parzanah, thanah, police division of jurisdiction, or other division according to which the Mouzahwar Register of the district is arranged :

(6) "Manager" means every person who is appointed by the Collector, the Court of Wards or by any Civil or Criminal Court to manage any estate or revenue-free property or any part thereof, and every person who is in charge of an estate or revenue-free property or any part thereof on behalf of a minor, idiot, or lunatic; or on behalf of a religious or charitable foundation.

(7) "Mouzah" includes every village, hamlet, tolah, and other similar sub-division of land commonly in use in any district, by whatever name such sub-division may be known :

(8) "Proprietor" means every person being in possession of an estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest in an estate or revenue-free property, as owner thereof; and includes every farmer and lessee who holds an estate or revenue-free property directly from or under the Collector :

(9) "Recorded proprietor" means any proprietor whose name and the character and extent of whose interest in an estate or revenue-free property stands registered in any General Register now existing, or hereafter to be made under this Act.

(10) "Revenue-free property" means any land not subject to the payment of land revenue, which is included under one entry in any part of the General Register of revenue-free lands :

(11) "Section" means a section of this Act :

(12) "The Board" means the Board of Revenue of the Provinces for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal :

(13) "The Collector" means the Collector of the District to which a register relates :

(14) "The District" means the District to which a Register relates."

PART II.

OF THE REGISTERS TO BE KEPT UP BY THE COLLECTOR.

4. The Collector of every district shall prepare and keep up the following Registers :—

- A.—A General Register of revenue-paying lands.
- B.—A General Register of revenue free lands.
- C.—A Mouzahwar Register of all lands revenue-paying and revenue-free.
- D.—An Intermediate Register of changes affecting entries in the General and

5. The Registers shall be written in such forms, language, character, and arrangement of registers, and shall be arranged in such manner, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as the Board from time to time may direct for each district.

The entries in each Part of the General Registers shall be numbered in one consecutive series for the whole District, and shall follow one alphabetical arrangement, running from the beginning to the end of the Part.

6. The General Register of revenue-paying lands shall consist of two Parts:—

Part I.—Book of estates borne on the revenue-roll of the District.

Part II.—Book of lands situated in the District, appertaining to estates borne on the revenue-rolls of other districts.

7. In Part I of the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall be entered the name of every estate which is borne on the revenue-roll of the District, and the following particulars relating to every such estate:—

- (a) name of the estate;
- (b) number of the estate on the revenue-roll of the District, and the annual amount of revenue for which it is liable;
- (c) names and addresses of the proprietors, managers, and mortgagees of the estate, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor, manager, and mortgagee;
- (d) name of every local division in which any lands of the estate are situated, whether in the district, or in any other district, with specification under each local division of
 - (i) the number of mouzabs containing such lands,
 - (ii) the name of each mouzah,
 - (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register, and
 - (iv) the area of land appertaining to the estate which each mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement;
- (e) reference to entries made in the Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

8. In Part II of the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall be entered the name of every estate which comprises lands situated in the district, but which is borne on the revenue-roll of some other district, and the following particulars relating to every such estate:—

- (a) a name of the estate;

(b) name of the district on the revenue-roll of which the estate is borne, with the number which the estate bears on that roll, the annual amount of revenue for which it is liable, and the number which the estate bears in Part I of the General Register of revenue-paying lands for its own district;

(c) names and addresses of the proprietors, managers, or mortgagees of the estate, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor, manager, and mortgagee;

(d) name of every local division of the district to which the Register relates, in which any lands of the estate are situated, with a specification under each local division of

- (i) the number of mouzabs containing such lands,
- (ii) the name of each mouzah,
- (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register of the district, and
- (iv) the area of land appertaining to the estate which each mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement;

(e) reference to entries made in the Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

9. The General Register of revenue-free lands shall consist of three Parts—

Part I.—Book of lands held exempt from revenue in perpetuity.

Part II.—Book of lands occupied for public purposes without payment of revenue.

Part III.—Book of unassessed waste lands and other lands not included in Part I or Part II of the General Register of revenue-free lands.

10. In Part I of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all lands held under badshahi, hukami, and other lakhiraj grants which have been declared to be valid by competent authority,

all lands in which the Government has conferred a proprietary title free in perpetuity from any demand on account of land revenue, in consideration of the payment of a capitalized sum, or for any other reason,

and any lands of which the Board, on a full report of the circumstances of the case, shall have sanctioned the entry in this part of such Register.

Part I of such Register shall, as far as possible contain the following particulars in respect of each entry:—

- (a) name of the revenue-free property with the character of the tenure, whether jaghir, altumgah, devatter, bishanpirit, purchased revenue-free, redeemed, or otherwise;
- (b) date of the grant or title being conferred;
- (c) nominal area granted;
- (d) names of the grantor and original grantee;
- (e) reference to any decree or other order of competent authority declaring or recognizing the grant to be valid;
- (f) names and addresses of the proprietors and managers of the revenue-free property, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor and manager;
- (g) name of every local division in which any land appertaining to the property is situated, whether in the District or in any other district, with specification under each local division of
 - (i) the number of mouzahs containing such land,
 - (ii) the name of each mouzah,
 - (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register, and
 - (iv) the area of land appertaining to the revenue-free property which the mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with specification of the number of each field according to the papers of such measurement;
- (h) reference to entries in earlier Registers relating to the property or any part thereof;
- (i) reference to entries made in any Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

11. In Part II of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all lands which are occupied by the Government, or by any public body, for public purposes, and on account of which no land revenue is demanded.

It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) area of the land comprised in each entry;
- (b) names of the local divisions and mouzahs in which the lands are situated, with area in each mouzah, and a reference to the number under which each mouzah is entered in the Mouzahwar Register of the local division;
- (c) name of the department of Government or of the public body by which the land is occupied;
- (d) the purpose for which it is occupied;
- (e) the date and particulars of the appropriation of the land to such purpose;
- (f) reference to entries in the Intermediate Register made after the preparation of the General Register.

12. In Part III of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all waste and other lands (not being included in any other part of the General Register) which are not assessed to land revenue. It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name and number of the lot, or other particulars identifying the property;
- (b) area comprised in each entry;
- (c) name of every local division and mouzah in which lands of the property are situated, with area in each mouzah, and a reference to the local division and number under which each mouzah is entered under the local division on the Mouzahwar Register;
- (d) reference to entries in the Intermediate Register made after the preparation of the General Register.

13. If it shall appear to the Board that the circumstances of any District are such that it is not desirable or practicable to

Board may direct that three last sections shall not apply to any district.

prepare the Register of revenue-free lands in the manner described in the three last preceding sections, the Board may direct that the said sections shall not apply to such District, and may lay down rules, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect of the registration of revenue-free lands and of the proprietors and managers thereof, provided that such rules shall require the registration of the name of one or more persons as liable for the discharge of the duties and obligations referred to in section 66, in respect of all lands which under such rules may be registered as separate revenue-free properties.

Such rules, when they shall have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and otherwise locally as the Lieutenant-Governor may order, shall, from such date as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, have the same force as if they were included in this Act.

14. The Mouzahwar Register shall be kept up for the purpose of showing, in a connected form, the mouzahs situated in each local division, and the lands, whether revenue-paying or revenue-free, of which each mouzah consists.

15. The Mouzahwar Register shall be arranged and divided according to subdivisions, parganahs, thanahs, police jurisdictions, or such other local divisions of the district as the Board may from time to time direct for each district; the entries of mouzahs shall have a separate series of consecutive numbers, and a separate alphabetical arrangement for each local division.

The Mouzahwar Register shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name of the mouzah;
- (b) total area of mouzah, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with a reference to the authority for the entry;

- (c) name of every estate or revenue-free property to which any of the lands of the mouzah appertain, with a reference to the entry of each on the General Register, and a specification of the area of land in the mouzah which appertains to each, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with a reference to the authority for such entry;
- (d) gross rental of the area of land in the mouzah which appertains to each estate or property, if such rental has been ascertained during management of the lands by the Collector or by other authentic means, with a reference to the authority for the entry;
- (e) reference to entries made in Intermediate Registers after the preparation of the Mouzahwar Register.

16. Intermediate Registers shall be kept up

Intermediate Registers.

for the purpose of recording therein from time to time changes affecting the entries which stand in the General and Mouzahwar Registers, so that by a reference to them in connection with those Registers correct information up to date on the points recorded may be obtained at any time; also for the purpose of keeping together, as far as possible, in a convenient form, the information which will eventually be required for re-writing the General and Mouzahwar Registers.

17. The Intermediate Register shall consist of two Parts, as follows:—

Division of the Intermediate Register.

PART I.—Book of changes affecting entries relating to revenue-paying lands.

PART II.—Book of changes affecting entries relating to revenue-free lands.

18. In Part I of the Intermediate Register

Particulars of Part I of the Intermediate Register.

shall be recorded in a convenient form all changes in the names of proprietors, managers, and (so far as this Act requires) mortgagees, and in the character or extent of the interest of each such proprietor, manager, and mortgagee, and such other changes affecting any entry standing in the General Register of revenue-paying lands, or any entry in the Mouzahwar Register relating to revenue-paying lands, as cannot conveniently be entered against such entry in the General or the Mouzahwar Register. It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name of the estate affected, with references to the number it bears on the General Register of revenue-paying lands, the number it bears on the revenue-roll, and the amount of revenue for which it is liable;
- (b) references to previous entries in the Intermediate Register relating to the estate;
- (c) particulars of the change, with a reference to the authority under which it is made;
- (d) the numbers borne by the entries in each Part of the General Register of revenue-paying lands, and under each local division in the Mouzahwar Register, which are affected by the change here recorded.

19. In Part II of the Intermediate Register
Particulars of Part II of the Intermediate Register. shall be recorded all changes in the names of proprietors and managers of revenue-free properties, and in the character and extent of interest of each such proprietor and manager, and such other changes affecting any entry standing in the General Register of revenue-free lands, or any entry relating to revenue-free lands in the Mouzahwar Register, as cannot conveniently be entered against such entry in the General or the Mouzahwar Register. It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name and character of the revenue-free property to which the lands appertain, and number which it bears in any part of the Register of revenue-free lands;
- (b) reference to previous entries in the Intermediate Register relating to the property;
- (c) particulars of the change, with a reference to the authority under which it is made;
- (d) the numbers borne by the entries in the General Register and under each local division in the Mouzahwar Register which are affected by the change here recorded.

PART III.

OF THE PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE REGISTERS.

20. Until the Registers by this Act directed to
Old Registers to be in force till new Registers prepared. be prepared are so prepared, the existing Registers now kept up in the office of every Collector shall be deemed to be the Registers kept up under this Act, that is to say—

The existing General Register of revenue-paying estates shall be deemed to be the General Register of revenue-paying lands;

The existing Parganah Register (Part II) of revenue-free lands shall be deemed to be the General Register of revenue-free lands, and the Mouzahwar Register in respect of revenue-free lands.

The existing Parganah Register (Part I) of revenue-paying lands shall be deemed to be the Mouzahwar Register in respect of revenue-paying lands.

The existing Register of Intermediate Mutations shall be deemed to be the Intermediate Register of changes affecting entries in the General and Mouzahwar Registers;

And all the provisions of this Act shall, as far as possible, be deemed to be applicable to such Registers, and to the registration therein of the names and interests of proprietors, managers, and mortgagees.

21. The first General Registers and the first
How Registers to be prepared. Mouzahwar Register under this Act, shall be prepared for each district at such time as the Board may direct from the entries in the existing Registers mentioned in the last preceding section, and from any other authentic information available to the Collector.

22. The Board may order new Registers to be
Board may order new Registers to be prepared. prepared whenever it may think fit, and such Registers shall be prepared from the Registers existing at the time of such order, and

from the entries of subsequent changes in the Intermediate Registers, and from any other authentic information available to the Collector; and such additions to, omissions from, and alterations in, the entries as they appeared in the previous Registers shall be made as subsequent changes have rendered necessary; and the authority for every change shall be expressly referred to.

23. Whenever, after the preparation of the General Registers, it may be necessary to bring any estate or revenue-free property on to any Part of such Registers on which such estate or property is not already borne, such estate or property shall be at once brought on to such Part under a new number, in continuation of the last number already borne on such part; and a note referring to such entry shall be made in the place in the General Register in which such estate or property would have appeared according to the alphabetical arrangement mentioned in section 5.

24. Whenever, after the preparation of the Mouzahwar Register, it shall be necessary to enter any mouzah under any local division of such Register under which it is not already borne, such mouzah shall be at once brought under the proper local division with a new number, in continuation of the number borne by the last entry under such local division; and a note referring to such entry shall be made in the place in the Mouzahwar Register in which such estate or property would have appeared according to the alphabetical arrangement mentioned in section 15.

25. All new entries made in the General and Mouzahwar Registers after their preparation, as prescribed in the two last preceding sections, shall be made in chronological order.

26. After the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall have been prepared, a note shall from time to time be made on such Register against the estate affected

of every alteration which may be ordered by competent authority, in the amount of revenue assessed on any estate;

of every partition of an estate into two or more estates;

of every change involving the removal of an estate from the part of the Register on which it is borne;

of the redemption of every mortgage in respect of which the name of the mortgagee shall have been entered on the Register;

and in every such note reference shall be made to the authority under which the change was made.

In preparing the Register space shall be left for the future entry of such notes against each estate.

Any other changes affecting the entries as they stand in the Register may be recorded in Part I of the Intermediate Register as provided in section 18, and a reference shall be made in the General Register against the estate affected to every entry which may be made in the Intermediate Registers recording any such change.

27. After the General Register of revenue-free lands shall have been prepared, a note shall from time to time be made on such Register against the property affected

of every case in which lands entered as revenue-free may be declared liable to assessment, and assessed by competent authority;

of every partition of a revenue-free property into two or more properties;

of every change involving the removal of a revenue-free property from the Part of the Register on which it is borne;

and in every such note reference shall be made to the authority under which the change was made.

In preparing the Register space shall be left for the future entry of such notes against each estate.

Any other changes affecting the entries as they stand on the Register may be recorded in Part II of the Intermediate Register as provided in section 19.

28. Whenever it shall come to the notice of the Collector, after making enquiry, may make change in his Register. Collector that any change has occurred which affects any entry in his Registers, and renders necessary any alteration therein, the Collector, after making such enquiry as may be necessary, shall make such alteration:

Provided that notice shall be given to the recorded proprietors and managers of any estate or revenue-free property before any change is made in any way affecting such estate or property, and to every person whose name the Collector is about to register as proprietor or manager of any estate or revenue-free property, before such registration is effected; and any objections which may be made to the proposed change or registration shall be duly considered by the Collector before he orders such change or registration to be made.

29. To enable the Collector more effectually to maintain his registers,

(a.) Whenever any competent authority may direct that any estate be transferred from the revenue-roll of one district to that of another, the Collector of the district from the revenue-roll of which the estate is to be transferred, shall transmit to the Collector of the district to the revenue-roll of which the transfer is to be made, a copy of all entries in any of the registers relating to the estate to be so transferred, and entries taken from such copy shall be made in the proper registers of the district to which the transfer is made.

(b.) Whenever the Collector of any district shall make an entry, or any alteration of an entry, in his registers, which will affect any entry required to be made under this Act in any register of another district, such Collector shall transmit to the Collector of such other district copy of such entry as made or as altered, and the Collector to whom such copy is transmitted shall cause the necessary entries, or alteration of entries, to be made in the registers of his district.

(c.) Every proprietor and manager of an estate or revenue-free property in which any new village may be established, whether under the name of tolah, kismat, or any other designation, shall forthwith give notice to the Collector of the establishment of such new village.

Provided that the Board may exempt any district or part of a district from the operation of this clause.

(d.) Every proprietor and manager of an estate or revenue-free property, and any person holding any interest in land, or employed in the management of land, shall be bound, on the requisition of the Collector, to furnish any information required by the said Collector for the purpose of preparing, making, or correcting any entry of the particulars specified in sections 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, or 15, or to show to the satisfaction of the Collector that it is not in his power to furnish the required information.

Such requisition shall be made by a notice to be served in the manner prescribed by section 49, requiring the production of such information before a date mentioned in such notice.

30. Whoever being bound by clause (c) of the last preceding section to give notice to the Collector of the establishment of any new

Penalties for failing to give notice or furnish information.

village, or under clause (d) of the said section to furnish any information required by the Collector, shall voluntarily or negligently omit to give such notice or furnish such information or to show to the satisfaction of the Collector that it is not in his power to furnish such information, shall be liable to such fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for such omission, and the Collector may impose such further daily fine as he may think proper, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which such person shall omit to furnish the information required under clause (d) after a date to be fixed by the Collector in a notice warning the person required to furnish such information, that such further daily fine will be imposed.

Such notice shall be served in the manner prescribed by section 49, and the date fixed by such notice shall not be less than fifteen days after service thereof.

The Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any fine imposed under this section notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending.

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the said Commissioner.

31. Whenever any Civil Court makes a decree confirming any transfer of proprietary possession which has already been made in any

When register may be altered on order of Civil Court.

estate or revenue-free property, or gives effect to any decree transferring any such possession, such Court may order the transfer to be registered in the Registers of the Collector, and the Collector shall register such transfer accordingly.

32. All lands which are held without payment

Lands held without payment of rent deemed to be part of certain estates.

of rent, not being a revenue-free property entered in the General Register of revenue-free lands, as prescribed by sections 10, 11, or 12, and not being a part of any such property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a part of the estate within the local

boundaries of which they are included; and if they are not included within the local boundaries of any one estate, then to be a part of such neighbouring estate as the Collector shall, by an order under his seal and signature, declare.

33. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector

Collector may include any lands in an estate.

that any lands which are not included in any estate as entered in the existing General Register, should be included in any such estate for the purposes of this Act, the Collector shall cause a notice, addressed to the person who is believed to be in possession of such lands, to be served in the manner prescribed by section 49, and a general notice to be published as prescribed by section 48, to the effect that such lands will be so included if no objection be made within one month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may think fit to allow.

After the expiration of the said month or other period the Collector shall proceed to enquire into any objections which may have been made, and to pass such order as he may think fit in respect to the inclusion of the said lands in the said estate for the purposes of this Act.

34. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector

Collector may register any land as a revenue-free estate and call on proprietor to apply for registration.

that any land which is not entered on the General Register as a separate revenue-free property should be entered on the register as such property, he may cause a notice to be served in the manner prescribed in section 49 calling on the person in possession of such land as proprietor or manager to show cause why such land should not be so registered as a revenue-free property, and if, after hearing any objections (which may be preferred within a month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may think fit to allow), and after making such further enquiry as may be necessary, the Collector shall be of opinion that the land should be so registered, he shall enter such land on the General Register as a revenue-free property, and by a notice served as prescribed in section 49, as well as by a general notice published as prescribed in section 48, shall require every proprietor and manager of such revenue-free property to apply for registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor or manager, and thereupon every such proprietor and manager shall be deemed, for the purposes of section 66, to be a person who is required by this Act to apply for the registration of his name; and all the provisions of Part IV of this Act, so far as may be practicable, shall apply to every such person.

Provided that no such proprietor or manager shall be liable to any fine under section 63, until after the expiration of three months from the date on which the last mentioned notice shall have been served.

Provided also that no land shall be entered as a revenue-free property in Part I of the General Register of revenue-free lands until the circumstances of the case shall have been reported to the Board, and until the Board shall have sanctioned such entry.

35. The Board may decide what revenue-free

Board to decide what lands to be included in each revenue-free property.

lands shall be included in each revenue-free property to be registered as such under

this Act, and may from time to time direct that lands which are borne on the Register as forming one revenue-free property shall be divided and entered on the Register as forming two or more such properties; and may similarly direct that revenue-free lands which are borne on the Register as forming two or more revenue-free properties shall be united, and entered as forming one revenue-free property.

The Board may also direct that any lands which are improperly borne upon the General Register of revenue free-lands shall be removed from such Register, or shall be omitted from any new Register of such lands which may be prepared.

36. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector that any land which is not included in any revenue-free property entered in the existing General Register, should be included in any such property for the purposes of this Act, the Collector may cause a notice to be served on the person believed to be in possession of such lands in the manner prescribed by section 49, and a general notice to be published as prescribed by section 48, to the effect that such lands will be so included if no objection be made within one month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may allow.

At the expiration of the said month or of such period the Collector shall proceed to inquire into any objections which may have been made, and to pass such order as he may think fit in respect to the inclusion of the said lands in the said property for the purposes of this Act.

PART IV.

OF THE REGISTRATION AND MUTATION OF NAMES.

37. Every proprietor of an estate or revenue-free property or of any interest therein respectively, being in possession of such estate, property, or interest,

every joint proprietor of an estate or revenue-free property being in charge of such estate or property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of the other proprietors thereof,

and every manager of an estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of a proprietor thereof,

shall, if his name and the character and extent of his interest have not already been registered, make application in the manner hereinafter provided for the registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor, or manager, to the Collector of the district on the General Register of which such estate or property is borne, within such time as the Lieutenant-Governor may fix as hereinafter provided.

38. If the applicant under the last preceding section be a joint proprietor in charge as aforesaid, or if the applicant be a manager, he shall in his application specify the name of the person or persons on behalf of whom he is in such charge, or on behalf of whom he is manager, and the character and extent of the interest of every such person or persons.

39. The Lieutenant-Governor shall, within six months of the commencement of this Act, fix for each district the date or dates before which such proprietors and managers shall be required to apply to the Collector for registration of their names, and of the character and extent of their interests, under this Act, and may at any time alter any date so fixed, provided that no date so fixed shall be later than five years after the said commencement.

Provided also that the Lieutenant-Governor may in any district exempt proprietors and managers of all or any estates which are liable to pay less than twenty rupees of land revenue annually, and proprietors and managers of all or any revenue-free properties which consist of less than fifty acres of land, from the obligations imposed by this Act in respect of applying for registration of their names, and may at any future time withdraw such exemption and require such proprietors and managers to register their names.

40. The Lieutenant-Governor may in any district, for the purposes of the last preceding section, fix different dates in respect of different estates, or in respect of different classes of estates and revenue-free properties, or in respect of different portions of the district:

Provided that no person shall incur any penalty or disability under this Act for failure to apply for registration of his name as such proprietor or manager as aforesaid, until after the lapse of six months from the date on which the notice prescribed by the next succeeding section shall have been published in respect of his estate or property, or in respect of the class of estates or revenue-free properties within which his estate or property falls, or in respect of the portion of the district in which his estate or revenue-free property is situated.

41. Every date fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor for the purposes of the three last preceding sections shall be published

by a notice in the *Calcutta Gazette*; and also by notices to be posted up at the Court or office of the Judge, the Magistrate, and the Collector of the district, in respect of which such date is fixed,

at the Court or office of every Munsif, Sub-divisional Officer, and Sub-Registrar of Assurances in such district;

and at every Police Station in such district; and by proclamation to be made by beat of drum at the head-quarters of such district, and in every place in which a sub-divisional office is situated, and in such other places as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

The officer in charge of every court, office, and police station at which a notice is required to be posted up under this section, shall certify to the Collector the date on which the notice was so posted up at his court, office, or police station, and the latest date so certified shall be deemed to be the date of publication of the notice for the purposes of the last preceding section.

42. Every person succeeding after the com-

Persons succeeding to proprietary right in or management of estates to give information within six months.

mencement of this Act to any proprietary right in any estate or revenue-free property, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift, or otherwise;

every joint proprietor of an estate, or revenue-free property, assuming charge after such commencement of such estate or property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of the other proprietors thereof;

and every person assuming charge after such commencement of any estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest therein respectively, as manager,

shall, within six months from the date of such succession or assumption of charge, make application in the manner hereinafter provided to the Collector of the district on the General Register of which such estate or property is borne, or to any other officer who may have been empowered by such Collector to receive such applications, for registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor or manager.

43. If the applicant under the last preceding

Manager to specify extent of interest of each person for whom he manages.

section be a joint proprietor in charge as aforesaid, or if the applicant be a manager, he shall in his application specify the name of the person or persons on behalf of whom he is in such charge or on behalf of whom he is manager, and the character and extent of the interest of every such person.

44. Every person who holds a mortgage of

Mortgagee may apply for registration.

any proprietary right in any estate may apply to the Collector for registration of his name as such mortgagee, and of the interest in respect of which he is such mortgagee; and in such application shall specify whether he or the mortgagor is in possession. On receipt of such application the Collector shall proceed, as far as possible, according to the manner hereinafter prescribed in respect of applications for registration as proprietor.

45. Any application for registration under

Presentation of application.

this Act may be presented by the applicant or by some person duly authorized by him in that behalf.

46. If the application under section 37 or

If application is for registration as manager, appointed by authority, Collector shall register name of applicant on proof of appointment.

section 42 be for registration of the name of the applicant as manager appointed by the Collector, the Court of Wards, or by any Civil or Criminal Court, the Collector shall register the name of the applicant, on proof being produced to his satisfaction that the applicant has been so appointed to be such manager.

47. If the application be for registration

Notice to objectors.

otherwise than as manager appointed as mentioned in the last preceding section, and if it acts forth circumstances which would justify the Collector in registering the name of the person whose name is required to be registered, or if after further enquiry the Collector considers that such circumstances exist, he shall issue a notice requiring

all persons who object to the registration of the name of the person whose name is required to be registered, or who dispute the character or extent of the interest in respect of which it is required to be registered, to give in a written statement of their objections, and to appear on a day to be therein specified, not being less than one month from the date of the publication of such notice.

48. Such notice shall be published by affixing
Publication of notice. a copy of the same on or at all the following places:—

(a) the zamindari kutchery (if any) of the estate or other place at which the rents are ordinarily received;

(b) some conspicuous place in at least one village appertaining to the estate to which the application relates, and if the estate comprises lands situated in more than one local division then in at least one village in each local division containing such lands;

(c) the office or Court of every Collector, Sub-divisional Officer, Judge, and Munsif, within whose jurisdiction, and every police station within the jurisdiction of which any of the lands to which the application relates are known to be situated.

49. If the application alleges that the

Notice to transferor.

applicant has acquired possession of the interest in respect of which he applies to be registered by transfer from any living person, a copy of such notice shall be served on the alleged transferor by tendering to the person to whom it may be directed a copy thereof attested by the Collector, or by delivering such copy at the usual place of abode of such person, or to some adult male member of his family; or in case it cannot be so served, by posting such copy upon some conspicuous part of the usual or last known place of abode of such person.

In case such notice cannot be served in any of the ways hereinbefore mentioned, it shall be served in such way as the Collector issuing such notice may direct.

No fees or other costs shall be payable by the applicant in respect of the service or publication of the notice prescribed by this and the last preceding section.

50. No irregularity or omission in the publi-

Irregularity in publication or service of notice not to affect validity of proceedings.

cation or service of notice as required by the three last preceding sections shall affect the validity of any proceedings under this Act, unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that some material injury was caused by such irregularity or omission.

51. On the day fixed in the notice issued

Inquiry by Collector.

under section 47, or as soon thereafter as possible, the Collector shall consider any objections which may be advanced, and make such further inquiry as appears necessary to ascertain the truth of the alleged possession of, succession to, or transfer of the estate, revenue-free property, or interest therein, in respect of which registration is applied for; and if it appears to the Collector that the possession exists,

or that the succession or transfer has taken place, and that the applicant has acquired possession in accordance with such succession or transfer

but not otherwise, the Collector shall order the name of the possessor, successor, or transferee (as the case may be), to be registered in the proper Registers as proprietor or manager of the said estate, revenue-free property; or interest therein.

Provided that any person to whom any proprietary right in an estate has been mortgaged, may be registered as mortgagee, whether he be in actual possession or otherwise.

52. For the purpose of the inquiry mentioned in the last preceding section, and of every inquiry held under this Act, the Collector may summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel them to give evidence, and compel the production of documents by the same means, and, as far as possible, in the same manner, as is provided in the case of a Civil Court by the Code of Civil Procedure.

53. All costs of any enquiry or proceeding held before the Collector under this Act shall, except as provided in section 49, be payable by the parties concerned, and the Collector may pass such orders as he shall think fit in respect of the payment of such costs.

54. If the applicant's possession of, succession to, or acquisition by transfer of the extent of interest in respect of which he has applied to be registered, is disputed by or on behalf of any person making a conflicting claim in respect thereof, and if the possession of the applicant in accordance with his application is not proved to the satisfaction of the Collector, the Collector shall ascertain by summary inquiry who is the person best entitled to the extent of interest in dispute, and shall put such person in possession thereof and make the necessary entry in the registers accordingly, subject to any orders which may subsequently be made by any Civil Court;

or if in the opinion of the Collector the dispute be one which can more properly be determined by a Civil Court, the Collector shall refer the matter in dispute to the principal Civil Court of the district for determination as hereinafter provided.

Provided that if the applicant's possession of any extent of interest in accordance with his application be not disputed, or if such possession be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector, the Collector may register the said applicant's name in respect of such extent of interest, and may at the same time make a reference as hereinafter provided to the Civil Court for determination of any dispute as to any further extent of interest in respect of which the applicant has applied to be registered, but in respect of which the right of the applicant to be registered is disputed, and is not proved to the satisfaction of the Collector.

55. Every order of a Collector passed under the first clause of the last preceding section shall be of the same force and effect as an order passed by the Judge under section 4 of Act XIX of 1841, determining summarily the right

to possession and delivering possession accordingly;

and no proceedings shall be taken by any Civil Court under the said Act in respect of any claim or dispute which has been determined by an order of the Collector as aforesaid.

56. In making a reference under section 54, the Collector shall state for the information of the said Court in writing under his hand

- (1) the name of the estate or revenue-free property to which the reference applies, together with the numbers which it bears on the General Register, and (if an estate), on the revenue-roll of the district;
- (2) the names of all the persons who now stand registered on the General Register as proprietors, managers, or mortgagees of such estate or property;
- (3) the name of the applicant for registry;
- (4) the character and extent of the interest in dispute;
- (5) the circumstances of the case as far as they are before the Collector, and the reasons which have led him to make the reference.

57. On receipt of such reference the said Court may either proceed to determine the matter as hereinafter provided, or may transfer the matter for determination to any other competent Civil Court in the district. The said Court, or the Court to which the matter is transferred, shall cite the parties concerned, and give notice of the time at which the matter will be heard; and after expiration of the time so fixed, shall determine summarily the right to possession in respect of the interest in dispute (subject to regular suit), and shall deliver possession accordingly.

58. If it shall appear to the Judge of the Court by which the matter is heard that danger is to be apprehended of the misappropriation or waste of the property before the summary suit can be determined, such Judge may appoint curators for the care of the property, and may exercise all or any of the powers mentioned in sections 5 to 13 (both inclusive) of Act XIX of 1841.

59. The said Court may make such order as it shall think fit with regard to the payment by the parties of the cost of the enquiry and proceedings.

Provided that no costs shall be recoverable from the parties on account of the issue of notices citing the parties and fixing a date for the first hearing of the case.

60. The summary decision of the Court under section 57 shall have no other effect than that of settling the actual possession; but for this purpose it shall be final, not subject to any appeal or order for review.

61. The Court shall certify to the Collector its determination as to the right of possession, and the Collector shall thereupon make the necessary entries in the proper Registers.

62. The Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe proper fees for changes or entries in the Registers; provided that no fee for a single change or entry shall exceed one hundred rupees.

Such fees shall be levied from the person in whose favor the change or entry is made.

Any two or more persons may join in one application for the registration of their names under this Act in respect of one estate or revenue-free property; and such joint application shall, for the purpose of levying fees under this section, be deemed to be one application.

All fees levied under this section shall be expended in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit.

63. Whoever, being required by this Act to apply for the registration of his name and the extent of his interest in any estate or revenue-free property, voluntarily or negligently omits to make such application within the prescribed time, shall be liable to such fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding one hundred rupees for such omission, and to such further daily fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which such person shall omit to apply for such registration after a date to be fixed by the Collector in a notice requiring such person to apply for registration.

Such notice shall be served in the manner prescribed in section 49, and the date before which such person is required to apply for registration shall not be less than one month after service of such notice.

64. The Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending.

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the said Commissioner.

65. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 63, no fine shall be imposed by the Collector under the said section on any person on the ground that such person has failed to make application for registration of his name within the time fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 39,

or on the ground that such person has failed to apply for registration of his name within the time prescribed by section 42.

if such person shall, at any time after the expiration of the time fixed or prescribed as aforesaid, of his own motion, and otherwise than after the issue of a requisition by the Collector in that behalf, present such application as is required by this Act for the registration of his name, and of the character and extent of his interest.

66. All the recorded proprietors and managers of an estate or revenue-free property shall be deemed to be jointly and severally liable for the discharge of any duties and obligations which are by any law for the time being in force imposed upon the proprietors of such estate or property;

and all persons who are required by this Act to apply for registration shall, from the date on which the obligation so to register is imposed on them respectively by this Act, be deemed to be liable for the discharge of any duties and obligations which are by any such law as aforesaid imposed upon the proprietors of the estate or property in respect of which they are required to apply for registration respectively.

PART V.

OF THE OPENING OF SEPARATE ACCOUNTS IN RESPECT OF SHARES.

67. Notwithstanding anything contained in Act XI of 1859 (*an Act to improve the law relating to sales of land, &c.*), from the commencement of this Act no separate account shall be opened under the provisions of section 10 or of section 11 of the said Act in respect of the share of any applicant under the said sections otherwise than for a share corresponding with the character and extent of interest in the estate in respect of which such applicant is recorded as proprietor or manager under this Act.

68. Whenever any share in respect of which a separate account has been opened by the Collector under section 10 or section 11 of the said Act XI of 1859, or under section 71 of this Act, shall no longer correspond with the character and extent of interest held in the estate by any one proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more proprietors or managers, any proprietor or manager whose name is borne on the General Register under this Act as proprietor or manager of any interest in the share in respect of which such separate account is open, may submit to the Collector a written application setting out the circumstances under which such share no longer corresponds with the extent of interest held in the estate by any one or more recorded proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more recorded proprietors or managers, and specifying the manner in which such share has become broken up and distributed among the proprietors of the estate, and praying that the separate account standing open in respect of such share shall be closed, and, if he so desire, praying that another separate account be opened in respect of any other share or shares which were wholly or partly included in the share in respect of which the previous separate account was open.

Illustration.

In a certain estate separate accounts have been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859 for the 4 annas share of A, and also for the 5 annas share of B, the accounts of the remaining 7 annas share being kept jointly in the names of the remaining proprietors C, D, and E.

In course of time X has inherited A's 4 annas share, and also C's interest in the 7 annas share, which amounted to 3 annas; X has also acquired by purchase 2 annas

out of B's 5 annas share, so that the interests in the estate are now distributed as follows:—

X	9 annas.
B	3 ..
D & E	4 ..

X, if a recorded proprietor of the estate, may apply to the Collector to close the separate account which is open in respect of A's 4 annas share, and also the separate account which is open in respect of B's 5 annas share, as neither of these shares corresponds with the extent of interest held by any one proprietor, or held jointly by two or more proprietors in the estate;

and in the same application X may apply for the opening of a separate account in respect of the 9 annas share which he now holds.

69. On receipt of such application the Collector shall cause a copy of the same to be published in the manner provided in section 10 of Act XI of 1859; and if within six weeks from the date of such publication no objection is made by any other recorded proprietor of the estate, the Collector shall close the separate account which then stands open, and shall open a separate account with the applicant as required by him, under section 10, or section 11 of Act XI of 1859, or under section 71 of this Act, as the case may be.

70. If any recorded proprietor of the estate, whether the same be held in common tenancy or otherwise, object that the share in respect of which any separate account is open as aforesaid has not been broken up, and does still correspond with the character and extent of interest held by any one proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more proprietors or managers,

or object that the applicant has no right to the share claimed by him, or that his interest in the estate is less or other than that claimed by him.

or, when the application is in respect of a specific portion of the land of an estate or in respect of an undivided interest held in common tenancy in any specific portion of the land of the estate, object that the amount of Government revenue stated by the applicant to have been heretofore paid on account of such portion of land, or on account of the applicants undivided interest therein, is not the amount which has been recognized by the other sharers as the Government revenue thereof,

the Collector shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, and shall suspend proceedings until the question at issue is judicially determined.

71. When a recorded proprietor of a joint estate whose share consists of an undivided interest held in common tenancy in any specific portion of the land of the estate, but not extending over the whole estate, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the land in which he holds such undivided interest and of the boundaries and extent thereof, together with a statement of the amount of Government revenue heretofore paid on account of such undivided interest. On the receipt of this application the Collector shall cause it to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of notice in

In the event of no objection being urged by any recorded co-sharer within six weeks from the time of publication, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it.

The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

72. Section 12 of the said Act XI of 1859 shall apply to every application made under the last preceding section; and the effect and consequences of opening a separate account under the last preceding section shall be such and the same as are described in section 13 and in section 14 of Act XI of 1859.

PART VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

73. The Collector shall supply an extract from any Register mentioned in this Act to any person who may apply for the same, subject to the payment of such fees for searching and copying as may be prescribed by the Board.

74. If in any district any Register prescribed by this Act has not been prepared and kept up in the vernacular language and character of the district, the Collector shall be bound, together with any English extract which may be furnished under the last preceding section, to furnish a translation of the same in the vernacular language and written in the vernacular character of such district; and no further charge shall be made in respect of the furnishing of such translation than might have been charged in respect of the extract in English furnished under the said section.

75. Whenever any change shall be made by order of competent authority in the names of the recorded proprietors or managers of any estate or revenue-free property, or in the character or extent of the interest of any such proprietor or manager as entered in any register mentioned in this Act, so soon as the order under which such change in the entry may have been made shall have been confirmed in appeal, or so soon as the period for presenting an appeal against such order shall have expired without the presentation of an appeal, the Collector shall cause a notice of such change to be posted up at his office, at the office of every sub-divisional officer within whose jurisdiction any lands of the estate or revenue-free property concerned are situated, and at such places as he may think fit on the estate or property; and every such notice shall set out the name of every proprietor and manager of the estate or revenue-free property concerned, and the character and extent of the interest of every such proprietor and manager as it stands recorded on the General Register on the date of the issue

76. Except in accordance with a written contract as hereinafter

No person bound to pay rent in excess of recorded interest of claimant.

provided, no person shall be bound to pay rent to any person claiming such rent as proprietor or manager of an estate or revenue-free property in respect of which he is required by this Act to cause his name to be registered, unless the name of such claimant shall have been so registered, or unless an application for such registration of the name of such claimant shall be pending before the Collector or before the Civil Court as in this Act provided;

and no person being liable to pay rent to two or more such proprietors or managers holding in common tenancy, shall be bound to pay to any one such proprietor or manager more than the amount which bears the same proportion to the whole of such rent, as the extent of the interest in respect of which such proprietor or manager is registered, bears to the entire estate or revenue-free property.

77. An extract from the General Register furnished by the Collector

Extract from register conclusive as to extent of interests registered.

under sections 73 or 74, in which the name of every proprietor and of every manager of the estate or revenue-free property concerned, is set out and the character and extent of the interest of every such proprietor and manager is specified, shall be deemed to be conclusive as to the proportion of the entire rent as aforesaid which any person as aforesaid was bound to pay to any one such proprietor or manager on the date on which such extract was furnished by the Collector, and such extract shall (as far as such proportion is concerned, and not otherwise) afford full indemnity to all persons paying their rents in accordance with the extent of the registered interests set out in such extract.

78. Whenever any sum of money shall be payable by the Collector to the

Collector may pay certain sums due to recorded proprietors in accordance with registered interests of each.

proprietors of any estate or revenue-free property jointly, it shall be lawful for the Collector to pay to any one or more recorded proprietors or managers thereof such portion of the said sum as may be proportionate to the extent of the interest in respect of which such proprietors or managers are registered, and the receipt of such proprietors or managers shall afford full indemnity to the Collector in respect of any sum so paid.

79. Nothing contained in the three last preceding sections shall be

Saving of written contracts and recovery from person receiving money.

held to interfere with the conditions of any written contract, or to prevent any person deeming himself entitled to any sum of money from recovering such sum by due process of law from any other person who has received the same.

80. Every amount which may become due to the Collector under

Every amount due deemed to be a demand under Bengal Act VII of 1868.

the provisions of this Act in respect of any expenses incurred, of any fees payable, of any notices served, of any costs payable by any party, or of any fines imposed, shall be deemed to be a demand under section 1 of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as

arrears of land revenue) and shall be leviable as such.

81. The Collector may by a notice require the proprietor or manager

Collector may require proprietor to name estate.

of any estate or revenue-free property to name such estate or property by a distinctive name, and in case of failure of such proprietor or manager to comply with the requisition within the time fixed by the Collector may name, such estate or property.

82. The Collector may, by a special or a

Collector may delegate duties.

general order, delegate to any Assistant Collector, Deputy Collector, or Sub-Deputy Collector the performance of any duty and the exercise of any function which the Collector is required or empowered to perform or exercise under this Act, except in respect of appeals;

and any Assistant, Deputy, or Sub-Deputy Collector to whom any duty or function is so delegated may exercise all the powers of a Collector under this Act, except in respect of appeals.

83. Every order passed under this Act by any

Appeal.

revenue officer below the rank of the Collector of the District (not being an officer specially vested with appellate powers as hereinafter mentioned) shall be appealable to the Collector of the district, or to any officer who may have been specially vested by the Government with special appellate powers in this behalf,

and there shall be no further appeal from any order so passed in appeal confirming the order appealed against, but an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner of the Division against every order so passed in appeal which modifies or reverses the order appealed against.

Every order passed by the Collector of the District, or by any officer specially vested with appellate powers as aforesaid, being passed otherwise than on appeal from the order of another officer, shall be appealable to the Commissioner of the Division.

Every appeal to the Collector shall be presented within fifteen days of the date of the order appealed against;

and every appeal to the Commissioner shall be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the order appealed against;

and every appeal presented after the lapse of the time fixed by this section may be summarily rejected, unless sufficient cause shall be shown to the satisfaction of the appellate authority for admitting the appeal after the lapse of such time.

Every order passed by any officer subordinate to a Commissioner shall be subject at any time to revision and modification by such Commissioner;

and every order passed by any such officer or by such Commissioner shall be subject at any time to revision and modification by the Board.

84. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal, the

Exclusion of time in case of appeals.

day on which the order complained of was pronounced, and the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the order appealed against shall be excluded.

85. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time vest any officer other than the Collector of the District with special appellate powers under this Act; and every officer so vested shall be competent to hear and decide any appeal which the Collector of the District is competent to hear and decide under this Act.

Lieutenant-Governor may vest officer with special appellate powers.

86. Within four months of the date on which this Act comes into force, the Board shall make general Rules consistent with this Act to regulate—

Board may make certain rules.

the form in which Registers under this Act are to be kept ;

the procedure as to the presentation, admission, and verification of applications for registration under Part IV, and as to inquiries under section 51,

and generally for the purposes of this Act.

The Board may from time to time cancel or alter any such rules.

87. Nothing contained in this Act, and nothing done in accordance with this Act, shall be deemed to—

Saving clause.

(a) preclude any person from bringing a regular suit for possession of, or for a declaration of right to, any immoveable property to which he may deem himself entitled ;

(b) render the entry of any land in the Registers under this Act as revenue-free an admission on the part of Government of the right of the person in whose name such land may be entered, or an admission of the validity of the title under which the said land is held revenue-free ;

(c) affect the rights of the Government or of any person in respect of any immoveable property or of any interest, except as otherwise expressly provided herein

SCHEDULE OF REGULATIONS REPEALED.

See Section 2.

Number and year.	Subject or abbreviated Title.	Extent of Repeal.
IX of 1793	A Regulation for receiving, trying and deciding suits declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut, &c.	Section four.
XIX of 1793	Non-badshahi lakhiraj grants...	Sections twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-nine to thirty-four; so much of section thirty-five as has not been repealed; sections thirty-six to forty-one; so much of sections forty-two and forty-three as has not been repealed, sections forty-four to forty-six, all inclusive.
XXXVII of 1793	Badshahi lakhiraj grants ...	Sections sixteen to eighteen, twenty-four, twenty to twenty-nine; so much of section thirty as has not been repealed, thirty-one to thirty-three, thirty-five, thirty-six; so much of section thirty-seven as has not been repealed, section thirty-eight, so much of section thirty-nine as has not been repealed, sections forty to forty-six, all inclusive.
XLVIII of 1793	A Regulation for forming a quinquennial register, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
LVIII of 1795	Granting to the Collectors a commission on the jumma of certain lands.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1797	Levying Fees, &c. ...	The whole.
VIII of 1800	Pergunnah Register ...	So much as has not been repealed, except section nineteen.
III of 1828	For the appointment of Special Commissioners, &c.	So much of section eleven as has not been repealed.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill, as provisionally settled by the Council on the 25th March 1876, is, by order of the President, published for general information:—

A Bill to provide for inquiry into Disputes regarding Rent, and to prevent Agrarian Disturbances.

For the purpose of providing for inquiry into disputes regarding rent, and of preventing agrarian disturbances: It is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the "Agrarian Disputes Act, 1876:"

Local extent.

It extends to all the territories for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

It shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General, and shall continue in force for three years from such date.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Lieutenant-Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or the person acting in that capacity.

"Board" means the Board of Revenue for the provinces for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of a Division, and includes any officer whom the Lieutenant-Governor may vest (as he is hereby empowered to do) with all or any of the powers of a Commissioner under this Act.

"The Collector" means the officer appointed to make the inquiry under this Act.

"Section" means a section of this Act.

3. If it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor that a serious dispute exists in any tract of country as to any question in respect of the adjustment of rents, or as to arrears of rents,

and if application shall be made to the Lieutenant-Governor by any person interested in such dispute praying that the Lieutenant-Governor do take action under the powers vested in him by this Act, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by an order to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare the provisions of this Act to be in force in such tract, the boundaries of which shall be defined in the said order,

and may direct that inquiry be made for the determination of such dispute by the Collector of the district, or by such other officer as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit to appoint in that behalf.

A copy of such order shall be published by being posted up at the court of every Judge and Munsif, and at the office of every Collector and Sub-Divisional Officer within whose jurisdiction, and at every police station within the jurisdiction of which, the said tract or any part of it is situated, and in such one or more conspicuous places in the said tract as the Collector may direct.

From the date of the publication of the copy of such order in the office of the Collector of the district, this Act shall be deemed to be in force in such tract until the Lieutenant-Governor shall by notification declare that it is no longer there in force.

Lieutenant-Governor may vest officer with powers of a Deputy Collector.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor may specially vest any officer with the powers of a Deputy Collector under this Act; and any officer so vested may exercise any of the powers, and discharge any of the functions of the Collector under this Act (except in respect of appeals) which he may be required to exercise or to discharge by a general or special order of the Collector.

5. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have made an order under section three, the Lieutenant-Governor shall also issue instructions specifying any matters of fact in to which the Collector shall inquire, in accordance with the provisions of the said section; and on receipt of such instructions the Collector shall proceed to make the inquiry in accordance therewith.

6. Before proceeding to make such inquiry, the Collector shall publish a notification in the manner provided by clause five of section three, stating the nature of the inquiry to be made, and calling upon all parties who may deem themselves interested therein to appear before him, either in person or by agent, for the purpose of making such representations and advancing such objections as to them may seem fit; and such representations and objections (if any) shall be duly heard and considered by the Collector.

7. For the purpose of such inquiry, the Collector shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of parties and witnesses, to examine such parties and witnesses, and to compel the production of documents by the same means (as far as may be) and in the same manner as is provided in the case of a court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

8. After making the necessary inquiry, the Collector shall draw up a report stating the result of the inquiry, and his own opinion on each of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, and shall publish a notice in his office stating that any person may take a copy of the said report for the purpose of advancing before the Commissioner any objections thereto which he may think fit, and that such objections must be filed in the office of the Commissioner, or in the office of the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within fifteen days of the publication of the said notice.

9. The Collector shall forward such report and copies of any objections which may be filed in his office under the last preceding section to the Commissioner, and the Commissioner, after considering such objections, and causing any further inquiry to be made which he may think fit, shall submit the report of the Collector, with copies of the objections made thereto, and with his own opinion on each of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, to the Board.

10. After considering the reports and objections submitted by the Commissioner under the last preceding section, the Board to issue instructions to Collector.

Board shall issue such instructions as to it shall seem fit, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect to the determination of each of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, and the Collector shall make an order determining each of the said matters in accordance with such instructions of the Board.

11. On receipt of such instructions the Collector shall publish a notice of such receipt at his office, and from the date of the publication of such notice, and as long as this Act is in force in the tract mentioned in section three, all suits of the nature of those specified in section 23 of Act X of 1859, relating to such tract, shall be instituted before, and, except as hereinafter otherwise expressly provided, be cognizable by, the Collector and by no other tribunal.

12. As soon as possible after publication of the notice mentioned in the last preceding section, the Collector shall send a copy thereof to every Court which had jurisdiction to entertain such suits immediately before the publication of the said notice.

13. In the disposal of such suits the Collector shall, as far as possible, follow the procedure prescribed in Act X of 1859, and all powers exercised by a Collector under the said Act may be exercised by the Collector under this Act, provided that all such suits shall be decided by a reference to, and in accordance with, any order of the Collector determining a matter under section ten, in so far as such order may be applicable.

14. The Collector may, with the consent of the parties concerned, refer any such suit to arbitration, and the provisions of sections 313 to 325 (both inclusive) of the aforesaid Act VIII of 1859 shall, as far as may be practicable, apply to such references.

14A. Whenever in any suit instituted under the provisions of this Act it shall appear to the Collector that a ryot having a right of occupancy is liable to enhancement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land held by him have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot;

or whenever in any such suit it shall appear to the Collector that such ryot is entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land held by him have been decreased by any cause beyond the powers of the said ryot,

the Collector shall, if possible, fix the rate of rent payable by such ryot, so that the rent previously paid by such ryot shall bear to the rent so fixed the same proportion as the former value of the produce of the soil, calculated on an average of three or five years rent before the date of the alleged rise or decrease in value, bears to the present value of such produce;

but if in any such suit the Collector shall not be able to ascertain to his satisfaction the former value of the produce as required for the application of the above rule.

the Collector may determine the rate of rent payable by such ryot according to any of the following methods:—

(a) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the existing average gross value of the produce of the land held by him as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(b) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the average net profits of the land held by him (after deducting from the average gross annual value of the produce of such lands such a sum as may be deemed proper on account of costs of production and disposal of such produce) as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(c) by taking as the standard of comparison the rates which are generally paid by ryots having no right of occupancy in adjacent places, or in such places as the Collector may select, for lands of a similar description and having similar advantages; and by fixing the rates of rent to be paid by the ryot having a right of occupancy at such percentage below the rent which would be paid for the same lands by ryots having no right of occupancy as the Collector may consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case.

15. In every suit under this Act of the nature of those specified in the first, second, third, and fourth clauses of section 23 of Act X of 1859, any number of ryots or other tenants may be sued, or may sue collectively, and it shall be no ground for dismissing or refusing to hear the application that such ryots or other tenants are wrongly joined as plaintiffs or defendants, provided all such ryots or tenants hold land in the same estate;

but no order shall be passed in such case unless the officer making such order is satisfied that all parties have had an opportunity to appear and make objection to any claims preferred against them;

and if at any time it shall appear to the Collector that the question between any two of the parties of whom one is so joined with others cannot conveniently be so jointly tried, the Collector may order a separate trial to be held.

16. Every order passed in any such case as is mentioned in the first clause of the last preceding section, shall specify the extent to which each of the ryots or other tenants named in the order shall be affected thereby.

17. Every decree of a Collector under this Act in any suit of the nature of those specified in the first clause of section 23 of Act X of 1859 shall have effect, and the rates of rent determined by such decree shall be payable from the beginning of the year in which such suit was instituted (such year being computed according to the era in force in the aforesaid tract), or from such later date as the Collector may fix; and the rates of rent so determined shall not be liable to abatement or enhancement for five years from the first day of the year in which the decree may have effect as provided in this section, or, in case any part of the tract is comprised within a ten-

porarily-settled estate, until the conclusion of the period of the settlement with Government under which such estate is held, if such period expires before the lapse of five years as aforesaid.

Provided that, during the currency of the term for which the rent has been fixed as aforesaid, any person may bring a suit to enhance the rent of any ryot or tenant whose rent has been so fixed, on the ground that the area of the ryot's or tenant's holding has been increased by alluvion or otherwise, and on no other ground.

And any ryot or tenant may, during the said period, bring a suit for abatement of his rent which has been so fixed, on the ground that the area of the land held by him has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise, and on no other ground.

18. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if it shall appear to the Collector that any suit which is pending before him involves any question relating to the title of land or to some interest in land, as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, or any other question which can more properly be decided by a civil court, or, in districts in which Act X of 1859 is in force, by a revenue court under that Act, the Collector may transfer such suit to a civil court or revenue court (according to whether such civil court or such revenue court would have had jurisdiction in the matter if this Act had not been passed); and such court shall thereupon proceed to deal with the suit as if this Act had not been passed, and as if the suit had originally been instituted before such court.

19. If such suit involves a question of rent or any other question which may properly be settled by the Collector under this Act, as well as a question which may more properly be decided by such civil court or revenue court, the Collector may decide the former question under this Act before transferring the suit to such other court; and such decision shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in respect of appeals, and the civil court or revenue court shall be bound to give the final decision in the suit in accordance with the decision of the Collector or of the appellate authority under this Act on such question, so far as such decision is applicable.

20. Every order and decree of a Collector under this Act may be enforced by the same means and in the same manner as if such order or decree were an order or decree to the same effect made under Act X of 1859.

21. Notwithstanding that the Lieutenant-Governor may have issued a notification as provided in section three declaring this Act to be no longer in force in any tract, the Collector shall proceed to decide all suits pending before him on the date of issue of such notification as if no such notification had been issued; and in respect of all such suits and of all other matters and suits which may be pending before the Board, the Commissioner, or the Collector on the date of the issue of such notification, the said Board, Commissioner, and Collector shall, until such matters or suits are finally decided or disposed of, exercise

the same powers with respect thereto as if such notification had not been issued.

22. No suit to contest any order or judgment of any officer under the provisions of this Act shall be instituted before any court or tribunal otherwise than as provided in this Act.

23. In the performance of their duties under this Act, the Deputy Collector and Board. Collectors shall be subject to the general control and direction of the Collector, the Collector to the general control and direction of the Commissioner, and all officers to the general control and direction of the Board.

24. An appeal shall lie to the Collector against every order and judgment of a Deputy Collector under this Act, except as hereinafter otherwise provided; but no appeal shall lie against any order or judgment of the Collector under this Act except as hereinafter expressly provided.

25. In suits of the nature of those specified in clauses two, four, and seven of section twenty-three of Act X of 1859, when such suits have been tried and decided by the Collector, if the amount sued for, or the value of the property claimed, does not exceed one hundred rupees, the judgment of the Collector shall be final and not open to revision or appeal, unless in any such suit a question of right to enhance or otherwise vary the rent of a ryot or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land, or to some interest in land as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has been determined by the judgment, in which case the judgment shall be open to appeal in the manner provided in section twenty-eight.

The provisions of section 154 of Act X of 1859 shall apply to all suits in which the judgment of the Collector is final.

26. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act; no appeal shall lie against any order declaring arrears of rent to be due and directing that such arrears be paid, unless such appeal shall be accompanied by the certificate of the Collector that the amount of such arrears has been paid to the Collector; and on payment of such amount, the Collector, if required so to do by the person making such payment, shall be bound to grant such certificate, and to hold the amount in deposit until the appeal against his order shall have been disposed of, or until the period for making such appeal shall have expired.

27. When any such suit as is mentioned in section twenty-five in which, if tried and decided by the Collector, the judgment of the Collector would be final, is tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Deputy Collector shall lie to the Collector, and the provisions of sections 156 to 159 (both inclusive) of the said Act X of 1859 shall apply to such appeals.

28. In all suits other than those in which when tried and decided by a Collector, the judgment of the Collector is final as aforesaid, or when tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal is allowed to the Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Collector or Deputy Collector shall lie to the Commissioner, and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final, unless the amount or value in dispute exceed five thousand rupees, in which case an appeal from the Commissioner's decision shall lie to the Board.

29. Every appeal against the order of a Deputy Collector shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days, and every appeal against the order of a Collector shall be presented to the

Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the date of the order appealed against.

Every appeal against the order of a Commissioner shall be presented to the Board, or to the Commissioner for transmission to the Board, within sixty days of the date of the order appealed against.

Orders passed in appeal by a Commissioner or a Collector shall not be open to any further appeal, except as hereinbefore provided: but the Board or the Commissioner may at any time call for any case, and pass such orders thereon as they may think proper.

(FREDERICK CLARKE,
Offg. Asst. Sery. to the Gort. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to make better provision for the partition of estates paying revenue to Government in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, with the Bill as amended by them, is, by order of the President, published for general information:—

We, the members of the Select Committee to whom the Bill "to make better provision for the partition of estates paying revenue to Government in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal" was referred for consideration, have the honor to report as follows:—

From Commissioner of Dacca, dated 9th June 1875, and enclosure.
From Commissioner of Patna, dated 14th July 1875, and enclosures.
From Commissioner of the Orissa Division, dated 16th July 1875, and enclosures.
From Commissioner of Patna, dated 16th August 1875.
Deputi-official letter from H. Mosley, Esq., Joint-Magistrate, Arrah, dated 29th December 1875.
Notes by J. Beama, Esq., Collector of Cuttack.
Notes by T. E. Ravenshaw, Esq., Commissioner of Orissa.
Memorandum by Baboo Joykisto Mookerjee.
From Collector of Gyal, dated 1st January 1876.
From Collector of Shahabad, dated 17th January 1876.

provisions of the Bill, and have introduced some important additions.

We have divided the Bill into ten Parts.

PART I.

In the first Part we have added numerous definitions; and have made alterations in the definitions of "Deputy Collector," "Estate," and "the Collector."

We have provided that partitions of estates in progress when the Bill comes into force may be completed either under the procedure of the old law, or of this Bill, as the Collector may think best, and that certain provisions of the Bill as to striking cases off the file after estates have been admitted to partition may be applied to such pending cases. We have reproduced in other words the provision of the existing law, that the land revenue shall be assessed on each separate estate into which the parent estate is broken up, in proportion to the assets of such estate.

We have laid down a rule for calculating the rental of land to form the basis of partition proceedings.

PART II.

In view of the provisions of the Bill for the compulsory registration of estates and of the interests of proprietors therein which is now before this Council, we have provided that only recorded proprietors of joint undivided estates, who are in actual possession of the proprietary interests in respect of which they are recorded on the Collectors' registers, shall be entitled to claim partition of estates, and separation of the interests which they hold therein.

We have specified the different kinds of interests which proprietors ordinarily hold in estates, and have defined the rights of the holders of each kind in respect of the assignment to them of lands as their separate estates.

We have debarred the holders of life interests only in estates from applying for partition of such estates.

We have provided that no partition shall be made which would result in the formation of a separate estate liable for an annual amount of revenue less than twenty rupees, and of which the assets would be less than two hundred rupees, unless the proprietor of such estate agrees to redeem the revenue for which such estate would be liable, by a capitalized payment at such rate as the Lieutenant-Governor may determine with reference to the circumstances of each case.

We have provided that when an estate has been divided by private arrangement of the proprietors, and the lands are held in severalty by the proprietors in accordance with such arrangement, no partition of such estate shall be made under the provisions of the Bill otherwise than on the joint application of all the proprietors.

We have provided that no partition shall be made of which the effect would be to break up a compact estate into one or more estates consisting of lands so scattered as to endanger the public revenue.

We have provided that nothing in this Bill shall relieve the entire parent estate from its joint liability for the whole amount of land revenue assessed upon it until the partition proceedings are completed, and the applicant for partition has been finally put in possession of the separate estate representing his interest; from which time each separate estate formed by the partition will become separately liable for the amount of land revenue assessed upon it. Up to such time we have left it to joint proprietors to protect their several interests by causing separate accounts to be opened for their respective shares under Act XI of 1859.

PART III.

We have laid down in detail the procedure for dealing with applications for partition; and have required applicants to file copies of their rent rolls and statements of their collections with their applications when possible.

We have provided that when objection is made to the extent of interest claimed by an applicant or a question of right and title is raised, as between the applicant and other persons claiming to be proprietors, it shall be in the discretion of the Collector either to refuse to make the partition, or, if satisfied that the applicant is in possession in accordance with his claim, to direct that the partition shall proceed in accordance with the applicant's claim, or to direct that the proceedings be postponed for four months in order to give the objector an opportunity of instituting a suit to try the question in dispute.

We have provided that if the objector fails to avail himself of such opportunity,

or if he fails to bring a suit within four months of the date on which the Collector has ordered the partition to proceed notwithstanding his objection,

or within four months of the date on which the Collector has admitted an estate to partition, no objection having been made to such admission,

he shall by such laches forfeit his right to recover any interest in common tenancy of the parent estate.

No suit brought after the expiration of the four months shall be allowed to stay or to interfere with the partition proceedings; and every decree passed in such suit will be subject to such proceedings, so that any right which the plaintiff may recover will give him a status in that separate estate only which is in process of being formed for, or, which has been assigned to the individual proprietor from whom the plaintiff is declared by the decree to be entitled to recover.

We have provided that the Collector may employ a Deputy Collector to make the enquiries connected with an application, but that all important orders shall be passed by the Collector himself.

We have provided that as soon as the Collector has ordered a partition to be made, he may appoint a Deputy Collector to carry out the partition.

We have provided that after an estate has been admitted to partition, the case may be struck off the file at the joint request of the parties thereto, or, by order of the Commissioner for good and sufficient reason.

PART IV.

We have empowered the officer making the partition to appoint the necessary ameens and establishments for carrying it out, and to fix their remuneration under sanction of the Commissioner; and have authorized the appointment of special establishments in the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner when the partition cases to be supervised are so numerous or extensive as to require such agency.

We have defined what items shall be deemed costs leviable from the parties to a partition.

We have provided that in districts in which partitions are numerous, instead of leaving the expenses of each partition to be dealt with separately, the Lieutenant-Governor may order the formation of a general fund for the partition of estates to which all sums levied on account of making partitions shall be credited, and all costs of establishments entertained for that purpose and other expenses charged; and for districts in which the partition work is so heavy as to require this organization, we have provided that the salary of the Deputy Collector whose time is employed in making the partitions shall form a portion of the expenses leviable from the parties.

We have provided that where a general fund is formed, the expenses may be levied from the parties in the shape of fees on a scale to be fixed by the Board so as to keep the receipts and charges of the fund as far as possible in equilibrium, and that the accounts of the fund of each district shall be published annually for general information.

We have given power to the Commissioners to order that any proprietor who wilfully delays the progress of a partition and thereby increases the cost of it, shall be required to pay more than his proportionate share of the expenses.

PART V.

We have provided that rent-rolls and measurement papers filed shall be verified by a person who has a personal knowledge of the facts.

We have laid down the procedure as to the summoning of parties and witnesses and the enforcement of the production of papers, and have provided that the cost of any special enquiry which is rendered necessary by the delay of any party to make an objection at the proper time shall be borne entirely by such party.

PART VI.

We have provided for partitions being effected by the parties themselves and by arbitrators, such partitions being subject to the approval of the revenue officers for the protection of the public revenue.

PART VII.

We have provided that the general arrangement of the partition shall be devised, and the situation of the several separate estates indicated, by the Deputy Collector himself, in consultation with the parties; thus depriving the means of the power of suggesting and initiating such general arrangements, which they now enjoy and notoriously abuse.

In order to avoid the unnecessary delay and waste of labor which is caused by the Collector at a later stage of the proceedings disapproving of the general arrangement made by the Deputy Collector, we have provided that the approval of the Collector to the general arrangement proposed by the Deputy Collector shall be obtained before its details are carried out.

We have allowed the officer conducting the partition to award the payment of compensation to persons whose attendance at the office on days fixed for hearing has been rendered fruitless by the fault of others.

We have laid down the procedure for completing the details of a partition, and for the consideration and approval or amendment or rejection by the Collector of a partition as made by the Deputy Collector.

PART VIII.

In re-enacting the existing rules for the guidance of officers making partitions, and in adding new rules to clear up certain points which have hitherto been doubtful, we have distinguished between rules applicable to estates of which the lands are held in common tenancy, to estates of which the lands are held in severalty, and to estates of both classes.

We have made compactness of the estate a consideration secondary to the main object of making an equitable partition.

We have provided that whenever the dwelling-house of one proprietor is situated on land which is unavoidably assigned to the separate estate of another proprietor, the former shall be allowed to hold the land on which it is situated on payment of a rent to be fixed in perpetuity by the officer making the partition; and that this annual rent may be redeemed by payment of a capitalized sum.

We believe that this provision will be appreciated as a boon by those concerned.

We have empowered the officer making the partition to make a similar arrangement allowing a proprietor to hold, on a fixed rent, as tenant of another proprietor, orchards and other lands which have acquired a special value to him, or through the improvement made by him, but we have not provided that the rent fixed on such lands may be redeemed.

We have provided that when lands of an estate are held in severalty by the proprietors in accordance with a private arrangement made by them, such estate shall not be brought under partition otherwise than on a joint application from all the proprietors thereof.

We have allowed the Collector to give effect under this law not only to the private division of lands as made among themselves by the proprietors, but also to any private arrangement which they may have made as to the proportions of the whole land revenue for which each proprietor's share shall be liable; provided always that such private arrangement can be accepted with reasonable security to the public revenue, and not otherwise.

We have laid down rules as to the mode of allotting lands held without payment of rent, and lands held on permanent intermediate tenures, the rent of which cannot be altered by the proprietors or their representatives.

We have prescribed a procedure for dealing with lands held in common between the proprietors of the estate under partition and the proprietors of other estates.

We have laid down how the Collector is to act in case of a boundary dispute between the estate under partition and another estate.

We have provided that in cases in which a dispute has been raised before the Collector as to whether any lands belong to the estate under partition or to any other estate, and the Collector has included the disputed land on the partition, the fact of such disputed land being subsequently declared by a Civil Court not to have belonged to the estate which was under

partition shall not disturb the partition, but that the proprietor who is dispossessed of such land after it has been assigned to his separate estate by the Collector, shall be entitled to recover compensation on account of the reduction in the proportionate value of the separate estate assigned to him; such compensation being recoverable from the proprietors of the separate estates on which a proportionate share of the loss caused by the decree of the Civil Court in respect of the said lands does not fall.

We have provided that the officer making the partition may, in his discretion, allot equal separate estates according to lot, or may, with the sanction of the Collector, dispense with lots; and we have provided that two or more shares may be aggregated so as to form equal shares for the purpose of casting lots.

PART IX.

We have prescribed a procedure for the Commissioner in dealing with partition cases; and have authorized the Collector to cause boundary marks defining the separate estates formed by the partition to be erected at the cost of the proprietors; and have provided that such marks shall be maintained as provided in the Bengal Survey Act, 1875.

PART X.

We have provided that a tenure created by one or more proprietors of a joint undivided parent estate, but not by all the proprietors of such estate jointly, shall, after partition of the estate, hold good in respect of, and be confined to, the separate estate which has been assigned to the proprietors who created such tenure.

We have generally retained the provisions of the existing law empowering the Lieutenant-Governor to readjust the apportionment of land revenue on separate estates where fraud is discovered within twelve years of a partition.

We have specified the mode of publication of general notifications, and of service of notices on individuals.

We have empowered the Collector to enforce compliance with his requisitions by imposition of a daily fine.

We have provided that the cost of any local enquiry may be dealt with apart from the general expenses of a partition, and levied from any party on whom the officer making the partition thinks proper to impose the payment of such cost.

We have provided that all sums payable under this Bill shall be leviable as demands under Bengal Act VII of 1868.

We have specified the orders of a Deputy Collector, of a Collector, and of a Commissioner respectively, against which an appeal will lie as of right to the superior revenue authority, but we have provided that all proceedings and orders of every subordinate authority will be subject to supervision, control, and revision by the superior authorities.

We have authorized the Commissioner and the Board to pass such orders as they think proper as to the payment of costs of appeals made to them respectively.

We have provided that the Lieutenant-Governor may vest any Collector or Deputy Collector employed on a partition with any powers with which such officer might be vested if the parent estate were under settlement.

We have provided that under the orders of a Civil Court or of the Board, partition of a revenue-free tenure may be made under the provisions of the Bill.

We have provided that a revenue officer may exercise the same powers as a civil court in respect of false evidence given on forgery brought to light in the course of partition proceedings.

We have defined the orders of revenue officers which shall be final, and not liable to be contested in any civil court, or otherwise than as provided in this Bill.

We have reserved a general power of control to the Lieutenant-Governor, and have provided that the Board shall make rules for the guidance of officers;

And we have made other verbal and minor changes in the Bill, as referred to us.

H. L. DAMPIER.

V. H. SCHALCH.

H. REYNOLDS.

JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE.

KRISTODAS PAL.

The 16th March 1876.

N.B.—In signing this report I think it proper to mention, with reference to Part II of this Bill, that I am opposed to those provisions of the Bill for the compulsory registration of estates which require the registration of the extent of interest possessed by proprietors, and that it is my intention to move an amendment regarding those provisions when that Bill comes before the Council.

AMENDED BILL.

A Bill to make better provision for the Partition of Estates.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the partition of estates;
 Preamble.
 It is enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called the "Estates' Partition Act, 1876."

It extends to the territories for the time being under the administration of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal;
 Local extent.

And it shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General, which date is hereinafter referred to as the commencement of this Act.
 Commencement.

2. When and so soon as this Act shall come into force, the Regulations and Acts specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof, shall cease to have effect in the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, save so far as they repeal or modify any other Regulations or Acts, and save so far as regards the partition of any estate which shall be pending at the time of the commencement of this Act.
 Laws repealed.

The partition of any estate which shall be pending at the time of the commencement of this Act shall (except as provided in the next succeeding section) proceed and be completed in the same manner as if this Act had not been passed.

3. The provisions of this Act, so far as they relate to the continuation of a partition from the point which it has reached, or to the staying of the partition of an estate, or to striking a partition case off the file, may be applied, at the discretion of the Collector, in all cases of partition of estates pending at the time of the commencement of this Act, provided that before applying such provisions to the continuation of a partition the Collector give due notice in each case to the parties concerned that such provisions will be applied.
 Certain provisions of Act applicable to partition cases pending at the time of its passing.

4. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—
 Interpretation clause.

(i) "Amin" means a person who is appointed by the Collector or Deputy Collector to make any measurement, survey, or local inquiry, or to prepare the papers showing the result of any measurement, survey, or local inquiry.
 "Amin."

(ii) "Applicant" means any person who has applied to the Collector under the provisions of this Act, for the separation from the parent estate of lands representing his interest in such parent estate, and for the assignment to him of such
 "Applicant."

of land revenue distinct from that for which the parent estate is liable.

(iii) "Assets of land" include the rental of the land with respect to which the expression is used, all profits derived by the proprietors out of such land from rights of pasturage, forest-rights, fisheries, and all other legal sources.
 "Assets of land."

(iv) "Assets of an estate" mean the assets of all land included in an estate.
 "Assets of estate."

(v) "Board" means the Board of Revenue for the provinces for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
 "Board."

(vi) "Chapter" means a chapter of this Act.
 "Chapter."

(vii) "Deputy Collector" includes any Assistant Collector, Deputy Collector, or Sub-Deputy Collector whom the Collector may appoint (as he is hereby empowered to do) to effect a partition and allotment of assessment under this Act, or to conduct any of the proceedings connected with such partition and allotment.
 "Deputy Collector."

(viii) "Estate" means all lands which are borne on the revenue-roll of a Collector as liable for the payment of one and the same demand of land revenue.
 "Estate."

(ix) "Joint undivided estate" means all lands which are borne on the revenue-roll of a Collector as liable for the payment of one and the same demand of land revenue, and of which two or more persons are proprietors.
 "Joint undivided estate."

(x) "Land" does not include the houses and buildings standing thereon.
 "Land."

(xi) "Lieutenant-Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being or the person acting in that capacity.
 "Lieutenant-Governor."

(xii) "Parent estate" means any estate for the partition of which proceedings may be in progress under this Act, or of which the partition may have been effected under this Act.
 "Parent estate."

(xiii) "Proprietor" includes every person who is in possession of any estate under partition, or of any portion of such estate, or of any interest in such estate or in any part of such estate, at owner thereof, whether such person be or be not a recorded proprietor of the estate.
 "Proprietor."

(xiv) "Recorded proprietor" means a person whose name is registered on the Collector's general register of revenue-paying lands as proprietor of an estate or of any share or interest therein.
 "Recorded proprietor."

(xv) "Section" means a section of this Act.
 "Section."

(xvi) "Separate estate" means any distinct estate which may be formed by the partition of a parent estate under this Act, or for the formation of which proceedings may be in progress under this Act.
 "Separate estate."

(xvii) "The Collector" means the Collector of the district on the revenue-roll of which the estate under partition, or which it is proposed to bring
 "The Collector."

under partition, is borne, and includes any officer whom the Board may generally vest (as it is hereby empowered to do) with the powers of a Collector under this Act, and to whom the Collector of the district has, with the sanction of the Commissioner, delegated (as he is hereby empowered to do) any of his duties and functions in respect of the partition of any estate; and any officer whom the Board may specially vest (as it is hereby empowered to do) with the powers of a Collector for the purposes of any partition under this Act.

(xviii) "The Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue to whom the Collector engaged in making the partition is subordinate.

5. All partitions of estates which shall be ordered to be made after the commencement of this Act, shall be made under the provisions of this Act, and no such partition made otherwise than under this Act shall relieve any lands from liability to Government for the total demand of land revenue assessed upon the estate of which they form a part.

6. The amount of land revenue assessed on each separate estate shall bear the same proportion to the whole amount of land revenue for which the parent estate was liable, as the assets of such separate estate bear to the whole assets of the parent estate.

7. Except as hereinafter otherwise expressly provided, the average of the amount of rent which was payable for any land by the cultivating ryots during the three years immediately preceding the year in which proceedings are taken under this Act for the partition of the estate shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the rental of such land;

and if any land is not let, but is held and occupied directly by the proprietors or any of them, the annual rent for which such land might reasonably be expected to let shall be deemed to be the rental of such land.

Exception 1.—If the rent payable by the cultivating ryots on account of any land shall have been determined by any Court of competent jurisdiction, or shall have been altered with the consent of the said ryots at any time during the said three years, the amount so determined, or the amount to which the rent may have been so altered, shall be deemed to be the rental of the land.

Exception 2.—If any land is held on a permanent tenure which was created by all the proprietors of the estate, and which by any law for the time being in force is protected against the purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue, the rent payable by the holder of such tenure shall be deemed to be the rental of such land.

Exception 3.—If any land is held on a tenure which, although not protected as aforesaid, is admitted by all the recorded proprietors of the estate to be a permanent tenure created by all the proprietors of the estate, and of such nature that the rent thereof is not liable to be raised under any circumstances by the proprietors of the said estate, or any person deriving his title from such proprietors, the rent payable by the holder of

patnidar, mokarraridar, or by any other designation) shall be deemed to be the rental of such land.

Exception 4.—If any land be unoccupied, such amount as the Collector may determine, with reference to all the circumstances of the case, shall be deemed to be the rental of such land.

PART II.

OF THE RIGHT TO CLAIM PARTITION.

8. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided, every recorded proprietor of a joint undivided estate, who is in actual possession of the interest in respect of which he is so recorded, is entitled to claim a partition of the said estate, and the separation therefrom and assignment to him as a separate estate of lands representing the interest of which he is in such possession, provided that, and as far only as, such partition, separation, and assignment can be made in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Any two or more such recorded proprietors may claim that lands representing the interests of all such claimants may be formed into one separate estate to be held by them as a joint undivided estate; and every provision of this Act which applies to an applicant for partition shall apply to any two or more persons making such joint claim.

9. (a) If the interest of any recorded proprietor who is entitled to claim partition as aforesaid is an undivided share in an estate held in common tenancy, such person shall be entitled to have assigned to him lands of which the assets shall bear the same proportion to the assets of the parent estate as his undivided share in the parent estate bears to the entire parent estate.

(b) If the interest of such recorded proprietor is the proprietary right of certain specific mouzahs or lands forming part of the parent estate, and held by him in severalty, he shall be entitled to have assigned to him the said mouzahs or lands.

(c) If the interest of such recorded proprietor consists of an undivided share held in common tenancy in certain specific mouzahs or tracts forming part of the parent estate, (but not extending over the whole area of the parent estate,) he shall be entitled to have assigned to him lands situated within such specific mouzahs or tracts, of which the assets shall bear the same proportion to the assets of such specific mouzahs or tracts as the share which he holds in such specific mouzahs or tracts bears to the entire mouzahs or tracts.

Provided that if the interest of such recorded proprietor consists of such undivided share in more than one mouzah or tract, he shall not be entitled to have lands assigned to him in every such mouzah or tract; but the Collector may assign to him lands situated in any one or more of the said mouzahs or tracts, provided that the assets of such lands are in proportion to the aggregate of the interests which he holds in all such mouzahs or tracts.

(d) If such recorded proprietor holds in the parent estate more than one of the kinds of interest

him as far as possible in accordance with the principles above laid down.

10. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, no person having a proprietary interest in an estate for the term of his life only shall be deemed to be a person entitled to claim partition under this Act.

11. No application for the partition of an estate shall be admitted, and no partition of an estate shall be made if the result of such partition would be to form any separate estate liable for an annual amount of land revenue less than twenty rupees, and of which the assets would be less than two hundred rupees, until the proprietor of such separate estate agrees to redeem the amount of revenue for which his estate would be liable, by payment of such sum as the Lieutenant-Governor may fix with reference to the circumstances of such estate.

12. Whenever a division of the lands of any estate has been made by private arrangement of the proprietors thereof, and in accordance with such arrangement each proprietor is in possession of separate lands held in severalty as representing his interest in the estate, no such estate shall be brought under partition and no partition of such estate shall be made under this Act otherwise than on a joint petition presented by all the proprietors thereof, unless such partition shall have been ordered to be made by a Civil Court.

13. The Collector may refuse to admit an application for the formation of lands held in severalty into a separate estate, if in consequence of such lands being intermingled with those held by other proprietors the result of the partition would be to form out of a compact estate one or more estates consisting of scattered parcels of land, in such a way as, in the opinion of the Collector, to endanger the safety of the public revenue, and the Collector may at any time refuse to proceed with a partition which would have such a result.

But a partition may be allowed in such a case if the recorded proprietors shall agree to such a distribution of land as shall make the estates formed by the partition reasonably compact, or if the person who would on the completion of the partition be proprietor of such scattered separate estate agrees to redeem, in the manner provided in section 11, the amount of revenue for which his separate estate may be made liable.

Nothing in this section shall be understood to prohibit the partition into separate estates of a parent estate which before such partition is not compact and consists only of scattered parcels of land.

14. No proprietor who has alienated any portion of his interest in an estate or in any specific lands of an estate, by private contract, with the condition that the

estate is liable (such amount or share being other than the proportionate amount or the proportionate share for which such transferred interest if formed into a separate estate would be liable under the provisions of section 6) ;

and no proprietor who has derived his title from any proprietor who has made any alienation as aforesaid,

shall be entitled to claim a separation under this Act of the interest which he continues to hold in the estate ;

and no such transferee as aforesaid, and no person deriving his title from such transferee, shall be entitled to claim a separation of the interest which has been so acquired :

Provided that a separation of such interests may be made, if the parties concerned agree to waive the conditions of the contract as regards the proportion of revenue for which the transferor and transferee or their representatives respectively are liable, and to hold the estates which may be allotted to them respectively by the partition, subject to the payment of such amount of land revenue as may be assessed upon them respectively by the revenue authorities under his Act.

15. Notwithstanding that a parent estate may have been declared to be under partition as provided in section 31, any arrears of revenue accruing due on such estate before the date specified in the notice issued under section 119 may be realized by sale of the parent estate as if such estate had not been declared to be under partition ; and if such sale takes place the partition proceedings shall cease from the date thereof.

16. Nothing contained in the last preceding section shall be deemed to affect the provisions of sections 10, 11, 12, 13, or 14 of Act XI of 1859 (an Act to improve the law relating to sale of lands for arrears of revenue), or any provisions of any similar law for the time being in force in respect to the opening of separate accounts for different shares in an estate, and the protection afforded to such shares thereby :

Provided that if any share in any estate is sold for its own arrears of revenue while such estate is under partition in accordance with the provisions of this Act, such share shall be sold subject to the partition proceedings, which shall proceed as if no such sale had taken place ; and the purchaser of the share sold may, from the date of such sale, exercise all the rights which the proprietor whose share he has purchased might have exercised, and shall be subject to all the liabilities to which such proprietor would have been subject, in respect of the partition proceedings.

PART III.

OF THE APPLICATION FOR PARTITION ; THE ADMISSION OF AN ESTATE TO PARTITION ; AND THE DISCONTINUANCE OF THE PARTITION PROCEEDINGS AFTER SUCH ADMISSION.

17. All applications for partition shall be made to the Collector of the district, on the revenue-roll

such stamp as may be required by any law for the time being in force.

18. The application shall be signed by the applicant, and shall supply the following information in regard to the parent estate, so far as the particulars are known to the applicant or can be ascertained by him :—

- (a) name of the estate ;
- (b) number under which the estate is borne on the revenue-roll, and the revenue demand for which it is liable ;
- (c) number under which the estate is borne on the Collector's general register of revenue-paying lands ;
- (d) name and address of every proprietor, whether recorded or unrecorded ;
- (e) the character and extent of the right of which each proprietor is in possession ;
- (f) a specification of any lands held by all or any of the proprietors of the parent estate in common with all or any of the proprietors of other estates, and of the rights of such proprietors.

19. Subject to the provisions of section 59, every application shall, if possible, be accompanied by a copy of the rent-roll of the estate, by a statement of the rents collected from such estate on behalf of the applicant during each of the three years immediately preceding such application, and by copies of any measurement papers of the estate which the applicant may have in his possession.

The said rent-roll, statement, and measurement papers shall be attested by the patwari or patwaris of the villages, if any, and every such application, rent-roll, and statement shall be presented, subscribed, and verified as provided in section 43.

If the applicant is unable to produce a rent-roll or statement as above required, he shall state the reason of such inability, and the name and address of the person who has in his possession the information necessary for the preparation of such rent-roll and statement, and the Collector may, if he shall think fit, require such person to produce such rent-roll and statement.

20. If the application does not fulfil the requirements of the three last preceding sections, the Collector may reject such application or may order it to be amended.

21. If, in the opinion of the Collector, the application fulfils the said requirements and there appears to be no objection to making the partition applied for, the Collector shall publish a notification of the application in the manner prescribed in section 130, and shall also cause copies thereof to be posted up at the Court of the Judge of the district, at the court of every Munsif and Sub-divisional Officer within whose jurisdiction, and at every Police Station within the jurisdiction of which any lands appertaining to the estate are known to be situated, and shall invite any person claiming any proprietary right in the estate, who may object to the partition, to state his objection either in person or by duly authorized agent, on a day to be specified in the notification, not being less than thirty or more than sixty days from the date of the publication of the notification on the estate.

22. Notice of the application shall also be served in the manner prescribed by section 131, on such of the recorded proprietors of the estate as shall not have joined in the application, and on any other proprietor who may have been named in the application.

23. If any objection be made to the partition by any person claiming a proprietary right as aforesaid on or before the day specified in the notification published under section 21, or at any subsequent time if it shall seem fit to the Collector to admit such objection, and the Collector, on consideration of such objection, shall be of opinion that there is good and sufficient reason for rejecting the application, he may reject the same, and in that case shall record the grounds of such rejection.

24. If the objection raise any question of the extent of interest, or right, or title as between any applicant and any other person claiming to be a proprietor of the parent estate, and if it shall appear to the Collector that such question has not been already determined by a Court of competent jurisdiction, the Collector may hold such inquiry as he may deem necessary into the objection, and, if he be satisfied that the applicant is in possession of the extent of the interest for the separation of which he has applied may, instead of rejecting the application as provided in the last preceding section,

(a) direct that the partition proceedings shall proceed for the purpose of forming and assigning to the applicant a separate estate proportionate to the extent of interest claimed by him in the parent estate ; or

(b) direct that such proceedings be postponed for four months.

25. At the expiration of the said four months, the Collector shall resume the proceedings, unless the person who has made the objection, or some other person, shall have obtained an order from a Civil Court directing that such proceedings be stayed, or shall be able to show that a suit has been instituted before such Court to try some question, of such nature that the Collector shall think fit to stay such proceedings until the question shall have been finally decided. In such case the proceedings in such Court in respect thereof shall have terminated.

26. No suit instituted in a Civil Court by any person claiming any right or title in the parent estate, after the lapse of four months from the issue of an order of the Collector under clauses (a) and (b) of section 24, or after the lapse of four months from the issue of an order of the Collector under section 31, shall avail to stay or affect the progress of any proceedings which shall have been taken under this Act for the partition of an estate ; and all rights which may be conferred on any person by the final decree in such suit shall be subject to such proceedings as hereinafter provided.

27. Every decree passed in such suit after

Decree made while partition proceedings are in progress.

the parent estate shall have been declared to be under partition as provided in section 31, but before the date specified in the notice under section 119, shall be made in recognition of the proceedings then in progress under this Act for the partition of such parent estate, and shall be framed in such manner that the provisions of such decree may be applied to, and may be carried out in reference to the separate estates which the Collector in his proceeding under section 31 shall have ordered to be formed out of the parent estate;

and if the effect of any such decree be to declare any person or body of persons, entitled to any extent of interest in such parent estate in excess of the extent of interest which the Collector in the said proceeding has declared to be held by such person or body of persons, such decree shall specify, separately in respect of every proprietor or body of proprietors, of whose interests the Collector has separately specified the extent in the said proceeding, the proportion of such excess which such person or body of persons is entitled to recover from each such proprietor or body of proprietors;

and every person or body of persons so declared entitled to recover any extent of interest from any such proprietor or body of proprietors shall for the purposes of the partition proceedings be deemed to have the same rights, and to be subject to the same liabilities, as a person who has acquired such extent of interest from such proprietor or body of proprietors by private purchase, after the estate was brought under partition under section 31, and on the date on which the decree was passed;

and such person or body of persons may apply, as in this Act provided, for the separation and assignment to him, or them, of the lands representing the extent of interest so acquired;

and such application shall be dealt with under the provisions of section 32.

28. Every decree passed in such suit after the

Decree made after partition proceedings completed.

date specified in the notice under section 119, shall be made in recognition of the partition proceedings, and shall be framed in such manner as to give effect to such division of the parent estates into separate estates as shall have been made by the Collector, and not to disturb such division; and if the effect of any such decree shall be to declare any person or body of persons to have been entitled to any extent of interest in the parent estate in excess of the extent of interest which is represented by the separate estate assigned to such person or body of persons by the Collector in the partition proceedings, such decree shall specify, separately in respect of the proprietor or joint proprietors of every separate estate formed by the partition, the proportion of such excess of interest which such person or body of persons is entitled to recover from such proprietor or joint proprietors; and every person or body of persons so declared entitled to recover any extent of interest from the proprietor or joint proprietors of a separate estate shall be entitled to recover such extent of interest out of the separate estate which has been assigned to such proprietor or joint proprietors, and out of such separate estate only;

and every such decree as aforesaid shall be executed by placing the person or persons so declared entitled to recover, in the position of a recorded joint proprietor or recorded joint proprietors of such separate estate, holding the same as a joint undivided estate in common tenancy with the proprietor or joint proprietors to whom such separate estate was assigned by the Collector in the partition proceedings, the extent of the interest of the joint proprietors respectively in such estate being such as is declared in the aforesaid decree.

29. Subject to the provisions of section 11,

Civil Court may order partition. a Civil Court may at any time direct the Collector to

assign to any person lands representing a specified fractional interest in any estate or in any specified village or tract of land in an estate, to be held by such person as a separate estate; or to divide off from any estate any specified villages or lands, and to assign them to any person to be held as a separate estate; provided that an application for such partition and separation shall be presented by such person, as required by sections 17, 18, and 19; but no Civil Court shall in any case specify the amount of revenue for which any separate estate which it may direct to be formed under the provisions of this section shall be liable.

30. The Collector shall assess the land revenue

Collector to assess land revenue in accordance with this Act. on every such separate estate in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and no

Civil Court shall direct the Collector to carry out at partition otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

31. If no objection be made within the time allowed under section 21 to

Collector may declare the estate to be under partition. an application for partition, or when all objections preferred have been disposed

of, and if the Collector has no reason to believe that any obstacle exists to his making the partition as applied for, he shall direct that the application be admitted, and record a proceeding declaring the estate to be under partition, for the purpose of forming and assigning to the applicant a separate estate.

In such proceeding the Collector shall declare the extent of interest in the parent estate which he finds to be held by the applicant, or joint applicants;

and, if more than one separate application for separation shall have been made and admitted, the extent of interest which he finds to be held by every separate applicant, or body of joint applicants, respectively;

and also the extent of interest which remains to any recorded proprietor, or to any number of recorded proprietors who are not applicants;

and shall order that lands proportionate to the interest so declared to be held by each applicant, or body of joint applicants, respectively, shall be formed into a separate estate, to be assigned to such applicant, or body of joint applicants;

and that lands proportionate to the interest so declared to remain to the recorded proprietor, or the number of recorded proprietors who are not applicants, shall be left forming a separate estate, to be held by such proprietor, or number of proprietors.

32. If at any time after the Collector has made an order for partition under the last preceding section, any recorded proprietor in the estate, other than the original applicant, shall apply for the separation of his share, the Collector may either order that the proceedings for effecting such separation shall be carried on simultaneously with those for separating the share of the original applicant, or if he consider that such a course would entail delay in the completion of the original proceedings, he may order that no action shall be taken on such subsequent application until after the proceedings for the separation of the original applicant's share shall have been completed.

In the latter case all or any of the rent-rolls, measurements, and other papers which were used in the separation of the original applicant's share, may be used, as far as they are applicable, in the partition for which subsequent application has been made.

33. The Collector may refer any application for partition to a Deputy Collector for the purpose of making any enquiries and doing anything required by this Part; provided that every order—

(a) rejecting an application under section 23, or section 24;

(b) directing, under section 24, that the partition shall proceed, or shall be suspended;

(c) directing, under section 31, that an application for partition be admitted, and declaring an estate to be under partition;

(d) made under the first clause of the last preceding section;

(e) appointing a Deputy Collector under section 34 to carry out the partition;

(f) striking a case off the file under section 35;

shall be passed by the Collector and not by any Deputy Collector.

34. As soon as the Collector has declared an estate to be under partition as provided in section 23, he may appoint a Deputy Collector to carry out the partition, and all or any of the proceedings necessary thereto.

35. If at any time after an order shall have been passed for making a partition all the recorded proprietors of the estate shall present a petition to the effect that they do not wish the partition to proceed, the Collector may, on the report of the Deputy Collector or otherwise, strike the partition case off the file, on payment by the proprietors of all costs and expenses incurred in and about such partition; and any such costs and expenses which shall not already have been levied as provided in section 39 or 40, shall be levied in proportion to the shares of the respective proprietors.

36. If at any time after an order shall have been passed for making a partition, it shall appear from information which was not before the Collector at the time the partition was ordered, or otherwise,

that any sufficient reason exists, why the partition should not be proceeded with, the Commissioner may, on the report of the Collector or otherwise, after issuing a notice calling on the persons interested to show cause why the partition should not be struck off the file, and after considering any objections which may be made, order the partition case to be struck off the file, on payment by the proprietors of all costs and expenses incurred as provided in the last preceding section.

PART IV.

OF ESTABLISHMENTS FOR EFFECTING PARTITIONS.

37. For the purposes of this Act, the Deputy Collector may, with the approval of the Collector, and subject to any rules made in that behalf by the Board, appoint such amins and other officers as may be required for making the measurement and survey of lands, for ascertaining and recording the rates of rent, for making any other local enquiries, and for the preparation of the papers in each case; and the Collector may appoint such peshkars or other superior officers as may be required to test the work of the amins, and for the performance of similar duties; provided that the scale of remuneration of such officers, and the time for which they shall be employed, shall be sanctioned by the Commissioner.

38. In any district or division in which the partitions may be so numerous or so extensive as to render necessary the appointment of special establishments in the office of the Collector or of the Commissioner, the Collector and the Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Board, appoint such establishments.

39. As soon as possible after an estate has been declared to be under partition as provided in section 31, the cost of making the partition shall be estimated, and the amount shall be levied from the proprietors in such instalments and at such times during the progress of the partition as may be fixed in accordance with any rules which the Board may make in that behalf.

If the amount first estimated is found insufficient, supplementary estimates may be made from time to time, and the required amount may be levied as above provided.

40. The cost shall be apportioned on the proprietors of each share in proportion to their shares; but whenever it shall appear to the Commissioner that the partition proceedings have been unnecessarily delayed, and the cost of the partition enhanced by obstacles vexatiously put in the way of their completion by one or more of the proprietors, or by want of due diligence on the part of one or more of the proprietors in carrying out any requisitions made upon him or them, the Commissioner may direct that such portion of the cost as he may think proper in excess of the amount proportionate to his or their share shall be levied from such proprietor or proprietors.

41. Upon the completion of the partition, the Collector shall make an order declaring the total cost thereof. The account shall then be adjusted, either by returning to the proprietors any sums which they may have paid in excess of the total cost, or by levying from them in the manner provided in section 136, if necessary, any sums remaining due.

What are costs leviable from proprietors.

42. For the purposes of sections 39, 40, and 41, the costs of any partition shall be deemed to be

(a) the cost of any establishments entertained for the partition under section 37, or such amount as the Collector may think proper in respect of the services of any such establishments which are entertained for the purposes of making partitions in the district;

(b) all contingent expenses incurred in and about the partition, and

(c) such portion of the cost of any establishment entertained under section 38 as the Collector may order.

43. Notwithstanding anything contained in the six last preceding sections, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct that in any district a fund to be called the "Estates' Partition Fund" shall be formed, into which all sums levied from the proprietors of estates in respect of partitions of their estates shall be paid.

Whenever such a fund shall have been established in any district, all expenses of making partitions of estates in such district shall, except as hereinafter otherwise provided, be defrayed from such fund.

44. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have ordered an "Estates' Partition Fund" to be formed in any district, the charges leviable from the proprietors of any estate under partition may be estimated and levied according to the estimate in each case as provided in sections 39 and 40, subject to final adjustment, as provided in section 41; or they may be levied according to a general scale of fees to be laid down by the Board.

45. Such scale of fees shall be fixed as nearly as may be, so that the receipts and expenditure of the said fund shall balance one another, and shall be revised from time to time by the Board for that purpose; and sections 39 and 40 shall apply to such fees.

46. An abstract of the Estates' Partition Fund of each district made up to the end of each year shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and by being posted up at the office of the Collector of the district.

What costs of partition chargeable to Estates' Partition Fund.

47. For the purposes of sections 43, 44, and 45 the expenses of making partitions in any district shall be deemed to be

(a) the cost of all establishments entertained in the district under section 37;

(b) all contingent expenses incurred in all partitions in the district;

(c) the pay and allowances of any Deputy Collector who is employed exclusively on making partitions in the district, or such proportion as the Collector may think proper of the pay and allowances of any Deputy Collector who is partly employed in making such partitions;

(d) the cost of any special establishment appointed in the office of the Collector under section 38;

(e) such portion as the Commissioner may direct of the cost of any special establishment appointed in his office under section 38.

48. Whenever any Civil Court shall make a decree awarding or declaring any proprietary right in an estate, and shall require the Collector to make a partition of the estate, such Court may at the same time direct,

that the party or parties who may have withheld the right so decreed shall defray the whole of the expense which may be incurred in and about the partition, or the whole of the fees payable in respect of the partition under section 44,

or that the said expenses or fees shall be defrayed by all or any of the parties to the suit in which the decree was made in such proportions as the Court may, from a consideration of the particular circumstances of the case, deem equitable.

Copies of all orders which the Court may pass under this section shall be transmitted to the Collector for his guidance, together with the precept which the Court may issue to him, requiring him to divide the estate.

PART V.

OF THE PARTITION PROCEEDINGS UP TO THE ADOPTION OF A RENT-ROLL AND MEASUREMENT PAPERS.

49. As soon as the Collector shall have made an order under section 31 declaring an estate to be under partition, the Deputy Collector shall cause a notification to be published in the manner prescribed in section 130, and shall also cause copies thereof to be posted up at the Court of the Judge of the district, in which any lands appertaining to the parent estate are known to be situated, and at the Court of every Munsif and of every Sub-divisional officer within the jurisdiction of whom, and at every Police station within the jurisdiction of which any such lands are known to be situated, intimating his intention to proceed with the partition, and requiring all the proprietors of the estate to produce before a certain date, being not less than forty days from the date of such notification, either jointly or separately copies of their rent-rolls and statements of the rents collected during each of the three years next preceding, and also copies of any measurement papers of the estate which may be in their possession.

A notice to the same effect shall also be served as provided in section 131, on each proprietor of the parent estate.

The Deputy Collector may, on sufficient grounds for so doing being shown to his satisfaction, from time to time extend the period for producing any such return.

50. Every rent-roll, statement of rents collected, and measurement paper furnished to the Collector under this Act shall be presented by the person who is required to produce the same or by a duly authorized agent of such person who has a personal knowledge of the facts stated therein, and shall be subscribed and verified at the foot by such person or such agent in the manner following, or to the like effect:—

"I, A. B., do declare that this rent-roll (*statement, or measurement paper*) is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief."

If the rent-roll, statement or measurement paper shall contain any entry which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

51. If any proprietor who is required to produce any rent-roll or statement by notice as aforesaid is unable to produce such rent roll or statement, he shall state to the Deputy Collector the cause thereof and the name and address of the person who has in his possession the information necessary for the preparation of such rent-roll and statement, and the Deputy Collector may, if he shall think fit, require such person to produce such rent-roll and statement.

52. The Deputy Collector may, if necessary, make, or may cause to be made, a measurement of all or any of the lands comprised in the estate, and may prepare or cause to be prepared a rent-roll, and may test or cause to be tested on the spot any rent-roll which has been produced as aforesaid, and may make or may cause to be made any local enquiry which he may consider necessary.

53. Before proceeding or deputing the amin to the spot, the Deputy Collector shall publish a notification in the manner prescribed in section 130 requiring the several proprietors of the estate, their managers, and any other persons employed in the management of the land, or otherwise interested therein, to attend in person or by agent upon him or upon the amin who is deputed to make the measurement or enquiry, for the purpose of pointing out boundaries and of affording such assistance and information as may be required for the purposes of this Act.

54. The Deputy Collector, and any amin or other person who is specially authorized in that behalf by the Collector, may, by a notice served as prescribed in section 131, require any proprietor or other person whose attendance may be required, to attend before the Deputy Collector or amin who is making such measurement or enquiry, within a specified time at any place for any of the purposes aforesaid.

55. If any objection be made to a measurement, map, or rent roll prepared by the amin, or if for any other reason it seems desirable, the Deputy Collec-

tor shall, as soon as possible after completion of the amin's work, himself test, or shall cause to be tested on the spot such measurement, map, and rent-roll, and may accept, amend, or reject the same, or any of them. If the Deputy Collector shall deem it necessary, he may cause the work or any portion thereof to be done again.

56. The Deputy Collector may examine any person on solemn affirmation, in regard to the papers produced before him, whether by the proprietors, by the amin deputed to make the measurement, or otherwise, and shall allow the parties concerned to put any necessary questions to such person.

The Deputy Collector shall also allow any proprietor or other person interested to examine the papers so produced, and to take a copy of the same, and after such examination shall hear any objections which any of the persons interested may make in respect of such papers, and shall decide whether any, and (if any), which of the papers as they stand, or with such modifications as he may think necessary, shall be accepted as correct for the purposes of the partition.

57. If any proprietor who has been required to produce a rent-roll or statement under section 49, fails to produce the same after the imposition on him of a fine under section 134 for thirty days, or fails to state to the Deputy Collector the name and address of any person under section 51, the Deputy Collector may declare that the said proprietor shall, for the purposes of the partition, be bound by such rent-roll as the Deputy Collector may adopt as the basis of the partition as hereinafter provided, and after such declaration any officer exercising authority under this Act may refuse to entertain any objection which such proprietor may make to such rent-roll.

58. If any person who has been required to produce a rent-roll or statement under section 44 shall fail to produce the same after the imposition on him of a fine under section 134 for thirty days, the Deputy Collector may declare that the proprietor who may have stated the name of such person under section 51 shall, for the purposes of the partition, be bound by the rent-roll which the Deputy Collector may adopt for the basis of the partition as hereinafter provided, and after such declaration any officer exercising authority under this Act may refuse to entertain any objection which such proprietor may make to such rent-roll.

59. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if it shall appear to the Deputy Collector that any measurements, maps, rent-rolls, or other papers relating to the estate which have been prepared otherwise than for the purposes of the partition, or otherwise than for the purposes of this Act, afford information sufficiently trustworthy to enable him to effect the partition, the Deputy Collector may adopt such information and such papers either wholly or in part for the purposes of the partition, and may dispense with any rent-rolls, maps, or other papers for which he is authorized to call, or

Rent-roll filed by a proprietor to be subscribed and verified.

Examination of the parties and their papers.

Procedure if person required cannot produce rent-roll or statement.

Deputy Collector may order measurement of land and may test rent-roll.

Deputy Collector to summon proprietors by proclamation to attend proceedings.

Deputy Collector and Amin may require attendance of proprietor or any other person.

Deputy Collector to test amin's work.

Power of Deputy Collector if proprietor fails to file rent-roll.

Power of Deputy Collector, if person fails to produce rent-roll.

Collector may dispense with rent-roll, maps, and other papers.

which an applicant is required to produce under this Act.

60. No proprietor or other person, who shall have failed to attend in person or by agent during the measurement as required by the notification issued under section 53, shall be entitled at any subsequent time to make any objection to such measurement, but the Collector may admit any objection made by such proprietor or person if he think fit, provided that any expense entailed by a local inquiry made in consequence of such subsequent objection shall be recovered entirely from such proprietor or person.

61. When the Deputy Collector is finally satisfied that the papers before him, whether rent-rolls, measurement papers, maps, or other papers are sufficient and sufficiently correct to be accepted or adopted for the purposes of the partition, he shall make an order to that effect, and shall fix a day on which to determine the general arrangement of the partition, and shall publish a notification in the manner prescribed in section 130, calling on all the proprietors to be present on the day so fixed, such day being not less than thirty or more than sixty days after the publication of the notification in his office, and shall serve a notice to the same effect on each proprietor or his agent.

PART VI.

OF PARTITION BY AMICABLE ARRANGEMENT OR BY ARBITRATION.

62. On the date fixed under the last preceding section, if a petition to that effect signed by all the recorded proprietors shall have been presented, the Deputy Collector may allow parties to make a private partition. If the proprietors who have elected to make such private partition, shall fail to make the same within such time as may be fixed by the Deputy Collector, the Deputy Collector may refer the partition to be made by an arbitrator or arbitrators on such basis.

If the proprietors who have elected to make such private partition, shall fail to make the same within such time as may be fixed by the Deputy Collector, the Deputy Collector may refer the partition to be made by an arbitrator or arbitrators, or may make the partition himself.

63. Whenever any partition shall have been referred to arbitration, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of sections 313 to 325 (both inclusive) of Act VIII of 1859 (*an Act for simplifying the procedure of the Court of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter*) as far as those provisions are applicable, and except as herein otherwise expressly provided.

64. The arbitrators shall deliver, within a time to be fixed by the Deputy Collector, which time may be further extended by him, a full and complete paper of

partition, in such form as may be prescribed by the Board for partitions made by the Collector or Deputy Collector.

65. The arbitrators, on delivering the paper of partition as aforesaid, shall be entitled to reasonable fees for their services, the amount of which shall be fixed, with the approval of the Commissioner, by the officer making the reference to arbitration, and shall be considered to form part of the cost of making the partition.

66. Every partition made under the provisions of this Part by the parties or by arbitrators appointed by them, shall be subject to the confirmation of the Collector and the orders of the superior revenue authorities; provided that neither the Collector nor any other authority shall disallow any partition so made on any other ground than that of fraud, or that in the opinion of the Collector or such other authority, the partition cannot be confirmed without endangering the safety of the land revenue.

67. Whenever a partition has been made under the provisions of this Part, the land revenue shall be assessed by the Collector on each separate estate into which the parent estate is divided by such partition in the manner prescribed by section 6.

68. If the paper of partition be not delivered within the time fixed by the Deputy Collector, or within any further period to which the time may have been extended, the Deputy Collector may withdraw the case from arbitration and may make the partition himself.

PART VII.

OF THE PROCEDURE FROM THE DETERMINATION OF THE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT OF THE PARTITION BY THE DEPUTY COLLECTOR TO THE APPROVAL OF THE PARTITION BY THE COLLECTOR.

69. If no petition shall have been presented under section 62, the Deputy Collector shall, on the date fixed under section 61, or on any other date to which the hearing may have been postponed by a notice posted at the office of the Deputy Collector, consult orally each proprietor present, and endeavour, as far as possible, with the concurrence of the proprietors present, to settle a general arrangement of the partition in accordance with the requirements of this Act.

For this purpose he shall endeavour to obtain from each proprietor an acknowledgment of his acceptance of the rent-roll, map, and any other papers which have been adopted by the Deputy Collector for the purposes of the partition, and shall briefly record the objections of any proprietor who still objects to accept such rent-roll, map, or other papers.

70. If, in consequence of any objections made before the Deputy Collector has settled the general arrangement of the partition as provided in the last preceding section, the Deputy Collector considers it necessary to make further inquiry, he may, by notice to the recorded proprietors, postpone the settlement of the general arrangement of the partition to a date being not less than fifteen days from the service of the notice on any proprietor.

71. If the objections on account of which the said settlement is postponed are such that the person making the same might have made them on an earlier day, the Deputy Collector may award to each proprietor who shall have attended in person or by agent in accordance with the notice, such sum, not exceeding sixteen rupees, as he shall think fit by way of compensation for such attendance.

The sum so awarded shall be paid by the person making the objections as aforesaid, and may be recovered from him in the manner provided by section 136.

72. If the objections have already been enquired into and disposed of, or are such as not to render necessary any further inquiry and postponement, or when any objections, which may require further enquiry, have been disposed of, the Deputy Collector shall record an order to that effect, and after hearing what each proprietor present may urge, shall hold a proceeding determining the general arrangement of the partition and the mode in which the parent estate shall be divided, and, in a general way, the position of the lands which shall be assigned to each of the separate estates.

In determining the general arrangement of the partition, the Deputy Collector shall be guided by the rules which are laid down in Part VIII, and shall direct the partition to be made in the manner which, in his opinion, is on the whole most in accordance with such rules, and most equitable and most convenient to all parties concerned.

73. The general arrangement of the partition as determined under the last preceding section, shall be submitted for the sanction of the Collector, who shall by notice fix a date for the consideration of the same, not being less than fifteen days after the publication of the said notice in his office, and after hearing and disposing of any objection which may be preferred, shall pass such orders as he may think proper, setting aside, amending, or approving the general arrangement made by the Deputy Collector.

74. When the general arrangement has been approved by the Collector, the Deputy Collector shall proceed to fix the exact boundaries of each separate estate, after considering the wishes which the parties may express in respect thereof.

75. When the Deputy Collector shall have so determined the boundaries

specifying in detail the villages and lands which he has included in each of the separate estates, the rental thereof with any other assets of each separate estate, the name or names of the recorded proprietor or proprietors of each separate estate, any stipulations which may have been made regarding places of worship, tanks, or other matters as mentioned in Part VIII, and the amount of land revenue to be assessed on each separate estate.

76. The Deputy Collector shall also prepare a map showing exactly the lands which fall within each separate estate and the boundaries thereof (unless the preparation of such map shall be dispensed with by special permission of the Collector), and shall submit all the papers of the partition to the Collector with a full report of the proceedings taken, the reasons which influenced the Deputy Collector in selecting the lands included in each separate estate, the nature of the accounts upon which the apportionment of the land revenue assessed thereon has been based, and all other particulars material to the case.

77. The Deputy Collector shall at the same time cause to be prepared a separate extract of the portion of the partition paper which relates to each separate estate, and shall cause to be tendered to any recorded proprietor of a separate estate, or any authorized agent of such proprietor, who may be in attendance at the Deputy Collector's office, the extract which relates to such separate estate; and the Deputy Collector shall publish a notice at his office calling upon every proprietor to whom or to whose agent an extract from the partition paper has not been tendered as above mentioned, to take out of the Deputy Collector's office the extract of the portion of the partition paper relating to his separate estate.

If the circumstances of the partition so require, an extract of the map prepared by the Deputy Collector, or a copy of such map, shall be annexed to every separate extract from the partition paper herein mentioned.

78. On receipt of the papers and report mentioned in section 76 the Collector shall cause a notification to be published in the manner provided in section 130, fixing a date, not being less than six weeks from the date of the publication of such notification on the parent estate, on which he will proceed to take up the case, and to consider any representations and objections which may be preferred in respect of the partition made by the Deputy Collector, and calling on all parties concerned who may wish to do so, to inspect the papers at his office before such date, and to take copies of any such papers as they may require.

The Collector shall also cause a notice to the same effect to be served on each of the recorded proprietors.

79. On the date so fixed, or on any other date to which the hearing may have been postponed, the Collector shall take into consideration the papers as laid before him, and

Deputy Collector may postpone settlement of general arrangement of partition.

Deputy Collector may award compensation for attendance to proprietor.

If no postponement made, Deputy Collector to determine the general arrangement of the partition.

General arrangement of partition to be submitted to sanction of Collector.

Deputy Collector to fix boundaries.

Deputy Collector to prepare map.

Deputy Collector to prepare extracts of partition papers for each proprietor.

On receipt of papers and report Collector to publish notification.

Procedure of Collector thereupon.

he may deem necessary, and disposing of any objections which shall be taken to the proposed partition and allotment of land revenue, may approve the partition as made by the Deputy Collector with such amendments as he may think proper, or return it for amendment to the Deputy Collector who made it, or to another Deputy Collector, or make a fresh partition himself.

The Collector may return the said papers for amendment or enquiry as often as he may think fit.

80. No proprietor who shall have failed to appear before the Deputy Collector in person or by agent on any date fixed for the arrangement of the partition under the provisions of section 61, or of section 70, and no proprietor who shall fail so to appear before the Collector on any date fixed under section 78 or section 79, shall be entitled, at any subsequent time, to make any objection to the orders which may be passed on such dates respectively.

81. When the Collector approves the partition made by the Deputy Collector with amendments, he may cause a fresh partition paper and map to be prepared, or may cause the amendments made by him to be noted on the paper and map submitted by the Deputy Collector.

When the Collector makes a fresh partition himself, he shall cause a fresh partition paper and map to be prepared.

82. Whenever the Collector shall have approved of a partition as made by the Deputy Collector without amendment, he shall cause a notice to be served on each of the recorded proprietors, that the papers will be submitted at once for confirmation of the partition by the Commissioner, and that any appeals or objections must be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the date of the service of the said notice, or, if the said notice requires the proprietor to produce the extract of any partition in order that amendments may be noted thereon, or to take out a fresh extract from the partition paper as hereinafter provided, then within six weeks of such date.

83. Whenever the Collector shall have approved and adopted the partition paper sent up by the Deputy Collector with amendments, and shall, under section 81, have directed that such amendments be noted on the partition paper and map submitted by the Deputy Collector, the notice to be served on each of the recorded proprietors under the last preceding section shall, in the case of every such proprietor whose separate estate is affected by such amendments, in addition to the particulars mentioned in the said section, require such proprietor to produce before the Collector, within fifteen days of the service of such notice, the extract from the paper of partition and any map relating to his separate estate which is mentioned in section 77, in order that the amendments made by the Collector in the partition may be noted thereon; and such amendments shall be noted thereon by

map shall be returned to the proprietor who produced it.

Whenever the Collector shall have ordered, under section 81, that a new partition paper and map be prepared, he shall cause separate extracts of the portions of the partition paper which relate to each separate estate, and maps, if necessary, to be prepared as required by section 77, and in such case the notice served under section 82 shall, in addition to the particulars mentioned in that section, require the recorded proprietors to take out of the Collector's office such extracts and maps relating to their respective separate estates.

84. As soon as practicable after the issue of the notice under section 82, the Collector shall forward to the Commissioner all papers relating to the partition as approved or as made by the Collector.

PART VIII.

OF THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES ON WHICH PARTITIONS SHALL BE MADE.

Rules applicable to the partition of lands which are held by the proprietors in common tenancy.

85. Each separate estate shall be made as compact as is compatible with the primary object of making an equitable partition among the proprietors, and with the other provisions of this Part, but no partition made or approved by a Collector shall be set aside on the ground only that the separate estates are not compact.

86. In selecting the villages or lands to be assigned to each separate estate formed out of a parent estate which has been held in common tenancy, the Collector shall take into consideration the advantages or disadvantages arising from situation; the vicinity of roads, railways, navigable rivers, or canals; the nature and quality of the soil and produce; the quantity of cultivable and uncultivable waste land; the facilities for irrigation; the state of the embankments and water-courses; liability to accretion and diluvion, and any other circumstances affecting the value of the lands.

87. If a dwelling-house belonging to one proprietor is situated on any land which it may be necessary to include in the separate estate of another proprietor, the owner of such house may retain occupation thereof with the offices, buildings, and grounds immediately attached thereto, upon agreeing to pay rent for the land occupied by such dwelling-house, offices, buildings, and grounds to the proprietor of the separate estate in which such land is included. The limits of the land so occupied and the rent to be paid for it in perpetuity shall be fixed by the Deputy Collector and shall be stated in

In every such case a defined pathway shall, as far as possible, be secured to the owner of the house, leading from his house to some portion of the separate estate allotted to him.

88. Whenever the Deputy Collector shall think fit, he may apply the rule contained in the last preceding section to gardens, to orchards of trees, to land planted with bamboos, and to nijjote, sir, or khamar lands, which before the partition were held in the separate occupation of any proprietor; and to any other lands which in his opinion have gained a special value, or are of special value to the proprietor in whose occupation they are found to be, in consequence of improvements made by such proprietor or of the particular use to which such lands are put.

89. In calculating the rental for the purposes of the partition, the rent fixed in perpetuity on any land and by the Deputy Collector under either of the two last preceding sections shall be considered to be the rental of such land.

90. Whenever the dwelling-house of one proprietor, with the offices, buildings, and grounds immediately attached thereto, shall have been included in the separate estate of another proprietor, and the annual rent to be paid in perpetuity in respect of the land occupied thereby shall have been fixed by the Deputy Collector and stated in the paper of partition, as provided in section 87, the proprietor whose dwelling-house, offices, buildings, and grounds have been included as aforesaid may apply to the Deputy Collector for permission to redeem the annual rent so fixed.

91. The Deputy Collector shall certify the amount payable by such proprietor in redemption of such annual rent; and such amount shall be calculated and fixed by the Deputy Collector at ten per centum above the sum which would be required to purchase, at the market prices then prevailing, so much stock of the Government loan which was last issued as would yield an annual amount of interest equal to the annual land rent fixed by the Deputy Collector under section 87.

92. The proprietor desiring to redeem the rent as aforesaid, may pay to the Deputy Collector the amount so certified at any time before possession is given to the several proprietors of the separate estates allotted to each, as provided in section 118, but not after such possession has been given.

93. On receipt of such payment, the Deputy Collector shall give notice to the proprietor in whose separate estate such land is situated that such payment has been made, and that the sum paid will be paid to him or to his authorized agent on application; and that from the date on which possession as aforesaid may be given, the proprietor who has redeemed the rent of such land will be entitled to hold such land as a rent-free tenure secured against the proprietor of the estate and against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue, including the

Government; and from such date the lands shall be so held as a rent-free tenure.

94. The Deputy Collector shall at the same time also give notice to the Collector of the district of the creation of such tenure; and the Collector of the district shall thereupon cause such tenure to be specially registered in the manner provided by section 42 of Act XI of 1859, or by any similar law for the time being in force.

Rules applicable to the formation into separate estates of lands which are held by proprietors in severalty.

95. Whenever in any parent estate a division of the lands thereof has been made by private arrangement of the proprietors of such estate, and in accordance with such arrangement each proprietor is in possession of separate lands held in severalty as representing his interest in such parent estate, the joint application presented to the Collector by all the recorded proprietors of such estate as required by section 12 may be to the effect that a partition of such estate be made by assigning to each proprietor or to two or more proprietors jointly as his or their separate estate, the lands of which he or they are in separate possession in accordance with such arrangement, and also that each separate estate so formed be made liable for such portion of the entire land revenue of the parent estate, as was paid by the proprietor or proprietors thereof under the private arrangement aforesaid.

96. The Deputy Collector who is appointed to carry out the partition in accordance with such application, shall satisfy himself that the assets of each separate estate which it is proposed to form are sufficient to secure the payment of the annual amount of land revenue for which it is proposed to make such separate estate liable, and if the Deputy Collector be satisfied that in this respect, and with reference to all the circumstances of the case, the partition of the lands and the assessment of the revenue thereon may be made in the manner proposed without endangering the safety of the revenue, the Deputy Collector shall submit the case with his opinion thereon, and the reasons on which such opinion is founded, to the Collector, who may admit or reject the said application.

97. If the Collector admits the said application, such admission shall be deemed to be the Collector's approval of the general arrangement of the partition as provided in section 74, and the Deputy Collector shall proceed to complete the partition accordingly.

98. If the Deputy Collector, who is appointed to carry out the partition in accordance with a joint application as mentioned in section 95, is not satisfied that the partition of the lands and the assessment of the revenue payable thereon can be made in the manner proposed without endangering the safety of the public revenue, or if the Collector rejects the application for such partition, the Deputy Collector shall refuse to make same.

99. Whenever the proprietors of an estate

Joint petition may be presented for partition of land in accordance with private division with proportional redistribution of public revenue.

are, in accordance with a private arrangement as aforesaid, respectively in possession of separate lands held in severalty as representing their respective interests in the estate, the joint application presented to the Collector by all the recorded proprietors of the estate as required by section 12, may be to the effect that a partition of such estate be made by assigning to each proprietor, or to two or more proprietors jointly, as his or their separate estate, the lands of which he or they is or are in possession in accordance with such arrangement, and that the land revenue for which the parent estate is liable may be apportioned among the separate estates so formed, in accordance with the provisions of section 6.

A joint application under this section may be made notwithstanding that a joint application under section 95 has been refused in respect of the same estate.

100. Whenever the Deputy Collector who is

Lands of which each proprietor is in possession to be allotted to him.

appointed to carry out the partition, shall find that in accordance with a private arrangement made by the proprietors of an estate, the proprietors respectively, or any of the proprietors, are in possession of separate lands held in severalty as representing portions only of their respective interests in the parent estate, while other lands of the parent estate are held in common tenancy between such proprietors, the Deputy Collector shall allot to the separate estate of each proprietor the lands of which such proprietor is found to be in possession in severalty, in accordance with such private arrangement.

101. Notwithstanding anything contained in

Collector may cause transfer of lands agreed to by parties.

the last preceding section, the Collector may cause any transfer of lands agreed to by the parties to be made from the possession of one proprietor to that of another.

Rules applicable both to lands held in common tenancy and to lands held in severalty.

102. Places of worship, burning grounds, and

Rule as to places of worship.

burial grounds which have been held in common previous to the partition of an estate, and lands of which the proceeds have been assigned by the proprietors jointly for religious, charitable, or public purposes, shall continue to be held in common, unless the proprietors shall otherwise agree amongst themselves, in which case they shall state in writing the agreement into which they have entered, and the Deputy Collector shall enter a note of the agreement in the paper of partition.

103. Tanks, wells, water-courses, and embank-

Rule as to tanks, wells, water-courses, and embankments.

ments shall be considered as attached to the land for the benefit of which they were originally made.

In cases in which, from the extent, situation, or construction of such works, it shall be found necessary that they should remain the joint property of the proprietors of two or more of the separate estates, the paper of partition shall speci-

extent to which the proprietors of each of such estates may make use of the same, and the proportion of the charges for repairs to be borne by them respectively.

104. Whenever the Deputy Collector shall

Lands held rent-free not to be divided.

find in the parent estate lands which are actually held rent-free (whether the proprietors of the estate do or do not claim a right to receive rent from such lands), the Deputy Collector shall make no division or assignment of such lands among the separate estates, but shall specify in the partition papers and proceedings that such lands are left appertaining jointly to all the separate estates which are formed out of the parent estate, in the proportion which each separate estate bears to the parent estate.

105. Whenever the Deputy Collector shall

Rule as to permanent intermediate tenures.

find in the parent estate any lands which are held at a fixed rent on a patni or other permanent intermediate tenure created by all the proprietors of the parent estate or their predecessors, the Deputy Collector may either

(1) assign the lands which are held on such tenure and the assets thereof entirely to one or more of the separate estates, the rental being calculated as provided in Exception 2 or in Exception 3 (as the case may be) of section 7; or

(2) leave such lands unassigned to any separate estate, and specify in the partition papers and proceedings that the lands are left appertaining jointly to all the separate estates which are formed out of the parent estate in the proportion which each separate estate bears to the parent estate. In the event of such lands being so left undivided, the Deputy Collector shall assign to each separate estate such share of the rental of the tenure as shall bear the same proportion to the entire rental of the tenure, as the separate estate bears to the parent estate.

In dealing with a tenure under this section, the Deputy Collector shall take into consideration the extent of the lands comprised in the tenure, and all other circumstances of the case.

106. Whenever any lands are held in common

Lands held in common between the proprietors of two or more estates how to be dealt with.

between the proprietors of two or more estates, one of which is under partition in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the Deputy Collector shall first allot to the estate under partition a portion of such common lands of which the assets are in proportion to the interest which the proprietors of such estate hold in the said common lands; and all the provisions of this Act in respect of the allotment between the shareholders in one estate, of lands which are held jointly by such shareholders, shall, as far as possible, apply to the allotment of the proportionate share of such common lands to the estate under partition;

and, in respect of the service of notices, hearing of objections, and all other procedure in view to such allotment, the proprietors of the estate under partition, and the proprietors of all other estates who have an interest in the said common lands, shall be deemed to be joint proprietors of a parent estate consisting only of the lands so held in common.

Provided that all expenses of any division

proprietors of two or more estates shall be deemed to be expenses of making the partition of the estate which is under partition, and shall be leviable as provided by this Act from the proprietors of such estate, and that the proprietors of any other estate having an interest in such lands shall not be required to bear any portion of such expenses.

107. Notwithstanding anything contained in the last preceding section, if it shall appear to the Commissioner, on the report of the Collector or otherwise, that the proceedings for such division have been unnecessarily delayed, and the cost of such division enhanced by obstacles vexatiously put in the way of the completion of such division by any proprietor of any estate other than that under partition, or by want of due diligence on the part of any such proprietor in carrying out any requisitions made upon him, the Commissioner may direct that such sum as he shall think fit shall be levied from every such proprietor who is responsible for such delay or additional cost, and every sum so levied shall be taken in diminution of the amount payable by the proprietors of the estate under partition as costs of such partition.

108. The allotment of the proportionate share of the lands so held in common to the estate under partition shall be submitted for the approval of the Collector, who may confirm, amend, or reject the same, and in the case of rejection, may make or direct to be made another allotment.

109. As soon as the allotment of a proportionate share of the said lands to the estate under partition shall have been approved by the Collector, the lands so allotted shall be dealt with in every respect as if they were held in common tenancy by such of the proprietors of the estate under partition as were found to hold interests in the common lands.

110. If a dispute or doubt shall be found to exist as to whether any lands form part of the parent estate, the Deputy Collector shall enquire into the fact of possession, and shall report his conclusions, with the reasons thereof, to the Collector; whereupon the Collector may order that the partition be struck off the file (in which case no application for a partition of the said estate shall be admitted until the applicant can show that the dispute or doubt has been decided by a court of competent jurisdiction, or has been amicably settled);

or if the Collector shall find that possession of the disputed lands is with the proprietors of the parent estate, and if it shall appear to him that the claim of the other parties to the right in such lands is untenable, he may order that the partition shall proceed, and that the disputed lands be treated as part of the estate under partition.

Provided that no partition shall be made under this section, if such partition would involve the assignment to any separate estate of such a quantity of the disputed land that the removal of such land from such estate would, in the opinion

of the Collector, endanger the safety of the land revenue for which any separate estate would liable be after the partition.

111. If, after a partition has been completed in accordance with an order passed by the Collector under clause three of section 110, the proprietor of any separate estate shall be dispossessed by a decree of a court of competent jurisdiction of any lands which may have been assigned to his estate by the partition, such proprietor shall not be entitled to claim any modification of the partition (which shall hold good), but shall be entitled to recover from the proprietors of the other separate estates formed by the partition such compensation as may be fair and equitable having regard to the reduction in the proportionate value of his separate estate which is caused by such dispossession.

And such compensation may be recovered in a court of competent jurisdiction from the proprietors of those separate estates on which a proportionate share of the total loss caused by the order of dispossession does not fall.

112. When two or more of the separate estates shall consist of the same proportions of the parent estate, the Deputy Collector may, if he think proper, direct the parties entitled thereto to draw lots in his presence for the equal separate estates which have been formed by assignment of lands, unless the recorded proprietors of the equal shares shall agree among themselves as to the allotment of the equal separate estates and shall present a petition to that effect; or, unless for any other reason the Deputy Collector shall, with the sanction of the Collector, think proper to assign the equal separate estates to the proprietors of the equal shares without causing lots to be drawn.

113. When the aggregate of two or more shares equals one other share or equals the aggregate of two or more other shares, the Deputy Collector, with the sanction of the Collector, may cause such aggregate shares to be treated as one share for the purpose of determining by lots as aforesaid how the several separate estates shall be allotted among the several proprietors; and may cause lots to be drawn as often as he shall think proper, in respect of the allotment of such aggregate shares; and for such purpose may decide which separate estates shall be formed into one aggregate share, and after the lots shall have been drawn in respect of such aggregate shares, may order that lots shall again be drawn for the allotment of any equal separate estates between the proprietors of such estates.

Provided that lots shall in no case be drawn until after all objections which any proprietor may make as to the papers accepted as the basis of the partition, and as to the assets of the lands which it is proposed to allot to the separate estates respectively, shall have been disposed of.

Illustrations.

I.—The partition of a parent estate is being made into the following shares:—

8 annas.
4 annas.
3 annas.
1 anna.

For the purposes of drawing lots, the 4 anna, 3 anna, and 1 anna share may be taken together, and considered to be an aggregate 8 annas share.

The Deputy Collector will divide the parent estate into two halves of equal value; and will then cause lots to be drawn, in order to determine which of the two halves shall be assigned to the proprietor of the integral 8 annas share, and which shall be divided among the proprietors of the 4 annas, 3 annas, and 1 anna shares.

Subsequently, if necessary, the Deputy Collector may again, cause lots, to be drawn by the proprietor of the 4 annas share on the one hand, and the proprietors of the aggregated share made up by taking together the 3 annas share and the 1 anna share.

II.—The partition is being made of a parent estate into the following shares:—

6 annas.
4 annas.
3 annas.
2 annas.
1 anna.

Two tracts in the estate may first be marked off the value of each being equivalent to a 6 annas share, and then, for the purpose of drawing lots, in respect of the assignment of these two tracts the 4 annas share and the 2 annas share may be taken together as an aggregate 6 annas share; and lots may be drawn, between the proprietors of the aggregated share so formed on the one hand, and the proprietor of the integral 6 annas share on the other.

One of the two 6 annas tracts having thus been finally assigned to the proprietor of the integral 6 annas share, the Deputy Collector will proceed to assign the rest of the estate among the remaining sharers, and he may again, for the purpose of causing lots to be drawn, mark off two tracts the value of each of which shall be equivalent to five annas of the parent estate, and may cause lots to be drawn for these two tracts between the proprietors of the four anna share and the 1 anna share taken together as an aggregate 5 annas share on the one hand, and the proprietors of the 3 annas share and the 2 annas share taken together as another 5 annas share on the other.

Finally, their separate estates will be assigned to the proprietor of the 4 annas share, and of the 1 anna share respectively, within the tract which fell to them jointly by lot; and their separate estates will be assigned to the proprietors of the 3 annas share and of the 2 annas share respectively within the tract which fell to them jointly by lot.

PART IX.

OF THE PROCEDURE BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER UP TO THE FINAL COMPLETION OF THE PARTITION AND SEPARATION.

114. If no appeal or objection shall be presented to the Commissioner within the time allowed by section 82, the Commissioner may proceed to consider the case without issue of any notice, and may confirm the partition made by the Collector.

If no appeal presented, Commissioner may consider the case without issue of notice.

115. If it shall appear to the Commissioner that the proceedings of the Collector should be amended, or if a petition of appeal or objection shall have been presented within the period allowed by section 82, the Commissioner shall fix a day for hearing and disposing of the case, and shall cause a notification of the same to be published and a notice of the same to be posted up in his own office.

Commissioner to fix a day for hearing case.

116. On the day so fixed, which shall not be less than thirty days after the publication of the said notification at the office of the Collector, or on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may extend, or on any

postponed by a notice published in his own office, the Commissioner shall after hearing and disposing of all objections, and calling for any further information or enquiry which may be necessary, either confirm the partition as proposed by the Collector or modify the same, or return the papers of the partition to the Collector for any changes the Commissioner may think proper to be made.

If the partition is returned to the Collector for amendment, the Collector shall proceed to make the said amendments or to cause them to be made in the same manner as if he had himself passed such orders on a partition submitted to him for approval by a Deputy Collector.

117. The Commissioner may, before confirming a partition, return the papers for amendment or inquiry as often as he shall think fit, and as often as he shall so return them the procedure prescribed in the last preceding section shall be followed.

Commissioner may return papers for amendment or inquiry.

118. After the expiration of not less than sixty days from the date of the order of the Commissioner confirming a partition, or, if an appeal has been preferred to the Board, or if any proceedings in respect of the partition be pending before the Board, then on receipt of the final order of the Board determining that the partition as sanctioned by the Commissioner shall not be disturbed, the Collector shall cause to be published in his office, and in some conspicuous place in each of the estates separately constituted by such order, a notice that the partition has been finally confirmed as it was sanctioned by the Commissioner, or with any amendments or alterations, as the case may be.

If the partition as finally sanctioned involves any amendments which may conveniently be made on the extracts of the partition papers and on any maps which have been prepared and delivered or offered by notice to the recorded proprietors as required by section 77 or section 83, the Collector shall cause a notice to be served on every recorded proprietor whose estate is affected by such amendments requiring him to produce such extracts and maps in order that such amendments may be noted on them;

and if the alterations made in the partition as finally sanctioned be such as to make it desirable to prepare fresh extracts and maps as aforesaid, the Collector shall cause such fresh extracts and maps to be prepared; and shall cause a notice to be served on each proprietor declaring the extract and map which was furnished or offered to him under section 77 or section 83, as the case may be, to be cancelled, and requiring him to take out of the Collector's office such fresh extract and map.

119. The Collector shall then proceed to give the several proprietors possession of the separate estates allotted to each, and if necessary, may require the assistance of the Magistrate in giving such possession;

Procedure as to giving possession of separated estates.

and shall cause to be served on every recorded proprietor of a separate estate, a notice that from the date specified in such notice, the separate estate assigned to him (as described in

section 83, or section 118, as the case may be) will be deemed to be separated from the parent estate, and to be separately liable for the amount of land revenue specified in such notice, and shall call upon him to enter into a separate engagement for the payment of such revenue.

120. The date specified in such notice shall not be more than three months after the proprietors have been put in possession of their respective separate estates as herein provided.

Time of service of notice under preceding section.

121. From the date specified in such notice, each separate estate shall be borne on the revenue roll and general register of the Collector as a distinct estate separately liable for the amount of land revenue assessed upon it under this Act; and shall be so liable, whether the proprietor have executed an agreement for the payment of the amount of land revenue so assessed upon the said estate, or whether he shall have failed to execute such agreement.

Each separate estate to be borne on the revenue roll as separately liable for revenue assessed upon it.

122. The Collector may direct the construction of such boundary marks as he may think proper to distinguish the lands of each separate estate, and the cost of such boundary marks shall be deemed to be expenses of the partition.

Collector may direct the construction of boundary marks.

Boundary marks erected under this Act shall be assigned to zemindars, or to zemindars jointly with tenure-holders, for preservation, as provided in the second clause of section 29, Bengal Act V of 1875 (*the Bengal Survey Act 1875*), and after they have been so assigned, the provisions of sections 19, 20, and 52 to 57 (both inclusive) of the said Act shall apply to such boundary marks.

PART X.

MISCELLANEOUS.

123. The Deputy Collector, with the consent of all the parties concerned, may refer to arbitration any point arising in the course of a partition; and the provisions of Part VIII shall, as far as possible, be applicable to such references.

Any point may be referred to arbitration.

124. If any proprietor of an estate held in common tenancy brought under division under the provisions of this Act shall have given his share or a portion of it in patni or other tenure or lease, such tenure or lease shall hold good, as regards the lands finally allotted to the share of the lessor, and only as to such land.

Case of proprietor who has created a tenure.

Illustrations.

I.—A, the proprietor of a quarter share in a joint undivided estate held in common tenancy, gives to B a patni tenure of the whole of his interest in the estate, entitling B, as long as such estate is held in common tenancy, to collect one-fourth of the rent payable by every ryot on the estate;

Partition of the said estate is made under this Act, and certain specific lands are assigned to A as his separate estate;

B will become patnidar of the entire separate estate which has been assigned to A, and will be entitled to collect the whole of the rents from the ryots on that estate.

II.—A, the proprietor of a quarter share in a joint undivided estate held in common tenancy, gives to B a patni tenure of one-half of his share in the estate, entitling B, as long as such estate is held in common tenancy, to collect one-eighth of the rent payable by every ryot on the estate;

Partition of the estate is made under the Act, and certain specific lands are assigned to A as his separate estate;

B will become patnidar of one-half of A's separate estate, and will hold his patni in common tenancy with the half of A's interest which A has not given in patni; so that B will be entitled to collect one-half of the rent payable by every ryot on A's estate, and A will be entitled to collect the other half.

125. If two or more estates shall come into the possession of one proprietor or of the same body of proprietors, such proprietor or body of proprietors, after being recorded as proprietors, may apply to have such estates united, and to hold them as a single estate.

Two estates may be united.

126. Such application shall be made in writing to the Collector, and the Collector shall not less than thirty days after the issue of a notification of such application (provided he see no objection), comply with the same, and cause the necessary entries to be made in the records of his office, and shall report the case to the Commissioner.

Application for such union how to be made, and how to be dealt with.

127. Whenever any separate estate created under this Act shall fall in arrear so as to require a sale of the land for the discharge of the arrear at any period within twelve years of the date of the confirmation of the partition, the Collector shall, if possible, ascertain the cause of the estate having fallen into arrear, and shall enquire whether such arrear has been caused by any fraudulent or erroneous allotment of the assessment or assignment of lands at the time of the partition, shall make a report upon the case to the Commissioner for such action as the said Commissioner may think proper.

Cause of sale of a separate estate for arrears to be ascertained.

128. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor at any time within twelve years from the date of confirmation of a partition, that through any fraud or error at the time of making the partition the assets of the lands assigned to any separate estate were not in proportion to the amount of land revenue for which such estate was made liable, or that the amount of land revenue assessed on any separate estate was not in proportion to the assets of the lands assigned to such estate, the Lieutenant-Governor may to order a new allotment of the land revenue upon the separate estates in accordance with the principles prescribed in this Act, on an estimate of the assets of each such estate as they stood at the time of the partition, such estimate being made on such evidence and information as may be procurable respecting the same.

In certain cases Lieutenant-Governor may order a new allotment of the land revenue.

129. Whenever the Lieutenant Governor shall pass an order for the re-allotment of the land revenue on any separate estates under the last preceding section, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the proprietors whose estates are found to have

Under-assessed estates to make refund to over-assessed estates.

been under-assessed shall, for each year during which they have held possession of the separate estates, be required to pay to the recorded proprietors of the estates which have been over-assessed a sum equal to the annual amount in which the latter shall be found to have been over-assessed, and in default of payment the amount shall be leviable as provided in section 134.

No order passed by the Lieutenant-Governor under this section shall be liable to be contested in any court.

130. Every notification required to be published in and by this Act shall, unless otherwise specially directed, be published by posting up copies of the same at the office of the Collector, and of the Deputy Collector who is making or has made the partition, at the māl cutcherry, or māl cutcherries (if any) of the proprietors of the parent estate, and at one or more of the principal villages on the said estate.

131. Every notice in and by this Act required to be served on any person may be served—

- (1) by delivering the same to the person to whom it is directed, or, on failure of such service, by posting the same on some conspicuous part of the house in which the said person usually resides, or by delivering the said notice to a general agent of the person to whom such notice is directed, or to any person who has been appointed in that behalf, or who has been appointed an agent of the person to whom the notice is directed for the general purposes of any partition under this Act; or
- (2) by sending a registered letter containing such notice directed to the said person at his usual place of abode or to the place where he may be known to be residing; or
- (3) by posting a copy of the notice at any māl cutcherry of the person to whom the notice is directed; or, if no such māl cutcherry be found, on some conspicuous place on the estate to which such notice relates.

In all cases where two or more persons are joint applicants for the separation of an estate to be held by them jointly as a separate estate, service of notice under this section on any one such joint applicant shall be deemed to be good and sufficient service on each and all of such joint applicants.

132. Provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with, no proceedings under this Act shall be affected by reason of any mistake or by reason of any other informality, unless any person has suffered, or is in danger of suffering, material injury in consequence of such mistake or informality; and no proceedings under this Act shall be affected by reason of the omission to issue any notification required by this Act, or to serve any notice on any person whose name is not recorded on the Collector's registers as proprietor of the estate in respect of

133. For the purpose of any enquiry under this Act, the Collector and Deputy-Collector shall, in addition to every power conferred specially by this Act, have power to summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses, to examine witnesses, and to compel the production of documents by the same means (as far as may be), and in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

134. If any proprietor or other person shall fail to comply within the time fixed by a notice served on him as by this Act provided, with any requisition made upon him under this Act by the Collector or Deputy Collector, the Collector or Deputy Collector may impose upon him such daily fine as he may think fit, not exceeding fifty rupees; and such fine shall be payable daily until the requisition is complied with, and the Collector or Deputy Collector may proceed from time to time to levy the amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending;

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the Commissioner.

135. Whenever any local enquiry may be held by the Deputy Collector or any other officer, in consequence of an objection raised by any person to any record of measurements, rent-rolls, or other information which has been laid before the Deputy Collector, the Deputy Collector may declare the cost which has been incurred by such enquiry, and may direct that the entire cost so declared shall be paid by the person making the objection or by any one of the proprietors, or that such cost shall be paid in such proportions as he shall think fit, by the said person and the proprietors or any of them, or that such cost be deemed a part of the cost of making a partition as prescribed in section 39.

136. Except as herein expressly otherwise provided, all fees, fines, costs, and other sums ordered to be paid by any person under this Act, shall be deemed to be a demand under section 1 of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as arrears of land revenue*), and shall be leviable as such.

137. All powers and functions which are assigned by this Act to a Deputy Collector may be exercised and discharged by the Collector; and whenever it is provided by this Act that any act done, or order made by a Deputy Collector shall require the sanction of the Collector, or shall be appealable to the Collector, if such act shall have been done or such order shall have been made by the Collector, it shall be deemed to have been sanctioned by the Collector, or to have been confirmed

138. An appeal, if presented within one month from the date of the

Appeal to the Collector. order appealed against, shall lie to the Collector against

every order of a Deputy Collector

(a) accepting or adopting any papers as correct under section 61 for the purposes of the partition;

(b) refusing, under section 66, to confirm a partition made by the parties or by arbitrators;

(c) refusing, under section 98, to make a partition as applied for by the joint applicants;

(d) passed under section 104 in respect of lands held rent free or under section 105 in respect of lands included in a tenure;

(e) imposing a fine under section 134;

(f) directing, under section 135, by whom the costs of an enquiry held in consequence of an objection preferred shall be paid.

139. An appeal, if presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector

Appeal to the Commissioner. for transmission to the Commissioner, within one month

from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie to the Commissioner against every order of the Collector (whether such order be passed by the Collector in the first instance, or in appeal from the order of a Deputy Collector)

(a) having the effect of rejecting an application for the partition of an estate, or for the separation of a share, or of putting an end to proceedings for effecting a partition or separation after the application has been admitted;

(b) directing, under section 31, that an application for partition or separation be admitted;

(c) accepting or adopting any papers under section 61 for the purposes of a partition;

(d) refusing under section 66 to confirm a partition made by the parties or by arbitrators;

(e) setting aside, or approving the general arrangement of the partition under section 73;

(f) approving with or without amendment, a partition made by a Deputy Collector; or directing such partition to be amended; or making a fresh partition under section 79;

(g) refusing under section 96 or 98 to allow a partition to be made in accordance with an existing private division;

(h) passed under section 104 in respect of lands held rent-free, or under section 105 in respect of lands included in tenures;

(i) approving or disallowing, under section 108, the allotment to the estate under partition of a portion of land held in common tenancy between the proprietors of such estate and the proprietors of one or more other estates;

(j) passed under section 110;

(k) imposing or confirming the imposition of a fine under section 134;

(l) imposing any fine amounting to more than fifty rupees, or directing the payment of any costs amounting to more than fifty rupees.

140. An appeal, if presented to the Board, or

Appeal to the Board of Revenue. to the Commissioner for transmission to the Board,

within six weeks from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie to the Board against every order of the Commissioner which confirms, modifies, or reverses any order of the Collector

(a) having the effect of rejecting an appli-

separation of a share, or, of putting an end to proceedings for effecting a partition or separation after the application has been admitted;

(b) directing, under section 31, that an application for partition or separation be admitted;

(c) accepting or adopting any papers under section 61 for the purposes of a partition;

(d) allotting, under section 108, or approving the allotment to the estate under partition, of a portion of lands held in common tenancy between the proprietors of such estate and the proprietors of one or more other estates, or disallowing such allotment;

and against every order of the Commissioner

(e) directing, under section 39, that any proprietor shall pay more than his proportionate share of the expenses of a partition, when the excess which he is ordered to pay amounts to more than five hundred rupees;

(f) directing, under section 107, that any sum shall be paid by the proprietor of an estate other than the estate under partition, when such sum exceeds five hundred rupees;

(g) confirming, under section 114 or section 116, or modifying or setting aside under section 116, a partition and separation as made or approved by a Collector;

(j) imposing, or confirming the imposition of any fine, amounting to five hundred rupees, or ordering or confirming an order directing the payment of any costs amounting to more than five hundred rupees.

141. Except as provided in sections 138, 139,

and 140 no appeal shall lie as of right against any order passed under this Act.

but the proceedings and orders of every Deputy Collector under this Act shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Collector: the proceedings and orders of every Deputy Collector and of the Collector to the supervision and control of the Commissioner; and the proceedings and orders of all revenue officers, to the supervision and control of the Board;

and any order passed and anything done under this Act may be modified, amended, or reversed by the supervising and controlling authority at any time before possession of their respective separate estates has been given to the several proprietors as provided in section 118, but not after such possession has been given, except as provided in the next succeeding section.

142. Any proceedings of a revenue officer

connected with giving possession to the proprietors of their respective separate estates as provided in section 118, may be set aside or amended as above provided by any supervising and controlling revenue authority, provided that such supervising and controlling authority shall within three months of the date on which such possession may have been given, make an order to the effect that such proceedings are under the consideration of such authority.

Such order shall be communicated to the Collector of the district, who shall cause the same to be published by notification in the manner

by to be published by notification in the manner

143. The Commissioner and the Board may pass such orders as they shall think fit in respect of the payment of costs of any appeal which is made to them respectively under this Act.

144. The Government may vest any Collector or Deputy Collector with all or any of the powers which, under the provisions of any law for the time being in force, might be exercised by them respectively, or might be conferred on them respectively, if they were making a settlement of the parent estate.

Such powers may be conferred either generally in respect of all estates in the partition of which the Collector or Deputy Collector may at any time and in any District be engaged, or specially in respect of any particular estate.

145. The provisions of this Act may, in so far as the same are applicable, be applied, upon order of the Board or of a court of competent jurisdiction, to the partition of any landed property held free from the payment of Government revenue, which is recorded in the Collector's register of revenue-free lands as a separate revenue-free property.

146. If, in any case in which a Collector or other officer shall exercise jurisdiction under this Act, any person is guilty of the offence of giving or fabricating false evidence, or of forgery, as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or of abetting any of those offences, such Collector or other officer shall have the same powers in respect of such offence, and of the person charged with committing the same, as are vested by the Code of Criminal Procedure in a civil court, when any such offence is committed before or against such court, or when a document believed to be a forgery is given in evidence in any proceedings in such court.

147. No order of a revenue officer which are not liable to be set aside by civil suit.

(a) refusing to allow a partition on the grounds mentioned in section 11, or section 14;

(b) rejecting or directing to be amended an application under section 20;

(c) made under the first clause of section 32;

(d) made under Part IV, Part V, Part VI, or Part VII;

(e) made under Part VIII (except as provided in the next succeeding section);

(f) confirming, amending, or returning for amendment under section 116 or section 117, a partition made by a Collector or a Deputy Collector;

(g) giving possession of a separate estate under section 118;

(h) directing the construction or maintenance of boundary marks under section 122;

(i) imposing a fine;

(j) directing that any sum shall be paid by any person under section 135;

(k) in respect of the payment of costs of

shall be liable to be contested or set aside by a suit in any court, or in any manner other than as is expressly provided in this Act.

148. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 148 of the last preceding section

any person claiming a greater interest in any lands which were held in common tenancy between two or more estates than has been assigned to him by the order of a revenue officer under section 106 or section 108;

and any person who is aggrieved by any order of a revenue officer passed under section 110,

may bring a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction to modify or set aside such orders of the revenue officer.

149. In the execution of the duties vested in the Board by this Act, the Board shall be guided by such orders or instructions as they may from time to time receive from the Lieutenant-Governor, to whom they shall apply in all cases which shall appear to the Board not to have been provided for or by the existing law.

150. The Board may, from time to time, make rules, not being inconsistent with this Act—

(a) to regulate the expenses of effecting partitions, or the amount of fees to be levied in respect of partitions; the allotment of the same among the proprietors; and the instalments in which, and the times at which the same shall be levied under Part IV;

(b) to regulate the receipts, disbursements, and management of any "Estates' Partition Fund" formed under section 43;

(c) to regulate the employment and remuneration of amins and other subordinate officers appointed under Part IV, to enable the officer making the partition to keep himself informed of the proceedings of such officers, and to exercise a proper control over them;

(d) to regulate the form in which the partition papers shall be framed under section 64 and section 74;

(e) and generally for the guidance of officers in conducting partitions under this Act.

SCHEDULE.

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Number and year.	Subject or abbreviated Title.	Extent of repeal.
Regulation XI of 1811.	For extending period of re- vising jama on certain land.	So much as has not been repealed.
Regulation XIX of 1814.	Consolidating Regulations respecting Partition of Estates.	Ditto.
Act XX of 1836 ...	Quashing of Batwaras ...	Ditto.
Act XI of 1838 ..	Remuneration of persons effecting a partition.	Ditto.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

PART V. .

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 14th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VI of 1876.

THE CHUTIA NAGPUR ENCUMBERED ESTATES' ACT, 1876.

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22. Bar of suits.
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An Act to relieve certain Landholders in Chutia Nágpur.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the relief of holders of land in Chutia Nágpur who may be in debt, and whose immoveable property may be subject to mortgages, charges, and liens; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

I.—PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Chutia Nágpur Encumbered Estates' Act, 1876."

Short title.

II.—VESTING ORDER.

Power to vest management of property in an officer appointed by Commissioner.

2. Whenever any holder of immoveable property, or (when such holder is a minor, or of unsound mind, or an idiot) his guardian, committee, or other legal curator, or the person who would be heir to such holder if he died intestate, or (when such person is a minor, or of unsound mind, or an idiot) his guardian, committee, or other legal curator, or when any such property belonging to such holder has been attached in execution of a decree of a Civil Court, the Deputy Commissioner within whose jurisdiction such property is situate, applies in writing to the Commissioner stating that the holder of the said property is subject to, or that his said property is charged with debts or liabilities other than debts due, or liabilities incurred, to Government, and requesting that the provisions of this Act be applied to his case, the Commissioner may, with the previous consent of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, appoint an officer (hereinafter called the Manager), and vest in him the management of the whole or any portion of the immoveable property of or to which the said holder is then possessed or entitled in his own right, or which he is entitled to redeem, or which may be acquired by or devolve on him or his heir, during the continuance of such management.

Effect of order.
3. On such publication the following consequences shall ensue:—

Bar of suits.
First, all proceedings which may then be pending in any Civil Court in British India, in respect to such debts or liabilities, shall be barred; and all processes, executions, and attachments for or in respect of such debts and liabilities shall become null and void;

Freedom from arrest.

Secondly, so long as such management continues

the holder of the said property and his heir shall not be liable to arrest for or in respect of the debts and liabilities to which the said holder was immediately before the said publication subject, or with which the property so vested as aforesaid or any part thereof was at the time of the said publication charged, other than debts due, or liabilities incurred, to Government,

nor shall their moveable property be liable to attachment or sale, under process of any Civil Court in British India, for or in respect of such debts and liabilities other than as aforesaid; and

Cessation of power to alienate. *Thirdly*, so long as such management continues,

(a) the holder of the said immoveable property and his heir shall be incompetent to mortgage, charge, lease or alienate their immoveable property or any part thereof, or to grant valid receipts for the rents and profits arising or accruing therefrom,

(b) such property shall be exempt from attachment or sale under such process as aforesaid, except for or in respect of debts due, or liabilities incurred, to Government, and

(c) the holder of the same property and his heir shall be incapable of entering into any contract which may involve them, or either of them, in pecuniary liability.

III.—DUTIES OF MANAGER.

4. The manager shall, during his management of the said immoveable property, receive and recover all rents and profits due in respect thereof; and shall, upon receiving such rents and profits, give receipts for the same.

From the sums so received, he shall pay—

First, the Government revenue, and all debts or liabilities for the time being due or incurred to Government:

Secondly, in the case of under-tenures the rent (if any due to the superior landlord, in respect of the said property:

Thirdly, such annual sum as appears to the Commissioner requisite for the maintenance of the holder of the property, his heir, and their families;

Fourthly, the costs of such repairs and improvements of the property as appear necessary to the Manager and are approved by the Commissioner;

and the residue shall be applied in discharge of the costs of the management, and in settlement of such debts and liabilities of the holder of the property and his heir, as may be established under the provisions hereinafter contained

IV.—SETTLEMENT OF DEBTS.

5. On the publication of the order vesting in him the management of the said property, the Manager shall publish a notice in English, Urdu and Hindi, calling upon all persons having claims against the holder of the said property to notify the same in writing to such Manager within three months from the date of the publication.

Such notice shall be published by being posted at the kacháhris in the district or districts in which the said property lies, and at such other places as the Manager thinks fit.

6. Every such claimant shall, along with his claim, present full particulars thereof.

Every document on which the claimant founds his claim, or on which he relies in support thereof, shall be delivered to the Manager along with the claim.

If the document be an entry in any book, the claimant shall produce the book to the Manager, together with a copy of the entry on which he relies. The manager shall mark the book for the purpose of identification, and, after examining and comparing the copy with the original, shall return the book to the claimant.

If any document in the possession or under the control of the claimant is not delivered or produced by him to the Manager along with the claim, the Manager may refuse to receive such document in evidence on the claimant's behalf at the investigation of the case.

7. Every debt or liability other than debts due, or liabilities incurred to Government, (in the case of under tenures) the rent due to the superior landlord, to which the holder of the property is subject, or with which the property is charged, and which is not duly notified to the Manager within the time and in manner hereinbefore mentioned, shall be barred:

Provided that, when proof is made to the Manager that the claimant was unable to comply with the provisions of sections five and six, the Manager may admit his claim within the further period of nine months from the expiration of the said period of three months.

8. The Manager shall, in accordance with the rules to be made under this Act, determine the amount of all principal debts and liabilities justly due to the several creditors of the holder of the property and to persons holding mortgages, charges, or liens thereon, and the interest (if any) due at the date of such determination in respect of such debts and liabilities.

9. If such property or any part thereof be in the possession of any person claiming to hold it under a lease, dated within the three years immediately preceding the publication of

the order mentioned in section two, the Manager with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner and Commissioner (or of the Commissioner only if the Deputy Commissioner be himself the Manager) may inquire into the sufficiency of the consideration for which the lease was given, and if such consideration appear to him insufficient, may by order either set aside the lease or cause the person so in possession to pay such consideration for the said lease as the Manager thinks fit, and in default of such payment the lease shall be cancelled.

10. An appeal against any refusal, admission or determination or order under section six, seven, eight or nine shall lie, if preferred within six weeks from the date of such determination, to the Deputy Commissioner within whose jurisdiction the property is situate, and the decision of the Manager, if no such appeal has been so preferred shall be final:

Provided that if the Deputy Commissioner be himself the Manager, the appeal shall lie to the Commissioner.

An appeal shall lie from any decision of the Deputy Commissioner, if preferred within six weeks of the date of his decision, to the Commissioner, and the decision of such Commissioner, or of the Deputy Commissioner if no such appeal has been so preferred, shall be final.

11. When the amount due in respect of the debts and liabilities mentioned in section eight has been finally determined, the Manager shall prepare and submit to the Commissioner a schedule of such debts and liabilities, and a scheme for the settlement thereof; and such scheme, when approved by the Commissioner, shall be carried into effect.

Until such approval is given, the Commissioner may, as often as he thinks fit, send back such scheme to the Manager for revision, and direct him to make such further inquiry as may be requisite for the proper preparation of the scheme.

12. When all such debts and liabilities have been discharged,

or if, within six months after the publication of the order mentioned in section two, the Commissioner thinks that the provisions of this Act should not continue to apply to the case of the holder of the said property or his heir,

such holder or his heir shall be restored to the possession and enjoyment of the property, or of such part thereof as has not been sold by the Manager under the power contain in section eighteen, but subject to the leases and mortgages (if any) granted and made by the Manager under the powers hereinafter contained.

Where the holder of the property or his heir is so restored under the circumstances mentioned in the second clause of this section,

such restoration shall be notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and thereupon the proceedings, processes, executions and attachments mentioned in section three (so far as they relate to debts and liabilities which the Manager has not paid off or compromised), and the debts and liabilities barred by section seven, shall be revived; and any mortgagee or conditional vendee dis-

possessioned under section sixteen shall be reinstated, unless his claim under the mortgage or conditional sale has been satisfied; and in calculating the periods of limitation applicable to such revived proceedings, and to suits to recover and enforce such revived debts and liabilities, the time intervening between such restoration and the publication of the order mentioned in section two shall be excluded.

V.—POWERS OF MANAGER.

13. The Manager may, from time to time, call for further and more detailed particulars of any claim preferred before him under this Act, and may at his discretion refuse to proceed with the investigation of the claim until such particulars are supplied.

14. For the purposes of this Act, the Manager may summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel them to give evidence, and compel the production of documents by the same means, and, as far as possible, in the same manner, as is provided in the case of a Civil Court by the Code of Civil Procedure.

15. Every investigation conducted by the Manager with reference to any claim preferred before him under this Act, or to any matter connected with any such claim, shall be taken to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

And every statement made by any person examined by or before the Manager with reference to such investigation, whether upon oath or otherwise, shall be taken to be evidence within the meaning of the same Code.

16. The Manager shall have, for the purpose of realizing and recovering the rents and profits of the said immoveable property, the same powers as the holder of the property would have had for such purpose if this Act had not been passed.

And if such property, or any part thereof, be in the possession of any mortgagee or conditional vendee, the Manager may apply to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner within whose jurisdiction the property is situate, and such Court shall cause the same to be delivered to the Manager, as if a decree therefor had been made in his favour, but without prejudice to the mortgagee or vendee preferring his claim under the provisions hereinbefore contained.

17. Subject to the rules made under section nineteen, the Manager shall have power to demise all or any part of the property under his management for any term of years not exceeding twenty years absolute, to take effect in possession, in consideration of any fine or fines, or without fine, and reserving such rents and under such conditions as may be agreed upon.

18. The Manager, with the previous assent of the Commissioner, shall have power to raise any money which may be required for the settlement of the debts and liabilities (other than as aforesaid) to which the holder of the property is subject, or with which such property or any part thereof is charged,

by demising by way of mortgage the whole or any part of such property for a term not exceeding twenty years from the said publication,

or by selling, with the previous consent of the holder of the property and of the person (being of full age) who would be his heir if he died intestate, by public auction or by private contract, and upon such terms as the Manager thinks fit, such portion of the same property as may appear expedient.

And no mortgagee advancing money upon any mortgage made under this section, shall be bound to see that such money is wanted, or that no more than is wanted is raised.

And the receipt of the Manager for any monies paid to him as such, shall discharge the person paying the same therefrom and from being concerned to see to the application thereof.

The power to mortgage conferred by this section shall not be exercisable until six months have elapsed from the publication of the order mentioned in section two.

VI.—MISCELLANEOUS.

19. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may, from time to time, make rules consistent with this Act to regulate the following matters:—

(a) the security to be required from subordinate officers under this Act,

(b) the notices to be given under this Act and the publication of such notices,

(c) the procedure to be followed in determining under section eight the debts and liabilities due to creditors and other persons, and in performing the other duties imposed on any officer by this Act,

(d) the allowance of interest on each of the principal debts and liabilities so determined, from the date on which it was incurred down to the date of the determination, and on the aggregate amount of such debts and liabilities from the date of the determination down to the date of payment,

(e) the order of paying debts and liabilities so determined;

and generally for the guidance of officers in all matters connected with the enforcement of this Act.

Such rules, when approved by the Governor-General in Council and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, shall have the force of law.

20. Whenever the Commissioner thinks fit, he may appoint any officer to be a Manager in the stead of any Manager appointed under this Act; and thereupon the property then vested under this Act in the former Manager shall become vested in the new Manager.

Every such new Manager shall have the same powers as if he had been originally appointed.

21. Every Manager appointed under this Act shall be deemed a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

22. No suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any person in respect of anything done by him *bonâ fide* pursuant to this Act.

23. Nothing in this Act precludes the Courts in Chutia Nâgpur having jurisdiction in suits relating to the succession to, or claims of maintenance from any immoveable property brought under the operation of this Act, from entertaining and disposing of such suits; but to all such suits the Manager of such property shall be made a party.

24. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to take away or abridge any power or authority conferred by an Act passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, entitled "an Act to ascertain, regulate, and record certain tenures in Chutia Nâgpur," on any person appointed to be a special Commissioner thereunder, or on the Commissioner of the division of Chutia Nâgpur.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 21st March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. VII of 1876.

In Act to extend the Criminal Tribes' Act, 1871, to the Lower Provinces of Bengal and to amend the same Act.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend Act No. XXVII of 1871 (*for the Registration of Criminal Tribes and Eunuchs*) to the Lower Provinces of Bengal and to amend the same Act in manner hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Section one of the said Act shall be read as if, after the words 'Lieutenant-Governors of,' the following word were inserted (namely), 'Bengal.'

2. Section eighteen of the said Act shall be read as if in the second clause, after the words 'persons reside,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or the agents of such landowners or occupiers.'

Section twenty-one of the said Act shall be read as if in the first clause, after the words 'persons reside,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or of the agent of any such owner or occupier.'

and as if in the fourth clause, after the words 'occupier of land,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or of the agent of such owner or occupier.'

And section twenty-two of the same Act shall be read as if, after the words 'occupier of land,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or the agent of such owner or occupier.'

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[First Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. VIII of 1876.

THE NATIVE PASSENGER SHIPS' ACT, 1876.

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CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR SHORT VOYAGES.

19. Space to be provided for intermediate or between-decks passengers.
20. Ship taking additional passengers at intermediate port.
21. Report of deaths on the voyage.

CHAPTER IV.

RULES FOR LONG VOYAGES.

22. Space to be provided for passengers.
23. Statement of passengers.
24. Deaths on voyage.
Procedure on arrival.
25. Ship taking additional passengers and touching at intermediate port.
26. Bond when ship clears for port in Red Sea.
27. Ships sailing to or from port in Red Sea to touch at Aden.
28. Bill of health.

CHAPTER V.

PENALTIES.

29. Penalty for ship unlawfully departing.
30. Penalty for opposing entry on or inspection of ships.
31. Penalty for not exhibiting copy of certificate.
32. Penalty for non-compliance with requirements as to list of passengers.
Penalty for failing to obtain fresh certificate for additional passengers taken.
33. Penalty for fraudulent alteration in ship after certificate obtained.
34. Penalty for failing to supply passengers with prescribed provisions.
35. Penalty for not obtaining bill of health.
36. Penalty for excess of number specified in certificate.
37. Penalty for bringing Native passengers from Eastern port in excess of authorized proportion.
38. Penalty for landing passenger at place other than that at which he has contracted to land.

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39. Adjudication of offences.
Fine leviable by distress on ship.
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CHAPTER VI.

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SCHEDULE.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."

2. It extends to the whole of British India and applies—

Extent and application of Act. (a) to all subjects of Her Majesty within the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty;

(b) to all Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty without and beyond British India; and, (c) subject to the exceptions mentioned in the subsequent part of this section, to vessels carrying more than thirty passengers, being Natives of Asia or Africa.

Nothing herein contained applies—

(d) to any Ship-of-War or Transport belonging to, or in the service of, Her Majesty;

(e) to any Ship-of-War belonging to any Foreign Prince or State;

(f) to any sailing-vessel not carrying as passengers more than thirty Natives of Asia or Africa;

(g) to any steamer not carrying as passengers more than sixty of such Natives;

(h) to any sailing vessel or steamer not intended to convey passengers to or from any port in British India.

3. This Act shall come into force on such day as the Governor-General in Council directs by notification in the *Gazette of India*.

4. On and from that day the Acts specified in the Schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed.

But all ports, places and officers appointed, and all certificates granted, under any of such Acts, shall be deemed to be respectively appointed and granted under this Act;

and the last clause of section one of Act No. II of 1860 (*to amend the law relating to the Carriage of Passengers by Sea*) shall be read as follows:—

"Voyages from ports in British India to ports in the Red Sea or Persian Gulf, under the Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."

Interpretation-clause. 5. In this Act—the expression "Magistrate" means a person exercising powers not inferior to those of a Magistrate of the second class, and includes a Justice of the

Peace, and, at the port of Aden, the Political Resident and his Assistants:

the expression "ship" includes every description of vessel used in navigation not propelled by oars:

"Ship."

the expression "Master" includes every person (other than a pilot) having command or charge of a ship:

"Master."

the expression "Passenger" means a person above the age of twelve years, or two persons between the ages

"Passenger."

of one year and twelve years; but it does not include a person in attendance on another person who is not a Native of Asia or Africa, nor a child under one year of age:

the expression "voyage" means the whole distance between the ship's port of departure and her

"Voyage."

final port of arrival:

the expression "long voyage" means any

"Long voyage."

voyage during which the ship performing it will under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours or upwards continuously out of port:

the expression "short voyage" means any voyage

"Short voyage."

during which the ship performing it will never under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours continuously out of port:

Illustration.

A ship starts from port A, and is destined finally to arrive at port B, between which ports the ordinary distance is ten days: but she is to touch at four intermediate ports, no one of which is under ordinary circumstances more than five days from the next one. This is a short voyage.

the expression "Chief Officer of Customs" means the executive officer of highest rank in the Department of Customs in any

"Chief Officer of Customs."

port to which this Act applies.

CHAPTER II.

RULES FOR ALL VOYAGES.

6. No ship carrying passengers shall depart or proceed from, or shall discharge passengers at, any

Ship to sail only from ports appointed by Government.

port or place within British India other than such ports and places as the Local Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf;

and after any ship has departed or proceeded upon any voyage from a port or place so appointed, no person shall be received on board as a passenger, except at some other port or place so appointed.

7. The master, owner, or agent of every ship so departing or proceeding

Master to give notice of day of sailing, &c.

shall give notice to an officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government that the ship is to carry native passengers, and of her destination, and of the proposed time of sailing.

Such notice shall be given not less than twenty-four hours before such time.

8. After receiving such notice, the officer aforesaid, or any person authorized

Power to enter and inspect ship.

by him, shall be at liberty at all times to enter and inspect the ship and the fittings, provisions, and stores therein.

9. No ship intended to carry passengers shall

Not to sail without two certificates.

commence any voyage from any port or place appointed under this Act unless the Master holds two certificates to the effect hereinafter mentioned.

And the officer of Government whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance

Port-clearance.

for such ship shall not grant the same unless the Master holds such certificates.

10. The first of such certificates hereinafter

Contents of certificate A.

called 'certificate A' shall state that the ship is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated, and the number of passengers that she is capable of carrying.

11. The second of such

certificates hereinafter called 'certificate B' shall state—

(a) the voyage which the ship is intended to make, and the intermediate ports (if any) at which she is intended to touch;

(b) that she has the proper complement of officers and seamen;

(c) that provisions, fuel and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things (if any) prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section;

(d) that the Master holds certificate A;

(e) if she is intended to make a short voyage in a season of foul weather, and to carry upper-deck passengers, that she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather;

(f) such other particulars (if any) as may for the time being be required for such ship under this Act.

12. The person by whom certificate B is to

Grant of certificate B.

be granted shall in all cases be the officer referred to in section seven.

13. The person by whom certificate A is to be

Grant of certificate A

granted shall be the officer aforesaid, except that, if the Master of a ship produce to such officer either of the following certificates (namely):—

(a) a valid certificate granted by the Board of Trade or by any British Colonial Government;

(b) a certificate granted under the authority of any British Indian Government, and dated not more than six months before the proposed day of sailing,

and if the particulars required by section ten are certified thereby,

such officer may take any such certificate as evidence of such particulars, and it shall then be a valid certificate for the purposes of this Act.

14. After receiving the notice required by

Ship may be surveyed.

section seven, the officer aforesaid may, if he think fit, cause the ship to be surveyed at the expense of the master or owner by competent surveyors, who shall report to him whether the ship is, in their opinion, seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted and ventilated for her intended voyage:

Provided that he shall not cause any ship holding any certificate mentioned in section thirteen, clause (a) or clause (b), to be surveyed unless, from the ship having met with damage or having undergone alterations, or on other reasonable ground, he considers it likely that she may be found unseaworthy or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage.

If the officer aforesaid causes a survey to be made of any vessel holding any such certificate, and if the surveyors report that the vessel is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated for her intended voyage, and that there was no reasonable ground why the officer aforesaid should have thought it likely that she would be found unseaworthy, or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage, the expense of the survey shall be paid by the Local Government.

15. The officer authorised to grant a certificate under this Act in respect of any ship shall not grant the same unless he is satisfied that she has not on board any cargo likely from its quality, quantity, or mode of stowage, to prejudice the health or safety of the passengers.

But, save as aforesaid, and subject to the provisions of section sixteen, the grant or withholding of a certificate under this chapter shall in all cases be in the discretion of the officer aforesaid.

16. In the exercise of such discretion such officer shall be subject to the control of the Local Government, or of any intermediate authority which that Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf.

17. The Owner or Master shall put up in a conspicuous part of the ship, so as to be visible to persons on board the same, a copy of each of the said certificates granted by an officer appointed under this Act in respect of the ship, and shall keep such copies in such position during the voyage.

18. The requirements of this Act respecting the supply of provisions for passengers shall not, except as to the supply of water, be applicable to any passenger who has contracted to furnish his own provisions, and who has, in the opinion of such officer as the Local Government appoints in this behalf, actually furnished such provisions of the quality and to the amount for the time being prescribed by rules made under section forty-six.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR SHORT VOYAGES.

19. For seasons of fair weather every ship performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least six superficial feet and thirty-six cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and six superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by sails and performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and twelve superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a short voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and nine superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

But in such seasons no ship shall carry upper-deck passengers unless she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather.

20. If any ship performing a short voyage takes any additional passengers on board at any intermediate port or place, the Master shall obtain a supplementary certificate from the proper officer at such port, stating —

(a) the number of passengers so taken on board, and,

(b) that provisions, fuel, and pure water (over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six) have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the total number of passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section.

Provided that, if the certificate B held by the Master of such ship states that provisions, fuel, and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for her by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the full number of passengers that she is capable of carrying, the Master shall not be bound to obtain any such supplementary certificate.

21. When the ship reaches her final port of arrival, the Master shall notify to such officer as the Governor-General in Council may appoint in this behalf the date and supposed cause of death of every passenger dying on the voyage.

CHAPTER IV.

RULES FOR LONG VOYAGES.

22. Every ship propelled by sails and performing a long voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every passenger.

Every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a long voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every passenger.

23. The Master of every such ship, before departing or proceeding on any long voyage from any port or place in British India, shall sign two statements, specifying the number and the respective sexes of all the passengers, and stating the number of the crew; and shall deliver them to the officer last aforesaid, who shall thereupon (after having first satisfied himself that the numbers are correct) countersign and return to the Master one of such statements.

24. The Master shall note in writing on such last mentioned statement, and on any additional statement to be made under the next following section, the date and supposed cause of death of any passenger who may die on the voyage, and shall forthwith, on the arrival of the ship at her destination or at any port at which it may be intended to land passengers, and before any passengers are landed, produce the statement, with any additions thereto made, to any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty at the port of arrival if it be a foreign port, or to the Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act to receive such statements, at any port or place at which it is intended to land the passengers or any of them.

25. If, after the ship has departed or proceeded on any long voyage, any additional passengers are taken on board at a port or place within British India appointed under this Act for the embarkation of passengers,

or if such ship upon her voyage touch or arrive at any such port, having previously received on board additional passengers at any place without British India,

the Master shall obtain a fresh certificate to the effect of certificate B from the proper officer at such port, and shall make additional statements specifying the number and the respective sexes of all such additional passengers;

and all the provisions hereinbefore contained in that behalf shall be applicable to any certificate granted or statement made under this section.

26. In the case of every ship sailing from any port within British India to any port in the Red Sea, the officer whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance for any such ship shall not grant such clearance unless and until the owner, agent, or master of such ship and two sureties resident in British India have by a joint and several bond become bound unto the Secretary of State for India in Council in the penal sum of five thousand rupees for the purpose of binding the ship to touch at Aden on the outward voyage, and there to obtain a clean bill of health, and to do the same on the homeward voyage if she continue (being propelled by sails) to carry more than thirty passengers, or (being propelled by steam, or partly by steam, and partly by sails) to carry more than sixty passengers.

27. Every ship carrying more than thirty passengers being natives of Asia or Africa, and sailing from any port in British India to any port in the Red Sea,

or sailing from any port in the Red Sea to any port in British India,

shall touch at Aden, and shall not leave that port without having obtained from the proper authority a clean bill of health.

28. No bill of health shall be granted under section twenty-six or section twenty-seven in case the ship has on board a greater number of passengers than in the proportion prescribed for her by this Act.

CHAPTER V.

PENALTIES.

29. If any ship departs or proceeds upon a voyage from, or discharges passengers at, any port or place within British India in contravention of the provisions of section six or section nine,

or if any person is received as a passenger on board a ship in contravention of the provisions of the second clause of section six,

the Owner or Master shall, for every passenger conveyed in such ship, or for every passenger so discharged or received on board, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both;

and the ship, if found within two years in any port within British India, may be seized and detained by any Chief Officer of Customs until the penalties incurred under this Act by her owner or Master have been adjudicated, and the payment of the fines imposed on him under this Act, with all costs, has been enforced, under the provisions hereinafter contained.

30. Any person impeding or refusing to allow the entry or inspection authorized under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for each offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

31. Any Owner or Master wilfully failing to comply with the requirements of section seventeen, as to copies of certificates, shall, for every such failure, be liable to fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

32. Any Master failing to comply with any of the requirements of section twenty-three or section twenty-four, as to the statement of passengers,

or wilfully making any false entry or note in or on any such statement,

or wilfully failing to obtain any such supplementary certificate as is mentioned in section twenty, or to report deaths as required by section twenty-one, or to obtain any such fresh certificate, or to make any such statement of the number of additional passengers as is mentioned in section twenty-five, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

33. Any Master who, after having obtained any of the certificates mentioned in section nine or section twenty, or section twenty-five, fraudulently does, or suffers to be done, anything whereby such certificate becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the ship, her passengers, or other matters to which such certificate relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

Penalty for fraudulent alteration in ship after certificate obtained.

34. Any Master wilfully, and without satisfactory excuse, omitting to supply to any passenger the allowance of food, fuel, and water prescribed by rule made under this Act and for the time being in force, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every passenger who has sustained detriment by such omission.

Penalty for failing to supply passengers with prescribed provisions.

35. The Master of any ship described in section twenty-seven who wilfully fails to touch at Aden, or leaves that port without having obtained the bill of health therein mentioned, shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

Penalty for not obtaining bill of health.

36. If any ship has on board any number of passengers which, having regard to the time of the year and other circumstances, is greater than the number allowed by the certificate, or, if arriving from a port where no certificate could be procured, has on board a number of passengers exceeding the number allowed by this Act for such ship, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger over and above the number allowed by the certificate, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and the Master shall further be liable for each of such passengers to imprisonment not exceeding one week: Provided that the total term of imprisonment awarded under this section shall in no case exceed six months.

Penalty for excess of number specified in certificate.

Any officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government may cause all passengers over and above such number to disembark, and may forward them to any port of British India, and may recover the cost of so forwarding them from the Owner or Master of the ship as if such cost was a fine imposed under this Act, and a certificate under the hand of such officer shall be conclusive evidence of the amount of the cost aforesaid.

37. If any ship bringing native passengers from any port or place beyond British India into any port or place in British India, has on board a greater number of passengers than in the proportion prescribed by section nineteen, section twenty-two, or section forty-nine (as the case may be), or than the number allowed by the license or certificate (if any) granted in respect of such ship at her port or place of departure, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger in excess of such proportion or of the number so allowed, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Penalty for bringing native passengers from Eastern port in excess of authorized proportion.

38. If the Master of any ship to which this Act applies lands any passenger at any port or place other than the port or place at which he may have contracted to land, unless with

Penalty for landing passenger at a place other than that at which he has contracted to land.

his previous consent, or unless such landing is made necessary by perils of the sea or other unavoidable accident, the Master shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

Procedure.

39. All offences against this Act shall be punishable in a summary manner by a Magistrate.

Adjudication of offences.

If the person on whom any fine is imposed under this Act is the Master or Owner of a ship, and the fine is not paid at the time and in the manner prescribed by the order of payment, the Magistrate may, in addition to the ordinary means prescribed by law for enforcing payment, direct by warrant the amount remaining unpaid to be levied by distress and sale of the said ship, her tackle, furniture, and apparel.

Fine leviable by distress on ship.

40. For the purpose of the adjudication of penalties under this Act, every offence against its provisions shall be deemed to have been committed within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the place where the offender is found.

Jurisdiction.

41. The penalties to which Masters and Owners of ships are made liable by this Act shall be enforced only by information laid at the instance of the officers appointed to grant certificates under this Act; or, at any port or place where there is no such officer, at the instance of the Chief Officer of Customs.

By whom proceedings for penalties to be instituted.

42. Any Magistrate imposing any fine under this Act may, if he thinks fit, direct the whole or any part thereof to be applied in compensating any person for any detriment which he may have sustained by the act or default in respect of which such fine is imposed, or in or towards payment of the expenses of the proceedings.

Application of fines.

43. Whenever, in the course of any legal proceeding under this Act, the testimony of any witness is required in relation to the subject-matter of such proceeding, any deposition that he may have previously made in relation to the same subject-matter before any Justice or Magistrate in Her Majesty's dominions (including all parts of India other than those subject to the same Local Government as the port or place where such proceedings are instituted), or any British consular officer elsewhere, shall be admissible in evidence on due proof that such witness cannot be found within the jurisdiction of the Court in which such proceeding is instituted:

Depositions receivable when witnesses cannot be produced.

Provided that such deposition shall not be admissible unless -

(a) it is authenticated by the signature of the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer;

(b) it was made in the presence of the person accused, and

(c) the fact that it was so made is certified by the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer.

It shall not be necessary in any case to prove the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed any such deposition; and in any criminal proceeding such certificate as aforesaid shall, unless the contrary is proved, be sufficient evidence of the accused having been present in manner therein certified.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44. The Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act, at any port or place within British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches, or arrives, shall, with advertence to the provisions herein contained, send any particulars which he may deem important respecting the ship and the passengers conveyed therein to the officer at the port from which the ship commenced her voyage, and also to the officer at any other port within British India where the passengers or any of them embarked.

And any officer appointed under this Act may, at any port or place in British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches, board such ship and inspect her in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act as to the number of passengers and otherwise have been complied with.

45. In any proceeding for the adjudication of any penalty incurred under this Act, any document purporting to be a report of such particulars or a copy of the proceedings of any Court of Justice duly authenticated, and also any like document purporting to be made and signed by any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty in any foreign port, shall be received in evidence, if the same appears to have been officially transmitted to any officer at or near the place where the proceeding under this Act is had.

46. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act, to regulate, in the case of any ship or class of ships to which this Act applies, all or any of the following matters:—

(a) the scale on which provisions, fuel and water are to be supplied to the passengers and the quality of such provisions, fuel and water;

(b) the medical stores and other appliances and fittings for maintaining health, cleanliness, and decency to be provided on board;

(c) the boats, anchors and cables to be provided on board;

(d) the instruments for purposes of navigation to be supplied;

(e) the apparatus for the purpose of extinguishing fires on board and the precautions to be taken to prevent such fires;

(f) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

All such rules shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

47. The Local Government shall appoint such persons as it thinks fit to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Act.

48. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, what shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this Act, "seasons of fair weather" and "seasons of foul weather," and for sailing vessels and steamers respectively, a "long voyage" and a "short voyage."

49. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time direct, in the case of any ship or class of ships, and for all or any voyages to which this Act applies, the number of superficial or of cubic feet of space to be contained for the passengers, and such direction shall override the provisions of sections nineteen and twenty-two so far as they apply to such ship or class of ships.

SCHEDULE.

(See Section 4.)

Number and year.	Title.
XXV of 1859	An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.
XII of 1870	An Act for the regulation of Native Passenger Ships, and of Steam Vessels intended to convey Passengers on coasting voyages.
XII of 1872	An Act to amend Act XII of 1870 (<i>The Native Passenger Ships' Act</i>).
Madras Act II of 1862.	An Act to extend the provisions of Act XXV of 1859, entitled An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

(First Publication.)

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. IX OF 1876.

An Act to enable the Government of India to declare certain coins of Native States to be a legal tender in British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable the Governor-General in Council to declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in certain coins made for or issued by Native States, shall be a legal tender in British India; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called "The Native Coinage Act, 1876":

It extends to the whole of British India;

And it shall come into force at once.

2. In this Act "Native State" means any State in India which is under the protection or political control of Her Majesty, or of which the Government shall have acknowledged the supremacy of the British Crown.

3. Subject to the provisions of section four, the Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in the coins, or the coins of any specified metal, made under this Act for any Native State, shall be a legal tender in British India;

and the provisions of the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, shall apply to the coins to which such notification refers, so far as such provisions are applicable thereto, and save as expressly provided by such notification.

4. The power conferred by the first clause of section three shall be exercisable only when the coins referred to in such notification comply with the following conditions (that is to say)—

(a) in the case of coins of gold, silver, or bronze, their fineness is identical with that for the time being prescribed by law for coins of the Government of India of the same metal;

in the case of coins, whether of gold, silver, bronze, or copper,

(b) they are identical in weight with some coins of the Government of India of the same metal, which may for the time being be legally coined at any mint of the Government of India, or bear such relation thereto as is approved by the Governor-General in Council;

(c) the devices upon their obverse and reverse differ from the devices on coins now made or issued by any such Native State, and have been approved by the Governor-General in Council;

(d) upon each of such coins its value in money of the Government of India is inscribed in the English language;

(e) the Native State for which they are coined has undertaken to abstain during a term of not less than thirty years from the date of the notification from coining in its own mint gold, silver, bronze, or copper, as the case may be, and has also undertaken that no coins resembling coins for the time being a legal tender in British India shall, after the expiration of the said term, be struck under its authority or with its permission at any place within or without its jurisdiction;

(f) such State has formally declared that a tender of payment of money, if made in coins of the Government of India of the same metal, shall in the territories subject to such State be a legal tender in the cases in which payment made in such coins would, under the law for the time being in force, be a legal tender in British India;

(g) such State has also agreed that the law and rules for the time being in force respecting the cutting and breaking of coin of the Government of India reduced in weight by reasonable wearing or otherwise, or counterfeit, or called in by proclamation, shall apply to the coins made for such State under this Act, and that it will defray the cost of cutting and breaking them; and

(h) such State has also agreed not to issue the same coins below their nominal value, and not to allow any discount or other advantage to any person in order to bring them into circulation.

5. It shall be lawful for any such State to send to any mint in British India metal to be made into coin under this Act; and, subject to the Mint rules for the time being in force, and to the provisions hereinafter contained, the Mint-Master shall receive such metal and convert it into coin, provided that it be fit for coinage.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to entitle any such State to have coins made under this Act at any mint of the Government of India of any metal which is not for the time being legally coined at such mint.

6. The Governor-General in Council may impose on any metal sent to a mint for coinage under this Act the duty (if any) leviable on the same metal under the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, and also a charge sufficient to defray the expenses of coinage over and above the expenses of assay and refining; and the Mint-Master shall coin such metal at the charge so imposed.

7. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, with reference to the reasonable requirements of the population of any Native State, fix the maximum number of any coins of any particular metal that shall be coined under this Act.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 222.—*Fort William, the 7th April 1876.—Establishments*—The undermentioned Officers have been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extensions of leave as below :—

Name.	Service.	Appointment.	Period and nature of extension.
Mr. H. Beveridge	Covenanted Civil Service	Magistrate and Collector, Bengal.	4 months—furlough.
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *

No. 223.—Mr. J. A. Bourdillon, c.s., assumed charge of the duties of Under-Secretary, to the Government of India in the Home Department on the forenoon of the 27th ultimo.

No. 208.—*The 7th April 1876.—Medical.*—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Dwarkanath Gupta is dismissed from the service of Government.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, are republished for general information :—

No. 296.—*Fort William, the 5th April 1876.—Notifications.—Forests.*—The following gentlemen appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State to the Forest Department of India, are posted to that Department as Assistant Conservators of Forests of the Third Grade. The Provinces to which they are attached, and the dates from which their appointments will have effect, are mentioned opposite their names :—

Mr. W. E. D'Arcy, Assam, 4th January 1876.
„ A. J. Mein, „ 8th „ „
„ E. G. Chester, Bengal, 12th „ „
„ P. J. Carter, Burma, 19th „ „
„ F. B. Manson, Bengal, 26th „ „
„ J. Nisbett, Burma, 26th „ „
„ F. H. Bonham Carter, Bengal, 11th March 1876.

COMMERCE AND TRADE.

The 3rd April 1876.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

BAY OF BENGAL.

CHITTAGONG COAST.

Replacement of the Buoy on the Western Edge of Dolphin Shoal.

No. 6 of 1876.—Information has been received from the Officiating Master Attendant of Calcutta that the 2nd class *black* wooden *spiral* buoy, marked *D* (*in white*), with *staff*

and *black ball*, has been replaced on the western edge of the Dolphin Shoal in 4 fathoms, with Kutubdea lighthouse bearing E. $\frac{1}{2}$ S., distant $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

[*The Bearing is Magnetic. Variation $2\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ Easterly in 1876.*]

By Direction of the Government of India.

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR,
Superintendent, Marine Surveys.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 3rd April 1876.

By Order.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Sunderbuns, Sea-face of No. 138C; and Palmyra Point to Chittagong, Sheet 5, No. 1681; also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 485.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

No. 7.—*The 7th April 1876.*—The following Notice is published for general information:—

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

PEGU—MARTABAN GULF—RANGOON.

(1) CHINA BUCKEER LIGHT.

The Government of British Burma has given notice that the erection of China Buckeer Lighthouse on screw piles in 2 fathoms at low-water springs being completed, the light was exhibited on the 1st March, and the temporary light-vessel discontinued from the same date.

The light is a *fixed and flashing white light*—flash occurring *once every minute*, visible from N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., through North and West, to S. W. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. It is elevated 78 feet above the level of high water, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is *dioptric* of the first order.

The lighthouse is situated in lat. $16^{\circ} 16' 0''$ N., long. $96^{\circ} 10' 40''$ E.

BAY OF BENGAL—ARRACAN COAST.

(2) INTENDED EXHIBITION OF LIGHT ON THE OYSTER REEF.

Also, that on the 1st May 1876, it is intended to exhibit a light from the lighthouse recently erected on the Oyster Reef.

The light will be a *fixed white dioptric light* of the second order, visible all round the horizon, elevated 77 feet above the level of high-water, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 15 miles.

The building is erected on screw piles in 4 fathoms at low-water springs. Position, lat. $20^{\circ} 5' N.$, long. $92^{\circ} 39' E.$

[*The Bearings are Magnetic and given from seaward. Variation $2\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ Easterly in 1876.*]

JOHN HENRY ELLIS,
Staff Commander, R. N.,
Deputy Superintendent Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 5th April 1876.

By Order,

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

(1) This Notice will affect the following Admiralty Charts:—Sheet 3,—Coronge Island to White Point, No. 823; Rangoon and Bassein or Negrais rivers, No. 834; and Bay of Bengal, No. 70 b:—also Admiralty List of Lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., 1875, No. 99, and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 499.

(2) Bay of Bengal, No. 70 b; Sheet 1, Elephant Point to Cheduba, No. 821; and Sheet 5,—Palmyra Point to Chittagong, No. 1681; also, Admiralty List of Lights in South Africa, &c., page 14; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 487.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 2068.—*Fort William, the 7th April 1876.*—*Pensions and Gratuities.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be substituted for Section 99 of the Civil Pension Code:—

Section 99.—Service in the Railway Police on the East Indian Railway, the Sind, Punjab and Delhi Railway, and in Bombay, is treated as service under Government, though such Police are either wholly or partly paid by the Railway Companies.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 368.—Fort William, the 1st April 1876.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 49, dated the 24th February 1876, are published for general information :—

1. The undermentioned candidates having completed the course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and having been reported qualified, have been appointed Surgeons on the Bengal Establishment, their Commissions as such bearing date the 30th September 1875 :—

Patrick Alexander Weir.
Peter Johnston Freyer, M.D.

Percy deHaga Haig.
John Lewtas.

2. They will be allowed to count as service for full pay pension the period of their residence at Netley from the 30th September 1875 to the 7th February 1876 inclusive.

No. 371.—The 3rd April 1876.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Paul Haines, K.C.B., as Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in the East Indies, in succession to His Excellency General the Right Hon'ble Lord Napier of Magdala. G.C.B., G.C.S.I.

No. 380.—The 4th April 1876.—The undermentioned Officers of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps are allowed leave of absence to proceed to England for the periods specified :—

Captain A. Strand—twelve months, from 1st March 1876, on private affairs.

Captain R. Rust—twelve months, from 1st April 1876, on private affairs.

Lieutenant W. E. Creaton—twelve months, from 1st March 1876, private affairs.

Lieutenant T. Doggett—twelve months, from 1st April 1876, on medical certificate.

No. 381.—Captain William Comrie, East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is, at his own request, permitted to resign, from the 24th March 1876.

No. 387.—The 5th April 1876.—The undermentioned officer is allowed to proceed to Europe on medical certificate under the Regulations of 1868 in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Edward Thompson, of the Bombay Staff Corps, 1st Assistant Agent Governor-General for Central India, Officiating Agent Governor-General at Moorshedabad.

No. 394.—The following extract from list No. 4, dated the 3rd March 1876, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Permitted to return.

*	*	*	*	*
Surgeon-Major J. M. Coates.				
*	*	*	*	*

No. 399.—The 6th April 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the following arrangements for the conduct of business in the Military Department will have effect during the absence this season of His Excellency and the Council from the Presidency :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) A. B. Johnson, Deputy Secretary, will officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department at the Presidency.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Lees, 1st Assistant Secretary, will officiate as Deputy Secretary.

Reports and correspondence on the subjects hereafter specified should be addressed by all Governments and Departments to the Officiating Secretary at Calcutta, viz—

- *1. Applications for furlough, save for furlough on urgent private affairs which should be sent to the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General. Also all questions relating to the Furlough Regulations.
2. Reports of departure on furlough and of return to duty, with certificates of permission to return, &c.
3. Grant of sick leave to Europe to Officers of the Bengal Presidency when such leave is given from another Presidency.
- *4. Applications to retire from the service.
5. Estates of deceased Officers and Soldiers.
6. Claims to medals, or applications for medals, or for decorations to replace those lost or stolen.
7. All ordinary returns and periodical or other documents which are required for mere record, except such as the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General may specially intimate, are to be sent to him.

R. L. MANGIES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

* Through the prescribed channel of the Adjutant-General.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B. -Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Fureedpore, Gosalundo extension line, will be put up to sale at the Gosalundo Sub-divisional Cutcherry at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, corresponding with 28th Bysack 1283, B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of acres on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGAL AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.				
1	Fureedpore	Pergunnah Islampore, Mouzah Garul.	17	North	7 5 4	2 1 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,570 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,060 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nuddea.
2	ditto	ditto	17	South	7 1 0	2 1 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,060 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nuddea.
3	ditto	ditto	17	North	5 4 0	1 2 35	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,090 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
4	ditto	ditto	17	South	3 10 9	1 0 27	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,040 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
5	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye, and Islampore, Mouzah Ruroora, Mejparrah and Muthoorapore.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 17, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 18, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 7. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
6	ditto	ditto	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 8. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
7	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye and Islampore, Mouzah Mejparrah.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.
8	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye and Islampore, Mouzah Mejparrah.	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.

9	ditto	Pergunnah Najeer Isacpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-shye, Mousah Majmarah, Kapra, Isacpore and Kanookhallee.	19	North	6 13 2	2 0 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 19, and terminates on 1,775 feet of mile 19.	South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 13, as per plan.
10	ditto	.....	19	South	6 13 2	2 0 32	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 13, as per plan.
11	ditto	Pergunnah Najeer Isacpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-shye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	19	North	4 4 6	1 1 23	.....	.....	Commences on 1,820 feet of mile 19, and terminates on 3,650 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
12	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 10 2	2 0 24	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
13	ditto	ditto	19	North	5 4 2	1 2 30	.....	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 19, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 13, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
14	ditto	ditto	19	South	5 12 12	1 3 10	Occupied by roads	0 0 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
15	ditto	Pergunnah Nahrut-shye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	20	North	6 16 1	2 1 0	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 19, as per plan, and terminates on 1,100 feet of mile 20.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
16	ditto	ditto	20	South	6 6 4	1 3 1	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
17	ditto	Pergunnah Nahrut-shye, Mousah Panga.	20	North	7 16 10	2 2 14	.....	.....	Commences on 1,520 feet of mile 20, and terminates on 3,440 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 19. West—By railway level crossing.
18	ditto	ditto	20	South	7 16 10	2 2 14	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 20. West—By railway level crossing.
19	ditto	ditto	20	North	7 17 9	2 2 17	.....	.....	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 20, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 17.
20	ditto	ditto	20	South	9 14 12	3 0 35	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By western boundary of lot 18.

Serial Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	PERGUNNAH AREA OF LOT IN BAREILAH AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. O. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
21	Fateepore	Pergunnah Nashurutshye, Mouzah Panga.	21	North	6 17 1	2 1 3	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 20, as per plan, and terminates on 1,100 feet of mile 21.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
22	ditto	ditto	21	South	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 10, as per plan, and terminates on 1,900 feet of mile 21.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
23	ditto	ditto	21	North	13 6 0	4 1 21	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,060 feet of mile 21, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
24	ditto	ditto	21	South	13 2 3	4 1 13	Occupied by nullah	.....	0 1 21	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
25	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurutshye, Mouzah Panga and Maou-raungah.	22	North	11 6 2	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 21, as per plan, and terminates on 2,900 feet of mile 22.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
26	ditto	ditto	22	South	11 6 2	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
27	ditto	Pergunnah Nayharutshye, Mouzah Mago rad nigah, Mokesah, and Naratapore.	22	North	11 0 0	3 2 23	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates on 6,135 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway level crossing.
28	ditto	ditto	22	South	10 12 0	3 3 1	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 22, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
29	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurutshye, Mouzah Naratapore.	22	North	8 1 0	3 2 26	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 820 feet of mile 23, and terminates on 1,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By road under class D. West—By Panga station land.
30	ditto	ditto	23	South	7 18 6	3 2 19	Class C land within the lot excluded from sale.	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 22, as per plan, and terminates on 1,900 feet of mile 23.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By road under class D. West—By end of mile 22, as per plan.
31	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurutshye, Mouzah Narranpore and Poorajura.	23	North	14 16 6	4 3 25	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,400 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class D.

32	ditto	...	ditto	...	23	South	12 17 5	4 1	...	...	Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class 1.
33	ditto	...	Pergunah Noharutshye, Mousah Parganah and Sattrajelpore.	...	24	North	6 0 0	1 3 37	Occupied by road	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 23, as per plan, and terminates on 1,150 feet of mile 24.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By class A land of the railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
34	ditto	...	ditto	...	24	South	5 19 0	1 3 35	ditto	0 0 5	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By class A land of railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
35	ditto	...	Pergunah Noharutshye, Mousah Kalikapore.	...	24	North	15 0 0	4 3 33	ditto	0 0 8	Commences on 3,070 feet of mile 24, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
36	ditto	...	ditto	...	24	South	14 0 0	4 2 21	Retained by Ry. Co.	0 0 6 5 3 32	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
37	ditto	...	Pergunah Balgachee, Mousah Kalikapore and Jhawgram.	...	25	North	18 14 4	6 0 30	...	6 0 19	Commences at the end of mile 24, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 25.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
38	ditto	...	ditto	...	25	South	18 14 4	4 0 30	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
39	ditto	...	Pergunah Balgachee, Mousah Untre-Jhawgram.	...	25	North	8 1 10	2 3 6	Occupied by road	0 0 6	Commences on 3,815 feet of mile 25, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.
40	ditto	...	ditto	...	25	South	7 15 12	2 2 20	ditto	0 0 6 0 0 12	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.
41	ditto	...	Pergunah Balgachee and Mahomedshye, Mousah Untre-Jhawgram, Teloo-Jhawgram, Askolothagee, Koolhalee, and Abderkany Maseet.	...	26	North	10 7 0	3 1 29	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 25, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 26.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
42	ditto	...	ditto	...	26	South	10 7 0	3 1 29	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 44. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
43	ditto	...	Pergunah Balgachee and Mahomedshye, Mousah Abderkany Maseet and Koolhalee.	...	26	North	14 4 6	4 2 33	Occupied by road	0 0 5	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 41.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BERSHA AND IN ACRE.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
44	Purreehpore	Pergunnah Bailgachee and Mahomedshye, Mouzah Abdoolgany, Naleat and Kalokhatce.	26	South	14 4 8	4 2 33	0 0 5	Occupied by road	0 0 5	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 42
45	ditto	Pergunnahs Bailgachee and Mahomedshye, Mouzah Kalokhatce.	27	North	3 2 6	1 0 5	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 26, as per plan, and terminates on 320 feet of mile 27.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
46	ditto	ditto	27	South	3 2 6	1 0 5	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
47	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mouzah Bulbupore.	27	North	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 770 feet of mile 27, and terminates on 2,500 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
48	ditto	ditto	27	South	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 50. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
49	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mouzah Teugra and Kamea.	27	North	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,830 feet of mile 27, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 47.
50	ditto	ditto	27	South	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 48.
51	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mouzahs Kamea and Harah.	28	North	12 9 0	4 0 19	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 27, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 28.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 53. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
52	ditto	ditto	28	South	13 11 0	4 1 37	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 54. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
53	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mouzahs Harah and Madhubpore.	28	North	13 2 0	4 1 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 28, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
54	ditto	ditto	28	South	9 14 0	3 0 33	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 52.

55	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Harch and Mathbore, Mourabkholah and Gobindpore.	29	North	9 18 5	3 1 4	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 29.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Hurragee. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
56	ditto	ditto	29	South	13 12 9	1 2 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,500 feet of mile 29.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Hurragee. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
57	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Bagaya and Gobindpore.	29	North	14 18 9	4 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 2,240 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragee.
58	ditto	ditto	29	South	12 0 13	3 3 37	Occupied by nullah	1 1 29	Commences on 2,880 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragee.
59	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Gobindpore and Hurragee.	30	North	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 29, as per plan, and terminates on 2,500 feet of mile 30.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
60	ditto	ditto	30	South	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
61	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzab Hurragee.	30	North	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates on 4,140 feet of same, as per plan	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Baligachee station land. West—By village road.
62	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Hurragee, Mouzab Dalpore, and Rughonathpore.	30	South	14 10 0	4 3 7	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By village road.
63	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Hurragee and Dalpore.	30	North	1 3 2	0 1 21	Occupied by roads	0 0 19	Commences on 5,115 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By Baligachee station land.
64	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Dalpore, Hurragee, and Rughonathpore.	31	North	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 30, as per plan, and terminates on 2,750 feet of mile 31.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 66. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
65	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Dalpore, Hurragee, and Rughonathpore.	31	South	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 67. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
66	ditto	Pergunnah Baligachee, Mouzabs Gobindpore and Dalpore.	31	North	10 6 8	3 1 26	.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 64.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situatd on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGAL AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.			
67	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Balgachee, Mouzabs Ghosebarah and Dyanuggur.	31	South	9 9 2	3 0 0	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 65.
68	ditto	Pergunnah Balgachee, Mouzabs Dyanuggur, Baboore and Doodhee.	32	North	10 12 1	3 3 1	Occupied by nullah	0 0 4	.....	Commences at the end of mile 31, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 32.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 70. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
69	ditto	ditto	33	South	10 10 6	3 1 37	ditto	0 0 4	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 71. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
70	ditto	Pergunnah Balgachee, Mouzabs Doodhee Baroojore.	32	North	11 5 4	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 32, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 68.
71	ditto	ditto	32	South	11 5 4	3 2 34	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
72	ditto	Pergunnah Balgachee, Nasibshye, Doodhee, and Nowdoohee, Mouzabs Baroojore and Doodhee.	33	North	12 18 5	4 1 3	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 32, as per plan, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 33.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
73	ditto	ditto	33	South	12 18 5	4 1 3	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
74	ditto	Pergunnah Balgachee, Nasibshye, Doodhee, and Nowdoohee, Mouzabs Doodhee, Kalseenager, Nowdoohee and Dyanuggur.	33	North	13 5 12	4 1 23	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 33, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 72.
75	ditto	ditto	33	South	13 5 12	4 1 23	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 73.
76	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibshye, Mouzabs Nowdoohee and Dyanuggur.	34	North	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 33, as per plan, and terminates on 2,360 feet of mile 34.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
77	ditto	ditto	34	South	9 15 0	3 0 34	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.

79	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mon- zabs Dyanuggur and Doorga- pore.	34	North	10 8 15	3 1 33	.....	.....	Commenced on 2,500 feet of mile 34, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
79	ditto	...	ditto	31	South	9 0 7	2 3 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
80	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mon- zabs Doorgapoor and Gopee- nathpore.	35	North	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	Commenced at the end of mile 34, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 35.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 82. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
81	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzab Doorgapore.	35	South	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 83. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
82	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzabs Gopeenathpore, Doorgapore, Kakilandpur, and Gungapershadpore.	35	North	9 13 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	Commenced on 2,640 feet of mile 35, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
83	ditto	...	ditto	35	South	9 13 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.
84	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mon- zabs Gungapershadpore and Parcharluckepore.	36	North	10 0 0	3 1 9	Occupied by spurs for pro- tection of bridge.	0 2 22	Commenced at the end of mile 35, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 36.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 86. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
85	ditto	...	ditto	36	South	10 0 0	3 1 9	ditto	0 2 22	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 87. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
86	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mon- zabs Parcharluckepore and Bhowanipore.	36	North	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	Commenced on 2,640 feet of mile 36, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 84.
87	ditto	...	ditto	36	South	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 85.
88	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mon- zabs Gungapershadpore and Laukipore, Gungarnipore, and Bhangpore.	36B	North	11 4 14	3 2 35	.....	.....	Commenced at 35 miles and 20 chains, and terminates at the river Ganges.	North—By river Ganges. South—By class A land of railway. East—By zemindary land. West—By public road.
89	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nasibahye, and Fleethose, Monzabs Bhow- anepore and Bendapore.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commenced at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,750 feet of mile 37.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajpore station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGGAH AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
90	Fureedpore	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhowsanepore and Benodepore.	37	South	0 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,350 feet of mile 37.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Rajbaree station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.
91	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhowsanepore and Rajbaree.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 21	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 2,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajbaree station land. West—By zemindary land.
92	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhowsanepore and Sujjankandee.	37	South	0 11 11	3 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
93	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzah Sujjankandee.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 21	.....	.....	Commences on 3,080 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By Rajbaree station land.
94	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Sujjankandee and Bindulpore.	37	North	10 4 4	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 37, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbaree station land.
95	ditto	ditto	37	South	4 11 4	1 2 1	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbaree station land.
96	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bindulpore and Ranchunderpore.	38	North	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 37, as per plan, and terminates on 2,740 feet of mile 37.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
97	ditto	ditto	38	South	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
98	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Ranchunderpore and Kanaldeekandee.	38	North	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	Commences on 2,865 feet of mile 38, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
99	ditto	ditto	38	South	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
100	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee and Kasimnagar, Mouzahs Kasimnagar and Aguarree.	39	North	9 5 4	3 0 10	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 38, as per plan, and terminates on 3,310 feet of mile 39.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 102. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.

101	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	9 8 4	3 0 18	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 103. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.
102	ditto	...	Pergunnah Phoolotee and Kasimnugger, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	39	North	...	6 6 13	2 0 15	...	Commences on 3,310 feet of mile 39, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 39, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.	
103	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	6 4 3	2 0 9	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 39, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 101.
104	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	40	North	...	12 7 4	4 0 14	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 3,370 feet of mile 40.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.	
105	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	3 11 3	1 0 28	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 1,975 feet of mile 40.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.	
106	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	8 2 2	2 2 29	...	Commences on 1,465 feet of mile 40, and terminates on 3,470 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By zemindary land.	
107	Furedpore	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia and Oorakandee.	...	40	North	...	7 10 8	2 1 39	Occupied by road	Commences on 3,425 feet of mile 40, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.	
108	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	7 10 8	2 1 39	Ditto Occupied by nullah	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.
109	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Oorakandee.	...	41	North	...	13 0 8	4 1 26	...	Commences at the end of mile 40, as per plan, and terminates on 3,880 feet of mile 41.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.	
110	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	13 2 8	4 1 14	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.
111	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Nunook and Furedpore.	...	41	North	...	4 3 14	1 1 22	...	Commences on 3,946 feet of mile 41, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.	
112	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	4 5 14	1 1 27	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEEGHA AND IN ACRE.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
113	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Toorsuttoo and Kamardanga.	42	North	8 10 14	2 3 12		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 41, as per plan, and terminates on 2,650 feet of mile 42.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
114	ditto	ditto	42	South	8 10 14	2 3 12		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
115	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Kamardanga.	43	North	5 13 2	1 3 17		.....	.....	Commences on 2,090 feet of mile 42, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
116	ditto	ditto	42	South	5 13 2	1 3 17		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
117	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mouzah Kamardanga and Pooroolah.	43	North	6 2 15	2 0 5		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 42, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 43.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
118	ditto	ditto	43	South	6 6 2	1 3 2		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
119	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mouzah Barroosings, Acopallundo and Burabilla.	43	North	4 11 11	1 2 2		.....	.....	Commences on 3,480 feet of mile 43, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
120	ditto	ditto	43	South	4 4 13	1 1 25		Occupied by nullah	0 1 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
121	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapore, Mouzah Burroobilla Koshanbant and Jypoor.	44	North	7 4 2	2 1 21		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 3,130 feet of mile 44.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By new terminal station. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.
122	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapore, Mouzah Burroobilla and Koshanbant.	44	South	1 1 6	0 1 17		Retained under sanction of Government. Retained for station purpose, but not formally applied for by Co.	1 1 4 3 1 0 4 2 13	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 390 feet of mile 44.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By permanent land of railway. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.

CALCUTTA, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 9th March 1876.

W. HEYHAM, Railway Deputy Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Mymensingh will be put to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Saturday, the 16th April 1876, corresponding with 4th Bysack 1283, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th January 1876.

No. in P.W.J.	Names of mahal and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue of estates.	Amount of arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
FIRST CLASS MEHALS SETTLED IN PERPETUITY.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
26	Zemindary pergunnah Barhazoo, Hissa 3 annas 16 gundahs share out of 7 annas.	Behan Bibi and others	5,348 13 0	1,488 10 0	
137	Two annas share of pergunnah Shohung.	Ram Nauth Sing and others	1,898 4 0	319 9 0	
1761-53	Talook Rupachundra Gurba Mojoondar, pergunnah Hoshenshye.	Ram Mohun Mojoondar and others.	627 5 0	48 7 0	
764-276	Ditto ditto ditto	Ram Krishna Surma	627 5 0	39 2 0	
129-165	Talook Krishna Ram Dutt and others, Tupphal Hazrady.	Gouri Sunser Dutt and others	1,645 5 0	39 13 0	
SECOND CLASS MEHALS TEMPORARILY SETTLED.					
4665	Resumed estate chur Jaikhana, pergunnah Alapsing.	Hara Sundary Deben Choudrine and others.	2,474 0 0	618 0 0	Settled for 33 years, from 1st Bysack 1281 B.S., corresponding with April 1874, to Cheyt 1313, or April 1907.
5098	Resumed Melial Heel Sulungi, pergunnah Mymensingh.	Shoba Sundary Deben Choudrine and others	554 0 0	138 0 0	
5123	Resumed Mehal Haaser Algi, pergunnah Sherepore.	Gobinda Kumar Choudry and Fund	577 0 0 5 12 0	2 12 0	Settled for 34 years, from 1st Bysack 1290 B.S., corresponding with April 1875, to 30th Cheyt 1313, or April 1907.

J. PRATT, Contd. Dy. Collector, for Offg. Collector.

MYMENSINGH COLLECTORATE, the 9th March 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, the 15th of May 1876, corresponding with 3rd Joishito 1283 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th March 1876.

Number on the rent roll.	Class.	Names of Mahals and Pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estates are to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
154	1st Class	Lot Lankbaha, pergunnah Bar-bekaling.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 666-11-7.	Bejai Gopal Chattopadhyay, Ram Lall Chattopadhyay, Pran Chaud Chattopadhyay, Beidiya Nath Chattopadhyay, Kamala Kamini Debya, Janki Nath Mukhopadhyay, in person and guardian of minors Haridas Debya, and Ram Lal Mukhopadhyay.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 2,748-9-0. That, exclusive of the separate share of Kamala Kamini Debya Rs. 686-6-0, Janki Nath Mukhopadhyay and others Rs. 686-6-0, total Rs. 1,372-13-0, is Rs. 1,373-13-0.	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.
237	Ditto	Lot Kantari, pergunnah Zailuajal.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 12-3-7.	Mr. A. Hume Smith, manager of the estate of minor Baboo Ram Bunjan Chuckeravarti, Sonit of the Hindu God Radhaballab Thacker, Shaik Bedar Bukht, Beni Madhab Chuckeravarti, Gopi Ballab Chuckeravarti, Chhakuri Chandro Chuckeravarti, Kaur Kinto Chuckeravarti, Tin-cowry Roy, Shaik Joimuddin, and Ishan Chunder Sen.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 1,488-11-0. That, inclusive of the separate share of Baboo Ram Bunjan Chuckeravarti, Rs. 639-1-10, is Rs. 8,827-9-2.	Ditto.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1876.

R. D. HIME, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and undeserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of February 1876.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Kismut Ambika, Baboit Taraf, Tilok Chunder Canoongoe; auction purchaser Umachurn Chowdry sudder jumma Rs. 745-10-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 54.—Taraf Anundiram Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Anundo Moyee and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 849-8-9. The shares of Brojomohun Babonath alias Badyonath, Bholanath, Ghonesham, Horedass Canoongoe, Gan Bibi, Kali Churn, Oodoy Chand, Odmila, Rongit Ram, Ram Dass, Ram Kishore, Ramdoyal De, Ramdoyal, Ramdoolal, Shibo Dass Canoongoe, Tonooram, Mritunjoy alias Joogulkishore, Ramdoyal D., Amanut Ali, Jinut Ali, Akima Bibi, Moti Bibi, Sheikh Mahomed Bahirullah Chowdry, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah Chowdry, Shaikh Mahomed Rohimullah Chowdry, Bishamber De, and Kalikumar De, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 47-7-10, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 813.—Kismat Doorga Lochun Krishna Churn Wahaddar, Ram Lochun Sein, Chundra Kola, Ramshoonder Sen, Krishna Mohun Kerani, Gopal Dass, Gooroo Dass Pal, and Ram Chunder Baboit, Taraf Ram Hurry Canoongoe, recorded proprietors Chunder Kanta Pal and others; sudder jumma Rs. 883-12-6. The shares of Taruck Chunder Sein and Jugguth Chunder Sein, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 212-0-5, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1024.—Taraf Gobinda Nundy, recorded proprietors Sotronarain and others; sudder jumma Rs. 1,161-13-1. The shares of Sotronarain, Durponarain, Mahomed Ashruf, Ramgoy, Ram Chunder Dutta, Sheikh Mahomed Bashirullah, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah, and Sheikh Mahomed Rohimullah, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 707-14-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1279.—Taraf Joyram Chowdry, recorded proprietors Furkund Bukht and Ohidul Alum, sudder jumma Rs. 1,420-5-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1469.—Taraf Komor Kooler, recorded proprietors Golam Gaoa, Golam Hyder, Julfut Neysa, Mahomed Mookim, Nojoomulissa, Omed Ali, Shoothruthnessa, Jemirun, Osimnessa, Julfutnessa, Mulachooma, Moymoonaa, Agurulluk Begum, Foridul Alum, Soyadul Alum, Abdul Fukta, and Abdul Fukta Chowdry, sudder jumma Rs. 1,015-13-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2563.—Taraf Ram Bhedro Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Bhoirub Chunder and others; sudder jumma Rs. 918-15-7. The shares of Ram Soonder Sen, his brother Ram Mohun Sen, Petambur Canoongoe, Gobinda Chunder Roy, Pran Hurry Lalla, Horihur Bhattacharjea, Horihur Bhattacharjea, Bonnigan Bibi, Bhoirub Churn, Chundi Churn, Kali Churn, Nosrutullah, Raj Chunder, Ram Dass, Tarcenee Shunkur Canoongoe, Ram Shooonder Sen, Pran Hurry Lalla, Tripura Churn, Aurnada Churn Ray, Nitya Nundo Sen, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn Dhor, Shusti Churn, Abdullah, Oogirali alias Poton, Bisheshory, Uma Churn, Gooroo Dass Roy, Debi Churn alias Delu Mahajan, Ram Dass Singh, Doya Mohun Sen, Raj Chunder Chowdry, Horinath Poorohit, Rankinkur Poorohit, Ram Kishore Sen, Ram Kishore Sen, Aukhil Chunder Sen, Eshan Chunder Chowdry, Shyma Soondaree, Modhoo Ram, Ram Ruttun Surma, Gopal Krishna Surma, Ram Dhon Burnik, Ram Ruttun Surma, and Ram Dhon Burnik, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 313-14-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2565.—Taraf Ram Kishore Canoongoe, recorded proprietor Alihosun and others; sudder jumma Rs. 819-1-7. The share of Bharuth Chunder Topadar, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 358-7-9, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mahal Lakkiraj resumed mouzah Rajarkul, Thana Ramu.

No. 23916.—Taluk Obeydullah Sheikh Bodinur Jumma, Srimoti Dewan Bibi, and Asalat Khan, recorded proprietor Asalat Khan and others; sudder jumma Rs. 963-11-3. The shares of Asalat Khan, Akber Ali Khan, Srimoti Thanda Bibi, Asad Ali Khan, Gooloojan, Noornessa, and Ameernessa, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 662-9-2, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

F. W. BADCOCK, *Cord. Depy. Collr. in charge.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1869, and section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 25th day of February 1876.

NOABAD.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Zilwanqza, Thana Ramu.

No. 26.—Talook Gouri Shunkur Bodyanath Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Ram Mohan Sen and Mahomed Ismail; sudder jumma Rs. 938. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Machoakhali, Thana Ramu.

No. 175.—Talook Amaljamal; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,189-1-6. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Dhblee Serra, Thana Ramu.

No. 176.—Talook Magun Dass Chowdry; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,295-10-7. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Chur Shabek Bakolia, Thana Shohor.

No. 559.—Talook Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korban Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi; recorded proprietors Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korban Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi, and Mahomed Nosim Soudagar; sudder jumma Rs. 686-4. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Monohurkhali, Thana Town.

No. 1463.—Talook Hugo Henry Martin; recorded proprietor Hugo Henry Martin; sudder jumma Rs. 583. The entire talook will be sold.

F. W. BADCOCK, *Cord. Depy. Collr. in charge.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 7	2 Cases, B. C. D. & Co. in a diamond, B B. & Co. below	Order	Sultan.
" 4	20 Drums, J N F	Ditto	Orion.
" 4	2 Cases, C. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Eldorado.
" 4	1 Case, B C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 4	1 Case, Bourne & Shepherd, Chowringhee	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A N in a diamond, D L R below, Delhi	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A N in a diamond, T H below, Delhi	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A N in a diamond, B. W. & Co. below, Delhi	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	15 Cases, 123 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	5 Cases, 343 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A N in a diamond, W. K. & Co. below outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, A B C with S L below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	15 Cases, 194 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	3 Cases, 121 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, B & C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	3 Cases, B N L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, B H in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, Bannerjee & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, C with C & H below	Order	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, 274 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 277 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 278 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 276 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 275 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, 295 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, D in a diamond, S C F C outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, D S & A S in a diamond, F. T. B. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, D & C. with P below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, D. B. & Co., with H below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 314 in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 306 in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, D in a diamond, S. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, F K	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	6 Cases, G C K	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, G D K	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	6 Cases, G. Glynn, Sultanpore, Oude	Addressed	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, G. C. D. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
" 7	5 Packages, 105 in a diamond, H G S below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, H B in a diamond, N M below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	8 Packages, I C S L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Iron Chains, 28 in a block, R B top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Bundles Sheet Iron, D or H. C. R. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, J W in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	3 Cases, J in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	100 Cases, K N. with P below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, K M S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, L S G D separated by a cross	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, L M S L in a diamond, M. P. & Co. below, Delhi	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, A J Malett, Fyzabad	Addressed	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 225 in a diamond, M. C. & Co. below	Order	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 166 in a diamond, M. C. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 226 in a diamond, M. C. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, 230 in a diamond, M. C. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, 71 in a diamond, M. C. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, M E B in a diamond, M P W below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	3 Cases, M in a diamond, S. F. & Co. outside	W. H. Fitze & Co.	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, M & E B in a diamond	Order	Ditto.
" 7	3 Cases, M L B	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, M & E B in a block, M P W below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, no mark or D. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case Nails, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, no mark or S in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	25 Kegs Red Lead, no mark or M	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	30 Crates, 18 with P below in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	4 Cases, 18 with P below in a diamond, B & F top	Ditto	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 7	1 Case, P in a diamond, K L C below ...	Order	Eldorado.
" 7	2 Cases, E N P ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	17 Packages, S P D in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, S K S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	498 Cases, S in a circle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Packages, 39th, with S below in a diamond, B & F top ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, S. & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, Dr. Sparrow ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, T. L. Tanner, care of Grindlay & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	8 Cases, the Simla United Service Club, care of G. Arbuthnot & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	2 Cases, 785 in a diamond, W. T. & Co. below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, W. M. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Sample Case, D. & Co., with P below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Sample Parcel, Messrs. Boll Hobson & Co., Umballa ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Sample Case, W. C. Plowden, Esq., care of G. Arbuthnot & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Sample Case, A B C, with S L below ...	Ditto	Ditto.

The 10th April 1876.

(693—1)

D. Scott, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipt from Local Traffic.

	FOOT PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES, &c.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	
For the week ending 6th April 1876	422 6 9	345 5 6	428 5 9	358 8 0	1,553 10 0	
For 13 weeks ending 30th March 1876	5,458 2 9	4,883 11 9	6,157 5 6	5,183 12 3	21,683 0 3	
Total	5,880 9 6	5,229 1 3	6,585 11 3	5,540 4 3	23,235 10 3	

CALCUTTA, the 10th April 1876.

(692—1)

By order of the Commissioners,
J. S. JEBB, *for Secretary.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th April 1876.

LIABILITIES.		Ra. A. P.	ASSETS.		Ra. A. P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up	...	2,20,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	...	1,64,16,469 7 0
Reserve Fund	...	19,00,000 13 1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	66,63,590 7 4
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	Ra. 1,58,54,920 0 0	3,63,37,969 9 9	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	65,74,848 9 2
General Treasury Balance at Branches	" 2,04,83,049 9 9		Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	...	2,06,08,025 2 6
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,88,34,490 7 3	Dead Stock	...	10,86,873 14 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	3,13,882 7 6	Stamps	...	12,084 6 11
Sundries	...	7,38,579 13 3	Balances with other banks	...	8,63,748 8 0
			Sundries	...	1,60,839 8 3
			Bullion	...	15,506 9 7
					5,33,13,985 8 9
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Ra. 96,43,770 5 7	3,78,10,797 10 1
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	" 1,81,68,027 4 6	
Total	...	8,01,24,788 2 10	Total	...	8,01,24,788 2 10

BANK OF BENGALE,
Calcutta, the 6th April 1876.J. GORDON, *Chief Acct. & Dy. Secy.*
(689—1)By order of the Directors,
R. HARDIS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice.

of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Case, [F M] ...	Tiverton.
12 Assorted Bars of Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Basket Hoop Iron, no mark ...	Media.
1 Case, [S A R A C] ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, [A G C] Graham & Co., 4077-4116 ...	Queen Margaret.
75 Bars Assorted Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case, H. J. Joakim ...	Ditto.
2 Bundles and 3 Pieces Iron, no mark ...	Ireshope.
1 Plate Iron, M M ...	Ditto.
1 Case, H. C. R. & Co. ...	Ditto.
1 Plate Iron, O C C ...	Statesman.
9 Drums, and } [B N] 9-17 {	Duke of Devon
1 Coil Steel Wire, } 8 {	shire.
3 Cases, A 890, 916 & 7224 ...	Hankow.
1 Keg, E D 7 ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Casing, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Queen Anne.
1 Bar T Iron, J S ...	Ditto.
1 Column, H D M S L ...	Pleiades.
1 Bundle Fry-pans, no mark ...	City of Mecca.
1 Parcel, S. S. Ewing & Co. 440-43 ...	Ditto.
2 Bars T Iron, S A ...	City of Poonah.
3 Bars and 3 Pieces Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S. & Co. 668-673, 669-677 ...	Ditto.
8 Bars of Iron, no mark ...	City of Oxford.
1 Case, K L ...	Ditto.
3 Bags Rivets, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Carriage Pole, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanauth Dutt & Nephew ...	Ditto.
1 Bale, [L D] 828 ...	Queen Victoria.
1 Case, T. S. & Co. ...	Duke of Sutherland.
1 Case, [X] 1767 ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanauth Dutt & Nephew ...	Duke of Argyle.
1 Bag, H. C. Robertson ...	Yorkshire.
1 Case, Lieut. Ferrier, 14th Regiment, Calcutta, no mark ...	El Dorado.
4 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, [B M] [B S] [B M] [B W B M] [B C] [B S] Y 1895-301, &c. ...	Ditto.
1 Keg, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Merkara.
1 Bar Flat Iron, no mark ...	Roman Empire.
6 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	City of Carthage.
1 Parcel, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Hurriah Chunder Bose, 40, Brindaban Bysack's Lane, Calcutta ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Richard Battersbay, Allahabad ...	City of Venice.
1 Parcel, S M K, 63-75 ...	Ditto.
66 Bars Assorted Iron, no mark ...	British Nation.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Ditto.
3 Pieces Grindstone, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Keg, G. C. B. & Co., 296 ...	Ditto.
320 Pieces Fire Bricks, no mark ...	Jane Porter.
1 Parcel, [S T M] 78-92, 93-102 ...	Viceroy.
1 Parcel, [827] V B 1-5 ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, R D D 1-2 ...	Ditto.
1 Cask and 2 Cases, D D 207, 233, 268 ...	Almora.
1 Tub Steel, [L] F W L ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Rattan Basket, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case Acid, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Piece Redwood ...	Ditto.
2 Bundles Iron, no mark ...	Orion.
21 Pieces Fire Bars, no mark ...	City of Manchester.
1 Parcel, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Iron Pipe, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Iron Pillar, no mark ...	Ditto.
7 Fire Bars, no mark ...	Seagull.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 15th April 1876.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Case, [H & M I] C & B Calcutta, Socotra.	
1 Package, Captain W. O. A. Lockhart, Deputy Quarter-Master-General, Simla, India, Arratoon Apcar.	
2 Cases, [307] C. & Co., 1-2 ...	Australia.
1 Case, B & M ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Mr. J. Reading, Andrews' Hotel, Old Court House Street, Calcutta ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Messrs. H. & R. Spicer, Alyne Tea Gardens, Luckeepore, Cachar, India ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle, no mark ...	Indus.
1 Portmanteau, W J B ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle, R H E ...	Ditto.
1 Trunk, L E B ...	Ditto.
10 Bales, [S K C] 1-10 ...	Ditto.
1 Case, J G G 206 ...	Ditto.
5 Cases, [S] E K 448-52 ...	Ditto.
1 Package, M. A. Anthony, Penang, Hindostan.	
1 Quarter Barrel Gunpowder at Moyapore Magazine, R T C ...	Yorkshire.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 22nd April 1876.

J. A. CRAWFORD, Collector of Customs.
CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 8th April 1876.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
402	L 46—56562	20	Syama Kanta Roy.
405	L 67—43685	50	U. C. Mookerjee.
406	L 67—62527	50	Gungadur Mookerjee.
407	L 68—79664	100	Mohendro Nath Ghose.
	L 69—14147	100	
	L 20—98094	5	
408	A 89—09005	500	The Chief Insp. of Post. Offices, Oudh.
409	L 62—75486	10	The Offg. Post-Master-General, Bombay.
410	L 69—20810	100	Shetul Chunder Shaw.
	L 68—65312	100	
	L 66—03647	50	
	L 44—47711	10	
411	L 69—62740	100	Fuzyle Ellahee.
415	L 19—84750	50	Motee Lal Roy.
	" —84706	50	
	" —84606	50	
	" —84666	50	
	" —69864	50	
	L 49—51975	50	
	" —45943	50	
	L 66—40684	50	
	" —16730	50	
	" —16781	50	
	" —16779	50	
	L 67—02723	50	
	L 12—56598	20	
	L 14—13017	20	
	L 36—15205	20	
	L 14—92389	20	
	L 37—57827	20	
	L 45—22624	20	
	" —82615	20	
	L 47—78906	20	
	L 37—61356	20	
	L 14—75792	20	
	L 48—39722	20	
	" —55163	20	
	" —48041	20	
	L 33—44405	10	
	L 6—66637	10	
	L 5—93750	10	
	L 6—66638	10	

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
	L 60-34399	10	Motee Lal Roy.
	L 11-49037	5	
	" -49038	5	
	" -90037	5	
	" -24351	5	
	L 15-52573	5	
	" -52503	5	
	" -71950	5	
	L 20-29467	5	
	L 22-90316	5	
416	L 69-06943	100	D. W. Pratt.
	" -62382	100	
417	L 68-40048	100	Taruck Nath Roy
	L 58-40822	10	
	L 73-26031	10	
	L 61-28361	10	
	L 60-64067	10	
	" -03632	10	
	L 61-22925	10	
	L 72-72722	10	
	L 62-47955	10	
	L 71-50934	10	
	L 72-48190	10	Bepin Behari Mookerjee.
	L 72-07829	10	
	L 73-29032	10	
	L 77-94355	20	
	" -19330	20	
	L 22-61420	5	
	L 23-94171	5	
419	A 87-94471	500	
3	L 52-16900	500	
	A 57-27137	50	Makoon Lal Goladar.
4	L 67-67175	50	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

546	L 69-30038	100	Chatoorbhoj Sahay.
547	L 62-09050	10	Surbassur Mitter.
	L 24-26939	5	
548	L 44-38190	10	Bancy Madhub Ghose.
549	L 58-22887	10	Bishun Dyal.
550	L 58-59940	10	Rattee Ram Kutwall.
551	L 15-67377	5	W. W. J. Robson.
552	L 16-31549	5	Nirod Gopal Mittra.
	" -31547	5	
553	L 65-11284	20	Pandit Moharaj Kishan.
554	L 59-67353	10	Prakash Chunder Roy.
555	L 67-22864	50	Gopee Karmokar.
	" -21930	50	
556	L 61-51043	10	Anadi Churn Mookerjee.
557	L 11-04356	5	Radhabinud Dey.
	" -04358	5	
	" -04359	5	
	" -04360	5	
	" -04361	5	
	" -04362	5	
	" -04363	5	
	" -04365	5	
	" -04368	5	
	" -04369	5	
558	L 66-69488	50	Situl Chundra Shaw.
	L 65-91660	20	
	L 63-97931	20	
	L 71-24824	10	
	L 71-99171	10	
	" -24823	10	
	L 62-40506	10	Gordon Robb.
	L 43-28479	10	
560	L 3-28426	10	
	L 10-20260	5	
	L 9-74956	5	Mrs. Campbell.
561	L 67-35261	50	
	L 77-48574	20	Ram Chunder Banerjee.
562	L 71-08981	10	
	L 42-63172	10	Mahomed Enoss.
563	L 40-20242	10	
564	L 70-18480	1,000	Meer Abadi Hossain.
	" -12120	1,000	
	" -15298	1,000	
	" -15299	1,000	
	L 63-52118	20	
565	L 20-27161	5	Issen Chunder Mookerjee.
596	L 69-03545	100	T. C. Graham.
1	L 66-91399	50	Gopee Nath Pattack.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
2	L 61-86442	10	B. C. Durnford.
3	L 70-18482	1,000	Meer Abadi Hossain.
4	L 67-36777	50	Tootsee Ram.
5	L 65-48824	20	Hurish Chunder Dutt.
6	L 9-89218	5	The Deputy Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.
7	L 77-05887	20	H. Chaplin.
	L 71-28721	10	
8	L 22-28625	5	Kally Podo Mookerjee.
9	L 77-08236	20	Gunesha Lal.
10	L 62-05432	10	Modusooden Paray.
11	L 63-49093	20	Ram Taruck Dutt.
12	L 57-78971	10	G. W. L. Paterson.
	L 20-05166	5	
13	L 61-63292	10	Kader Nath Halder.
14	L 58-66282	10	Sardar Surat Sing.
250	L 64-77898	20	Syam Churn Chakravarti.
	" -77899	20	
251	L 65-42259	20	H. S. Lovell.
	" -44256	20	
252	L 23-32552	5	Shosi Sikur Roy.
	" -32522	5	
253	L 1-47153	10	Komola Kanta Sen.
	L 2-44231	10	
254	A 67-89419	10	Komul Chowdhuri.
	A 66-90745	5	
	L 17-40998	5	H. Fitzgerald.
	L 10-11125	10	
255	L 44-25583	5	Kader Nath Ghuttock
	" -25584	5	
256	L 22-72359	5	Kally Prosad Mozoomdar
	" -72360	5	
257	L 24-07568	20	Denonath Ghose.
	" -07569	20	
258	L 64-26146	10	P. Heyward.
	" -26148	10	
259	A 97-28694	20	Sarodaprosad Chatterjee
	" -28695	20	
260	L 48-41240	20	Okhoy Churn Goopta.
	" -41241	20	
261	L 37-86360	10	James Hill.
	" -66352	10	
262	L 1-82395	10	Bissorup Halder
	" -82396	10	
263	L 41-79616	50	Nanoo Misser.
	" -79612	50	
264	L 66-53500	5	Gooljee Curia.
	" -53499	5	
265	L 11-54408	10	Naick Dookit Sing.
	" -54409	10	
266	L 57-37038	20	Dindoval Mozoomdar.
	" -37039	20	
267	L 65-54214	5	Ateem Chinaman.
	" -54215	5	
268	L 10-07138	5	Nilmony Pattack.
	" -07135	5	
1	L 21-70870	10	Soorjo Kanto Roy.
	E 7-31171	5	
2	A 96-73227	5	Mohataz Hossain Khan.
	A 79-63125	10	
3	L 23-00687	10	The Asst. Collr. in charge of treasury, Monghyr.
	" -00690	20	
4	D 11-13171	5	Abdoollah Sirkur.
	L 43-39745	5	
5	L 65-48789	20	Kally Nath Mitter.
	" -48787	10	
	L 22-35495	10	S. Doris.
	" -35520	5	
6	L 65-73843	20	Rutnassur Mullick.
	" -73836	10	
7	L 60-57073	5	T. E. Hyndman.
	" -57076	10	
8	L 20-52894	5	
	" -52874	5	
9	L 61-52017	10	
	" -52019	10	

R. R. HAMILTON,

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 10th April 1876.

Wanted

A THOROUGHLY trained Accountant to fill the post of second clerk in the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Darjeeling. Salary Rs. 102 rising to Rs. 162. Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be sent to the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.
A. W. PAUL, Assistant Commissioner.

Wanted

A CANOONGO of the first Grade for a period of one and half month: salary Rs. 50 per mensem. None need apply who has not passed the Native Civil Service Examination. Candidates who have had experience will be preferred. Applications will be received up to the 15th instant.

W. WAYELL, Collr. of Moorsshedabad.
MOORSHEDEBAD COLLECTORATE, BIRHANPORE,
The 9th April 1876.

Wanted

A HEAD Clerk for the Office of the District and Sessions Judge of 24-Pergunnahs. Salary Rs. 70 per mensem.

None need apply who do not possess considerable experience of the duties of the office.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be sent to the undersigned before the 20th instant.

A. T. MACLEAN, District Judge.
24-PERGUNNAHS JUDGE'S OFFICE, the 4th April 1876.

Wanted

FOR the District Road Works of the Bhagulpore District

One Sub-Overseer at a monthly salary of Rs. 60, including travelling allowance.

Applications to be accompanied by a statement of the professional education the applicants have received, together with a brief history of their antecedents, and copies of testimonials showing their capabilities.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 20th April 1876.

V. TAYLOR, Magte. and Chairman.

Public Works Department, Bengal.**TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME.**

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of four thousand maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Dinagopore (Kanchun Ghât) on the Poonerbhaha river. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

2. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

3. The offer or tender should be in the usual printed Public Works Department Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,
Ex. Engr., Dinagopore Division.

Public Works Department, Bengal.**TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME,**

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of 3,000 maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Rungpore, Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, or at Koledah on the Teesta (which is 13 miles from Rungpore civil station). The river Ghagat remains open during the rains till the 20th August.

2. The delivery of the material will not be complete till it is carted to, and weighed in, the Public Works Godown at the civil station, Rungpore.

3. Rates for delivery at Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, and at Koledah on the Teesta, should be quoted in the tender separately.

4. The offer or tender should be made in the usual printed Public Works Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

5. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

6. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,
Ex. Engr., Dinagopore Division.

Notice.

FROM and after the 15th April, and during the absence of Alfred Dann Saunders in England, we beg to notify that William Roy and Samuel Edwin Webster are authorized to sign our firm per procuration.

KING, KING & CO.
BOMBAY, April 3rd, 1876. (690-6)

Notice.

CERTAIN effects belonging to the late F. Selby of Surdeah Factory are at the disposal of this Court, and will be delivered to his administrator, or to the party legally entitled to receive the same.

L. R. TOTTENHAM, District Judge
COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE OF MIDNAPORE.
The 20th March 1876. (690-4)

Bishnauth Tea Company, "Limited."

WE beg to give notice that the fifteenth Dividend, at the rate of 6½ per cent. on the capital paid up before 15th December 1875, declared at the Twenty-fifth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held this day, is payable on and after 3rd April proximo, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street.

Shareholders are requested to send in their scrip for examination as usual.

By order.
WILLIAMSON, MAGOR AND CO., Secretaries.
CALCUTTA, 29th March 1876. (671-2)

Cutlecher Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 19th day of April 1876, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st December last, declaring a further Dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company are closed for fifteen days from date.

PEGG, DUNLOP AND CO., Secretaries.
CALCUTTA, 30th March 1876. (672-3)

Bank of Calcutta, "Limited."**IN LIQUIDATION.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 4th May next, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of passing the final accounts of the liquidators, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of.

J. C. MANDY } Liquidators.
W. CHATER }
NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET,
Calcutta, 28th March 1876. (670-5)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Monday, the 17th day of April 1876, at noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the declaration of a final dividend for the season ending 31st December 1875, in terms of the Resolution No. 3, passed at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, held on the 29th March 1876, and for the passing of a resolution that the Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 2,30,000 to Rs. 3,00,000 by the issue of 700 additional shares of Rs. 100 each.

By order.
BALMER LAWRIE & CO., Managing Agents.
CALCUTTA, the 31st March 1876. (676-2)

Lost or Stolen.

A FOUR per cent. Government Promissory Note No. 061501—063320 of 1865, dated 1st May 1865, for Rs. 25,000, standing in the name of my client Sah Faqir Chand. Interest for 21st half-year up to 31st October 1875 realized from the Patna Treasury by the undersigned.

JAYANARAYANA VAJAPETTY,
Attorney for Sah Faqir Chand. (686-3)

Lost.

THE following Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Tareeny Churn Bauerjee, and never endorsed to any person:—

No. 5256, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500.

No. 000208, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500.

No. 10299, of 17252, of 30th June 1864, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 1,000. (673—3)

STOLEN.—Government Promissory Notes No. 014123, of the 4 per cent. of 1851-55, for Rs. 1,000, and No. 014326, of the 4 per cent. of 1812-43, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of the undersigned, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above notes, and of the interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application made for the issue of duplicates in favor of **HERRISH CHUNDER GHUTTACK,** (668—3) *of Koneenagger.*

I HAVE this day, under the provisions of Section 31 of Act II of 1874, appointed Falkiner Sandes Collis, Esq., the Administrator-General of Bengal, and his successors in office, to be Executor and Trustee of the Will of Francis Jasper Barlow, deceased, in my stead and place, and have assigned and transferred to him all the estate, effects, and interest vested in me by virtue of the Probate granted to me jointly with John Dixon, deceased, by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the 7th day of August 1869.

ANN ROZARIO.

CALCUTTA, the 5th April 1876.

(691—1)

Estate Robert Allardice, deceased.**STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers Act, being Act No. XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of the late Robert Allardice, of Dhurrumtollah, in the Town of Calcutta, late a member of the firm of Eastman and Company, who died on or about the 24th June 1869, in the Red Sea, while on his voyage from Calcutta to England, are required to send a statement in writing of the particulars of their respective claims on or before 15th day of August 1876 to the undersigned, one of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement, executed by the said deceased on the 5th day of September 1867, and the holder of Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased, with a copy of the said Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement annexed, and granted until the original deed or a proper authenticated copy thereof be produced; and notice is further hereby given that after the said 15th of August 1876 the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

ROBERT ALLARDICE.

8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA,
The 20th March 1876.

(654—14)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of **ALFRED HORTON PRITCHARD,** an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 28th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. FINK, Attorney.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, the 4th day of April 1876.

IN the matter of **SHAMA CHURN DASS and CHUNDER BHOONEN DASS,** Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 3,384-0-4 to and amongst all the creditors upon the

estate of the said insolvents as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 50 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said insolvents and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

IN the matter of **GOBIND CHUND KORY,** an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,307-15-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 50 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

IN the matter of **FREDERICK EUGENE GONSALVES,** an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

N. C. Bural, Attorney.

IN the matter of **KISSORY MOHUN CHUNDER,** an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 5th day of August 1875 to the 31st day of March last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

IN the matter of **GREESH CHUNDER MOZOOMDAR,** an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 19th day of June 1875 to the 31st day of March last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

IN the matter of **PARKER PITTER and THOMAS ALCOCK,** Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of September 1872 to the 31st day of March last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 10th day of April 1876.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Rules for Passenger Service from Siligori to Panchkila.

A CARRIAGE will leave Siligori daily from 15th instant for Panchkila. Four passengers may be carried, and each traveller may take luggage not exceeding ten seers in weight.

2. The whole carriage may be engaged by one person.

3. The charges for each person or each seat will be Rs. 2-8, or for entire carriage of four seats Rs. 10.

4. A single passenger engaging the whole carriage will be allowed to carry two maunds luggage.

5. Application for Daks should be made as usual to the Post-Master of Purnia.

6. These arrangements apply only to the up-journey viz. from Siligori to Panchkila. There will be no horse Dāk from Panchkila to Siligori, as the carriages are returned by bullocks.

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Ramporeh, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assehole	5-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
DUM-DUM.			
1st Despatch	8 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
LAKSHMIPUR.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRASSET.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	6 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Jhalpore, Dargeling, Berhampore, Bayla, Mabbah, and Dinapore districts	5 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tappereh, Nekkali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishinagar, Pubna, Faridpur, Barisal, Mymensinga, and Bogra districts	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Scind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	* With a late letter, fee of 1 anna up to 8 P.M.
Oolohabarrah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in the Madras Presidency up to Vizagapatnam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M. 7 to 8 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-45 A.M. }
2-15 P.M. } (Week days only.)
5-15 P.M. }
10-15 P.M. }

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery ... 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... 12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto ... 4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery ... at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master.*

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,

The 2nd November 1875.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 11th April 1876.

Arthur, William.	Loring, Mrs. J.
Biscaccianti, A.	Luder, Hermann.
Blunt, F. E.	MacGregor, Atholl.
Bowie, W.	MacMahon, Master Joe.
Brown, B. T.	Mack, Mrs. Howard.
Bullock, Captain John.	Majhan, Mr.
Burton, James.	Mann, M. Gustave.
Carroll, Dr.	Manuel, R. A.
Caryone, Sigr. Francesco.	O'Kane, Miss.
Cross, Shaw.	Pillans, E. H.
Currie, R.	Poulson, P. Z.
Dakin, Mrs.	Protopera, Sigr. Petro.
David, Jack.	Rainey, Miss Lucy E.
Dilmasnod, Monsieur.	Richardson, James.
Dunn, D.	Rivers, Dr. R.
Dunn, T. D.	Rodway, Walter.
Durrant, Mrs. G. B.	Ryant, Madam Jane.
Duval, W. H. D.	Scott, J. R.
"E. F. W."	Saniotaki, D. T.
Farewell, Col. W. T. F.	Shawe, M.
Gray, Mrs.	Shedden, A. W.
Green, R. E.	Slack, G. W.
Hakimian, Monsieur Be-	Shaden, Capt. W. D.
dros.	Sola, Sigr. Dominico.
Heles, Messrs. J. & Co.	Stevenson, A. J.
Hobbs, R. J.	Troll, Monsieur Georges.
Howard, Mrs. M.	Welsh, Messrs. J. H. & Co.
Howard, T.	Wells, H. L.
Jacobs, Messrs. A. and Co.	Whitecombe, T. S.
Johns, Miss.	Wilkinson, James.
Johnston, General.	Wray, J. W. (Marine Sur-
Jones, A. G.	geant).
Liddle, Miss M. A.	Wyer, Fred.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for."

"Alpha."	Lange, Charles.
Beattie, Miss Marie.	Leigh, Hon'ble G. H. C.
Blund, James.	Leonard, C.
Brown, James.	Lint, J. James.
Burn, Mrs. J.	MacPherson, J. J.
Campbell, Col. Napier.	Mahomed Ibrahim Khan
Carole, Mrs. M.	Bahadoor.
Comte, de Augustin M.	Merdon, W. J.
Cowie, John.	Mourity, J. J.
Curlender, S.	Newell, P. J.
Danison, Co.	Perrier, A.
Davis, Mrs.	Phillips, James.
Davis, Mrs.	Piero, H. W.
Dawson, Hon'ble R. E. R.	Rangan, Marthosa, A.
Fergus, Mrs. C.	Rilun, P.
Gador (Cook).	Robins, J.
Gilbert, H.	Ross, J. C.
Henty, J. C.	Salmone, Philadelpho.
Henry, P. Jemmission.	Savage, A. E.
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CALCUTTA, the 11th April 1876.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhugiruthie, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers, for the week ending Friday, the 7th April 1876.

Names of Rivers.	Least depth of water.
BHUGIRUTHIE.	
	Ft. In.
Entrance below Chourasia ...	... 2 9
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles ...	... 2 9
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles ...	... 2 9
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ...	... 2 6
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles ...	... 2 3
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	... 2 3

MATABANGAH.

Entrance from the Ganges	} Closed.
Tatarparah ...	...
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia ...	...
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1 ...	...
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree ...	...
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah ...	...
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	

JELLINGHEE.

Entrance*	} Closed.
On the Entrance Bar ...	...
From Jellinghee to junction with Bhyrub river ...	...
From junction with Bhyrub river to Teakatta ...	2 0	
From Teakatta to Nuddea ...	2 6	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 10th April 1876, above zero, 4 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr.,*
Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 10th April 1876.

* Boats drawing 2 feet can get from the Ganges into the Jellinghee at Teakatta *via* the Bhyrub.

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

PART III.

Acts of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

THE following Act, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 22nd December 1875, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 24th March 1876, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. III of 1876.

An Act to provide for Irrigation in the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

WHEREAS it is necessary to make provision for the construction, maintenance, and regulation of canals, for the supply of water therefrom, and for the levy of rates for water so supplied, in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is hereby enacted:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876."

It shall take effect in those districts in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to which the said Lieutenant-Governor shall extend it by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*; and shall commence on the day which shall be in such order provided for the commencement thereof.

2. The enactments specified in Schedule (A) hereto annexed are repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the said schedule.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Canal."

(i) "Canal" includes—

(a) all canals, channels, and reservoirs hitherto constructed, maintained, or controlled by Government for the supply or storage of water, or which may hereafter be so constructed, maintained, or controlled;

(b) all works, embankments, structures, supply and escape-channels connected with such canals, channels, or reservoirs;

(c) all village-channels as defined in clause (ii) of this section;

(d) all drainage-works as defined in clause (iii) of this section;

(e) any part of a river, stream, lake, natural collection of water, or natural drainage-channel, to which the Lieutenant-Governor has applied the provisions of Part II of this Act, or of which the water has been applied or used before the passing of this Act for the purposes of any existing canal;

(f) all lands on the banks of any canal as defined in articles (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, which have been acquired by Government;

(ii) "Village-channel" means any channel

by which water is led from a canal directly into the fields to be irrigated, and includes all subsidiary works connected with any such channel, except the sluice or outlet through which water is supplied from a canal to such channel.

(iii) "Drainage-work" means any work in connection with a system of irrigation which has been or may hereafter be made or improved by the Government for the purposes of the drainage of the country, whether under the provisions of Part IV of this Act or otherwise, and includes escape-channels from a canal, dams, weirs, embankments, sluices, groins, and other works connected therewith, but does not include works for the removal of sewage from towns.

(iv) "Flood-embankment" means any embankment constructed or maintained by the officers of Government in connection with any system of irrigation works for the protection of lands from inundation, or which may be declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be maintained in connection with any such system; and includes all groins, spurs, dams, and other protective works connected with such embankments;

(v) "Collector" means the head Revenue Officer of a district, and includes any officer appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor to exercise all or any of the powers of a Collector under this Act;

(vi) "Court" means, in the Regulation Provinces, a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction,

and in the Non-Regulation Provinces, the Court of a Commissioner of a Division,

unless when the Lieutenant-Governor has appointed (as he is hereby empowered to do), either specially for any case, or generally within any specified local limits, a judicial officer to perform the functions of a judge under this Act, and then the expression Court means the Court of such officer.

(vii) "Canal Officer" means an officer appointed under this Act to exercise control or jurisdiction over a canal or any part thereof; and includes every officer to whom any of the functions of a Canal Officer under this Act have been assigned by the Lieutenant-Governor.

(viii) "Section" means a section of this Act.

(ix) "Owner" includes every person having a joint interest in the ownership of the thing specified; and all rights and obligations which attach to an owner under the provisions of this Act shall attach jointly and severally to every person having such joint interest in the ownership.

4. Nothing contained in the Bengal Embankment Act, 1873, shall apply to any canal or flood-embankment as defined in this Act.

Bengal Embankment Act not applicable to canals.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the officers by whom, and the local limits within which, all or any of the powers or duties hereinafter conferred or imposed shall be exercised or performed.

Power to appoint officers.

PART II.

OF THE APPLICATION OF WATER FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

6. Whenever it appears expedient to the Lieutenant-Governor that the water of any river or stream flowing in a natural channel, or of any lake or other natural collection of still water, should be applied or used by the Government for the purpose of any existing or projected canal;

the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare that the said water will be so applied or used after a day to be named in the said notification, not being earlier than three months from the date thereof.

7. At any time after the day so named, any Canal Officer, acting under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor in this behalf, may enter on any land and remove any obstructions, and may close any channels, and do any other thing necessary for such application or use of the said water.

8. As soon as is practicable after the issue of such notification, the Collector shall cause public notice to be given at convenient places, stating that the Government intends to apply or use the said water as aforesaid, and that claims for compensation in respect of the matters mentioned in section eleven may be made before him.

A copy of sections eleven, twelve and thirteen shall be annexed to every such notice.

9. When any claim for compensation is made before the Collector in accordance with the last preceding section, the Collector shall issue a notice requiring all persons interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, to appear personally or by agent before him at a time and place therein mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days after the date of publication of the notice), and to state the nature of their respective interests in the property affected, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

The Collector shall also serve notice to the same effect on the occupier (if any) of the land entered on, and on such persons known or believed to be interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, or to be entitled to act for persons so interested, as reside within his district.

10. The Collector may also require any person on whom a notice may be served under the last preceding section, and who makes a claim for compensation in accordance therewith, to deliver to him a statement containing, so far as may be practicable, the name of every other person possessing any interest in the property affected or any part thereof, as co-proprietor, sub-proprietor, mortgagee, tenant, or otherwise, and of the nature of such interest, and of the rents and profits (if any) received or receivable on account thereof for the year next preceding the date of the statement.

Power to require statement as to name and interests.

If any person shall fail to comply within the time fixed by the notice with a requisition made under this section, the Collector may impose upon him such daily fine as he may think fit, not exceeding fifty rupees; and such fine shall be payable daily until the requisition is complied with, and the Collector may proceed from time to time to levy the amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending;

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the Commissioner.

Every person required to make or deliver a statement under this section shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of sections one hundred and seventy-five and one hundred and seventy-six of the Indian Penal Code.

11. No compensation shall be awarded for any damage caused by—

- (a) stoppage or diminution of percolation or floods;
- (b) deterioration of climate or soil;
- (c) stoppage of navigation, or of the means of rafting timber or watering cattle.

But compensation may be awarded in respect of any of the following matters:—

- (d) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel to any defined artificial channel, whether above or under ground, in use at the date of the issue of the notification under section six;
- (e) stoppage or diminution of supply of water to any work erected for purposes of profit on any channel, whether natural or artificial, in use at the date of the said notification;
- (f) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel which has been used for purposes of irrigation within the five years next before the date of the said notification;
- (g) damage done in respect of any right to a water-course or the use of any water to which any person is entitled under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV;

- (h) any other substantial damage, not falling under any of the above clauses (a), (b), or (c), and caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act, which is capable of being ascertained and estimated at the time of awarding such compensation.

Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (c), compensation may be awarded in respect of the loss of any tolls which were lawfully levied on any river or channel at the time of the issue of the notification mentioned in section six.

In determining the amount of compensation under this section, regard shall be had to the diminution in the market-value, at the time of awarding compensation, of the property in respect of which compensation is claimed; and where such market-value is not ascertainable, the amount shall be reckoned at twelve times the amount of the diminution of the annual net profits of such property, caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

No right to any such supply of water as is referred to in clauses (d), (e), or (f) of this section, in respect of a work or channel not in use at the date of the notification, shall be acquired as against the Government, except by grant or under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV.

12. If any supply of drinking-water is substantially deteriorated or diminished by any works undertaken in accordance with a declaration made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section six, the Canal Officer shall be bound to provide within convenient distance an adequate supply of good drinking-water in lieu of that so deteriorated or diminished, and no person shall be entitled to claim any further compensation in respect of the said deterioration or diminution.

13. No claim for compensation for any such stoppage, diminution, or damage shall be entertained after the expiration of six months from such stoppage, diminution, or damage, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

14. On the day fixed in the notice mentioned in section nine, the Collector shall proceed to enquire summarily into the claim and to determine the amount of compensation which in his opinion should be allowed therefor, and shall tender such amount to the persons interested who have attended in pursuance of the notice given under section nine.

For the purpose of such enquiry, the Collector shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and to compel the production of documents by the same means and, as far as may be, in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

15. The Collector may, if no claimant attends pursuant to the notice, or if for any other cause he thinks fit, from time to time postpone the enquiry to a day to be fixed by him.

16. If the Collector and the persons interested agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, the Collector shall make an award under his hand for the same.

Such award shall be filed in the Collector's office, and shall be conclusive, as between the Collector and the persons interested, of the value of the said property and the amount of compensation allowed for the same.

17. If the Collector and the persons interested do not agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, or if upon the said enquiry any question respecting the title to the property of which the value has been diminished, or any rights thereto, or interest therein, arises between or among two or more persons making conflicting claims in respect thereof, the Collector shall refer the matter to the determination of the Court in manner hereinafter provided.

18. If, when the Collector proceeds to make the enquiry as mentioned in sections fourteen and fifteen, no claimant attends, or if any person whom the Collector has reason to think interested, does not attend, the Collector shall hold a proceeding and record the following particulars:—

- (a) the nature and extent of the property of which the value has been diminished and in respect of which compensation is claimed, and the character and extent of the damage done;
- (b) the names of the persons whom he has reason to think interested in such property;
- (c) the amount fixed by him as compensation; and
- (d) the grounds on which such amount was determined;

and shall place the amount so fixed by him in deposit, there to be held on account of the persons interested, and shall issue a notice to the persons believed to be interested, informing them that the said amount has been deposited as required by this section, and that, should no application be made to the Court (as provided in the next succeeding section) within six weeks of the issue of the notice on the last of the persons named therein, the Collector will pay the amount to any persons legally authorized to receive and to give an acquittance for the same.

19. Any person on whom notice may be served under the last preceding section, and any person interested in any property in respect of which such notice has been issued, may, within six weeks of the service of such notice, apply to the Court stating his objection to the amount of compensation as fixed by the Collector under the last preceding section, and the amount which he claims as compensation. On receipt of such application the Court shall proceed to determine the amount of compensation to be paid on account of the claim and all other matters, as if a reference had been made to it under section seventeen.

20. In making a reference under section seventeen the Collector shall state, for the information of the Court, the particulars mentioned in section eighteen.

21. On receipt of a reference under section seventeen the Court shall proceed, as far as may be practicable, in accordance with sections nineteen to twenty-three (inclusive),

and sections twenty-six to thirty-six (inclusive) of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

Provided that instead of the last clause of the said section twenty-six, the following shall be read: "The provisions of this section and of section eleven of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876, shall be read to every assessor in a language which he understands, before he gives his opinion as to the amount of compensation to be awarded."

22. Where there are several persons interested, if such persons agree in the apportionment of the compensation, the particulars of such apportionment shall be specified in the award, whether such award be made by the Collector or by the Court, and as between such persons the award shall be conclusive evidence of the correctness of the apportionment.

23. When the amount of compensation has been settled under section sixteen, if any dispute arises as to the apportionment of the same or any part thereof, the Collector shall refer such dispute to the decision of the Court.

All costs entailed by such a reference and the proceedings of the Court thereon shall be paid by the parties who dispute the apportionment of the compensation, in such proportions as the Court may direct, and the Collector shall not be required to disburse any such costs, nor shall any such costs be recovered from the Collector.

24. When the amount of compensation has been settled by the Court, and there is any dispute as to the apportionment thereof, or when a reference to the Court has been made under the last preceding section, the Judge sitting alone shall decide the proportions in which the persons interested are entitled to share in such amount.

An appeal shall lie from every such decision to the High Court, unless the Judge whose decision is appealed from is not the District Judge, in which case the appeal shall lie in the first instance to the District Judge.

Every appeal under this section shall be presented within the time and in manner provided by the Code of Civil Procedure for regular appeals in suits.

25. Payment of the compensation shall be made by the Collector in accordance with the award made by him under section sixteen; or the proceeding held by him under section eighteen, if no application be made to the Court as provided by section nineteen; or the award made by the Court or the decision of the Judge under section twenty-one; or, in the case of an appeal under section twenty-four, in accordance with the decision in appeal, as the case may be.

26. The amount of compensation fixed by any award, proceeding, or decision as specified in the last preceding section, shall be deemed to be the full amount payable by the Government in respect of the claim dealt with therein; and the Government shall not be liable for any further claim to any person whatever in respect of any matter which was the subject of such award, por-

ceeding, or decision, nor shall any such claim be made against the Government in respect of the payment of any portion of such compensation in accordance with any award, proceeding, or decision as aforesaid, or in accordance with any decision of the Judge, or of the District Judge or of the High Court in appeal, as the case may be, under section twenty-four; and no suit shall be brought to set aside an award or decision under this Act.

27. Nothing contained in the last preceding section shall affect the liability of any person who may receive the whole or any part of any compensation awarded under this Act, to pay the same to the person lawfully entitled thereto.

28. Every tenant holding under an unexpired lease, or having a right of occupancy, who is in occupation of any land at the time when any stoppage or diminution of the supply, in respect of which compensation is allowed under section eleven, takes place, may claim an abatement of the rent previously payable by him for the said land, on the ground that the interruption reduces the value of the holding; provided that no part of the said compensation shall have been received by the said tenant in respect of such reduction in the value of his holding.

29. If a water-supply increasing the value of such holding is afterwards restored to the said land otherwise than at the cost of the tenant, the rent of the tenant may be enhanced, in respect of the increased value of such land due to the restored water-supply, to an amount not exceeding that at which it stood immediately before the abatement.

Such enhancement shall be on account only of the restored water-supply, and shall not affect the liability of the tenant to enhancement of rent on any other grounds.

30. All sums of money payable for compensation under this Part shall become due three months after the claim for such compensation is made in respect of the stoppage, diminution, or damage complained of, and simple interest at the rate of six per centum per annum shall be allowed on any such sum remaining unpaid after the said three months, except where the non-payment of such sum is caused by the wilful neglect or refusal of the claimant to receive the same.

Provided that the Collector may at any time invest the whole or any portion of the amount payable as compensation under this Act in any Government securities, and such securities shall be held by the Collector for the benefit of the persons interested, and the persons interested shall be bound to receive such securities with any interest which may have accrued upon them as full payment of the sum which the Collector paid for such securities, and of any sum which he may have paid as expenses incurred in purchasing the same, and of any interest which might otherwise have accrued on such sums.

31. No compensation shall be claimable under this Act in respect of any works executed before it came into force, or of any damage, injury, or loss caused by such works.

32. Service of any notice under this Part shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the officer therein mentioned.

Whenever it may be practicable, the service of the notice shall be made on the person therein named.

When such person cannot be found, the service may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him; and if no such adult male member can be found, the notice may be served by fixing the copy on the outer door of the house in which the person therein named ordinarily dwells or carries on business; and if such person has no ordinary place of residence within the district, service of any notice may be made by sending copy of such notice by post, in a registered cover addressed to such person at his usual place of residence.

PART III.

OF THE MAINTENANCE OF CANALS.

33. Whenever it shall be necessary to make any enquiry or examination in connection with a projected canal or with the maintenance of an existing canal, or with a projected flood-embankment or with the maintenance of an existing flood-embankment, any Canal Officer or other person acting under the general or special orders of a Canal Officer, may enter upon such lands as he may think necessary for the purpose, and may exercise all powers and do all things in respect of such lands as he might exercise and do if the Government had issued a notification under the provisions of section four of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, to the effect that land in that locality is likely to be needed for a public purpose; and may set up and maintain water-gauges, and do all other things necessary for the prosecution of such enquiry and examination.

34. Such Canal Officer or other person may also enter upon any land, building, or village-canal on account of which any water-rate is chargeable, for the purpose of inspecting or regulating the use of the water supplied, or of measuring the lands irrigated thereby or chargeable with a water-rate, and of doing all things necessary for the proper regulation and management of the canal from which such water is supplied.

35. In case of any accident being apprehended or happening to a canal or flood-embankment, any Canal Officer or any person acting under his general or special orders in this behalf, may enter upon any lands adjacent to such canal or flood-embankment, and may execute all works which may be necessary for the purpose of preventing such accident, or repairing any damage done.

36. When such Canal Officer or person proposes, under the provisions of either of the three last preceding sections, to enter into any building or enclosed court or garden attached to a dwelling-house not supplied with water flowing from any canal, and not being adjacent to a flood-embankment, he shall previously give to the occupier of such building, court, or garden such reasonable notice as the urgency of the case may allow.

37. In every case of entry upon any land or building under section seven, section thirty-three, section thirty-four, or section thirty-five, the Canal Officer or person making the entry shall ascertain and record the nature of any crop, tree, building, or other property, to which damage has been done, and the extent of the damage done to any such property, and shall tender compensation to the proprietors or occupiers for all damage done to the same by the entry or by any works executed. If such tender is not accepted, the Canal Officer shall refer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon give notice in writing to the persons interested in such land and to the Canal Officer, requiring them to attend before him, on a date to be fixed in the notice, for the purpose of making enquiry as to the amount of compensation.

38. After such enquiry as he may think necessary, the Collector shall decide the amount of compensation payable; and such decision shall be subject to an appeal to the Commissioner of the Division, provided that such appeal be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the decision appealed against.

If no such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Collector, or if such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive.

39. Suitable means of crossing canals constructed or maintained at the cost of Government shall be provided at such places as the Lieutenant-Governor thinks necessary for the reasonable convenience of the inhabitants of the adjacent lands; and suitable bridges, culverts, or other works shall be constructed to prevent the drainage of the adjacent lands being obstructed by any canal.

On the completion of any canal, or of any convenient section of any canal, the Collector, after causing such inspection to be made as may be necessary, shall certify to the Government that suitable and sufficient means of crossing the canal, and suitable and sufficient means of drainage, as aforesaid, have been provided; or shall report in what respects the provision made for the above purposes is defective; and if at any time after he shall have given such certificate it shall be brought to his notice that the provision made as above has proved insufficient, the Collector shall cause inquiry to be made into the circumstances of the case, and if the statement is established, shall report his opinion thereon for the consideration of the Lieutenant-Governor,

and the Lieutenant-Governor shall cause such measures in reference thereto to be taken as he thinks proper.

PART IV.

OF DRAINAGE.

40. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that injury to the public health or public convenience, or to any canal, or to any land for which irrigation from a canal is available, has arisen or may arise from the obstruction of any river, stream, or natural drainage-course, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, prohibit, within limits to be defined in such notification, the formation of any such obstruction, or may, within such limits, order the removal or other modification of such obstruction.

Thereupon so much of the said river, stream, or natural drainage-channel as is comprised within such limits shall be held to be a drainage-work as defined in section three.

41. The Canal Officer or other person authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor in that behalf, may, after such publication, issue an order to the person causing or having control over any such obstruction, to remove or modify the same within a time to be fixed in the order.

42. If, within the time so fixed, such person does not comply with the order, the Canal Officer may cause the obstruction to be removed or modified, and if the person to whom the order was issued does not, when called upon, pay the expenses of such removal or modification, such expenses shall be recoverable as a demand under the provisions of section one, Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as arrears of revenue*).

43. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that any drainage works are necessary for the public health or for the improvement or proper cultivation or irrigation of any lands in districts to which the provisions of the Bengal Embankment Act 1873 do not apply, or that protection from floods or other accumulations of water, or from erosion by a river, is required for any lands,

the Lieutenant-Governor may cause a scheme for such works to be drawn up and carried into execution, and the persons authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor to draw up and execute such scheme may exercise in connection therewith all or any of the powers conferred on Canal Officers by sections thirty-three, thirty-four, and thirty-five, and shall be liable to any or all of the obligations imposed upon Canal Officers by sections thirty-six and thirty-seven.

44. Whenever, in pursuance of a notification made under section forty, any obstruction is removed or modified; or whenever any drainage-work is carried out under the last preceding section,

all claims for compensation on account of any loss consequent on the removal or modification of the said obstruction or the construction of such work, may be made before the Collector, and he shall deal with the same in the manner provided in Part II; but no compensation shall be allowed for any damage arising from increase of percolation.

45. No such claim shall be entertained after the expiration of six months from the occurrence of the loss complained of, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

Limitation of such claims.

PART V.

OF VILLAGE-CHANNELS.

46. "Person" in this Part includes any number of persons acting jointly.

Definition of person.

47. The Canal Officer shall keep a register of all village-channels, whether already existing or constructed under this Act, and shall note thereon in respect of every village-channel whether it is a public channel maintained at the cost of the Government, or a private channel maintained at the cost of the owners; and shall register the names of the owners of every such private channel.

A village-channel made as an extension of, or a branch to, an existing village-channel shall be registered as a separate village-channel; and so much of the length of any village-channel as lies within the limits of any one village or mouzah shall be entered on the register as a separate village-channel. Every section of a village-channel so separately entered on the register shall be deemed to be a separate village channel in respect of all rights and liabilities imposed by this Act.

Register of village-channels to be kept.

Provided always that whenever it shall seem fit to the Canal Officer for any special reason to enter upon his register as one village-channel a section of a village-channel which includes portions lying within two or more villages or mouzaha, the Canal Officer may, with the consent of the Collector obtained in writing, register such section as one village-channel, and such section shall be deemed to be one village-channel in respect of all rights and liabilities imposed by this Act.

Canal Officer may register as one village-channel a section including portions lying within two or more villages.

48. Any person may, with the consent of the Canal Officer, acquire the property in an existing village-channel for the purpose of improving or maintaining it—

Any person may acquire an existing village-channel by agreement.

(a) by taking over any village-channel belonging to Government;

(b) by transfer of a village-channel from the owner thereof by private agreement.

49. Any person may, with the permission of a Canal Officer, construct a new village-channel if he has obtained the consent of the owners and occupiers of the land required therefor.

Any person may construct a new village-channel with consent of owners or occupiers.

50. Any person desiring the construction of a new village-channel, but being unable or unwilling to construct it under a private arrangement with the owners and occupiers of the land affected, as mentioned in the last preceding section, may apply in writing to the Canal Officer stating

Any person may construct village-channel by applying to Canal Officer.

that he desires the said Canal Officer, in his behalf and at his cost, to do all things necessary for constructing such village-channel;

that he is ready to defray all costs necessary for acquiring the land and constructing such village-channel.

51. If the Canal Officer considers the construction of such village-channel expedient, he may call upon the applicant to deposit any part of the expense such Officer may consider necessary,

Procedure when Canal Officer considers construction of village-channel expedient.

and upon such deposit being made, shall cause inquiry to be made into the most suitable alignment for the said village-channel,

and shall mark out the land which, in his opinion, it will be necessary to occupy for the construction thereof,

and shall forthwith publish a notification in every village through which the village-channel is proposed to be taken, that so much of such land as is situated within such village has been so marked out.

and shall send a copy of such notification to the Collector of every district in which any part of such land is known to be situate for publication on such land.

Such notification shall also call upon any person who wishes to be admitted a joint owner of such village-channel to make his application in that respect within thirty days of the publication of such notification. If any such applicant appears, and his application is admitted, he shall be liable to pay his share in the construction of such village-channel and in the cost of acquiring such land, and shall be an owner of such village-channel when constructed.

Person wishing to be joint owner must make his application within thirty days.

52. On receipt of copy of such notification, the Collector shall proceed to acquire such land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, as if a declaration had been issued by the Government for the acquisition thereof under section six of that Act, and as if the Government had thereupon directed the Collector to take order for the acquisition of such land under section seven of the said Act, and (if necessary) as if the Government had issued orders for summary possession being taken under section seventeen of the said Act.

53. On being put in possession of the land the Canal Officer shall construct the required village-channel; and on its completion shall give to the applicant notice thereof, and of any sum payable by him on account of the cost of acquiring the land and constructing the village-channel. On such notice being given, such sum shall be due from the applicant to the Canal Officer. On receipt of payment in full of all expenses incurred

Collector to acquire land.

Procedure after construction of village-channel.

the Canal Officer shall make over possession of such village-channel to such applicant.

54. Whenever a Canal Officer considers that the transfer of a village channel from the owner is necessary for the proper management of the irrigation from such village-channel, he may cause a notice to be served on the registered owner to appear on a certain day, not less than fifteen days after service of notice, and to prefer any objection to such transfer. After hearing such objection the Canal Officer may order that such village-channel shall be transferred to such person as he may think fit, and that such person be registered as owner of the said village-channel;

Provided that no person shall be registered as the owner of a village-channel under this section, unless he has expressed in writing his willingness to be so registered, and until he has paid to the Canal Officer such sum as may be fixed by the Canal Officer under section fifty-six.

55. Any person wishing to become the joint owner of an existing village-channel may petition the Canal Officer to that effect, and on receipt of such petition the Canal Officer may, if he think fit, issue a notice as provided in the last preceding section, upon the registered owner, and after hearing any objection which the registered owner may prefer against the admission of such applicant to be a joint owner, may direct that the applicant shall be registered as such joint owner.

56. When deciding the question of transfer or of admission to joint ownership under either of the two last preceding sections, the Canal Officer shall also determine what amount shall be paid—
as the costs of the proceedings;
as compensation to the previous owners;
and the amount so determined shall be due by the transferee or the person admitted to registry as a joint owner, as the case may be; and on payment of such amount, the village-channel shall be transferred, or the applicant shall be registered as owner or as a joint owner thereof, as the case may be.

57. Instead of awarding payment of compensation under the last preceding section, the Canal Officer may fix an amount of rent to be paid annually to the previous owners by the persons to whom the village-channel is transferred.

Ownership of village-channel.

- 58.** Every person
- (a) acquiring a village-channel as provided in section forty-eight; or
 - (b) constructing a village-channel as provided in section forty-nine; or
 - (c) receiving possession of a village-channel as provided in section fifty-three; or
 - (d) acquiring a village-channel by transfer, as provided in section fifty-four, or
 - (e) being admitted to registration as joint owner in a village-channel, as provided in section fifty-five,

shall be deemed to be an owner of such village-channel.

59. Every owner of a village-channel shall be bound—

Obligations and rights of owner of village-channel.

- (a) to construct and maintain all works necessary for the passage across such village-channel of canals, village-channels, drainage-channels, and public roads existing at the time of its construction, and of the drainage intercepted by it, and for affording proper communications across it for the convenience of the occupants of neighbouring lands;
 - (b) to maintain such village-channel in a fit state of repair for the conveyance of water;
 - (c) to allow the use of it to others on such terms as may be declared equitable by the Canal Officer as hereinafter prescribed;
- and shall be entitled—
- (d) to have a supply of water by such village-channel at such rates and on such terms as are prescribed by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine;
 - (e) to receive such rent for the use of the village-channel by other persons as the Canal Officer may award him.

60. If the owner of a village-channel fails to fulfil the obligations mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the last preceding section the Canal Officer may require him by notice to execute the necessary works or repairs within a period not being less than fifteen days, and in the event of failure, may execute them on his behalf; and all expenses incurred by the execution of such works or repairs shall be a sum due by such owner to Government; and if any such owner who has already failed on one occasion to execute such works or repairs when required to do so, and has left them to be executed on his behalf by the Canal Officer, shall again fail to execute any such works or repairs when required to do so; or if any such owner shall refuse in any respect to fulfil the obligation mentioned in clause (c) of the last preceding section, after having been required to fulfil the same by a notice in writing from the Canal Officer, the Canal Officer may strike such village-channel off the register, and so disqualify it to be any longer a medium for the conveyance of canal water.

Resignation of owner.

61. Any owner may resign his interest in a village-channel, provided such resignation be duly registered in the office of the Canal Officer.

62. Any owner of a village-channel may, with the consent of the Canal Officer, transfer his interest to any other person, provided that the liabilities of the person so transferring shall not cease till such transfer is registered in the office of the Canal Officer.

63. If any owner of a village-channel dies, his legal representative may apply for registration in his stead. If no such application for registry be made within six weeks from the

Procedure on death of owner of village-channel.

death of the said owner, the remaining registered owners of the village-channel, if any, shall be deemed to be owners of the entire interest in the village-channel, until some other person shall have established his claim to be registered as owner in place of the deceased. If the deceased shall have been the sole registered owner, the Canal Officer shall be deemed to be his representative for the purposes of this Part, and shall exercise all rights and be bound by all liabilities which attached to the deceased in respect of his ownership of the said village-channel, until some person shall have established his right to be registered as owner thereof in place of the deceased; and the Canal Officer shall account to such person for all sums received and expended in the exercise of the rights and discharge of the liabilities which attached to the deceased in respect of such ownership.

64. When any person applies for registration under the three last preceding sections, the Canal Officer shall serve notice on the other registered owners to prefer any objection to the resignation, transfer, or succession within fifteen days, and if no such objection shall be made, or if the objections made be deemed invalid, shall order such resignation, transfer, or succession to be registered.

65. All joint owners of a village-channel shall be held to have an equal interest in it, unless, with the permission of the Canal Officer, they register specific unequal interests.

66. Any person not an owner of a village-channel, desiring to have a supply of water through such village-channel, may make a private arrangement with the owners for the conveyance of water, or may apply to the Canal Officer for authority to use such village-channel.

67. On receipt of such application, the Canal Officer shall serve notice on the owners to show cause why such permission should not be granted, and if no objection be raised, or if any objections be raised, and found invalid, shall authorize the conveyance of such supply on such conditions as may appear to him equitable.

68. The Canal Officer shall also fix a sum as rent to be paid for the use of such village-channel to the owner. Such rent may be in the form of a percentage on the water-rate of the person using the village-channel, or otherwise, as may be fixed by the Canal Officer.

69. The owner of a village-channel which receives its water through another village-channel may, at the discretion of the Canal Officer, either be declared a joint owner of such other village-channel, or may be required to pay rent for the use of the same to the owner thereof, as provided in the last preceding section.

70. All rent payable under either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be due in the same instalments and at the

same periods as the water-rate is due, or in such other instalments and at such other dates as the Canal Officer may direct, and may be collected by the Canal Officer on behalf of the person entitled to it, if the Canal Officer thinks fit.

71. Any Canal Officer collecting rent under the last preceding section on behalf of any person entitled thereto, shall be bound to pay to the person entitled to the same no more than the amount actually collected by him as rent.

72. No land acquired under this Part for a village-channel shall be used for any other purpose without the consent of the Canal Officer previously obtained.

73. Every sum declared to be due under this Part shall be recoverable by the Canal Officer on behalf of the Government or of the person entitled to receive the same, and shall be held to be a demand under the provisions of section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868, or any other similar Act for the time being in force.

PART VI.

OF THE SUPPLY OF WATER.

74. Every person desiring that water shall be supplied to his land from a canal, shall present a written application to that effect to the Canal Officer, in the form given in Schedule (B) hereto annexed, or in a similar form, binding himself by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under the powers vested in him by this Act; and no person shall be liable to pay any rate or due whatever, on account of water supplied to his land with the permission of the Canal Officer, otherwise than on such application, nor shall water be supplied otherwise than on such application.

75. If the application mentioned in the last preceding section be granted by the Canal Officer, the Canal Officer shall cause his permission to be recorded in the form given in Schedule (C) hereto annexed, or in some similar form, binding himself by the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor as aforesaid.

76. All rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine shall be consistent with the following conditions:—

(a) The Canal Officer may not stop the supply of water to any village-channel, or to any person who is entitled to such supply, except in the following cases:—

- i) whenever and so long as it is necessary to stop such supply for the purpose of executing any work ordered by competent authority;
- (ii) whenever and so long as any village-channel is not maintained in such repair as to prevent the wasteful escape of water therefrom;

(iii) whenever and so long as it is necessary to do so in rotation to supply the legitimate demands of other persons entitled to water;

(iv) whenever and so long as it may be necessary to stop the supply in order to prevent the wastage or misuse of water.

(b) No claim shall be made against the Government for compensation in respect of loss caused by the failure or stoppage of the water in a canal, by reason of any cause beyond the control of the Government, or of any repairs, alterations, or additions to the canal, or of any measures taken for regulating the proper flow of water therein, or for maintaining the established course of irrigation which the Canal Officer considers necessary; but the person suffering such loss shall be entitled to such remission of the ordinary charges payable for the use of the water as is authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor:

(c) If the supply of water to any land irrigated from a canal be interrupted otherwise than in the manner described in the last preceding clause, the occupier or owner of such land may present a petition for compensation to the Collector for any loss arising from such interruption, and the Collector shall award to the petitioner reasonable compensation for such loss:

(d) When the water of a canal is supplied for the irrigation of a single crop, the permission to use such water shall be held to continue only until that crop comes to maturity, and to apply only to that crop; but if it be supplied for irrigating two or more crops to be raised on the same land within the year, such permission shall be held to continue for one year from the commencement of the irrigation, and to apply to such crops only as are matured within that year:

(e) No person entitled to use the water of any canal, or any work, building, or land appertaining to any canal shall sell or sub-let or otherwise transfer his right to such use without the permission of the Canal Officer, but all contracts made between Government and the owner or occupier of any immoveable property, as to the supply of canal-water to such property, shall be transferable therewith, and shall be presumed to have been so transferred whenever a transfer of such property takes place

77. On application being made for a supply of water to be used for purposes other than those of irrigation, the Canal Officer may give permission for water to be taken for such purposes, under such special conditions and restrictions, as to the limitation and control of the supply, as he shall think proper to impose in each case.

PART VII.

OF WATER-RATES.

78. The rates to be charged for canal-water supplied for purposes of irrigation shall be determined by the Lieutenant-Governor, and all persons accepting the water shall pay for it accordingly.

79. If water supplied through a village-channel be used in an unauthorized manner, and if the person by whose act or neglect such use has occurred cannot be identified, the persons on whose land such water has flowed, if such land has derived benefit therefrom,

or if no land has derived benefit therefrom, all the persons chargeable in respect of the water supplied through such village-channel in respect of the crop then on the ground, shall be liable to the charges made for such use, as determined by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine.

80. If water supplied through a village-channel be suffered to run to waste, and if, after enquiry by the Canal Officer, the person through whose act or neglect such water was suffered to run to waste cannot be discovered, all the persons chargeable in respect of the water supplied through such village-channel for the crop then on the ground shall be jointly liable for the charges made in respect of the water so wasted, as determined by the Lieutenant-Governor under section ninety-nine.

All questions arising under this and the last preceding section shall be decided by the Canal Officer, subject to the provisions of section ninety-one.

81. All charges for the unauthorized use or for waste of water shall be deemed to be water-rate due on the crop, and may be recovered as such water-rate in addition to any penalties incurred on account of such use or waste.

82. The Canal Officer may enter into an agreement with any person for the collection and payment to the Government by such person of any sum payable under this Act by a third party.

83. Any sum lawfully due under this Part, either to the Government, or to any person who has entered into an agreement to collect dues for the Government and certified by the Canal Officer to be so due, shall be deemed to be rent payable on a pottah or engagement in respect of the land irrigated, and shall be recoverable as such by the person to whom it is payable.

Provided that the claim (if any) for rent in respect of such land shall have priority over any claim for arrears of water-rate so far as regards recovery of rent by the exercise of the power of distraint.

84. If any person distrains half or more than half of any crop on account of which water-rate is due, such person shall be bound, on requisition by the Canal Officer, to

furnish him with an account showing how the produce thus distrained has been appropriated in payment of such rent, and the Canal Officer shall be entitled to challenge such account before any Court competent to try suits for arrears of rent in respect of the land in question, and such Court, if it finds that the value of the crop distrained was in excess of the amount of rent which had been due for a period not longer than a year, together with the costs of the distraint, may require the distrainer to pay the water-rate due on such crop.

85. Every arrear of water-rate which is due

Arrears of water-rate deemed to be a demand under Bengal Act VII of 1868.

to Government, and every sum due to Government by any person on account of collections of water-rate, and every sum due to such person on account of water-rate and certified by the Canal Officer to be so due, shall also be held to be a demand under the provisions of section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868, and may be recovered as provided in that Act, together with the costs of executing the processes.

Sections eighty-two to eighty-five do not apply to fines.

86. Nothing in sections eighty-two to eighty-five (inclusive) applies to fines.

PART VIII.

OF JURISDICTION.

87. Whenever a dispute arises between two

Settlement of disputes as to mutual rights and liabilities of persons interested in village-channel.

or more persons in regard to their mutual rights or liabilities in respect of the use, construction, or maintenance of a village-channel, any such person interested may apply in writing to the Canal Officer stating the matter in dispute. Such officer shall thereupon give notice to the other persons interested that, on a day to be named in such notice, he will proceed to enquire into the said matter, and, after such enquiry, he may pass his order thereon, or may transfer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon enquire into and pass his order on the said matter.

88. Whenever any dispute arises among

Dispute as to shares and payments.

joint owners of a village-channel as to their shares of expense or as to the amounts severally contributed, or as to failure on the part of any owner to contribute his share, the matter may be decided after inquiry by the Canal Officer or Collector, as provided in the last preceding section.

89. Any order passed by the Collector, under

Order passed by Collector and Canal Officer to remain in force until set aside by Civil Court.

either of the two last preceding sections, and, subject to the provisions of section ninety-one, any such order passed by a Canal Officer, shall remain in force until set aside by the decree of a Civil Court, and may be executed by any Canal Officer as if it were a decree of the Civil Court.

90. All suits arising out of the exercise of the

Jurisdiction as to suits arising out of powers of distraint.

power of distraint for recovery of water-rates, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power of distraint,

or by persons in receipt of the water-rates against any agents employed by them in the collection of such water-rates, or the sureties of such agents for money received or for accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession,

shall be cognizable by the same Court or authority as would have jurisdiction if such water-rates were rent due for the land irrigated.

91. Every order passed by a Canal Officer under Part V, Part VI, Part VII, or Part VIII of this Act.

Appeal and supervision.

shall be appealable to the Collector, provided that the appeal be presented within thirty days of the date on which the Canal Officer made the order appealed against; and no appeal shall lie against any proceeding or order of the Collector under this Act, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, but all such proceedings and orders shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division and of the Board of Revenue, who may pass such order thereon as they may respectively think fit.

92. Any officer empowered under this Act to

Power to summon and examine witnesses.

conduct any enquiry may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning and examining of witnesses, as are conferred on Civil Courts by the Code of Civil Procedure; and every such enquiry shall be deemed a judicial proceeding.

PART IX.

OF OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

93. Whoever, voluntarily and without proper authority, does any of the acts following, that is to say,—

- (1) damages, alters, enlarges, or obstructs any canal or drainage work;
- (2) interferes with, increases or diminishes the supply of water in, or the flow of water from, through, over, or under any canal or drainage work, or by any means raises or lowers the level of the water in any canal or drainage work;
- (3) being responsible for the maintenance of a village channel, or using a village channel, neglects to take proper precautions for the prevention of waste of the water thereof, or interferes with the authorized distribution of the water therefrom, or uses such water in an unauthorized manner;
- (4) corrupts or fouls the water of any canal so as to render it less fit for the purposes for which it is ordinarily used;
- (5) destroys, defaces, or moves any level mark or water-gauge fixed by the authority of a public servant;
- (6) destroys or removes any apparatus, or part of any apparatus for controlling or regulating the flow of water in any canal or drainage-work;
- (7) passes, or causes animals or vehicles to pass in or across any of the works, banks, or channels of a canal

contrary to rules made under this Act, after he has been desired to desist therefrom;

- (8) without the permission of the Canal Officer causes, or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to graze upon any flood-embankments, or tethers, or causes or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to be tethered upon any such embankments, or roots up any grass or other vegetation growing on any such embankments, or removes, cuts, or in any way injures or causes to be removed, cut, or otherwise injured any trees, bushes, grass, or hedge intended for the protection of such embankment;

- (9) violates any rule made under the Act, for breach whereof a penalty may be incurred,

shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the

Penalty.

Indian Penal Code, and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, or to both.

94. Whoever, without the authority of the Canal Officer,

Further offences.

- (1) pierces or cuts through, or attempts to pierce or cut through, or otherwise to damage, destroy, or endanger the stability of any flood embankment;
- (2) opens, shuts, or obstructs or attempts to open, shut, or obstruct, any sluice in any such embankment;
- (3) makes any dam or other obstruction for the purpose of diverting or opposing the current of a river on the banks whereof are flood-embankments, or refuses or neglects to remove any such dam or obstruction when so required by the Canal Officer;

shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the

Penalty.

Indian Penal Code, and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

95. Whenever any person is convicted of an

Obstruction to be repaired and damage repaired.

offence under either of the last two preceding sections, the convicting Magistrate may order that he shall remove the obstruction or repair the damage in respect of which the conviction is held, within a period to be fixed in such order. If such person neglects or refuses to obey such order within the fixed period, the Canal Officer may remove such obstruction, or repair such damage, and the cost of such removal or repair shall be levied from such person by the Collector as a demand under section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868.

96. Any person in charge of or employed upon any canal, may remove from the lands or buildings belonging thereto, or may

Persons employed on canal may take offenders into custody.

take into custody without a warrant and take forthwith before a Magistrate or to the nearest police station, to be dealt with according to law, any person, who within his view, commits any of the following offences:—

(1) wilfully damages or obstructs any canal;

(2) without proper authority interferes with the supply, or flow of water, in or from any canal or in any river or stream, so as to make dangerous or render less useful any canal.

97. Nothing herein contained shall prevent

Saving of prosecution under other laws.

any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any offence punishable under this Act: provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

98. Whenever any person is fined for an

Compensation to person injured.

offence under this Act, the Magistrate may direct that the whole or any part of such fine may be paid by way of compensation to any person injured by such offence, or to any person who gave information leading to the detection of such offence, or to the conviction of the offender.

PART X.

OF SUBSIDIARY RULES.

99. The Lieutenant-

Power to make, alter, and cancel rules.

Governor may, from time to time, make rules to regulate the following matters:—

(a) the proceedings of any officer who, under any provision of this Act, is required or empowered to take action in any matter;

(b) the cases in which, the officers to whom, and the conditions subject to which, orders and decisions given under any provision of this Act, and not expressly provided for as regards appeal, shall be appealable;

(c) the persons by whom, the time, place, or manner at or in which, anything for the doing of which provision is made in this Act, shall be done;

(d) the amount of any charge made under this Act;

(e) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, alter or cancel any rules so made.

Such rules, alterations, and cancellments shall

Publication of rules.

be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

Provided that no rules shall be made by the Lieutenant-Governor under the powers conferred on him by this section until a draft of the same shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for one month, after which time the Lieutenant-Governor may pass such rules as originally published, or with such alterations, additions, and omissions as he may think fit.

SCHEDULE A.

(See Section 2.)

**ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
IN COUNCIL.**

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VIII of 1867 ...	Recovery of rates for water supplied by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1869 ...	Recovery of rates for water supplied for purposes of irrigation.	The whole Act.

SCHEDULE B.

(See Section 74.)

APPLICATION FOR WATER.

No.

Mouzah
Pergunnah
Canal
Village-channel
Name of owner of village-channel
Name of Applicant

I, the undersigned, hereby apply for water from the above-named village-channel for the fields and crops below detailed, and I engage to pay to the Canal Officer, or other person duly authorized to receive them, the water-rates as prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions of the Bengal Irrigation Act, and I further agree to abide by all the rules issued under that Act.

No. of field in Revenue Map.	Acreage of field.	Crop to be grown.

Signature or mark of Applicant.

Date

SCHEDULE C.

(See Section 75.)

PERMISSION TO TAKE WATER.

No.

Permit of village to take water from
Canal
Village-channel
for the undermentioned fields and crops:—

No. of field.	Acreage of field.	Crops to be grown.	Water-rate due.	Date of payment.

Signature of Canal Officer.

Date

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

[First Publication.]

The following Act passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 25th March 1876, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 6th April 1876, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. IV of 1876.**THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL CONSOLIDATION ACT, 1876.****CONTENTS.****CHAPTER I.****SECTIONS.**

1-3. Preliminary.

CHAPTER II.**OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.**

4-26. Part I. Of the constitution of the Corporation and the application of the municipal funds.

27-29. Part II.—Of the duties of the Corporation.

30-41. Part III.—Of the officers of the Corporation.

42-55. Part IV.—Of the mode of transacting business and entering into contracts.

56-63. Part V.—Of the estimates of income, expenditure, and audit.

64. Part VI.—Of the fixing of rates.

CHAPTER III.**OF TAXES.**

65-74. Part I.—Of the tax on carriages and animals.

75-82. Part II.—Of the tax on professions, trades and callings.

83-87. Part III.—Of the registration of carts.

CHAPTER IV.**OF RATES.**

88-89. Part I.—Of imposing the rates.

90-92. Part II.—Of the owner's rates.

93-103. Part III.—Of the occupier's rates.

CHAPTER V.

104-120. Of the assessment of houses and land.

CHAPTER VI.

121-128. Of levying the rates.

CHAPTER VII.

129-160. Of the water-supply.

CHAPTER VIII.

161-166. Of the police budget.

CHAPTER IX.

167-168. Of the system of drainage for the town and its environs.

CHAPTER X.

169-178. Of the registration of births and deaths.

179-188. Of taking a census.

CHAPTER XI.**OF CONSERVANCY AND IMPROVEMENT.**

189-214. Part I.—Of the streets.

215-234. Part II.—Of the drains.

235-263. Part III.—Of general conservancy.

264-279. Part IV.—Of building regulations.

280-286. Part V.—Of sanitary measures with regard to blocks of huts.

CHAPTER XII.**OF SANITARY MATTERS.**

287-301. Part I.—Of slaughter-houses, food, drink, drugs, and offensive trades.

302-310. Part II.—Of burial and burning grounds.

CHAPTER XIII.

311-322. Of markets.

CHAPTER XIV.

OF THE GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

- 323-326. Part I.—Of rights of entry.
 327-329. Part II.—Of the purchase and sale of land.
 330-332. Part III.—Of railways.
 333. Part IV.—Of hospitals.

CHAPTER XV.

- 334-339. Of the municipal debt.

CHAPTER XVI.

- 340-345. Of bye-laws.

CHAPTER XVII.

- 346-352. Of prosecutions.

CHAPTER XVIII.

- 353-356. Of the recovery of damages and expenses.

CHAPTER XIX.

- 357-376. Miscellaneous.
 Ten schedules.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Municipal Affairs of Calcutta.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the municipal affairs of the Town of Calcutta; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act, 1876."

And it shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may direct, not being more than three months after the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. The enactments specified in the tenth schedule are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

This repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of any thing done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed, assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made, powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment, and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references made to any such enactment shall, as far as may be practicable, be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

In respect to all the matters aforesaid, the Commissioners under this Act shall be substituted for the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Animal" means a horse, pony, mule, or bullock.

"Bazar" means any place of trade, where there is a collection of shops and warehouses, and any place where a market is held.

"Carriage" means any wheeled vehicle with springs used for the conveyance of human beings.

"Cart" means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle with or without springs not included in the definition of carriage.

"Chapter" means Chapter of this Act.

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta.

"Commissioner of Police" means the officer so styled and appointed under section 4 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Court of Small Causes" means the Court of Small Causes for the time being established by law in Calcutta.

"Drug" includes medicine for internal or external use.

"House" includes any hut, building, or shed.

"Immoveable property" and "land" respectively mean land; benefits to arise out of land, anything attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

"Moveable property" means property of every description, except immoveable property.

"Local Government" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being, or the person acting in that capacity.

"Owner" includes—

- the person entitled for the time being to receive the rent of the land in respect of which the word is used;
- an agent of such person;
- a trustee for such person;

But no such agent or trustee shall be liable to do anything required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such agent or trustee, to do such thing.

"Police Force" means the Police Force as constituted under section 8 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Public Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, and also the footway and drains attached to any street, public bridge (other than the Hooghly bridge), or causeway within the Town.

"Street" means any road, street, square, court alley, or passage, not included in the definition of public street.

"Railway" includes a tramway.

"Schedule" means schedule annexed to this Act.

"Section" means section of this Act.

"Slaughter-house" means any place used for the slaughter of cows, or bullocks, or sheep, or goats, or pigs, or kids, for the purpose of selling the same as meat.

"The Suburbs" mean the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, under the provisions of Act III of 1864 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, or of any other Act for the time being in force.

"The Commissioners" means the "Corporation of the Town of Calcutta."

"The Town" includes all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of

the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, but not

(a) Fort William;

(b) The Esplanade; or

(c) Coolie Bazar, now called Hastings, except such portion as is bounded on the north by Clyde Row, on the south by Tolly's Nullah, on the east by the road leading from Kidderpore bridge to Clyde Row, and on the west by the Strand Road.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Corporation and the application of the Municipal Funds.

4. The Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta shall consist of seventy-two members, to be appointed or elected as hereinafter provided, and shall, by the name of "The Corporation of the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate, and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

The aforesaid number of seventy-two shall not include the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners in the event of those two officers not being appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act, but in such case the said Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners.

The said seventy-two members shall be male persons resident within the Town or the Suburbs who have attained the age of twenty-one years.

5. All property, moveable and immoveable, and all interest of whatsoever nature and kind therein now vested in or held in trust for the Justices of the

Peace for the Town of Calcutta, with all rights of whatsoever description now used, enjoyed, or possessed by the said Justices, shall become vested in the Commissioners for the purposes of this Act.

6. Of the said seventy-two members twenty-four shall be appointed by the Local Government immediately after the result of the election hereinafter mentioned shall have been published, and such appointment shall take effect from the date on which such election takes place.

7. The remaining forty-eight members shall be elected as hereinafter provided by male persons resident within the Town or Suburbs, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years.

8. Any person qualified as aforesaid who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees, may, if not entitled to vote in more wards than one under the next succeeding section, vote in one only of the wards mentioned in section thirteen, and may choose the ward in which he resides, or in which his place of business is situated, or in which any of the said land or masonry buildings is situated.

9. Any person qualified as aforesaid, who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings for the next preceding year on account of land or masonry buildings situated in more than one of the said wards, shall be

entitled to vote in each ward in which he shall have been a rate-payer to the extent of twenty-five rupees; and no such person shall be entitled to vote on account of any taxes paid under Parts I and II of Chapter III.

The word "land" in this and the last preceding section does not include huts erected on land.

10. Any company registered under the "Indian Companies' Act, 1866," which has paid any of the said rates or taxes, or rates and taxes, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees on the date and for the period and in the manner mentioned in section eight, shall be entitled to one vote in the ward in which the place of business of the said company is situated, and such vote shall be given by the secretary of the company, or some other person duly authorised in that behalf.

11. Every male person shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation who shall have severally paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than fifty rupees.

Provided that no officer of the Corporation shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation so long as he shall remain in the employ of the Commissioners, except the Chairman and Vice-Chairman as hereinbefore provided.

12. Where the aggregate amount of rates or taxes, or of rates and taxes, paid by a joint undivided family, or by two or more partners in any trade or business, or by the joint occupiers of any house or land, under Chapter IV, or under Parts I and II of Chapter III, on the date and for the period and in the manner aforesaid, is not less than one hundred rupees, any one member of such family, or any one of such partners or joint occupiers, may, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for election as a member of the said Corporation.

If the majority of the members of such joint family, or of such partners, or of such joint occupiers, agree to select one of their number, the person so selected shall be eligible for election under this section. But if the majority do not so agree, the Chairman shall decide which of the said members, partners, or joint occupiers is so eligible, and such decision shall be final and conclusive.

13. For the purpose of the aforesaid election of Commissioners the Town shall be divided into eighteen wards, the boundaries of which are defined in the first schedule.

The first, second, third, fourth, eleventh, and eighteenth of the wards described in the said schedule may each elect two Commissioners, and the remaining wards may each elect three Commissioners.

Every person qualified to vote as hereinbefore provided may vote for as many candidates as there are Commissioners to be elected in the ward or wards allotted to such person under section eighteen, and may give all or any of the votes which he is entitled to give in any one ward to any candidate in that ward.

14. If the rate or tax-payers of any ward shall fail to elect the number of Commissioners allotted to such ward under the last preceding section, the Local Government shall, in place of such election, appoint one or more Commissioners to complete the number so allotted as aforesaid.

15. If any person is elected a Commissioner for more than one of the said wards, he shall within five days of the date of the election, choose, or in default thereof, the Chairman shall forthwith declare, the ward for which such person shall serve; and such person shall thereupon be held to be elected in that ward only which he shall so choose, or which the Chairman shall so declare; and thereupon the rate and tax-payers of the other ward or wards in which the said person has been elected a Commissioner shall forthwith proceed to elect another Commissioner in the manner provided by this Act.

16. Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any two candidates at any election under this Act, and the addition of a vote would entitle any of such candidates to be

elected a Commissioner, the Chairman may give such additional vote, and the candidate to whom such additional vote has been given shall thereupon be held to be elected a Commissioner.

17. The first election shall take place at any time, not being less than two, or more than three months from the commencement of this Act; and until such election has taken place, and until the appointment of members by the Local Government takes effect under section six, this Act shall be read as if all the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta had been respectively appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act.

All subsequent elections, not being elections under section twenty-three, shall take place on the expiration of three years from the date of the previous election.

Votes at all elections shall be rendered by means of voting papers.

The Local Government may from time to time make rules, not being inconsistent with this Act, for the purpose of regulating all matters connected with such elections, and may at any time cancel or modify any of the said rules, and the result of all elections shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Local Government may declare the penalties which shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule, and any person committing a breach of any such rule shall be liable to the penalty so declared; provided that no higher penalty shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule, than a fine of fifty rupees.

The expenses of all elections under this Act shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

18. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected as a Commissioner, may, at any time, not being less than six weeks or more than three months before the election takes place, apply personally or by letter to the Chairman of the Commissioners for registration of his name as such voter or person qualified as aforesaid, and shall, at the same time, if he is entitled to vote in one ward only, name the ward in which he wishes to vote; and if he is entitled to vote in more than one ward, name the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

On receipt of such application the Chairman shall, if he is satisfied that such person is qualified to vote or to be elected as aforesaid, enter the name of such applicant in a list, and shall allot to him the ward or wards which he may have named as aforesaid; and no person whose name is not entered in such list at the time of the election shall be qualified to vote, or to be elected as a Commissioner.

If the applicant shall omit to name a ward as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him such ward as to the Chairman may seem fit, and if the applicant shall omit to name the wards as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

19. As soon as possible after the commencement of this Act, and subsequently from time to time on any date or dates not less than one month before the election (not being an election under section twenty-three) takes place, the list mentioned in the last preceding section shall be printed and affixed by the Chairman of the Commis-

sioners in some conspicuous place in or near his office, and at the Police station of each of the said wards, or at some conspicuous place in each of the said wards; and the Chairman shall forthwith give notice of such publication in one English and one vernacular newspaper published within the Town, and the said list shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times of the day for fifteen days after the date of the publication of such notice.

The Chairman shall be at liberty at any time to revise the said list for the purpose of removing therefrom the name of any person not duly qualified and erroneously entered therein, or of recording the name of any person duly qualified and erroneously omitted therefrom.

20. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected, whose name is omitted from the list referred to in the last preceding section, may, in case the Chairman shall refuse to insert his name in such list, apply to a stipendiary Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta within eight days after such refusal for an order to have his name inserted in such list, and such Magistrate shall, after enquiry, make such order as to the insertion or omission of the name of the applicant as shall be just; and such order, if it directs the insertion of the name of the applicant in such list, shall be forthwith obeyed by the Chairman. The order of such Magistrate made under this section shall not be appealable.

21. No election shall be deemed to be invalid, or shall be in any way affected, by reason of the name of any person duly qualified as aforesaid being omitted from the said list, or by reason of the name of any person not duly qualified as aforesaid being inserted therein; and no election shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of any defect of form in the conduct thereof.

22. The members of the said Corporation shall be appointed or elected respectively for a term of three years. At the expiration of the term for which the members of the said Corporation may be appointed or elected respectively, they shall cease to be members of the said Corporation, but shall be eligible to be again appointed or elected members of the said Corporation for a further term or terms.

Provided that the said term of three years shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiration of the said three years and the date of the next subsequent election, not being an election under the next succeeding section.

23. No person shall be qualified to be or to continue to be a member of the said Corporation who is or becomes at the time, or during the term of his appointment or election, a bankrupt or insolvent, or who is interested (otherwise than as a shareholder in a joint stock company) in any contract with the Corporation; and no person who is absent from Calcutta for six months consecutively, or who shall be sentenced to imprisonment, shall be qualified to continue to be such member.

In case of the death, resignation, or disqualification as aforesaid of any member of the said Corporation, his successor shall be forthwith appointed or elected in the manner hereinbefore provided, and such successor shall remain a member of the said Corporation for the residue only of the term for which the member so dead, resigned, or disqualified was originally appointed or elected.

Provided that no act of the Commissioners or their officers, or of the Commissioners in meeting, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only that the number of the Commissioners did not amount to seventy-two at the date of the performance of such act.

24. Whoever, being qualified to vote or claiming to be qualified to vote at any election under this Act, accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, as a motive or reward for giving or forbearing to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation.

And whoever, by any gift or reward, or by any promise, agreement, or security for any gift or reward, corrupts or procures, or offers to corrupt or procure, any person to give or forbear to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation."

25. All property vested in the Corporation, and all funds received or raised by them in accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall be applicable to the purposes expressly authorised by this Act.

26. The purposes expressly authorised by this Act shall be held to include the objects connected with the public safety, health, and convenience hereinafter specified; that is to say:—

Public Safety.

(1) Defraying the cost of the Police who may be employed for the security of life and property within the Town, in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII.

(2) Provision for lighting the public streets, places, and buildings, and for the securing or removal of dangerous places, buildings, and trades.

Public Health.

(1) Defraying the cost of the maintenance of Hospitals and of charges of Vaccination, Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, and taking a Census.

(2) Construction and maintenance of public markets and slaughter-houses, latrines, privies, depôts for the deposit or discharge of night-soil, urinals, drains, sewers, drainage-works, water-works, bathing-ghâts, drinking-fountains, tanks, wells, squares, and gardens, reclamation of unhealthy localities, and the like.

(3) Cleansing and watering of streets, sewers, scavenging, removal of noxious vegetation, and generally the abatement of all nuisances.

(4) Regulation of offensive trades, and burial and burning grounds, and the removal of and providing sites for the same.

Public Convenience.

(1) Construction, maintenance, and alteration of streets, bridges, causeways, culverts, and the like; regulation of buildings, naming streets and numbering houses, planting trees, and removal of obstructions and projections.

(2) Erection and maintenance of public halls, offices, police stations, lock-ups, and other buildings under the control of the Corporation, or required for municipal or police purposes.

(3) Survey of houses and preparation of plans.

And generally all objects connected with the public safety, health and convenience.

PART II.—Of the Duties of the Corporation.

27. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners,

Duties of Commissioners. and they are hereby required, to

(1) provide for the payment of the interest on the municipal debt in the manner prescribed by section three hundred and thirty-seven;

(2) provide for the establishment of a reserve fund in the manner prescribed by the said section;

(3) provide such funds as may be necessary for the maintenance of the police in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII;

(4) complete and extend throughout the Town the new underground drainage works now under construction, and for that purpose to expend annually a sum, being not less than one lakh and a half of rupees, or, with the sanction of the Local Government, any sum less than the above amount, to be raised as provided by section three hundred and thirty-four;

(5) maintain a water-supply in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VII;

(6) make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the town, and to provide such funds as may be necessary for that purpose.

28. If it shall appear to the Local Govern-

Local Government may appoint a Commission. ment that the Commissioners have failed to make adequate

and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the Town, or of any part thereof, the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, appoint a Commission, consisting of three persons, of whom one shall be the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, or the Senior Medical Officer of the Presidency, the second shall be appointed by the Commissioners in meeting within thirty days of the date of the said notification, or in their default, by the Local Government, and the third by the Local Government; and the Local Government shall order the members of the said Commission to report within a certain time, to be fixed by the Local Government, whether they are of opinion that the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town are defective to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the town, or of any part thereof, and, if they shall be of such opinion, to specify in their report what further provision should be made for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town up to the end of the year then current, or of the year next succeeding, as may be directed by the Local Government, and to submit an estimate of the cost of the said further provision.

29. On receipt of the said report, the Local

In default of Commissioners, Local Government may carry out recommendation contained in report of the Commission.

Government shall forward the same for the consideration of the Commissioners, and if the Commissioners

shall decline to carry out the provisions recommended therein, the Local Government may order that such provisions, or any of them, or any portion of them respectively, be carried out; and thereupon it shall be the duty of the Commissioners to comply with such order, and to provide the funds mentioned in the said estimate, or such portion thereof as the Local Government may fix; and the Chairman shall forthwith carry out such order, and shall defray the cost of carrying out the same from the Municipal Fund, notwithstanding any power conferred on the Commissioners by section fifty-three, or anything to the contrary contained in any other provision of this Act.

Provided that, if there is a difference of opinion among the members of the said Commission, the opinion and report of the majority of the said members shall be held to be the opinion and report of the Commission.

PART III.—Of the Officers of the Corporation.

30. The Local Government shall from time to

Appointment and removal of Chairman of the Commissioners. time appoint a proper person to be Chairman of the Commissioners.

Such Chairman may be removed from office by the Local Government if his removal be recommended by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting of the Commissioners shall have voted, but not otherwise.

31. The Commissioners, at a special general meeting to be held for that

Appointment of Vice-Chairman. purpose, may from time to time appoint, for such period as they may think fit, a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners.

Such appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

32. The Commissioners may, at a special

Appointment of Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor. general meeting, from time to time, appoint proper persons, for such period as they may think fit, to the several

offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor for the Town, or may appoint a proper person to two or more of such appointments or to one.

Every person so appointed, and also the Vice-Chairman, shall reside within the Town, and shall in all things be under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and may be removed by the Commissioners by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting shall have voted, and another person may be appointed in his place.

All appointments and resolutions under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

33. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade. reside within the Town, and each of them shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman

shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever:

Provided that—

- (a) Any Civil or Military Officer in the service of the Government may hold the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment than those specified in this section.
- (b) The Chairman may also hold the office of Commissioner of Police, or of Commissioner as interpreted in section one of Bengal Act No. V of 1870 (*to appoint Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta*); and may perform such other duties as the Local Government may from time to time assign to the Commissioner of Police.
- (c) The Chairman may also be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.
- (d) The Vice-Chairman may, with the sanction of the Local Government, be appointed to and may hold any other office in the employ of the Commissioners to which he may be appointed at a special general meeting.

34. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman respectively may receive

Allowances of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be,

from time to time, fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

Such allowance shall not exceed—

- (a) for the Chairman three thousand rupees a month (exclusive of house-rent, which may or may not in the discretion of the Commissioners be allowed);
- (b) for the Vice-Chairman twelve hundred rupees a month.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

35. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor,

Salaries of Secretary, Engineer, &c.

Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, ap-

pointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

36. The Chairman may from time to time

Appointment and remuneration of Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers.

appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall

think necessary and proper to assist in carrying out this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place;

and may, with the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, pay out of the Municipal Fund such allowances to the said persons respectively, or, in case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as he shall think reasonable; Provided that the allowances of the offices filled by the said persons shall have been sanctioned in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

But no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred rupees, without the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

37. The Commissioners may in meeting, other

Commissioners to grant leave of absence, &c., with sanction of Government.

than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, grant such

leave of absence to the Chairman or any Officer appointed under sections thirty-one and thirty-two, and may, if such officer be other than the Chairman, make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave as shall to them seem proper.

In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Local Government shall appoint one of the Commissioners to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as to it shall seem proper.

Any person appointed under this section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

38. In any case in which leave of absence

Allowances during absence on leave

shall be granted under the last preceding section, the

Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at the meeting shall have voted, with the sanction of the Local Government, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to the Chairman or other Officer aforesaid such allowance during absence on leave as shall to them seem proper.

39. The Commissioners may in meeting, other

Commissioners may make rules for pensions and gratuities to their officers and servants.

than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present

at such meeting shall have voted, from time to time make rules for pensions and gratuities to be granted, and to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, to their officers and servants, and may repeal, alter, or add to such rules.

No rule, and no repeal, or alteration of, or addition to any rule, shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, from time to time, in accordance with such rules for the time being in force, grant such pensions or gratuities to any of their officers or servants as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

40. No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other

Officers, &c., not to be interested in contracts made with the Commissioners.

officer or servant of the Commissioners shall be interested directly or indirectly in any

contract made with the Commissioners, and if any such person be so interested, he shall become incapable of continuing in office or in employment as such Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other officer or servant, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred rupees, which may be recovered by suit brought by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered Company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such Company and the Commissioners.

41. If any person employed under this Act (not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act;

or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Commissioners or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous as provided in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or with both.

PART IV.—Of the Mode of transacting Business and entering into Contracts.

42. The Commissioners shall provide and keep an office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant, or the owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Commissioners;

and the proper Officer of the Commissioners shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Commissioners; and such report shall be entered in the said book, and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant, or owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town.

43. There shall be four quarterly meetings in every year, and one ordinary meeting in every month, at which the Commissioners shall meet for the transaction of general business.

The quarterly meetings shall be held in the months of January, April, July, and October, or in any month to which the quarterly meetings first called for the months of January, April, July, and October may be adjourned; and the ordinary meetings at such dates as the Commissioners in meeting may from time to time direct.

Provided that no ordinary meeting need be called if there be no business to be laid before it by the Chairman or by any of the Commissioners.

44. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, as occasion may require, at a special meeting to be convened for that purpose or at some adjournment thereof, fix and determine the kind of business that may be transacted at the said ordinary and quarterly meetings: and no business, save such kind of business, shall be transacted at such meetings:

But the Chairman may postpone the discussion of any question that may be raised at any such meeting, and refer the determination thereof to a

special or special general meeting to be convened within fourteen days thereafter.

45. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Commissioners, call a special or special general meeting of the Commissioners.

Previous to any such meeting, at least five days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town.

46. No business shall be brought before, or transacted at, any special or special general meeting other than the business specified in the notice given under the

last preceding section:

Provided that any Commissioner may submit to a special or special general meeting any resolution beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such meeting, if he shall have given not less than two clear days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the resolution at the office of the Commissioners.

47. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Commissioners, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting before which the matter may be brought.

48. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all meetings of the Commissioners held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and shall have a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners present at any meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside, who shall, in case of equality of votes, have a second or casting vote.

The President of any meeting at which a quorum of the Commissioners shall be present, may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time, and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting, other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which such adjournment took place.

49. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum of Commissioners be present at such meeting, that is to say:—

- (a) At an ordinary meeting at least six;
- (b) At a special meeting at least nine;
- (c) At a special general, or quarterly meeting, at least eighteen.

• Provided that, if at any meeting there shall not be a sufficient number of Commissioners present to form a quorum as above mentioned, the President (whether he be the Chairman or not) shall adjourn the meeting to such convenient

time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which should have been brought before the original meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by the adjourned meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum present at such adjourned meeting or not;

Provided also that no business shall be brought before an adjourned special general or quarterly meeting, unless there are at least ten Commissioners present at such adjourned meeting.

50. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each meeting; and minutes of each meeting shall be laid on the table at the next subsequent meeting, and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the office of the Commissioners to the inspection of any Commissioner without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

51. At any special general or quarterly meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Commissioners, and at any special or ordinary meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Commissioners, a declaration by the President that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Book of Proceedings of the Commissioners shall, for the purposes of this Act, be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against such resolution.

52. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding section mentioned, the votes of all the Commissioners present who desire to vote shall be taken under the direction of the President, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Commissioners at such meeting.

53. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by the Government, and unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause, attend daily at the office of the Commissioners for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners; and they may respectively exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Commissioners, or in executing any work sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid:

Provided that no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Commissioners, or exercise any power which by this Act is directed to be exercised only by the Commissioners in meeting.

54. The Commissioners may enter into and perform all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding one thousand rupees, or in respect of any property

exceeding one thousand rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by the Chairman (or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman), and two other Commissioners, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Commissioners, and no such contract shall be made without inviting tenders thereon, and without the approval of a Committee of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

The Commissioners may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty or damages incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Commissioners may seem proper.

55. The Commissioners in meeting may from time to time appoint, from among the Commissioners, such and so many Committees, either of a general or of a special nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into, and reporting upon, any matter connected with the conservancy or improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Commissioners would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee: Provided that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be a member of every such Committee, and that the proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Commissioners at a meeting;

Provided also that in cases where the Chairman and the majority of the Committee differ on any matter, no action shall be taken in respect of such matter until it be disposed of by the Commissioners in meeting.

PART V.—Of the Estimates of Income, Expenditure, and Audit.

56. At the quarterly meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate prepared by him of the income and expenditure of the Commissioners (not mentioned in Chapter VIII) for the year commencing on the first day of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Commissioners shall from time to time, by order passed at a quarterly or special general meeting, direct.

Such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

57. The Budget shall show what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall preclude the Commissioners in meeting from

sanctioning expenditure not provided for in the Budget.

58. It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners at the meeting referred to in section fifty-six to pass or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the Budget.

No new work or series of works, the entire estimated cost of which shall exceed fifty thousand rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Local Government.

59. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Commissioners shall be audited and examined at least once in every year at such time and by such auditors as shall, from time to time, be appointed by the Local Government.

60. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same.

61. If any such person neglect or refuse to make or sign such declaration, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

62. All auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be paid out of the Municipal Fund such reasonable remuneration as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time determine.

63. Before each audit and examination of accounts, the Commissioners shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers, published in Calcutta; and a copy of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and be open during office hours thereat, to the inspection of all persons interested for seven days before the audit and examination, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of, or extracts from, the same, without the payment of any fee; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the auditors shall report upon the accounts audited and examined, and shall deliver such report to the Commissioners at a meeting, who shall cause the same to be deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

PART VI.—Of the Fixing of Rates.

64. At the quarterly meeting to be held in the month of October in each year as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall fix the rates at which the rates and taxes hereinafter mentioned shall be imposed for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing, and the rate so fixed shall not be altered before the quarterly meeting held in the next succeeding month of October, except by a resolution passed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

CHAPTER III.

OF TAXES.

PART I.—Of the Tax on Carriages and Animals.

65. A tax at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in the second schedule shall be imposed upon all carriages and animals kept within the Town, and shall be payable in advance. But it shall not be imposed on—

- (a) animals belonging to Officers doing regimental duty at the Presidency, at the rate of one animal for each Officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the Indian Volunteers' Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to the Government or to the Commissioners;
- (d) carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter;
- (e) animals under eleven hands in height;
- (f) carriages kept for sale by *bona fide* dealers in such carriages and not used for any other purpose;
- (g) animals used by, or in, any cavalry regiment, or by the Police Force.

66. The person in possession of every carriage or animal kept within the Town shall, on or before the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, forward to the office of the Commissioners, a statement in writing signed by him, containing a description of the carriages and animals in his possession liable to the tax.

Such person shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the half-year commencing on the first day of January or July (as the case may be) for the carriages and animals specified in such statement, according to the rates given in the second schedule.

Any person becoming possessed between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of any carriage or animal so kept, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, send to the office of the Commissioners a similar statement, together with the amount payable for the whole of the then current half-year, according to the rates specified in the second schedule.

The Commissioners may, if they are satisfied that any such carriage or animal has been kept for only a portion of the then current half-year, remit the whole, or such portion thereof as they may think fit, of the amount so payable.

For the purposes of this section a livery stable-keeper shall be deemed to be possessed of every animal in his stables.

67. Whenever any person shall pay to the Commissioners the amount of the tax which under the two last preceding sections shall be payable by him in respect of all carriages and animals kept within the Town, the Commissioners shall grant to such person a license to keep within the Town such carriages and animals during the current half-year ending upon the first day of January, or the first day of July which shall occur next after the grant of such license, and no longer.

68. Whoever keeps or is in possession of any carriage or animal without the license required by the two last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, exclusive of the amount so payable.

69. The Commissioners, at their discretion, may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers, and other persons keeping carriages for hire, or animals for sale or hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages or animals so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes specified in the second schedule.

70. Whoever, having compounded for the payment of a certain sum under the last preceding section, refuses to pay such sum, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such composition, exclusive of the amount so payable.

71. The Commissioners may, by a notice in writing under their common seal, require any person who shall carry on the trade or business of a livery stable-keeper, to produce, for the inspection of the Commissioners or of any officer authorized by them in that behalf, all books and accounts relating to the business of a livery stable-keeper carried on by such person.

72. The Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage or animal liable to taxation; and the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any tax under sections sixty-five and sixty-six, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the horses and carriages in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

73. Whoever neglects or refuses to comply with a notice served under section seventy-one, and who ever hinders or obstructs the Commissioners or any person appointed by them, from or in entering or inspecting any stable, coach-house, or place, in the manner provided in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

74. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns, in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners and to be open to the inspection of any person who shall apply for leave to inspect the same, a list of the persons to whom during the then current period of six months a license has been granted under section sixty-seven, and of the carriages and animals in respect of which the same has been granted.

PART II.—Of the Tax on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

75. Every person who shall, within the Town, exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings, specified in the third schedule, shall yearly take out a license, and shall pay for the same such sum as is in the third schedule mentioned.

The Commissioners may in their discretion remit any portion of the sum so payable if they are satisfied that any such person has exercised any such profession, trade, or calling, for a portion of the year only.

76. The license mentioned in the last preceding section shall be granted by the Commissioners or by some person authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify,

the date of the grant thereof,
the name of the person to whom the license is granted,
the profession, trade, or calling for which the license is granted,
and the sum paid for such license.

Such license shall have effect and continue in force from the commencement of the year in which it is granted until the thirty-first day of December next after the day of the granting thereof, and no longer.

77. Whoever exercises any trade, profession, or calling without the license required by section seventy-five, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, exclusive of the amount so payable.

78. The Chairman, or some other officer authorized by him in that behalf, shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the third schedule, every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed, and the Chairman may in his discretion remit the payment of license tax either in whole or in part to any person classified under Classes 5 or 6 of the third schedule.

79. Any person may, within fourteen days of the date of his being informed of the class under which he has been assessed as determined in the last preceding section, appeal against such assessment by delivering at the office of the Commissioners an application in writing stating the grounds of appeal; and such appeal shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners other than Executive Officers of the Commissioners.

No such appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the license assessed as aforesaid has been deposited with the Commissioners.

If no appeal be made within the time limited as aforesaid, the decision of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be final.

80. The Commissioners may, by a notice in writing under their common seal, require the occupier of any house to forward to them a list in writing signed by him of the names of all persons residing in such house, and of their respective professions, trades, and occupations.

81. Whoever being the occupier of any house fails to forward such list when required to do so under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

82. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under sections seventy-five and seventy-six which shall state

the profession, trade, or calling of every such person therein named;
the class under which he is assessed;
and the sum paid by him in respect of his license;
and such list shall be kept in the office of the Commissioners and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

PART III.—Of the Registration of Carts.

83. Every cart kept or used within the Town, or the Suburbs, or Howrah, shall be registered in the office of the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall have affixed thereto the number of such registration in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct.

84. Whoever keeps or is in possession of a cart not duly registered as required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such registration, exclusive of the amount so payable; and whoever, being the owner or driver of any cart, shall fail to affix the registration number required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

85. The registration of carts, under the last preceding section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or after the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Commissioners shall appoint, and a fee of four rupees shall be paid for each registration.

The Commissioners may in their discretion remit any portion of the fee so payable if they are satisfied that the cart hereinbefore required to be registered has been kept or used as in the last preceding section mentioned for a portion of the half-year only.

When any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

One-sixth of the total net proceeds of the fees half-yearly received by the Commissioners for the

registration of carts, after deducting charges incurred in and about such registration, shall be paid half-yearly by the Commissioners to the municipality of the Suburbs, and one-twelfth of such proceeds to the municipality of Howrah.

Provided that it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government, from time to time, to alter the proportion of the said proceeds required by this section to be paid by the Commissioners to the municipalities of the Suburbs and of Howrah respectively, and to prescribe such other proportions as to it shall seem proper.

86. The three last preceding sections shall not apply to carts—

- (a) which are the property of the Government.
- (b) which are the property of the Commissioners, the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, or of Howrah.
- (c) or which are kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and are only temporarily and casually used within the Town, the Suburbs, or Howrah.

87. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners or any Officer authorized by them in that behalf, may seize such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of the seizure in the conveyance of passengers or goods), together with the animals or cattle drawing the same, and may detain them;

and all Police Officers shall, on the application of the Commissioners or their Officers as aforesaid, seize and detain any such cart, animals, or cattle.

If the cart, animals, or cattle so seized be not claimed within ten days, they may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied to the expenses incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Municipal Fund of Calcutta.

CHAPTER IV.

OF RATES.

PART I.—Of Imposing the Rates.

88. The Commissioners shall, as provided in section sixty-four, impose upon all houses and land within the town the following annual rates, which shall be calculated on the annual value of the said houses and land—

- (a) a House-rate, not exceeding ten per centum;
- (b) a Water-rate, not exceeding six per centum when the houses and land are situated in streets supplied with filtered water in the manner provided by section one hundred and twenty-nine, and not exceeding five per centum when the houses and lands are situated in streets not so supplied.
- (c) a Police-rate, not exceeding three per centum;
- (d) a Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum.

The Commissioners may impose upon all houses and land situated within the boundaries declared under section one hundred and sixty-eight an annual Drainage-rate, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value.

89. The House-rate and Drainage-rate shall be payable by the owners of the houses and land.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in sections ninety-nine and one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall (save as is provided in section one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

All the rates hereinbefore mentioned shall be payable by quarterly instalments.

The House-rate shall be payable on the first of April, the first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in section ninety-nine) be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

PART II.—Of the Owner's Rates.

90. If the annual value of any house or land as assessed under Chapter V,

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the occupier, owner may recover difference from him.

shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the occupier to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the occupier the

difference between the sum assessed upon him and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by the occupier, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him.

91. Where any house or land, whereon the rate is assessed under Chapter V, has been vacant for sixty consecutive days

Remission of house-rate when house vacant.

during any year, the person assessed to the said rate shall be entitled to a remission of so much thereof, not exceeding one-half of the rate for that year, as shall be proportionate to the number of days such house or land has been vacant, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

92. No remission shall be made under the last preceding section, unless the same shall be applied for within six months from the date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the remission is applied for.

No remission unless application be made within six months from vacancy.

PART III.—Of the Occupier's Rates.

93. Whenever any quarterly instalment of Water-rate shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or land shall, during the quarter for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such Water-rate shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners three-fourths of

Refund of Water-rate when house ceases to be occupied.

such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

94. Whenever any quarterly instalment of the Police and Lighting-rates shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or land shall, during the quarter for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such instalment shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

Refund of Police and Lighting-rates when house ceases to be occupied.

95. No refund of rates shall be made under the two last preceding sections, unless the same is applied for within six months from the date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the refund is applied for.

96. Whenever any house or land, which shall have been unoccupied, shall be occupied during any quarter, there shall be forthwith payable in respect of such house or land, such amount of the Water, Police, and Lighting-rates as shall bear to the entire quarterly instalments of the said rates for such house or land the same proportion as the residue of such quarter after such house or land shall be occupied bears to an entire quarter.

97. Whenever any person holding any house or land at a rent from the person liable to pay the House-rate has or may sublet the same to different persons holding in severalty, the person so holding shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the occupier of such house or land.

98. Whenever the person from or by whom the Water-rate shall have been recovered or paid shall not be the owner of the house or land in respect of which the Water-rate shall have been assessed, such person may recover from the owner of such house or land one-fourth of the Water-rate so paid by deducting the same from the rent payable by him to such owner.

99. Whenever any house or land has been unoccupied during an entire quarter, the owner of the said house or land shall pay to the Commissioners one-fourth of the sum which would have been payable as Water-rate by the occupier if such house or land had been occupied.

When house or land unoccupied, owner to pay one-fourth of Water-rate.

The sum payable by the owner under this section shall be payable on the first of April, the

first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

100. If any house is occupied by more than one person holding in severalty, or is of less assessed annual value than two hundred rupees, the Commissioners may impose the Water, Police; and Lighting-rates upon the owner of such house, or upon the owner of the land on which such house is situated.

101. If the Water-rate is paid by the owner of any house or land under the last preceding section, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier three-fourths of the rate so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier three-fourths of such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rate so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

102. If the Police and Lighting-rates are paid by the owner of any house or land under section one hundred, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier the entire amount of the rates so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rates so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

103. Every owner who, under the provisions of the two last preceding sections, may be entitled to recover any sum from the occupier of any house or of any portion thereof, shall have for the recovery of such sum all such and the same remedies, powers, rights, and authorities as if such sum were rent payable to him by the occupier in respect of such portion of the house as may be in his occupation.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF HOUSES AND LAND.

104. The estimated gross annual rent at which any house or land, liable to rate under this Act, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of any rate to be imposed under this Act, be held and be deemed to be the annual value of such house or land.

The value of land so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery thereupon.

Provided that all the unoccupied land, roads, and slopes of the Port Commissioners shall be rated at the rent for which the said land, roads, or slopes might be reasonably expected to let, in the same manner as if the said land, roads, and slopes were used for other than public purposes, and belonged to persons other than a public body, save and except the road extending from the northern boundary of the premises occupied by the East India Railway Company at Armenian Ghat

to the Chitpore canal, and the road extending from the Chitpore road to the river Hooghly at Coomartollah Ghat, for a width not exceeding seventy feet and sixty feet respectively, which shall be exempted from assessment of any rate under this Act.

105. All assessments made by the Commissioners prior to the commencement of this Act shall remain in force during the period for which they were so made, and on the expiration of such assessments, the annual value at which any house or land is to be assessed shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and such house or land shall be assessed upon the value so fixed for six years from the date on which it is so fixed.

106. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in the last preceding section, any substantial alteration and improvement is made to any such house or land, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though such period has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment.

107. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in section one hundred and five, any such house or land shall receive substantial injury through fire, cyclone, the act of God, or civil commotion, or suffers material depreciation from any cause proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioners to have been beyond the control of the owner or occupier thereof, the Commissioners shall, as soon as practicable, on application being made to them in writing by the owner or occupier of such house or land, cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though the current period of assessment has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment;

Provided that if any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made, prior to the expiration of the said period of assessment, to the house or land which shall have been again assessed as aforesaid, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed as under section one hundred and six.

108. The annual value assessed by the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns—

- (a) the name of the owner;
- (b) the name of the occupier, if the occupier is the person liable to pay the rate;
- (c) a designation of the property, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name and number of the street (if any) in which it is situated;
- (d) the amount of the rate assessed thereon; and
- (e) the amount of the rate assessed on the house and on the land respectively, whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land.

The book required to be kept under this section is hereinafter called the "assessment book."

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the assessment book as the "owner" or "occupier."

109. The Commissioners shall from time to time make a valuation or measurement of all houses and land within the Town, and for such purpose may divide the Town into such and so many districts as they may think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the assessment book.

110. The Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of any house or land, to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and the Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between the hour of seven in the forenoon and sunset enter on, and inspect, survey, and measure such house or land, after giving a notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours.

111. Whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Commissioner or any person appointed by the Commissioners as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such house or land, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence.

112. When the valuation or measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided by the Commissioners, shall have been completed, the Commissioners shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the assessment book, or a copy thereof, may be inspected, by advertisement in at least two of the English daily newspapers, and in two vernacular newspapers, published within the Town, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town;

and the person in whose custody the assessment book may be, shall permit every person being the owner or occupier of any house or land included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee, and every person not being such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

113. The Commissioners shall, in all cases in which any house or land is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any house or land previously assessed is increased, give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of the same, and when the valuation is increased as aforesaid, the said notice shall state the grounds of such increase.

114. Appeals against any assessment made by the Commissioners under this Chapter shall lie

- (a) to not less than three Commissioners, other than executive officers of the Commissioners; or
(b) to the Court of Small Causes.

In any case of an appeal to the Court of Small Causes under this section the said Court may follow the procedure laid down in sections three hundred and fifty-four and three hundred and fifty-five.

115. Any person desiring to appeal against any assessment made under this chapter, shall, within fifteen days of the publication of the notice referred to in section one hundred and twelve deliver at the office of the Commissioners a notice in writing, stating the grounds of appeal, and also informing the Commissioners whether he intends to appeal under clause (a) or (b) of the last preceding section.

No appeal shall lie as hereinbefore provided unless the amount of the house-rate for one quarter, under the assessment about to expire, has been deposited with the Commissioners;

and unless the appeal is preferred by the person who, at the time the appeal is made, shall be recorded in the said book as the owner of the house or land to which the appeal refers, or by the occupier thereof, or by the agent of either of them.

116. The Commissioners shall give notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to hear the appeals under clause (a) of section one hundred and fourteen.

Every appeal under clause (b) of the said section shall be presented to the Small Cause Court within seven days from the date of the delivery of the notice at the office of the Commissioners under the last preceding section.

117. The assessment by the Commissioners of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the two last preceding sections, shall be final and conclusive.

118. The assessments made by the Commissioners, subject to such alterations as may from time to time thereafter be duly made on appeal, shall be entered in the assessment book, and the rate calculated on the said assessment shall, subject to such alterations as aforesaid, be deemed to be the rate for the whole period for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter next succeeding that in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated; and until such date the old assessment shall continue in force, notwithstanding that the period for which the old assessment was made may have expired.

119. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the assessment book by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any house or land liable to the rate, after

giving notice, to any person interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any house or land not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the assessment, without notice:

and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal by application in writing to the Commissioners, to be left at their office three clear days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment; and the provisions of sections one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifteen, one hundred and sixteen, and one hundred and seventeen, shall, so far as may be practicable, apply to such appeal.

120. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new assessment book at the expiration of each period of assessment, but the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in any assessment book for any previous period, with such alterations as may in particular cases be deemed necessary, as the valuation, or measurement and assessment for the period next following;

Provided that sections one hundred and ten to one hundred and eighteen (both inclusive) shall, as far as may be practicable, be applicable to such valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the assessment book or books in which it is contained.

CHAPTER VI.

OF LEVYING THE RATES.

121. When any rate is due, the Commissioners shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property, for which the rate is charged.

Provided that whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land, the assessment on the land and on the house shall be separately entered in the said bill.

122. If the bill is not paid by the person liable to pay the same within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Commissioners may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the fourth schedule, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the moveable property of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, under a warrant in the form contained in the fifth schedule, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Commissioners.

For every notice of demand under this section which the Commissioners shall cause to be served

upon any person, a fee, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid by such person.

Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

123. The officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding section shall make an inventory of the moveable property seized under such warrant, and shall at the time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the sixth schedule, or to the like effect, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said moveable property will be sold as therein mentioned.

124. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable

property seized shall be sold under the orders of the Commissioners, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs;

and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure.

All sales of property under this section shall, so far as may be practicable, be regulated by the procedure now in force or hereafter to be in force in the Court of Small Causes with respect to sale after distress.

Fees shall be payable upon distrains under this Act according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the sixth schedule.

All officers and servants of the Corporation are prohibited from purchasing any property at any such sale.

125. The moveable property of any person from whom any rate is due may be distrained, wherever found, may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in payment of the money due from him.

126. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house or land remains unpaid after notice of demand has been duly served, the Commissioners may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of the house or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, and, in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by, or recovered from, him.

Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any house or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

127. No distress levied under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser on account of any irregularity committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full

satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

128. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress and sale the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Commissioners may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE WATER-SUPPLY.

129. The Commissioners shall provide a supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such mains and pipes to be laid, and such tanks, reservoirs, or other works to be made and constructed, as shall be necessary for the supply of filtered water in all the chief public streets of the Town, and shall also erect, in all such streets, sufficient and convenient stand-pipes or pumps for the gratuitous use of the inhabitants of the Town for domestic purposes.

The said stand-pipes or pumps shall be so placed that there shall not be any portion of any such chief street at a greater distance than one hundred and fifty yards from some such stand-pipe or pump.

130. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for animals, or for washing carriages, where such animals or carriages are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture, or business, or for fountains, or for watering gardens or roads, or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose.

131. The Commissioners shall, between the hours of six in the forenoon and nine in the afternoon, so far as may be reasonably practicable, keep and maintain in their pipes and mains a sufficient supply of filtered water under a pressure of not less than ten feet for the domestic use of the rate-payers, and shall daily, from the hour of seven in the forenoon to nine in the forenoon, and from the hour of five in the afternoon to six in the afternoon, maintain a pressure of water in the service pipes and mains sufficient to raise the water in all houses and places in which the same may be introduced, to a height of not less than fifty feet.

132. The Commissioners may supply water through a meter, for purposes other than domestic purposes, provided that the person requiring such supply make application to the Commissioners in writing, specifying the purpose for which such supply is required and the quantity likely to be consumed.

The Commissioners may thereupon, subject to such charges or rates as may have been fixed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, lay down, or allow to be laid down, the necessary communication-pipes and works, of such dimensions and character as may be fixed by the Commissioners.

133. The occupier of every house shall be entitled to have, free of further charge, fifteen hundred gallons of filtered water for every rupee paid to the Commissioners

Householder entitled to certain supply of water for domestic use.

as water-rate on account of such house, to be supplied from the service pipes of the Commissioners for domestic use through a ferrule of such size as the Commissioners may determine. If the Commissioners have reason to believe that the occupier of any house consumes more filtered water than he is entitled to as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to provide a water-meter at their own expense, and attach the same to the water-pipes of the said house; and any water which may be used over and above the quantity to which the occupier is entitled as aforesaid shall be paid for by him at the rate of one rupee for every fifteen hundred gallons.

Provided that no charge shall be made by the Commissioners for unfiltered water supplied under the next succeeding section.

Nothing contained in the first clause of this section shall apply to houses assessed at less than twelve hundred rupees per annum.

134. It shall be at the option of the Commissioners to provide filtered or unfiltered water for all latrines and water-closets; and wherever filtered water has been already supplied to such latrines or water-closets, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners at their own expense, and not otherwise, to stop the supply of filtered water, and in lieu thereof to provide unfiltered water for such latrines and water-closets.

Commissioners may provide filtered or unfiltered water for latrines.

135. All latrines and water-closets now supplied, or hereafter to be supplied, with water, filtered or unfiltered, shall be provided with a cistern of such size and description as the Commissioners shall direct; and all such cisterns shall be put up at the cost of the owner of the house or land so supplied with water.

All latrines to be provided with cistern.

136. Every person paying the water-rate hereinbefore mentioned shall be entitled to lay down communication-pipes from the service pipes of the Commissioners, for bringing into his house or land a reasonable supply of water for domestic use; provided that the Commissioners shall be at liberty to cut off the supply of water to any house or land during the time the said house or land is unoccupied.

Communication-pipes, &c., to be made of required dimensions and at expense of householder.

The communication-pipes leading the water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into the house of any rate-payer, and the pipes and works within the house connected therewith, shall be of such character, dimensions, and material as the Commissioners shall fix and approve; and shall be made and constructed at the expense of the person requiring the same.

137. The communication-pipes and all fittings thereon leading water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into any house or land, and the pipes, works, and fittings inside the house or land, must in all cases be executed subject to the inspection and to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Communication-pipes, &c., must be made to satisfaction of Officer of the Commissioners.

Such communication-pipes, works, and fittings may be made by the servants and workmen of the Commissioners, upon such terms as may be

agreed upon between the Commissioners and the person requiring the supply, or subject to such charges as may be fixed by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may require the amount necessary for the execution of such works to be paid or deposited before such works are executed; and such charges and expenses shall be recoverable in the same manner as the water-rate.

138. The Officer authorized in that behalf by the Commissioners may, between the hours of seven in

Power to enter premises.

the forenoon and five in the afternoon, enter into or on any house or land supplied with water as aforesaid in order to examine all pipes, works, and fittings, connected with the supply of water, and to ascertain if there be any waste or misuse of such water;

and if such Officer at any such time be refused admittance into such house or land for the purposes aforesaid, or be prevented from making such examination as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith turn off the water from such house or land.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

139. In the event of any pipes, works, or fittings connected with the

When pipes are out of repair, Commissioners may turn off water.

supply of water to any house or land, being at any time found on examination by any officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, the Commissioners may cause the water to be turned off from such house or land, after giving notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours, and may recover the expense incurred for turning off the water from the occupier of such house or land.

140. If any person supplied with water shall neglect to pay the water-

Water may be cut off on neglect to pay the rate.

rate hereinbefore mentioned at any of the times of payment thereof, or the charge made for the said water when supplied for other than domestic purposes, the Commissioners may turn off the water from the house or land in respect of which such rate or charge is payable, by cutting off the pipe to such house or land, or by such means as the Commissioners may think fit, and may recover the expenses of turning off the water from such person;

Provided that the stopping or cutting off the supply of water shall not relieve any person from any penalties or liabilities which he may otherwise have incurred.

141. The occupier of any house or land in which water supplied by the

Occupier in whose house water is wasted liable to penalty.

Commissioners under this Act is, from negligence or other circumstances under the control of the said occupier, wasted, or in whose house or land the pipes, works, and fittings for the supply of water shall be found to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

142. Any person causing waste of water supplied by the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

Person causing waste of water liable to penalty.

143. It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioners to allow any person, not residing within the limits of the Town, to take or be supplied with

Commissioners at their discretion may allow persons outside the Town to take water

water for his domestic use on such terms as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time prescribe. And any person taking or causing to be taken for use outside the limits of the Town water supplied by the Commissioners without the permission of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty.

144. It shall not be lawful for any person

Person executing any work for laying on water must hold a license from the Commissioners.

to execute any work in connection with the laying on of water from any service pipes of the Commissioners to any house or land, unless he shall hold a license from the Commissioners authorising him to act as a plumber under such rules and regulations as the Commissioners may from time to time lay down, and which shall be printed on the back of his license. Any person licensed by the Commissioners as a plumber, who shall infringe or break any rules or regulations under

Penalty.

which he holds his license, shall be liable to have his license at once cancelled by the Commissioners, and shall also be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

145. Any owner or occupier of any house or

Owner or occupier when not entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

land who shall cause or allow works, pipes, or fittings for the supply of water from the service pipes of the Commissioners to be executed by any person other than a plumber licensed by the Commissioners, shall not be entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

146. Before a connection for the supply of

Before connection, Engineer of the Commissioners to cause all works and pipes to be inspected.

water from the service pipes of the Commissioners to any house or land is sanctioned by the Commissioners, the Engineer of the Commissioners shall cause all the works, pipes, and fittings within the said house or land to be inspected by a duly qualified officer; and the cost of such inspection shall be payable in advance at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct, by the person applying for the said connection; and until the Engineer of the Commissioners shall have certified that the said works, pipes, and fittings have been executed and put up in a satisfactory manner, a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes shall not be permitted.

147. The connection with the service pipes of

Connection with service pipes to be executed only by an officer of the Commissioners.

the Commissioners, as also the laying of supply pipes under any public road or thoroughfare, shall be executed by an officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf and by no other person; and the expense of making such connection shall be

payable in advance by the person applying for the same, at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct.

• 148. If any licensed plumber shall execute any works or put up any fittings within any house or land for the supply of water from the pipes of the Commissioners in a careless and negligent manner, or make use of bad materials or fittings, the said licensed plumber shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and upon a third conviction shall be liable to have his license cancelled at the discretion of the Commissioners.

149. Any person who shall unlawfully flush, draw off, divert, or take water from any water-works belonging to or under the management or control of the said Commissioners, or from any water or streams by which such water-works are supplied, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

150. Any occupier holding direct from the owner of any house may, by notice in writing signed by him, require the owner of such house to perform all such necessary works as may be required for bringing into such house a supply of water for domestic use.

Every such notice shall contain an agreement on the part of such occupier to pay interest at the rate of one per centum per mensem, calculated from the date of the completion of the works, on the cost of such works during the residue of his term of occupation.

Provided that, if the house and the premises belonging thereto shall not abut upon some street in which there is a supply-main, such occupier shall, in the agreement, undertake to pay the cost of connecting the house with the nearest supply-main.

151. If any owner shall not, within the space of three months from the service of such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, cause such necessary works as aforesaid to be completed, the occupier, who shall have given such notice, may cause the same to be completed, and may deduct from the rent payable by him the cost of such works, save so much of such cost as may be incurred in connecting with a supply-main any house and premises belonging thereto which may not abut upon a street in which there may be a supply-main; and such deduction shall be made by six equal monthly instalments.

Interest on each such instalment shall be payable to the owner by the occupier at the rate of one per centum per mensem, from the time when it shall have been so deducted.

152. The supply of water to a house shall not be deemed sufficient for domestic use unless it provides two taps in each floor of such house, one other such tap in the cookroom of or attached to such house, and one other such tap in the premises, or in or near the stables belonging to such house, and the necessary works for such taps.

But if the annual rent of such house, with the land attached thereto, shall be less than three hundred rupees, it shall be sufficient to provide one tap only within the said premises, and the necessary works for the same.

153. No works for introducing a supply of water to any house shall be commenced by the owner without sending a specification and estimate of the cost thereof to the occupier, nor by the occupier without sending such specification and estimate to the owner.

154. In case there shall be any difference between the owner and the occupier respecting the cost or the sufficiency of the proposed works, either the owner or the occupier may refer such difference to the Commissioners, and the written award of the Engineer of the Commissioners, or of any officer authorized by them in that behalf, shall be binding on the owner and the occupier.

155. There shall be payable to the Commissioners in respect of every such reference a fee at the rate of two rupees for every hundred rupees of the monthly rent of the house or land in respect of the water-supply to which the difference may have arisen:

Provided that such fee shall in no case exceed ten rupees, and shall be paid by the person making the reference.

156. Except in the case of a special agreement to the contrary, the owner of any house or land shall bear the expense of keeping all works connected with the supply of water to such house or land in substantial repair.

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the liabilities of parties under leases executed or made previous to the commencement of this Act.

157. Any owner to whom any sum is payable under sections one hundred and fifty and one hundred and fifty-one, may recover such sum from the person liable to pay the same as if the same were rent payable by such person for the house in respect of which the expenses have been incurred.

158. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things connected therewith, or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

159. If any person, being the proprietor of any gas-works,

or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas,

or being the occupier or owner of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on,

wilfully does any act connected with the said business whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works belonging to the Commissioners is

fouled or corrupted, the Commissioners may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such person;

and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by anything proceeding from, or contained in, the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be;

but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Commissioners.

160. The water rate and all monies collected, received, or recovered for or in respect of the supply of water, or the execution of works, and all fines connected therewith, or in any respect relating to the water-supply, shall be applied by the said Commissioners in defraying the expense of making, extending, or maintaining the water-works,

in paying the interest of money borrowed for the water-works,

and in the liquidation of debts incurred in connection therewith, or for some other purpose connected with the supply of water.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE POLICE BUDGET.

161. The Commissioner of Police shall, on or before the first day of September in each year, transmit to the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate of the expense of the Police Force for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

162 The Police Budget shall show the various heads of the estimated expenditure of the Police Force, and the intended distribution of the Police Force during the year to which it relates.

163. The Chairman shall forthwith, upon the receipt of any such Budget, cause the same to be printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House; and shall lay every such Budget before the Commissioners at the next quarterly meeting of the Commissioners, or at a special general meeting.

The Commissioners shall thereupon forward such Budget to the Local Government, with such remarks as to them may seem fit, and it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the same.

164. If during any period for which a Police Budget shall have been passed and submitted as aforesaid, it shall appear that the amount provided by such Budget is insufficient to defray the necessary expense of the Police Force for such period, the Commissioner of Police may prepare a supplemental Budget for such period,

and the provisions of the three last preceding sections shall apply to such supplemental Budget.

165. The amount of the estimates passed shall, after deducting therefrom such amount as may from time to time be allowed by the Government from the General Revenues towards the maintenance of the Police Force, be paid to the Local Government, or to such Officer as the Local Government may from time to time direct, by the Commissioners out of the annual proceeds of the Police rate; and it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to expend from the said proceeds any sums for purposes other than those provided in the Budget of the Commissioner of Police and duly sanctioned by the Local Government under section one hundred and sixty-three.

166. On or before the first day of April in every year, the Commissioner of Police shall present to the Chairman, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next monthly meeting, an account of the expense of the Police Force for the year ending the thirty-first day of December then next preceding, and in case the amount, which shall during such year have been paid to the Local Government under the provisions hereinbefore contained, shall not have been expended in the maintenance of the Police Force, the balance remaining unexpended shall be deemed to have been paid by the Commissioners in or towards discharging the expense of the Police Force during the ensuing year.

CHAPTER IX.

OF THE SYSTEM OF DRAINAGE FOR THE TOWN AND ITS ENVIRONS.

167. The Commissioners may carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the Town as they may think fit, subject to the approval of the Local Government, and to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by it.

168. The Local Government may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and for the purposes of the Drainage-rate the land within such boundaries as aforesaid shall be deemed to be part of the Town.

CHAPTER X.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

169. The Commissioners shall keep in their office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district shall appoint a person to be a Registrar of births and deaths within such district; and the Commissioners shall at each burning ghât and native burial-ground appoint a Sub-Registrar for the registration of all corpses brought to such burning ghât or burial ground for cremation or interment.

170. Every Registrar shall dwell within the district of which he is Registrar, and every Sub-Registrar shall dwell in the vicinity of the burning ghât or native burial ground for which he is appointed; and they shall cause their names, with the addition of Registrar for the district, or Sub-Registrar for the burning ghât or native burial ground for which they shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of their own dwelling-houses; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar and Sub-Registrar in the Town.

171. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of Register books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in the eighth and ninth schedules, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

172. Every Registrar shall inform himself of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district, and shall ascertain and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the eighth and ninth schedules respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

173. The father or mother of every child born in the Town, or in the case of the death, illness, or absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house in which such child shall have been born, shall, within eight days after the day of the birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars by this Act required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

174. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town, or, in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some person living in the house in which such death shall have happened, shall forthwith give information to the Registrar of the district, or Sub-Registrar at the burning ghât or burial ground, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person:

Provided that, in lieu of the information hereinbefore stated, in the case of persons dying in any hospital it shall be the duty of the Medical Officer in charge forthwith to send a notice in writing to the Commissioners in the form prescribed in the

ninth schedule of the occurrence of any death in the hospital under his charge.

175. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar or Sub-Registrar under the two last preceding sections, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, or who shall give false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

176. Every person by whom the information contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it:

Provided that the Registrar may fill up and sign the Register for any person who is unable to write:

Provided further that in the case of a person dying in any hospital the registration of the death shall be deemed to be complete on receipt by the Commissioners of the written notice from the Medical Officer in charge of the said hospital prescribed in section one hundred and seventy-four.

177. It shall not be lawful for any sexton, keeper of a cemetery, burial ground, or burning ghât to bury, burn, or allow to be buried or burned, any corpse, unless the said corpse is accompanied by a certificate in the form specified in the ninth schedule, and signed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar appointed under section one hundred and sixty-nine, or by a Medical Officer.

178. Whoever buries, burns, or allows to be buried or burnt, a corpse without the certificate mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

OF TAKING A CENSUS.

179. At such times and in such manner as the Commissioners may from time to time appoint, an account shall be taken of the number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

180. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Local Government, deem necessary; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

181. Each Police division of the Town shall be formed into one or more enumeration districts.

182. At such times as shall be appointed under section one hundred and seventy-nine, and as shall be notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* by the Local Government, every occupier of a dwelling-house, or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and

every person to whom a form, as mentioned in section one hundred and eighty-four, may have been delivered, shall afford such information in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner as may under this Act be required of them.

183. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his district, and, except as hereinafter provided, shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses, and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his district, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf.

Provided that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

184. The Chairman, when he deems such a course to be advisable, may cause such a form as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, subject to the approval of the Local Government, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who may be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to the person authorized to demand the same.

185. Any military or naval Officers in command of bodies of military or naval men, or of vessels of war, or any master of a merchant vessel, or naco-dah, or tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, or prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of hotels or lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed.

186. Whoever, being required under section one hundred and eighty-four to fill in any form, or under section one hundred and eighty-three to act as an enumerator, fails so to do, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

Every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

187. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose, and as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night immediately preceding

the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

188. The enumerators shall fill in all forms for those persons who are unable to write.

CHAPTER XI.

OF CONSERVANCY AND IMPROVEMENT.

PART I.—Of the Streets.

189. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government) and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners.

190. The Commissioners, making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any houses or land which may be required for any such purposes, may

- (a) lay out and make new streets;
- (b) build and construct new bridges;
- (c) turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up any public street; and
- (d) widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve any such street.

For the purposes of this section the Commissioners in meeting may purchase any land necessary for houses and buildings to form any public street, or for the improvement of any public street.

191. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, from time to time cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired, and for such purpose may do all things necessary for the public safety and convenience.

192. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted; and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Commissioners may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, cleaning and maintenance of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

193. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, dirt, filth, and refuse of every kind whatsoever found thereon to be collected and removed.

194. The Commissioners may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, filth, and refuse, arising from the ordinary domestic use of houses, may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in public streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in such receptacles and between such hours as they may from time to time direct.

195. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any public street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

196. Whoever deposits, or suffers to be deposited, any dust, dirt, filth or refuse of any kind whatsoever, in any public street, or on any public quay, jetty, ghât, or landing place, or on any part of the river bank, whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places, and in such manner, and at such hours, as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

197. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being in his house or land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street (public or otherwise), or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy, to run, drain, or be thrown into, a surface drain in any street (public or otherwise), shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

198. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, cause the chief public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

199. Whoever builds any wall, or erects, or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street, or in or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct, after the commencement of this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees; and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment, as also all walls, fences, rails, posts, or other obstruction or encroachment erected in any public street, or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commissioners from allowing any temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies, or for building purposes.

200. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give notice in writing thereof to the Commissioners, showing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause any such street laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered;

or may cause any house, erected in any such street, otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or, if necessary removed,

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending.

If no such level or width be fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Commissioners within one month from the delivery of the aforesaid notice at the office of the Commissioners, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

201. Whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

202. If any street or any part thereof, be not levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the land fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave, flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice; and upon non-compliance, the Commissioners may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein:

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective lands, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Commissioners or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses: Provided that, after such street shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled and sewered, on the requisition of the Commissioners, or by the Commissioners as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

203. If any street be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, if they think fit, and if three-fourths of the owners of houses in such street signify in writing their consent thereto, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

204. The Commissioners in meeting shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, wall, or place, at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every public street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

205. The Commissioners may, from time to time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer

side of any house or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Penalty.

206. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows (whether hung or placed before or after the commencement of this Act), which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction;

and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such public street, the owner of the house or land to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Commissioners to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards; and if he neglects so to do, the Commissioners may make such alteration, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by such owner.

207. The owner of every house in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Commissioners, put up, and keep in good condition, proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house and for discharging the same in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct; and in default of compliance with such notice within the period aforesaid, such

Penalty.

owner shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

208. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after the commencement of this Act, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house, or which has been so erected or placed subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and such owner or occupier shall within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Provided that when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house.

209. The Commissioners may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house in any public street, previous to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to be re-

moved, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make

Notice of removal.

reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the right of any person to compensation when the right thereto is disputed, and the amount thereof, or touching the amount of such compensation when the right thereto is admitted, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

210. The Commissioners may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses abutting on any public street or drain or sewer to put up verandahs, balconies, sunshades, weatherframes, and the like, to project from any upper story thereof over any public street, or drain or sewer.

211. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after the commencement of this Act, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street (public or otherwise), now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after the commencement of this Act unless with the consent in writing of the Commissioners; and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue.

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

Penalty.

212. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any house or land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering on any public street to a height not exceeding seven feet;

or to cut and trim trees overhanging any public street and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

and if such notice is not complied with within three days from the date thereof, the Commissioners may cause such hedges and trees to be cut in the manner required, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the house or land.

213. No person shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any public street, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing; and when such per-

Commissioners may direct hedges to be trimmed.

No one to deposit materials or make hole in a public street.

mission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed, until the materials are removed or the hole is filled up and otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted at night.

214. Whoever deposits materials, or makes a hole, without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose, and light, such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials, or fill up such hole, when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of the Drains.

215. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts, in, alongside, or under the public streets, whether made at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

216. The Commissioners in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if necessary, carry such sewers through, across, or under any public street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the public streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise with respect to the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

217. The Commissioners shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they think fit, enlarge, alter, arch over, or otherwise improve all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them:

and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary.

If by reason of anything done under this section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Commissioners shall at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain, of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Commissioners shall direct;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

218. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, cause the sewers and drains vested in them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied;

and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, may construct and place, either above or underground, reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other necessary works;

and may also, with the sanction of the local Government, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with, and be emptied into, any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purpose as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

219. When the contents of any sewer or drain, or any other flow of filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished, by natural or artificial causes, as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Local Government, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof, to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

220. If any person, without the written consent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such branch drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person making or altering such branch drain.

221. Whoever, without the written consent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

222. If any house or land within the Town and within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners by sufficient drains or pipes communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Commissioners may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay through or from such house or land, covered drains, or pipes, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall think necessary for the complete draining of such house or land; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

223. The Commissioners themselves may con-

Commissioners may construct certain portions of drains under public drains and streets.

struct and lay down such portions of the drains mentioned in sections two hundred and seventeen, two hundred and twenty-two, two hundred and twenty-five, and two hundred and twenty-six as may be carried through or under any public drain, aqueduct, or street, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

224. The Commissioners may cause the works

Supervision of certain works.

mentioned in the said sections to be supervised while in progress, and from time to time during their execution order such reasonable alterations therein, additions thereto, and abandonment of part or parts thereof, as may to the Commissioners appear, on the fuller knowledge afforded by the opening of the ground, requisite to secure the complete and satisfactory execution of such works as aforesaid.

225. If it appear to the Commissioners that a

Group or block of houses, &c., may be drained by a combined operation.

group or block of houses may be drained or improved more economically or advantageously in combination than separately, and a sewer of sufficient size already exists, or is about to be constructed, within one hundred feet of any part of such group or block of houses, the Commissioners may cause such group or block of houses to be drained and improved by a combined operation;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners of such houses in such proportions as shall to the Commissioners seem fit.

226. All sewers and drains in streets (public

Sewers in streets to be covered with traps, &c.

or otherwise), shall be provided by the Commissioners or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation, so as to prevent stench.

If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Commissioners neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith provide and apply the same;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

227. The Commissioners may erect on, or fix to

Power of Commissioners to erect or affix to building pipes for ventilation of sewers.

any house such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house in the neighbourhood.

228. All branch-drains, as well within as

Branch-drains, privies, &c., to be under the control of the Commissioners and to be kept in good order by owners.

without the house or land to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners and shall be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, and kept in proper order at the costs

and charges of the owner of the house or land to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued;

and if the owner of any house or land to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, lay water to, connect with a sewer, repair, stop up, demolish, or put in good order the same, in the manner required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, or put in good order, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

229. If any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool

be constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, the Commissioners may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, as they think fit;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped.

230. Whoever constructs any drain, privy,

or cess-pool, after the commencement of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

231. The Commissioners, or any Officer autho-

Penalty for persons making or altering drains, contrary to the orders of the Commissioners.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

rized by them in that behalf, may inspect any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the house or land to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon such house or land with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be;

and if, upon such inspection, it appears that such drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed contrary to the provisions of this Act, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong;

but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be, and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall in that case be paid by the Commissioners.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

232. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse, or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

233. No person shall, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing, construct or keep any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle for filth, sewage, house-drainage, or other offensive matter, within fifty feet of any public tank, or a tank which the inhabitants of any locality are entitled to use. Any person upon whose land any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle so situated shall be now existing or hereafter constructed, shall remove the same within forty-eight hours of the receipt of a written notice from the Commissioners.

234. Any person failing to comply with the notice mentioned in the last preceding section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding three rupees, for every day that the latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle remains within the limits aforesaid.

PART III.—Of General Conservancy.

235. The Commissioners, from time to time, may appoint

- (a) the hours within which night-soil or other offensive matter may be removed;
- (b) the kind of cart or other receptacle in which it may be removed;
- (c) the route by which such cart or receptacle shall proceed.

236. When the Commissioners have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street (public or otherwise) any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also, whoever

at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Commissioners or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel, other than that approved and sanctioned by the Commissioners, or slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or

does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been slopped or spilled, or

places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter, or drives, or takes, or causes to be driven, or taken, any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street (public or otherwise), or by any route other than that, from time to time, by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every such offence.

237. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places for the deposit of dust, dirt, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever collected and removed in accordance with this Act; and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act.

238. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, keeps or suffers to be kept any dirt, dust, filth, or refuse of any kind whatsoever for more than twenty-four hours, otherwise than in a proper receptacle, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

239. All dirt, dust, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever, collected from the streets (public or otherwise), houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools shall belong to the Commissioners, who may sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

240. If any house or land, by reason of abandonment, or of disputed ownership, or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons;

or become in a filthy or unwholesome state; or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance,

the Commissioners, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming, or believed to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the house or some conspicuous part of the land, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure, enclose, clean, or clear the same;

and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days the Commissioners shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, or, in case of abandonment or disputed ownership, by the sale of any materials found upon such house or land, and the provisions of section two hundred and sixty-seven shall be applicable to such sales.

241. The Commissioners may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessities and urinals,

and shall cause the same, when provided, to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

242. The Commissioners may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessities for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts as they may, from time to time, think proper; and may at any time, on giving one month's notice, cancel any license granted under this section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

No person shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners.

243. Whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehters' depôt without a license, as mentioned in the last preceding section, or having a license, suffers such public necessary or tola mehters' depôt to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence; and whoever shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

244. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town and by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout the Town, or any portion thereof, declare that the duties usually performed by tola mehters within the boundaries specified in the aforesaid advertisement shall be performed by an establishment under the control of the Commissioners, and the Commissioners shall make suitable provision accordingly.

When the Commissioners have made such provision, the occupier of any house or land in respect of which such duties are performed shall be liable to pay in respect of the same such fees as may be imposed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting; and the said fees shall be recovered from such occupier as a rate under Chapter VI.

245. The owner or occupier of any land having a privy on it shall have such privy shut out by a sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood; and no person shall keep a privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street (public or otherwise) or drain.

Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for each day the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Provided that the Commissioners may, in their discretion, permit the continuance, for such time as they may fix, of any such privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street (public or otherwise) where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

246. If the Commissioners think that any privy or additional privy should be provided for any house or land, the owner of such house or land shall, within fourteen days after notice in that behalf by the Commissioners, cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be constructed in accordance with the requisition of such notice; and if such privy be not so constructed to the satisfaction of the Commissioners within such period, the Commissioners may cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be so constructed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

247. No milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages shall keep any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle within the Town for the purposes of trade or business except in a place licensed by the Commissioners.

Such license shall be taken out half-yearly, on the first day of January and the first day of July in every year.

It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting to grant any such license subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and to impose a fee not exceeding five rupees in respect of the same.

248. Whoever, being a milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages, keeps any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

249. Whoever, being the holder of a license under section two hundred and forty-seven, breaks the conditions of such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

250. No person shall keep any pig-stye within the Town to the front of any street (public or otherwise), not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and no person shall keep within the town, without the permission of the Commissioners, more than ten pigs, or more than twenty sheep or goats.

251. Whoever keeps any pig-stye, pigs, sheep, or goats, contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

252. When the pavement or surface of any public street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Commissioners, they shall, with all convenient speed,

complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up to be fenced and guarded and sufficiently lighted during the night.

253. If the Commissioners deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act to raise, sink, or otherwise alter the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works or gas-works, laid in any street, (public or otherwise) they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong, or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Commissioners direct.

Such alteration shall not be such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Commissioners, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons.

And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

254. If the person to whom any such pipes or works as are mentioned in the last preceding section belong, or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of the notice mentioned in the last preceding section, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered in such manner as the Commissioners require, the Commissioners may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby, or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

255. The Commissioners may, at their discretion, set apart any public ghât or place (not being private property, or part of the river or river bank of the Port of Calcutta) for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or runs of water, for the inhabitants to bathe in;

and set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

256. Whoever bathes in any public place, except the places provided or set apart under the

last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

257. When any private tank or low marshy ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners to be injurious to health or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require, by notice in writing, the owner of the same to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during one month from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

258. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

259. The Commissioners may from time to time, as they shall think fit, drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse or fill up, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure); which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

260. The Commissioners, in executing any works under this Act, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, water-courses, drains, and channels, in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works;

and if any difference arises between the Commissioners and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

261. The Commissioners shall, during the construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in or belonging to them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses; and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any street (public or otherwise), to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, cattle, or animals, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper;

and shall cause any sewer or drain, or other works in streets (public or otherwise), during the

Situation of gas and water-pipes may be altered by the Justices.

Alteration not to permanently injure works, and to be done at Commissioners' expense.

Settlement of disputes.

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Commissioners may cause the same to be made.

Commissioners may set apart bathing places, &c.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

Penalty

Power to drain off and cleanse unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

Commissioners to provide works to be made at their own expense.

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

Penalty.

construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night.

262. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers or to persons living in the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may, by notice in writing, require the owner of the land to repair, protect or enclose the same; and if he fails to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed.

263. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART IV.—Of Building Regulations.

264. The Commissioners may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house is situated.

265. When any house, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses.

Provided that the Commissioners shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

266. If any house, or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or to the neighbouring houses, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of such house, or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, repair, or secure, such house, wall, or thing affixed thereon as the case shall require.

If such owner or occupier do not begin to take down, repair, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners shall cause all or so much of such house, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

267. If any such house, or wall, as is mentioned in the last preceding section, or any part of the same, be taken down as in such section mentioned, the Commissioners may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any surplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, or wall, on demand.

The Commissioners shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

268. Before beginning, within the Town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Commissioners notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, showing the levels and width at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Commissioners.

269. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall signify their approval of the proposed levels and width of foundation, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels and width of foundation in lieu thereof within the same time.

270. If such building as is mentioned in section two hundred and sixty-eight be begun or made without sending such notice and plan as are mentioned in the said section, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Commissioners within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid.

271. If the Commissioners fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan as is mentioned in the last preceding section, and to fix other levels and width of foundation within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to, accord-

ing to the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan :

Provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with this Act.

The word "house" in this and the three last preceding sections does not include a hut.

272. Every person intending to build or take down any house, or to alter or repair the outward part of any house, where any public street will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the house where such works are being carried on from the street, and shall keep such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

Provided that no person shall put up a hoard or fence without the written permission of the Commissioners, and shall not keep up the said hoard or fence for a time longer than allowed in the said written permission.

273. Every person, who begins to build, or to take down or alter, or repair any house contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoard, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing, or to maintain the same in good condition, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same, when directed by the Commissioners, within eight days, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

House over sewers, &c., not to be erected without consent of the Commissioners.

274. No house shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners without their written consent ;

and if any house be so erected, the Commissioners may cause such house to be pulled down or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit ;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person so erecting the house.

275. No house shall be built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers.

276. If any house newly erected or re-built within the Town have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house of such materials, of such size, at such

level, and with such fall as the Commissioners may direct ;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

277. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a hut, or any range or block of huts or sheds, or to add any hut or shed to any range or block already existing at the commencement of this Act, without previous notice to the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may require such huts or sheds to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines, of such width as they may think proper for ventilation and to facilitate scavengering, and with such number of privies and with such means of drainage as to them may seem necessary, and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a plinth at least two feet above the level of the nearest public street.

278. If any such huts or sheds be built without giving such notice to the Commissioners or otherwise than as required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier thereof, by affixing a notice to some conspicuous part of some one of such huts or sheds, to take down and remove the same within one month, or to effect such alterations as they may deem necessary ; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, if they shall think fit so to do, to cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the said owner or occupier thereof, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

279. Whoever erects a hut or any range or block of huts or shed, or adds to any hut or shed, or to any range or block already existing contrary to the provisions of section two hundred and seventy-seven, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART V.—Of Sanitary Measures with regard to Blocks of Huts.

280. Whenever the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, are satisfied, from inspection, or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are constructed or crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavengering, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may cause the locality to be inspected by two medical officers, who shall make a report in writing on the sanitary condition of the said block of huts, and shall specify, if necessary, in the said report the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

281. On receipt of the said report the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may cause a notice to be served upon the owners or occupiers of the huts, or at the option of the Commissioners, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the Commissioners for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the aforesaid report, or any portion thereof respectively.

282. If after the service of the said notice, such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to carry out and execute the said works within the time appointed, the Commissioners may cause all or any of the said works, or any portion thereof respectively, to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to them that the said owner is unable by reason of poverty to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

283. If any of the said huts be pulled down, the Commissioners shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected, and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut; or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Commissioners until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent court for the payment of the same.

The Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent court for that purpose.

284. In case the Commissioners should omit to take any action under sections two hundred and eighty-one, or in the opinion of the Local Government should fail to give effect to the provisions thereof, the Local Government may cause any block of huts to be inspected by the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, who shall make a report in writing to the Local Government on the sanitary condition of the locality and, in the event of his reporting that the sanitary condition of the locality is such as to be attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, shall specify the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

285. On receipt of the said report the Local Government may order the Commissioners to serve a notice on the owners or occupiers of the huts, or on the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Local

Government for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the said report, or any portion thereof respectively; and upon service of the said notice the Commissioners may proceed as provided in section two hundred and eighty-two, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon them by section two hundred and eighty-three.

286. If the Commissioners make default in carrying out the said order of the Local Government, the Local Government may appoint some officer to perform the same, and such officer may exercise such of the powers conferred upon the Commissioners by sections two hundred and eighty-one and two hundred and eighty-two, as are necessary for the execution of the said works, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon the Commissioners by section two hundred and eighty-three, and the expenses incurred by such officer in the execution of the said works shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Local Government may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to the Local Government that the said owner is by reason of poverty unable to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

CHAPTER XII.

OF SANITARY MATTERS.

PART I.—Of Slaughter-houses, Food, Drink, Drugs, and Offensive Trades.

287. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town or Suburbs unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may, at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

Provided that no such license be granted by the Commissioners for the use of any place situated in the Suburbs as a slaughter-house without the permission in writing of the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, unless such place has been used as a slaughter-house before the commencement of this Act; and provided further that all fees levied by the Commissioners for licenses to use places situated in the Suburbs as slaughter-houses be paid by the Commissioners to the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs.

288. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, provide places within or without the Town for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses; and all places within or without the town heretofore provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses shall be deemed to have been provided under this section.

Provided that the Commissioners shall annually pay one thousand rupees to the Municipal Commissioners of the suburbs by way of license fee

for the slaughter-house established by the Commissioners at Tengrah.

289. Every owner, or occupier, or farmer, Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained. of any place for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Commissioners, and (if required so to do by the Commissioners) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided, sufficient for keeping such place or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state.

290. If such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Commissioners that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which such default is continued.

291. Any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Commissioners or any of their officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or offered or exposed for sale, may grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article;

and if it appear to the said Justice of the Peace that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order it to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

292. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, corn, bread, flour, wine, spirits, or other food or drink, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink which may be therein; and in case any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink appear to be intended for the food or drink of man, and to be unfit for such food or drink, may seize the same;

and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink is unfit for the food or drink of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food

293. Any Justice of the Peace before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made under this Act, in addition to the fine which may be imposed on such person under this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to him under section two hundred and eighty-seven.

and the Commissioners, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, may cancel his license.

294. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is cancelled as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted such offence.

295. No place shall be kept for the sale of drugs unless the same shall have been registered in the office of the Commissioners. Any keeper of such place failing to register the same within two months after the commencement of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

296. The Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any place kept for the sale of drugs, or in which drugs are sold, and if they have reason to suspect that any drug in the said place is adulterated in such a manner as to lessen its efficacy, to change its operation, or to render it noxious, may remove the same on giving a receipt, specifying the nature and quantity of the drug removed, and its approximate value; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that the said drug removed as aforesaid is adulterated as aforesaid, he may order the same to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to him may seem fit; if it shall appear to the said Justice that the drug so removed is not adulterated as aforesaid, the person from whose shop or place it has been taken shall be entitled to have it restored to him, and it shall be in the discretion of the said Justice to award him such compensation as he may think proper, not exceeding the actual loss which has been sustained.

If the drug removed as aforesaid is not brought before a Justice of the Peace, it shall be restored to the person from whose shop or place it was taken, and such person shall be entitled to compensation for any actual loss which he may have sustained by the removal of the said drug, and any dispute which may arise touching the amount of compensation to be given shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

297. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used for any of the following purposes, namely—

- (a) melting tallow;
- (b) boiling offal or blood;
- (c) as a soap-house;
- (d) oil-boiling-house;
- (e) dyeing-house;
- (f) tannery;
- (g) brick, pottery, or lime kiln;
- (h) sago-manufacture;

(i) manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise;

(j) or as a yard or dépôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal;

shall register the same at the office of the Commissioners in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

298. No place shall be newly used within the

No such trades allowed without license.

Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section except

under a license from the Commissioners, who may, at their discretion, from time to time grant such license.

299. Whoever, without a license, uses any such place for any such purpose,

Penalty.

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

300. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the

Commissioners may in certain cases order the use of slaughter-houses, and the carrying on of dangerous and offensive trades, to be discontinued.

Commissioners that any place, licensed under section two hundred and eighty-seven or two hundred and ninety-eight, or registered

under section two hundred and ninety-seven, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month after the date of such notice.

301. Whoever, after the expiration of such time, uses such place, or

Penalty.

permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of Burial and Burning Grounds.

302. The Commissioners may, if they think fit,

Burial and burning grounds to be registered.

cause a survey and measurement to be made of every

burial and burning ground and every place used as such; and every burial and burning ground, and every place used as such, shall be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorized to control the same, by order of the Commissioners, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

303. Whoever uses any such place as is mentioned in the last preceding

Penalty.

section without the same being registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

304. Whoever knowingly buries or burns, or

Penalty.

causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not registered as a burial or burning ground, shall

be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

305. No vault or grave shall be made within

No vault or burial or burning place henceforth to be constructed without leave of the Commissioners.

the walls of, or underneath, any church, chapel, or other place of public worship, and

no burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be opened, made or formed, otherwise than by, or under the authority of, the Local Government, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, previously obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

306. Whosoever shall bury or burn, or cause,

Penalty.

permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made or formed without such license, or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

307. If the Commissioners, in meeting other

Commissioners to issue certificates prohibiting the use of improper burial and burning places.

than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, shall certify,

in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or that any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof;

or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any churchyard or burial ground adjacent thereto;

and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, no person shall, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate.

Every such certificate shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

308. Whoever, after due publication of such

Penalty.

certificate, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

309. Notwithstanding any certificate under

Commissioners may, in certain cases, permit interment in churches, &c.

section three hundred and seven, where, by usage or otherwise, there is any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any churchyard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment has been pur-

chased or acquired, the Commissioners may, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right, or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

310. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CHAPTER XIII. OF MARKETS.

311. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and the Commissioners may charge such rents, tolls, and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of, or right to expose goods for sale in, such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

312. All such rents, tolls, and fees, which shall be imposed, shall be recoverable by the Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provisions of Chapter VI.

313. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, acquire land by purchase, lease, or otherwise, in order to provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and for the like purpose may purchase or take on lease any land now used within such limits as a market, or registered as such, upon such terms, or subject to such conditions as they may consider necessary, and may appropriate any land now vested in or belonging to them, and may set out the whole or such parts thereof as they may think necessary for the purposes of such Municipal Markets, and thereupon from time to time may build and maintain such Municipal Markets and such stalls, sheds, pens, and other buildings or conveniences for the use of the persons frequenting such Municipal Markets, and for the weighing and measuring goods sold in such Municipal Markets, and on such land as aforesaid, or on other land purchased for that purpose, and may make and maintain all such roads and approaches thereto as they may think necessary, and from time to time, in addition to the bye-laws provided in Chapter XVI, may make such bye-laws as they may think fit for all or any of the following purposes:—

(a) for regulating the control and use of such markets, and the buildings, stalls, pens, and standings therein, and for preventing nuisances or obstructions therein, or in the immediate approaches thereto;

(b) for preventing the use therein of false or defective weights, scales, or measures;

(c) for preventing the sale, or exposure for sale therein, of unwholesome meat, fish, or provisions;

(d) for the establishment and publication of a price-current, and for prescribing the mode of sale of articles, whether by measure, weight, tale, or piece;

(e) for keeping such markets in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth and refuse therefrom.

314. The Commissioners may expel from any such Municipal Market any person who, or whose servants, may be convicted of disobeying any bye-law made under the last preceding section, and may prevent such person, by himself or his servants, further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying any stall or shop therein, and may determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

315. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may sell, or let to tenants on lease or otherwise on such terms as they may think fit, any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

316. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may close any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, or sell, or let out to tenants, on lease or otherwise, any land heretofore used as a Municipal Market, or any part thereof, on such terms as they may think fit, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

317. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may out of the Municipal Fund and out of the monies borrowed under the provisions of this Act, and out of monies derived from the rents of buildings, stalls, pens, or standings in any Municipal Market, and from any fees realized from any Municipal Market, expend such sums of money as they may think necessary for the construction, maintenance, and keeping such Municipal Market in repair, and for any other purpose or purposes which the Commissioners may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or conducive thereto.

318. It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables within the Town, and every such license shall be in force until the first day of January next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof.

Nothing contained in this section shall be held to impose upon any person the obligation of taking out a license for a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871.

319. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits

Penalty for permitting unauthorized places to be used as markets.

any place within the Town (not being a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871) to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence shall be continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

320. Whenever three convictions under the

Power to close uncensured place

provisions of the last preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place within the space of one year, it shall be lawful for any Police Magistrate of Calcutta, on the application of the Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

321. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Commissioners may define way in bazars.

than an ordinary meeting, may define, fix, and determine what portions of any market or bazar within the Town shall be thrown into, and made part of, the existing approaches, roads, paths, and ways in such market or bazar for the convenient use of persons resorting thereto; and shall signify the same by affixing or causing to be affixed in some conspicuous place or places in the market or bazar a notice signifying the limits and description of the parts of the said market or bazar so to be kept and used as part of the approaches, roads, paths, and ways.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by notice in writing to the owner, proprietor, or lessee

Commissioners may require works to be executed.

of any such market or bazar, require him within a time to be specified therein to execute the necessary works and take all necessary measures for the setting out, clearing, widening, and maintaining of the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways;

and may, in case of such default, by their servants and workmen, enter into and upon the said market or bazar, and clear, set out, and widen the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person on whom the notice has been served.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time vary and alter

Commissioners may alter approaches.

the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways as occasion may require, signifying the same by a like notice.

Whoever shall, after such notification, cause

Penalty.

any obstruction or encroachment in or on any such approaches, roads, paths, or ways, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for every day such obstruction or encroachment is continued after notice from the Commissioners to remove or discontinue the same.

322. Whenever any person who shall have

Minimum of penalties.

been convicted of any offence under this Chapter, or against any of the bye-laws made or to be made under this Chapter in respect to markets, shall again be convicted of an offence against the same provision, the fine to be inflicted for the first of such subsequent offences shall not be less than one moiety of the maximum fine provided for such offence, and for the second and every subsequent offence shall not be less than such maximum fine.

CHAPTER XIV.**OF THE GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.****PART I.—Of Rights of Entry.****323. The Commissioners shall, for the purposes**

Power to enter upon houses and land for the purposes of this Act.

of this Act, have power, by themselves or their officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter upon any house or land, as well for the purpose of making any inspection, survey, or measurement, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry, or of anything done on such house or land in pursuance of this Act.

Provided that, except as herein otherwise provided, the Commissioners or their officers shall not enter upon any house or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intention to do so.

324. The Commissioners, or their officers or

Power to Commissioners to enter on lands adjacent to works.

servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation of, or temporary damage to, the said land to the owner and occupier thereof from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken, or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land;

and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Provided that, before the Commissioners make any such temporary use as aforesaid of any land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give three days' notice of such their intention to the owner and occupier of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid from the other land adjoining thereto.

325. For the purpose of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the

Powers to be exercised by the Commissioners when constructing drains and aqueducts without the town.

purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, the Commissioners, their officers, and servants may, whenever a plan for laying down any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, shall have been approved by the Local Government, exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, all the powers which by this Act they may exercise within the town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes, or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing;

and the Magistrate of any district through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, may exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district as a Justice of the Peace may under this Act exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Commissioners within the town.

326. Whoever at any time obstructs or molests any person employed by the Commissioners (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Commissioners in their duty.

of the Indian Penal Code), or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of anything which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act; or removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

PART II.—Of the Purchase and Sale of Land.

327. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may purchase land, whether within or without the Town,

Commissioners may purchase, sell, and lease land for the purposes of this Act.

for any of the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land vested in them and not required for the purposes of this Act, or may dispose of the same on lease; and the Commissioners may receive the rent of the same on such terms as they may think fit.

328. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time pay rent for, or take on lease, on

Commissioners may rent and take on lease land.

such terms as they may think fit, any land required for the purposes of this Act.

329. Any land required for the purposes of this Act may be acquired under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870,

Land may be acquired under Land Acquisition Act.

and on payment by the Commissioners out of the

Municipal Fund of the compensation payable under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

PART III.—Of Railways.

330. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, upon any of the public streets in the Town or upon any land within or without the Town, which is vested in the Commissioners, construct or maintain any railway which to the Commissioners may appear to be useful or necessary for the purposes of this Act,

Power to construct railway.

and use and employ upon any such railway, by them heretofore constructed or hereafter to be constructed, such locomotive engines or other moving power and such carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby,

carry and convey upon such railway all such passengers and goods as shall be offered to them for that purpose,

and make such reasonable charges in respect thereof as they may from time to time determine upon.

331. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, from time to time may enter into any contract with any person,

Power to permit carriages to run on railway.

for the passage over any railway already constructed by the Commissioners, or hereafter to be constructed by them, of the engines, wagons, or other carriages of such person, upon the payment of such tolls or rent and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon.

332. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may lease any railway con-

Power to lease railway.

structed or to be constructed by them under the provisions hereinbefore contained to any person upon such terms and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon, and every person to whom any such railway shall be so leased by the Commissioners shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as aforesaid, have all such and the same powers of maintaining the same, and for using and employing thereupon locomotive engines and other moving power, and carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby, and for carrying and conveying thereupon passengers, and goods, and making charges in respect thereof, as the Commissioners would have had if such railway had not been leased.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, enter into any contract with any person for the purpose of the construction of any railway within or without the Town, and for the purpose of maintaining and working of the same.

PART IV.—Of Hospitals.

333. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may apply such sum as to them may seem proper

Power to support hospitals.

in or towards the maintenance and support of such hospitals for such purposes as they may think fit.

CHAPTER XV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL DEBT.

334. For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, with the sanction of the Local Government, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest, and upon such terms as to the time of repayment and otherwise as the Local Government may approve, any sums of money the Commissioners may require for the objects aforesaid.

335. All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the seventh schedule, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

336. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may at any time, with the sanction of the Local Government, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed.

337. The Commissioners shall set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any disbursements in respect thereof, *firstly*—such sum as may be required for the payment of the interest which may fall due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed; *secondly*—a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Commissioners for the purposes of any enactment hereby expressly repealed exclusive of the sum now due, or of any sum which may hereafter become due, by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so far as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year.

And they shall invest the surplus (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid, or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such loans or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum in Government securities, or in any securities guaranteed by Government, or in Calcutta municipal debentures, in the names of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department and the Accountant-General of Bengal respectively for the time being, to be by them held as Trustees for the purpose of repaying at due date from time to time the several loans contracted or debentures issued by the Commissioners.

And all moneys and securities now held by any Trustees for the Commissioners for the purpose of paying off any sum borrowed by them, shall be held by them upon the trusts hereinbefore declared.

All interest accruing due to the Trustees shall also from time to time be invested by them in like manner and held upon the like trust.

338. The Trustees shall from time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall fall due by the Commissioners, realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same will extend, to satisfy such loans or debentures.

339. The Trustees shall, at the end of every year, submit a statement to the Commissioners showing the amount which has been invested during the year under section three hundred and thirty-seven, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans.

Such statement shall be laid before the Commissioners and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

CHAPTER XVI.

OF BYE-LAWS.

340. The Commissioners may from time to time make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to regulate—

- (a) all matters and things connected with the supply and use of water;
- (b) the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in places provided or set apart for bathing purposes;
- (c) the deposit of dirt, dust, filth, and refuse of any kind whatsoever, the removing and carrying away the same, and charging the person making the deposit with the expenses of removing it;
- (d) the duties to be performed by tolak melters under section two hundred and forty-four, and the boundaries within which they are to be performed;
- (e) the management and charges for places provided for slaughter-houses under section two hundred and eighty-eight;
- (f) the inspection and management of, and conduct of, business in markets and slaughter-houses, and the keeping the same in a proper and cleanly state;
- (g) the inspection of places used for any of the purposes mentioned in section two hundred and ninety-seven, and the management and conduct of business within the same;
- (h) the inspection and management of burial and burning grounds;
- (i) and generally for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

341. The Commissioners may from time to time repeal, alter, or add to their bye-laws.

And to repeal or alter them.

342. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government.

Bye-laws and alterations of them to be confirmed by Local Government.

343. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes at least three times, nor till one month has elapsed from the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law, or the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be kept at the office of the Commissioners; and all persons may at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon inspect such copy without fee.

Bye-laws and alterations of them to be published before confirmation.

344. Every bye-law and every repeal or alteration of, or addition to any bye-law, when confirmed, shall be published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and a copy thereof in English and Bengalee shall be painted or placed on boards which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the office of the Commissioners.

After confirmation bye-laws to be published in Gazette.

345. Whoever infringes any bye-law made and confirmed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Penalty.

CHAPTER XVII.

OF PROSECUTIONS.

346. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the punishment of any person offending against any of the provisions of this Act, and for the recovery of any fines imposed under this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecutions and proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

Commissioners may direct prosecutions.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall preclude any person from instituting a prosecution for nuisance, or from giving information and instituting a prosecution under the next succeeding section.

347. Every prosecution under this Act, except as provided in section three hundred and forty-nine, may be instituted before any

Prosecutions to be before a Justice of the Peace.

Justice of the Peace;

and every fine imposed under this Act may be recovered by a summary proceeding before any Justice of the Peace upon an information exhibited by order of the Commissioners,

and in default of payment of such fine, the same may be levied under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace by distress and sale of the moveable property of the offender, with all such

powers for the issuing of such warrant, and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

And if the fine cannot be so levied, the offender may be punished by such Justice of the Peace with rigorous or simple imprisonment, as defined in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term not exceeding two months.

348. Whenever any prosecution shall be instituted before any Justice of the Peace under this Act, he may summon the person

Procedure on prosecution.

charged to appear at a time and place to be mentioned in the summons; and if such person shall not so appear, such Justice of the Peace may, upon proof of service of the summons, if no sufficient cause shall be shown for the non-appearance of the person charged, proceed to hear and determine the case in his absence.

Such Justice of the Peace may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning, and enforcement of the attendance, of witnesses, and the production of documents, as are conferred on a Magistrate by the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the procedure of the Police Magistrates' Courts in Calcutta.

349. Every prosecution under section forty-one shall be instituted before such Magistrate or Court as would have jurisdiction to entertain a charge of the nature described in section 161 of the Indian Penal Code.

Prosecution under section forty-one to be instituted as under Penal Code.

350. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine is imposed under this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder, or, if he make no award to the informer, the whole of such fine, to be paid to the Municipal Fund.

How a Justice may award a fine.

351. No person shall be liable to any fine under this Act for any offence cognizable by a Justice of the Peace unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace, within two months next after the commission of such offence:

Provided that the failure to take out any license under this Act shall be deemed to be a continuing offence until the expiration of the period for which such license is required to be taken out.

352. If through any act, neglect, or default on account whereof any person shall have been fined under this Act, any damage to the property of the Commissioners shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage as well as to pay such fine;

Person doing damage to the property of the Commissioners to make good the same.

and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom such person has been fined;

and on default of payment of the amount of such damage on demand, the same may be levied in the same manner as a fine.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OF THE RECOVERY OF DAMAGES AND EXPENSES.

353. Where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount and, if necessary, the apportionment of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by the Court of Small Causes.

Provided that when any work is executed by the Commissioners under this Act in default of the owner or occupier of the house or land doing such work, the expenses thereby incurred may be recovered by the Commissioners as a rate under Chapter VI.

354. In any case which is to be determined by the Court of Small Causes under this Act, the said Court may, on the application of either party, summon the other party to appear at a time and place to be named in such summons.

Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, the said Court may hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, may examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such inquiry shall be in the discretion of the said Court which shall determine the amount thereof.

355. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Court, by distress and sale of the moveable property of such party; and the surplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose property shall have been distrained.

356. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER XIX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

357. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for any thing done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners, or at the place of abode of such person, stating the cause of suit, and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff.

Unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such suit shall be commenced within three months next after accrual of the right to sue, and not afterwards.

If any person to whom any such notice of suit is given shall, before the suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by leave of the court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into court.

358. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund, to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers, or servants under this Act.

359. When any license is granted under section two hundred and forty-two or two hundred and eighty-seven authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under section two hundred and ten for putting up any projection, the Commissioners may charge a fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such license or permission.

When permission is given under section one hundred and ninety-nine to make any temporary erection, the Commissioners may charge a daily fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such permission.

360. When permission is given under section two hundred and thirteen or section two hundred and seventy-two, the Commissioners may charge rent for any land made use of in pursuance of such permission.

361. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall, at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

362. Whoever fails to produce his license when required to do so as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

363. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or at his place of business with some clerk of the office, or if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode, or of his place of business,

or of the house or land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

364. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any house or land, such notice addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such house or land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any house or land to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family,

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post in a registered cover addressed to his place of abode, and the same shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the house or land in respect of which the notice is served.

365. Whenever any work is required by this Act to be executed by the owner or occupier of any house or land, and default is made in the execution of such work, the Commissioners, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and in default of payment thereof the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI.

366. If the defaulter, as mentioned in the last preceding section, be the owner of any house or land, the Commissioners may, by way of additional remedy, whether any suit or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then, or at any time thereafter, occupies the house or land under such owner, and in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI;

and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to the owner, so much as is so paid by, or recovered from, him in respect of any such expenses.

367. No occupier of any house or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the house or land in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon a requisition made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable,

but nothing in this section shall affect any special contract made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

368. Whenever default is made by the owner of any house or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such house or land may, with the approval of the Commissioners, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

369. If the occupier of any house or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of any house or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace may, in writing, require such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such house or land, as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect;

and if after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, every such owner, during the continuance of the refusal, shall be discharged from liability to any fines to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of default in executing such works.

370. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, fails to comply with any requisition made by a Justice of the Peace under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

371. No tax or rate on property made under this Act shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in any such tax or rate, or any assessment of value for the purpose of making such tax or rate, if the property rated or assessed is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

372. Whenever the Commissioners shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which under sections two hundred, two hundred and seventy-four, two hundred and seventy-six, and two hundred and seventy-eight, the owners of any houses or lands are required to execute, the Commissioners may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners, for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period not exceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered as rates under Chapter VI.

373. All police officers shall give immediate information to the Commissioners of any offence committed against this Act.

Police officers to report offences to Commissioners and to arrest unknown offenders.

Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him,

or if such person decline to give his name and address,

or if the police officer shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given.

And such person may be detained at the station house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained, or may be brought up at once before a Justice of the Peace.

374. If the Local Government shall have determined that any portion of the environs of the town shall be included in the system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the Local Government shall have declared the boundaries thereof by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then sections two hundred and fifteen to two hundred and thirty-four, both inclusive, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared;

and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by the Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by any Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all fines payable in respect of such sections, and under this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

375. Houses used exclusively for purposes of public worship shall be exempt from all rates and taxes which under this Act may be imposed upon houses and land within the town.

Houses used for public worship exempt from rates and taxes.

376. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to

(a) render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which, but for this Act, would by law be deemed to be a nuisance:

(b) exempt any person guilty of nuisance from a suit in respect thereof:

(c) affect any enactment not hereby expressly repealed.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

(See Section 13.)

Ward No. 1.—Bounded on the north and east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; south by Grey Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 2.—Bounded on the north by the Mahratta Ditch; west by river Hooghly; south

by Nimtollah Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 3.—Bounded on the north by Ooltadgingee Main Road, the Mahratta Ditch, and Grey Street; south by Beadon Street and Halshi Bagan Road; west by Upper Chitpore Road; east by Mahratta Ditch.

Ward No. 4.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; west by Cornwallis Street.

Ward No. 5.—Bounded on the north by Nimtollah Ghât Street; south by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 6.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Cornwallis Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 7.—Bounded on the north by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; south by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square North, and Fairlie Place; east by Lower Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 8.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by College Street; west by Lower Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 9.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by Upper Circular Road; west by College Street.

Ward No. 10.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Wellington Street; west by Bentinck Street.

Ward No. 11.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellington Street.

Ward No. 12.—Bounded on the north by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square, and Fairlie Place; south by Esplanade Row; east by Bentinck Street; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 13.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by Kyd Street, Free School Street, and South Culinga Street; east by Wellesley Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 14.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by South Culinga Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street.

Ward No. 15.—Bounded on the north by South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street and Wood Street.

Ward No. 16.—Bounded on the north by Kyd Street and South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Wellesley Street and Wood Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 17.—Bounded on the north by Theatre Road; south by Lower Circular Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Jail Road.

Ward No. 18.—Bounded on the north by Clyde Row; south by Tolly's Nullah Road; east by Kidderpore Bridge Road; west by Strand Road.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See Section 65.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

	Per half-year.	
	Rs.	A. P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	12	0 0
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.		
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse, or pony, or mule, or a pair of ponies or mules under thirteen hands ...	6	0 0
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first two-thirds of the above rate.		
For every two-wheeled carriage	6	0 0
For every horse (not a race horse), pony, or mule ...	6	0 0
For every race horse ...	12	0 0
For every pony or mule under thirteen hands ...	2	0 0

NOTE.—Animals under eleven hands in height, and carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See Section 75.)

LICENSE ON PROFESSIONS, TRADES, AND CALLINGS.

Class I.

	Yearly.
	Rs.
Every Joint Stock Company ...	100

Class II.

Every merchant, banker, shroff, banian, wholesale trader, and commission agent, and every practising surgeon, physician, dentist, architect, civil engineer, builder, contractor, carrying company, barrister, attorney, proctor, notary public and pleader of the High Court,	50
Every owner or farmer of a hant or bazar ...	
Every owner of cotton, jute, hide, or other screws, and every auctioneer ...	
Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, shop-keeper, plumber, gasfitter, manufacturer, or retail trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at one hundred rupees a month or upwards ...	

Class III.

Every broker or dalall employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of imports or exports, country produce, silk, or other merchandize ...	25
Every broker or dealer in precious stones, houses, landed property, Government securities, shares, and bills of exchange, and every freight broker ...	

Class III.—(Continued.)

Yearly.
Rs.

Every practising licentiate of medicine, apothecary, and veterinary surgeon ...	25
Every owner of a dispensary, spirit or liquor shop, or shop for the sale of intoxicating drugs, and punch house, or billiard room, wholesale tobacco or jute depôt	
Every owner of a steam ferry boat or cargo boat ...	
Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, plumber, gas-fitter, carriage and horse-dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer, or trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above twenty-five rupees, but at less than one hundred rupees a month ...	
Every pawn-broker, money-lender, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under section two hundred and ninety-one or licensed under section two hundred and ninety-two ...	
Every pleader, mookhtear, or law agent, not included in Class II ...	

Class IV.

Every hotel-keeper, boarding and lodging-house-keeper, owner of a carriage or a palanquin let out for hire, plumber, gas-fitter, band supplier, carrier, stamp vendor, carriage or horse dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer or trader whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above ten rupees but at less than twenty-five rupees a month, ...	12
Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a chowk. ...	
Every poddar or money changer ...	
Every hakeem and koberaaj, practising native doctor ...	
Every order supplier, cooly supplier, shipping agent, or boat supplier ...	

Class V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every dalall not included in Class III ...	4
Every pedlar, hawker, boxwallah, and midwife ...	

Class VI.

All itinerant dealers hawking goods for sale in baskets or trays ...	1
--	---

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Commissioners, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered payment by the firm.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 122.)

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

TAKE notice that the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta demand from you the sum of _____ due from* [you] as owner (or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed) for the months of 187 ; and that if the sum due, together with _____ for this notice, is not paid into the office of the said Commissioners at _____

or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shown to the Commissioners within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L.S.) (Signature of the Chairman,
Vice-Chairman or Secretary).

Date_____

* In the case of a demand on the occupier of a house under section one hundred and twenty-six, state that notice of demand has been served upon the owner, and that the sum due remains unpaid.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 122.)

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To (here insert the name of the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

WHEREAS _____ of _____ has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of _____ rupees due for the rates (or taxes) (or taxes and rates) mentioned in the margin for the months of _____

187 although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said _____

and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This to is command you to distrain the moveable property of the said _____ (or as the case may be any moveable property found on the premises referred to) to the amount of the said sum of _____

rupees, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if within seven days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said moveable property; and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of _____ rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said moveable property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the moveable property of the said _____, you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(L.S.) (Signature of the Chairman,
Vice-Chairman or Secretary.)

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 123.)

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

TAKE notice that I have this day seized the moveable property specified in the above Inventory for the sum of _____ rupees due for the rates (or taxes) mentioned in the margin, for the months of 187 ; and that unless you pay into the Office of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta the amount due, together with the costs of this distress within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the said property will be sold.

(Signature of the Officer executing
the Warrant of Distress.)

Date_____

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE IN DISTRAINTS.

(See Section 124.)

Sum distrained for.	Fee.	
	Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees ...	0	4
5 and under 10 Rupees ...	0	8
10 " 15 " ...	1	0
15 " 20 " ...	1	8
20 " 30 " ...	2	0
30 " 40 " ...	3	0
40 " 50 " ...	4	0
50 " 60 " ...	5	0
60 " 70 " ...	6	0
70 " 80 " ...	7	0
80 " 90 " ...	8	0
90 " 100 " ...	9	0
Above 100 ...	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 335.)

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

The Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta,
Calcutta, the 187

No.

By virtue of the Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act, 1876, we, the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta incorporated under the said Act, in consideration of the sum of _____ rupees paid to us by A. B. of _____ promise to pay to the said _____ or order the said sum of _____ rupees after the date hereof, together with interest thereon at the rate of _____ per centum per annum, payable half-yearly, on the _____ day of _____ and the _____ day of _____

(Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman and two Commissioners.)

EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171 and 172.)

18

BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

NINTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171, 172, 174 and 177.)

18

DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

TENTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 2.)

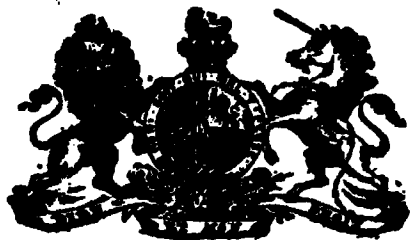
ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VI of 1863 ...	Calcutta Municipal Affairs	So much as has not been repealed.
Sec. 49 of III of 1864.	District Municipal Improvement	So far as the same applies to Suburbs and Howrah.
VII of 1865 ...	Slaughter-houses	So far as the same applies to Suburbs.
IX of 1865 ...	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
VI of 1866 ...	Further amendment of Bengal Acts VI of 1863	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1867 ...	Explanation of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
IX of 1867 ..	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863 and VI of 1866	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1867 ...	Pauper Hospital and Calcutta Police	The whole Act.
V of 1868 ...	Subjecting a portion of Hastings to the Calcutta Municipal Acts.	The whole Act.
I of 1870 ...	Calcutta Water-rate	The whole Act.
VI of 1871 ...	Modifying and amending the constitution of the corporation of the Justices of the Peace for Calcutta	The whole Act.
VIII of 1871 ...	Markets	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1872 ...	Extending borrowing powers of the Justices and providing for the repayment of the municipal debt.	The whole Act.
II of 1874 ...	Markets	The whole Act.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offy. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

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⇒ Parts IA, V, and VI are not sent to officers receiving the Gazette of India.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th November 1875.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1270C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 5th April 1876.*—Baboo Brojo Kant Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Fenny River Division of the Noakholly district, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Mr. George Abraham Grierson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rungpore, is allowed leave for twenty-one days, to enable him to attend the High Proficiency Examination in Sanskrit to be held in Calcutta in July 1876.

Baboo Ram Churn Loll, Sub-Deputy Collector, is transferred to Durbhunga for employment on relief work.

Moonshee Abdoor Rezak, Sub-Deputy Collector, is transferred to Behar, *vice* Moonshee Dwarka Proshad, under suspension.

The 6th April 1876.—Baboo Koylash Chunder Chatterjee is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade for employment on settlement duty in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, with effect from the date of Moulvi Serajul Huq's return from the leave granted to him under orders of the 26th February 1876.

In supersession of the orders of the 4th instant, granting to Mr. A. B. Falcon, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Moorshedabad, special leave for one month under Section 15 of the Civil Leave Code, that officer is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

Mr. John Nugent, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Seetamurhee Division of the Mozufferpore district, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Part IV, Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

Mr. R. Cornish, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is allowed furlough for one year under Section 10 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 7th April 1876.—Baboo Umakant Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakholly, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Baboo Rash Behary Naik is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade for settlement work at Khoordah.

Captain T. H. Lewin, Deputy Commissioner, Cooch Behar, is allowed subsidiary leave for twenty-one days, under Section 18 (b)-1 of the Civil Leave Code, to enable him to proceed on furlough.

Major R. C. Money, Deputy Commissioner, Julpigoree, is appointed as Manager of the Durbhunga Estate during the absence, on leave, of Colonel J. Burn, or until further orders.

Mr. Frederick William Voysey Peterson, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade during the absence, on deputation, of Major R. C. Money, or until further orders, and is posted to Julpigoree.

Mr. Michael Finucane, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to be Assistant Settlement Officer in Durbhunga, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

The 8th April 1876.—The services of Baboo Ishan Chunder Sen, who is appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch of this Government, for employment on special duty. This cancels the orders of the 27th ultimo, placing Baboo Bepin Behary Mookerjee's services at the disposal of the Irrigation Branch.

Mr. Charles Walter Bolton, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Rampore Hât division of the Moorshedabad district, is transferred to the Sudder Station of that district.

Mr. John Delabere Gael, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Moorshedabad, is appointed to have charge of the Rampore Hât division of that district.

The 10th April 1876.—Mr. Alfred Wallis Paul, B.A., Assistant Commissioner, Darjeeling, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. Herman Michael Kisch, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to act as an Assistant Commissioner of the Second Grade, and is posted to Manbhoom.

Mr. Joseph Posford, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Goalundo division of the Fureedpore district, is transferred to the Nuddea district and is posted to Kishnagur.

Mr. Henry William Mackenzie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Gobindpore division of the Manbhoom district, is appointed to have charge of the Goalundo division of the Fureedpore district.

Baboo Mohesh Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Fureedpore, is appointed to have charge of the Gobindpore division of the Manbhoom district.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the First Grade, viz.—

Mr. C. A. Samuells.

Mr. J. Posford.

Mr. R. Cornish.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Second Grade, viz.—

Mr. C. A. Wilkins.

Mr. F. H. B. Skrine.

Mr. A. C. Tute.

Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, is allowed leave for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Moulvi Wajehooddeen is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector in Julpigoree during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee, or until further orders.

Mr. W. J. Money, C.S., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 24th March 1876.

The 11th April 1876.—Mr. J. Ellison, Surveyor, attached to the Soonderbuns Commissioner's Office, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Deputy Collector.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 10th April 1876.*—With the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to reappoint Sir Stuart Saunders Hogg, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th Sections of the Indian Council's Act of 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, with effect from the 26th March 1876.

POLICE.—*The 10th April 1876.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Fagan, District Superintendent of Police, Rajshahye, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days from 1st April, or any subsequent date within a week thereof, to enable him to proceed to England on furlough.

ECCLIASTICAL.—*The 10th April 1876.*—The Rev. P. J. Jarbo, Chaplain, St. James', Calcutta, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement E of the Civil Leave Code, from the 30th April 1876, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

REGISTRATION.—*The 6th April 1876.*—Syed Ally Quilly Khan, Special Sub-Registrar of Monghyr, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. H. S. Thompson, Sub-Registrar of Colgong, in Bhagulpore, is appointed to act as Special Sub Registrar of Monghyr during the absence, on leave, of Syed Ally Quilly Khan, or until further orders.

The 10th April 1876.—Baboo Sunjeeb Chunder Chatterjee, Special Sub-Registrar, Burdwan, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Abinash Chunder Chatterjee is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Burdwan during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Sunjeeb Chunder Chatterjee, or until further orders.

The 11th April 1876.—Baboo Juggodish Chatterjee is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Mohehpore, in the district of Nuddea, *vice* Munshi Abdul Karim.

MEDICAL.—*The 6th April 1876.*—Surgeon-Major W. J. Palmer, Second Surgeon and Professor of Anatomy, Medical College Hospital, and Medical Inspector of Emigrants, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 11th instant.

The 7th April 1876.—Dr. G. R. Naylor, Medical Officer, in charge of the Chitpore Examining Ward, is allowed leave for nine months, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Dr. C. Naylor is appointed temporarily to be Medical Officer in charge of the Chitpore Examining Ward during the absence, on leave, of Dr. G. R. Naylor, or until further orders.

Surgeon Gopal Chunder Roy is appointed to have temporary medical charge of the civil station of Ranchee from the date on which he may relieve Dr. C. Lloyd.

The 10th April 1876.—Mr. H. W. Gordon, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Dinagpore.

The services of Assistant Apothecary Patrick McKey, attached to the Presidency General Hospital, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Marine Department.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bagaha, in the district of Chumparun :—

Koomar Hurindro Kishore Sing.

G. T. Bale, Esq.

E. Christien, Esq.

W. F. Blake, Esq.

G. Rayneayn, Esq.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 5th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Bhagulpore, viz.—

Baboo Tij Narain, Zemindar and Banker, *vice* Baboo Sisdharee Lall, retired.

Surgeon C. J. H. Warden, *vice* Surgeon-Major N. B. Baillie, on furlough. Surgeon Warden is also appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of Bhagulpore, *vice* Dr. Baillie.

The following gentlemen are reappointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Bhagulpore, viz.—

Baboo Gopal Chunder Sirkar.

„ Soorjo Narain Singh.

„ Dr. jo Mohan Thakoor.

The 10th April 1876.—Mr. Allen Mears, District Traffic Superintendent, Sahibgunge, is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Sahibgunge, *vice* Mr. Hudson, transferred.

ROAD CESS.—*The 7th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Rungpore, viz.—

Mr. A. Bolst, District Superintendent, Police, *vice* Mr. Charles, who has left the district.

Baboo Nobin Kristo Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, *vice* Moonshee Motiar Rohoman, deceased.

ERRATUM.—*The 10th April 1876.*—In the orders of the 14th March 1876, appointing Surgeon John Lloyd, Regimental Medical Officer, Ranchee, to act, in addition to his military duties, as Civil Surgeon of Lohardugga, for 'Surgeon John Lloyd,' read 'Surgeon Christopher Lloyd.'

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Buxar, in the Shahabad district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Buxar shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 24th March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st March 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after 1st May 1876 the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 8th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the purpose of a public library and reading-rooms in College Square and Rutton Mistry's Lane in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land, measuring 1 beegha 14 chittacks and 42 feet, more or less, of standard measurement, with the buildings situate thereon, bounded as noted below, are required:—

One piece with the partly upper-roomed and partly lower-roomed buildings situate thereon, being No. 15, College Square, Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the piece of land hereinafter mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; on the south by College Square; and on the west by College Street.

One piece, No. 20, Rutton Mistry's Lane, Calcutta, bounded on the north by the house of Dookhyram Mundul; on the south by the wall and buildings of the premises No. 15 College Square, hereinbefore mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; and on the west by College Street.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that the Gurbetta sub-division, in the district of Midnapore, shall henceforth be known as the Ghatal sub-division, and shall comprise the thanas of Ghatal, Chunderkona, and Daspore, that the head-quarters of the sub-division shall be located at Ghatal, and that thana Gurbetta shall form part of the sudder sub-division of the district.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India has determined not, under any circumstances, to sell in the calendar year 1877 more than 48,000 chests of Bengal Opium.

The precise number of chests to be sold in 1877 will be announced as soon as the manufacture in the present season is completed.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas Regulation I of 1873 is applicable to the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, and whereas the tusks of wild elephants and rhinoceros' horns found within these tracts are the property of Government, it is hereby notified that any person finding such ivory is bound to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer. Such ivory shall be sold, and half of the price recovered shall be paid to the finder as a reward. All persons now in possession of ivory in the Hill Tracts are required to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer and take out passes therefor. No authority is hereby given to kill elephants, except under the circumstances detailed in paragraph 8, Regulation I of 1873.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

PART IV.

Bills of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Bill as settled in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 8th April 1876, is by order of the President published for general information:—

A Bill to provide for the Registration of revenue-paying and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make better provision for the preparation and maintenance of Registers of revenue-paying and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof, and of certain mortgages of revenue paying lands: It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called the "Land Registration Act, 1876," and it shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor General, which date is hereinafter referred to as the commencement of this Act.

2. From the commencement of this Act, the Regulations mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed, to the extent specified in the third column thereof, shall cease to have effect in the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Civil Court" means any Civil Court which is competent to hear and determine the matter with respect to which the words are used:

(2) "Estate" includes (a) any land subject to the payment of land revenue, either immediately or prospectively, for the discharge of which a

separate engagement has been entered into with Government:

(b) any land which is entered on the revenue-roll as separately assessed with land revenue (whether the amount of such assessment be payable immediately or prospectively), although no engagement has been entered into with Government for the amount of revenue so separately assessed upon it as a whole:

(c) any land being the property of Government which the Board shall have directed the separate entry on the General Register hereinafter mentioned."

(3) "Extent of interest" means the share or interest in an estate or revenue-free property of which the person with respect to whom the words are used is in possession as proprietor or manager.

(4) "Lieutenant Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being, or the person acting in that capacity:

(5) "Local division" means a sub-division, parganah, thanah, police division of jurisdiction, or other division according to which the Mouzahwar Register of the district is arranged:

(6) "Manager" means every person who is appointed by the Collector, the Court of Wards, or by any Civil or Criminal Court to manage any estate or revenue-free property or any part thereof, and every person who is in charge of an estate or revenue-free property or any part thereof on behalf of a minor, idiot, or lunatic, or on behalf of a religious or charitable foundation.

(7) "Mouzah" includes every village, hamlet, tolah, and other similar sub-division of land commonly in use in any district, by whatever name such sub-division may be known:

(8) "Proprietor" means every person being in possession of an estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest in an estate or revenue-free property, as owner thereof; and includes every farmer and lessee who holds an estate or revenue-free property directly from or under the Collector:

(9) "Recorded proprietor" means any proprietor whose name and the character and extent of whose interest in an estate or revenue-free property stands registered in any General Register now existing, or hereafter to be made under this Act.

(10) "Revenue-free property" means any land not subject to the payment of land revenue, which is included under one entry in any part of the General Register of revenue-free lands:

(11) "Section" means a section of this Act:

(12) "The Board" means the Board of Revenue of the Provinces for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal:

(13) "The Collector" means the Collector of the District to which a register relates:

(14) "The District" means the District to which a Register relates.

PART II.

OF THE REGISTERS TO BE KEPT UP BY THE COLLECTOR.

4. The Collector of every district shall prepare and keep up the following Registers:—

- A.—A General Register of revenue-paying lands.
- B.—A General Register of revenue-free lands.
- C.—A Mouzahwar Register of all lands revenue-paying and revenue-free.
- D.—An Intermediate Register of changes affecting entries in the General and Mouzahwar Registers.

5. The Registers shall be written in such forms, language, and character, and shall be arranged in such manner, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as the Board from time to time may direct for each district.

The entries in each Part of the General Registers shall be numbered in one consecutive series for the whole District, and shall follow one alphabetical arrangement, running from the beginning to the end of the Part.

6. The General Register of revenue-paying lands shall consist of two Parts:—

Part I.—Book of estates borne on the revenue-roll of the District.

Part II.—Book of lands situated in the District, appertaining to estates borne on the revenue-rolls of other districts.

7. In Part I of the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall be entered the name of every estate which is borne on the revenue-roll of

the District, and the following particulars relating to every such estate:—

- (a) name of the estate;
- (b) number of the estate on the revenue-roll of the District, and the annual amount of revenue for which it is liable;
- (c) names and addresses of the proprietors, managers, and mortgagees of the estate, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor, manager, and mortgagee;
- (d) name of every local division in which any lands of the estate are situated, whether in the district, or in any other district, with specification under each local division of
 - (i) the number of mouzahs containing such lands,
 - (ii) the name of each mouzah,
 - (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register, and
 - (iv) the area of land appertaining to the estate which each mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement;
- (e) reference to entries made in the Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

8. In Part II of the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall be entered the name of every estate which comprises lands situated in the district, but which is borne on the revenue-roll of some other district, and the following particulars relating to every such estate:—

- (a) name of the estate;
- (b) name of the district on the revenue-roll of which the estate is borne, with the number which the estate bears on that roll, the annual amount of revenue for which it is liable, and the number which the estate bears in Part I of the General Register of revenue-paying lands for its own district;
- (c) names and addresses of the proprietors, managers, or mortgagees of the estate, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor, manager, and mortgagee;
- (d) name of every local division of the district to which the Register relates, in which any lands of the estate are situated, with a specification under each local division of
 - (i) the number of mouzahs containing such lands,
 - (ii) the name of each mouzah,
 - (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register of the district, and
 - (iv) the area of land appertaining to the estate which each mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement;
- (e) reference to entries made in the Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

9. The General Register of revenue-free lands shall consist of three Parts—

Part I.—Book of lands held exempt from revenue in perpetuity.

Part II.—Book of lands occupied for public purposes without payment of revenue.

Part III.—Book of unassessed waste lands and other lands not included in Part I or Part II of the General Register of revenue-free lands.

10. In Part I of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all lands held under badshahi, hukami, and other lakhiraj grants which have been declared to be valid by competent authority.

all lands in which the Government has conferred a proprietary title free in perpetuity from any demand on account of land revenue, in consideration of the payment of a capitalized sum, or for any other reason,

and any lands of which the Board, on a full report of the circumstances of the case, shall have sanctioned the entry in this part of such Register.

Part I of such Register shall, as far as possible contain the following particulars in respect of each entry :—

- (a) name of the revenue-free property with the character of the tenure, whether jaghir, altungah, devatter, bishanpirit, purchased revenue-free, redeemed, or otherwise;
- (b) date of the grant or title being conferred;
- (c) nominal area granted;
- (d) names of the grantor and original grantee;
- (e) reference to any decree or other order of competent authority declaring or recognizing the grant to be valid;
- (f) names and addresses of the proprietors and managers of the revenue-free property, with the character and extent of the interest of each proprietor and manager;
- (g) name of every local division in which any land appertaining to the property is situated, whether in the District or in any other district, with specification under each local division of
 - (i) the number of mouzahs containing such land,
 - (ii) the name of each mouzah,
 - (iii) the number which each mouzah bears under the local division in the Mouzahwar Register, and
 - (iv) the area of land appertaining to the revenue-free property which the mouzah contains, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with specification of the number of each field according to the papers of such measurement;
- (h) reference to entries in earlier Registers relating to the property or any part thereof;
- (i) reference to entries made in any Intermediate Register after the preparation of the General Register.

11. In Part II of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all lands which are occupied by the Government, or by any public body, for public purposes, and on account of which no land revenue is demanded.

It shall contain the following particulars :—

- (a) area of the land comprised in each entry;
- (b) names of the local divisions and mouzahs in which the lands are situated, with area in each mouzah, and a reference to the number under which each mouzah is entered in the Mouzahwar Register of the local division;
- (c) name of the department of Government or of the public body by which the land is occupied;
- (d) the purpose for which it is occupied;
- (e) the date and particulars of the appropriation of the land to such purpose;
- (f) reference to entries in the Intermediate Register made after the preparation of the General Register.

12. In Part III of the General Register of revenue-free lands shall be entered all waste and other lands (not being included in any other part of the General Register) which are not assessed to land revenue. It shall contain the following particulars :—

- (a) name and number of the lot, or other particulars identifying the property;
- (b) area comprised in each entry;
- (c) name of every local division and mouzah in which lands of the property are situated, with area in each mouzah, and a reference to the local division and number under which each mouzah is entered under the local division on the Mouzahwar Register;
- (d) reference to entries in the Intermediate Register made after the preparation of the General Register.

13. If it shall appear to the Board that the circumstances of any District are such that it is not desirable or practicable to prepare the Register of revenue-free lands in the manner described in the three last preceding sections, the Board may direct that the said sections shall not apply to such District, and may lay down rules, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect of the registration of revenue-free lands and of the proprietors and managers thereof, provided that such rules shall require the registration of the name of one or more persons as liable for the discharge of the duties and obligations referred to in section 67, in respect of all lands which under such rules may be registered as separate revenue-free properties.

Such rules, when they shall have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and otherwise locally as the Lieutenant-Governor may order, shall, from such date as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, have the same force as if they were included in this Act.

14. The Mouzahwar Register shall be kept up for the purpose of showing, in a connected form, the mouzahs situated in each local division, and

the lands, whether revenue-paying or revenue-free, of which each mouzah consists.

15. The Mouzahwar Register shall be arranged and divided according to subdivisions, parganahs, thanahs, police jurisdictions, or such other local divisions of the district as the Board may from time to time direct for each district; the entries of mouzahs shall have a separate series of consecutive numbers, and a separate alphabetical arrangement for each local division.

The Mouzahwar Register shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name of the mouzah;
- (b) total area of mouzah, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with a reference to the authority for the entry;
- (c) name of every estate or revenue-free property to which any of the lands of the mouzah appertain, with a reference to the entry of each on the General Register, and a specification of the area of land in the mouzah which appertains to each, if ascertained by survey or other authentic measurement, with a reference to the authority for such entry;
- (d) gross rental of the area of land in the mouzah which appertains to each estate or property, if such rental has been ascertained during management of the lands by the Collector or by other authentic means, with a reference to the authority for the entry;
- (e) reference to entries made in Intermediate Registers after the preparation of the Mouzahwar Register.

16. Intermediate Registers shall be kept up for the purpose of recording therein from time to time changes affecting the entries

which stand in the General and Mouzahwar Registers, so that by a reference to them in connection with those Registers correct information up to date on the points recorded may be obtained at any time; also for the purpose of keeping together, as far as possible, in a convenient form, the information which will eventually be required for re-writing the General and Mouzahwar Registers.

17. The Intermediate Register shall consist of two Parts, as follows:—

PART I.—Book of changes affecting entries relating to revenue-paying lands.

PART II.—Book of changes affecting entries relating to revenue-free lands.

18. In Part I of the Intermediate Register

shall be recorded in a convenient form all changes in the names of proprietors, managers, and (so far as this Act requires) mortgagees, and in the character or extent of the interest of each such proprietor, manager, and mortgagee, and such other changes affecting any entry standing in the General Register of revenue-paying lands, or any entry in the Mouzahwar Register relating to revenue-paying lands, as cannot conveniently be entered against such entry in the

General or the Mouzahwar Register. It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name of the estate affected, with reference to the number it bears on the General Register of revenue-paying lands, the number it bears on the revenue-roll, and the amount of revenue for which it is liable;
- (b) references to previous entries in the Intermediate Register relating to the estate;
- (c) particulars of the change, with a reference to the authority under which it is made;
- (d) the numbers borne by the entries in each Part of the General Register of revenue-paying lands, and under each local division in the Mouzahwar Register, which are affected by the change here recorded.

19. In Part II of the Intermediate Register shall be recorded all changes in the names of proprietors and managers of revenue-free properties, and in the character and extent of interest of each such proprietor and manager, and such other changes affecting any entry standing in the General Register of revenue-free lands, or any entry relating to revenue-free lands in the Mouzahwar Register, as cannot conveniently be entered against such entry in the General or the Mouzahwar Register. It shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name and character of the revenue-free property to which the lands appertain, and number which it bears in any part of the Register of revenue-free lands;
- (b) reference to previous entries in the Intermediate Register relating to the property;
- (c) particulars of the change, with a reference to the authority under which it is made;
- (d) the numbers borne by the entries in the General Register and under each local division in the Mouzahwar Register which are affected by the change here recorded.

PART III.

OF THE PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE REGISTERS.

20. Until the Registers by this Act directed to be prepared are so prepared, the existing Registers now kept up in the office of every Collector shall be deemed to be the Registers kept up under this Act, that is to say—

The existing General Register of revenue-paying estates shall be deemed to be the General Register of revenue-paying lands;

The existing Parganah Register (Part II) of revenue-free lands shall be deemed to be the General Register of revenue-free lands, and the Mouzahwar Register in respect of revenue-free lands.

The existing Parganah Register (Part I) of revenue-paying lands shall be deemed to be the Mouzahwar Register in respect of revenue-paying lands.

The existing Register of Intermediate Mutations shall be deemed to be the Intermediate

Register of changes affecting entries in the General and Mouzahwar Registers;

And all the provisions of this Act shall, as far as possible, be deemed to be applicable to such Registers, and to the registration therein of the names and interests of proprietors, managers, and mortgagees.

21. The first General Registers and the first Mouzahwar Register under this Act, shall be prepared for each district at such time as the Board may direct from the entries in the existing Registers mentioned in the last preceding section, and from any other authentic information available to the Collector.

22. The Board may order new Registers to be prepared whenever it may think fit, and such Registers shall be prepared from the Registers existing at the time of such order, and from the entries of subsequent changes in the Intermediate Registers, and from any other authentic information available to the Collector; and such additions to, omissions from, and alterations in, the entries as they appeared in the previous Registers shall be made as subsequent changes have rendered necessary; and the authority for every change shall be expressly referred to.

23. Whenever, after the preparation of the General Registers, it may be necessary to bring any estate or revenue-free property on to any Part of such Registers on which such estate or property is not already borne, such estate or property shall be at once brought on to such Part under a new number, in continuation of the last number already borne on such part; and a note referring to such entry shall be made in the place in the General Register in which such estate or property would have appeared according to the alphabetical arrangement mentioned in section 5.

24. Whenever, after the preparation of the Mouzahwar Register, it shall be necessary to enter any mouzah under any local division of such Register under which it is not already borne, such mouzah shall be at once brought under the proper local division with a new number, in continuation of the number borne by the last entry under such local division; and a note referring to such entry shall be made in the place in the Mouzahwar Register in which such estate or property would have appeared according to the alphabetical arrangement mentioned in section 15.

25. All new entries made in the General and Mouzahwar Registers after their preparation, as prescribed in the two last preceding sections, shall be made in chronological order.

26. After the General Register of revenue-paying lands shall have been prepared, a note shall from time to time be made on such Register against the estate affected of every alteration which may be ordered by competent authority, in the amount of revenue assessed on any estate;

of every partition of an estate into two or more estates;

of every change involving the removal of an estate from the part of the Register on which it is borne;

of the redemption of every mortgage in respect of which the name of the mortgagee shall have been entered on the Register;

and in every such note reference shall be made to the authority under which the change was made.

In preparing the Register space shall be left for the future entry of such notes against each estate.

Any other changes affecting the entries as they stand in the Register may be recorded in Part I of the Intermediate Register as provided in section 18, and a reference shall be made in the General Register against the estate affected to every entry which may be made in the Intermediate Registers recording any such change.

27. After the General Register of revenue-free lands shall have been prepared, a note shall from time to time be made on such Register against the property affected

of every case in which lands entered as revenue-free may be declared liable to assessment, and assessed by competent authority;

of every partition of a revenue-free property into two or more properties;

of every change involving the removal of a revenue-free property from the Part of the Register on which it is borne;

and in every such note reference shall be made to the authority under which the change was made.

In preparing the Register space shall be left for the future entry of such notes against each estate.

Any other changes affecting the entries as they stand on the Register may be recorded in Part II of the Intermediate Register as provided in section 19.

28. Whenever it shall come to the notice of the Collector, after making enquiry, that any change has occurred which affects any entry in his Registers, and renders necessary any alteration therein, the Collector, after making such enquiry as may be necessary, shall make such alteration:

Provided that notice shall be given to the recorded proprietors and managers of any estate or revenue-free property before any change is made in any way affecting such estate or property, and to every person whose name the Collector is about to register as proprietor or manager of any estate or revenue-free property, before such registration is effected; and any objections which may be made to the proposed change or registration shall be duly considered by the Collector before he orders such change or registration to be made.

29. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector in the course of an enquiry made in respect of an application under section 37 or section 42, or otherwise, that any person whose name is recorded in the General Register as proprietor or manager, or joint proprietor or joint manager of an estate or revenue-free property, is no longer in possession

of any interest in such estate or property as proprietor or manager, and that the names of other persons have been recorded as proprietors or managers of every portion of the interest in respect of which such proprietor's or manager's name was borne on the Register, the Collector may order the name of such person to be struck out from among the recorded proprietors or managers of such estate or property, and, if required, may grant him a certificate to that effect.

Information to be supplied to Collector.

30. To enable the Collector more effectually to maintain his registers,

(a.) Whenever any competent authority may direct that any estate be transferred from the revenue-roll of one district to that of another, the Collector of the district from the revenue-roll of which the estate is to be transferred, shall transmit to the Collector of the district to the revenue-roll of which the transfer is to be made, a copy of all entries in any of the registers relating to the estate to be so transferred, and entries taken from such copy shall be made in the proper registers of the district to which the transfer is made.

(b.) Whenever the Collector of any district shall make an entry, or any alteration of an entry, in his registers, which will affect any entry required to be made under this Act in any register of another district, such Collector shall transmit to the Collector of such other district copy of such entry as made or as altered, and the Collector to whom such copy is transmitted shall cause the necessary entries, or alteration of entries, to be made in the registers of his district.

(c.) Every proprietor and manager of an estate or revenue-free property in which any new village may be established, whether under the name of tolah, kismat, or any other designation, shall forthwith give notice to the Collector of the establishment of such new village.

Provided that the Board may exempt any district or part of a district from the operation of this clause.

(d.) Every proprietor and manager of an estate or revenue-free property, and any person holding any interest in land, or employed in the management of land, shall be bound, on the requisition of the Collector, to furnish any information required by the Collector for the purpose of preparing, making, or correcting any entry of the particulars specified in sections 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, or 15, or to show to the satisfaction of the Collector that it is not in his power to furnish the required information.

Such requisition shall be made by a notice to be served in the manner prescribed by section 50, requiring the production of such information before a date mentioned in such notice.

31. Whoever being bound by clause (c) of the last preceding section to give

Penalties for failing to give notice or furnish information.

notice to the Collector of the establishment of any new

village, or under clause (d) of the said section to furnish any information required by the Collector, shall voluntarily or negligently omit to give such notice or furnish such information or to show to the satisfaction of the Collector that it is not in his power to furnish such information, shall be liable to such fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for such omission, and the Collector may impose such further daily fine as he may think proper, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each

day during which such person shall omit to furnish the information required under clause (d) after a date to be fixed by the Collector in a notice warning the person required to furnish such information, that such further daily fine will be imposed.

Such notice shall be served in the manner prescribed by section 50, and the date fixed by such notice shall not be less than fifteen days after service thereof.

The Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any fine imposed under this section notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending.

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the said Commissioner.

32. Whenever any Civil Court makes a decree

When register may be altered on order of Civil Court.

confirming any transfer of proprietary possession which has already been made in any

estate or revenue-free property, or gives effect to any decree transferring any such possession, such Court may order the transfer to be registered in the Registers of the Collector, and the Collector shall register such transfer accordingly.

33. All lands which are held without payment

Lands held without payment of rent deemed to be part of certain estates.

of rent, not being a revenue-free property entered in the

General Register of revenue-free lands, as prescribed by sections 10, 11, or 12, and not being a part of any such property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a part of the estate within the local boundaries of which they are included; and if they are not included within the local boundaries of any one estate, then to be a part of such neighbouring estate as the Collector shall, by an order under his seal and signature, declare.

34. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector

Collector may include any lands in an estate.

that any lands which are not included in any estate as entered in the existing

General Register, should be included in any such estate for the purposes of this Act, the Collector shall cause a notice, addressed to the person who is believed to be in possession of such lands, to be served in the manner prescribed by section 50, and a general notice to be published as prescribed by section 49, to the effect that such lands will be so included if no objection be made within one month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may think fit to allow.

After the expiration of the said month or other period the Collector shall proceed to enquire into any objections which may have been made, and to pass such order as he may think fit in respect to the inclusion of the said lands in the said estate for the purposes of this Act.

35. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector

Collector may register lands as revenue-free estate and call on proprietor to apply for registration.

that any land which is not entered on the General Register as a separate revenue-free property should be entered on the register as such property, he may

cause a notice to be served in the manner prescribed in section 49 calling on the person in possession of such land as proprietor or manager to show cause why such land should not be so registered as a revenue-free property, and if, after hearing any objections (which may be preferred within a month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may think fit to allow), and after making such further enquiry as may be necessary, the Collector shall be of opinion that the land should be so registered, he shall enter such land on the General Register as a revenue-free property, and by a notice served as prescribed in section 50, as well as by a general notice published as prescribed in section 49, shall require every proprietor and manager of such revenue-free property to apply for registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor or manager, and thereupon every such proprietor and manager shall be deemed, for the purposes of section 67, to be a person who is required by this Act to apply for the registration of his name; and all the provisions of Part IV of this Act, so far as may be practicable, shall apply to every such person.

Provided that no such proprietor or manager shall be liable to any fine under section 64, until after the expiration of three months from the date on which the last mentioned notice shall have been served.

Provided also that no land shall be entered as a revenue-free property in Part I of the General Register of revenue-free lands until the circumstances of the case shall have been reported to the Board, and until the Board shall have sanctioned such entry.

36. The Board may decide what revenue-free lands shall be included in each revenue-free property to be registered as such under this Act, and may from time to time direct that lands which are borne on the Register as forming one revenue-free property shall be divided and entered on the Register as forming two or more such properties; and may similarly direct that revenue-free lands which are borne on the Register as forming two or more revenue-free properties shall be united, and entered as forming one revenue-free property.

The Board may also direct that any lands which are improperly borne upon the General Register of revenue free-lands shall be removed from such Register, or shall be omitted from any new Register of such lands which may be prepared.

37. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector that any land which is not included in any revenue-free property entered in the existing General Register, should be included in any such property for the purposes of this Act, the Collector may cause a notice to be served on the person believed to be in possession of such lands in the manner prescribed by section 50, and a general notice to be published as prescribed by section 49, to the effect that such lands will be so included if no objection be made within one month of the service of the said notice, or such longer period as the Collector may allow.

At the expiration of the said month or of such period the Collector shall proceed to inquire into any objections which may have been made, and to pass such order as he may think fit in respect to

the inclusion of the said lands in the said property for the purposes of this Act.

PART IV.

OF THE REGISTRATION AND MUTATION OF NAMES.

38. Every proprietor of an estate or revenue-free property or of any interest therein respectively, being in possession of such estate, property, or interest, at the commencement of this Act,

every joint proprietor of an estate or revenue-free property being in charge of such estate or property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of the other proprietors thereof, at the commencement of this Act,

and every person being manager of an estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of a proprietor thereof, at the commencement of this Act,

shall, if his name and the character and extent of his interest have not already been registered, make application in the manner hereinafter provided for the registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor, or manager, to the Collector of the district on the General Register of which such estate or property is borne, or to any other officer who may have been empowered by the collector to receive such application, within such time as the Lieutenant-Governor may fix as hereinafter provided.

39. The Lieutenant-Governor shall, within six months of the commencement of this Act, fix for each district the date or dates before which such proprietors and managers, being in possession of estates or revenue free properties, or of any interest therein respectively at the commencement of this Act, shall be required to apply for registration of their names, and of the character and extent of their interests, under the last preceding section, and may at any time alter any date so fixed, provided that no date so fixed shall be later than five years after the said commencement.

40. The Lieutenant-Governor may in any district, for the purposes of the last preceding section, fix different dates in respect of estates and revenue-free properties, or in respect of different classes of estates and revenue-free properties, or in respect of different portions of the district:

Provided that no person shall incur any penalty or disability under this Act for failure to apply for registration of his name as such proprietor or manager as aforesaid, until after the lapse of six months from the date on which the notice prescribed by the next succeeding section shall have been published in respect of his estate or property, or in respect of the class of estates or revenue-free properties within which his estate or property falls, or in respect of the portion of the district in which his estate or revenue-free property is situated.

41. Every date fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor as provided in the two last preceding sections shall be published by a notice in the *Calcutta Gazette*:

and also by notices to be posted up

at the Court or office of the Judge, the Magistrate, and the Collector of the district, in respect of which such date is fixed,

at the Court or office of every Munsif, Sub-divisional Officer, and Sub-Registrar of Assurances in such district;

and at every Police Station in such district; and by proclamation to be made by beat of drum at the head-quarters of such district, and in every place in which a sub-divisional office is situated, and in such other places as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

The officer in charge of every court, office, and police station at which a notice is required to be posted up under this section, shall certify to the Collector the date on which the notice was so posted up at his court, office, or police station, and the latest date so certified shall be deemed to be the date of publication of the notice for the purposes of the two last preceding sections.

42. Every person succeeding after the commencement of this Act to any proprietary right in any estate or revenue-free property, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift, or otherwise;

every joint proprietor of an estate, or revenue-free property, assuming charge after such commencement of such estate or property, or of any interest therein respectively, on behalf of the other proprietors thereof;

and every person assuming charge after such commencement of any estate or revenue-free property, or of any interest therein respectively, as manager.

shall, within six months from the date of such succession or assumption of charge, make application in the manner hereinafter provided to the Collector of the district on the General Register of which such estate or property is borne, or to any other officer who may have been empowered by such Collector to receive such applications, for registration of his name and of the character and extent of his interest as such proprietor or manager.

43. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 34 or the last preceding section, the Lieutenant-Governor may in any district exempt proprietors and managers of all or any estates which are liable to pay less than twenty rupees of land revenue annually, and proprietors and managers of all or any revenue-free properties which consist of less than fifty acres of land, from the obligations imposed by this Act in respect of applying for registration of their names, and may at any future time withdraw such exemption and require such proprietors and managers to register their names.

44. Every person who holds a mortgage of any proprietary right in any estate may apply to the Collector for registration of his name as such mortgagee, and of the interest in respect of which he is such mortgagee; and in such application shall specify whether he or the mortgagor is in possession. On receipt of such application the Collector shall proceed, as far as possible, according to the manner hereinafter prescribed in respect of applications for registration as proprietor.

Mortgagee may apply for registration.

45. Any application for registration under this Act may be presented by the applicant or by some person duly authorized by him in that behalf.

46. If the applicant under section 38 or section 42 is a joint proprietor in charge as aforesaid, or a manager, he shall in his application specify the name of the person or persons on behalf of whom he is in such charge or on behalf of whom he is manager, and the character and extent of the interest of every such person.

47. If the application under section 38 or section 42 be for registration of the name of the applicant as manager appointed by the Collector, the Court of Wards, or by any Civil or Criminal Court, the Collector shall register the name of the applicant, on proof being produced to his satisfaction that the applicant has been so appointed to be such manager.

48. If the application be for registration otherwise than as manager appointed as mentioned in the last preceding section, and if it sets forth circumstances which would justify the Collector in registering the name of the person whose name is required to be registered, or if after further enquiry the Collector considers that such circumstances exist, he shall issue a notice requiring all persons who object to the registration of the name of the person whose name is required to be registered, or who dispute the character or extent of the interest in respect of which it is required to be registered, to give in a written statement of their objections, and to appear on a day to be specified in such notice, not being less than one month from the date of the publication thereof.

49. Such notice shall be published by affixing a copy of the same on or at all the following places:—

(a) the zamindari kutchery (if any) of the estate or other place at which the rents are ordinarily received;

(b) some conspicuous place in at least one village appertaining to the estate to which the application relates, and if the estate comprises lands situated in more than one local division then in at least one village in each local division containing such lands;

(c) the office or Court of every Collector, Sub-divisional Officer, Judge, and Munsif, within whose jurisdiction, and every police station within the jurisdiction of which any of the lands to which the application relates are known to be situated.

50. If the application alleges that the applicant has acquired possession of the interest in respect of which he applies to be registered by transfer from any living person, a copy of such notice shall be served on the alleged transferor by tendering to the person to whom it may be directed a copy thereof attested by the Collector, or by delivering such copy at the usual place of abode of such person, or to some adult male member of his family; or in case it cannot be so served, by posting such copy upon some conspicuous part of the usual or last known place of abode of such person.

Notice to transferor.

In case such notice cannot be served in any of the ways hereinbefore mentioned, it shall be served in such way as the Collector issuing such notice may direct.

No fees or other costs shall be payable by the applicant in respect of the service or publication of the notice prescribed by this and the last preceding section.

51. No irregularity or omission in the publication or service of notice as required by the three last preceding sections shall affect the validity of any proceedings under this Act, unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that some material injury was caused by such irregularity or omission.

52. On the day fixed in the notice issued under section 48, or as soon thereafter as possible, the Collector shall consider any objections which may be advanced, and make such further inquiry as appears necessary to ascertain the truth of the alleged possession of, succession to, or transfer of the estate, revenue free property, or interest therein, in respect of which registration is applied for; and if it appears to the Collector that the possession exists,

or that the succession, or transfer has taken place, and that the applicant has acquired possession in accordance with such succession or transfer, but not otherwise,

the Collector shall order the name of the applicant to be registered in the proper Registers as proprietor or manager of the said estate, revenue-free property, or interest therein.

Provided that any person to whom any proprietary right in an estate has been mortgaged, may be registered as mortgagee, whether he be in actual possession or otherwise.

53. For the purpose of the inquiry mentioned in the last preceding section, and of every inquiry held under this Act, the Collector may summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel them to give evidence, and compel the production of documents by the same means, and, as far as possible, in the same manner, as is provided in the case of a Civil Court by the Code of Civil Procedure.

54. All costs of any enquiry or proceeding held before the Collector under this Act shall, except as provided in section 50, be payable by the parties concerned, and the Collector may pass such orders as he shall think fit in respect of the payment of such costs.

55. If the applicant's possession of, succession to, or acquisition by transfer of the extent of interest in respect of which he has applied to be registered, is disputed by or on behalf of any person making a conflicting claim in respect thereof, and if the possession of the applicant in accordance with his application is not proved to the satisfaction of the Collector, the Collector shall determine summarily the right to possession in respect of the interest in dispute, and shall deliver possession accordingly,

and shall make the necessary entry in the registers accordingly, subject to any orders which may subsequently be made by any Civil Court;

or if, in the opinion of the Collector, the dispute be one which can more properly be determined by a Civil Court, the Collector shall refer the matter in dispute to the principal Civil Court of the district for determination as hereinafter provided.

Provided that if the applicant's possession of any extent of interest in accordance with his application be not disputed, or if such possession be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector, the Collector may register the said applicant's name in respect of such extent of interest, and may at the same time make a reference as hereinafter provided to the Civil Court for determination of any dispute as to any further extent of interest in respect of which the applicant has applied to be registered, but in respect of which the right of the applicant to be registered is disputed, and is not proved to the satisfaction of the Collector.

56. Every order of a Collector passed under the first clause of the last preceding section shall be of the same force and effect as an order passed by the Judge under section 4 of Act XIX of 1841, determining summarily the right to possession and delivering possession accordingly;

and no proceedings shall be taken by any Civil Court under the said Act in respect of any claim or dispute which has been determined by an order of the Collector as aforesaid.

57. In making a reference to the Civil Court under section 55, the Collector shall state for the information of the said Court in writing under his hand

- (1) the name of the estate or revenue-free property to which the reference applies, together with the numbers which it bears on the General Register, and (if an estate), on the revenue-roll of the district;
- (2) the names of all the persons who now stand registered on the General Register as proprietors, managers, or mortgagees of such estate or property, with the character and extent of the interest in respect of which each stands registered;
- (3) the name of the applicant for registry;
- (4) the character and extent of the interest in dispute;
- (5) the circumstances of the case as far as they are before the Collector, and the reasons which have led him to make the reference.

58. On receipt of such reference the said principal Civil Court of the district may either proceed to determine the matter, or may transfer the matter for determination to any other competent Civil Court in the district. The said principal Civil Court, or the Court to which the matter is transferred, shall cite the parties concerned, and give notice of the time at which the matter will be heard; and after expiration of the time so fixed, shall determine summarily the right to possession in respect of the interest in dispute

(subject to regular suit), and shall deliver possession accordingly.

59. If it shall appear to the Judge of the Court by which the matter is heard that danger is to be apprehended of the misappropriation or waste of the property before the summary suit can be determined, such Judge may appoint curators for the care of the property, and may exercise all or any of the powers mentioned in sections 5 to 13 (both inclusive) of Act XIX of 1841.

60. The said Court may make such order as it shall think fit with regard to the payment by the parties of the cost of the enquiry and proceedings.

Provided that no costs shall be recoverable from the parties on account of the issue of notices citing the parties and fixing a date for the first hearing of the case.

61. The summary decision of the Court under section 58 shall have no other effect than that of settling the actual possession; but for this purpose it shall be final, not subject to any appeal or order for review.

62. The Court shall certify to the Collector its determination as to the right of possession, and the Collector shall thereupon make the necessary entries in the proper Registers.

63. The Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe proper fees for changes or entries in the Registers; provided that no fee for a single change or entry shall exceed one hundred rupees.

Such fees shall be levied from the person in whose favor the change or entry is made.

Any two or more persons may join in one application for the registration of their names under this Act in respect of one estate or revenue-free property; and such joint application shall, for the purpose of levying fees under this section, be deemed to be one application.

All fees levied under this section shall be expended in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit.

64. Whoever, being required by this Act to apply for the registration of his name and the extent of his interest in any estate or revenue-free property, voluntarily or negligently omits to make such application within the prescribed time, shall be liable to such fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding one hundred rupees for such omission, and to such further daily fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which such person shall omit to apply for such registration after a date to be fixed by the Collector in a notice requiring such person to apply for registration.

Such notice shall be served in the manner prescribed in section 50, and the date before which such person is required to apply for registration shall not be less than one month after service of such notice.

65. The Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending.

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the said Commissioner.

66. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 64, no fine shall be imposed by the Collector under the said section on any person on the ground that such person has failed to make application for registration of his name within the time fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 39 or 40,

or on the ground that such person has failed to apply for registration of his name within the time prescribed by section 42.

if such person shall, at any time after the expiration of the time fixed or prescribed as aforesaid, of his own motion, and otherwise than after the issue of a requisition by the Collector in that behalf, present such application as is required by this Act for the registration of his name, and of the character and extent of his interest.

67. All the recorded proprietors and managers of an estate or revenue-free property shall be deemed to be jointly and severally liable for the discharge of any duties and obligations which are by any law for the time being in force imposed upon the proprietors of such estate or property;

and all persons who are required by this Act to apply for registration shall, from the date on which the obligation so to register is imposed on them respectively by this Act, be deemed to be liable for the discharge of any duties and obligations which are by any such law as aforesaid imposed upon the proprietors of the estate or property in respect of which they are required to apply for registration respectively.

PART V.

OF THE OPENING OF SEPARATE ACCOUNTS IN RESPECT OF SHARES.

68. Notwithstanding anything contained in Act XI of 1859 (*an Act to improve the law relating to sales of land, &c.*), from the commencement of this Act no separate account shall be opened under the provisions of section 10 or of section 11 of the said Act in respect of the share of any applicant under the said sections otherwise than for a share corresponding with the character and extent of interest in the estate in respect of which such applicant is recorded as proprietor or manager under this Act.

69. When a proprietor of a joint estate who is recorded as proprietor of an undivided interest held in common tenancy in any specific portion of the land of the estate, but not extending over the whole

estate, desires to pay separately the share of the Government revenue which is due in respect of such interest, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the land in which he holds such undivided interest and of the boundaries and extent thereof, together with a statement of the amount of Government revenue heretofore paid on account of such undivided interest. On the receipt of this application the Collector shall cause it to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of notice in section 10 of Act XI of 1859.

In the event of no objection being urged by any recorded co-sharer within six weeks from the time of publication, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it.

The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

70. Section 12 of the said Act XI of 1859 shall apply to every application made under the last preceding section; and the effect and consequences of opening a separate account under the last preceding section shall be such and the same as are described in section 13 and in section 14 of Act XI of 1859.

71. Whenever any share in respect of which a separate account has been opened by the Collector under section 10 or section 11 of the said Act XI of 1859, or under section 69, shall no longer correspond with the character and extent of interest held in the estate by any one proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more proprietors or managers, any proprietor or manager whose name is borne on the General Register under this Act as proprietor or manager of any interest in the share in respect of which such separate account is open, may submit to the Collector a written application setting out the circumstances under which such share no longer corresponds with the extent of interest held in the estate by any one or more recorded proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more recorded proprietors or managers, and specifying the manner in which such share has become broken up and distributed among the proprietors of the estate, and praying that the separate account standing open in respect of such share shall be closed, and, if he so desire, praying that another separate account be opened in respect of any other share or shares which were wholly or partly included in the share in respect of which the previous separate account was open.

Illustration.

In a certain estate separate accounts have been opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for the 4 annas share of A, and also for the 5 annas share of B, the accounts of the remaining 7 annas share being kept jointly in the names of the remaining proprietors C, D, and E.

In course of time X has inherited A's 4 annas share, and also C's interest in the 7 annas share, which amounted to 3 annas; X has also acquired by purchase 2 annas out of B's 5 annas share, so that the interests in the estate are now distributed as follows:—

X	...	...	4 annas.
B	...	...	3 "
D & E	...	...	4 "

X, if a recorded proprietor of the estate, may apply to the Collector to close the separate account which is open in respect of A's 4 annas share, and also the separate account which is open in respect of B's 5 annas share, as neither of these shares corresponds with the extent of interest held by any one proprietor, or held jointly by two or more proprietors in the estate;

and in the same application X may apply for the opening of a separate account in respect of the 9 annas share which he now holds.

Any of the other proprietors might also make a similar application.

72. On receipt of such application the Collector shall cause a copy of the same to be published in the manner provided in section 10 of Act XI of 1859; and if within six weeks from the date of such publication no objection is made by any other recorded proprietor of the estate, the Collector shall close the separate account which then stands open, and shall open a separate account with the applicant as required by him, under section 10, or section 11 of Act XI of 1859, or under section 69, as the case may be.

73. If any recorded proprietor of the estate, whether the same be held in common tenancy or otherwise, object that the share in respect of which any separate account is open as aforesaid has not been broken up, and does still correspond with the character and extent of interest held by any one proprietor or manager, or jointly by two or more proprietors or managers,

or object that the applicant has no right to the share claimed by him, or that his interest in the estate is less or other than that claimed by him,

or, (when the application is in respect of a specific portion of the land of an estate or in respect of an undivided interest held in common tenancy in any specific portion of the land of the estate), object that the amount of Government revenue stated by the applicant to have been heretofore paid on account of such portion of land, or on account of the applicant's undivided interest therein, is not the amount which has been recognized by the other sharers as the Government revenue thereof,

the Collector shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, and shall suspend proceedings until the question at issue is judicially determined.

PART VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

74. The Collector shall supply an extract from any Register mentioned in this Act to any person who may apply for the same, subject to the payment of such fees for searching and copying as may be prescribed by the Board;

and to any extract so supplied shall be appended a note signed by the Collector certifying whether any application for registration under this Act in respect of the estate or revenue-free property to which the extract relates is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a Civil Court, and if any such application be so pending, specifying the extent of the interest to which such application relates and the grounds on which it is based.

75. If in any district any Register prescribed by this Act has, not been

Collector must furnish translation of extract.

prepared and kept up in the vernacular language and character of the district, the Collector shall be bound, together with any English extract which may be furnished under the last preceding section, to furnish a translation of the same and of the note appended thereto as prescribed in the said section, in the vernacular language and written in the vernacular character of such district to any one who may demand such translation and no further charge shall be made in respect of the furnishing of such translation than might have been charged in respect of the extract in English furnished under the said section.

76. Whenever any change shall be made by order of competent authority in the names of the recorded proprietors or managers of any estate or revenue-free property, or in the character or extent of the interest of any such proprietor or manager as entered in any register mentioned in this Act, so soon as the order under which such change in the entry may have been made shall have been confirmed in appeal, or so soon as the period for presenting an appeal against such order shall have expired without the presentation of an appeal, the Collector shall cause a notice of such change to be posted up at his office, at the office of every sub-divisional officer within whose jurisdiction any lands of the estate or revenue-free property concerned are situated, and at such places as he may think fit on the estate or property; and every such notice shall set out the name of every proprietor and manager of the estate or revenue-free property concerned, and the character and extent of the interest of every such proprietor and manager as it stands recorded on the General Register on the date of the issue of the notice.

Changes in names of proprietors, &c. and extent of interest to be notified on estate.

77. No person shall be bound to pay rent to any person claiming such rent as proprietor, or manager, of an estate or revenue-free property in respect of which he is required by this Act to cause his name to be registered, or as mortgagee, unless the name of such claimant shall have been registered under this Act;

No person bound to pay rent in excess of recorded interest of claimant.

and no person being liable to pay rent to two or more such proprietors, managers, or mortgagees holding in common tenancy, shall be bound to pay to any one such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee more than the amount which bears the same proportion to the whole of such rent, as the extent of the interest in respect of which such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee is registered, bears to the entire estate or revenue-free property.

78. The receipt of any proprietor, manager, or mortgagee whose name and the extent of whose interest is registered under this Act shall afford full

Indemnity to persons paying rent to registered proprietor, manager, or mortgagee.

indemnity to any person paying rent to such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee, unless an application for registration under this Act relating to the interest in respect of which such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee is registered, is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a Civil Court.

79. Whenever any sum of money shall be payable by the Collector to the proprietors of any estate or revenue-free property jointly, it shall be lawful for the Collector to pay to any one or more recorded proprietors or managers thereof respectively, such portion of the said sum as may be proportionate to the extent of the interest in respect of which each such proprietor or manager is registered, and the receipt of each such proprietor or manager shall afford full indemnity to the Collector in respect of any sum so paid, unless an application for registration under this Act relating to the interest in respect of which any such proprietor or manager is registered, is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a Civil Court.

Collector may pay certain sums due to recorded proprietors in accordance with registered interests of each.

80. Nothing contained in the three last preceding sections shall be held to interfere with the conditions of any written contract, or to prevent any person deeming himself entitled to any sum of money from recovering such sum by due process of law from any other person who has received the same.

81. Every amount which may become due to the Collector under the provisions of this Act in respect of any expenses incurred, of any fees payable, of any notices served, of any costs payable by any party, or of any fines imposed, shall be deemed to be a demand under section 1 of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as arrears of land revenue*) and shall be leviable as such.

Every amount due deemed to be a demand under Bengal Act VII of 1868.

82. The Collector may by a notice require the proprietor or manager of any estate or revenue-free property to name such estate or property by a distinctive name, and in case of failure of such proprietor or manager to comply with the requisition within the time fixed by the Collector, may name such estate or property.

Collector may require proprietor to name estate.

83. The Collector may, by a special or a general order, delegate to any Assistant Collector, Deputy Collector, or Sub-Deputy Collector the performance of any duty and the exercise of any function which the Collector is required or empowered to perform or exercise under this Act, except in respect of appeals;

Collector may delegate duties.

and any Assistant, Deputy, or Sub-Deputy Collector to whom any duty or function is so delegated may exercise all the powers of a Collector under this Act, except in respect of appeals.

84. Every order passed under this Act by any revenue officer below the rank of the Collector of the District (not being an officer specially vested with appellate powers as hereinafter mentioned) shall be appealable to the Collector of the district, or to any officer who may have been specially vested by the Government with special appellate powers in this behalf,

and there shall be no further appeal from any order so passed in appeal confirming the order appealed against,

Appeal.

but an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner of the Division against every order so passed in appeal which modifies or reverses the order appealed against.

Every order passed by the Collector of the District, or by any officer specially vested with appellate powers as aforesaid, being passed otherwise than on appeal from the order of another officer, shall be appealable to the Commissioner of the Division.

Every appeal to the Collector shall be presented within fifteen days of the date of the order appealed against;

and every appeal to the Commissioner shall be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the order appealed against;

and every appeal presented after the lapse of the time fixed by this section may be summarily rejected, unless sufficient cause shall be shown to the satisfaction of the appellate authority for admitting the appeal after the lapse of such time.

Every order passed by any officer subordinate to a Commissioner shall be subject at any time to revision and modification by such Commissioner;

and every order passed by any such officer or by such Commissioner shall be subject at any time to revision and modification by the Board.

85. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal, the day on which the order complained of was made, and the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the same shall be excluded.

86. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time vest any officer other than the Collector of the District with special appellate powers under this Act;

and every officer so vested shall be competent to hear and decide any appeal which the Collector of the District is competent to hear and decide under this Act.

87. Within four months of the date on which this Act comes into force, the Board may make certain rules. the Board shall make general Rules consistent with this Act to regulate—

the form in which Registers under this Act are to be kept;

the procedure as to the presentation, admission, and verification of applications for registration under Part IV, and as to inquiries under section 52,

and generally for the purposes of this Act.

The Board may from time to time cancel or alter any such rules.

88. Nothing contained in this Act, and nothing done in accordance with this Act, shall be deemed to—

(a) preclude any person from bringing a regular suit for possession of, or for a declaration of right to, any immovable property to which he may deem himself entitled;

(b) render the entry of any land in the Registers under this Act as revenue-free an admission on the part of Government of the right of the person in whose name such land may be entered, or an admission of the validity of the title under which the said land is held revenue-free;

(c) affect the rights of the Government or of any person in respect of any immovable property or of any interest, except as otherwise expressly provided herein.

SCHEDULE OF REGULATIONS REPEALED.

See Section 2.

Number and year.	Subject or abbreviated Title.	Extent of Repeal.
IV of 1793	A Regulation for receiving, trying and deciding suits declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut, &c.	Section nine.
XIX of 1793	Non-badshahi lakhiraj grants...	Sections twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-nine to thirty-four; sections thirty-six to forty-one; so much of sections forty-two and forty-three as has not been repealed, sections forty-four to forty-six, all inclusive.
XXXVII of 1793	Badshahi lakhiraj grants ...	Sections sixteen to eighteen, twenty-four, twenty-six to twenty-nine; thirty-one to thirty-three, thirty-five, thirty-six; so much of section thirty-seven as has not been repealed, section thirty-eight, so much of section thirty-nine as has not been repealed, sections forty to forty-one, all inclusive.
XLVIII of 1793	A Regulation for forming a quinquennial register, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
LVIII of 1795	Granting to the Collectors a commission on the jumma of certain lands.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1797	Levying Fees, &c. ...	The whole.
VIII of 1800	Pergunnah Register ...	So much as has not been repealed, except section nineteen.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Legislative Department.

THE following Bill, as settled in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 8th April 1876, is, by order of the President, published for general information :—

A Bill to provide for inquiry into Disputes regarding Rent, and to prevent Agrarian Disturbances.

FOR the purpose of providing for inquiry into disputes regarding rent, and of preventing agrarian disturbances: It is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the "Agrarian Disputes Act, 1876."

Local extent. "It extends to all the territories for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

It shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General, and shall continue in force for three years from such date.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation. "Lieutenant-Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or the person acting in that capacity.

"Board" means the Board of Revenue for the provinces for the time being subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of a Division, and includes any officer whom the Lieutenant-Governor may vest (as he is hereby empowered to do) with all or any of the powers of a Commissioner under this Act.

"The Collector" means the officer appointed to make the inquiry under this Act.

"Section" means a section of this Act.

3. If it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor that a serious dispute exists in any tract of country as to any question in respect of the adjustment of rents, or as to arrears of rents,

and if application shall be made to the Lieutenant-Governor by any person interested in such dispute praying that the Lieutenant-Governor do take action under the powers vested in him by this Act,

the Lieutenant-Governor may, by an order to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare the provisions of this Act to be in force in such tract, the boundaries of which shall be defined in the said order,

and may direct that inquiry be made for the determination of such dispute by the Collector of the district, or by such other officer as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit to appoint in that behalf.

A copy of such order shall be published by being posted up at the court of every Judge and Munsif, and at the office of every Collector and Sub-Divisional Officer within whose jurisdiction, and at every police station within the jurisdiction of which, the said tract or any part of it is situated, and in such one or more conspicuous places in the said tract as the Collector may direct.

From the date of the publication of the copy of such order in the office of the Collector of the district, this Act shall be deemed to be in force in such tract until the Lieutenant-Governor shall by notification declare that it is no longer there in force.

Lieutenant-Governor may vest officer with powers of a Deputy Collector.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor may specially vest any officer with the powers of a Deputy Collector under this Act; and any officer so vested may exercise any of the powers, and discharge any of the functions of the Collector under this Act (except in respect of appeals) which he may be required to exercise or to discharge by a general or special order of the Collector.

5. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have made an order under section three, the Lieutenant-Governor shall also issue instructions specifying any matters of fact in- to which the Collector shall inquire, in accordance with the provisions of the said section; and on receipt of such instructions the Collector shall proceed to make the inquiry in accordance therewith.

6. Before proceeding to make such inquiry, the Collector shall publish a notification in the manner provided by clause five of section three, stating the nature of the inquiry to be made, and calling upon all parties who may deem themselves interested therein to appear before him, either in person or by agent, for the purpose of making such representations and advancing such objections as to them may seem fit; and such representations and objections (if any) shall be duly heard and considered by the Collector.

7. For the purpose of such inquiry, the Collector shall have power to enforce attendance of witnesses, to examine such parties and witnesses, and to compel the production of documents by the same means (as far as may be) and in the same manner as is provided in the case of a court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

8. After making the necessary inquiry, the Collector shall draw up a report stating the result of the inquiry, and his own opinion on each of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, and shall publish a notice in his office stating that any person may take a copy of the said report for the purpose of advancing before the Commissioner any objections thereto which he may think fit, and that such objections must be filed in the office of the Commissioner, or in the office of the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within fifteen days of the publication of the said notice.

9. The Collector shall forward such report and copies of any objections which may be filed in his office under the last preceding section to the Commissioner, and the Commissioner, after considering such objections, and causing any further inquiry to be made which he may think fit, shall submit the report of the Collector, with copies of the objections made thereto, and with his own opinion on each

of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, to the Board.

10. After considering the reports and objections submitted by the Commissioners under the last preceding section, the Board shall issue such instructions as to it shall seem fit, not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect to the determination of each of the matters specified for inquiry under section five, and the Collector shall make an order determining each of the said matters in accordance with such instructions of the Board.

11. On receipt of such instructions the Collector shall publish at his office, a notice of such receipt and from the date of the publication of such notice, and as long as this Act is in force in the tract mentioned in section three, all suits of the nature of those specified in section 23 of Act X of 1859, relating to such tract, shall be instituted before, and, except as hereinafter otherwise expressly provided, be cognizable by, the Collector and by no other tribunal.

12. As soon as possible after publication of the notice mentioned in the last preceding section, the Collector shall send a copy thereof to every Court which had jurisdiction to entertain such suits immediately before the publication of the said notice.

13. In the disposal of such suits the Collector shall, as far as possible, follow the procedure prescribed in Act X of 1859, and all powers exercised by a Collector under the said Act may be exercised by the Collector under this Act, provided that all such suits shall be decided by a reference to, and in accordance with, any order of the Collector determining a matter under section ten, in so far as such order may be applicable.

14. The Collector may, with the consent of the parties concerned, refer any such suit to arbitration, and the provisions of sections 313 to 325 (both inclusive) of the aforesaid Act VIII of 1859 shall, as far as may be practicable, apply to such references.

15. Whenever in any suit instituted under the provisions of this Act it shall appear to the Collector that a ryot having a right of occupancy is liable to enhancement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land held by him have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot;

or whenever in any such suit it shall appear to the Collector that such ryot is entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land held by him have been decreased by any cause beyond the powers of the said ryot,

the Collector shall, if possible, fix the rate of rent payable by such ryot, so that the rent previously paid by such ryot shall bear to the rent so fixed the same proportion as the former value of the produce of the soil, calculated on an average of three or five years rent before the

date of the alleged rise or decrease in value, bears to the present value of such produce;

but if in any such suit the Collector shall not be able to ascertain to his satisfaction the former value of the produce as required for the application of the above rule,

the Collector may, if he think proper so to do, determine the rate of rent payable by such ryot according to any of the following methods:—

(a) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the existing average gross value of the produce of the land held by him as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(b) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the average net profits of the land held by him (after deducting from the average gross annual value of the produce of such lands such a sum as may be deemed proper on account of costs of production and disposal of such produce) as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(c) by taking as the standard of comparison the rates which are generally paid in adjacent places by ryots having no right of occupancy, or in such places as the Collector may select, for lands of a similar description and having similar advantages; and by fixing the rates of rent to be paid by the ryot having a right of occupancy at such percentage below the rent which would be paid for the same lands by ryots having no right of occupancy as the Collector may consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case.

16. In every suit under this Act of the nature of those specified in the first, second, third, and fourth clauses of section 23 of Act X of 1859, any number of ryots or other tenants may be sued, or may sue collectively, and it shall be no ground for dismissing or refusing to hear the application that such ryots or other tenants are wrongly joined as plaintiffs or defendants, provided all such ryots or tenants hold land in the same estate;

but no order shall be passed in such case unless the officer making such order is satisfied that all parties have had an opportunity to appear and make objection to any claims preferred against them;

and if at any time it shall appear to the Collector that the question between any two of the parties of whom one is so joined with others cannot conveniently be so jointly tried, the Collector may order a separate trial to be held.

17. Every order passed in any such case as is mentioned in the first clause of the last preceding section, shall specify the extent to which each of the ryots or other tenants named in the order shall be affected thereby.

18. Every decree of a Collector under this Act in any suit of the nature of those specified in the first clause of section 23 of Act X of 1859 shall have effect, and the rates of rent determined by such decree shall be payable from the beginning of the year in which such suit was instituted (such year being computed according to the era in force in the aforesaid tract), or from such later

date as the Collector may fix; and the rates of rent so determined shall not be liable to abatement or enhancement for five years from the first day of the year in which the decree may have effect as provided in this section, or, in case any part of the tract is comprised within a temporarily-settled estate, until the conclusion of the period of the settlement with Government under which such estate is held, if such period expires before the lapse of five years as aforesaid.

Provided that, during the currency of the term for which the rent has been fixed as aforesaid, any person may bring a suit to enhance the rent of any ryot or tenant whose rent has been so fixed, on the ground that the area of the ryot's or tenant's holding has been increased by alluvion or otherwise, and on no other ground.

And any ryot or tenant may, during the said period, bring a suit for abatement of his rent which has been so fixed, on the ground that the area of the land held by him has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise, and on no other ground.

19. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if it shall appear to the Collector that any suit which is pending before him involves any question relating to the title of land or to some interest in land, as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, or any other question which can more properly be decided by a civil court, or, in districts in which Act X of 1859 is in force, by a revenue court under that Act, the Collector may transfer such suit to a civil court or revenue court (according to whether such civil court or such revenue court would have had jurisdiction in the matter if this Act had not been passed); and such court shall thereupon proceed to deal with the suit as if this Act had not been passed, and as if the suit had originally been instituted before such court.

20. If such suit involves a question of rent or any other question which may properly be settled by the Collector under this Act, as well as a question which may more properly be decided by such civil court or revenue court, the Collector may decide the former question under this Act before transferring the suit to such other court; and such decision shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in respect of appeals, and the civil court or revenue court shall be bound to give the final decision in the suit in accordance with the decision of the Collector or of the appellate authority under this Act on such question, so far as such decision is applicable.

21. Every order and decree of a Collector under this Act may be enforced by the same means and in the same manner as if such order or decree were an order or decree to the same effect made under Act X of 1859.

22. Notwithstanding that the Lieutenant-Governor may have issued a notification as provided in section three declaring this Act to be no longer in force in any tract, the Collector shall proceed to decide all suits pending before him on the date of issue of such notification as if no such notification had been issued; and in respect of all such suits and of all other matters

and suits which may be pending before the Board, the Commissioner, or the Collector on the date of the issue of such notification, the said Board, Commissioner, and Collector shall, until such matters or suits are finally decided or disposed of, exercise the same powers with respect thereto as if such notification had not been issued.

23. No suit to contest any order or judgment of any officer under the provisions of this Act shall be instituted before any court or tribunal otherwise than as provided in this Act.

24. In the performance of their duties under this Act, the Deputy Collector and supervision of Commissioner and Board. Collectors shall be subject to the general control and direction of the Collector, the Collector to the general control and direction of the Commissioner, and all officers to the general control and direction of the Board.

25. An appeal shall lie to the Collector against every order and judgment of a Deputy Collector under this Act, except as hereinafter otherwise provided; but no appeal shall lie against any order or judgment of the Collector under this Act except as hereinafter expressly provided.

26. In suits of the nature of those specified in clauses two, four, and seven of section twenty-three of Act X of 1859, when such suits have been tried and decided by the Collector, if the amount sued for, or the value of the property claimed, does not exceed one hundred rupees, the judgment of the Collector shall be final and not open to revision or appeal, unless in any such suit a question of right to enhance or otherwise vary the rent of a ryot or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land, or to some interest in land as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has been determined by the judgment, in which case the judgment shall be open to appeal in the manner provided in section twenty-nine.

The provisions of section 154 of Act X of 1859 shall apply to all suits in which the judgment of the Collector is final.

27. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, no appeal shall lie against any order declaring arrears of rent to be due and directing that such arrears be paid, unless such appeal shall be accompanied by the certificate of the Collector that the amount of such arrears has been paid to the Collector; and on payment of such amount, the Collector, if required so to do by the person making such payment, shall be bound to grant such certificate, and to hold the amount in deposit until the appeal shall have been disposed of, or until the period for making such appeal shall have expired.

28. When any such suit as is mentioned in section twenty-six in which, if tried and decided by the Collector, the judgment of the Collector would be final, is tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal from the judg-

ment of the Deputy Collector shall lie to the Collector, and the provisions of sections 157 to 159 (both inclusive) of the said Act X of 1859 shall apply to such appeals.

29. In all suits other than those in which when tried and decided by a Collector, the judgment of the Collector is final as aforesaid, or when tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal is allowed to the Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Collector or Deputy Collector shall lie to the Commissioner, and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final, unless the amount or value in dispute exceed five thousand rupees, in which case an appeal from the Commissioner's decision shall lie to the Board.

30. Every appeal against the order of a Deputy Collector shall be presented to the Collector

Time for presenting appeals from orders.

within fifteen days, and every appeal against the order of a Collector shall be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the date of the order appealed against.

Every appeal against the order of a Commissioner shall be presented to the Board, or to the Commissioner for transmission to the Board, within sixty days of the date of the order appealed against.

Orders passed in appeal by a Commissioner or a Collector shall not be open to any further appeal, except as hereinbefore provided: but the Board or the Commissioner may at any time call for any case, and pass such orders thereon as they may think proper.

FREDERICK CLARKE,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 21st March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. VII of 1876.

An Act to extend the Criminal Tribes' Act, 1871, to the Lower Provinces of Bengal and to amend the same Act.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend Act No. XXVII of 1871 (for the Registration of Criminal Tribes and Eunuchs) to the Lower Provinces of Bengal and to amend the same Act in manner hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Section one of the said Act shall be read as if, after the words 'Lieutenant-Governors of,' the following word were inserted (namely), 'Bengal.'

2. Section eighteen of the said Act shall be read as if in the second clause, after the words 'persons reside,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or the agents of such landowners or occupiers.'

Section twenty-one of the said Act shall be read as if in the first clause, after the words 'persons reside,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or of the agent of any such owner or occupier,'

and as if in the fourth clause, after the words 'occupier of land,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or of the agent of such owner or occupier.'

And section twenty-two of the same Act shall be read as it, after the words 'occupier of land,' the following words were inserted (namely), 'or the agent of such owner or occupier.'

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. VIII of 1876.

THE NATIVE PASSENGER SHIPS' ACT, 1876.

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SCHEDULE.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."
2. It extends to the whole of British India and applies—
(a) to all subjects of Her Majesty within the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty;
(b) to all Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty without and beyond British India; and,
(c) subject to the exceptions mentioned in the subsequent part of this section, to vessels carrying more than thirty passengers, being Natives of Asia or Africa.
Nothing herein contained applies—
(d) to any Ship-of-War or Transport belonging to, or in the service of, Her Majesty;
(e) to any Ship-of-War belonging to any Foreign Prince or State;
(f) to any sailing vessel not carrying as passengers more than thirty Natives of Asia or Africa;
(g) to any steamer not carrying as passengers more than sixty of such Natives;
(h) to any sailing vessel or steamer not intended to convey passengers to or from any port in British India.
3. This Act shall come into force on such day as the Governor-General in Council directs by notification in the *Gazette of India*.

4. On and from that day the Acts specified in the Schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed.

But all ports, places and officers appointed, and all certificates granted, under any of such Acts, shall be deemed to be respectively appointed and granted under this Act;

and the last clause of section one of Act No. II of 1860 (*to amend the law relating to the Carriage of Passengers by Sea*) shall be read as follows:—

"Voyages from ports in British India to ports in the Red Sea or Persian Gulf, under the Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."

Interpretation-clause. 5. In this Act—

the expression “Magistrate” means a person exercising powers not inferior to those of a Magistrate of the second class, and includes a Justice of the Peace, and, at the port of Aden, the Political Resident and his Assistants :

the expression “ship” includes every description of vessel used in navigation not propelled by oars :

the expression “Master” includes every person (other than a pilot) having command or charge of a ship :

the expression “Passenger” means a person above the age of twelve years, or two persons between the ages of one year and twelve years ; but it does not include a person in attendance on another person who is not a Native of Asia or Africa, nor a child under one year of age :

the expression “voyage” means the whole distance between the ship’s port of departure and her final port of arrival :

the expression “long voyage” means any voyage during which the ship performing it will under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours or upwards continuously out of port :

the expression “short voyage” means any voyage during which the ship performing it will never under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours continuously out of port :

Illustration.

A ship starts from port A, and is destined finally to arrive at port B, between which ports the ordinary distance is ten days : but she is to touch at four intermediate ports, no one of which is under ordinary circumstances more than five days from the next one. This is a short voyage.

the expression “Chief Officer of Customs” means the executive officer of highest rank in the Department of Customs in any port to which this Act applies.

CHAPTER II.

RULES FOR ALL VOYAGES.

6. No ship carrying passengers shall depart or proceed from, or shall discharge passengers at, any port or place within British India other than such ports and places as the Local Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf ;

and after any ship has departed or proceeded upon any voyage from a port or place so appointed, no person shall be received on board as a passenger, except at some other port or place so appointed.

7. The master, owner, or agent of every ship so departing or proceeding shall give notice to an officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government that the ship is to carry native passengers, and of her destination, and of the proposed time of sailing.

Such notice shall be given not less than twenty-four hours before such time.

8. After receiving such notice, the officer aforesaid, or any person authorized by him, shall be at liberty at all times to enter and inspect the ship and the fittings, provisions, and stores therein.

9. No ship intended to carry passengers shall commence any voyage from any port or place appointed under this Act unless the Master holds two certificates to the effect hereinafter mentioned.

And the officer of Government whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance for such ship shall not grant the same unless the Master holds such certificates.

10. The first of such certificates (hereinafter called ‘certificate A’) shall state that the ship is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated, and the number of passengers that she is capable of carrying.

11. The second of such certificates (hereinafter called ‘certificate B’) shall state—

(a) the voyage which the ship is intended to make, and the intermediate ports (if any) at which she is intended to touch ;

(b) that she has the proper complement of officers and seamen ;

(c) that provisions, fuel and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things (if any) prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section ;

(d) that the Master holds certificate A ;

(e) if she is intended to make a short voyage in a season of foul weather, and to carry upper-deck passengers, that she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather ;

(f) such other particulars (if any) as may for the time being be required for such ship under this Act.

12. The person by whom certificate B is to be granted shall in all cases be the officer referred to in section seven.

13. The person by whom certificate A is to be granted shall be the officer aforesaid, except that, if the Master of a ship produce to such officer either of the following certificates (namely)—

(a) a valid certificate granted by the Board of Trade or by any British Colonial Government ;

(b) a certificate granted under the authority of any British Indian Government, and dated not more than six months before the proposed day of sailing,

and if the particulars required by section ten are certified thereby,

such officer may take any such certificate as evidence of such particulars, and it shall then be a valid certificate for the purposes of this Act.

14. After receiving the notice required by section seven, the officer aforesaid may, if he think fit, cause the ship to be surveyed at the expense of the master or owner by competent surveyors, who shall report to him whether the ship is, in their opinion, seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated for her intended voyage:

Provided that he shall not cause any ship holding any certificate mentioned in section thirteen, clause (a) or clause (b), to be surveyed unless, from the ship having met with damage or having undergone alterations, or on other reasonable ground, he considers it likely that she may be found unseaworthy or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage

If the officer aforesaid causes a survey to be made of any vessel holding any such certificate, and if the surveyors report that the vessel is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated for her intended voyage, and that there was no reasonable ground why the officer aforesaid should have thought it likely that she would be found unseaworthy, or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage, the expense of the survey shall be paid by the Local Government.

15. The officer authorized to grant a certificate under this Act in respect of any ship shall not grant the same unless he is satisfied that she has not on board any cargo likely from its quality, quantity, or mode of stowage, to prejudice the health or safety of the passengers.

But, save as aforesaid, and subject to the provisions of section sixteen, the grant or withholding of a certificate under this chapter shall in all cases be in the discretion of the officer aforesaid.

16. In the exercise of such discretion such officer shall be subject to the control of the Local Government, or of any intermediate authority which that Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf.

17. The Owner or Master shall put up in a conspicuous part of the ship, so as to be visible to persons on board the same, a copy of each of the said certificates granted by an officer appointed under this Act in respect of the ship, and shall keep such copies in such position during the voyage.

18. The requirements of this Act respecting the supply of provisions for passengers shall not, except as to the supply of water, be applicable to any passenger who has contracted to furnish his own provisions, and who has, in the opinion of such officer as the Local Government appoints in this behalf, actually furnished such provisions of the quality and to the amount for the time being prescribed by rules made under section forty-six.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR SHORT VOYAGES.

19. For seasons of fair weather every ship performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least six superficial feet and thirty-six cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and six superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by sails and performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and twelve superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a short voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and nine superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

But in such seasons no ship shall carry upper-deck passengers unless she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather.

20. If any ship performing a short voyage takes any additional passengers on board at any intermediate port or place, the Master shall obtain a supplementary certificate from the proper officer at such port, stating --

(a) the number of passengers so taken on board, and,

(b) that provisions, fuel, and pure water (over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six) have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the total number of passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section.

Provided that, if the certificate B held by the Master of such ship states that provisions, fuel, and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for her by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the full number of passengers that she is capable of carrying, the Master shall not be bound to obtain any such supplementary certificate.

21. When the ship reaches her final port of arrival, the Master shall notify to such officer as the Governor-General in Council may appoint in this behalf the date and supposed cause of death of every passenger dying on the voyage.

CHAPTER IV.

RULES FOR LONG VOYAGES.

22. Every ship propelled by sails and performing a long voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every passenger.

Space to be provided for passengers.

Every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a long voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every passenger.

23. The Master of every such ship, before departing or proceeding on any long voyage from any port or place in British India, shall sign two statements, specifying the number and the respective sexes of all the passengers, and stating the number of the crew; and shall deliver them to the officer last aforesaid, who shall thereupon (after having first satisfied himself that the numbers are correct) countersign and return to the Master one of such statements.

Statement of passengers.

24. The Master shall note in writing on such last mentioned statement, and on any additional statement to be made under the next following section, the date and supposed cause of death of any passenger who may die on the voyage, and shall forthwith, on the arrival of the ship at her destination or at any port at which it may be intended to land passengers, and before any passengers are landed, produce the statement, with any additions thereto made, to any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty at the port of arrival if it be a foreign port, or to the Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act to receive such statements, at any port or place at which it is intended to land the passengers or any of them.

Deaths on voyage.

Procedure on arrival.

25. If, after the ship has departed or proceeded on any long voyage, any additional passengers are taken on board at a port or place within British India appointed under this Act for the embarkation of passengers,

Ship taking additional passengers and touching at intermediate port.

or if such ship upon her voyage touch or arrive at any such port, having previously received on board additional passengers at any place without British India,

the Master shall obtain a fresh certificate to the effect of certificate B from the proper officer at such port, and shall make additional statements specifying the number and the respective sexes of all such additional passengers;

and all the provisions hereinbefore contained in that behalf shall be applicable to any certificate granted or statement made under this section.

26. In the case of every ship sailing from any port within British India to any port in the Red Sea the officer whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance for any such ship shall not grant such clearance unless and until the owner, agent, or master of such ship and two sureties

Bond when ship clears for port in Red Sea.

resident in British India have by a joint and several bond become bound unto the Secretary of State for India in Council in the penal sum of five thousand rupees for the purpose of binding the ship to touch at Aden on the outward voyage, and there to obtain a clean bill of health and to do the same on the homeward voyage if she continue (being propelled by sails) to carry more than thirty passengers, or (being propelled by steam, or partly by steam, and partly by sails) to carry more than sixty passengers.

27. Every ship carrying more than thirty passengers being natives of Asia or Africa, and sailing from any port in British India to any port in the Red Sea,

Ships sailing to or from port in Red Sea to touch at Aden.

or sailing from any port in the Red Sea to any port in British India,

shall touch at Aden, and shall not leave that port without having obtained from the proper authority a clean bill of health.

28. No bill of health shall be granted under section twenty-six or section twenty-seven in case the ship has on board a greater number of passengers than in the proportion prescribed for her by this Act.

Bill of health

CHAPTER V.

PENALTIES.

29. If any ship departs or proceeds upon a voyage from, or discharges passengers at, any port or place within British India in contravention of the provisions of section six or section nine,

Penalty for ship unlawfully departing.

or if any person is received as a passenger on board a ship in contravention of the provisions of the second clause of section six,

the Owner or Master shall, for every passenger conveyed in such ship, or for every passenger so discharged or received on board, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both;

and the ship, if found within two years in any port within British India, may be seized and detained by any Chief Officer of Customs until the penalties incurred under this Act by her owner or Master have been adjudicated, and the payment of the fines imposed on him under this Act, with all costs, has been enforced, under the provisions hereinafter contained.

30. Any person impeding or refusing to allow the entry or inspection authorized under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for each offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

Penalty for opposing entry on, or inspection of ships.

31. Any Owner or Master wilfully failing to comply with the requirements of section seventeen, as to copies of certificates, shall, for every such failure, be liable to fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

Penalty for not exhibiting copy of certificate.

32. Any Master failing to comply with any of the requirements of section twenty-three or section twenty-four, as to the statement of passengers,

Penalty for non-compliance with requirements as to list of passengers.

or wilfully making any false entry or note in or on any such statement,

or wilfully failing to obtain any such supplementary certificate as is mentioned in section twenty, or to report deaths as required by section twenty-one,

Penalty for failing to obtain fresh certificate for additional passengers taken.

or to obtain any such fresh certificate, or to make any such statement of the number of additional passengers as is mentioned in section twenty-five,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

33. Any Master who, after having obtained any of the certificates mentioned in section nine or section twenty, or section twenty-five, fraudulently

Penalty for fraudulent alteration in ship after certificate obtained.

does, or suffers to be done, anything whereby such certificate becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the ship, her passengers, or other matters to which such certificate relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

34. Any Master wilfully, and without satisfactory excuse, omitting to supply to any passenger the allowance of food, fuel, and water prescribed by rule

Penalty for failing to supply passengers with prescribed provisions.

made under this Act and for the time being in force, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every passenger who has sustained detriment by such omission.

35. The Master of any ship described in section twenty-seven who wilfully fails to touch at Aden, or leaves that port without

Penalty for not obtaining bill of health.

having obtained the bill of health therein mentioned, shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

36. If any ship has on board any number of

Penalty for excess of number specified in certificate.

passengers which, having regard to the time of the year and other circumstances, is greater than the number allowed by the certificate, or, if arriving from a port where no certificate could be procured, has on board a number of passengers exceeding the number allowed by this Act for such ship, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger over and above the number allowed by the certificate, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and the Master shall further be liable for each of such passengers to imprisonment not exceeding one week: Provided that the total term of imprisonment awarded under this section shall in no case exceed six months.

Any officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government may cause all passengers over and above such number to disembark, and may forward them to any port of British India, and may recover the cost of so forwarding them from the Owner or Master of the ship as if such cost was a fine imposed under this Act, and a certificate under the hand of such officer shall be conclusive evidence of the amount of the cost aforesaid.

37. If any ship bringing native passengers from any port or place beyond British India into any port or place in British India, has on board a greater number of passengers than in the

Penalty for bringing native passengers from Eastern port in excess of authorized proportion.

proportion prescribed by section nineteen, section twenty-two, or section forty-nine (as the case may be), or than the number allowed by the license or certificate (if any) granted in respect of such ship at her port or place of departure, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger in excess of such proportion or of the number so allowed, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

38. If the Master of any ship to which this Act applies lands any passenger at any port or place other than the port or place at which he may have contracted to land, unless with

Penalty for landing passenger at a place other than that at which he has contracted to land.

his previous consent, or unless such landing is made necessary by perils of the sea or other unavoidable accident, the Master shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

Procedure.

39. All offences against this Act shall be punishable in a summary manner by a Magistrate.

Adjudication of offences.

If the person on whom any fine is imposed under this Act is the Master or Owner of a ship, and the fine is not paid at the time

Fine leviable by distress on ship.

and in the manner prescribed by the order of payment, the Magistrate may, in addition to the ordinary means prescribed by law for enforcing payment, direct by warrant the amount remaining unpaid to be levied by distress and sale of the said ship, her tackle, furniture, and apparel.

40. For the purpose of the adjudication of penalties under this Act, every offence against its provisions shall be deemed to have been committed within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the place where the offender is found.

41. The penalties to which Masters and Owners

By whom proceedings for penalties to be instituted.

of ships are made liable by this Act shall be enforced only by information laid at the instance of the officers appointed to grant certificates under this Act; or, at any port or place where there is no such officer, at the instance of the Chief Officer of Customs.

42. Any Magistrate imposing any fine under this Act may, if he thinks

Application of fines.

fit, direct the whole or any part thereof to be applied in compensating any person for any detriment which he may have sustained by the act or default in respect of which such fine is imposed, or in or towards payment of the expenses of the proceedings.

43. Whenever, in the course of any legal

Depositions receivable when witnesses cannot be produced.

proceeding under this Act, the testimony of any witness is required in relation to the subject-matter of such proceeding, any deposition that he may have previously made in relation to the same subject-matter before any Justice or Magistrate in Her Majesty's dominions (including

all parts of India other than those subject to the same Local Government as the port or place where such proceedings are instituted), or any British consular officer elsewhere, shall be admissible in evidence on due proof that such witness cannot be found within the jurisdiction of the Court in which such proceeding is instituted:

Provided that such deposition shall not be admissible unless

(a) it is authenticated by the signature of the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer;

(b) it was made in the presence of the person accused, and

(c) the fact that it was so made is certified by the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer.

It shall not be necessary in any case to prove the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed any such deposition; and in any criminal proceeding such certificate as aforesaid shall, unless the contrary is proved, be sufficient evidence of the accused having been present in manner thereby certified.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44. The Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act, at any port or place within British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches or arrives, shall, with advertence to the provisions herein contained, send any particulars which he may deem important respecting the ship and the passengers conveyed therein to the officer at the port from which the ship commenced her voyage, and also to the officer at any other port within British India where the passengers or any of them embarked.

And any officer appointed under this Act may, at any port or place in British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches, board such ship and inspect her in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act as to the number of passengers and otherwise have been complied with.

45. In any proceeding for the adjudication of any penalty incurred under this Act, any document purporting to be a report of such particulars or a copy of the proceedings of any Court of Justice duly authenticated, and also any like document purporting to be made and signed by any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty in any foreign port, shall be received in evidence, if the same appears to have been officially transmitted to any officer at or near the place where the proceeding under this Act is had.

46. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act, to regulate, in the case of any ship or class of ships to which this Act applies, all or any of the following matters:—

(a) the scale on which provisions, fuel and water are to be supplied to the passengers and the quality of such provisions, fuel and water;

(b) the medical stores and other appliances and fittings for maintaining health, cleanliness, and decency to be provided on board;

(c) the boats, anchors and cables to be provided on board;

(d) the instruments for purposes of navigation to be supplied;

(e) the apparatus for the purpose of extinguishing fires on board and the precautions to be taken to prevent such fires;

(f) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

All such rules shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

47. The Local Government shall appoint such persons as it thinks fit to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Act.

48. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, what shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this Act, "seasons of fair weather" and "seasons of foul weather," and for sailing vessels and steamers respectively, a "long voyage" and a "short voyage."

49. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time direct, in the case of any ship or class of ships, and for all or any voyages to which this Act applies, the number of superficial or of cubic feet of space to be contained for the passengers, and such direction shall override the provisions of sections nineteen and twenty-two so far as they apply to such ship or class of ships.

SCHEDULE.

(See Section 4.)

Number and year.	Title.
XXV of 1859	An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.
XII of 1870	An Act for the regulation of Native Passenger Ships, and of Steam Vessels intended to convey Passengers on coasting voyages.
XII of 1872	An Act to amend Act XII of 1870 (<i>The Native Passenger Ships' Act</i>).
Madras Act II of 1862.	An Act to extend the provisions of Act XXV of 1859, entitled An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Second Publication]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No IX of 1876.

An Act to enable the Government of India to declare certain coins of Native States to be a legal tender in British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable the Governor-General in Council to declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in certain coins made for or issued by Native States, shall be a legal tender in British India; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called "The Native Coinage Act, 1876":

It extends to the whole of British India;

And it shall come into force at once.

2. In this Act "Native State" means any State in India which is under the protection or political control of Her Majesty, or of which the Government shall have acknowledged the supremacy of the British Crown.

3. Subject to the provisions of section four, the Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in the coins, or the coins of any specified metal, made under this Act for any Native State, shall be a legal tender in British India;

and the provisions of the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, shall apply to the coins to which such notification refers, so far as such provisions are applicable thereto, and save as expressly provided by such notification.

4. The power conferred by the first clause of section three shall be exercisable only when the coins referred to in such notification comply with the following conditions (that is to say)—

in the case of coins of gold, silver, or bronze,
(a) their fineness is identical with that for the time being prescribed by law for coins of the Government of India of the same metal;

in the case of coins, whether of gold, silver, bronze, or copper,

(b) they are identical in weight with some coins of the Government of India of the same metal, which may for the time being be legally coined at any mint of the Government of India, or bear such relation thereto as is approved by the Governor-General in Council;

(c) the devices upon their obverse and reverse differ from the devices on coins now made or issued by any such Native State, and have been approved by the Governor-General in Council;

(d) upon each of such coins its value in money of the Government of India is inscribed in the English language.

(e) the Native State for which they are coined has undertaken to abstain during a term of not less than thirty years from the date of the notification from coining in its own mint gold, silver, bronze, or copper, as the case may be, and has also undertaken that no coins resembling coins for the time being a legal tender in British India shall, after the expiration of the said term, be struck under its authority or with its permission at any place within or without its jurisdiction;

(f) such State has formally declared that a tender of payment of money, if made in coins of the Government of India of the same metal, shall in the territories subject to such State be a legal tender in the cases in which payment made in such coins would, under the law for the time being in force, be a legal tender in British India;

(g) such State has also agreed that the law and rules for the time being in force respecting the cutting and breaking of coin of the Government of India reduced in weight by reasonable wearing or otherwise, or counterfeit, or called in by proclamation, shall apply to the coins made for such State under this Act, and that it will defray the cost of cutting and breaking them; and

(h) such State has also agreed not to issue the same coins below their nominal value, and not to allow any discount or other advantage to any person in order to bring them into circulation.

5. It shall be lawful for any such State to send to any mint in British India metal to be made into coin under this Act; and, subject to the Mint rules for the time being in force, and to the provisions hereinafter contained, the Mint-Master shall receive such metal and convert it into coin, provided that it be fit for coinage.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to entitle any such State to have coins made under this Act at any mint of the Government of India of any metal which is not for the time being legally coined at such mint.

6. The Governor-General in Council may impose on any metal sent to a mint for coinage under this Act the duty (if any) leviable on the same metal under the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, and also a charge sufficient to defray the expenses of coinage over and above the expenses of assay and refining; and the Mint-Master shall coin such metal at the charge so imposed.

7. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, with reference to the reasonable requirements of the population of any Native State, fix the maximum number of any coins of any particular metal that shall be coined under this Act.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th November 1875.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1356C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 4th April 1876.*—Mr. Alfred Hinuber Haggard, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Buxar division of the Shahabad district, is appointed to have charge of the Serampore division of the Hooghly district.

Mr. Charles Randal Marindin, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mozutlerpore, is appointed to have charge of the Buxar division of the Shahabad district.

The 12th April 1876.—Mr. Samuel Simpson Jones, Assistant Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sasseram, is posted to the district of Durbhunga.

Mr. George Goodair Dey, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chuprah, is appointed to have charge of the Sasseram division of the Shahabad district.

Mr. William Robert Millar, Assistant Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to Chuprah.

Mr. Percival Nelson Langdon, Assistant Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Aurungabad, is appointed to have charge of the Nowadah sub-division of the Gya district.

Baboo Dhanesh Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in the Irrigation Department, is appointed to have charge of the Aurungabad division of the Gya district.

Baboo Medni Persad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, now on special duty in the Irrigation Department, is posted to the Sudder Station of Arrah.

Mr. George Stewart Park, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Sarun, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, with effect from the date on which Mr. W. Wavell avails himself of his subsidiary leave.

Mr. T. D. Beighton, c.s., is appointed to be a member of the Central Examination Committee.

The 13th April 1876.—The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the First Grade, viz.—

Mr. Behary Lal Gupta, *vice* Mr. F. W. V. Peterson.

„ W. H. M. Gun, *vice* Mr. R. Cornish.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Second Grade, viz.—

Mr. G. Stevenson.

Mr. C. W. Bolton.

The 17th April 1876.—Moulvi Mohamed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is transferred to Tipperah.

Moulvi Ramizuddeen, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, on leave, is transferred to Fureedpore.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Bysack, B.L., is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Chundee Churn Bose, or until further orders. Baboo Gobind Chunder Bysack is posted to the district of Mymensing.

Mr. James Alexander Crawford, Collector of Customs, Calcutta, having reported his return from furlough on the 29th March last, is allowed subsidiary leave for one week from that date to the 4th instant, inclusive, under Section 18 (b) of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Robert Fulton Rampini, Joint Sessions Judge, Julpigoree, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 2nd May next, or within fifteen days of that date.

Mr. Winkup Hamilton Gordon, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagopore, is appointed to act as Joint Sessions Judge, and to exercise the powers of a district Judge under Section 10 of Act VI of 1871 in the Darjeeling and Julpigoree districts, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. R. F. Rampini, or until further orders.

Mr. A. W. Mackie, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is posted to the district of Dinagopore.

Baboo Jodu Nath Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave of absence under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, up to the 28th February last inclusive, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 28th January preceding.

The 18th April 1876.—Mr. Arthur Clifford Tute, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Baraset division of the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, is posted to the Sudder Station of Mozufferpore.

Mr. Harry Lee, Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, is appointed to have charge of the Baraset division of the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. Herbert Hope Risley, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Captain H. L. Crossman, Commanding “B” Company, Darjeeling Volunteer Rifles, is allowed leave for twelve months, with effect from the 25th March 1876.

Mr. William LeF. Robinson, Commissioner, Chota Nagpore, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd proximo, or any other date on which he may avail himself of it.

The unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to Mr. J. F. Stevens, c.s., under orders of the 26th February last, is cancelled from the 30th ultimo, the date on which he was appointed to act as Judge of Moorsshedabad.

Baboo Lolit Mokun Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Maldah, is allowed leave for fifteen days without pay.

The orders of the 10th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, appointing Mr. J. Posford, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to Nuddea, Mr. H. W. Mackenzie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to Goalundo, and Baboo Mohesh Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to Gobindpore, are cancelled.

Mr. David Bird Allen, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is posted to the Sudder Station of Nuddea.

Mr. Henry Murray Tobin, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to be a member of and Secretary to the Committee for the management of the Zoological Garden at Alipore.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 7th April 1876.*—With the sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Baboo Issur Chunder Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th Sections of the Indian Councils' Act of 1871, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

The 12th April 1876.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble H. L. Dampier of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble T. W. Brookes of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

The 17th April 1876.—Subject to the sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. Spink, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th Sections of the Indian Councils' Act of 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

POLICE.—*The 12th April 1876.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. Gordon, District Superintendent, Police, Bhagulpore, is allowed leave of absence for three months, from the 15th instant, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Major W. W. Hume, District Superintendent of Police, Bogra, is transferred to Bhagulpore.

Mr. H. Dawson, who has recently returned from furlough, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Bograh, during the absence, on deputation, of Major W. W. Hume, or until further orders.

The 17th April 1876.—Mr. George Mosely McMullen Ridsdale, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, is allowed leave of absence for two months and eighteen days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th instant, or any day within one month of that date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. Charles Philip Crouch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Barh, Patna, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. G. M. M. Ridsdale, or until further orders.

Mr. John B. Falls is appointed to act temporarily as an Assistant Superintendent of Police, and is posted to the sub-division of Barh, in the Patna district.

Mr. H. B. M. Eyre is appointed to act, until further orders, as an Assistant Superintendent of Police, and is posted to Patna.

REGISTRATION.—*The 11th April 1876.*—Moulvi Feazullah, Sub-Registrar, Chandpore is transferred to Hazigunge.

Baboo Juggobundhoo Gupta is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chandpore.

Moulvi Izazul Islam is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Nabennuggur.

EDUCATION.—*The 11th April 1876.*—Mr. C. A. Wilkins is appointed to be Secretary to the District School Committee of Patna.

The 11th April 1876.—Mr. W. T. Webb, B.A., is appointed to officiate as a Professor in the Presidency College.

Mr. J. Behrendt is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Professor in the Dacca College.

Mr. A. S. Philips, B.A., is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Professor in the Patna College.

Mr. F. Lefevre is appointed to officiate as Head Master of the Patna Collegiate School.

The 17th April 1876.—Baboo Luckhi Narain Dass, M.A., Head Master, Hooghly Branch-School, is allowed leave of absence for fifteen days, from the 30th March last, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

OPIMUM.—*The 11th April 1876.*—Mr. C. M. Jerdon, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya, is allowed to proceed to Europe on furlough for a period of two years, under Section 10(a) of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. C. L. Harrison, Officiating Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, is appointed to act as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. M. Jerdon, or until further orders.

Mr. J. A. Flyter, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Shahabad, is appointed to act as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Tehtah, until relieved by Mr. Osborne on his return from furlough.

CUSTOMS.—*The 18th April 1876.*—Mr. G. M. Goodricke, Assistant Collector of Customs, Calcutta, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 26th ultimo.

MEDICAL.—*The 14th April 1876.*—Assistant Surgeon Brojendro Kumar Dutt, attached to the sub-division and dispensary at Mudhoobunnee, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Grish Chunder Dey, a Supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed to have charge of the sub-division and dispensary at Mudhoobunnee during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Brojendro Kumar Dutt, or until further orders.

The 17th April 1876. Dr. N. Jackson is appointed to the charge of the prison camp at Buxar, and of the general medical duties of the station.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Patna City Charitable Dispensary, viz.—

The Joint-Magistrate of Patna, *ex officio*.

Syed Ameer Hossein, Deputy Magistrate.

Baboo Koonr Sookraj Bahadoor, Zemindar.

„ Soban Lall, Head Master, Normal School.

„ Joy Kissen, Zemindar.

„ Doorga Pershad, Zemindar.

Syed Mahomed Aboo Syed, Zemindar.

Moonshee Khooda Bux, Pleader.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Hybutnagar, in the sub-division of Kishoregunge, in the district of Mymensingh, viz.—

Syad Abdullah, Zemindar	Secretary and Member.
Dewan Azimdad Khan, Zemindar	} Members.
Baboo Denonath Chuckerbutty, Zemindar ...	...
„ Huri Kishore Roy, Zemindar ...	...
Sheikh Abdul Rohim, Taluqdar ...	...
Baboo Chunder Nath Roy, Taluqdar ..	...
„ Radha Churn Roy, Taluqdar	} <i>Ex officio</i> Members.
„ Ishan Chunder Bhuttacharjee, Kishoregunge	...	
School Pundit ...	...
The Sub-Deputy Collector	} <i>Ex officio</i> Members.
The Divisional Inspector of Police ...	...

The services of Surgeon W. Harvey are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, with effect from the 1st instant.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 11th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are reappointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Patna:—

Syed Velait Ally Khan. Syed Mohomed Nowab.

Mr. H. Alexander, Opium Agent, Behar, is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Behar, *vice* Mr. R. Abercrombie.

The 17th April 1876.—Moonshee Omur Khan, Native Doctor, is appointed to be a member of the Municipal Committee for the town of Cox's Bazar, *vice* Hyder Ali Sowdagar, deceased.

The 18th April 1876.—The following gentlemen are reappointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Midnapore, viz.—

Mr. A. D. Larymore, Superintendent, Central Jail.
 „ D. Norton, Assistant Magistrate.
 Rev. O. R. Bachelor, Missionary.
 Baboo Bepin Behary Dutt, Government Pleader.
 Moonshee Khoyrat Ali, Pleader.

Dr. R. T. Lyons is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Midnapore, *vice* Dr. Mathew, who has left the station.

The services of Surgeon A. S. Reid, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Cooch Behar, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department.

PORT TRUST.—*The 18th April 1876.*—Mr. James Alexander Crawford, Collector of Customs, Calcutta, is appointed to be a Commissioner for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta under the provisions of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 18th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Central Committee of management for the Economic Museum, Calcutta, viz.—

Mr. J. A. Crawford, Collector of Customs, Calcutta.
 Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. Tennant, R.E., Mint-Master, Calcutta.
 Mr. C. H. Wood, Chemical Examiner to Government.

ROAD CESS.—*The 17th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are appointed, under Section 49, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Pooree:—

Baboo Loke Nath Roy.	Mohunt Ramkrishna Ramarunj Doss.
Rughu Nundun Ramarunj Doss.	Baboo Okhil Nath Roy.
Ramkrishna Patgusi Mohapater.	Adhikari Ras Behari Doss.
Boidhur Mohapater.	

ERRATUM.—*The 18th April 1876.*—In the orders of the 10th instant, appointing Baboo Abinash Chunder Chatterjee to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Burdwan—

For 'Baboo Abinash Chunder Chatterjee,' read 'Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter.'

The following Notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette*:—

The 7th April 1876.—Mr. L. Hare, c.s., Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Second Grade, Khasi and Jaintia Hills, is transferred to the district of Sylhet.

No. 1.—*The 5th April 1876.*—Mr. J. B. Goad, District Superintendent of Police, Lakhimpore, who was deputed on special duty to the Naga Hills, resumed charge of office on the forenoon of the 17th March 1876 from Baboo Guru Prasad Das, Inspector of Police.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th April 1876.—In pursuance of the provisions of Section 11 of the Indian Tariff Act, XVI of 1875, it is hereby notified for general information that the excise duty leviable on each gallon of country spirits manufactured in the distilleries in the several districts of Lower Bengal shall be at the following rates from this date:—

BENGAL.

Western Districts.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Rs. A.

Burdwan 4 0 where it
was formerly Rs. 3, and Rs. 2 where
it was formerly Re. 1-8.

Bankoora 2 0

Beerbhoom 2 0

Midnapore 4 0 where it
was formerly Rs. 3, and Re. 1-4
where it was formerly Re. 1.

Hooghly, exclusive of

Howrah Town .. 4 0

Central Districts.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

24-Pergunnahs, exclusive of

Suburbs 4 0

Calcutta, inclusive of Su-
burbs and Howrah Town 4 0

Nudda 4 0

Jessore 4 0

Moorsheadabad .. 3 8 where it
was formerly Rs. 3, and Re. 1-12
where it was formerly Re. 1-8.

RAJSHAHYE AND COOCH BEHAR DIVISIONS.

Dinagpore 2 8

Maldah 2 8

Rajshahye 2 8

Rungpore 2 8

Bogra 2 8

Pubna 2 8

Julpigoree 2 0

Eastern Districts.

DACCA DIVISION.

Rs. A.

Dacca 3 8

Furreedpore 3 0

Backergunge 3 0

Mymensingh 3 0

Tipperah 2 0

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Chittagong 2 8

Noakholly 2 0

BEHAR.

PATNA DIVISION.

Patna 2 8

Gya 2 0

Shahabad 2 0

Mozufferpore 2 0

Durbhunga 2 0

Sarun 2 8

Chumparun 2 0

BHAGULPORE DIVISION.

Monghyr 2 0

Bhagulpore 2 0

Purneah 2 0

Sonthal Pergunnahs .. 1 8 & Re. 1

ORISSA.

ORISSA DIVISION.

Cuttack 1 0

Pooree 1 0

Balasore 1 0

CHOTA-NAGPORE.

CHOTA-NAGPORE DIVISION.

South-West Frontier Agency.

Hazareebagh 1 8

Lohardugga 1 8

Singbhoom 1 8

Manbhoom 1 8

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th April 1876.—In pursuance of the provisions of Section 11 of the Indian Tariff Act, XVI of 1875, it is hereby further notified for general information that the excise duty leviable on Rum manufactured after the English method in Calcutta and the Suburbs shall be Rs. 4 per gallon from this date.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Buxar, in the Shahabad district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Buxar shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 24th March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st March 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after 1st May 1876 the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that the Gurbetta sub-division, in the district of Midnapore, shall henceforth be known as the Ghatal sub-division, and shall comprise the thanas of Ghatal, Chunderkona, and Daspore, that the head-quarters of the sub-division shall be located at Ghatal, and that thana Gurbetta shall form part of the sudder sub-division of the district.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India has determined not, under any circumstances, to sell in the calendar year 1877 more than 48,000 chests of Bengal Opium.

The precise number of chests to be sold in 1877 will be announced as soon as the manufacture in the present season is completed.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas Regulation I of 1873 is applicable to the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, and whereas the tusks of wild elephants and rhinoceros' horns found within these tracts are the property of Government, it is hereby notified that any person finding such ivory is bound to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer. Such ivory shall be sold, and half of the price recovered shall be paid to the finder as a reward. All persons now in possession of ivory in the Hill Tracts are required to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer and take out passes therefor. No authority is hereby given to kill elephants, except under the circumstances detailed in paragraph 8, Regulation I of 1873.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a post office at Mosouri, situated in mouzah Ganga Chak, pergunnah Shara, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road from Mosouri to Nohabatpur and a ditch; on the south by waste land and a house in the possession of Shindhar Goala and Lachman Goala; on the east by waste land and a ditch in the khas possession of the landholder; and on the west by waste and cultivated land in the possession of Harbansi Goala, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 8th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the purpose of a public library and reading-rooms in College Square and Rutton Mistry's Lane in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land, measuring 1 beegha 14 chittacks and 42 feet, more or less, of standard measurement, with the buildings situate thereon, bounded as noted below, are required:—

One piece with the partly upper-roomed and partly lower-roomed buildings situate thereon, being No. 15, College Square, Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the piece of land hereinafter mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; on the south by College Square; and on the west by College Street.

One piece, No. 20, Rutton Mistry's Lane, Calcutta, bounded on the north by the house of Dookhyram Mundul; on the south by the wall and buildings of the premises No. 15, College Square, hereinbefore mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; and on the west by College Street.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that lands should be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for the establishment of an asylum, it is accordingly declared that a piece of ground containing an area of about 2 beeghas 17 cottahs of standard measurement is required for the above purpose in the village of Haritollah, within the suburbs of Calcutta, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The above-mentioned land is bounded on the north by the Campbell Hospital; on the south by the Harapara Road; on the east by the Campbell Hospital land; and on the west by the Calcutta Municipal Depôt and by Sohodeb Poddar's land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 3rd April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Chur Pullundo, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 4 cottahs and 10 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Chur Pullundo:—

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of Bhabooel village; on the west and east by lands occupied by Jadoo Shaik, Commoroddy Shaik, Gobind Dass, Asker Mundole, Rodone Shaik, Jooran Pramanick, Fshuh Shaik, Mookondolail Roy, Hazaree Shaik, Mehree Shaik, Niloo Shaik, Hussien Shaik, Bosoruth Shaik, Fehoo Mullick, Attoy Mullick, Hooroom Shaik, Mochun Mullick, Gopaul Mullick, Mullicksha, Arjan Shaik, Bhodoo Shaik, Madaree Shaik, Gopaul Mullick, and Gunga Gobindo Soor; and on the north by Government boundaries of Chur Pullundo.

One piece bounded on the east by boundaries of kismut Bhabooel village; on the west and south by land taken by the Eastern Bengal Railway Company; and on the north by lands belonging to Pittambur Dass and Modoo Soodone Kur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Bhabooel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Bhabooel:—

One piece bounded on the south and west by boundaries of kismut Bhabooel; on the north by land occupied by Modoo Soodon Kur; and on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of kismut Bhabooel; on the west by lands belonging to Modoo Soodon Kur, Bachoolaul Roy, and Modoo Soonee Kur; on the north by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; and on the east by lands belonging to Modoo Soonee Kur and Bachoolaul Roy.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of kismut Bhabooel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 37 beeghas 15 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; on the south by lands occupied by Roy Churn Pramanick, Pittambur, Ram Chund Prollad, Gour Gopaul, Nobokissory, and Shooobul Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Ashanundo Pramanick, Gobindo Mistry, Hurry Barooye, Ocrew Pramanick, Shutole Sirdar, Tiloke Pramanick, and Radhanath Sirdar; on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company and the boundaries of Bhabooel village; and on the north by boundaries of Bhabooel village and by lands occupied by Radhanath and Nundo Sirdars, Tiloke Pramanick, Shutole Sirdar, boundaries of Bhabooel, Ocrew Pramanick, Hurry Barooye, Gobindo Mistry, Ashanundo Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Shoooh Ram Chund, Nobokissory, Gopaul, and Goyanath Pramanick, is required within the aforesaid village of kismut Bhabooel.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1357C.S.

The 18th April 1876.—Mr. Edward Richard Henry, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Tajpore Division of the Durbhungah district, is vested with the powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Mr. Henry is appointed, under the provisions of Section 3, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under His Honor's control.

The 17th April 1876.—Baboo Kali Kishore Chowdry, Zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of Tipperah, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, *vice* Moonshee Amiruddeen Ahamed, deceased.

The 18th April 1876.—Baboo Kanti Chunder Bhadoree is appointed to act as Second Moonsif in the district of Midnapore during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Gopeenath Banerjee, or until further orders. This cancels the orders of the 20th ultimo appointing Baboo Kanti Chunder Bhadoree to act as Additional Moonsif in Rungpore.

Baboo Moti Lal Halidar is appointed to act as Additional Moonsif in the district of Rungpore during the absence, on duty, of Moulvi Enamul Huq as First Subordinate Judge of Chittagong, or until further orders.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the gentlemen named below have been elected as Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Kishnaghur, in the district of Nuddea, under the provisions of Section 1 of Act II (B.C.) of 1873:—

For Division No. I of the Town.

1. Baboo Umesh Chundra Dutta.
2. „ Nava Krishna Gangooly.

For Division No. II.

1. Baboo Prosonno Coomar, Bose, M.A., B.L.
2. „ Jodu Nath Chatterjee, B.A., B.L.
3. „ Chunder Nath Ghose.

For Division No. III.

1. Baboo Mritunjoy Roy.
2. „ Utul Behary Moitra, B.A.
3. „ Hari Mohun Moitra.

For Division No. IV.

1. Baboo Dwarka Nath Sirkar.
2. „ Porosh Nath Sukul.
3. „ Bhodra Nath Sukul, B.A., B.L.

For Division No. V.

1. Rai Jodu Nath Roy, Bahadoor.
2. Baboo Prosonno Chundra Roy.

For Division No. VI.

1. Baboo Sharoda Proshad Chowdry.
2. „ Bidhu Bhusun Roy.

In accordance with paragraph 1 of the Rules published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th December 1875, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Kishnaghur:—

Mr. D. B. Allen, Assistant Magistrate, Nuddea.
Dr. C. E. W. Bensley, Civil Surgeon.
Rev. C. H. Blumherdt, Missionary.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that under Section 68 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, called the Village Chowkeedaree Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend to the whole of the district of Nuddea the provisions of the said Act with effect from the 1st day of June 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the permanent continuance of the Sub-Registry Office at Phoranbari, in the district of Rungpore, which was opened experimentally for six months on the 1st September last, under the orders of Government dated the 8th June 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under the provisions of Section 22 of Act VIII of 1859, to exempt Rajah Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom, from personal attendance in Civil Courts.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form the two following sub-districts in the district of Tipperah :—

1. A new sub-district conterminous with thana Hazigunge, and with its head-quarters at the place of that name, hitherto comprised within the sub-district of Chandpur, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Tubkibagra.

2. A new sub-district, with head-quarters at Nabinaggar, conterminous with thana Gouripara, now included in the sub-district of Maradnagar, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Thorla only.

Moulvie Fiazullah, the present Sub-Registrar of Chandpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Hazigunge.

Bahoo Jaggobundhn Gupta is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chandpur.

Moulvie Izizul Islam is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gouripara.

This notification will take effect from 1st May 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th April 1876.—The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Bill having received the assent of the Governor-General, and having been published in this day's *Calcutta Gazette* as Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor directs, with reference to the second paragraph of Section 1 thereof, that the said Act shall come into force on the 1st July 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1876.—The declaration published at page 1357 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd September 1874, for the acquisition, under the provisions of Act X of 1870, of the plot of land required for a burial ground for Mahomedans in the town of Jehanabad, is hereby cancelled.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the Sulkea Moonsifce be henceforth called the Moonsifce of Howrah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st March 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 82 of the District Towns' Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend to the town of Nussceerabad, in the district of Mymensingh, from the 15th April 1876, the whole of the conservancy provisions of the Schedule K of the aforesaid Act.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—The men described in the roll below having embezzled Government money on different occasions, are hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the Government service in any capacity.

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Age.	Caste.	Height.	Complexion.	Place of residence.	Official designation.
				Ft. In.			
Bonomali Chakravarti.	Ramesh Chakravarti.	26	Brahmin, Hindu.	4 6	Fair	Moheshwardi, thana Kopashia, zillah Dacca.	Late District Road Fund Clerk, Backergunge.
Raj Kumar Mukerjee.	Ishwar Chandra Mukerji.	30	Ditto	5 7	Ditto	Kashipur, thana Katwalli, zillah Backergunge.	Late Head Clerk of the Police Office, Backergunge.
Grish Chandra Gupta.	Gour Chandra Gupta.	30	Boidho, Hindu	4 6	Dark	Kurmira, thana Srinagar, zillah Dacca.	Late Municipal Overseer at Barisal.
Loke Nath Guho	Kali Kinkar Guho	27	Kyeste, Hindu	5 6	Swarthy	Medinimondal, thana Srinagar, zillah Dacca.	Late Nazir of the Perzepur Moonsif in Backergunge.
Shama Charan Das	Ramkamal Das	28	Boidya, Hindu	5 6	Dark	Goolah, thana Gournali, zillah Backergunge.	Late Nazir of Patuakhali Moonsif in zillah Backergunge.
Kisto Kumar Das	Kashi Nath Das	35	Haina Das, Hindu.	5 3	Ditto	Bhawar, thana Srinagar, zillah Dacca.	Late Mohurir in the Accountant Department in the Judge's Court, Backergunge.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Arrah Jailor's house in the village, Hamidpore, appertaining to Arrah estate, zillah Shahabad, it is hereby declared that a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha and 18½ dhors of standard measurement, and bounded on the north by the public road, south by the boundary of Paduman Lal's garden, east by the Government land appertaining to the jail, and west by the garden of Chaudhary Reaz Ali, &c, is required in the aforesaid village, Hamidpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Campbell Medical School and Hospital at Scaldah, Dihi Punchanogram, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring 58 beeghas, more or less, bounded on the north by the Scaldah Small Cause Court premises and the Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway lands; on the east by the same railway lands; on the south by the Municipal Railway and holdings Nos. 19, 21, 22 (34 and 38A), the property respectively of Brojo Nath Kundu, Brindubassini Dass, Debnaran Chatterjee, and Government, the Muchipara Lane, and holding No. 49, the property of Diljan Ostagur; and on the west by holdings Nos. 33 and 49, the property respectively of Shaikh Abdul Sovan and Diljan Ostagur, and the Lower Circular Road, is required in Sub-division XIX, Division III, Khas Mehal Punchanogram.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected at the Office of the Collector of 24-Pergunnahs at Alipore.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th March 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a public latrine, it is hereby declared that the following plot of land, measuring 3,844 square feet, more or less, at Imamgunge, in the town of Dacca, is required.

The plot is bounded on the north by the land belonging to Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; south by the pucca wall of Dil Mahomed Bepari and the land of Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; east by the land of Dil Mahomed Bepari and part of the land of the above parties; and west by the road.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 13th April 1876.

No. 121.—*Notification.*—Mr. E. J. Meara, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Fourth Grade, joined the Orissa Division on the 23rd March 1876, before noon.

No. 122.—*Posting.*—Lieutenant H. L. Wells, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the First Calcutta Division, which he joined on the 6th April 1876, before noon.

No. 123.—*Appointment.*—The services of Lieutenant H. L. Wells, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division, are placed at the disposal of Captain W. H. Rathborne, R.E., Executive Engineer, Third Grade, on special duty.

No. 124.—*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Gopaul Chunder Bose, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Midnapore Division, is allowed privilege leave for eighteen days, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 125.—*Transfers.*—Baboo Nitrogopaul Roy, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Bhangpore to the Dinapore Division.

No. 126.—Serjeant E. Brown, Overseer, First Grade, from the Dinapore to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division, with effect from 1st March 1876.

No. 127.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Rakhal Doss Chatterjee, Overseer, Second Grade, joined the Nuddea Rivers Division on the 1st April 1876, before noon.

No. 128.—Baboo Bindolall Mitter, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Orissa Division, availed himself of three months' sick leave granted* to him from the 20th March 1876, before noon.

No. 129.—*Transfers.*—Baboo Surruth Chunder Chuckerbutty, Officiating Accountant, Fourth Grade, Darjeeling Division, is retransferred to the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal.

No. 130.—Baboo Opendronath Dutt, Officiating Accountant, Fourth Grade, from the Ganges and Darjeeling Road to the Darjeeling Division.

No. 131.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Financial Department, are republished for information:—

No. 1952, dated the 31st March 1876.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information:—

FINANCIAL.
No. 48.

INDIA OFFICE, LONDON,
10th February 1876.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

MY LORD,

Paragraph 1. I have considered in Council your Financial letter dated the 29th January 1875, No. 39, on the subject of the Leave Rules of the Uncovenanted Service.

2. You therein state that you have some doubts as to the intentions of the Duke of Argyll, and as to the manner in which effect should be given to His Grace's instructions; that nearly all the offices in the Uncovenanted Service are such as may, under certain circumstances, be "fitly held by Natives," and that consequently, if you were to adopt a principle of selection, which would be most in accordance with the instructions received by you, the logical conclusion would be that no members of the Service should be admitted to the favourable rules.

3. You consider that the rigid adoption of the principle that the present holders of offices to which natives could fitly be appointed, should not be admitted to the benefits of the favorable rules, would cause not unreasonable dissatisfaction, and you are of opinion that some limit of a more or less arbitrary nature as to the position of those to whom those rules should be extended will have to be laid down.

4. You therefore forward nominal lists, which you state to be complete, of all those officers of the Uncovenanted Service who come within the category set forth in Schedule A of the Civil Leave Code, and request me to determine the principle on which admission to the favorable Leave Rules shall be regulated.

5. With your Financial letter dated the 30th September 1875, No. 346, you forwarded, in addition of the list already referred to, a list of officers of the Accounts Branch of the Financial Department whom you proposed to admit to the more favorable rules.

6. The instruction conveyed to your Government in the Financial despatches dated the 10th March 1870 and the 8th December 1871, appear to me to leave no doubt as to the intentions of the Duke of Argyll on this subject.

7. In the former despatch the Duke of Argyll assented to the favorable rules "proposed for holders of offices now held by English gentlemen," with certain modifications, and desired "that they be declared applicable from this date only to officers of the Education Department appointed from England, and to such others of those now actually in the service as you may think fit to include in a nominal list for that purpose, to be submitted for my approval." His Grace also stated that the second set of rules proposed "for all other classes of the Uncovenanted Service would, for the present, apply to all Uncovenanted Servants not entitled to the benefits of the first set of Rules, and hereafter to all Uncovenanted Servants who may not have been appointed from England."

8. In paragraph 7 of the latter despatch, the Duke of Argyll extended the benefits of the first set of Rules to "those Uncovenanted Servants appointed in England to offices for which they had special qualifications," and "to those Europeans who for special reasons may have been, or, with my sanction, may be hereafter appointed in India to certain exceptional posts," and His Grace added "but, in order to confine these privileges within reasonable limits, I must again request that you will furnish me with a nominal list of the officers who appear to you to come within the description referred to in my Financial despatch dated the 10th March 1870, No. 84."

9. The Duke of Argyll concluded*—"The principle which Her Majesty's Government have steadily kept in view throughout the discussion on these Furlough Rules is, that the Uncovenanted Service should be principally reserved for the Natives of the country, and that superior appointments, which require English training and experience should be made, as heretofore, from England, and they look with great disfavour on the system, which appears to be growing up in India, of appointing Englishmen in India to situations that ought only, as a rule, to be filled by civilians who have gained their position by open competition. I trust that the views I have now expressed will put a stop to the above practice."

10. In the views expressed by the Duke of Argyll in those Despatches I concur.

11. In respect, therefore, to the future, I request that it may clearly be understood, that the less favorable Leave Rules will be applicable to all Uncovenanted Servants appointed after the year 1871, unless—

(1) They have been appointed in England.

(2) They have been appointed in India with the sanction of the Secretary of State.

It remains to specify in detail the reasonable concessions which, in accordance with the intimation made by the Duke of Argyll, I am willing to grant to certain of your Uncovenanted Servants who now hold, and, at the date of His Grace's Despatch, held appointments in the Uncovenanted Service. It is to be understood that the instructions contained in the remainder of this despatch apply only to them.

12. I have not within my reach the information necessary to enable me to select individual officers according to their merit or according to the peculiar circumstances of their appointment. In the absence of any such principle of choice, it will be expedient to shape the proposed concessions in such a manner as to harmonise with the policy which has been laid down for the future. Without going so far as to assent to your Excellency's opinion that "if the whole of the classes enumerated in Schedule A are admitted to the new rules, the concession must be extended to the future," I am quite sensible of the difficulty which would attend any attempt to enforce, in respect to the future, a system contrasting violently with that which shall be adopted in respect to present incumbents. It will be, on this ground, expedient to apply a different mode of treatment to the present incumbents of those offices which will in future, so far as they are continued, certainly be filled up as a rule from England, and those which may possibly continue to be filled in India. The Uncovenanted Service of the Public Works Department, except so far as it is recruited from students educated at the Indian Civil Engineering Colleges which were specially designed for the natives of the country,—will ordinarily in the future be supplied from Cooper's Hill. The forest service will, in like manner, and with possibly an analogous exception, consist of candidates prepared in Europe under the system established by Dr. Brandis. The limited opportunity which exists in India for obtaining men of scientific training furnishes an obvious reason for confining, as a general rule, to persons selected in England the higher grades of the Telegraph and Geological Survey Departments. It has already been determined that the higher Educational Officers shall be selected here. On the other hand, the officers on the present establishment at Mysore only exist for a temporary purpose. A similar consideration applies to the arrangement under which the small number of Uncovenanted Marine and Medical Officers are at present appointed. To all these officers, as occupying posts which, so far as they are filled up by Englishmen at all, will in the future be ordinarily filled up in England, I see no difficulty in extending without restriction the concessions contemplated by the Duke of Argyll.

13. The following officers therefore named in the enclosure to your despatch of 29th January 1875 may be immediately admitted to the more favorable Leave Rules:—

The 274 officers under the Government of India, included in section D.

The 39 officers under the Government of India, included in sub-sections 4 and 6 of section E.

The 20 officers under the Government of Madras, included in sub-section 2 of section B.

The 19 officers under the Government of Bombay, included in sub-section 2 of section C, and four Forest officers in sub-section 1 of the same section.

The 10 officers employed in Mysore, included in section I.

The Educational officers, the officers of the Marine Department who have served in the Indian Navy or Bengal Marine, and the Medical officers named in the lists transmitted by you.

The three Medical officers of the Persian Telegraph Service, as recommended in your Financial letter dated the 26th February 1875, No. 79.

A nominal list of all the above officers is annexed to this despatch.

14. Of the remaining officers named in your lists, the greater part are filling posts which do not require preliminary technical education, and which, in future, if not held by Natives will be occupied partly by Covenanted Civil Servants, or by Uncovenanted Servants specially selected, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, according to the principles adverted to in paragraph 11 of this despatch. Adopting, therefore, with regard to this class of officers, your suggestion that, as respects existing incumbents, an arbitrary limit must be to some extent applied to them, I sanction the extension of the more favorable rules to such of the above-mentioned officers named in your lists as are now in the receipt of salaries of not less than Rs. 6,000 per annum, and I request that a list of the persons to whom this will apply may be forwarded for record in this office.

15. I observe that your lists do not include any of the officers employed in the higher appointments of the Andamans. You may, perhaps, desire to correct the omission, and possibly other similar omissions; if so, I will gladly consider any recommendations you may make.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obdt., humble Servant,

SALISBURY.

OFFICERS UNDER GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

D.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Engineer Establishment.

Name.	Present Grade.	Name.	Present Grade.
14. F. Bond ...	Exc. Engineer, 1st grade.	97. B. C. McKennie	Exc. Engr., 4th grade.
15. H. Dewes ...	Ditto, ditto.	99. J. F. Maxwell ...	Ditto, ditto.
18. G. W. Vivian, M. Inst., C.E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	133. B. Clark ...	Asst. Engineer, 1st grade.
19. J. S. Heyman, M. Inst., C.E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	134. W. Fernie ...	Ditto, ditto.
35. G. A. D. Anley ...	Ditto, 2nd grade.	135. H. J. Handley ...	Ditto, ditto.
36. W. Barnfather ...	Ditto, ditto.	138. J. J. O'Flaherty	Ditto, ditto.
40. T. F. Parkinson ...	Ditto, ditto.	155. G. P. Milne ...	Ditto, ditto.
41. L.R. Roberts, Assoc. Inst., C.E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	189. J. A. Campbell ...	Ditto, 2nd grade.
42. S. A. Stewart ...	Ditto, ditto.	193. C. J. Middleton ...	Ditto, ditto.
43. T. H. Wickes ...	Ditto, ditto.	195. E. S. B. Pereira...	Ditto, ditto.
44. J. Fennessey ...	Ditto, ditto.	196. J. A. Price ...	Ditto, ditto.
72. P. J. Neuville ...	Ditto, 3rd grade.	198. J. T. Simpson ...	Ditto, ditto.
		211. J. S. Slater ...	Ditto, ditto.
		237. J. Smart ...	Ditto, 3rd grade.
		* * *	* * *

No. 132.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 162, of the 4th April 1876.—Mr. W. Fernie, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Bengal, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department.

No. 171, of the 5th April 1876.—The following transfers, appointments, and postings, are ordered in the Accounts Branch, Public Works Department :—

Mr. J. S. Hubbard, Assistant Engineer, Telegraph Accounts (temporarily attached to Bengal), is transferred to the Office of the Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Calcutta.

Mr. J. W. A. McNair is appointed an Assistant Examiner, 2nd grade, on probation, and posted to Bengal.

The undermentioned Accountants are appointed temporary Assistant Examiners, Third Grade, on probation, and are posted to the offices specified :—

Mr. W. E. Palmer,—to the Office of the Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Lahore
 „ W. F. Barrow,—to Bombay.

No. 172.—The following temporary promotions are made in the Superior Account Establishment with effect from the date specified :—

To be Assistant Examiners, First Grade, from 9th February 1876.

Mr. A. Wilson.

No. 173.—The following permanent promotions are made in the Superior Account Establishment, Public Works Department, with effect from the 9th February 1876 :—

To be Assistant Examiners, 2nd Grade.

Mr. A. Wilson.

No. 177.—The following is republished for information and guidance in the Public Works Department :—

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION, No. 1167.

Leave and Allowances, of 25th February 1876.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the cancellation of the words "subject to the confirmation of the Government of India" in exception two, and the words "subject to the confirmation of the Government of India in the Public Works Department" in exception three to Section 25 of the Acting Allowance Code.

No. 189, of the 13th April 1876.—Mr. W. A. Billings, Deputy Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is granted three months' leave, with effect from 2nd April 1876.

The 17th April 1876.

No. 133.—*Promotion.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following permanent promotions in the Upper and Lower Subordinate and Account Establishments in Bengal, with effect, the former two from the 1st March 1876, and the latter from the dates specified :—

UPPER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.

From Overseer, Second, to First Grade.

Baboo Nitrogopaul Roy,—Dinagepore Division.

„ Rajendronath Mookerjee,—Circular and Eastern Canals Division.

„ Rakhal Doss Chatterjee,—Nuddea Rivers Division.

„ Ramessur Ghosal,—Backergunge Division.

„ Beharylall Banerjee,—Bhagulpore Division.

From Overseer, Third, to Second Grade.

Baboo Bhuggobutty Churn Gangooly,—Midnapore Division.

From Sub-Overseer, First, to Overseer, Third Grade.

Baboo Nobogopaul Banerjee,—Burdwan Division.

LOWER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.

From Sub-Overseer, Second, to First Grade.

Mr. J. Connars, Fourth Calcutta Division.

Baboo Kally Chunder Mozumdar,—Midnapore Division.

„ Gopaul Chunder Mullick,—Hazareebagh Division.

ACCOUNT ESTABLISHMENT.

From Accountant, Fourth, to Third Grade.

Baboo Madhub Chunder Banerjee,—Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, with effect from the 11th April 1876.

Mr. A. Kalberer,—Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, with effect from the 14th April 1876.

MILITARY.

The 17th April 1876.

No. 134.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an Infantry Range in the village of Jaferpore, pergunnah Calcutta, zillah 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land 870 yards in length by 88 yards in breadth, measuring 47 beeghas 17 cottahs, more or less, starting at 120 yards to the east of the Nilgunge to the Nowabgunge Road, and running parallel to the Artillery Range at a distance of 50 yards to the north of it, is required within the aforesaid village of Jaferpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Coi., R.E.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 135.

The 17th April 1876.

UNDER Section 89 of Act X of 1871, the following annual accounts and reports of the District Road Committees of Cuttack, Pooree, and Balasore, of works done and in progress during the past cess year 1874-75, together with the remarks thereon of the Commissioner of the Orissa division, are published for general information.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel, R.E.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

No. 301, dated Cuttack, the 30th October 1875.

From—J. BEAMES, Esq., Collector of Cuttack.

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the annual report of the road cess operations for the year ending on 30th September 1875.

2. The total income for the year was Rs. 60,661, and the expenditure Rs. 51,821; leaving a balance of Rs. 8,840-6-5 to be carried to the credit of the fund for the following year.

3. *Original works.*—The remodelling of the first fifteen miles of the Chandballi road has been completed at a total cost of Rs. 9,212, or Rs. 614 per mile. Out of this amount Rs. 6,135-14-11 were expended during the year under report, the rest having been spent in the previous year. The Executive Engineer considers that this work is a great improvement, and recommends its being carried out over the next 30 miles; but as to do this would cost Rs. 30,000, it is not probable that the Committee will be able to supply the necessary funds. The work consists of uniformly raising the road to a proper section, laying down metalled tracks to prevent the sandy soil, of which the road is made, from being worn into ruts by the heavy cart traffic, putting in culverts in the place of causeways, and building masonry bridges in lieu of the present wooden ones. The road runs through a country intersected by

numerous drainage channels and the distributaries and branch distributaries of the Kendrapara canal, and is a very difficult and costly work. It has already been urged that this road should be made a provincial one, as the cost of maintaining it is too heavy for the resources of the Road Cess Fund to bear.

4. The Gobri bridge on this road, with masonry piers, timber and iron girder superstructure, is now finished. It is apparently a strong and useful work, though it cannot be said to be ornamental.

5. The road from Binghamapore to Indpore, completing the through line of communication between the two sub-divisional towns of Jajpore and Kendrapara has been finished as far as the earthwork is concerned; but several bridges and culverts will be required next year, as the country traversed is low and liable to be flooded.

6. A road has also been constructed from Kendrapara to the canal at Marsaghai to open up communication with False Point. It is expected that this road will be largely used for local traffic, even after the extension of the canal to Jamboo. The line selected appears not to have been the best available, but as the shortest, was preferred from considerations of economy. It will require further development this year.

7. Another important work is the road from Salepore to Mahanga. This is $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles long and acts as a feeder to the Chandballi road, opening up a very fertile and populous tract of country; it will be feasible in future years to continue this road to Jajpore, and it will then be the shortest way from that place to Cuttack. Three-quarters of the earthwork and turfing have been done, and the whole would have been finished, but for the excessive rain, which stopped the work.

8. The Singapore road was marked out, but no work could be done on it owing to want of establishment. This is intended to be prolonged eventually to Aul, and this additional work will complete the line of communication between Jajpore and Aul, which is much needed.

9. The shoal at the mouth of the Chota Brahmini at Patamoondy has again been deepened by the Executive Engineer, Brahmini Division, from funds supplied by the Road Cess Department. This important but inexpensive work will require to be done every year, as the floods cause it to silt up. Only Rs. 454-7-1 has been spent on it, and this small sum yearly will keep open the river, on which there is important boat traffic.

10. Under the head of village roads, several small works have been carried out through the agency of zemindars, both cheaply and effectively.

11. The public garden at Chowllagunge, a suburb of Cuttack, has been very successful. Supplies of seeds are regularly received from the Superintendent, Botanical Gardens, Howrah, and germinate freely. I have also commenced what I hope will be a very useful feature in this garden in future years, by sending men into the hills of the Gurjats to bring seedlings of the many valuable and ornamental trees in which those forests are rich. One great obstacle to the establishment of a flourishing timber trade in Orissa is the difficulty merchants and others experience in getting at the trees. It occurred to me that if living specimens of the most valuable kinds could be collected in some central place where they could be easily inspected, their value would by degrees become known. I have therefore made a large plantation of these trees, and the gardener in charge is prepared to give information to visitors concerning them.

12. During this, which is only the second year of its existence, the garden has already begun to be profitable. One thousand nine hundred and sixteen trees have been sold to the Irrigation Department and others, realizing the price of Rs. 246-5; 287 trees have been sent to Jajpore for planting on the roads in that sub-division, 100 to False Point, and 48 to the Court of Wards' cutcherry compound at Kanika. At the request of the Civil Surgeon 42 trees were supplied for the General Hospital compound, and to the Reverend Chaplain 58 for the church compound.

13. In order also to stimulate the people of the district to some interest in the matter 64 trees have been distributed gratis to native gentlemen in the town and district. In addition to this, four miles of the Taldanda road have been planted on both sides with trees, in addition to the two miles planted last year, making a total of six miles, and about sixteen hundred trees.

14. The total number of healthy young trees averaging six feet in height turned out by the garden during the year has been a little over 4,000, and the number still growing and ready to be planted out is not much under 6,000. I trust these results will be considered satisfactory, especially when it is remembered how short a time the garden has been under cultivation, and that the soil was originally a barren waste of sand hills and thorns.

15. *Repairs.*—These consist of the usual annual earthwork, metalling, and turfing. Due attention has been paid to every road in the district, and they are all now in fair order.

16. The newly appointed District Engineer, Mr. J. St. Clair Glasson, took charge on the 15th May 1875, and has already effected many improvements. Mr. Glasson's energy and careful supervision have given the Committee much satisfaction, and there is every reason to hope that the road work of the district will be efficiently conducted under his charge.

17. Of the overseers, Dadar Bux has done well; Mr. D'Souza does not seem to have been so careful as he might have been, but the District Engineer has not yet had time to inspect his work thoroughly.

18. The head clerk, Bahoo-Gunnesh Prasad Singh, is an intelligent young man, and has performed his duties with great accuracy and diligence. The rest of the establishment has also worked well.

19. I submit herewith the returns in the prescribed form, with the necessary explanations as to sanction of transfers from one head of account to another, and other points requiring elucidation.

Explanatory Notes.

A.—The figures given in this column have been taken from the revised estimate passed by the Road Cess Committee on the 19th April 1875, and approved by the Commissioner in his letter No. 59RC., dated 5th June 1875.

B.—Rs. 1,000 were first sanctioned as per budget estimate, and afterwards Rs. 341-7-8 were transferred from village roads in thana Salepur—(vide Commissioner's letter No. 70RC., dated 14th June 1875).

C.—Rs. 2,921-3-5 were first sanctioned in the budget for this work, and being insufficient, the sum of Rs. 412 was added to this amount, as reported in this office No. 244, dated 15th September last, and sanctioned by the Commissioner in his letter No. 208RC., dated 19th idem, from the head of "Reserve."

D.—Rs. 2,400 were allotted in the budget for this purpose, from which Rs. 341-7-8 were transferred to Mahanga road, as per Commissioner's letter No. 70RC., dated 14th June 1875, as stated in note B.

E.—Rs. 1,300 were first sanctioned in the budget, and Rs. 50 were received by transfer on application of Covenanted Deputy Collector of Jajpore from the head of Baruan, to Indpore road—(vide Commissioner's letter No. 175RC., dated 23rd August 1875).

F.—Rs. 650 were allotted for this road in the budget; Rs. 50 were transferred to Syadpore road—(vide Commissioner's letter quoted above).

G.—An allotment of Rs. 4,129-3-3 was provided for in the budget under this head. Rs. 200 were transferred to the head of Tools, and Rs. 412 to that of the Gobri Nullah bridge on the Chandballi road—(vide Commissioner's letters No. 70 and 208RC., dated the 14th June and 19th September 1875, respectively).

H.—There was nothing allotted in the budget under this head; Rs. 200 were sanctioned by the Commissioner in his letter No. 70RC., dated 14th June 1875, from the head of "Reserve."

I.—The receipts on this head have exceeded the amount estimated in the budget, as the realizations of refunds, &c., came to more than was estimated.

J.—Nothing was spent on this road during the year; demarcation completed, but too late to allow of any work being done before the rains.

K.—Rs. 800 were allotted in the budget for this road including Gopia Nullah bridge, which is to be built on it. Rs. 100 only were spent in repairing the road, as the work of the bridge was not begun till the commencement of the rainy season. The whole amount sanctioned under this head could not be spent before the close of the year under review. However, the bridge will be finished this year.

L.—The excess (Rs. 10) being paid during the year on account of last year's salary, not drawn during that year.

M.—This expenditure, incurred by the District Engineer and his establishment, which was newly organized under Government Circular No. 1209, dated 8th March 1875, from May last.

Note.—Certain original works were erroneously charged in the quarterly returns under the head of Repairs. This has been rectified in the annual accounts.

No. 6.—Part II.

CUTTACK DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the cess year 1874-75, i.e. from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Receipts from ferries.	(a) 7,648 0 0	Amount collected under Act X of 1871 ... ..	.....	27,997 2 10
		Ditto of other cesses ... ..	.....	.....
	1,570 0 0	Realized from lease of Jagatpore Ghât	1,811 4 0	.....
	55 0 0	Ditto ditto Jatpore Ghât	28 12 0	.....
	390 0 0	Ditto ditto Rajghât on the Kharsua	255 0 0	.....
	52 0 0	Ditto ditto Balighai Ghât	68 0 0	.....
	480 0 0	Ditto ditto Chandballi Ghât	545 7 3	.....
	840 0 0	Ditto ditto Gopalpore Ghât	700 0 0	.....
	1,000 0 0	Ditto ditto Ganjaghât (khas)	328 14 9	.....
	(a) 4,257 0 0			3,737 6 0
Grants-in-aid ...	(a) 5,000 0 0	Amount sanctioned, as per Bengal Government Notification No. 460, dated 29th December 1874 ... ..	.....	(a) 5,000 0 0
	(a) 375 0 0	Amount of other receipts ... ..	.....	921 6 11
	37,280 0 0	Total income ... ..	.....	37,856 16 9
		EXPENDITURE.		
On collection of revenue and Committee's Control.	810 0 0	Head Clerk, at Rs. 70 a month	810 0 0	
	380 0 0	2nd Clerk, at „ 30 ditto	380 0 0	
	300 0 0	3rd Clerk, at „ 25 ditto	300 0 0	
	240 0 0	1 Mohurir, at „ 20 ditto	214 0 0	
	73 0 0	1 Duffry, at „ 6 ditto	71 0 0	
	00 0 0	1 Office peon for nine months, at Rs. 5	45 0 0	
	(a) 1,872 0 0		1,834 0 0	
		Extra Establishment.		
	(a) 700 0 0	1 Clerk for 2 months 17 days, at Rs. 25	64 2 8	
		1 Ditto for 17 days, at Rs. 25	14 2 8	
Refunds		1 Ditto for 7 months 22 days, at Rs. 20	154 10 8	
		1 Ditto for 6 months 27 days, at Rs. 20	138 0 0	
		2 Mohurirs for 6 months 27 days, at Rs. 15 each	207 0 0	
		1 Ditto for 5 months 22 days, at Rs. 15	86 0 0	
		1 Ditto for 17 days, at Rs. 15	8 8 0	
	2,573 0 0		672 8 0	
	(a) 1,900 0 0	Total establishment	2,506 8 0	
		Contingencies	1,582 15 3	
	4,472 0 0	Total collection of revenue &c.,		4,089 7 3
		Ferry collection refunded	143 12 0	143 12 0
		OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
Original works ...	(a) 7,000 0 0	Remodelling the first fifteen miles of the Chandballi road	6,135 14 11	
	(a) 1,500 0 0	Binjarpore to Indpore road	1,489 9 0	
	(b) 1,344 7 8	Mahanga road	1,219 13 6	
	(a) 800 0 0	Kendrapara to Marsaghai road	800 0 0	
	(c) 3,333 3 6	Constructing a masonry and timber bridge over the Gobri Nullah on the Chandballi road	3,332 14 1	
	(a) 40 0 0	Singhpore road ... ..	.....
	(d) 2,055 8 4	Village roads	1,417 7 4	(j)
	5,000 0 0	Cost of land for new roads	4,686 5 6	
	(a) 3,000 0 0	Chowleagunge nursery	2,906 7 9	
		Total roads and bridges	21,988 8 4	
		River and Canal Works.		
Repairs	(a) 577 0 0	Deepening shoal on the Chota Brahminy	454 7 1	
	25,010 3 5			22,442 15 5
		Repairs to Roads and Bridges.		
	(a) 5,964 0 0	Repairs to roads from Cuttack to Chandballi	5,622 7 10	
	(a) 1,400 0 0	Ditto ditto Phulnakhra to Madhub	703 14 4	
	(a) 3,000 0 0	Ditto ditto Fakirpara to Machhigan	2,936 1 10	
	(a) 3,600 0 0	Ditto ditto Cuttack to Taldunda	3,100 6 8	
	(a) 1,500 0 0	Repairing the metalled portion of Taldunda road	1,266 7 8	
	15,464 0 0			
	29,482 3 5	Carried over	13,719 0 4	26,076 2 8

	Rs. A. P.
* Marsaghai Road	39 5 6
Binjarpore to Indpore Road	2,710 0 0
Mahanga Road	1,073 0 0
	4,099 5 6

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P. 29,482 3 5		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	15,484 0 0	Brought forward ...	13,719 6 4	26,078 2 8
		<i>Repairs to Roads and Bridges.—(Continued.)</i>		
	(a)800 0 0	Repairs to roads from Kuakhia to Jajpore ...	799 13 3	
	(e)1,350 0 0	Ditto ditto Jajpore to Syndpore ...	1,349 15 3	
	(f)800 0 0	Ditto ditto Baruan to Indpore ...	589 14 0	
	(a)300 0 0	Ditto ditto Kendrapara to Indpore ...	300 0 0	
	(a)800 0 0	Ditto ditto Kendrapara loop road, including bridges ...	100 0 0 (k)	
	(a)300 0 0	Ditto ditto Jagatsingpore to Jajpore ...	299 4 0	
	(a) 00 0 0	Ditto ditto Jagatsingpore to Puyang ...	299 10 4	
	(a)3-0 0 0	Taldunda loop road ...	279 9 1	
	(g)3,517 3 3	Reserve to meet bad debts, and to provide for supplementary allotments ...	2,036 10 2	
Repairs.—(Continued)	23,731 5 3	<i>Staging Bungalow at Marsaghai.</i>		
		Rs. A. P.		
	(a)120 0 0	Establishment for 13 months ...	130 0 0	(l)
	(a)50 0 0	Furniture, &c. ...	15 7 0	
			145 7 0	
		<i>Dak Bungalow at Kendrapara.</i>		
	(a)96 0 0	Establishment ...	96 0 0	
	(a)50 0 0	Furniture, &c. ...	37 6 0	
			133 6 0	
	316 0 0	Total roads and bridges ...	20,032 15 5	
	(a)1,000 0 0	Repairs to ferry boats ...	684 11 9	
		Total repairs ...		20,697 11 2
Establishment ...	(a)2,400 0 0	Establishment of Public Works Department ...	1,991 12 4 (m)	
		2 Overseers, at Rs. 80 each ...	1,320 0 0	
		Horse allowance ...	360 0 0	
		1 Overseer for 1 month ...	50 0 0	
	(a)3,156 0 0	2 Sub-Overseers, at Rs. 20 each ...	40 0 0	
		1 Peon, at Rs. 5 ...	60 0 0	
		1 Ditto for 11 months 23 days, at Rs. 5 ...	58 11 4	
		1 Gardener for 13 months, at Rs. 7 ...	86 0 0	
		1 Ditto for ditto, at Rs. 6 ...	78 0 0	
		2 Ditto, at Rs. 5 each, for ten months ...	100 0 0	
	5,556 0 0			4,253 7 8
Tools and plant ...	(h)2-0 0 0	Tools ...		193 10 6
	60,285 6 8	Total charges ...		51,821 0 0

* Sundry charges.

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the District Road Fund in the treasury ...	7,821 12 7	7,821 12 7	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of Deposit on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
<i>Nil.</i>	<i>Nil.</i>	<i>Nil.</i>	<i>Nil.</i>

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of Outstanding Advances on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of Public Works Department (with Executive Engineer, Orissa Division) ...	320 8 5		
Balance at credit of Public Works Department (with Executive Engineer, Brahmany Division) ...	123 8 11		
Amount due by the District Engineer, Road Cess Department ...	575 10 6		
Total ...		1,018 9 10	

The 30th October 1875.

JOHN BEAMES,
Chairman.

No. 358, dated Pooree, the 4th December 1875.

From—BABOO NOBIN KRISHNA SIRCAR, Vice-Chairman, Road Cess Committee, Pooree.

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

WITH reference to your No. 301RC., dated 29th ultimo, I have the honor to state that under the following circumstances the expenditure under heads "Original Works" and "Repair" has been sanctioned and paid by the Committee.

Remodelling Piplee and Khoorda Road.—Under this head Rs. 3,000 was only sanctioned during the year 1874-1875; Rs. 9,854 was estimated and sanctioned for the work during 1872-73, of which Rs. 6,547-7-5 were spent up to the end of 1873-74, and the balance of the estimate amounted to Rs. 3,306-8-7 on the commencement of the year 1874-75, but Rs. 3,000 was only assigned for expenditure on this road in the budget grant of 1874-75, as recommended by the Executive Engineer. The sum of Rs. 1,452-10-11 was on his hands on account of this road on the 30th September 1874, being the balance of advances made in 1873-74, and the difference of Rs. 1,547-5-1 paid to make up the assignment for 1874-75, leaving a balance of Rs. 306-8-7, as per estimate of 1873-74. This sum was afterwards paid from Reserve Fund under orders contained in your letter No. 157 of 6th March 1875; but still the expenditure amounted to Rs. 474-5-10 in excess of the estimate for 1874-75, as explained in the office letter No. 357 of to-day's date. This makes up Rs. 3,780-14-5 expended on the road during 1874-75.

2. The sum of Rs. 1,533 has been expended by the Committee for the construction of a road from Baliana to Sardeipore *via* Bhoobanessur, not originally estimated for under your letter No. 92 of 3rd December 1874.

3. The sum of Rs. 331 was only allotted for the annual repair of the road from Khoorda to Piplee, but the expenditure having amounted to Rs. 1,479 on account of sudden damage done to the road by the floods, the repair was sanctioned, and Rs. 1,118 in excess of the estimate was paid under your letter No. 94 of 7th December, but still the amount could not cover the charges required for the repair of the whole road, hence there has been an increase of expenditure of Rs. 147-6-10, under order of Committee on the report of the Executive Engineer, beyond your sanction, which is now solicited.

4. The following works have been made without your sanction during the year 1874-75 :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Satzabadi bridge	332	10	0
Balugaon and Banpore road	212	12	2
Construction of a ferry boat at Khama Ghât	293	0	0
Repair of road from Khoorda to Kantillo	5	7	7
Inspection bungalow at Khoorda	300	0	0
Repair to ferry boat at Kouti	64	9	9

5. These works were undertaken under authority only of the Committee, on the recommendation of the Chairman. As the sums have already been expended, I now solicit your sanction of the works for squaring accounts.

6. The inexpediency of incurring expenditure before sanction by the proper authority was sufficiently noticed in the Committee's proceedings of the 14th September 1875, and I trust a repetition of such things will not be made in future.

No. 323, dated Camp Piplee, the 17th November 1875.

From—J. F. STEVENS, Esq., Officiating Collector,

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the local improvement report for the cess year ending on 30th September 1875.

2. The following gentlemen were members of the Committee during the year under review, and the subjoined table shows the number of meetings attended by each :—

NAMES OF MEMBERS.	Number of meetings attended.	Number at which absent.	Total.	REMARKS.
Mr. J. S. Armstrong	6	2	8	Left the district.
" J. F. Stevens	1	7	8	Took charge of the district at the end of the year.
" R. H. Greaves	1	7	8	Transferred.
Baboo Nanda Kishore Das	2	6	8	Iditto.
" Nabin Krishna Sircar	6	2	8	
" Umkisha Churn Roy	3	5	8	
" Ramchandra Auddy	6	2	8	
" Ramzopal Chatterjee	6	3	9	
Mohant Narayan Das	8	.....	8	
Rajsh of Parikood	1	7	8	
Revil. T. Bailey	1	7	8	Lately appointed.
Khetchar Bhagwan Ratsingh	1	7	8	
Pandit Gopinath Misra	1	7	8	Has been replaced by Mr. Macmillan.
Executive Engineer ... ..	.....	8	8	
J. Macmillan ... ..	.....	8	8	
Seikh Jamuludeen Mahomed ... ..	.....	8	8	

It will be observed that most of the members have attended several meetings. Khatribar Bhagwan Ratsingh and the Rajah of Parikood each attended only one meeting; but their residences are at a considerable distance from Pooree. The same is the case with the Revd. T. Bailey. The object of appointing residents of distant parts of the district was that every part might be represented as far as possible, and that the inhabitants of the whole of the district might feel that they had an interest in the disbursement of the road cess as well as in the payment of it. That this object has been fairly attained is shown by the numerous petitions that are received from villages from all parts of the district, begging for village roads, bridges, &c. The period of two years for which the Committee was nominated in 1872 expired last year. The appointment of certain new members, and the re-appointment of some of the old members for the next two years, were published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 18th August 1875, at page 1053.

The aggregate receipts of the year under the several heads amounted to Rs. 26,101-14-8, viz. :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Cash in hand on 1st October 1874	14,207	4	4
Advance outstanding on 1st October 1874	2,116	14	8
Cess on land	9,731	3	4
Cess on houses	26	0	0
Refund by the Executive Engineer	20	8	4
Total	26,101	14	8

4. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 14,583-11-2 at the end of the year. The details of the expenditure are given below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Office establishment	1,459	10	9
Contingencies	647	1	5
Original works	6,152	4	7
Repairs ditto	5,553	0	0
Survey	211	5	1
Repair to ferries	64	9	9
Village roads	495	11	7

5. The original works carried out during the year under report are detailed below. The work done under this head has chiefly been confined to carrying on and completing what was begun in previous years, viz. :—

I.—Remodelling and bridging the road from Khoorda to Piplee, 14 miles; expenditure during the year Rs. 3,780-14-5.

II.—Constructing a road from Balugaon on the Chilka to Banpore; cost Rs. 212-12-2.

III.—Remodelling and repairing the old Satyabadi stone bridge; expenditure during the year Rs. 332-10.

IV.—Constructing a ferry boat for the Dhamra river on the Baliaghai and Madhab road at a cost of Rs. 293.

The first road is one of the most important in the district. It was originally constructed from the District Road Fund. In consideration of its importance it was subsequently made over to the Public Works Department, and was roughly constructed and partially bridged by that department. When the road cess came into operation it was taken up as one of the local roads. In 1872-73 Rs. 9,854 was sanctioned for remodelling the road, and the work was recommenced. Up to the end of last year the work was carried out in general accordance with the estimate and drawings passed by the Committee and the Commissioner, but the flood of 1874 necessitated additional water-way to the extent of 28 lineal feet. This raised the expenditure to Rs. 10,423-15-7, or Rs. 569-15-7 in excess of the estimate.

7. The II. road is one that is purely of local advantage. It branches off the Ganjam Trunk Road in the 70th mile from Cuttack, and runs westward to the large and important village of Banpore. Rs. 2,846 was estimated for this road, and the work commenced in June 1873. It has been completed at a cost of Rs. 2,845.

8. The immediate benefit of this work is at present limited to the pilgrims that visit the temple at Satyabadi, situated about a mile off the Juggernath road. It is hoped, however, to remodel the old road from Satyabadi to Khoorda hereafter. This includes Rs. 500 subscribed by a native official, Baboo Harekristo Das.

9. The IV. work, though small in cost, is an extremely useful one, as the river on which the boat plies is never fordable.

REPAIRS.

10. The following roads, bungalows, and ferry boats have been completely repaired during the year under review. The amount incurred in repairing each of them is set forth against each item.

			Rs.	A.	P.
Baghmaree and Bolgurh road	...	...	1,111	1	8
Khoorda and Kuntillo	...	...	1,355	7	7
Piplee an Khoorda road	...	...	1,626	6	10
Balugaon and Banpore road	...	...	260	6	5
Balighai and Madhab road	...	...	899	9	11
Inspection bungalow No. 1	...	...	300	0	0
Ferry boat at Kunti	...	...	64	9	9
Total	...	...	5,617	9	9

11. Some lines of country have been surveyed, with the view of ascertaining the best route to be adopted when it may be required to frame estimates for new roads with funds which may hereafter be available. The details of the surveys are as follows:—

Surveying roads Piplee *vid* Nimaparah to Kakutpore; Harekristopore *vid* Bijpore to Astorang; Baliauta *vid* Bhubanessur to Sardeipore; Pooree *vid* Balighai and Gope to Madhab—Rs. 211-5-1.

12. The cost incurred in repairing the village roads of the district has been Rs. 495-11-7. The details of the village roads are given below:—

				Rs.	A.	P.
Harekristopore	...	...	...	47	0	0
Mugai	...	...	...	1	14	6
Birkesaripore	...	...	...	58	12	0
Trilochanpore	...	...	...	6	12	0
Kakatpore	...	...	...	245	14	6
Sohadapada	...	...	...	14	15	6
Krishnanagar	...	...	...	19	15	2
Kadua Samil Sunakhalla	...	...	...	28	4	2
Bnaillo	...	...	...	32	7	7
Tyulo	...	...	...	39	12	2
Total	...	...	...	495	11	7

Besides this, Rs. 115 has been paid to the Deputy Collector of Khoorda for the repair of Alihidihi village road. The work has not been completed, and the amount is therefore shown in the annual account under "Advance." The Deputy Collector of Khoorda, who has been entrusted with the work, reports as follows:—

"I have lately visited this road, and am satisfied with the amount of work done for the money expended. The heavy rains had cut up the work a great deal, and I have advanced a further sum of Rs. 10 to the master of the Alihidihi school, who lives at one end of the road, and who has engaged to repair damages and the road for that sum. There is a small nullah which crosses the new road close to the Alihidihi village, and I found a few cart loads of stone and gravel collected for making a small causeway at the crossing, and I have advanced Rs. 7 to the Simakaran of Pauchpalli, who has engaged to complete the causeway at a further cost of Rs. 7. Rs. 82-12-3 was shown as the sum before expended, and I have now advanced Rs. 17 more; making in all Rs. 99 12-3, and leaving a balance still in hand of Rs. 15-3-9. I think that the whole of this sum will be required before the road is well finished.

No. 6.—Part II.

POOREE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue under Act X of 1871.	14,340 0 0 33 0 0	Cess on land H. use cess	9,731 3 4 28 0 0	9,767 3 4
Refunds.	.....	Refunds	20 8 4	
	14,373 0 0			20 8 4
		Total income ... ..	.....	9,777 11 8
		EXPENDITURE.		
On Collection of re- venue, &c.	1,912 0 0	1 Head Clerk on Rs. 50 for 8 months, and Rs. 52 for 4 months	907 10 9	2,106 12 5
		1 Accountant on Rs. 30 for 12 months	360 0 0	
		1 Clerk on Rs. 25 for 12 months	300 0 0	
		1 Mohurir on Rs. 15 for 12 months	180 0 0	
	1,000 0 0	1 Duftry Contingency	12 0 0 647 1 5	
	2,912 0 0			
		OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
Original works	3,000 0 0	Remodelling Piplee and Khoorda road	3,780 14 5	6,303 9 8
		Ditto Satyabadi bridge on Ku. touchoora road	332 10 0	
		Ditto Balugaon and Banpore road	212 12 2	
	500 0 0	Construction of ferry boats	291 0 0	
		Amount incurred in making surveys to certain proposed roads (detailed in the Collector's report)	211 5 1	
	10,139 0 0	Construction of a road from Baliana to Saidpore via Bhooabanesur	1,533 0 0	
	13,139 0 0	Other items		
		Roads and Bridges.		
Repairs	1,125 0 0	Repairs to Baghmari and Bolgar road	1,111 1 3	6,048 11 7
	1,350 0 0	Ditto Khoorda and Kantillo road	1,355 7 7	
	331 0 0	Ditto Piplee and Khoorda road	1,620 6 10	
	292 0 0	Ditto Babyan and Banpore road	200 6 5	
	900 0 0	Ditto Balghai and Madhub road	899 9 11	
	1,000 0 0	Ditto Inspection bungalow, No. 1	300 0 0	
	448 0 0	Village roads (detailed in the Collector's report)	495 11 7	
	5,418 0 0	Other items		
		Ferries.		
		Repairs to ferry boat at Konti	64 9 9	64 9 9
	21,467 0 0	Total expenditure		14,583 11 2

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the Pooree District Road Fund in the Pooree treasury	11,745 8 10	11,745 8 10	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of Deposits on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.

Memorandum showing in detail the amount of Outstanding Advances on 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Advance at credit of Public Works Department ...	—354 7 10	—354 7 10	
Advance outstanding with the Deputy Collector of Khoorda for a village road of Alidhi, in the sub-division of Khoorda ...	115 0 0		
Advances outstanding with the Kanoyo of Sirai for a road in Kadria village ...	7 2 6		
Advance outstanding with the Head Clerk for immen- gent charges ...	5 0 0	127 2 6	
Total ...		27 5 4	

(Sd.) J. E. STEVENS,
Offg. Collector.

No. 301, dated Balasore, the 22nd November 1875.

From—T. NORMAN, Esq., Acting Collector, and Chairman, Balasore Road Cess Committee,

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

I HAVE the honor, on behalf of the Road Cess Committee of this district, to submit the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the District Road Fund during the year 1874-75, as required by section 89 of the District Road Cess Act of 1871.

2. In compliance with the requirements of section 88 of the Act, the accounts were examined by the Vice-Chairman and a Sub-Committee appointed in its behalf by the Committee, and were submitted to, and passed by, a general meeting of the Committee held on the 15th instant.

3. Section 89 of the Act prescribes the submission of "a report of the work done and in progress," but contains no specification of the nature and scope of the report required. Avoiding any very minute or lengthy discussion on the details of district works, which seems unnecessary, I shall submit a brief general note on each work undertaken.

4. The roads of this district, exclusive of the Trunk Road, which is not under the Committee's supervision, and of village roads, are twenty-five in number, with a mileage of 119 miles and 1,470 feet. For the maintenance of these roads the total allotment, as per the sanctioned estimates, was Rs. 6,300, and this sum, together with Rs. 400 for village roads, Rs. 500 for ferry boats, and Rs. 156 for contingencies, was the entire sum originally allotted for district works of every description. With only Rs. 42 per mile available for the maintenance of established roads, seven of which are metalled, the Committee did not consider itself justified in attempting any original works, and accordingly allotted the entire sum at its disposal to maintenance and repairs. At the end of January, however, the Committee received from Government a subsidy of Rs. 5,000, sanctioned in Government Notification No. 469, dated the 29th December 1874, which enabled it to build several bridges and culverts that were urgently required.

5. No. 1, *Port Road*.—A great portion of this important road was remetalled. The customs landing place was levelled and metalled. A masonry drain was constructed to intercept the drainage from above, which formerly caused much mischief. The river bank has been protected with piles driven six to eight feet into the bottom, and with planking behind them, so as to afford accommodation for both the forward and after gangways of a steamer. The receipt of the iron floating jetty, which has been so long detained in Calcutta, is awaited. The only thing the port road now wants is greater width, but the houses on both sides render any improvement in this respect very costly.

6. No. 2, *Balasore to Mitrapore Road*.—Trees were planted and efficiently fenced; wooden bridges were repaired; casual repairs to metalling were carried out where necessary. In the previous season four new miles of metalling had been laid down and the road very much improved throughout.

7. No. 3, *Balasore to Bulramgurhi Road*.—Repairs to metalling were carried out where required; the unmetalled portion was smoothed and rendered passable after the usual damage done by the floods.

8. No. 4, *Soroh to Charukmarce Road*.—The portion between Soroh and Uttareshwar was remetalled; the remainder of the road has been given up as unnecessary.

9. No. 6, *Distillery Road*.—The large bridge had its wooden superstructure entirely renewed. About two-thirds of the road were remetalled.

10. No. 8, *Busta to Bahupal Road*.—Three masonry causeways were constructed and some earthwork done. After the expenditure had exceeded Rs. 300, I stopped the work, fearing that to continue to spend small sums of money on this road, which had been constructed without any regard to scientific principles, would be merely to continue the waste of funds upon it which has already taken place so often. Part of the remaining allotment was transferred, and was utilized in the purchase of timber. It is gratifying to be able to

state that I have this year received from an independent source the sum of Rs. 18,000, which I have appropriated for the thorough reconstruction of this road,—a work which Mr. Vertannes, the Executive Engineer, Balasore Survey Division, has kindly taken charge of. A survey has already been completed, and brick-making will commence almost immediately.

11. *No. 10, Berhampore to Garpada Road.*—The work on this short line consisted merely of surface dressing.

12. *No. 11, Balasore to Basadehpore Road.*—A mile and a half was metalled, and the timber bridges were repaired. In a few places the road was raised.

13. *No. 12, Soroh to Anantpur Road.*—This road, which was entirely reconstructed during the previous year, got its annual surface repairs. A culvert was built, and trees were planted and protected.

14. *No. 13, Soroh to Kuparee Road.*—The timber bridges were repaired, and the road was smoothened and rendered passable by vehicles.

15. *No. 14, Rameetah to Kuparee Road.*—Rs. 200 were expended in smoothening the road and rendering it passable.

16. *No. 15, Agarpara to Bhudruck Road.*—Rs. 300 were spent in smoothening this road, which is fourteen miles long.

17. *No. 16, Bhudruck Station Roads.*—Rs. 500 were expended in metalling the road from the salt golas to the ghât; the remaining Rs. 400 were expended in filling in and smoothening the roads, and in mending the timber bridges.

18. *No. 17, Barickpur to 'chamnuggur Road.*—Nothing more than smoothening and filling up breaches could be done with the funds (Rs. 300) allotted. A bridge is very badly wanted, and will be constructed when funds are available.

19. *No. 18, Bhudruck to Chandbali Road.*—This road is 32 miles in length, one-half of which has been raised, though narrow and ill-constructed; the other half is simply a track. This road being an essential towards the opening out and advancement of the province, Government has several times been urged to re-align and construct a provincial road from the Trunk Road to Chandbally, but funds have not yet been made available. During the year under report a larger sum (Rs. 1,750) was given to this road than to any other, and what could be effected with that sum in earthworks and repairs to bridges was done; but the road continues very bad, and is in fact frequently totally impassable. Road cess funds are inadequate for its construction.

20. *No. 19, Barang to Basdehpur Road.*—The large timber bridge was reconstructed, the superstructure being renewed, and the piers, abutments, and flooring repaired. The usual annual surface repairs were carried out.

21. *No. 20, Turkia to Kumarda Road.*—A large bridge was built over the deep and unfordable Nassa tidal khal, which was diverted so as to allow of the bridge being constructed in a favorable situation. Some earthwork was also done.

22. *No. 21, Baliapal to Kamarda Road.*—Another bridge was built over the same khal. These two bridges, which may be considered sister works, were the principal original undertakings of the year. They were built with wooden superstructure over masonry piers and abutments, laid on very solid and deep foundations to resist the force of the tide and floods. Before they were completed, they were exposed to a very high flood spill from the Sooburnarekha, which, however, did them no damage. These bridges have rendered available for traffic the two newly constructed roads on which they have been built.

23. *No. 22, Singla to Nanglashwar Road.*—This is a mere track. A few rupees were spent in smoothening it, and timber was bought with the remainder of the allotment of Rs. 100.

24. *No. 23, Kuparee to Agarpara Road.*—Smoothened and levelled.

25. *No. 24, Sawaranjee to Korpur Road.*—The same.

26. *No. 25, Banaga to Tulpada Road.*—This road was improved; holes were filled up, and breaches repaired.

27. Besides repairs to existing ferry boats, five new ones were built. A good flat-bottomed ferry boat was built for the Suburnarekha ferry at Kalikapore. Another, on the same pattern, was built at the side of the Trunk Road close to the Kansha bridges, and floated down stream into the Gumai river in October. It could not have been otherwise supplied, as it would have been impossible to cart it; the weather during the south-west monsoon would not have permitted its being conveyed by sea from Balasore, and the mouth of the Gomai is closed during the north-east monsoons. For the Guchida, north Baliapal, and south Baliapal ferries, new jolly-boats were built and carefully splattered, so as to resist the *teredos*, which infest the Balasore ports and tidal rivers.

28. On the whole, limited as our funds have been, the district communications have been kept in fair order, except the Busta and Baliapal road and the Bhuddruck and Chandbally roads. Of these two, the former will be reconstructed during the present season, and its reconstruction will not only confer a vast boon upon the traffic of the entire north-eastern portion of the district, but is absolutely essential for administrative purposes. The latter can only be adequately dealt with as a provincial work, and I trust you will see fit to support my frequent recommendations to that effect.

29. This district has had no Resident Engineer since the beginning of 1874, when the late Mr. McCleary was transferred on account of famine exigencies. Our working staff consists of two overseers at head-quarters, and a sub-overseer at the sub-division. So far,

probability of road cess funds, even when the rate is doubled, as I hope will be the case next year, being adequate for the entertainment of an Executive Engineer.

30. I have already explained that the effect of the recently sanctioned alterations in the dates fixed for the payment of the cess in Orissa will be the reduction by one-half of the assets of the fund during the current year, and that the expenditure will be very largely increased by the debit against the fund of the cost of the land newly acquired by Government at Chandbally, in accordance with the orders of Government,—a charge which was wholly unexpected and unprovided for in the sanctioned estimates ;—so that, without assistance, the payment of our establishment and the execution of the very moderate works of maintenance and repairs which have been sanctioned for the present year must involve the fund in a serious deficit. I have applied for the grant of a sum just sufficient to cover that deficit, and I await the orders of Government upon my application. Meanwhile the current year's sanctioned estimates are being carried out.

31. Suspicions of dishonesty having arisen against the late head clerk, Shama Churn Sircar, a searching investigation was held into the road cess accounts since the date of the introduction of the Act into this district. It was found that Shama Churn Sircar had embezzled eight separate sums, aggregating Rs. 793-10, and consisting partly of contingent charges on account of local printing work, and partly of allotments for village roads, which he had been ordered to draw and to remit to certain persons in the interior. Proper measures were at once taken to bring the offender to justice. He was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment by the sessions court on the 18th June 1875.

32. The number of general meetings of the Committee during the year was thirteen. The attendance of the members was as follows :—

Names.	Number of meetings attended.	Names.	Number of meetings attended.
The Chairman	8	Baboo Prosonno Kumar Ghosal	11
The Vice-Chairman	12	„ Ram Mohun Das	2
The Senior Covenanted Assistant under the Magistrate and Collector	6	„ Radha Roman Das	4
Rev. A. J. Marshall	3	„ Purosotum Das	3
Rai Shamanand Dé, Bahadur	1	„ Mathurmohun Parhi	2
Baboo Muddumohun Das	3	„ Barodakanto Mozoomdar	9
		„ Baikunt Nath Dé	13
		Bhuyan Goblam Mostaffa Khan	0

33. In addition to the general meetings of the Committee, a standing Sub-Committee for the audit of accounts sit regularly on a fixed day, once a week, under the Vice-Chairman.

34. In conclusion, it is satisfactory to be able to state my opinion that the Road Cess Act is on the whole not unpopular. This is much to say of a new measure of taxation. The project of raising by local assessment funds for the maintenance of local communications is one of those simple and intelligible arrangements which commended themselves at once to the plain practical sense of the people. Every one understands the object of the tax, and the advantages to be gained by a judicious expenditure of its proceeds. A considerable amount of real lively personal interest in the subject has been awakened in persons who reside close to, or have business connections with, undertakings which have been successfully taken in hand. A great step has thus been gained, both towards the introduction of self-government, and towards the attainment of important material advantages. Experience shows that public spirit, and a disposition to interest themselves in affairs relating to the general welfare, are making a gradual and steady advance among the native gentlemen of this district ; and I have frequently occasion to regret that some of those whose services on the Committee might be most useful reside too far off to permit of their attendance. There is one point in which an alteration in the Act would undoubtedly render it much more acceptable—for the present somewhat intricate and troublesome method of calculating the cess, a readier and simpler method should be substituted.

No. 6—Part I.
BALASORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	On Collection of Revenue and Committee's Control.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance on 1st October 1874. { Cash in hand ... Advances outstanding ...	— 1,730 0 1 2,732 3 2		Establishment Contingent charges	2,986 5 2 *504 12 6	3,491 1 8
Deduct balance at credit of deposits	1,002 3 1	1,002 3 1	Refunds	†1,753 8 9	1,753 8 9
<i>Receipts of the year.</i>					
Revenue under District Road Cess Act X of 1871. { Cess on lands " on mines, railways, &c. ... " on houses Fines	11,904 0 7 178 8 0		Outlay on District Works.		
Road cess leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act			Original works { Roads and bridges River and canal works	Rs. A. P. 1,206 14 2	
Receipts from tolls { Road tolls Ferry tolls Canal or river tolls ... ..	..... ..... .....		Repairs { Roads and bridges River and canal works Ferries ... ..	..... ..... 594 4 10	1,206 14 2
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund	6,736 0 0	763 5 3	Establishment Tools and plant ... ..	..... .....	11,279 14 6 2,635 0 0 47 15 6
Sales of produce and stores	443 1 0	6,736 0 0	Balance on 30th { Cash in hand September 1875. { Advances outstanding ... ..	..... .....	..... \$457 12 4 337 9 6
Fines and refunds	39 10 6		Deduct balance at credit of deposits	795 5 10 107 0 0	698 5 10
Miscellaneous	36 0 0	518 11 6	Grand Total	.....	21,102 12 5
Total receipts of the year ... ..	.....	20,100 9 4			
Grand Total	.....	21,102 12 5			

Passed for Rs. 21,241-9-11.

* Of this Rs. 84-7 has been authorized by the late Road Cess Head Clerk Shama Churn Sircar.
† Includes Rs. 1,730, cost of construction of Chandbali dak bungalow refunded to General Revenue.

‡ Of this Rs. 130 has been embroiled by the late Road Cess Head Clerk Shama Churn Sircar.
§ The balance in the treasury per pass book is Rs. 355-12-4, being less by Rs. 6 on account of a cheque, No. 153, for Rs. 5 issued on 11th November 1875.

By the Committee.
BHOODAKANT MOZUMDAR,
BAGABAN CHUNDER DAS,
BIKTINWATH DEY.

By the Committee.
JUDGEMAN NATH ROY,
JUDGEMAN NATH ROY,
JUDGEMAN NATH ROY.

No. 6.—Part II.

BALASORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1874-75, from 1st October 1874 to 30th September 1875, to accompany the annual account for the year.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue under Act X of 1871.	12,980 0 0	Amount collected under Act X of 1871. Cess on land ...	11,941 0 7	
	220 0 0	Ditto ditto ditto Cess on houses ...	179 5 0	12,120 5 7
Receipts from ferries.		Realized from sale of Athabtee ferry ...	185 0 0	
		Ditto Guchida ditto ...	275 0 0	
		Ditto Kalikapore ditto ...	18 12 0	
		Ditto Bahapal ditto ...	205 7 9	
		Ditto Panchtikree ditto ...	33 1 0	
		Ditto Purussuttumpore ferry ...	45 13 6	
	734 0 0		763 5 3	763 5 3
Grants-in-aid	5,000 0 0	Amount sanctioned as per Bengal Government Notification No. 409, dated 29th December 1874.	6,000 0 0	
		Ditto as per Bengal Government No. 101, dated 9th January 1875.	1,736 0 0	6,736 0 0
	300 0 0	Amount of other receipts ...	515 11 6	515 11 6
	19,329 0 0	Total Income ...		24,100 5 1
On collection of revenue & C. M. Committee's control.	2,396 0 0	EXPENDITURE.		
		Salary of 1 head clerk for 4 months 11 days, at Rs. 54 ...	235 13 11	
		Ditto 1 offg. ditto for 29 days, at Rs. 69 ...	48 5 2	
		Ditto 1 head ditto for 6 months 19 days, at Rs. 56 ...	373 15 11	
		Ditto 1 2nd ditto for 11 months 1 day, at Rs. 39 ...	399 15 11	
		Ditto 1 offg. ditto for 29 days, at Rs. 39 ...	29 0 1	
		Ditto 1 ace. instant for 6 months 1 day, at Rs. 25 ...	125 11 3	
		Ditto 1 offg. ditto for 18 days, at Rs. 25 ...	15 4 7	
		Ditto 1 ditto for 4 months 29 days, at Rs. 25 ...	124 0 1	
		Ditto 1 mahrur for 12 months, at Rs. 15 ...	173 14 0	
		Ditto 1 ticca ditto for 4 months, at Rs. 15 ...	59 14 0	
		Ditto 1 duftry for 8 months, at Rs. 6 ...	48 0 0	
		Ditto 119 ticca prons, at Rs. 6 each ...	691 1 0	
		Charges for road cess valuation establishment (vide Accountant-General of Bengal's No. 163TA, dated 31st July 1875.)	624 12 3	
	1,194 0 0	Contingent charges ...	2,956 5 2	
			54 12 6	3,491 1 5
Refunds	3,690 0 0	Refund of amount credited to grant-in-aid, being received for constructing Chandbali dak bungalow ...	1,736 0 0	
		Other refunds ...	17 8 9	1,753 8 9
Original works		ORIGINAL WORKS.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
		Minor works ...	1,206 14 2	1,206 14 2
Repairs		REPAIRS.		
		Roads and Bridges.		
	160 0 0	1. Repairs to port road from Salt Ghah to Custom Ghah ...	237 6 9	
	800 0 0	2. Ditto road from Balasore to Mitrapore ...	334 7 0	
	800 0 0	3. Ditto ditto to Balaramgurree ...	272 1 9	
	60 0 0	4. Ditto Soroh loop road, from Soroh to Charskumaree ...	50 0 0	
	260 0 0	5. Ditto Distillery road ...	240 0 0	
	200 0 0	6. Ditto road from Jellasore to Santipore ...	100 0 0	
	800 0 0	7. Ditto ditto Basta to Bahapal ...	616 5 0	
	60 0 0	8. Ditto ditto Berhampore to Garpada ...	30 15 3	
	700 0 0	9. Ditto ditto Balasore to Basdevpore ...	923 10 3	
	200 0 0	10. Ditto ditto Soroh to Anantapore ...	190 8 0	
	300 0 0	11. Ditto ditto Soroh to Kopari via Turigariya ...	300 0 0	
	200 0 0	12. Ditto ditto Ranestalaro to ditto via Ararupiya ...	200 0 0	
	300 0 0	13. Ditto ditto Agarpara to Bhudruck ...	300 0 0	
	900 0 0	14. Ditto Bhudruck station roads ...	900 0 0	
	300 0 0	15. Ditto road from Barrickpore to Dhaninagar ...	300 0 0	
	1,750 0 0	16. Ditto ditto Bhudruck to Chandbali ...	1,750 0 0	
	300 0 0	17. Ditto ditto Barang to Basdevpore ...	659 7 5	
	1,300 0 0	18. Ditto ditto Turkia to Kamarda via Solpatta and Napa ...	1,301 13 10	
	1,000 0 0	19. Ditto ditto Baliaipal to Kamarda ...	998 14 5	
	100 0 0	20. Ditto ditto Singla to Nangleswar ...	101 0 0	
	100 0 0	21. Ditto ditto Kopari to Agarpara ...	100 0 0	
	60 0 0	22. Ditto ditto Sanaramjee to Cowpur ...	50 0 0	
	20 0 0	23. Ditto ditto Bansgan to Talpada ...	200 0 0	
	160 0 0	24. Ditto village roads in Bhudruck sub-division ...	150 0 0	
	250 0 0	25. Ditto ditto Balasore ditto ...	180 0 0	
		26. Clearing bank of Dhamra river ...	100 0 0	
		Total repairs to roads and bridges ...	10,685 0 4	
	750 0 0	Ferries.		
		Repairs and construction of boats for Athabtee, Guchida, Baliaipal, Panchtikree, Kalikapore, Balaramgurree, Purussuttumpore, and Govai Nulla ferries ...	694 4 10	
		Total Repairs ...		11,279 14 8
	15,790 0 0	Carried over ...		17,781 7 1

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	15,790 0 0	Brought forward ...	.....	17,731 7 1
		<i>Establishment employed on Works.</i>		
		Pay of 2 Overseers for 12 months, at Rs. 75 each per month	1,800 0 0	
		Horse allowance of 1 Overseer for 11 months, at Rs. 15 per month.	165 0 0	
		Pay of 1 Sub-Overseer for 2 months, at Rs. 30 per month	60 0 0	
Establishment ...	2,964 13 6	Ditto 1 ditto 10 ditto, at Rs. 25 ditto ...	250 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto 12 ditto, at Rs. 15 ditto ...	180 0 0	
		Ditto 2 ditto 2 ditto, at Rs. 15 each per month.	60 0 0	
		Pay of 2 peons for 12 months, at Rs. 5 each per month ...	120 0 0	
		Total Establishment ...	.....	2,835 0 0
Tools and Plant ..	200 0 0	} Tools and plant	47 15 6	47 15 6
	374 2 6			
	19,329 0 0	Total Expenditure ...		20,414 6 7

Memorandum showing in detail the actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of the Balasore District Road Fund in the treasury.	350 12 4		
Amount at credit of "Deposits" in treasury, being the first instalment of Baliapal and Panchtikree Ghat collections.	87 0 0		
Security deposit of Bhadruck Sub-Overseer placed in Government Savings Bank.	20 0 0		
		457 12 4	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at credit of Deposit on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Tosaduck Ali Khan, Sub-Overseer, for his security ...	20 0 0		
Bidyadhar Das, farmer of Baliapal and Panchtikree Ghat.	87 0 0		
		107 0 0	

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount of Outstanding Advances on the 30th September 1875.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Amount due by Baboo Jadunnath Banerjee, Overseer ...	123 2 2		
Ditto Baboo Binonath Mitra, Overseer ...	10 12 4		
Ditto Baboo Jadunath Banerjee and Dinonath Mitra, Overseers.	163 11 0		
Amount due by Baboo Balaram Prosad Roy, Salt Darogah of Suroh.	60 0 0		
		337 9 6	

No. 320 $\frac{1}{2}$ RC, dated Camp Dhenkanalgruh, the 12th January 1876.

From—T. E. RAVENSHAW, Esq., Commissioner of the Orissa Division,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.

WITH reference to Government Circular No. 51 of 8th August 1874, and section 89 of the Road Cess Act, I have the honor to submit in original, for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the annual reports and accounts of the District Road Fund of the several districts of this division for the cess year 1874-75, and to observe as follows.

2. The total receipts during the year in Cuttack, Pooree, and Balasore districts, including balance outstanding on 30th September 1874, and the grant-in-aid from provincial fund, amounted to Rs. 1,08,912-7-7 (*vide* divisional statement annexed); the total expenditure on original works, repairs, and establishment, &c., was Rs. 87,865-7-10, leaving a balance of Rs. 21,046-15-9 unexpended at close of the year.

3. The total receipts, expenditure, and balance of each district were as follows :—

	1874-75.	Cuttack district.		Pooree district.		Balasore district.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Total receipts	60,661	6 5	26,321	1 5	21,929	15 9
Total expenditure	51,821	0 0	14,802	13 11	21,241	9 11
Balance at the close of the cess year 1874-75 on 30th September 1875	8,840	6 5	11,518	3 6	688	5 10

The balance unexpended in Pooree is large, because the Road Cess Committee had no proper and efficient working establishment. In future such large balances will not recur.

4. In Cuttack district the undermentioned original works were carried out :—

- (1) Remodelling the first fifteen miles of the Chandbally road.
- (2) A bridge on this road over Gobri Nullah with masonry piers, timbers, and iron girder superstructure.
- (3) A road from Bhingharpore to Indpore, completing the line of communication between the two sub-divisional towns of Jajipore and Kendrapara.
- (4) A road from Kendrapara to Marsaghye, opening up communication with False Point.
- (5) A road from Salepore to Mahanga, acting as a feeder to the Chandbally road, and opening up a fertile and populous tract of country.
- (6) Several small village roads, constructed with assistance of zemindars.
- (7) Deepening shoal at mouth of Chota Bramhini river to keep open the rivers on which there is important boat traffic.
- (8) A nursery or public garden at Chowleagunge.

5. The Chandbally road is most important both for traffic and passengers, and ought to be completed and kept in thorough repair. It runs through a country intersected by numerous drainage channels and canal distributaries. The Executive Engineer estimates completion of this road over the remaining 30 miles at a cost of Rs. 30,000, a sum beyond the power of the Road Cess Committee to set apart for it. The Committee are of opinion that this road should be made a provincial one. A proposition to this effect has been already disallowed by Government, and I fear it is not likely to be reconsidered.

6. The Collector gives the following account of Chowleagunge nursery :—

"During this, which is only the second year of its existence, the garden has already begun to be profitable. 1,916 trees have been sold to the Irrigation Department and others, realising the price of Rs. 246-5; 287 trees have been sent to Jajipore for planting on the roads in that sub-division, 100 to False Point, and 48 to Court of Wards' cutcherry compound at Kumika; 42 trees supplied for the General Hospital, and 58 for the Cuttack church compound; and about 1,600 trees have been planted on to the sides of six miles of the Tal'dunga road. These results are satisfactory as far as they go; but the difficulty in rearing trees when planted in Orissa is immense, as they are exposed to persistent depredations of cattle."

7. *Repairs.*—Necessary repairs were executed to every road in the district, and all roads are reported in fair order.

8. The Committee have worked fairly well during the year. I think their meetings might have been more frequent. The District Engineer, who is well spoken of in the Committee's report, has, I am sorry to say, fallen into evil ways since the close of the period under report, and his case has been submitted for orders of Government.

9. The works proposed to be done during 1875-76 by the Committee are detailed in the budget estimate for 1875-76, submitted with this office No. 225RC, dated 25th September 1875.

10. *Pooree District.—Original Works.*—The work done under this head has been confined to carrying on and completing what was begun in the previous year, viz.—

1st.—Remodelling and bridging the road from Khoorda to Piplee.

2nd.—Constructing a road from Balugaon on the Chilka to Banpore.

3rd.—Remodelling and repairing old stone bridge at Satyabadi.

4th.—Constructing a ferry boat for the Dhamra river on the Balighori and Madhub road.

11. Road No. 1 is an important line. It is 14 miles in length, and connects the town of Pooree and Khoorda sub-divisional station. From paragraph 6 of the Committee's annual report it appears that the remodelling of this road has cost Rs. 10,423-15-7. The Collector and Chairman of the Committee was asked to explain, with reference to paragraph 11 of Government Notification No. 173 of 7th May 1872, why no sanction of Government was obtained before the work was put in hand, or the instructions therein given were followed.

The Collector explains that construction of the road was at first sanctioned at Rs. 9,354 in 1872-73; hence no application was made for Government sanction. The work was commenced, and carried out agreeably to the estimates sanctioned, until the end of last year, when the flood of 1874 necessitated the construction of additional bridges, thus raising the expenditure to Rs. 10,423-15-7, i.e., Rs. 569-15-7 in excess of the original estimate. As the

completion report of this road, showing excess expenditure above the estimate, came to hand at the end of the year 1874-75, it was laid before the Committee on the 2nd October, and the excess amount was paid on their approval.

12. *Repairs.*—The following roads, bungalows, and ferry boats, were completely repaired at a cost of Rs. 5,617-9-9, and Rs. 610-11-7 were expended in repairing village roads :—

			Rs.	A.	P.
Baghmari and Bolegurh road	...	...	1,111	1	3
Bhoorada and Kuntillo	„	...	1,355	7	7
Piplee and Khoorda	„	...	1,626	6	10
Balugaon and Banpore	„	...	260	6	5
Balighai and Madhub	„	...	899	9	11
Inspection bungalow No. 1	...	...	300	0	0
Ferry boat at Kouti	...	...	64	9	9
Total	...	...	5,617	9	9

13. Routes for new roads were surveyed as follows :—

- (1) For road from Piplee *via* Nimapara to Kakatpur.
- (2) „ „ Hurekristudpore *via* Bigpore to Astrang.
- (3) „ „ Balihanta *via* Bhubmeshur to Surdaipore.
- (4) „ „ Pooree *via* Balighai and Gope to Madhub.

14. The Committee have resolved to carry out the following works during the year 1875-76, and the amount estimated for expenditure on them is stated against each item :—

Original Works.

	Rs.	Rs.
Road from Balimuta <i>via</i> Bhumeshur	...	3,000
Reconstructing the road from Balighai to Madhub	...	3,000

Village Roads.

In thana Pooree	...	1,600
„ Piplee	...	1,000
„ Gope	...	900
Salt tracts	...	500
In Khoorda	...	800
„ Banpore	...	600
„ Dundimal	...	600
	—	6,000
		12,000

Repairs.

Road from Piplee to Khoorda	...	1,350
„ Khoorda to Boligurh	...	1,325
„ Balugaon to Banpore	...	200
„ Balighai to Madhub	...	900
	—	3,775
Total	...	15,775

15. The Committees have held meetings regularly, and worked very well under the careful direction of Mr. Armstrong.

16. *Balasore District.*—No original work was undertaken in this district during the year under report. The total sanctioned allotment was expended on repairs, maintenance, and establishment, &c. The Committee's report describes fully the works executed, and the annual account shows the expenditure on each work. In the annual account a sum of Rs. 1,206-14-2 has been shown under head "Original works;" but the Collector explains that it represents an unadjusted balance remaining over from 1873-74, which was shown under advances outstanding in that year's account. The same remark applies to the item of Rs. 100 on account of clearing Dhamra towing-path, for which no provision was made in the budget for 1874-75.

17. The expenditure on following works differs from the appropriation made in the sanctioned budget owing to subsequent transfers of funds from one work to another, sanctioned by this office agreeably to paragraph 12 of Government Notification No. 173, dated 7th May 1872 :—

Repairs to distillery road.		Repairs to Bhudruck station roads.
„ Bustah to Balliapal.	|	„ Balliapal to Kamarda.
„ Balasore to Basoodepore.	|	„ Ferrics.

18. For the works proposed to be done during 1875-76 the Collector reports as follows :—

“For the year 1875-76 the sum of Rs. 6,400 has been assigned to the maintenance and repair of roads other than village roads, Rs. 500 to the construction and repairs of ferry boats, and Rs. 500 to village roads. The sum of Rs. 6,400, applied to the maintenance and repairs of 149 miles of road (excluding the new Barripadda and Moraigdon road to be added during the current year), gives somewhat less than Rs. 43 per mile. With this sum it is not intended to attempt any new works, except a few small culverts on roads Nos. 2, 3, and 11. Excluding the cost of these, which will be slight, the whole of the allotment will be expended on repairs to masonry and wooden bridges, renewal of metalling, repairs to earthwork, and surface dressing.”

19. In all districts, with increased funds, much useful work remains to be done. The Committees are well aware of this, and have only refrained from increasing the rate until a reasonable time has elapsed, and the people acquire confidence in the working of the law. It is probable that next season the higher rate of cess will be voted, and funds thus obtained for extended operations. I fully appreciate and approve of the caution which has characterised the Committee's proceedings in not too hastily imposing the full rate.

20. So far the road cess law has worked smoothly and well, and I believe that it has been accepted by all classes without serious objection, and is likely to prove a most popular and useful measure, not only in providing funds for local roads and improvements, but as affording zemindars a clear insight into their assets, and ryots and tenure-holders a useful record of their rights and rents : thus securing confidence between landholders and tenants, and materially improving zemindary management.

DIVISIONAL STATEMENT.

Receipts for 1874-75.

	Cuttack.			Pooree.			Balasore.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance	23,005	6	8	16,324	3	0	1,002	3	1
Revenue under Road Cess Act—									
Cess on lands	27,019	4	10	9,731	3	4	11,904	0	7
,, houses	977	14	0	26	0	0	178	8	0
Tolls—									
Ferry	3,737	6	0	.....			763	5	3
Grant-in-aid from Provincial—									
Reserve Fund	5,000	0	0	.....			6,736	0	0
Sales of produce and stores	165	6	1	.....			443	1	0
Fines and refunds	602	12	10	239	11	1	866	13	10
Miscellaneous	153	4	0	.....			36	0	0
Total	60,661	6	5	26,321	1	5	21,929	15	9

Details will be found in the district statements, from which the figures entered herein have been taken.

Disbursements for 1874-75.

	Cuttack.			Pooree.			Balasore.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Collection of revenue	4,089	7	3	2,106	12	2	2,666	5	5
Refunds ... ..	.....			219	2	9	3,405	8	4
Original works	17,756	9	11	6,363	9	8	1,206	14	2
Repairs	25,527	12	8	6,113	5	4	11,279	14	6
Establishment	4,253	7	8	.....			2,635	0	0
Tools and plant	193	10	6	.....			47	15	6
Total	51,821	0	0	14,802	13	11	21,241	9	11
Balance	8,840	6	5	11,518	3	6	688	5	10

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Col., R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

• NOTIFICATION.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 17th April 1876.

No. 139.—Leave.—MR. T. Fouracres, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, Byturnee Division, is granted privilege leave from 22nd to 24th December 1875, both days inclusive, in extension of that granted in the orders marginally noted.

No. 110.—*Transfers*.—Baboo Koylash Chunder Chowdry, Overseer, First Grade, from the Cossye Division, for special survey duty under Mr. Kimber.

Baboo Korally Churn Dey, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Cossye to the Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.

No. 141.—The undermentioned officers and subordinates are transferred in the interests of the public service from the Orissa to the South-Western Circle :—

Mr. G. W. Faulkner, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Brahminnee Division.

Mr. A. M. Salmon, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Byturnee Division.

Mr. T. Fourcres, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, Byturnee Division.

Baboo Madhub Chunder Chatterjee, Supervisor, First grade, Mahaoudy Division.

Sergeant K. R. Cameron, Overseer, First Grade, Brahmin Division.

Baboo Siddeshur Chatterjee, Overseer, Third Grade (temporary Second Grade),
Mahanuddy Division.

Dated 18th April 1876.

No. 112.—*Notification*.—It is hereby notified that the Taldunda and Machgong Canals, which were closed for repairs on 25th February last, were re-opened on the 2nd instant.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th March 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of the year 1876, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the Twenty-fifth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. R. BULLEN-SMITH, Sheriff.

नव्विक बागिस, मन १८-१७ मान २०८९ बार्ड ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের সৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৬ সালের ২৫শে এপ্রেল মঙ্গলবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়নের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৬ সালের চতুর্থ ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে সৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. R. BULLEN-SMITH, Sheriff.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

THE Latin subject for the Gilchrist Scholarship Examination of 1877 will be—

Virgil Georgics, Book IV.

... *Aeneid*, Book IV.

H. WOODROW, Director of Public Instruction.

FORT WILLIAM, the 10th April 1876.

It is hereby notified that at the ensuing half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, four local Examination Committees will be held in this division, viz. one at No. 3, Theatre Road, Calcutta, for officers stationed at Calcutta or employed in the 24-Pergunnahs; one at Kishnaghur, for those employed in the district of Nuddea; one at Jessore Sudder Station, for those employed in that district; and one at Berhampore, for those employed in the Moorshedabad district.

C. T. BUCKLAND, *Commissioner*.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 356B.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1874-75, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bank-hall Street, on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,920 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,235
Benares „	1,685
Total	3,920

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1875, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th May 1876 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th May 1876.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 7th June 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Wednesday, 5th July 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Thursday, 3rd August 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Wednesday, 6th September 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Friday, 6th October 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Thursday, 2nd November 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Friday, 1st December 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Total ...	15,625	11,775	27,400

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 28th March 1876.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following Extraordinary, issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is republished for general information :—

*No. 728.—Fort William, the 15th April 1876.—Notification.—Public.—*The Right Honourable the Secretary of State having, in a Despatch dated the 2nd March 1876, announced to the Government of India the appointment of His Excellency General Sir Frederick Paul Haines, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Forces in India, to be an Extraordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India, it is hereby notified that General Sir Frederick Paul Haines has this day taken his seat as an Extraordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India, under the usual salute.

The following Extraordinary, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Secretary's Office, is republished for general information :—

*Calcutta, the 17th April 1876.—Notification.—*His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Calcutta on Saturday, the 22nd April 1876, and will arrive at Simla on or about the 25th April 1876.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

*No. 678.—Fort William, the 11th April 1876.—Notifications.—Public.—*With reference to the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of the 31st ultimo, announcing the arrangements to be made for the reception of the RIGHT HON'BLE LORD LYTON, upon the occasion of his arrival to assume the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India, it is hereby notified for general information that LORD LYTON is expected to arrive at the Howrah terminus of the East Indian Railway at 6 P.M. (Calcutta time) on Wednesday, the 12th instant.

*No. 680.—The 12th April 1876.—*The Right Honourable EDWARD ROBERT LYTON BULWER-LYTON, Baron Lytton of Knebworth in the County of Hertford and a Baronet of the United Kingdom, appointed by the QUEEN to be Her Majesty's Viceroy and Governor-General of India, arrived by the East Indian Railway at Howrah at 6 P.M. this day attended by his personal staff, an Aide-de-Camp of the Viceroy, and by a deputation from the Government of Bengal. LORD LYTON was received at the

Howrah Railway Station by the Secretaries to the Government of India, the Military Secretary and Aides-de-Camp to the Viceroy, by the Commissioner of Burdwan, one of the Secretaries of the Government of Bengal, the Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District with the District Staff, the Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Justices of Peace for the town of Calcutta, the Sheriff of Calcutta, and by the Magistrate of Howrah. LORD LYTTON then proceeded to Government House, and at 6-40 P.M. took his seat as Viceroy and Governor-General in His Excellency's Council.

2. The following Proclamation is published by Order of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council:—

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Right Honourable EDWARD ROBERT LYTTON BULWER-LYTTON, BARON LYTTON of Knebworth in the County of Hertford and a Baronet of the United Kingdom, has been appointed by Her Majesty to be Her Viceroy and Governor-General of India, and has assumed the said office, the said appointment is hereby notified, and it is proclaimed that the said Right Honourable BARON LYTTON, Viceroy and Governor-General of India, has this day taken his seat in His Excellency's Council.

No. 716.—The 13th April 1876.—The Right Hon'ble LORD NORTHBROOK will leave Government House *en route* for England at 6-50 A.M. on Saturday, the 15th instant. His Lordship will embark with his suite at 7 A.M. from Prinsep's Ghât on board the Yacht *Sir William Peel*, and will proceed to Diamond Harbour to join the Indian Government Transport *Tenasserim*, which has been placed at His Lordship's disposal by the Government of India.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General desires that the same honors which were accorded to himself upon his recent arrival at Calcutta shall be paid to LORD NORTHBROOK upon the occasion of His Lordship's leaving Calcutta after resigning the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

A Guard of Honor of British Infantry will be drawn up opposite the grand entrance of Government House, and a Guard of Honor of Native Infantry will be drawn up opposite Prinsep's Ghât.

The line of route from the north-west entrance of Government House to Prinsep's Ghât will be lined throughout by troops under the orders of the Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District.

A Royal Salute will be fired from the ramparts of Fort William as LORD NORTHBROOK leaves Government House, and another Royal Salute will be fired as LORD NORTHBROOK embarks at Prinsep's Ghât.

All Officers of Government (excepting those mentioned below) will be in attendance upon the grand staircase of Government House. Consular Officers and other representatives of Foreign Governments at Calcutta, and non-official gentlemen, are invited to be present on the grand staircase.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, attended by his personal staff, will be present at Prinsep's Ghât.

Members of the Governor-General's Council will also be present at Prinsep's Ghât.

The following Officers will be in attendance at Prinsep's Ghât:—

Secretaries to the Government of India.

The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

One of the Secretaries of the Government of Bengal.

The Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District, with the District Staff.

The Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

The Sheriff of Calcutta.

The Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The Master Attendant.

The Viceroy, attended by his personal staff and escorted by the Body Guard, will accompany LORD NORTHBROOK from Government House to Prinsep's Ghât.

An Aide-de-Camp to the Viceroy will attend upon LORD NORTHBROOK as far as Diamond Harbour.

The troops will not be withdrawn until the receipt of orders to that effect. They will pay the usual honors to the Viceroy as he returns to Government House.

Full dress will be worn by the troops, and by all Officers, Civil and Military, on this occasion, and morning dress by all gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform.

No. 717.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council directs that all honors and distinctions which were paid to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble LORD NORTHBROOK when holding the office of Governor-General of India, shall be continued to His Excellency during his stay in India.

No. 713 — The 12th April 1876.—Under the authority vested in him by Section 22 of Act XXXI of 1860, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit, in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the transport of fire-arms and parts of fire-arms, military stores, lead, sulphur, gunpowder and other ammunition from any place in British India within the jurisdiction of one Local Government or Administration to any place in British India within the jurisdiction of another Local Government or Administration, except under the following rules and conditions.

2. Any person desirous of transporting any of the above-mentioned articles [except in reasonable quantities for his own private use] from any of the sea-port towns or frontier stations into which arms can be imported under license, into the interior of British India beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the Local Government or Administration within the limits of which such sea-port or station is situated, must apply for a pass to the officer empowered by the Government of India to grant licenses under Section 17 of Act XXXI of 1860 for import to the sea-port or station.

3. When a person is desirous of transporting any such articles from any place in British India other than the sea-ports or stations referred to in the last preceding rule, to any place in British India within the territories of another Local Government or Administration, he must apply for a pass to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, or to the Secretary to the Local Government of the territory out of which he desires to convey the articles, or to the Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner or other chief Executive Officer of the District out of which he desires to convey the articles, or to such other officer as the Government of India may have authorized by notification to grant such a pass.

4. The application must in either case be in writing; it must specify the town, station, or other place into which the articles are intended to be transported, and must contain full information as to the quantity, quality and description of the articles and the purpose for which they are respectively designed. Where the articles have been imported from abroad, the license under which they have been imported must be appended.

5. It will be within the discretion of the officer authorized in this behalf to grant the pass if from the information thus given and otherwise obtained he considers that such pass may be safely granted. A register shall be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of each pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district within which the place to which the articles are to be transported is situated.

6. The articles covered by such pass shall be taken direct to the place of destination mentioned in the pass without being sold or made use of at any intermediate place.

7. On the articles reaching their destination the person in charge thereof must deliver the pass to the Magistrate of the district within six days. It will be the duty of that officer to satisfy himself that the articles transported correspond with the entries in the pass, and to see that any deficiency that may exist is satisfactorily accounted for. The pass shall then be endorsed and returned to the holder if he may lawfully keep in his possession the articles of which it covers the transport.

No. 714.—Under the authority vested in him by Section 22, Act XXXI of 1860, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit, in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the transport of saltpetre from any part of India to any port on the East coast of the Bay of Bengal within the jurisdiction of the Chief Commissioner of British Burma save under license from the said Chief Commissioner.

No. 237.—The 12th April 1876.—Establishments.—The Hon'ble L. S. Jackson, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 19th June next, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 243.—The 13th April 1876.—Appointment.—Mr. W. E. Ward, C.S., to officiate as Judge of the Assam Valley Districts during the absence on furlough of Colonel W. Agnew, or until further orders.

Pending Mr. Ward's arrival, or until further orders, Colonel T. Lamb to officiate as Judge of the Assam Valley Districts.

No. 583.—The 13th April 1876.—Judicial.—The designation of the office of *Judicial Commissioner of Assam* will from this date be *Judge of the Assam Valley Districts*.

No. 95.—The 12th April 1876.—Education.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Fellows of the University of Calcutta :—

The Honourable Romesh Chunder Mitter, B.A., B.L.

The Honourable H. J. Reynolds, B.A., C.S.

Surgeon-General J. F. Beatson, M.D.

A. Colvin, Esq., C.S.

L. H. Griffin, Esq., C.S.

H. B. Medlicott, Esq., M.A., F.G.S.

F. S. Growse, Esq., M.A., C.S.

J. O'Kinealy, Esq., C.S.

M. S. Howell, Esq., B.A., C.S.

Surgeon-Major J. Elliott, M.D.

Surgeon-Major T. E. Charles, M.D.

Surgeon-Major H. Cayley, M.D.

Raja Jotendro Mohun Tagore.

Raja Jye Kishen Doss, C.S.I.

P. Hordern, Esq., B.A.

J. C. Nesfield, Esq., M.A.

Syud Ahmed Khan, C.S.I.

Munshi Ram Chundra.

Major J. Eckford, R.E.

B. Leslie, Esq., C.E.

V. Ball, Esq., M.A.

T. D. Ingram, Esq., L.L.B.

Thakur Gire Prasad of Baiswan.

H. Blockman, Esq., M.A.

Baba Khim Singh Bedi.

H. Roberts, Esq.

No. 159.—The 13th April 1876.—Ecclesiastical.—The Rev. Kingdon Egan Barrow, M.A., has been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to be a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—COMMERCE AND TRADE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

INDIA, WEST COAST—KATTYWAR.

FIXED WHITE LIGHT AT VERA'WAL.

No. 8.—Fort William, the 13th April 1876.—Information has been received from the British Political Agent at Kattywar that the light hitherto displayed from a kerosine lamp at Vera'wal, has been replaced by a more powerful light which was exhibited on the 5th March 1876.

The light is a *fixed white light* at an elevation of 56 feet above high-water, visible through an arc of 180° from a distance of 13 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is *dioptric*, or by lenses of the fourth order.

The lighthouse, 40 feet high, is built of masonry and situated on the pier head on the north-west side of the harbour. Position, lat. 20° 53' 30" N., long. 70° 22' 0" E.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, }
The 11th April 1876. }

JOHN HENRY ELLIS, *Staff-Comdr., R.N.*,
Depty. Supdt., Marine Survey of India.

By Order,

A. O. HUME,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Sheet 1, Kutch Gulf to Vaziadroog, &c., No 2738 :—also, Admiralty list of lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., page 8; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. 1, page 356.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 2191.—The 13th April 1876.—Leave and Allowances.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be inserted as Clause (f) under Section 7 of the Civil Leave Code :—

(f) The words "Accountant-General" when used in reference to a public servant applying for leave or on leave, mean the Officer who audits the pay and allowances of such public servant.

No. 2193.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following Note be inserted under the heading of Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code :—

(NOTE.—Subsidiary leave of absence is intended only for the purpose of enabling an Officer to make the necessary arrangements for breaking up or reorganising his household and for the journey to or from the seaport, as the case may be; and its duration should be limited to what is necessary for these purposes.)

His Excellency in Council also directs that the following be substituted for Rule 3 of Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code :—

* Subsidiary leave of absence may be granted for more than 30 days whenever the local Government is satisfied that an Officer could not within 30 days, by the available means of conveyance, and by the direct route, reach the port of embarkation or his station, as the case may be. Subsidiary leave may also be prolonged beyond 30 days if the Local Government is satisfied that an Officer who has arranged to start by a particular vessel within the period of subsidiary leave allowed to him, is prevented from doing so by a change in the date of the vessel's departure. Subsidiary leave may not be granted for more than 30 days on medical certificate, or upon any other grounds than those set forth in this rule. Whenever a Local Government grants subsidiary leave for more than 30 days, a report of the grant, with the reasons for it, should be made to the Government of India, in the Financial Department.

* Applies to a Commissioned Military Officer in Civil employ.

No 2195.—*The 13th April 1876.—Pensions and Gratuities.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the words "in 1861" be expunged from Section 102 (c) of the Civil Pension Code.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 417.—*Fort William, the 10th April 1876.*—Captain John Strachan, of the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence for twelve months to proceed to England, with effect from the 25th March 1876.

No. 418 of 1876.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Apothecary W. H. Harding, of the Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 421.—The following Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India is published for general information :—

MILITARY.

No. 71.

INDIA OFFICE ;

LONDON, 16th March 1876.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

MY LORD,—I have to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Paul Haines, K. C. B., being appointed Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Forces in the East Indies with the local rank of General, in succession to General Lord Napier of Magdala, G. C. B., whose period of service in India is about to expire.

I have, &c.,

SALISBURY.

No. 422 of 1876.—General Sir F. P. Haines, K. C. B., appointed to be Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in the East Indies, as announced in G. G. O. No. 421 of this date, having landed at Bombay, assumed command on the 10th instant, in succession to General Lord Napier of Magdala, G. C. B., G. C. S. I.

Ordered that all returns of the Army be made in the usual manner to General Sir F. P. Haines, K. C. B., as Commander-in-Chief in India.

No. 435.—*The 12th April 1876.*—The following extract from list No. 5, dated the 17th March 1876, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Granted extensions of leave.

*	*	*	*	*	*
Captain C. H. Garbett, S. C.,—two months, private affairs.					
*	*	*	*	*	*

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette.
cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Fureedpore, Goalundo extension line, will be put up to sale at the Goalundo Sub-divisional Cutcherry at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, corresponding with 28th Bysack 1283, B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—
1st.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					R. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Fureedpore	Pergunnah Islampore, Mouzah Garul	17	North	7 5 4	2 1 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,870 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,050 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nudda.
2	ditto	ditto	17	South	7 1 0	2 1 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,870 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of zillah Nudda.
3	ditto	ditto	17	North	6 4 0	1 2 35	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,090 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
4	ditto	ditto	17	South	3 10 9	1 0 27	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,040 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
5	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedhye, and Islampore, Mouzah Barores, Majparrah and Muthoorah.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 17, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 18, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 7. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
6	ditto	ditto	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 8. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
7	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedhye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 5.
8	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedhye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.

9	ditto	Pergunnah Najeer Insetpore, Jangerebad and Mahomed-shye, Mouzahs Majparrah, Kapore, Insetpore and Kanookhallee.	19	North	6 13 2	2 0 32	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 18, as per plan, and terminates on 1,775 feet of mile 19.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 18, as per plan.
10	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 13 2	2 0 33	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 18, as per plan.
11	ditto	Pergunnahs Najeer Insetpore, Jangerebad and Mahomed-shye, Mouzah Kanookhallee.	19	North	4 4 6	1 1 23	...	...	Commences on 1,820 feet of mile 19, and terminates on 3,530 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
12	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 10 2	2 0 24	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
13	ditto	ditto	19	North	5 4 2	1 2 39	...	...	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 19, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
14	ditto	ditto	19	South	6 12 12	1 3 19	Occupied by roads	0 0 13	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
15	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurthahye, Mouzah Kanookhallee.	20	North	6 16 1	2 1 6	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 19, as per plan, and terminates on 1,490 feet of mile 20.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
16	ditto	ditto	20	South	5 6 4	1 3 1	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
17	ditto	Pergunnah Nashurthahye, Mouzah Panga.	20	North	7 16 10	2 2 14	...	...	Commences on 1,520 feet of mile 20, and terminates on 3,490 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 19. West—By railway level crossing.
18	ditto	ditto	20	South	7 16 10	2 2 14	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 20. West—By railway level crossing.
19	ditto	ditto	20	North	7 17 9	2 2 17	...	...	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 20, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 17.
20	ditto	ditto	20	South	9 14 12	3 0 36	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By western boundary of lot 18.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
21	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Pungsa.	21	North	6 17 1	2 1 3	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 20, as per plan, and terminates on 1,000 feet of mile 21.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
22	ditto	ditto	21	South	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 10, as per plan, and terminates on 1,900 feet of mile 21.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
23	ditto	ditto	21	North	13 5 0	4 1 21	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,050 feet of mile 21, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
24	ditto	ditto	21	South	13 2 2	4 1 13	Occupied by nullah	0 1 21	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
25	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Pungsa and Magooradungah.	22	North	11 6 2	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 21, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 22.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
26	ditto	ditto	22	South	11 6 2	3 2 39	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
27	ditto	Pergunnah Nayharutshye, Mouzah Magooradungah, Mohetala, and Narranpore.	22	North	11 0 0	3 2 22	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates on 5,135 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zeminary land. West—By railway level crossing.
28	ditto	ditto	22	South	10 12 0	3 2 1	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By end of mile 22, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
29	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Narranpore.	23	North	8 1 0	2 2 26	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 620 feet of mile 23, and terminates on 1,920 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By road under class D. West—By Pungsa station land.
30	ditto	ditto	23	South	7 18 6	2 2 19	Class C land within the lot excluded from sale.	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 22, as per plan, and terminates on 1,920 feet of mile 23.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By road under class D. West—By end of mile 22, as per plan.
31	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Narranpore and Poorapura.	23	North	14 16 6	4 3 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,400 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan.

22	ditto	...	ditto	...	23	South	...	13 17 8	4 1	...	...	...	Commences on 1,960 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class D.
23	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nisharutshye, Mousah Pooreparah and Satrajelpore.	...	24	North	...	6 0 0	1 3 37	Occupied by road	...	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 23, as per plan, and terminates on 1,160 feet of mile 24.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By class A land of the railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
24	ditto	...	ditto	...	24	South	...	5 19 0	1 3 35	ditto	...	0 0 6	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By class A land of railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
25	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nisharutshye, Mousah Kalikapore.	...	24	North	...	15 0 0	4 3 33	ditto	...	0 0 8	Commences on 3,070 feet of mile 24, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
26	ditto	...	ditto	...	24	South	...	14 0 0	4 2 21	ditto	...	0 0 6 6 3 32	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
27	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mousah Kalikapore and Jhawgram.	...	25	North	...	18 14 4	6 0 30	...	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 24, as per plan, and terminates on 3,650 feet of mile 25.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
28	ditto	...	ditto	...	25	South	...	18 14 4	6 0 30	...	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By Jhawgram Bheel. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
29	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mousah Durce-Jhawgram.	...	25	North	...	8 8 10	2 3 6	Occupied by road	...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,815 feet of mile 25, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.
40	ditto	...	ditto	...	25	South	...	7 18 12	2 2 20	ditto	...	0 0 6 0 0 12	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jhawgram Bheel.
41	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee and Mahomedshye, Mousah Durce-Jhawgram, Teles-Jhawgram, Akabolkhager, Kalokhale, and Abolgogun Malseat.	...	26	North	...	10 7 9	3 1 29	...	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 25, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 26.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
42	ditto	...	ditto	...	26	South	...	10 7 9	3 1 29	...	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 44. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
43	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee and Mahomedshye, Mousah Akabolkhager, Malseat and Kalokhale.	...	26	North	...	14 4 8	4 2 33	Occupied by road	...	0 0 6	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 41.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEEHUA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
44	Furzedpore	Pergunnahs Baigachee and Mahomedshye, Monzah Abdolghany, Maleat and Kabothakee.	26	South	15 4 8	4 3 33		Occupied by road	0 0 5 0 0 10	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 42.
45	ditto	Pergunnahs Baigachee and Mahomedshye, Monzah Kabothakee.	27	North	3 3 6	1 0 5		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 26, as per plan, and terminates on 320 feet of mile 27.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
46	ditto	ditto	27	South	3 3 6	1 0 5		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
47	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzah Ballabpore.	27	North	10 12 8	3 2 2		.....	.....	Commences on 770 feet of mile 27, and terminates on 2,820 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
48	ditto	ditto	27	South	10 13 8	3 2 2		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 50. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
49	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzahs Tengra and Kameea.	27	North	11 2 10	3 2 29		.....	.....	Commences on 2,920 feet of mile 27, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 47.
50	ditto	ditto	27	South	11 2 10	3 2 29		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 49.
51	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzahs Kameea and Harah.	28	North	12 9 0	4 0 19		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 27, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 28.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 52. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
52	ditto	ditto	28	South	13 11 0	4 1 37		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 54. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
53	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzahs Harah and Madhabpore.	28	North	13 2 0	4 1 13		.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 28, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
54	ditto	ditto	28	South	9 14 0	3 0 33		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 52.

55	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Haroh and Madhnapore, Moorakhola and Gobind-pore.	29	North	...	9 18 6	3 1 4	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 29.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Hurragunge. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
56	ditto	...	ditto	29	South	...	13 12 9	4 2 1	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,500 feet of mile 29.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By Hurragunge. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
57	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Bagjape and Gobind-pore.	29	North	...	14 18 9	4 3 30	...	...	Commences on 2,240 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragunge.
58	ditto	...	ditto	29	South	...	12 0 13	3 3 37	Occupied by nullah	1 1 29	Commences on 2,680 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragunge.
59	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Gobindpore and Hurrahurpore.	30	North	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 29, as per plan, and terminates on 2,800 feet of mile 30.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
60	ditto	...	ditto	30	South	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
61	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Hurrahurpore.	30	North	...	6 1 0	2 0 0	...	...	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates on 4,140 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Bailgachee station land. West—By village road.
62	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Hurrahurpore, Dadpore, and Mughoonathpore.	30	South	...	14 10 0	4 3 7	...	...	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By village road.
63	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Hurrahurpore and Dadpore.	30	North	...	1 3 2	0 1 21	Occupied by roads	0 0 19	Commences on 5,115 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By Bailgachee station land.
64	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Dadpore, Hurrahurpore, Mughoonathpore, and Ghosebarah.	31	North	...	11 16 4	3 3 25	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 30, as per plan, and terminates on 2,750 feet of mile 31.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 68. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
65	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Dadpore, Hurrahurpore, Mughoonathpore, and Ghosebarah.	31	South	...	11 16 4	3 3 25	...	...	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 67. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
66	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Ghosebarah and Dyalnugger.	31	North	...	10 6 8	3 1 36	...	...	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 64.

Serial Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGHA AND IN ACER.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
67	Farraedpore	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzaha Ghosebarah and Dyalnaggar.	31	South	9 9 2	3 0 20		.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 65.
68	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzaha Dyalnaggar, Baboopore and Doochee.	32	North	10 12 1	3 2 1	Occupied by nullah	.....	0 0 4	Commences at the end of mile 31, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 32.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 70. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
69	ditto	ditto	32	South	10 10 6	3 1 37	ditto	.....	0 0 4	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 71. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
70	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Monzaha Doochee Borocegoore.	32	North	11 5 4	3 2 26		.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 32, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 68.
71	ditto	ditto	32	South	11 5 4	3 2 36		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 32, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
72	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Nasibahye, Doochee, and Nowdoochee, Monzaha Baroocegoore and Doochee.	33	North	12 18 5	4 1 3		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 32, as per plan, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 33.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
73	ditto	ditto	33	South	12 18 5	4 1 3		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 76. West—By end of mile 32, as per plan.
74	ditto	Pergunnah Baigachee, Nasibahye, Doochee, and Nowdoochee, Monzaha Doochee Kalsemger, Nowdoochee and Dyalnaggar.	33	North	13 5 12	4 1 23		.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 33, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 72.
75	ditto	ditto	33	South	13 5 12	4 1 23		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 73.
76	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Nowdoochee and Dyalnaggar.	34	North	9 12 4	3 0 29		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 33, as per plan, and terminates on 2,260 feet of mile 34.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
77	ditto	ditto	34	South	9 16 0	3 0 26		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.

78	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Dyanagpur and Doorgapore.	34	North	10 8 15	3 1 33	.....	.....	Commences on 2,280 feet of mile 34, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
79	ditto	ditto	34	South	9 0 7	2 3 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
80	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Doorgapoor and Gopeenathpore.	35	North	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 34, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 36.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 89. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
81	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Doorgapoor.	35	South	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 89. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
82	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Gopeenathpore, Doorgapoor, Kakiladpur, and Gungaperahpore.	35	North	9 18 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 36, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
83	ditto	ditto	35	South	9 18 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 35, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.
84	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Gungaperahpore and Purchuriluckepore.	36	North	10 0 0	3 1 9	Occupied by spurs for projection of bridge.	0 2 23	Commences at the end of mile 35, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 36.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 86. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
85	ditto	ditto	36	South	10 0 0	3 1 9	ditto	0 2 23	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 87. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.
86	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Purchuriluckepore and Ihowanigore.	36	North	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 36, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 84.
87	ditto	ditto	36	South	9 2 4	3 0 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 85.
88	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Mouzabs Gungaperahpore and Luckipore, Curnoorupore, and Benipuggur.	36B	North	11 4 14	3 2 36	.....	.....	Commences at 35 miles and 20 chains, and terminates at the river Gauges.	North—By river Gauges. South—By class A land of railway. East—By zemindary land. West—By public road.
89	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye and Fhooltee, Mouzabs Bhowanepore and Benudepore.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,260 feet of mile 37.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajpore station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGHAHS AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
90	Fureedpore	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhogansapore and Benodepore.	37	South	8 7 10	3 0 18	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,260 feet of mile 37.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Rajbarree station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.
91	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhogansapore and Rajbarree.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 2,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajbarree station land. West—By zemindary land.
92	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhogansapore and Sujunkandee.	37	South	9 11 11	3 0 27	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
93	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Sujjun Kandee.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,080 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By Rajbarree station land.
94	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Sujjun Kandee and Bindupore.	37	North	10 4 1	3 1 20	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 37, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbarree station land.
95	ditto	ditto	37	South	4 11 4	1 2 1	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbarree station land.
96	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bindupore and Ramchunderpore.	38	North	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 37, as per plan, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 38.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
97	ditto	ditto	38	South	9 8 15	3 0 20	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
98	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Ramchunderpore and Kaimal-deekandee.	38	North	7 0 0	3 1 10	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,865 feet of mile 38, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
99	ditto	ditto	38	South	7 0 0	3 1 10	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
100	ditto	Pergunnahs Phoolotee and Kasimnager, Mouzahs Kaimal-deekandee and Agumare.	39	North	9 5 4	3 0 10	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 38, as per plan, and terminates on 3,510 feet of mile 39.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 102. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.

Serial Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEEGHA AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
113	Farrakpore	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mousah Toorsuttoo and Kamardanga.	42	North	8 10 14	2 3 12	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 41, as per plan, and terminates on 3,650 feet of mile 42.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
114	ditto	ditto	42	South	8 10 14	2 3 12	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
115	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mousah Kamardanga.	42	North	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	Commences on 2,680 feet of mile 42, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
116	ditto	ditto	42	South	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
117	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mousahs Ka- mardanga and Poorodee.	43	North	6 2 15	3 0 5	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 42, as per plan, and terminates on 3,250 feet of mile 43.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
118	ditto	ditto	43	South	5 6 7	1 3 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
119	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mousahs Bur- roosiga, Acoopallando and Burrabilla.	43	North	4 11 11	1 2 2	.....	.....	Commences on 3,480 feet of mile 43, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
120	ditto	ditto	43	South	4 4 13	1 1 25	Occupied by nullah	0 1 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
121	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapore, Mousahs Burrabilla Koochabaut and Jypoor.	44	North	7 4 2	2 1 21	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 3,130 feet of mile 44.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By new terrestrial station. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.
122	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapore, Mousahs Burrabilla and Koochabaut.	44	South	1 1 6	0 1 17	Retained under sanction of Government. Retained for station pur- pose, but not formally applied for by Co.	1 1 4 3 1 9 4 2 13	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 3,200 feet of mile 44.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By permanent land of railway. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.

CALCUTTA, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 9th March 1876.

W. HEYSHAM, Railway Deputy Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Balasore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 22nd day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1876.

No. of Towji.	Name of Pergunnah.	Name of estate.	Names of Zemindars.	Sudder jumma. Arrears due.	
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1189	Rhelorachour	Chorepudda	Keshore Charan Chowdhary, Nobe Kishore Chowdhary, Narain Ghose, Imajudi Khan, Gangaram Mahapatra Chowdhary, Madhusudan Mahapatra, Bhagbat Mahapatra, Lakhmi Narain Mahapatra, Kripasindhu Mahapatra, Golam Wrutaja Khan, Golam Mujatba Khan, and Saroda Permal Sarkar.	546 3 14	13 8 7

The 13th April 1876.

T. NORMAN, Acting Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, the 16th of May 1876, corresponding with 3rd Jaishto 1283 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1876.

Number on the rent roll.	Class.	Names of Mohals and Pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estates are to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
134	1st Class	Lot Lankbaha, pergunnah Bar-beksing.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 565-11-7.	Bejai Gopal Chattopadhyay, Ram Lall Chattopadhyay, Pran Chand Chattopadhyay, Boudya Nath Chattopadhyay, Kamala Kamini Dehya, Janaki Nath Mukhopadhyay, in person and guardian of minoress Haridasi Dehya, and Ram Lall Mukhopadhyay.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 2,745-9-0. That, exclusive of the separate share of Kamala Kamini Dehya Rs. 686-6-0, Janaki Nath Mukhopadhyay and others Rs. 696-6-3, total Rs. 1,372-13-3, is Rs. 1,373-12-9.	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the person mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.
237	Ditto	Lot Kantari, pergunnah Zainujal.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 12-3-7.	Mr. A. Hume Smith, manager of the estate of minor Baboo Ram Runjan Chukrovarti, Selmit of the Hindu God Radhaballab Thaccor, Shaik Biedar Bukht, Beni Madhab Chukrovarti, Gopi Ballab Chukrovarti, Chhakuri Chundro Chukrovarti, Ram Kristo Chukrovarti, Tin-cowry Roy, Shaik Jomud-din, and Ishan Chunder Sen.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 1,486-11-0. That, inclusive of the separate share of Baboo Ram Runjan Chukrovarti, Rs. 659-1-10, is Rs. 5,827-9-2.	Ditto.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1876.

R. D. HUME, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and undeserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of February 1876.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Kismut Ambika, Baboit Taraf, Tilok Chunder Canoongoe; auction purchaser Umachurn Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 745-10-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 64.—Taraf Anundiram Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Anundo Moyce and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 849-6-9. The shares of Brojomohun Bishonath alias Bedyonath, Bholanath, Ghonesham, Horodass Canoongoe, Gan Bibi, Kali Churn, Oodoy Chand, Oolmils, Rongit Ram, Ram Dass, Ram Kishore, Ramdoyal De, Ramdoyal, Ramdoolal, Shibo Dass Canoongoe, Tonooram, Mritunjoy alias Joogulkishore, Ramdoyal De, Amanut Ali, Jinut Ali, Akima Bibi, Moti Bibi, Sheikh Mahomed Beshirullah Chowdry, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah Chowdry, Sheikh Mahomed Rohimullah Chowdry, Bishamber De, and Kalikummar De, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 47-7-10, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 813.—Kismat Doorga Lochun Krishna Churn Wahaddar, Ram Lochun Sein, Chundra Kola, Ramabhoonder Sen, Krishna Mohun Kerani, Gopal Dass, Gooroo Dass Pal, and Ram Chunder Baboit, Taraf Ram Hurry Canoongoe, recorded proprietors Chunder Kanta Pal and others; sudder jumma Rs. 883-12-6. The shares of Taruck Chunder Sein and Jugruth Chunder Sein, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 212-0-5, will be sold, the remaining proprietors

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1024.—Tara Gobinda Nundy, recorded proprietors Sotronarain and others; sudder jumma Rs. 1,161-13-1. The shares of Sotronarain, Durponarain, Mahomed Ashruf, Rangoy, Ram Chunder Dutta, Sheikh Mahomed Bashirullah, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah, and Sheikh Mahomed Rohimullah, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 707-14-6, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1279.—Tara Joyram Chowdry, recorded proprietors Furkund Bukht and Ohidul Alum, sudder jumma Rs. 1,420-5-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1469.—Tara Komor Koollee, recorded proprietors Golam Gaos, Golam Hyder, Julfut Neysa, Mahomed Mookim, Nojoomulissa, Oomed Ali, Shoolruthnessa, Jomirun, Osimnessa, Julfutnessa, Muhachooma, Moymoona, Agurulluk Begum, Foridul Alum, Soyadul Alum, Abdul Fukta, and Abdul Fukta Chowdry, sudder jumma Rs. 1,015-13-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2562.—Tara Ram Bhedro Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Bhoirub Chunder and others; sudder jumma s. 918-15-7. The shares of Ram Soonder Sen, his brother Ram Mohun Sen, Petambur Canoongoe, Gobinda Chunder Roy, Pran Hurry Lalla, Horiur Bhuttacharjea, Horiur Bhuttacharjea, Bonnigan Bibi, Bhoirub Churn, Chundi Churn, Kali Churn, Nosurutullah, Raj Chunder, Ram Dass, Tareenee Shunkur Canoongoe, Ram Shoonder Sen, Pran Hurry Lalla, Tripura Churn, Aurnada Churn Ray, Nitya Nundo Sen, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn Dhor, Shusti Churn, Abdullah, Oogirali *alias* Poton, Bisheshory, Uma Churn, Gooroo Dass Roy, Debi Churn *alias* Dehu Mahajan, Ram Dass Singh, Doya Mohun Sen, Raj Chunder Chowdry, Horinath Poorohit, Ramkinkur Poorohit, Ram Kishore Sen, Ram Kishore Sen, Aukhil Chunder Sen, Eshan Chunder Chowdry, Shyma Soondaree, Modhoo Ram, Ram Ruttun Surma, Gopal Krishna Surma, Ram Dhon Burnik, Ram Ruttun Surma, and Ram Dhon Burnik, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 313-14-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2565.—Tara Ram Kishore Canoongoe, recorded proprietor Alihosun and others; sudder jumma Rs. 819-1-7. The share of Bharuth Chunder Topadar, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 358-7-9, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mahal Lakhiraj resumed mouzah Rajarkul, Thana Ramu.

No. 23916.—Taluk Obeydullah Sheikh Bodiur Jumma, Srimoti Dewan Bibi, and Asalat Khan, recorded proprietor Asalat Khan and others; sudder jumma Rs. 963-11-3. The shares of Asalat Khan, Akber Ali Khan, Srimoti Thanda Bibi, Asad Ali Khan, Gooloojan, Noornessa, and Amceernessa, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 662-9-2, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

F. W. BADCOCK, *Cord. Depy. Collr. in charge.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1869, and section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 25th day of February 1876.

NOABAD.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Zilwangza, Thana Ramu.

No. 26.—Talook Gouri Shunkur Bodyanath Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Ram Mohan Sen and Mahomed Ismail; sudder jumma Rs. 938. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Machoakhali, Thana Ramu.

No. 175.—Talook Amaljamal; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,189-1-6. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Dholee Serra, Thana Ramu.

No. 176.—Talook Magun Dass Chowdry; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,295-10-7. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Chur Shabek Bakolia, Thana Shohor.

No. 559.—Talook Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korban Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi; recorded proprietors Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korban Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi, and Mahomed Nosim Soudagur; sudder jumma Rs. 686-4. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Monohurkhali, Thana Town.

No. 1463.—Talook Hugo Henry Martin; recorded proprietor Hugo Henry Martin; sudder jumma Rs. 623. The entire talook will be sold.

THE undermentioned documents, lying unclaimed in the Howrah Sudder Registry Office since January 1873, will be destroyed agreeably to Section 83 of the Indian Registration Act 1871 on the 14th May next, if not claimed before that date.

Registered No. of the document.	NAMES OF PARTIES.		Nature of document.	Date of registration.
	From	To		
208	Srinath Ghora	Trailokya Dasi	Sale	22nd Jan. 1873.
233	Pitambar Senapati	Jaykrishna Mitra	Kabuliyat	24th
270	Biswa Nath Karmakar	Achur Nath Ray and another	Lease	25th
565	Raja Bijay Kesav Ray Bahadur	Isvar Chandra Bandyopadhyay	Ditto	24th Feb. ..
506	Isvar Chandra Bandyopadhyay	Raja Bijay Kesav Ray Bahadur	Kabuliyat	24th
575	Rameswar Ghosal and another	Isvar Chandra Sein and others	Mortgage	24th
619	Kodur Nath Maji	Kusum Kamini Devi	Kabuliyat	25th
622	Raja Bijaykesav Ray Bahadur	Kali Prasanna Basu	Isara patta	1st March ..
623	Kali Prasanna Basu	Raja Bijaykesav Ray Bahadur	Kabuliyat	Ditto.
624	Raja Bijaykesav Ray Bahadur	Kasi Nath Mitra and another	Lease	Ditto.
640	Khetra Mohan Bakuli	Rajaram Pal	Collateral instrument.	28th
675	Ganesh Chandra Dabi	Bechu Shaikh and another	Lease	24th
847	Gopal Chandra Patra	Bhutanath Chank Mandal	Kabuliyat	31st
1097	Nafar Chandra Santra	Navin Chandra Chakrabarti and another	Ditto	21st April ..
1133	Srimati Adar Bibi	Mansur Ali Khan	Sale	23rd
1187	Sriluri Panja	Gopal Chandra Ghosh	Kabuliyat	25th
1274	Shaikh Khatir	Khairan Nesa Bibi	Ditto	6th May ..
1791	Prasanankumar Ray	Hira Lal Sil and others	Ditto	17th
1527	Ganesh Chandra Jugi	Syama Charan Mitra	Sale	26th
1581	Hari Das De	Behari Lal Datta	Ditto	4th June ..
1639	Sriram Naskar	Haran Naskar and others	Kabuliyat	10th
1890	Sahadev Ghosh	Rasudev Sasmal	Lease	30th July ..
1884	Kartik Chandra Deve and another	Hira Lal Sil and others	Kabuliyat	31st
1895	Chandra Kumar Gangopadhyay and another	Gopal Chandra Bandyopadhyay	Mortgage	Ditto.
1925	Jagannathan Das	Hira Lal Sil and others	Mortgage for due execution of service.	2nd Aug. ..
1974	Biswanath Chakrabarti	Madan Mohan Basu	Lease	17th
2092	Sarintullah Sardar and another	Braja Nath Kundu and others	Kabuliyat	16th
2123	Priya Nath Betal	Priya Nath Kundu and another	Sale	19th
2180	Bibi Nasiman	Bhejahari De	Ditto	22nd
2201	Kirtivas Hudut	Abdul Latif Mollah	Kabuliyat	23rd
2501	Priya Nath Chakravarti	Lakshmi Narain Dirghangi	Ditto	2nd Sept. ..
2515	Ful Chand Mukhanlal	Mul Chand and Devi Prasad	Recovery of mortgaged property.	Ditto.
2591	Dayal Chand Nandi	Abukarim Shaikh and others	Kabuliyat	9th Sept. ..
2705	Mahendra Nath Bandopadhyay	Ramlal Ghosh	Ditto	17th
2753	Abdul Sardar and another	Braja Nath Kundu and others	Ditto	20th
2844	Srimati Nriitya Mayi Devi	Daibaki Dasi	Sale	11th Oct. ..
2863	Golap Sardar and others	Braja Nath Kundu Chaudhuri	Kabuliyat	15th
2890	Rasik Chandra Nag	Abdul Rasid Kazi	Agreement	18th
3008	Gaur Mohan Karuni	Nandaram Karuri	Sale	4th Nov. ..
3068	Dina Nath Bandopadhyay	Jadu Nath Patra	Lease	12th
3395	Madhusudan Mazumdar	Bijaykesav Ray Bahadur	Kabuliyat	16th Dec. ..
30, Book IV.	Maniruddin Syad	Natfan Nesa Bibi	Bond	31st Jan. ..
136	Madhab Chandra Ghosh	Juggevar Chakrabarti	Ditto	22nd March ..
153	Maizul Husain	Srinath Ghosal	Agreement for personal service.	25th April ..
156	Govinda Chandra Naskar and another	Harihar Mukerjee	Kabuliyat	26th
184	Harihar Mukerji	Gaurdas Bysak, Deputy Collector	Receipt	6th May ..
209	Lakshmi Narain Das	Rai Charan Gangopadhyay	Agreement	20th April ..
222	Rameswar Pachhal	Rambrahma Manna	Sale	21st May ..
243	Girin Chandra Paramanik	Surya Kumar Sarbadhikari	Ditto	29th
250	Nitya Bawa	Purna Chandra Sasmal	Ditto	31st
290	Ahmed Ali	Madhab Chandra Ghosh	Bond	24th July ..
321	Biswa Nath Baidi	Sahadev Ghosh	Ditto	2nd Aug. ..
331	Hari Mistri and another	Meher Khan	Ditto	6th
373	Ram Krishna Chakrabarti	Isvar Chandra Babu	Assignment	22nd
374	Mahesh Chandra Chakrabarti	Isvar Chandra Babu	Ditto	Ditto.
417	Nasim and two others	Ictali Mollah	Agreement	19th Sept. ..
447	Ashutosh Mukhopadhyay	Umesh Chandra Ray and another	Release	28th October ..
504	Pitambar De	Chandi Charan Pal	Sale	2nd Dec. ..

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 15	1 Case, 82 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Order	S. S. Sultan.
" 15	2 Cases, 345 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	6 Cases, 219 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	5 Cases, 410 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	3 Cases, 206 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, 610 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 145 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	4 Cases, 119 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 16 in a diamond, A. A. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, A A H in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, B in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, B. L. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Basket, C. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 85 in a diamond, C C S S outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	80 Kegs, G C M in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	3 Packages, G C M in a diamond, C below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 85 in a diamond, G C S outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, G D K	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, H N M L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Cask, H B N	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, H W with 24 below in a diamond, B. B. & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	10 Cases, H. W. J. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	858 Bundles Hoop Iron, M in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	360 Bundles Sheet Iron, F B	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, J. D. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, J. D. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Cask, J. & Co., with C below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, 635 in a diamond, K D below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Cask, L S & G S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	3 Cases, M, with 18 below in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	3 Cases, 71 in a diamond, M A top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, 75 in a diamond, M A top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, M L C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 90 in a diamond, M L G G outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 86 in a diamond, M L N N outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	3 Casks, M S D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, 54 in a diamond, M M A A outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, M S S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, M in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Cask, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Keg, no mark or M, with 18 below in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	6 Cases, R S, with T. & Co. below in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	59 Cases Spelter, J A	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, S in a circle	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, Secretary to the Murree Club	Care of Colvin, Cowie & Co.	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, Mrs. Smeaton	Care of D. Mackenzie Smeaton, Esq.	Ditto.
" 15	1 Bale, 127 in a triangle, W M top	Order	Ditto.
" 15	2 Cases, W C M	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Keg, Z	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	11 Drums, broad arrow in a semi-circle, with Cinchona Factory below Darjeeling	Addressed	Queen Margaret.
" 15	1 Case, J P in a diamond	Order	Ditto.
" 15	3 Drums, C in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	15 Cases, C. C. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	S. S. Orion.
" 12	1 Case, C S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, C. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	3 Casks, C. & Co. in a diamond, Allahabad top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Cask, E	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, G. M. & R. B. in a block, M P W below, Delhi	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	89 Bundles Steel, G P	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	8 Loose Pieces of Steel, G. P.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	5 Bars Round Iron, J	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	24 Bars Flat Iron	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	3 Cases, J S with O below in a diamond, W C S K outside	Ditto	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 12	1 Keg, J C with G below ...	Order	S. S. Orion.
" 12	5 Cases, M. & E. B. in a diamond, M P W below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, M E B in a diamond, O top, and M P W below, Cawnpore ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	3 Packages, N B in a diamond, N M below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, N C D in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	25 Pipes, no mark or E ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, R L P in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Cask, R L P in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, S. P. & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, Captain W. G. Thomas, 25th Regiment, K. O. B. Fizabad ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 12	30 Packages, W. E. & J. K., or no mark ...	Order	Ditto.

The 17th April 1876.

(700—1)

D. Scott, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipt from Local Traffic for the week ending 13th April 1876.

	FOOT PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES, &c.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
For 14 weeks ending 6th April 1876	5,580 9 6	5,229 1 3	5,585 11 3	5,540 4 3	23,235 10 3	
For the week ending 13th April 1876	390 13 9	331 3 9	463 5 3	343 1 0	1,518 7 9	
Total	6,271 7 3	5,560 5 0	7,039 0 6	5,883 5 3	24,754 9 0	

By order of the Commissioners,

CALCUTTA, the 17th April 1876.

(698—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 13th April 1876.

LIABILITIES.		Rs. A. P.	ASSETS.		Rs. A. P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up	...	2,20,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	...	1,64,40,327 5 0
Reserve Fund	...	19,00,035 13 1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	64,67,853 8 2
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	Rs. 1,58,00,164 1 5	3,60,00,878 7 0	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	65,17,939 8 10
General Treasury Balance at Branches	2,04,80,714 5 7		Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	...	2,04,80,287 0 0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,71,80,630 9 11	Deasi Stock	...	10,65,249 10 3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	2,02,181 10 2	Stamps	...	12,092 10 11
Sundries	...	7,34,579 15 6	Balances with other banks	...	8,22,023 9 2
			Sundries	...	1,52,043 8 9
			Bullion	...	14,521 6 1
					6,19,59,177 3 2
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Rs. 92,46,986 6 9	3,61,38,329 4 6
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	Rs. 1,68,91,342 13 9	
Total	...	7,80,97,506 7 8	Total	...	7,80,97,506 7 8

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 13th April 1876.J. GORDON, *Chief Acct. & Dy. Secy.*
(696—1)R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
410	L 69—20810	100	Shetel Chunder Shaw.
	L 68—65312	100	
	L 66—03647	50	
	L 44—47711	10	
411	L 69—62740	100	Fuzyle Ellabee.
415	L 19—84750	50	Motes Lal Roy.
	" —84703	50	
	" —84606	50	
	" —84666	50	
	" —69864	50	
	L 49—51975	50	
	" —45943	50	
	L 66—00584	50	
	" —16730	50	
	" —16781	50	
	" —16779	50	
	L 67—02723	50	
	L 12—56598	20	
	L 14—13017	20	
	L 36—15205	20	
	L 14—92389	20	
	L 37—57827	20	
	L 45—22524	20	
	" —82615	20	
	L 47—78906	20	
	L 37—61356	20	
	L 14—75792	20	
	L 48—39722	20	
	" —55163	20	
	" —48041	20	
	L 33—44405	10	
	L 6—66637	10	
	L 5—93750	10	
	L 6—66638	10	
	L 60—34399	10	
	L 11—49037	5	
	" —49038	5	
	" —90037	5	
	" —24351	5	
	L 15—52573	5	
	" —62503	5	
	" —71950	5	
	L 20—29467	5	
	L 22—90316	5	
416	L 69—06943	100	D. W. Pratt.
	" —62382	100	
417	L 68—40048	100	Taruck Nath Roy.
	L 58—40822	10	
	L 73—26031	10	
	L 61—28361	10	
	L 60—64067	10	
	" —03632	10	
	L 61—22925	10	
	L 72—72722	10	
	L 62—47955	10	
	L 71—50934	10	
	L 72—48190	10	
	L 73—07820	10	
	L 73—26032	10	
	L 77—94355	20	
	" —19330	20	
	L 23—61420	5	
	L 23—94171	5	
419	A 87—94471	500	Bepin Behari Mookerjee.
3	L 53—10990	500	Makoon Lal Goladar.
	A 57—27137	50	Brij Mohun Bhutt.
4	L 67—67175	50	
6	L 78—49307	20	Krishna Lal Bysack.
	" —49309	20	
	" —49310	20	
	" —49311	20	
	" —49312	20	
	" —49313	20	
	" —49314	20	
	" —49315	20	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
556	L 61—51043	10	Anadi Churn Mookerjee.
557	L 11—04356	5	Radhabind Dey
	" —04358	5	
	" —04359	5	
	" —04360	5	
	" —04361	5	
	" —04362	5	
	" —04363	5	
	" —04365	5	
	" —04368	5	
	" —04369	5	
558	L 66—69488	50	Sital Chundra Shaw.
	L 65—91680	20	
	L 63—97931	20	
	L 71—24824	10	
	L 71—99171	10	Gordon Robb.
	" —24823	10	
	L 62—40506	10	
	L 43—28479	10	
560	L 3—28426	10	Mrs. Campbell.
	L 10—20260	5	
	L 9—74956	5	Ram Chunder Banerjee.
561	L 67—35261	50	
	L 77—48574	20	
562	L 71—08991	10	Mahomed Knoss.
	L 42—63172	10	
563	L 40—20242	10	Meer Abadi Hossain.
564	L 70—18480	1,000	
	" —12120	1,000	
	" —15298	1,000	
	" —15299	1,000	Issen Chunder Mookerjee.
	L 63—52118	20	
565	L 20—27151	5	T. C. Graham.
566	L 69—03545	100	
	1 L 66—91399	50	Gopee Nath Pattack.
	2 L 61—86442	10	B. C. Durnford.
	3 L 70—18182	1,000	Meer Abadi Hossain
	4 L 67—36777	50	Toolsee Ram.
	5 L 65—48824	20	Hurish Chunder Dutt.
	6 L 9—89218	5	The Deputy Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.
	7 L 77—05887	20	H. Chaplin.
	L 71—28721	10	
	8 L 22—28625	5	Kally Podo Mookerjee
	9 L 77—08236	20	Gunesha Lal.
	10 L 62—05432	10	Modusooden Paray.
	11 L 63—49093	20	Ram Taruck Dutt.
	12 L 57—78971	10	G. W. L. Paterson.
	L 20—05468	5	
	13 L 61—63292	10	Kader Nath Halder.
	14 L 58—66282	10	Sardar Surat Sing.
	15 L 49—52326	50	Gopaul Dass Johuri.
	16 L 48—26750	20	Rev. A. C. Hardy.
	" —26745	20	
	L 66—12699	50	Shyam Lal Lahuri.
	17 L 23—40236	5	
	L 20—37827	5	Shaik Khoda Bukhsb.
	19 L 58—64181	10	
	20 L 72—22364	10	Taruck Nath Sein.
	21 L 72—20100	10	F. Tiery.
	L 23—53429	5	
	22 L 16—88529	5	P. S. Collis.
	L 21—73063	5	
	23 A 91—38931	100	Messrs. Ewing & Co
	24 L 64—77610	20	C. T. Metcalfe.
	25 L 67—48320	50	Lt. A. D. McArthur, R.A.
	26 L 61—28208	10	C. W. Chisholm.
	27 A 93—76359	20	Bholanath Mitter.
	28 L 57—78787	10	Jhoroo Dass.
	29 L 66—89259	50	John McIntosh.
	" —89260	50	
	30 L 21—48203	5	Rajendra Datta.
	259 A 97—28694	10	P. Heyward.
	" —28095	10	Sarodaprosad Chatterjee.
	260 L 48—41240	20	
	" —41241	20	Okhoy Churn Goopla.
	261 L 37—66360	20	
	" —66352	20	James Hill.
	262 L 1—82395	10	
	" —82396	10	Bisnorup Halder.
	263 L 41—79616	10	
	" —79612	10	Nanoo Misser.
	264 L 66—63500	50	
	" —63499	50	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
265	L 11-54408 } " -54409 }	5	Gooljee Caria.
266	L 57-37038 } " -37039 }	10	Naick Dookit Sing.
267	L 65-54214 } " -54215 }	20	Dindoyal Mozoomdar.
268	L 10-07138 } " -07135 }	5	Ateem Chinaman.
1	L 21-70870 } E 7-31171 }	5	Nilmony Pattack.
2	A 96-73227 } A 79-53125 }	10	Soorjo Kanto Roy.
3	L 23-00687 } " -00690 }	5	Mohiatas Hossein Khan.
4	D 11-13171 } L 43-39745 }	10	The Asst. Collr. in charge of treasury, Monghyr.
5	L 65-48789 } " -48787 }	20	Abdoollah Sirkur.
	L 22-35495 } " -35520 }	5	
6	L 65-73846 } " -73836 }	20	Kally Nath Mitter.
7	L 60-57073 } " -57076 }	10	S. Doria.
8	L 20-52894 } " -52874 }	5	Rutnessur Mullick.
9	L 61-52017 } " -52019 }	10	T. E. Hyndman.
10	L 65-44336 } E 5-97523 }	20	Kally Prosono Sen.
11	L 46-05927 } " -05934 }	20	Ojoodhapershad Bajpie.
	L 63-69404 }	20	
	" -69405 }	20	
	L 6-65498 }	10	
	L 44-39348 }	10	
	L 43-22928 }	10	
	" -22905 }		
12	L 58-48264 } " -48243 }	10	Jahn Ali

R. E. HAMILTON,

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 18th April 1876.

Public Works Department, Bengal.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of four thousand maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Dinagepore (Kanchun Ghât) on the Poonorbhaba river. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

2. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

3. The offer or tender should be in the usual printed Public Works Department Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,

Rz. Engr., Dinagepore Division.

Public Works Department, Bengal.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of 3,000 maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Rungpore, Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, or at Koledah on the Teesta (which is 13 miles from Rungpore civil station). The river Ghagat remains open during the rains till the 20th August.

2. The delivery of the material will not be complete till it is carted to, and weighed in, the Public Works Godown at the civil station, Rungpore.

3. Rates for delivery at Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, and at Koledah on the Teesta, should be quoted in the tender separately.

4. The offer or tender should be made in the usual printed Public Works Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

5. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

6. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,

Wanted

FOR the District Road Works of the Bhagulpore District

One Sub-Overseer at a monthly salary of Rs. 60 including travelling allowance.

Applications to be accompanied by a statement of the professional education the applicants have received together with a brief history of their antecedents, and copies of testimonials showing their capabilities.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 20th April 1876.

V. TAYLOR, Magte. and Chairman.

Notice.

FROM and after the 15th April, and during the absence of Alfred Dann Saunders in England, we beg to notify that William Roy and Samuel Edwin Webster are authorized to sign our firm per procuration.

KING, KING & Co.

BOMBAY, April 3rd, 1876.

(690-5)

IN pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court's Rules for the admission of Vakils in the High Court, dated the 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Pleader in the said Court.

PRANKISHNA BISWAI

CALCUTTA, the 13th April 1876.

(695-4)

Lost or Stolen.

A FOUR per cent. Government Promissory Note No. 064501-063920 of 1865, dated 1st May 1865 for Rs. 25,000, standing in the name of my client Sal Faqir Chand. Interest for 21st half-year up to 31st October 1875 realized from the Patna Treasury by the undersigned.

JAYANARAYANA VAJAPETRE,

(686-3)

Attorney for Sal Faqir Chand

Lost.

THE following Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Tareeny Churn Banerjee, and never endorsed to any person :-

No. 5256, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500

No. 000208, of 1st May 1865, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 500.

No. 10299, of 17252, of 30th June 1854, of 4 per cent. loan, for Rs. 1,000.

(673-3)

The East India Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 5, Garstin's Place, on Wednesday the 26th April, at four o'clock, to receive the Director's Report, pass the Accounts, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

R. BLECHYNIEN, Secretary.

CALCUTTA, the 13th April 1876.

(701-2)

Suddea Tea Company, "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 1, Fairlie Place, on Wednesday, 26th instant for the purpose of altering the Articles of Association by rescinding the following portion of clause No. 15 :-

"If he or any firm of which he is a partner hold an office or place of profit under the Company."

NICOL FLEMING & Co.,

(694-2)

Agents and Secretaries.

Bank of Calcutta, "Limited."

IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, New China Bazar Street on Thursday, the 4th May next, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of passing the final accounts of the liquidators, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of.

J. C. MANDY }

W. CHATER }

Liquidators.

NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET,

Outlecheria Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 19th day of April 1876, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st December last, declaring a further Dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company are closed for fifteen days from date.

BEGG, DUNLOP AND CO., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, 30th March 1876.

(672-3)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited.

MINUTES of an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta, in pursuance of advertisement, on Monday, the 17th day of April 1876.

PRESENT:

John Cave Orr, Esq., Chairman.

T. C. Cadogan, Esq.
Stanley Griffiths, Esq.
Luther Hart, Esq.
E. J. Stanley, Esq.

W. Forbes' Estate,
by the Attorney,
John Cave Orr, Esq.
Captain H. Butcher.
H. J. Place, Esq.

Alexander Lawrie, Esq.
John Hudson, Esq.
Henry John Simpson, Esq.
Dr. J. Berry White.
R. F. Saunders, Esq., c.s.
E. J. Sinkinson, Esq., c.s.

By their Attorney,
C. Hudson, Esq.

The advertisement convening the Meeting having been read, the following Resolutions were proposed and carried.

Resolution I—

Proposed by Stanley Griffiths, Esq.,
Seconded by Luther Hart, Esq.,

That the capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 2,30,000 to Rs. 3,00,000, by the issue of 700 contributory shares of Rs. 100 each, such shares to be offered *pro-rata* to the existing shareholders, and the balance not taken up to be disposed of as in the discretion of the Director may be deemed advisable.

Resolution II—

Proposed by E. J. Stanley, Esq.,
Seconded by T. C. Cadogan, Esq.,

That a final dividend for Season 1875 at the rate of 7 per cent. be now declared payable on and after the 1st day of July next, and the balance of profits, Rs. 2,142-6-5, be carried forward to current season's account.

After a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting separated.

JOHN CAVE ORR, *Chairman.*

CALCUTTA, 17th April 1876.

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company "Limited."**NOTICE.**

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, on the first day of May next at noon, for the purpose of confirming the above Resolutions.

BALMER, LAWRIE & CO.,
Managing Agents.

CALCUTTA, 17th April 1876.

The Bengal Coal Company, Limited.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, on Saturday, the 22nd July next, at the hour of eleven in the forenoon, for the purpose of altering the Articles of Association of the Company in all or any of the following particulars:

By rescinding Clause 8, and substituting therefor the following:—The Company shall be managed by a Board of Direction composed of not more than five nor less than three Directors. No Shareholder shall be eligible for this office of Director unless he shall have been for one calendar month previous to his being put in nomination the registered proprietor of not less than ten shares in the Capital Stock of the Company.

By rescinding Clause 9 and substituting the following:—Three Directors shall form a quorum, and have and exercise all the powers of the Board of Direction.

By striking out of Clause 10 the words "save and except the Managing Director."

By striking out of Clause 11 the words "save and except that of the Managing Director" and inserting in the said Clause, immediately after the words "if he shall" the words "cease to be the registered proprietor of ten shares in the Capital Stock of the Company, or if he shall," and by inserting in the said Clause, at the end thereof, the words "any vacancy occurring as aforesaid, or by voluntary retirement, may be filled up by the Board of Direction."

By rescinding Clause 12, and substituting therefor the following:—There shall be a Superintendent of the Company, whose duties shall be to superintend and control the whole working of the Company, under the orders of the Directors, to visit and inspect the Collieries and Depôts of the Company, to effect and regulate the sale of Coal, Coke, and all such other minerals and materials as shall be raised, gathered, or manufactured by the Company, to conduct the correspondence, to make out and collect the bills, and keep the books and accounts of the Company, to attend the Meetings of the Board of Direction, and keep and record the minutes and proceedings thereof, and generally to do and perform all such matters and things as may be necessary or incidental to the proper and efficient discharge of the duties and service aforesaid.

By striking out of Clause 13 the words "Managing Director or" and of the words "Commission of 5%" and substituting in place of such last mentioned words the following "such Commission not exceeding 2½%" and by inserting at the end of the clause the words "as the Directors shall think fit."

By striking out of Clause 14 the words "Managing Director or" and by inserting after the words "business of the Company" the words "nor shall he, so long as he is in the service of the Company, buy or sell, or be in any way interested in any lands, mines, or mining rights within 25 miles of any lands of the Company, or any Shares in any Joint Stock Company, established for the purpose of carrying on all or any of the purposes for which the Company has been established."

By rescinding Clause 15, and thenceforward renumbering the Clauses of the said Articles of Association consecutively.

By striking out of Clause 16 the words "other than Managing Director or Superintendent" and inserting after the word "Directors" the words "save as hereinafter is otherwise expressly provided" and by substituting for the word "at" the words "20 days before."

By rescinding Clause 29, and substituting therefor the following:—"Any Shareholder may vote at any Ordinary or Extraordinary Meeting, by an instrument of proxy executed in favor of any other Shareholder, or such Shareholder may vote by his Attorney lawfully constituted in that behalf. Instruments of proxies may be either General or Special, and shall remain and be in force for a period of twelve months after the date thereof, provided that no instrument of proxy shall be of any force or validity at any Extraordinary Meeting, unless the same be special and state the purpose for which the same is given."

By striking out of Clause 32 "The Directors save and except the Managing Director," and inserting in place thereof the words "Two of the Directors by rotation," by inserting after the word "therefore" the words "two other," and after the said two retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting," and by inserting in Clause 33, after the words "every year," the words "not less than 20 days before each half-yearly meeting."

Calcutta Municipality.

NOTICE is hereby given that the audit and examination of the Municipal Accounts for the year 1875 will be made under Section 34 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1863 at the Office of the Justices from and after 8th May 1876, and that a copy of the Accounts to be audited and examined will be open during office hours for the inspection of all parties interested from and after the 27th April.

ROBERT TURNBULL,
Secy. to the Justices of the Peace.

The 18th April 1876.

(702—1)

Estate Robert Allardice, deceased.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers' Act, being Act No. XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of the late Robert Allardice, of Dhurruntollah, in the Town of Calcutta, late a member of the firm of Eastman and Company, who died on or about the 24th June 1869, in the Red Sea, while on his voyage from Calcutta to England, are required to send a statement in writing of the particulars of their respective claims on or before 15th day of August 1876 to the undersigned, one of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement, executed by the said deceased on the 5th day of September 1867, and the holder of Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased, with a copy of the said Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement annexed, and granted until the original deed or a proper authenticated copy thereof be produced; and notice is further hereby given that after the said 15th of August 1876 the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

ROBERT ALLARDICE.

8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA.
The 20th March 1876. (651—14)

Administrator-General's Office.

NOTICE.

Admitted claims against the undermentioned Estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday, as usual.

ESTATES.	Claims or Dividend.	Rates of Dividend per rupee.
*Khetter Mohun Sen, late a Hindoo inhabitant of Calcutta	Claims	In full.
Snell, A. C., late an employee in the Government Telegraph Department of India, at Nagpore, in the Central Provinces	1st Dividend	At 11 rs. 54 pie.
*Phillips, G. F. M., Major, late in the Bengal Staff Corps	Claims	In full.
Requet, V., late of Mohanrajunge Factory in the district of Azimgurh, Indian Planter	1st Dividend	At 3 rs. 31 pie.
Stevens, Thomas Henry, late Manager, Boronolerra Tea Gardens, in Cachar	1st Dividend	At 4 rs.

N.B.—The surplus of the estates marked * is carried over to the account for the persons interested, and no other claims against the estates can be admitted.

Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been granted to them from this office.

F. S. COLLIS, *Offg. Administrator-General.*

CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1876. (705—1)

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Esa Hadjee Ahmed, an Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, an application will be made to this Court on behalf of the Insolvent above named for an order that the said Insolvent be at liberty to withdraw his petition of insolvency filed in this matter on the 23rd day of February 1876, or that the said petition may be dismissed.

M. CAMELL, *Insolvent's Attorney.*

CALCUTTA, the 13th April 1876. (697—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of LAURA BOOZ COCKBURN, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to her personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, as to all persons named in her Schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively, except as to the debt of J. C. Jewett for Rs. 98-8, who appears not to have been served with the notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

H. C. Chick, *Attorney.*

In the matter of CHARLES GEORGE MOOSHEIN, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of November last, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, as to all persons named in his Schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

G. Gregory, *Attorney.*

In the matter of FOOL CHEND, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the creditors of the said Insolvent do, on or before the 4th day of August next, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of their respective claims against the estate of the said Insolvent duly verified by affidavit or affirmation, and that the Chief Clerk do form a Schedule from the claims so to be filed.

Berners, Sanderson, and Upton, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of SAMUEL WILLIAM BOWEN, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned to the first Court day in April 1877, and this Court doth hereby make this *ad-interim* protection order for the protection of the said Insolvent from arrest to take effect from the date hereof in respect of all the debts and liabilities mentioned in the schedule of the said Insolvent filed in this Court, which protection shall continue in force until the said first Court day in April 1877, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of FREDERICK EUGENE GONSALVES, of 21, Sooterkin's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, late Manager, Messieurs Cash and Company, of Radha Bazar, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 7th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Nobin Chund Bural, *Attorney*

In the matter of FREDERICK EUGENE GONSALVES, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 7th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Nobin Chund Bural, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 13th day of April 1876.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Rules for Passenger Service from Siligori to Panchkila.

A CARRIAGE will leave Siligori daily from 15th instant for Panchkila. Four passengers may be carried, and each traveller may take luggage not exceeding ten seers in weight.

2. The whole carriage may be engaged by one person.

3. The charges for each person or each seat will be Rs. 2-8, or for entire carriage of four seats Rs. 10.

4. A single passenger engaging the whole carriage will be allowed to carry two maunds luggage.

5. Application for Daks should be made as usual to the Post-Master of Purnia.

6. These arrangements apply only to the up-journey viz. from Siligori to Panchkila. There will be no horse Dak from Panchkila to Siligori, as the carriages are returned by bullocks.

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Rampurhat, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assenside	5-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
DEM-DEM.			
1st Despatch	9 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRACKPORE.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRASSET.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	6 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Julporee, Darjeeling, Berhampore, Bayla, Maldah, and Dinapore districts	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Noakhali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishnagur, Pabna, Ferozshere, Burisal, Mymensing, and Bonga districts	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Seind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	* With a late letter, fee of 1 anna up to 8 P.M.
Oodlaburiah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in Madras Presidency up to Vizazapatam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M. 7 to 8 A.M. & 5 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-45 A.M.
2-15 P.M.
5-45 P.M.
10-15 P.M. } (Week days only.)

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery ... 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... 12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto ... 4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery ... at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master.*

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,

The 2nd November 1875.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 18th April 1876.

Alla Kispettabile Direzione. Johnston, General.
Anjelo Tito. Johns, Miss.
Arthur, William. Jones, A. G.
Ashton, J. Liebrandt, J. T. W.
Biscaccianti, A. Loring, Mrs. J.
Blunt, F. E. Luder, Hermann.
Bowie, W. MacMahon, Master Joe.
Brown, B. T. Mackintosh & Co.
Brownfield, C. McMillen, Messrs. & Co.
Bullock, Captain John. Mack, Mrs. Howard.
Burton, James. Majhan, Mr.
Butter, G. Mann, M. Gustave.
Calligan, J. O'Kane, Miss.
Carroll, Dr. Poulson, P. Z.
Carvone, Sigr. Francesco. Protopopa, Sigr. Petro.
Cross, Shaw. Rainey, Miss Lucy E.
Dakin, Mrs. Richardson, James.
David, Jack. Rivers, Dr. R.
Dilmasnod, Monsieur. Rodway, Walter.
Dunn, D. Ryant, Madam Jane.
Dunn, T. D. Scott, J. R.
Durrant, Mrs. G. B. Shawe, M.
Farewell, Col. W. T. F. Sola, Sigr. Dominico.
Gray, Mrs. Treill, Monsieur Georges.
Green, R. E. Welsby, Messrs. J. H. & Co.
Hakimian, Monsieur Be- Wells, H. L.
dros. Whitcombe, T. S.
Heles, Messrs. J. & Co. Wilkinson, James.
Hobbs, R. J. Wray, J. W. (Marine Surgeon).
Howard, Mrs. M. Wyer, Fred.
Hutchings Sydney Zito Angelo, Sigr.
Jacobs, Messrs. A. E. & Co.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for."

"Alpha." Jemmission, H. P.
Beattie, Miss Marie. "K. M."
Blund, James. Lange, Charles.
Brill Jacob. Leigh, Hon'ble G. H. C.
Brown, James. Leonard, C.
Burn, Mrs. J. Lintott, James.
Busch Henry. MacPherson, J. J.
Campbell, Col. Napier. Merdon, W. J.
Carole, Mrs. M. Mourity, J. J.
Comte, de Augustin M. Newille, P. J.
Cottam, H. Perrier, A.
Curlender, S. Phillips, James.
Danison, Co. Pierie, H. W.
Davis, Mrs. Rangoni, Marihesa, A.
Dawson, Hon'ble R. Ribur, D.
Day, H. Robinson, J.
E. F. W. Ross, J. C.
E. R. Salomone, Philirdolphé.
Estate General. Savage, A. E.
Gilbert, H. Smith, A. A.
Henty, J. C. Smith, Dr. W. G.
Hormusjee, Bezanjee Dan- Thuey, A.
till. Wallace, Revd. F.
Humes, Thomas Warner, J. H. B.
Irvin, R. Westfield, W. F.

Papers.

Alla Spettabill. Cattano, P.
Atholl, MacGregor. D'Arcy, W.
Bolsa de Comercio. Perrier, A.
Brown, James.

W. ALPIN,
Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closed at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 P.M.	19th April	<i>Cathay.</i>
Madras, Ceylon, and the intermediate Ports ...	7 "	21st "	<i>Goa.</i>
Straits and Hong-kong ...	7 "	22nd "	<i>Arratoon Ap-car and Penguin.</i>
Ceylon and Australian Colonies,*	7 "	29th "	From Bombay.

The next Overland Mail *via* Bombay will close at the General Post Office on Friday, the 21st April 1876.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on the 20th instant.

N.B.—The Letter Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. ALPIN, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1876.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagiruthce, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers, for the week ending Friday, the 14th April 1876.

Names of Rivers.	Least depth of water.
	Ft. In.
BHAGIRUTHCE.	
Entrance below Chourasia ...	2 9
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles ...	2 9
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles ...	2 9
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ...	2 4
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles ...	2 2
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	2 3
MATABANGAH.	
Entrance from the Ganges ...	...
Tatarparah ...	...
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia ...	...
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1 ...	...
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree ...	...
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah ...	...
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge ...	...
JELLINGHEE.	
Entrance* ...	...
On the Entrance Bar ...	...
From Jellinghee to junction with Bhyrub river ...	...
From junction with Bhyrub river to Teakatta ...	2 0
From Teakatta to Nuddea ...	2 6

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 17th April 1876, above zero, 54 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr.,*

Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 17th April 1876.

* Boats drawing 2 feet can get from the Ganges into the Jellinghee at Teakatta *via* the Bhyrub.

List of Books for Sale

AT THE

LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL.

No. 57, PARK STREET.

	Rs. A.
Rig Veda Sanhita. 4 fasci. ...	2 8
Uitra Naishadha. 12 fasci. ...	7 8
Chitanyâ Chandrodâya Nataka. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
Markandeya Purana. 7 fasci. ...	4 6
Kamandaki. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
Srauta Sutra, Asvalayana. 11 fasci. ...	6 14
Latyana. 9 fasci. ...	5 10
Sankara Vijaya. 3 fasci. ...	1 14

Rs. A.

Vaisheshika Darsana. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
Nyaya Darsana. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
Dasa Rupa. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
Narada Pancharatra. 4 fasci. ...	2 8
Kaushitaki Brahmanopnishad. 2 fasci. ...	1 4
Kavyadarasa. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
Sankhyasara. 1 fasci. ...	0 10
Brihat Sanhita. 7 fasci. ...	4 6
Lalitavistara. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
Taittiriya Brahman. 24 fasci. ...	15 0
Taittiriya Sanhita. 28 fasci. ...	17 8
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Mañtri Upanishad. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
Asvalayana Grihy Sutra. 4 fasci. ...	2 8
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Agni Purana. 8 fasci. ...	5 0
Sama Veda. 15 fasci. ...	9 6
Gopal Tapani. 1 fasci. ...	0 10
Nrisinha Tapani. 3 fasci. ...	1 14
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Gobhiliya Grihya Sutra. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
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Nukhat-ul-Fikr ...	0 10
Futuh-ul-Sham, Waqidi. 9 fasci. ...	5 10
Futuh-ul-Sham, Ismail. 4 fasci. ...	2 8
Maghazi of Waqidi. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
Suyuti's Itqan. 10 fasci. ...	8 0
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Wis o Ramin. 5 fasci. ...	3 2
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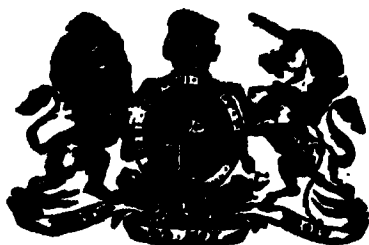
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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Second Publication]

THE following Act passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 25th March 1876, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 6th April 1876, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1876. THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL CONSOLIDATION ACT, 1876.

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An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Municipal Affairs of Calcutta.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the municipal affairs of the Town of Calcutta; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act, 1876."

And it shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may direct, not being more than three months after the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. The enactments specified in the tenth schedule are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

This repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of any thing done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed, assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made, powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment, and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references made to any such enactment shall, as far as may be practicable, be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

In respect to all the matters aforesaid, the Commissioners under this Act shall be substituted for the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Animal" means a horse, pony, mule, or bullock.

"Bazar" means any place of trade, where there is a collection of shops and warehouses, and any place where a market is held.

"Carriage" means any wheeled vehicle with springs used for the conveyance of human beings.

"Cart" means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle with or without springs not included in the definition of carriage.

"Chapter" means Chapter of this Act.

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta.

"Commissioner of Police" means the officer so styled and appointed under section 4 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Court of Small Causes" means the Court of Small Causes for the time being established by law in Calcutta.

"Drug" includes medicine for internal or external use.

"House" includes any hut, building, or shed.

"Immoveable property" and "land" respectively mean land, benefits to arise out of land, anything attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

"Moveable property" means property of every description, except immoveable property.

"Local Government" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being, or the person acting in that capacity.

"Owner" includes—

- (a) the person entitled for the time being to receive the rent of the land in respect of which the word is used;
- (b) an agent of such person;
- (c) a trustee for such person;

But no such agent or trustee shall be liable to do anything required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such agent or trustee, to do such thing.

"Police Force" means the Police Force as constituted under section 8 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Public Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, and also the footway and drains attached to any street, public bridge (other than the Hooghly bridge), or causeway within the Town.

"Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, not included in the definition of public street.

"Railway" includes a tramway.

"Schedule" means schedule annexed to this Act.

"Section" means section of this Act.

"Slaughter-house" means any place used for the slaughter of cows, or bullocks, or sheep, or goats, or pigs, or kids, for the purpose of selling the same as meat.

"The Suburbs" mean the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, under the provisions of Act III of 1864 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, or of any other Act for the time being in force.

"The Commissioners" means the "Corporation of the Town of Calcutta."

"The Town" includes all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, but not

- (a) Fort William ;
- (b) The Esplanade ; or
- (c) Coolie Bazar, now called Hastings, except such portion as is bounded on the north by Clyde Row, on the south by Tolly's Nullah, on the east by the road leading from Kidderpore bridge to Clyde Row, and on the west by the Strand Road.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Corporation and the application of the Municipal Funds.

4. The Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta shall consist of seventy-two members, to be appointed or elected as hereinafter provided, and shall, by the name of "The Corporation of the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate, and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

The aforesaid number of seventy-two shall not include the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners in the event of those two officers not being appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act, but in such case the said Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners.

The said seventy-two members shall be male persons resident within the Town or the Suburbs who have attained the age of twenty-one years.

5. All property, moveable and immoveable, and all interest of whatsoever nature and kind therein now vested in or held in trust for the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, with all rights of whatsoever description now used, enjoyed, or possessed by the said Justices, shall become vested in the Commissioners for the purposes of this Act.

6. Of the said seventy-two members twenty-four shall be appointed by the Local Government immediately after the result of the election hereinafter mentioned shall have been published, and such appointment shall take effect from the date on which such election takes place.

7. The remaining forty-eight members shall be elected as hereinafter provided by male persons resident within the Town or Suburbs, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years.

8. Any person qualified as aforesaid who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees, may, if not entitled to vote in more wards than one under the next succeeding section, vote in one only of the wards mentioned in section thirteen, and may choose the ward in which he resides, or in which his place of business is situated, or in which any of the said land or masonry buildings is situated.

9. Any person qualified as aforesaid, who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings for the next preceding year on account of land or masonry buildings situated in more than one of the said wards, shall be entitled to vote in each ward in which he shall have been a rate-payer to the extent of twenty-five rupees; and no such person shall be entitled to vote on account of any taxes paid under Parts I and II of Chapter III.

The word "land" in this and the last preceding section does not include huts erected on land.

10. Any company registered under the "Indian Companies' Act, 1866," which has paid any of the said rates or taxes, or rates and taxes, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees on the date and for the period and in the manner mentioned in section eight, shall be entitled to one vote in the ward in which the place of business of the said company is situated, and such vote shall be given by the secretary of the company, or some other person duly authorised in that behalf.

11. Every male person shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation who shall have severally paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than fifty rupees.

Provided that no officer of the Corporation shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation so long as he shall remain in the employ of the Commissioners, except the Chairman and Vice-Chairman as hereinafter provided.

12. Where the aggregate amount of rates or taxes, or of rates and taxes, paid by a joint undivided family, or by two or more partners in any trade or business, or by the joint occupiers of any house or land, under Chapter IV, or under Parts I and II of Chapter III, on the date and for the period and in the manner aforesaid, is not less than one hundred rupees, any one member of such family, or any one of such partners or joint occupiers, may, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for election as a member of the said Corporation.

If the majority of the members of such joint family, or of such partners, or of such joint occupiers, agree to select one of their number, the person so selected shall be eligible for election under this section. But if the majority do not so agree, the Chairman shall decide which of the said members, partners, or joint occupiers is so eligible, and such decision shall be final and conclusive.

13. For the purpose of the aforesaid election of Commissioners the Town shall be divided into eighteen wards, the boundaries of which are defined in the first schedule.

The first, second, third, fourth, eleventh, and eighteenth of the wards described in the said schedule may each elect two Commissioners, and the remaining wards may each elect three Commissioners.

Every person qualified to vote as hereinbefore provided may vote for as many candidates as there are Commissioners to be elected in the ward or wards allotted to such person under section eighteen, and may give all or any of the votes which he is entitled to give in any one ward to any candidate in that ward.

14. If the rate or tax-payers of any ward shall fail to elect the number of Commissioners allotted to such ward under the last preceding section, the Local Government shall, in place of such election, appoint one or more Commissioners to complete the number so allotted as aforesaid.

15. If any person is elected a Commissioner for more than one of the said wards, he shall within five days of the date of the election, choose, or in default thereof, the Chairman shall forthwith declare, the ward for which such person shall serve; and such person shall thereupon be held to be elected in that ward only which he shall so choose, or which the Chairman shall so declare; and thereupon the rate and tax-payers of the other ward or wards in which the said person has been elected a Commissioner shall forthwith proceed to elect another Commissioner in the manner provided by this Act.

16. Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any two candidates at any election under this Act, and the addition of a vote would entitle any of such candidates to be elected a Commissioner, the Chairman may give such additional vote, and the candidate to whom

such additional vote has been given shall thereupon be held to be elected a Commissioner.

17. The first election shall take place at any time, not being less than two, or more than three months from the commencement of this Act; and until such election has taken place, and until the appointment of members by the Local Government takes effect under section six, this Act shall be read as if all the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta had been respectively appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act.

All subsequent elections, not being elections under section twenty-three, shall take place on the expiration of three years from the date of the previous election.

Votes at all elections shall be rendered by means of voting papers.

The Local Government may from time to time make rules, not being inconsistent with this Act, for the purpose of regulating all matters connected with such elections, and may at any time cancel or modify any of the said rules, and the result of all elections shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Local Government may declare the penalties which shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule, and any person committing a breach of any such rule shall be liable to the penalty so declared; provided that no higher penalty shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule than a fine of fifty rupees.

The expenses of all elections under this Act shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

18. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected as a Commissioner, may, at any time, not being less than six weeks or more than three months before the election takes place, apply personally or by letter to the Chairman of the Commissioners for registration of his name as such voter or person qualified as aforesaid, and shall, at the same time, if he is entitled to vote in one ward only, name the ward in which he wishes to vote; and if he is entitled to vote in more than one ward, name the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

On receipt of such application the Chairman shall, if he is satisfied that such person is qualified to vote or to be elected as aforesaid, enter the name of such applicant in a list, and shall allot to him the ward or wards which he may have named as aforesaid; and no person whose name is not entered in such list at the time of the election shall be qualified to vote, or to be elected as a Commissioner.

If the applicant shall omit to name a ward as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him such ward as to the Chairman may seem fit, and if the applicant shall omit to name the wards as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

19. As soon as possible after the commencement of this Act, and subsequently from time to time on any date or dates not less than one month before the election (not being an election under section twenty-three) takes place, the list mentioned in the last preceding section shall be printed and affixed by the Chairman of the Commis-

sioners in some conspicuous place in or near his office, and at the Police station of each of the said wards, or at some conspicuous place in each of the said wards; and the Chairman shall forthwith give notice of such publication in one English and one vernacular newspaper published within the Town, and the said list shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times of the day for fifteen days after the date of the publication of such notice.

The Chairman shall be at liberty at any time to revise the said list for the purpose of removing therefrom the name of any person not duly qualified and erroneously entered therein, or of recording the name of any person duly qualified and erroneously omitted therefrom.

20. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected, whose name is omitted from the list referred to in the last preceding section, may, in case the Chairman shall refuse to insert his name in such list, apply to a stipendiary Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta within eight days after such refusal for an order to have his name inserted in such list, and such Magistrate shall, after enquiry, make such order as to the insertion or omission of the name of the applicant as shall be just; and such order, if it directs the insertion of the name of the applicant in such list, shall be forthwith obeyed by the Chairman. The order of such Magistrate made under this section shall not be appealable.

21. No election shall be deemed to be invalid, or shall be in any way affected, by reason of the name of any person duly qualified as aforesaid being omitted from the said list, or by reason of the name of any person not duly qualified as aforesaid being inserted therein; and no election shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of any defect of form in the conduct thereof.

22. The members of the said Corporation shall be appointed or elected respectively for a term of three years. At the expiration of the term for which the members of the said Corporation may be appointed or elected respectively, they shall cease to be members of the said Corporation, but shall be eligible to be again appointed or elected members of the said Corporation for a further term or terms.

Provided that the said term of three years shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiration of the said three years and the date of the next subsequent election, not being an election under the next succeeding section.

23. No person shall be qualified to be or to continue to be a member of the said Corporation who is or becomes at the time, or during the term of his appointment or election, a bankrupt or insolvent, or who is interested (otherwise than as a shareholder in a joint stock company) in any contract with the Corporation; and no person who is absent from Calcutta for six months consecutively, or who shall be sentenced to imprisonment, shall be qualified to continue to be such member.

In case of the death, resignation, or disqualification as aforesaid of any member of the said Corporation, his successor shall be forthwith appointed or elected in the manner hereinbefore provided, and such successor shall remain a member of the said Corporation for the residue only of the term for which the member so dead, resigned, or disqualified was originally appointed or elected.

Provided that no act of the Commissioners or their officers, or of the Commissioners in meeting, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only that the number of the Commissioners did not amount to seventy-two at the date of the performance of such act.

24. Whoever, being qualified to vote or claiming to be qualified to vote at any election under this Act, accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, as a motive or reward for giving or forbearing to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation.

And whoever, by any gift or reward, or by any promise, agreement, or security for any gift or reward, corrupts or procures, or offers to corrupt or procure, any person to give or forbear to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation."

25. All property vested in the Corporation, and all funds received or raised by them in accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall be applicable to the purposes expressly authorised by this Act.

26. The purposes expressly authorised by this Act shall be held to include the objects connected with the public safety, health, and convenience hereinafter specified; that is to say:—

Public Safety.

(1) Defraying the cost of the Police who may be employed for the security of life and property within the Town, in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII.

(2) Provision for lighting the public streets, places, and buildings, and for the securing or removal of dangerous places, buildings, and trades.

Public Health.

(1) Defraying the cost of the maintenance of Hospitals and of charges of Vaccination, Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, and taking a Census.

(2) Construction and maintenance of public markets and slaughter-houses, latrines, privies, depôts for the deposit or discharge of night-soil, urinals, drains, sewers, drainage-works, water-works, bathing-ghâts, drinking-fountains, tanks, wells, squares, and gardens, reclamation of unhealthy localities, and the like.

(3) Cleansing and watering of streets, sewers, scavenging, removal of noxious vegetation, and generally the abatement of all nuisances.

(4) Regulation of offensive trades, and burial and burning grounds, and the removal of and providing sites for the same.

Public Convenience.

(1) Construction, maintenance, and alteration of streets, bridges, causeways, culverts, and the like; regulation of buildings, naming streets and numbering houses, planting trees, and removal of obstructions and projections.

(2) Erection and maintenance of public halls, offices, police stations, lock-ups, and other buildings under the control of the Corporation, or required for municipal or police purposes.

(3) Survey of houses and preparation of plans.

And generally all objects connected with the public safety, health and convenience.

PART II.—Of the Duties of the Corporation.

27. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners, and they are hereby required, to

(1) provide for the payment of the interest on the municipal debt in the manner prescribed by section three hundred and thirty-seven;

(2) provide for the establishment of a reserve fund in the manner prescribed by the said section;

(3) provide such funds as may be necessary for the maintenance of the police in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII;

(4) complete and extend throughout the Town the new underground drainage works now under construction, and for that purpose to expend annually a sum, being not less than one lakh and a half of rupees, or, with the sanction of the Local Government, any sum less than the above amount, to be raised as provided by section three hundred and thirty-four;

(5) maintain a water-supply in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VII;

(6) make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the town, and to provide such funds as may be necessary for that purpose.

28. If it shall appear to the Local Government that the Commissioners have failed to make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the Town, or of any part thereof, the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, appoint a Commission, consisting of three persons, of whom one shall be the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, or the Senior Medical Officer of the Presidency, the second shall be appointed by the Commissioners in meeting within thirty days of the date of the said notification, or in their default, by the Local Government, and the third by the Local Government; and the Local Government shall order the members of the said Commission to report within a certain time, to be fixed by the Local Government, whether they are of opinion that the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town are defective to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the town, or of any part thereof, and, if they shall be of such opinion, to specify in their report what further provision should be made for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town up to the end of the year then current, or of the year next succeeding, as may be directed by the Local Government, and to submit an estimate of the cost of the said further provision.

29. On receipt of the said report, the Local Government shall forward the same for the consideration of the Commissioners, and if the Commissioners shall decline to carry out the

In default of Commissioners, Local Government may carry out recommendation contained in report of the Commission.

provisions recommended therein, the Local Government may order that such provisions, or any of them, or any portion of them respectively, be carried out; and thereupon it shall be the duty of the Commissioners to comply with such order, and to provide the funds mentioned in the said estimate, or such portion thereof as the Local Government may fix; and the Chairman shall forthwith carry out such order, and shall defray the cost of carrying out the same from the Municipal Fund, notwithstanding any power conferred on the Commissioners by section fifty-three, or anything to the contrary contained in any other provision of this Act.

Provided that, if there is a difference of opinion among the members of the said Commission, the opinion and report of the majority of the said members shall be held to be the opinion and report of the Commission.

PART III.—Of the Officers of the Corporation.

30. The Local Government shall from time to time appoint a proper person to be Chairman of the Commissioners.

Such Chairman may be removed from office by the Local Government if his removal be recommended by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting of the Commissioners shall have voted, but not otherwise.

31. The Commissioners, at a special general meeting to be held for that purpose, may from time to time appoint, for such period as they may think fit, a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners.

Such appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

32. The Commissioners may, at a special general meeting, from time to time, appoint proper persons, for such period as they may think fit, to the several offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor for the Town, or may appoint a proper person to two or more of such appointments or to one.

Every person so appointed, and also the Vice-Chairman, shall reside within the Town, and shall in all things be under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and may be removed by the Commissioners by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting shall have voted, and another person may be appointed in his place.

All appointments and resolutions under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

33. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall reside within the Town, and each of them shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade.

shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever:

Provided that—

(a) Any Civil or Military Officer in the service of the Government may hold the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment than, those specified in this section.

(b) The Chairman may also hold the office of Commissioner of Police, or of Commissioner as interpreted in section one of Bengal Act No. V of 1870 (*to appoint Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta*): and may perform such other duties as the Local Government may from time to time assign to the Commissioner of Police.

(c) The Chairman may also be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

(d) The Vice-Chairman may, with the sanction of the Local Government, be appointed to and may hold any other office in the employ of the Commissioners to which he may be appointed at a special general meeting.

34. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman respectively may receive

Allowances of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be, from time to time, fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

Such allowance shall not exceed—

(a) for the Chairman three thousand rupees a month (exclusive of house-rent, which may or may not in the discretion of the Commissioners be allowed):

(b) for the Vice-Chairman twelve hundred rupees a month.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

35. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor,

Salaries of Secretary, Engineer, &c.

Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, appointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

36. The Chairman may from time to time

Appointment and remuneration of Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers.

appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall think necessary and proper to assist in carrying out this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place;

and may, with the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, pay out of the Municipal Fund such allowances to the said persons respectively, or, in case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as he shall think reasonable; Provided that the allowances of the offices filled by the said persons shall have been sanctioned in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

But no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred rupees, without the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

37. The Commissioners may in meeting, other

Commissioners to grant leave of absence, &c., with sanction of Government. than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, grant such leave of absence to the Chairman or any Officer appointed under sections thirty-one and thirty-two, and may, if such officer be other than the Chairman, make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave as shall to them seem proper.

In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Local Government shall appoint one of the Commissioners to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as to it shall seem proper.

Any person appointed under this section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

38. In any case in which leave of absence

Allowances during absence on leave shall be granted under the last preceding section, the

Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at the meeting shall have voted, with the sanction of the Local Government, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to the Chairman or other Officer aforesaid such allowance during absence on leave as shall to them seem proper.

39. The Commissioners may in meeting, other

Commissioners may make rules for pensions and gratuities to their officers and servants. than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which

not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at such meeting shall have voted, from time to time make rules for pensions and gratuities to be granted, and to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, to their officers and servants, and may repeal, alter, or add to such rules.

No rule, and no repeal, or alteration of, or addition to any rule, shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, from time to time, in accordance with such rules for the time being in force, grant such pensions or gratuities to any of their officers or servants as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

40. No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other

Officers, &c., not to be interested in contracts made with the Commissioners. officer or servant of the Commissioners shall be interested

directly or indirectly in any contract made with the Commissioners, and if any such person be so interested, he shall become incapable of continuing in office or in employment as such Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other officer or servant, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred rupees, which may be recovered by suit brought by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered Company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such Company and the Commissioners.

41. If any person employed under this Act (not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act ;

or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Commissioners or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous as provided in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or with both.

PART IV.—Of the Mode of transacting Business and entering into Contracts.

42. The Commissioners shall provide and keep an office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant, or the owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Commissioners ;

and the proper Officer of the Commissioners shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Commissioners ; and such report shall be entered in the said book, and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant, or owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town.

43. There shall be four quarterly meetings in every year, and one ordinary meeting in every month, at which the Commissioners shall meet for the transaction of general business.

The quarterly meetings shall be held in the months of January, April, July, and October, or in any month to which the quarterly meetings first called for the months of January, April, July, and October may be adjourned ; and the ordinary meetings at such dates as the Commissioners in meeting may from time to time direct.

Provided that no ordinary meeting need be called if there be no business to be laid before it by the Chairman or by any of the Commissioners.

44. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, as occasion may require, at a special meeting to be convened for that purpose or at some adjournment thereof, fix and determine the kind of business that may be transacted at the said ordinary and quarterly meetings ; and no business, save such kind of business, shall be transacted at such meetings :

But the Chairman may postpone the discussion of any question that may be raised at any such meeting, and refer the determination thereof to a

special or special general meeting to be convened within fourteen days thereafter.

45. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Commissioners, call a special or special general meeting of the Commissioners.

Previous to any such meeting, at least five days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town.

46. No business shall be brought before, or transacted at, any special or special general meeting other than the business specified in the notice given under the

last preceding section :

Provided that any Commissioner may submit to a special or special general meeting any resolution beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such meeting, if he shall have given not less than two clear days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the resolution at the office of the Commissioners.

47. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Commissioners, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting before which the matter may be brought.

48. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all meetings of the Commissioners held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause ; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and shall have a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners present at any meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside, who shall, in case of equality of votes, have a second or casting vote.

The President of any meeting at which a quorum of the Commissioners shall be present, may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time, and from place to place ; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting, other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which such adjournment took place.

49. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum of Commissioners be present at such meeting, that is to say :—

- (a) At an ordinary meeting at least six ;
- (b) At a special meeting at least nine ;
- (c) At a special general, or quarterly meeting, at least eighteen.

Provided that, if at any meeting there shall not be a sufficient number of Commissioners present to form a quorum as above mentioned, the President (whether he be the Chairman or not) shall adjourn the meeting to such convenient

time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which should have been brought before the original meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by the adjourned meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum present at such adjourned meeting or not;

Provided also that no business shall be brought before an adjourned special general or quarterly meeting, unless there are at least ten Commissioners present at such adjourned meeting.

50. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each meeting; and minutes of each meeting shall be laid on the table at the next subsequent meeting, and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the office of the Commissioners to the inspection of any Commissioner without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

51. At any special general or quarterly meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Commissioners, and at any special or ordinary meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Commissioners, a declaration by the President that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Book of Proceedings of the Commissioners shall, for the purposes of this Act, be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against such resolution.

52. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding section mentioned, the votes of all the Commissioners present who desire to vote shall be taken under the direction of the President, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Commissioners at such meeting.

53. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by the Government, and unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause, attend daily at the office of the Commissioners for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners; and they may respectively exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Commissioners, or in executing any work sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid:

Provided that no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Commissioners, or exercise any power which by this Act is directed to be exercised only by the Commissioners in meeting.

54. The Commissioners may enter into and perform all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding one

exceeding one thousand rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by the Chairman (or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman), and two other Commissioners, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Commissioners, and no such contract shall be made without inviting tenders thereon, and without the approval of a Committee of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

The Commissioners may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty or damages incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Commissioners may seem proper,

55. The Commissioners in meeting may from time to time appoint, from among the Commissioners, such and so many Committees, either of a general or of a special nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into, and reporting upon, any matter connected with the conservancy or improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Commissioners would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee:

Provided that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be a member of every such Committee, and that the proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Commissioners at a meeting;

Provided also that in cases where the Chairman and the majority of the Committee differ on any matter, no action shall be taken in respect of such matter until it be disposed of by the Commissioners in meeting.

PART V.—Of the Estimates of Income, Expenditure, and Audit.

56. At the quarterly meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the income and expenditure of the Commissioners (not mentioned in Chapter VIII) for the year commencing on the first day of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Commissioners shall from time to time, by order passed at a quarterly or special general meeting, direct.

Such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

57. The Budget shall show what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Provided that nothing contained in this section

If no appeal be made within the time limited as aforesaid, the decision of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be final.

80. The Commissioners may, by a notice in writing under their common seal, require the occupier of any house to forward to them a list in writing signed by him of the names of all persons residing in such house, and of their respective professions, trades, and occupations.

81. Whoever being the occupier of any house fails to forward such list when required to do so under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

82. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under sections seventy-five and seventy-six which shall state

the profession, trade, or calling of every such person therein named;
the class under which he is assessed;
and the sum paid by him in respect of his license;
and such list shall be kept in the office of the Commissioners and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

PART III.—Of the Registration of Carts.

83. Every cart kept or used within the Town, or the Suburbs, or Howrah, shall be registered in the office of the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall have affixed thereto the number of such registration in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct.

84. Whoever keeps or is in possession of a cart not duly registered as required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such registration, exclusive of the amount so payable; and whoever, being the owner or driver of any cart, shall fail to affix the registration number required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

85. The registration of carts, under the last preceding section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or after the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Commissioners shall appoint, and a fee of four rupees shall be paid for each registration.

The Commissioners may in their discretion remit any portion of the fee so payable if they are satisfied that the cart hereinbefore required to be registered has been kept or used as in the last preceding section mentioned for a portion of the half-year only.

When any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

One-sixth of the total net proceeds of the fees half-yearly received by the Commissioners for the

registration of carts, after deducting charges incurred in and about such registration, shall be paid half-yearly by the Commissioners to the municipality of the Suburbs, and one-twelfth of such proceeds to the municipality of Howrah.

Provided that it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government, from time to time, to alter the proportion of the said proceeds required by this section to be paid by the Commissioners to the municipalities of the Suburbs and of Howrah respectively, and to prescribe such other proportions as to it shall seem proper.

86. The three last preceding sections shall not apply to carts—

- (a) which are the property of the Government,
- (b) which are the property of the Commissioners, the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, or of Howrah.
- (c) or which are kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and are only temporarily and casually used within the Town, the Suburbs, or Howrah.

87. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners or

any Officer authorized by them in that behalf, may seize such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of the seizure in the conveyance of passengers or goods), together with the animals or cattle drawing the same, and may detain them; and all Police Officers shall, on the application of the Commissioners or their Officers as aforesaid, seize and detain any such cart, animals, or cattle.

If the cart, animals, or cattle so seized be not claimed within ten days, they may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied to the expenses incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Municipal Fund of Calcutta.

CHAPTER IV.

OF RATES.

PART I.—Of Imposing the Rates.

88. The Commissioners shall, as provided in section sixty-four, impose upon all houses and land within the town the following annual rates, which shall be calculated on the annual value of the said houses and land—

- (a) a House-rate, not exceeding ten per centum;
- (b) a Water-rate, not exceeding six per centum when the houses and land are situated in streets supplied with filtered water in the manner provided by section one hundred and twenty-nine, and not exceeding five per centum when the houses and lands are situated in streets not so supplied.
- (c) a Police-rate, not exceeding three per centum;
- (d) a Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum.

The Commissioners may impose upon all houses and land situated within the boundaries declared under section one hundred and sixty-eight an annual Drainage-rate, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value.

89. The House-rate and Drainage-rate shall be payable by the owners of the houses and land.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in sections ninety-nine and one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall (save as is provided in section one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

All the rates hereinbefore mentioned shall be payable by quarterly instalments.

The House-rate shall be payable on the first of April, the first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in section ninety-nine) be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

PART II.—Of the Owner's Rates.

90. If the annual value of any house or land as assessed under Chapter V,

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the occupier, owner may recover difference from him.

shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the occupier to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the occupier the

difference between the sum assessed upon him and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by the occupier, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him.

91. Where any house or land, whereon the rate is assessed under Chapter V, has been vacant for sixty consecutive days

Remission of house-rate when house vacant.

during any year, the person assessed to the said rate shall be entitled to a remission of so much thereof, not exceeding one-half of the rate for that year, as shall be proportionate to the number of days such house or land has been vacant, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

92. No remission shall be made under the last preceding section, unless

No remission unless application be made within six months from vacancy.

the same shall be applied for within six months from the

date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the remission is applied for.

PART III.—Of the Occupier's Rates.

93. Whenever any quarterly instalment of

Refund of Water-rate when house ceases to be occupied.

Water-rate shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or land shall, during the quarter

for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such Water-rate shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners three-fourths of

such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

94. Whenever any quarterly instalment of the Police and Lighting-rates

Refund of Police and Lighting-rates when house ceases to be occupied.

shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or land shall,

during the quarter for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such instalment shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

95. No refund of rates shall be made under the two last preceding sections, unless the same is

No refund of rates unless application made within six months from vacancy.

applied for within six

months from the date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the refund is applied for.

96. Whenever any house or land, which shall have been unoccupied, shall

Rate payable on house or land becoming occupied.

be occupied during any quarter, there shall be forthwith

payable in respect of such house or land, such amount of the Water, Police, and Lighting-rates as shall bear to the entire quarterly instalments of the said rates for such house or land the same proportion as the residue of such quarter after such house or land shall be occupied bears to an entire quarter.

97. Whenever any person holding any house or

Person subletting to different persons to be deemed occupier.

land at a rent from the person liable to pay the House-rate has or may sublet the same to different persons holding

in severalty, the person so holding shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the occupier of such house or land.

98. Whenever the person from or by whom the Water-rate shall have

Occupier paying Water-rate to deduct one-fourth from rent due to owner.

been recovered or paid shall not be the owner of the house or land in respect of

which the Water-rate shall have been assessed, such person may recover from the owner of such house or land one-fourth of the Water-rate so paid by deducting the same from the rent payable by him to such owner.

99. Whenever any house or land has been unoccupied during an entire

When house or land unoccupied, owner to pay one-fourth of Water-rate.

quarter, the owner of the said house or land shall pay

to the Commissioners one-fourth of the sum which would have been payable as Water-rate by the occupier if such house or land had been occupied.

The sum payable by the owner under this section shall be payable on the first of April, the

first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

100. If any house is occupied by more than one person holding in severalty, or is of less assessed annual value than two hundred rupees, the Commissioners may impose the Water, Police, and Lighting-rates upon the owner of such house, or upon the owner of the land on which such house is situated.

101. If the Water-rate is paid by the owner of any house or land under the last preceding section, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier three-fourths of the rate so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier three-fourths of such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rate so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

102. If the Police and Lighting-rates are paid by the owner of any house or land under section one hundred, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier the entire amount of the rates so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rates so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

103. Every owner who, under the provisions of the two last preceding sections, may be entitled to recover any sum from the occupier of any house or of any portion thereof, shall have for the recovery of such sum all such and the same remedies, powers, rights, and authorities as if such sum were rent payable to him by the occupier in respect of such portion of the house as may be in his occupation.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF HOUSES AND LAND.

104. The estimated gross annual rent at which any house or land, liable to rate under this Act, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of any rate to be imposed under this Act, be held and be deemed to be the annual value of such house or land.

The value of land so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery thereupon.

Provided that all the unoccupied land, roads, and slopes of the Port Commissioners shall be rated at the rent for which the said land, roads, or slopes might be reasonably expected to let, in the same manner as if the said land, roads, and slopes were used for other than public purposes, and belonged to persons other than a public body, save and except the road extending from the northern boundary of the premises occupied by the East India Railway Company at Armenian Ghat

to the Chitpore canal, and the road extending from the Chitpore road to the river Hooghly at Coomartollah Ghat, for a width not exceeding seventy feet and sixty feet respectively, which shall be exempted from assessment of any rate under this Act.

105. All assessments made by the Commissioners prior to the commencement of this Act shall remain in force during the period for which they were so made, and on the expiration of such assessments, the annual value at which any house or land is to be assessed shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and such house or land shall be assessed upon the value so fixed for six years from the date on which it is so fixed.

106. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in the last preceding section, any substantial alteration and improvement is made to any such house or land, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though such period has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment.

107. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in section one hundred and five, any such house or land shall receive substantial injury through fire, cyclone, the act of God, or civil commotion, or suffers material depreciation from any cause proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioners to have been beyond the control of the owner or occupier thereof, the Commissioners shall, as soon as practicable, on application being made to them in writing by the owner or occupier of such house or land, cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though the current period of assessment has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment;

Provided that if any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made, prior to the expiration of the said period of assessment, to the house or land which shall have been again assessed as aforesaid, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed as under section one hundred and six.

108. The annual value assessed by the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns—

- (a) the name of the owner;
- (b) the name of the occupier, if the occupier is the person liable to pay the rate;
- (c) a designation of the property, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name and number of the street (if any) in which it is situated;
- (d) the amount of the rate assessed thereon; and
- (e) the amount of the rate assessed on the house and on the land respectively, whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land.

The book required to be kept under this section is hereinafter called the "assessment book."

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the assessment book as the "owner" or "occupier."

109. The Commissioners shall from time to time make a valuation or measurement of all houses and land within the Town, and for such purpose may divide the Town into such and so many districts as they may think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the assessment book.

110. The Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of any house or land, to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and the Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between the hour of seven in the forenoon and sunset enter on, and inspect, survey, and measure such house or land, after giving a notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours.

111. Whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Commissioner or any person appointed by the Commissioners as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such house or land, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence.

112. When the valuation or measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided by the Commissioners, shall have been completed, the Commissioners shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the assessment book, or a copy thereof, may be inspected, by advertisement in at least two of the English daily newspapers, and in two vernacular newspapers, published within the Town, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town;

and the person in whose custody the assessment book may be, shall permit every person being the owner or occupier of any house or land included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee, and every person not being such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

113. The Commissioners shall, in all cases in which any house or land is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any house or land previously assessed is increased, give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of the same, and when the valuation is increased as aforesaid, the said notice shall state the grounds of such increase.

114. Appeals against any assessment made by the Commissioners under this Chapter shall lie

- Appeals.
- (a) to not less than three Commissioners, other than executive officers of the Commissioners; or
 - (b) to the Court of Small Causes.

In any case of an appeal to the Court of Small Causes under this section the said Court may follow the procedure laid down in sections three hundred and fifty-four and three hundred and fifty-five.

115. Any person desiring to appeal against any assessment made under this chapter, shall, within fifteen days of the publication of the notice referred to in section one hundred and twelve deliver at the office of the Commissioners a notice in writing, stating the grounds of appeal, and also informing the Commissioners whether he intends to appeal under clause (a) or (b) of the last preceding section.

No appeal shall lie as hereinbefore provided unless the amount of the house-rate for one quarter, under the assessment about to expire, has been deposited with the Commissioners;

and unless the appeal is preferred by the person who, at the time the appeal is made, shall be recorded in the said book as the owner of the house or land to which the appeal refers, or by the occupier thereof, or by the agent of either of them.

116. The Commissioners shall give notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to hear the appeals under clause (a) of section one hundred and fourteen.

Every appeal under clause (b) of the said section shall be presented to the Small Cause Court within seven days from the date of the delivery of the notice at the office of the Commissioners under the last preceding section.

117. The assessment by the Commissioners of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the two last preceding sections, shall be final and conclusive.

118. The assessments made by the Commissioners, subject to such alterations as may from time to time thereafter be duly made on appeal, shall be entered in the assessment book, and the rate calculated on the said assessment shall, subject to such alterations as aforesaid, be deemed to be the rate for the whole period for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter next succeeding that in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated; and until such date the old assessment shall continue in force, notwithstanding that the period for which the old assessment was made may have expired.

119. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the assessment book by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any house or land liable to the rate, after

giving notice, to any person interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any house or land not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the assessment, without notice:

and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal by application in writing to the Commissioners, to be left at their office three clear days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment; and the provisions of sections one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifteen, one hundred and sixteen, and one hundred and seventeen, shall, so far as may be practicable, apply to such appeal.

120. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new assessment book at the expiration of each period of assessment, but the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in any assessment book for any previous period, with such alterations as may in particular cases be deemed necessary, as the valuation, or measurement and assessment for the period next following;

Provided that sections one hundred and ten to one hundred and eighteen (both inclusive) shall, as far as may be practicable, be applicable to such valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the assessment book or books in which it is contained.

CHAPTER VI.

OF LEVYING THE RATES.

121. When any rate is due, the Commissioners shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property, for which the rate is charged.

Provided that whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land, the assessment on the land and on the house shall be separately entered in the said bill.

122. If the bill is not paid by the person liable to pay the same within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Commissioners may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the fourth schedule, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the moveable property of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, under a warrant in the form contained in the fifth schedule, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Commissioners.

For every notice of demand under this section which the Commissioners shall cause to be served

upon any person, a fee, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid by such person.

Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

123. The officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding section shall make an inventory of the moveable property seized under such warrant, and shall at the time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the sixth schedule, or to the like effect, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said moveable property will be sold as therein mentioned.

124. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold under the orders of the Commissioners, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure.

All sales of property under this section shall, so far as may be practicable, be regulated by the procedure now in force, or hereafter to be in force, in the Court of Small Causes with respect to sale after distress.

Fees shall be payable upon distrains under this Act according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the sixth schedule.

All officers and servants of the Corporation are prohibited from purchasing any property at any such sale.

125. The moveable property of any person from whom any rate is due may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in payment of the money due from him.

126. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house or land remains unpaid after notice of demand has been duly served, the Commissioners may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of the house or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, and, in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by, or recovered from, him.

Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any house or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

127. No distress levied under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser on account of any irregularity committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full

satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

128. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress and sale the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Commissioners may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE WATER-SUPPLY.

129. The Commissioners shall provide a supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such mains and pipes to be laid, and such tanks, reservoirs, or other works to be made and constructed, as shall be necessary for the supply of filtered water in all the chief public streets of the Town, and shall also erect, in all such streets, sufficient and convenient stand-pipes or pumps for the gratuitous use of the inhabitants of the Town for domestic purposes.

The said stand-pipes or pumps shall be so placed that there shall not be any portion of any such chief street at a greater distance than one hundred and fifty yards from some such stand-pipe or pump.

130. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for animals, or for washing carriages, where such animals or carriages are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture, or business, or for fountains, or for watering gardens or roads, or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose.

131. The Commissioners shall, between the hours of six in the forenoon and nine in the afternoon, so far as may be reasonably practicable, keep and maintain in their pipes and mains a sufficient supply of filtered water under a pressure of not less than ten feet for the domestic use of the rate-payers, and shall daily, from the hour of seven in the forenoon to nine in the forenoon, and from the hour of five in the afternoon to six in the afternoon, maintain a pressure of water in the service pipes and mains sufficient to raise the water in all houses and places in which the same may be introduced, to a height of not less than fifty feet.

132. The Commissioners may supply water through a meter, for purposes other than domestic purposes, provided that the person requiring such supply make application to the Commissioners in writing, specifying the purpose for which such supply is required and the quantity likely to be consumed.

The Commissioners may thereupon, subject to such charges or rates as may have been fixed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, lay down, or allow to be laid down, the necessary communication-pipes and works, of such dimensions and character as may be fixed by the Commissioners.

133. The occupier of every house shall be entitled to have, free of further charge, fifteen hundred gallons of filtered water for every rupee paid to the Commissioners

Householder entitled to certain supply of water for domestic use.

as water-rate on account of such house, to be supplied from the service pipes of the Commissioners for domestic use through a ferrule of such size as the Commissioners may determine. If the Commissioners have reason to believe that the occupier of any house consumes more filtered water than he is entitled to as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to provide a water-meter at their own expense, and attach the same to the water-pipes of the said house; and any water which may be used over and above the quantity to which the occupier is entitled as aforesaid shall be paid for by him at the rate of one rupee for every fifteen hundred gallons.

Provided that no charge shall be made by the Commissioners for unfiltered water supplied under the next succeeding section.

Nothing contained in the first clause of this section shall apply to houses assessed at less than twelve hundred rupees per annum.

134. It shall be at the option of the Commissioners to provide filtered or unfiltered water for all latrines and water-closets; and wherever filtered water has been already supplied to such latrines or water-closets, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners at their own expense, and not otherwise, to stop the supply of filtered water, and in lieu thereof to provide unfiltered water for such latrines and water-closets.

135. All latrines and water-closets now supplied, or hereafter to be supplied, with water, filtered or unfiltered, shall be provided with a cistern of such size and description as the Commissioners shall direct; and all such cisterns shall be put up at the cost of the owner of the house or land so supplied with water.

136. Every person paying the water-rate hereinbefore mentioned shall be entitled to lay down communication-pipes from the service pipes of the Commissioners, for bringing into his house or land a reasonable supply of water for domestic use; provided that the Commissioners shall be at liberty to cut off the supply of water to any house or land during the time the said house or land is unoccupied.

The communication-pipes leading the water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into the house of any rate-payer, and the pipes and works within the house connected therewith, shall be of such character, dimensions, and material as the Commissioners shall fix and approve; and shall be made and constructed at the expense of the person requiring the same.

137. The communication-pipes and all fittings thereon leading water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into any house or land, and the pipes, works, and fittings inside the house or land, must in all cases be executed subject to the inspection and to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Such communication-pipes, works, and fittings may be made by the servants and workmen of the Commissioners, upon such terms as may be

Communication-pipes, &c., must be made to satisfaction of Officer of the Commissioners.

agreed upon between the Commissioners and the person requiring the supply, or subject to such charges as may be fixed by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may require the amount necessary for the execution of such works to be paid or deposited before such works are executed; and such charges and expenses shall be recoverable in the same manner as the water-rate.

138. The Officer authorized in that behalf by the Commissioners may, between the hours of seven in

Power to enter premises.

the forenoon and five in the afternoon, enter into or on any house or land supplied with water as aforesaid in order to examine all pipes, works, and fittings, connected with the supply of water, and to ascertain if there be any waste or misuse of such water;

and if such Officer at any such time be refused admittance into such house or land for the purposes aforesaid, or be prevented from making such examination as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith turn off the water from such house or land.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

139. In the event of any pipes, works, or fittings connected with the

When pipes are out of repair, Commissioners may turn off water.

supply of water to any house or land, being at any time found on examination by any officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, the Commissioners may cause the water to be turned off from such house or land, after giving notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours, and may recover the expense incurred for turning off the water from the occupier of such house or land.

140. If any person supplied with water shall neglect to pay the water-

Water may be cut off on neglect to pay the rate.

rate hereinbefore mentioned at any of the times of payment thereof, or the charge made for the said water when supplied for other than domestic purposes, the Commissioners may turn off the water from the house or land in respect of which such rate or charge is payable, by cutting off the pipe to such house or land, or by such means as the Commissioners may think fit, and may recover the expenses of turning off the water from such person;

Provided that the stopping or cutting off the supply of water shall not relieve any person from any penalties or liabilities which he may otherwise have incurred.

141. The occupier of any house or land in which water supplied by the

Occupier in whose house water is wasted liable to penalty.

Commissioners under this Act is, from negligence or other circumstances under the control of the said occupier, wasted, or in whose house or land the pipes, works, and fittings for the supply of water shall be found to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

142. Any person causing waste of water

Person causing waste of water liable to penalty.

supplied by the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

143. It shall be within the discretion of the

Commissioners at their discretion may allow person outside the Town to take water

Commissioners to allow any person, not residing within the limits of the Town, to take or be supplied with

water for his domestic use on such terms as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time prescribe. And any person taking or causing to be taken for use outside the limits of the Town water

Penalty.

supplied by the Commissioners without the permission of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

144. It shall not be lawful for any person

Person executing any work for laying on water must hold a license from the Commissioners.

to execute any work in connection with the laying on of water from any service pipes of the Commissioners

to any house or land, unless he shall hold a license from the Commissioners authorising him to act as a plumber under such rules and regulations as the Commissioners may from time to time lay down, and which shall be printed on the back of his license. Any person licensed by the Commissioners as a plumber, who shall infringe or break any rules or regulations under which he holds his license,

Penalty.

shall be liable to have his license at once cancelled by the Commissioners, and shall also be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

145. Any owner or occupier of any house or

Owner or occupier when not entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

land who shall cause or allow works, pipes, or fittings for the supply of water from the service pipes of the Com-

missioners to be executed by any person other than a plumber licensed by the Commissioners, shall not be entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

146. Before a connection for the supply of

Before connection, Engineer of the Commissioners to cause all works and pipes to be inspected.

water from the service pipes of the Commissioners to any house or land is sanctioned by the Commissioners, the En-

gineer of the Commissioners shall cause all the works, pipes, and fittings within the said house or land to be inspected by a duly qualified officer; and the cost of such inspection shall be payable in advance at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct, by the person applying for the said connection; and until the Engineer of the Commissioners shall have certified that the said works, pipes, and fittings have been executed and put up in a satisfactory manner, a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes shall not be permitted.

147. The connection with the service pipes of

Connection with service pipes to be executed only by an officer of the Commissioners.

the Commissioners, as also the laying of supply pipes under any public road or thoroughfare, shall be exe-

cuted by an officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf and by no other person; and the expense of making such connection shall be

payable in advance by the person applying for the same, at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct.

148. If any licensed plumber shall execute any works or put up any fittings within any house or land for the supply of water from the pipes of the Commissioners in a careless and negligent manner, or make use of bad materials or fittings, the said licensed plumber shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and upon a third conviction shall be liable to have his license cancelled at the discretion of the Commissioners.

149. Any person who shall unlawfully flush, draw off, divert, or take water from any water-works belonging to or under the management or control of the said Commissioners, or from any water or streams by which such water works are supplied, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

150. Any occupier holding direct from the owner of any house may, by notice in writing signed by him, require the owner of such house to perform all such necessary works as may be required for bringing into such house a supply of water for domestic use.

Every such notice shall contain an agreement on the part of such occupier to pay interest at the rate of one per centum per mensem, calculated from the date of the completion of the works, on the cost of such works during the residue of his term of occupation.

Provided that, if the house and the premises belonging thereto shall not abut upon some street in which there is a supply-main, such occupier shall, in the agreement, undertake to pay the cost of connecting the house with the nearest supply-main.

151. If any owner shall not, within the space of three months from the service of such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, cause such necessary works as aforesaid to be completed, the occupier, who shall have given such notice, may cause the same to be completed, and may deduct from the rent payable by him the cost of such works, save so much of such cost as may be incurred in connecting with a supply-main any house and premises belonging thereto which may not abut upon a street in which there may be a supply-main; and such deduction shall be made by six equal monthly instalments.

Interest on each such instalment shall be payable to the owner by the occupier at the rate of one per centum per mensem, from the time when it shall have been so deducted.

152. The supply of water to a house shall not be deemed sufficient for domestic use unless it provides two taps in each floor of such house, one other such tap in the cookroom of or attached to such house, and one other such tap in the premises, or in or near the stables belonging to such house, and the necessary works for such taps.

But if the annual rent of such house, with the land attached thereto, shall be less than three hundred rupees, it shall be sufficient to provide one tap only within the said premises, and the necessary works for the same.

153. No works for introducing a supply of water to any house shall be commenced by the owner without sending a specification and estimate of the cost thereof to the occupier, nor by the occupier without sending such specification and estimate to the owner.

154. In case there shall be any difference between the owner and the occupier respecting the cost or the sufficiency of the proposed works, either the owner or the occupier may refer such difference to the Commissioners, and the written award of the Engineer of the Commissioners, or of any officer authorized by them in that behalf, shall be binding on the owner and the occupier.

155. There shall be payable to the Commissioners in respect of every such reference a fee at the rate of two rupees for every hundred rupees of the monthly rent of the house or land in respect of the water-supply to which the difference may have arisen:

Provided that such fee shall in no case exceed ten rupees, and shall be paid by the person making the reference.

156. Except in the case of a special agreement to the contrary, the owner of any house or land shall bear the expense of keeping all works connected with the supply of water to such house or land in substantial repair.

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the liabilities of parties under leases executed or made previous to the commencement of this Act.

157. Any owner to whom any sum is payable under sections one hundred and fifty and one hundred and fifty-one, may recover such sum from the person liable to pay the same as if the same were rent payable by such person for the house in respect of which the expenses have been incurred.

158. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things connected therewith, or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

159. If any person, being the proprietor of any gas-works,

or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas,

or being the occupier or owner of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on,

wilfully does any act connected with the said business whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works belonging to the Commissioners is

fouled or corrupted, the Commissioners may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such person;

and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by anything proceeding from, or contained in, the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be;

but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Commissioners.

160. The water-rate and all monies collected, received, or recovered for Application of rates and monies received from the supply of water. or in respect of the supply of water or the execution of works, and all fines connected therewith, or in any respect relating to the water-supply, shall be applied by the said Commissioners in defraying the expense of making, extending, or maintaining the water-works,

in paying the interest of money borrowed for the water-works,

and in the liquidation of debts incurred in connection therewith, or for some other purpose connected with the supply of water.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE POLICE BUDGET.

161. The Commissioner of Police shall, on or before the first day of September in each year, transmit to the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate of the expense of the Police Force for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

162. The Police Budget shall show the various heads of the estimated expenditure of the Police Force, and the intended distribution of the Police Force during the year to which it relates.

163. The Chairman shall forthwith, upon the receipt of any such Budget, cause the same to be printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House; and shall lay every such Budget before the Commissioners at the next quarterly meeting of the Commissioners, or at a special general meeting.

The Commissioners shall thereupon forward such Budget to the Local Government, with such remarks as to them may seem fit, and it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the same.

164. If during any period for which a Police Budget shall have been passed and submitted as aforesaid, it shall appear that the amount provided by such Budget is insufficient to defray the necessary expense of the Police Force for such period, the Commissioner of Police may prepare a supplemental Budget for such period,

and the provisions of the three last preceding sections shall apply to such supplemental Budget.

165. The amount of the estimates passed shall, after deducting therefrom Amount of estimates to be paid to Government. such amount as may from time to time be allowed by the Government from the General Revenues towards the maintenance of the Police Force, be paid to the Local Government, or to such Officer as the Local Government may from time to time direct, by the Commissioners out of the annual proceeds of the Police rate; and it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to expend from the said proceeds any sums for purposes other than those provided in the Budget of the Commissioner of Police and duly sanctioned by the Local Government under section one hundred and sixty-three.

166. On or before the first day of April in every year, the Commissioner of Police shall present to the Chairman, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next monthly meeting, an account of the expense of the Police Force for the year ending the thirty-first day of December then next preceding, and in case the amount, which shall during such year have been paid to the Local Government under the provisions hereinbefore contained, shall not have been expended in the maintenance of the Police Force, the balance remaining unexpended shall be deemed to have been paid by the Commissioners in or towards discharging the expense of the Police Force during the ensuing year.

CHAPTER IX.

OF THE SYSTEM OF DRAINAGE FOR THE TOWN AND ITS ENVIRONS.

167. The Commissioners may carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the Town as they may think fit, subject to the approval of the Local Government, and to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by it.

168. The Local Government may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and for the purposes of the Drainage-rate the land within such boundaries as aforesaid shall be deemed to be part of the Town.

CHAPTER X.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

169. The Commissioners shall keep in their office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district shall appoint a person to be a Registrar of births and deaths within such district; and the Commissioners shall at each burning ghât and native burial-ground appoint a Sub-Registrar for the registration of all corpses brought to such burning ghât or burial ground for cremation or interment.

170. Every Registrar shall dwell within the

Every Registrar to live in his district; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

district of which he is Registrar, and every Sub-Registrar shall dwell in the vicinity of the burning

ghât or native burial ground for which he is appointed; and they shall cause their names, with the addition of Registrar for the district, or Sub-Registrar for the burning ghât or native burial ground for which they shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of their own dwelling-houses; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar and Sub-Registrar in the Town.

171. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient

Commissioners to have Register books prepared and numbered.

number of Register books for making entries of all

births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in the eighth and ninth schedules, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

172. Every Registrar shall inform himself

Registrar to inform himself of, and register, births and deaths.

of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district, and shall ascertain and register, as

soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the eighth and ninth schedules respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

173. The father or mother of every child born

Information of birth to be given within eight days.

in the Town, or in the case of the death, illness, or absence, or inability of the father

and mother, the occupier of the house in which such child shall have been born, shall, within eight days after the day of the birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars by this Act required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

174. Some one of the persons present at the

Information of death to be given.

death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town,

or, in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some person living in the house in which such death shall have happened, shall forthwith give information to the Registrar of the district, or Sub-Registrar at the burning ghât or burial ground, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person:

Provided that, in lieu of the information hereinbefore stated, in the case of persons dying in any hospital it shall be the duty of the Medical Officer in charge forthwith to send a notice in writing to the Commissioners in the form prescribed in the

ninth schedule of the occurrence of any death in the hospital under his charge.

175. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a

Penalty.

Registrar or Sub-Registrar

under the two last preceding sections, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, or who shall give false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

176. Every person by whom the information

Person giving information to sign the Register.

contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it:

Provided that the Registrar may fill up and sign the Register for any person who is unable to write:

Provided further that in the case of a person dying in any hospital the registration of the death shall be deemed to be complete on receipt by the Commissioners of the written notice from the Medical Officer in charge of the said hospital prescribed in section one hundred and seventy-four.

177. It shall not be lawful for any sexton,

Corpse must be accompanied by a certificate before it is buried or burnt.

keeper of a cemetery, burial ground, or burning ghât

to bury, burn, or allow to be buried or burned, any corpse, unless the said corpse is accompanied by a certificate in the form specified in the ninth schedule, and signed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar appointed under section one hundred and sixty-nine, or by a Medical Officer.

178. Whoever buries, burns, or allows to be

Penalty.

buried or burnt, a corpse without the certificate men-

tioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

OF TAKING A CENSUS.

179. At such times and in such manner as

Account of population to be taken.

the Commissioners may from time to time appoint, an account shall be taken of the

number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

180. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to superintend the taking of an account of the population.

superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for

the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Local Government, deem necessary; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

181. Each Police division of the Town shall

Enumeration Districts.

be formed into one or more enumeration districts.

182. At such times as shall be appointed under

At the appointed time, occupiers of houses shall give the required information.

section one hundred and seventy-nine, and as shall be notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* by the Local Govern-

ment, every occupier of a dwelling-house, or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and

every person to whom a form, as mentioned in section one hundred and eighty-four, may have been delivered, shall afford such information in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner as may under this Act be required of them.

183. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his district, and, except as hereinafter provided, shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses, and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his district, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf.

Provided that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

184. The Chairman, when he deems such a course to be advisable, may cause such a form as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, subject to the approval of the Local Government, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who may be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to the person authorized to demand the same.

185. Any military or naval Officers in command of bodies of military or naval men, or of vessels of war, or any master of a merchant vessel, or nacodah, or tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, or prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of hotels or lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed.

186. Whoever, being required under section one hundred and eighty-four to fill in any form, or under section one hundred and eighty-three to act as an enumerator, fails to do so, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

Every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

187. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose, and as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night immediately preceding

the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

188. The enumerators shall fill in all forms for those persons who are unable to write.

CHAPTER XI.

OF CONSERVANCY AND IMPROVEMENT.

PART I.—Of the Streets.

189. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government) and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners.

190. The Commissioners, making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any houses or land which may be required for any such purposes, may

- (a) lay out and make new streets;
- (b) build and construct new bridges;
- (c) turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up any public street; and
- (d) widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve any such street.

For the purposes of this section the Commissioners in meeting may purchase any land necessary for houses and buildings to form any public street, or for the improvement of any public street.

191. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, from time to time cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired, and for such purpose may do all things necessary for the public safety and convenience.

192. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted; and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Commissioners may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, cleaning and maintenance of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

193. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, dirt, filth, and refuse of every kind whatsoever found thereon to be collected and removed.

194. The Commissioners may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, filth, and refuse, arising from the ordinary domestic use of houses, may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in public streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in such receptacles and between such hours as they may from time to time direct.

195. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above

Penalty.

mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any public street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

196. Whoever deposits, or suffers to be deposited, any dust, dirt, filth

Penalty for depositing dirt in public street, &c.

or refuse of any kind whatsoever, in any public street, or on any public quay, jetty, ghât, or landing place, or on any part of the river bank, whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places, and in such manner, and at such hours, as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

197. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any

Penalty for allowing sewerage to flow on streets.

other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being in his house or land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street (public or otherwise), or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy, to run, drain, or be thrown into, a surface drain in any street (public or otherwise), shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

198. The Commissioners shall, so far as the

Watering streets.

Municipal Fund permits, and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, cause the chief public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

199. Whoever builds any wall, or erects, or sets up any fence, rail, post, or

Penalty for making obstructions in public streets.

other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street, or in or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct, after the commencement of this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees; and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment, as also all walls, fences, rails, posts, or other obstruction or encroachment erected in any public street, or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commissioners from allowing any

Temporary erections on occasions of festivals, &c.

temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies, or for building purposes.

200. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give

Private persons laying out new streets.

notice in writing thereof to the Commissioners, showing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause any such street laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered;

or may cause any house, erected in any such street, otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or, if necessary removed,

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending.

If no such level or width be fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Commissioners within one month from the delivery of the aforesaid notice at the office of the Commissioners, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

201. Whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon

Penalty.

any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

202. If any street or any part thereof, be not

Paving, &c., of streets.

levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the land fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave, flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice; and upon non-compliance, the Commissioners may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective lands, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Commissioners or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses;

Provided that, after such street shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled and sewered, on the requisition of the Commissioners, or by the Commissioners as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

203. If any street be levelled, paved, metall-

Certain streets to be deemed public and repaired by the Commissioners.

ed, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, if they think fit, and if three-fourths of the owners of houses in such street signify in writing their consent thereto, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

204. The Commissioners in meeting shall, from

Names of public streets.

time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, wall, or place, at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every public street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces

Penalty.

any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

205. The Commissioners may, from time to

Numbers on houses.

time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer

side of any house or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Penalty.

206. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows (whether hung or placed before or after the commencement of this Act), which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction;

Doors not to open outwards.

and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such public street, the owner of the house or land to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Commissioners to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards; and if he neglects so to do, the Commissioners may make such alteration, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by such owner.

207. The owner of every house in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Commissioners, put up, and keep in good condition, proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house and for discharging the same in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct; and in default of compliance with such notice within the period aforesaid, such

Troughs and pipes to be fixed to houses.

Penalty.

owner shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

208. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after the commencement of this Act, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house, or which has been so erected or placed subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and such owner or occupier shall within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Provided that when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house.

209. The Commissioners may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house in any public street, previous to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to be re-

Removal of existing projections from houses.

moved, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the right of any person to compensation when the right thereto is disputed, and the amount thereof, or touching the amount of such compensation when the right thereto is admitted, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

210. The Commissioners may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses abutting on any public street or drain or sewer to put up verandahs, balconies, sunshades, weatherframes, and the like, to project from any upper story thereof over any public street, or drain or sewer.

Commissioners may allow certain projections from houses.

211. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after the commencement of this Act,

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street (public or otherwise), now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after the commencement of this Act unless with the consent in writing of the Commissioners; and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue.

Penalty.

212. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any house or land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering on any public street to a height not exceeding seven feet;

Commissioners may direct hedges to be trimmed.

or to cut and trim trees overhanging any public street and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

and if such notice is not complied with within three days from the date thereof, the Commissioners may cause such hedges and trees to be cut in the manner required, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the house or land.

213. No person shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any public street, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing; and when such per-

No one to deposit materials or make hole in a public street.

mission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed, until the materials are removed or the hole is filled up and otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted at night.

214. Whoever deposits materials, or makes a hole, without such permission, or fails to fence or

Penalty.

enclose, and light, such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials, or fill up such hole, when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of the Drains.

215. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts, in, alongside, or under the public streets, whether made at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

216. The Commissioners in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if necessary, carry such sewers through, across, or under any public street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the public streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise with respect to the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

217. The Commissioners shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they think fit, enlarge, alter, arch over, or otherwise improve all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them:

and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary.

If by reason of anything done under this section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Commissioners shall at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain, of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Commissioners shall direct;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

218. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, cause the sewers and drains vested in them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied;

(Cleansing and emptying sewers.)

and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, may construct and place, either above or underground, reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other necessary works;

and may also, with the sanction of the local Government, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with, and be emptied into, any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purpose as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

219. When the contents of any sewer or drain,

or any other flow of filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the

bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished, by natural or artificial causes, as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Local Government, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof, to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

220. If any person, without the written con-

sent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such branch drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person making or altering such branch drain.

221. Whoever, without the written consent of

the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

222. If any house or land within the Town and

within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners by sufficient drains or pipes communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Commissioners may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay through or from such house or land, covered drains, or pipes, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall think necessary for the complete draining of such house or land;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

Commissioners empowered to make drains from houses which are not properly drained.

Penalty for altering or making unauthorised drains leading into public sewers.

Unauthorized drains leading into public sewers may be demolished.

Bed of stream receiving sewerage to be cleared.

223. The Commissioners themselves may construct and lay down such portions of the drains mentioned in sections two hundred and seventeen, two hundred and twenty-two, two hundred and twenty-five, and two hundred and twenty-six as may be carried through or under any public drain, aqueduct, or street, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

224. The Commissioners may cause the works mentioned in the said sections to be supervised while in progress, and from time to time during their execution order such reasonable alterations therein, additions thereto, and abandonment of part or parts thereof, as may to the Commissioners appear, on the fuller knowledge afforded by the opening of the ground, requisite to secure the complete and satisfactory execution of such works as aforesaid.

225. If it appear to the Commissioners that a group or block of houses may be drained or improved more economically or advantageously in combination than separately, and a sewer of sufficient size already exists, or is about to be constructed, within one hundred feet of any part of such group or block of houses, the Commissioners may cause such group or block of houses to be drained and improved by a combined operation;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners of such houses in such proportions as shall to the Commissioners seem fit.

226. All sewers and drains in streets (public or otherwise), shall be provided by the Commissioners or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation, so as to prevent stench.

If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Commissioners neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith provide and apply the same;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

227. The Commissioners may erect on, or fix to any house such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house in the neighbourhood.

228. All branch-drains, as well within as without the house or land to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners and shall be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, and kept in proper order at the costs

and charges of the owner of the house or land to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued;

and if the owner of any house or land to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, lay water to, connect with a sewer, repair, stop up, demolish, or put in good order the same, in the manner required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, or put in good order, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

229. If any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool be constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, the Commissioners may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, as they think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped.

230. Whoever constructs any drain, privy, or cess-pool, after the commencement of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

231. The Commissioners, or any Officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the house or land to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon such house or land with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be;

and if, upon such inspection, it appears that such drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed contrary to the provisions of this Act, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong;

but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be, and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall in that case be paid by the Commissioners.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

232. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse, or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

233. No person shall, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing, construct or keep any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle for filth, sewage, house drainage, or other offensive matter, within fifty feet of any public tank, or a tank which the inhabitants of any locality are entitled to use. Any person upon whose land any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle so situated shall be now existing or hereafter constructed, shall remove the same within forty-eight hours of the receipt of a written notice from the Commissioners.

234. Any person failing to comply with the notice mentioned in the last preceding section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding three rupees, for every day that the latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle remains within the limits aforesaid.

PART III.—Of General Conservancy.

235. The Commissioners, from time to time, may appoint

- (a) the hours within which night-soil or other offensive matter may be removed;
- (b) the kind of cart or other receptacle in which it may be removed;
- (c) the route by which such cart or receptacle shall proceed.

236. When the Commissioners have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street (public or otherwise) any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also, whoever

at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Commissioners or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel, other than that approved and sanctioned by the Commissioners, or slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or

does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been stoned or spilled or

places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter,

or drives, or takes, or causes to be driven, or taken, any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street (public or otherwise), or by any route other than that, from time to time, by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every such offence.

237. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places for the deposit of dust, dirt, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever collected and removed in accordance with this Act;

and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act.

238. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, keeps or suffers to be kept any dirt, dust, filth, or refuse of any kind whatsoever for more than twenty-four hours, otherwise than in a proper receptacle, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

239. All dirt, dust, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever, collected from the streets (public or otherwise), houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools shall belong to the Commissioners, who may sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

240. If any house or land, by reason of abandonment, or of disputed ownership, or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons;

or become in a filthy or unwholesome state; or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance,

the Commissioners, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming, or believed to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the house or some conspicuous part of the land, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure, enclose, clean, or clear the same;

and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days the Commissioners shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, or, in case of abandonment or disputed ownership, by the sale of any materials found upon such house or land, and the provisions of section two hundred and sixty-seven shall be applicable to such sales.

241. The Commissioners may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessities and urinals,

and shall cause the same, when provided, to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

242. The Commissioners may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessities for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts as they may, from time to time, think proper; and may at any time, on giving one month's notice, cancel any license granted under this section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

No person shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners.

243. Whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehters' depôt without a license, as mentioned in the last preceding section, or having a license, suffers such public necessary or tola mehters' depôt to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one-hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence; and whoever shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

244. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town and by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout the Town, or any portion thereof, declare that the duties usually performed by tola mehters within the boundaries specified in the aforesaid advertisement shall be performed by an establishment under the control of the Commissioners, and the Commissioners shall make suitable provision accordingly.

When the Commissioners have made such provision, the occupier of any house or land in respect of which such duties are performed shall be liable to pay in respect of the same such fees as may be imposed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting; and the said fees shall be recovered from such occupier as a rate under Chapter VI.

245. The owner or occupier of any land having a privy on it shall have such privy shut out by a sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and no person shall keep a privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street (public or otherwise) or drain.

Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for each day the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Provided that the Commissioners may, in their discretion, permit the continuance for such time as they may fix, of any such privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street (public or otherwise) where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

246. If the Commissioners think that any privy or additional privy should be provided for any house or land, the owner of such house or land shall, within fourteen days after notice in that behalf by the Commissioners, cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be constructed in accordance with the requisition of such notice; and if such privy be not so constructed to the satisfaction of the Commissioners within such period, the Commissioners may cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be so constructed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

247. No milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages shall keep any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle within the Town for the purposes of trade or business except in a place licensed by the Commissioners.

Such license shall be taken out half-yearly, on the first day of January and the first day of July in every year.

It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting to grant any such license subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and to impose a fee not exceeding five rupees in respect of the same.

248. Whoever, being a milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages, keeps any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

249. Whoever, being the holder of a license under section two hundred and forty-seven, breaks the conditions of such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

250. No person shall keep any pig-stye within the Town to the front of any street (public or otherwise), not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and no person shall keep within the town, without the permission of the Commissioners, more than ten pigs, or more than twenty sheep or goats.

251. Whoever keeps any pig-stye, pigs, sheep, or goats, contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

252. When the pavement or surface of any public street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Commissioners breaking up the same to restore the same with all convenient speed.

complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up to be fenced and guarded and sufficiently lighted during the night.

253. If the Commissioners deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act to raise, sink, or otherwise alter the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works or gas-works, laid in any street, (public or otherwise) they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong, or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Commissioners direct.

Such alteration shall not be such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Commissioners, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons.

And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

254. If the person to whom any such pipes or works as are mentioned in the last preceding section belong, or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of the notice mentioned in the last preceding section, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered in such manner as the Commissioners require, the Commissioners may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby, or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

255. The Commissioners may, at their discretion, set apart any public ghât or place (not being private property, or part of the river or river bank of the Port of Calcutta), for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or runs of water, for the inhabitants to bathe in; and set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

256. Whoever bathes in any public place, except the places provided or set apart under the

last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

257. When any private tank or low marshy ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners to be injurious to health or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require, by notice in writing, the owner of the same to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during one month from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

258. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

259. The Commissioners may from time to time, as they shall think fit, drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse or fill up, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure), which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

260. The Commissioners, in executing any works under this Act, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, water-courses, drains, and channels, in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works;

and if any difference arises between the Commissioners and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

261. The Commissioners shall, during the construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in or belonging to them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses; and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any street (public or otherwise), to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, cattle, or animals, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper;

and shall cause any sewer or drain, or other works in streets (public or otherwise), during the

Situation of gas and water-pipes may be altered by the Justices.

Alteration not to permanently injure works, and to be done at Commissioners' expense.

Settlement of disputes.

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Commissioners may cause the same to be made.

Commissioners may set apart bathing places, &c.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

Power to drain off and cleanse unwholesome tank, &c., on private premises.

Commissioners in executing works to provide proper drains, &c.

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night.

262. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers or to persons living in the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may, by notice in writing, require the owner of the land to repair, protect or enclose the same; and if he fails to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed.

263. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART IV.—Of Building Regulations.

264. The Commissioners may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house is situated.

265. When any house, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses.

Provided that the Commissioners shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

266. If any house, or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or to the neighbouring houses, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of such house, or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, repair, or secure, such house, wall, or thing affixed thereon as the case shall require.

If such owner or occupier do not begin to take down, repair, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners shall cause all or so much of such house, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

267. If any such house, or wall, as is mentioned in the last preceding section, or any part of the same, be taken down as in such section mentioned, the Commissioners may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any surplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, or wall, on demand.

The Commissioners shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

268. Before beginning, within the Town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Commissioners notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, showing the levels and width at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Commissioners.

269. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall signify their approval of the proposed levels and width of foundation, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels and width of foundation in lieu thereof within the same time.

270. If such building as is mentioned in section two hundred and sixty-eight be begun or made without sending such notice and plan as are mentioned in the said section, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Commissioners within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid.

271. If the Commissioners fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan as is mentioned in the last preceding section, and to fix other levels and width of foundation within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to,

according to the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan :

Provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with this Act.

The word "house" in this and the three last preceding sections does not include a hut.

272. Every person intending to build or take down any house, or to alter or repair the outward part of any house, where any public street will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the house where such works are being carried on from the street, and shall keep such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

Provided that no person shall put up a hoard or fence without the written permission of the Commissioners, and shall not keep up the said hoard or fence for a time longer than allowed in the said written permission.

273. Every person, who begins to build, or to take down or alter, or repair any house contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoard, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing, or to maintain the same in good condition, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same, when directed by the Commissioners, within eight days, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

274. No house shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners without their written consent ;

and if any house be so erected, the Commissioners may cause such house to be pulled down or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit ;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person so erecting the house.

275. No house shall be built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers.

276. If any house newly erected or re-built within the Town have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house of such materials, of such size, at such

level, and with such fall as the Commissioners may direct ;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

277. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a hut, or any range or block of huts or sheds, or to add any hut or shed to any range or block already existing at the commencement of this Act, without previous notice to the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may require such huts or sheds to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines, of such width as they may think proper for ventilation and to facilitate scavengering, and with such number of privies and with such means of drainage as to them may seem necessary, and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a plinth at least two feet above the level of the nearest public street.

278. If any such huts or sheds be built without giving such notice to the Commissioners or otherwise than as required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier thereof, by affixing a notice to some conspicuous part of some one of such huts or sheds, to take down and remove the same within one month, or to effect such alterations as they may deem necessary ; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, if they shall think fit so to do, to cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the said owner or occupier thereof, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

279. Whoever erects a hut or any range or block of huts or shed, or adds to any hut or shed, or to any range or block already existing contrary to the provisions of section two hundred and seventy-seven, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART V.—Of Sanitary Measures with regard to Blocks of Huts.

280. Whenever the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, are satisfied, from inspection, or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are constructed or crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavengering, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may cause the locality to be inspected by two medical officers, who shall make a report in writing on the sanitary condition of the said block of huts, and shall specify, if necessary, in the said report the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

281. On receipt of the said report the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may cause a notice to be served upon the owners or occupiers of the huts, or at the option of the Commissioners, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the Commissioners for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the aforesaid report, or any portion thereof respectively.

282. If after the service of the said notice, such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to carry out and execute the said works within the time appointed, the Commissioners may cause all or any of the said works, or any portion thereof respectively, to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to them that the said owner is unable by reason of poverty to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

283. If any of the said huts be pulled down, the Commissioners shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected, and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut; or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Commissioners until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent court for the payment of the same.

The Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent court for that purpose.

284. In case the Commissioners should omit to take any action under sections two hundred and eighty-one, or in the opinion of the Local Government should fail to give effect to the provisions thereof, the Local Government may cause any block of huts to be inspected by the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, who shall make a report in writing to the Local Government on the sanitary condition of the locality and, in the event of his reporting that the sanitary condition of the locality is such as to be attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, shall specify the huts which should be removed; the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

285. On receipt of the said report the Local Government may order the Commissioners to serve a notice on the owners or occupiers of the huts, or on the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Local

Government for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the said report, or any portion thereof respectively; and upon service of the said notice the Commissioners may proceed as provided in section two hundred and eighty-two, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon them by section two hundred and eighty-three.

286. If the Commissioners make default in carrying out the said order of the Local Government, the Local Government may appoint some officer to perform the same, and such officer may exercise such of the powers conferred upon the Commissioners by sections two hundred and eighty-one and two hundred and eighty-two, as are necessary for the execution of the said works, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon the Commissioners by section two hundred and eighty-three, and the expenses incurred by such officer in the execution of the said works shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Local Government may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to the Local Government that the said owner is by reason of poverty unable to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

CHAPTER XII.

OF SANITARY MATTERS.

PART I.—Of Slaughter-houses, Food, Drink, Drugs, and Offensive Trades.

287. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town or Suburbs unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may, at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

Provided that no such license be granted by the Commissioners for the use of any place situated in the Suburbs as a slaughter-house without the permission in writing of the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, unless such place has been used as a slaughter-house before the commencement of this Act; and provided further that all fees levied by the Commissioners for licenses to use places situated in the Suburbs as slaughter-houses be paid by the Commissioners to the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs.

288. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, provide places within or without the Town for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses; and all places within or without the town heretofore provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses shall be deemed to have been provided under this section.

Provided that the Commissioners shall annually pay one thousand rupees to the Municipal Commissioners of the suburbs by way of license fee

for the slaughter-house established by the Commissioners at Tengrah.

289. Every owner, or occupier, or farmer, Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained. of any place for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Commissioners, and (if required so to do by the Commissioners) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided, sufficient for keeping such place or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state.

290. If such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Commissioners that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which such default is continued.

291. Any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Commissioners or any of their officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or offered or exposed for sale, may grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article;

and if it appear to the said Justice of the Peace that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order it to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

292. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, corn, bread, flour, wine, spirits, or other food or drink, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink which may be therein; and in case any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink appear to be intended for the food or drink of man, and to be unfit for such food or drink, may seize the same;

and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink is unfit for the food or drink of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food.

293. Any Justice of the Peace before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made under this Act, in addition to the fine which may be imposed on such person under this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to him under section two hundred and eighty-seven;

and the Commissioners, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, may cancel his license.

294. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is cancelled as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted such offence.

295. No place shall be kept for the sale of drugs unless the same shall have been registered in the office of the Commissioners. Any keeper of such place failing to register the same within two months after the commencement of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

296. The Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any place kept for the sale of drugs, or in which drugs are sold, and if they have reason to suspect that any drug in the said place is adulterated in such a manner as to lessen its efficacy, to change its operation, or to render it noxious, may remove the same on giving a receipt, specifying the nature and quantity of the drug removed, and its approximate value; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that the said drug removed as aforesaid is adulterated as aforesaid, he may order the same to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to him may seem fit; if it shall appear to the said Justice that the drug so removed is not adulterated as aforesaid, the person from whose shop or place it has been taken shall be entitled to have it restored to him, and it shall be in the discretion of the said Justice to award him such compensation as he may think proper, not exceeding the actual loss which has been sustained.

If the drug removed as aforesaid is not brought before a Justice of the Peace, it shall be restored to the person from whose shop or place it was taken, and such person shall be entitled to compensation for any actual loss which he may have sustained by the removal of the said drug, and any dispute which may arise touching the amount of compensation to be given shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

297. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used for any of the following purposes, namely—

- (a) melting tallow;
- (b) boiling offal or blood;
- (c) as a soap-house;
- (d) oil-boiling-house;
- (e) dyeing-house;
- (f) tannery;
- (g) brick, pottery, or lime kiln;
- (h) sago-manufactory;

(i) manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise;

(j) or as a yard or dépôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal;

shall register the same at the office of the Commissioners in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

298. No place shall be newly used within the Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section except under a license from the Commissioners, who may, at their discretion, from time to time grant such license.

299. Whoever, without a license, uses any such place for any such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

300. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that any place, licensed under section two hundred and eighty-seven or two hundred and ninety-eight, or registered under section two hundred and ninety-seven, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month after the date of such notice.

301. Whoever, after the expiration of such time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of Burial and Burning Grounds.

302. The Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial and burning ground and every place used as such; and every burial and burning ground, and every place used as such, shall be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorized to control the same, by order of the Commissioners, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

303. Whoever uses any such place as is mentioned in the last preceding section without the same being registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

304. Whoever knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not registered as a burial or burning ground shall

be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

305. No vault or grave shall be made within the walls of, or underneath, any church, chapel, or other place of public worship, and no burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be opened, made or formed, otherwise than by, or under the authority of, the Local Government, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, previously obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

306. Whosoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made or formed without such license, or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

307. If the Commissioners, in meeting other than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, shall certify, in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or that any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof;

or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any churchyard or burial ground adjacent thereto;

and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, no person shall, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate.

Every such certificate shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

308. Whoever, after due publication of such certificate, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

309. Notwithstanding any certificate under section three hundred and seven, where, by usage or otherwise, there is any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any churchyard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment has been granted

chased or acquired, the Commissioners may, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right, or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

310. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CHAPTER XIII.

OF MARKETS.

311. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and the Commissioners may charge such rents, tolls, and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of, or right to expose goods for sale in, such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

312. All such rents, tolls, and fees, which shall be imposed, shall be recoverable by the Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provisions of Chapter VI.

313. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, acquire land by purchase, lease, or otherwise, in order to provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and for the like purpose may purchase or take on lease any land now used within such limits as a market, or registered as such, upon such terms, or subject to such conditions as they may consider necessary, and may appropriate any land now vested in or belonging to them, and may set out the whole or such parts thereof as they may think necessary for the purposes of such Municipal Markets, and thereupon from time to time may build and maintain such Municipal Markets and such stalls, sheds, pens, and other buildings or conveniences for the use of the persons frequenting such Municipal Markets, and for the weighing and measuring goods sold in such Municipal Markets, and on such land as aforesaid, or on other land purchased for that purpose, and may make

and maintain all such roads and approaches thereto as they may think necessary, and from time to time, in addition to the bye-laws provided in Chapter XVI, may make such bye-laws as they may think fit for all or any of the following purposes:—

(a) for regulating the control and use of such markets, and the buildings, stalls, pens, and standings therein, and for preventing nuisances or obstructions therein, or in the immediate approaches thereto:

(b) for preventing the use therein of false or defective weights, scales, or measures;

(c) for preventing the sale, or exposure for sale therein, of unwholesome meat, fish, or provisions;

(d) for the establishment and publication of a price-current, and for prescribing the mode of sale of articles, whether by measure, weight, tale, or piece;

(e) for keeping such markets in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth and refuse therefrom.

314. The Commissioners may expel from any such Municipal Market any person who, or whose servants, may be convicted of disobeying any bye-law made under the last preceding section, and may prevent such person, by himself or his servants, further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying any stall or shop therein, and may determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

315. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may sell, or let to tenants on lease or otherwise on such terms as they may think fit, any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

316. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may close any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, or sell, or let out to tenants, on lease or otherwise, any land heretofore used as a Municipal Market, or any part thereof, on such terms as they may think fit, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

317. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may out of the Municipal Fund and out of the monies borrowed under the provisions of this Act, and out of monies derived from the rents of buildings, stalls, pens, or standings in any Municipal Market, and from any fees realized from any Municipal Market, expend such sums of money as they may think necessary for the construction, maintenance, and keeping such Municipal Market in repair, and for any other purpose or purposes which the Commissioners may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or conducive thereto.

318. It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables within the Town, and every such license shall be in force until the first day of January next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof.

Nothing contained in this section shall be held to impose upon any person the obligation of taking out a license for a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871.

319. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits

Penalty for permitting unauthorized places to be used as markets.

any place within the Town (not being a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871) to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence shall be continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

320. Whenever three convictions under the

Power to close uncensured place.

provisions of the last preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place within the space of one year, it shall be lawful for any Police Magistrate of Calcutta, on the application of the Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

321. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Commissioners may define ways in bazars.

than an ordinary meeting, may define, fix, and determine what portions of any market or bazar within the Town shall be thrown into, and made part of, the existing approaches, roads, paths, and ways in such market or bazar for the convenient use of persons resorting thereto; and shall signify the same by affixing or causing to be affixed in some conspicuous place or places in the market or bazar a notice signifying the limits and description of the parts of the said market or bazar so to be kept and used as part of the approaches, roads, paths, and ways.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by notice in writing to the

Commissioners may require works to be executed.

owner, proprietor, or lessee of any such market or bazar, require him within a time to be specified therein to execute the necessary works and take all necessary measures for the setting out, clearing, widening, and maintaining of the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways;

and may, in case of such default, by their servants and workmen, enter into and upon the said market or bazar, and clear, set out, and widen the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person on whom the notice has been served.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an

Commissioners may alter approaches.

ordinary meeting, may from time to time vary and alter the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways as occasion may require, signifying the same by a like notice.

Whoever shall, after such notification, cause

Penalty.

any obstruction or encroachment in or on any such approaches, roads, paths, or ways, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for every day such obstruction or encroachment is continued after notice from the Commissioners to remove or discontinue the same.

322. Whenever any person who shall have

Minimum of penalties.

been convicted of any offence under this Chapter, or against any of the bye-laws made or to be made under this Chapter in respect to markets, shall again be convicted of an offence against the same provision, the fine to be inflicted for the first of such subsequent offences shall not be less than one moiety of the maximum fine provided for such offence, and for the second and every subsequent offence shall not be less than such maximum fine.

CHAPTER XIV.**OF THE GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.****PART I.—Of Rights of Entry.****323. The Commissioners shall, for the purposes**

Power to enter upon houses and land for the purposes of this Act.

of this Act, have power, by themselves or their officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter upon any house or land, as well for the purpose of making any inspection, survey, or measurement, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry, or of anything done on such house or land in pursuance of this Act.

Provided that, except as herein otherwise provided, the Commissioners or their officers shall not enter upon any house or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intention to do so.

324. The Commissioners, or their officers or

Power to Commissioners to enter on lands adjacent to works.

servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation of, or temporary damage to, the said land to the owner and occupier thereof from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken, or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land;

and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Provided that, before the Commissioners make any such temporary use as aforesaid of any land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give three days' notice of such their intention to the owner and occupier of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid from the other land adjoining thereto.

325. For the purpose of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the

Powers to be exercised by the Commissioners when constructing drains and aqueducts without the town.

purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, the Commissioners, their officers, and servants may, whenever a plan for laying down any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, shall have been approved by the Local Government, exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, all the powers which by this Act they may exercise within the town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes, or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing;

and the Magistrate of any district through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, may exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district as a Justice of the Peace may under this Act exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Commissioners within the town.

326. Whoever at any time obstructs or molests any person employed by the Commissioners (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code), or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of anything which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act;

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Commissioners in their duty.

or removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

PART II.—Of the Purchase and Sale of Land.

327. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting,

Commissioners may purchase, sell, and lease land for the purposes of this Act.

may purchase land, whether within or without the Town, for any of the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land vested in them and not required for the purposes of this Act, or may dispose of the same on lease; and the Commissioners may receive the rent of the same on such terms as they may think fit.

328. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting,

Commissioners may rent and take on lease land.

may from time to time pay rent for, or take on lease, on such terms as they may think fit, any land required for the purposes of this Act.

329. Any land required for the purposes of

Land may be acquired under Land Acquisition Act.

this Act may be acquired under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, and on payment by the Commissioners out of the

Municipal Fund of the compensation payable under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

PART III.—Of Railways.

330. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Power to construct railway.

than an ordinary meeting, may, upon any of the public streets in the Town or upon any land within or without the Town, which is vested in the Commissioners, construct or maintain any railway which to the Commissioners may appear to be useful or necessary for the purposes of this Act,

and use and employ upon any such railway, by them heretofore constructed or hereafter to be constructed, such locomotive engines or other moving power and such carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby,

carry and convey upon such railway all such passengers and goods as shall be offered to them for that purpose,

and make such reasonable charges in respect thereof as they may from time to time determine upon.

331. The Commissioners in meeting, other than

Power to permit carriages to run on railway.

an ordinary meeting, from time to time may enter into any contract with any person, for the passage over any railway already constructed by the Commissioners, or hereafter to be constructed by them, of the engines, wagons, or other carriages of such person, upon the payment of such tolls or rent and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon.

332. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Power to lease railway.

than an ordinary meeting, may lease any railway constructed or to be constructed by them under the provisions hereinbefore contained to any person upon such terms and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon, and every person to whom any such railway shall be so leased by the Commissioners shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as aforesaid, have all such and the same powers of maintaining the same, and for using and employing thereupon locomotive engines and other moving power, and carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby, and for carrying and conveying thereupon passengers and goods, and making charges in respect thereof, as the Commissioners would have had if such railway had not been leased.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, enter into any contract with any person for the purpose of the construction of any railway within or without the Town, and for the purpose of maintaining and working of the same.

PART IV.—Of Hospitals.

333. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Power to support hospitals.

than an ordinary meeting, may apply such sum as to them may seem proper in or towards the maintenance and support of such hospitals for such purposes as they may think it.

CHAPTER XV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL DEBT.

334. For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, with the sanction of the Local Government, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest, and upon such terms as to the time of repayment and otherwise as the Local Government may approve, any sums of money the Commissioners may require for the objects aforesaid.

335. All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the seventh schedule, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

336. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may at any time, with the sanction of the Local Government, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed.

337. The Commissioners shall set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any disbursements in respect thereof,

firstly—such sum as may be required for the payment of the interest which may fall due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed;

secondly—a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Commissioners for the purposes of any enactment hereby expressly repealed exclusive of the sum now due, or of any sum which may hereafter become due, by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so far as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year.

And they shall invest the surplus (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid, or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such loans or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum in Government securities, or in any securities guaranteed by Government, or in Calcutta municipal debentures, in the names of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department and the Accountant-General of Bengal respectively for the time being, to be by them held as Trustees for the purpose of repaying at due date from time to time the several loans contracted or debentures issued by the Commissioners.

And all moneys and securities now held by any Trustees for the Commissioners for the purpose of paying off any sum borrowed by them, shall be held by them upon the trusts hereinbefore declared.

All interest accruing due to the Trustees shall also from time to time be invested by them in like manner and held upon the like trust.

338. The Trustees shall from time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall fall due by the Commissioners, realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same will extend, to satisfy such loans or debentures.

339. The Trustees shall, at the end of every year, submit a statement to the Commissioners showing the amount which has been invested during the year under section three hundred and thirty-seven, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans.

Such statement shall be laid before the Commissioners and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

CHAPTER XVI.

OF BYE-LAWS.

340. The Commissioners may from time to time make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to regulate—

- (a) all matters and things connected with the supply and use of water;
- (b) the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in places provided or set apart for bathing purposes;
- (c) the deposit of dirt, dust, filth, and refuse of any kind whatsoever, the removing and carrying away the same, and charging the person making the deposit with the expenses of removing it;
- (d) the duties to be performed by *tolah mehters* under section two hundred and forty-four, and the boundaries within which they are to be performed;
- (e) the management and charges for places provided for slaughter-houses under section two hundred and eighty-eight;
- (f) the inspection and management of, and conduct of, business in markets and slaughter-houses, and the keeping the same in a proper and cleanly state;
- (g) the inspection of places used for any of the purposes mentioned in section two hundred and ninety-seven, and the management and conduct of business within the same;
- (h) the inspection and management of burial and burning grounds;
- (i) and generally for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

341. The Commissioners may from time to time repeal, alter, or add to their bye-laws.

And to repeal or alter them.

342. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government.

Bye-laws and alterations of them to be confirmed by Local Government.

343. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes at least three times, nor till one month has elapsed from the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law, or the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be kept at the office of the Commissioners; and all persons may at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon inspect such copy without fee.

Bye-laws and alterations of them to be published before confirmation.

344. Every bye-law and every repeal or alteration of, or addition to any bye-law, when confirmed, shall be published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and a copy thereof in English and Bengalee shall be painted or placed on boards which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the office of the Commissioners.

After confirmation bye-laws to be published in Gazette.

345. Whoever infringes any bye-law made and confirmed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Penalty.

CHAPTER XVII.

OF PROSECUTIONS.

346. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the punishment of any person offending against any of the provisions of this Act, and for the recovery of any fines imposed under this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecutions and proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

Commissioners may direct prosecutions.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall preclude any person from instituting a prosecution for nuisance, or from giving information and instituting a prosecution under the next succeeding section.

347. Every prosecution under this Act, except as provided in section three hundred and forty-nine, may be instituted before any Justice of the Peace;

Prosecutions to be before a Justice of the Peace.

and every fine imposed under this Act may be recovered by a summary proceeding before any Justice of the Peace upon an information exhibited by order of the Commissioners,

and in default of payment of such fine, the same may be levied under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace by distress and sale of the moveable property of the offender, with all such

powers for the issuing of such warrant, and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

And if the fine cannot be so levied, the offender may be punished by such Justice of the Peace with rigorous or simple imprisonment, as defined in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term not exceeding two months.

348. Whenever any prosecution shall be instituted before any Justice of the Peace under this Act, he may summon the person charged to appear at a time and place to be mentioned in the summons; and if such person shall not so appear, such Justice of the Peace may, upon proof of service of the summons, if no sufficient cause shall be shown for the non-appearance of the person charged, proceed to hear and determine the case in his absence.

Procedure on prosecution.

Such Justice of the Peace may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning, and enforcement of the attendance, of witnesses, and the production of documents, as are conferred on a Magistrate by the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the procedure of the Police Magistrates' Courts in Calcutta.

349. Every prosecution under section forty-one shall be instituted before such Magistrate or Court as would have jurisdiction to entertain a charge of the nature described in section 161 of the Indian Penal Code.

Prosecution under section forty-one to be instituted as under Penal Code.

350. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine is imposed under this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder, or, if he make no award to the informer, the whole of such fine, to be paid to the Municipal Fund.

How a Justice may award a fine.

351. No person shall be liable to any fine under this Act for any offence cognizable by a Justice of the Peace unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace, within two months next after the commission of such offence:

Complaint to be made within two months of the offence.

Provided that the failure to take out any license under this Act shall be deemed to be a continuing offence until the expiration of the period for which such license is required to be taken out.

352. If through any act, neglect, or default on account whereof any person shall have been fined under this Act, any damage to the property of the Commissioners shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage as well as to pay such fine;

Person doing damage to the property of the Commissioners to make good the same.

and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom such person has been fined;

and on default of payment of the amount of such damage on demand, the same may be levied in the same manner as a fine.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OF THE RECOVERY OF DAMAGES AND EXPENSES.

353. Where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount and, if necessary, the apportionment of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by the Court of Small Causes.

Provided that when any work is executed by the Commissioners under this Act in default of the owner or occupier of the house or land doing such work, the expenses thereby incurred may be recovered by the Commissioners as a rate under Chapter VI.

354. In any case which is to be determined by the Court of Small Causes under this Act, the said Court may, on the application of either party, summon the other party to appear at a time and place to be named in such summons.

Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, the said Court may hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, may examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such inquiry shall be in the discretion of the said Court which shall determine the amount thereof.

355. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Court, by distress and sale of the moveable property of such party; and the surplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose property shall have been distrained.

356. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER XIX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

357. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for any thing done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners, or at the place of abode of such person, stating the cause of suit, and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff.

Unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such suit shall be commenced within three months next after accrual of the right to sue, and not afterwards.

If any person to whom any such notice of suit is given shall, before the suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by leave of the court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into court.

358. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers, or servants under this Act.

359. When any license is granted under section two hundred and forty-two or two hundred and eighty-seven authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under section two hundred and ten for putting up any projection, the Commissioners may charge a fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such license or permission.

When permission is given under section one hundred and ninety-nine to make any temporary erection, the Commissioners may charge a daily fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such permission.

360. When permission is given under section two hundred and thirteen or section two hundred and seventy-two, the Commissioners may charge rent for any land made use of in pursuance of such permission.

361. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall, at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

362. Whoever fails to produce his license when required to do so as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

363. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed,

or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or at his place of business with some clerk of the office,

or if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode,

or of his place of business,

or of the house or land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

364. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any house or land, such notice addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such house or land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any house or land to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family,

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post in a registered cover addressed to his place of abode, and the same shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the house or land in respect of which the notice is served.

365. Whenever any work is required by this Act to be executed by the owner or occupier of any house or land, and default is made in the execution of such work, the Commissioners, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and in default of payment thereof the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI.

366. If the defaulter, as mentioned in the last preceding section, be the owner of any house or land, the Commissioners may, by way of additional remedy, whether any suit or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then, or at any time thereafter, occupies the house or land under such owner, and in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI;

and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to the owner, so much as is so paid by, or recovered from, him in respect of any such expenses.

367. No occupier of any house or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the house or land in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon a requisition made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable,

but nothing in this section shall affect any special contract made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

368. Whenever default is made by the owner of any house or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such house or land may, with the approval of the Commissioners, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

369. If the occupier of any house or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of any house or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace may, in writing, require such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such house or land, as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect;

and if after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, every such owner, during the continuance of the refusal, shall be discharged from liability to any fines to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of default in executing such works.

370. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, fails to comply with any requisition made by a Justice of the Peace under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

371. No tax or rate on property made under this Act shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in any such tax or rate, or any assessment of value for the purpose of making such tax or rate, if the property rated or assessed is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

372. Whenever the Commissioners shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which under sections two hundred, two hundred and seventy-four, two hundred and seventy-six, and two hundred and seventy-eight, the owners of any houses or lands are required to execute, the Commissioners may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners, for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period not exceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered as rates under Chapter VI.

373. All police officers shall give immediate information to the Commissioners of any offence committed against this Act.

Police officers to report offences to Commissioners and to arrest unknown offenders.

Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him,

or if such person decline to give his name and address,

or if the police officer shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given.

And such person may be detained at the station house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained, or may be brought up at once before a Justice of the Peace.

374. If the Local Government shall have determined that any portion of the environs of the town shall be included in the system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the Local Government shall have declared the boundaries thereof by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then sections two hundred and fifteen to two hundred and thirty-four, both inclusive, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared;

Certain provisions of this Act extended.

and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by the Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by any Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all fines payable in respect of such sections, and under this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

375. Houses used exclusively for purposes of public worship shall be exempt from all rates and taxes which under this Act may be imposed upon houses and land within the town.

Houses used for public worship exempt from rates and taxes.

376. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to

Saving clause.

(a) render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which, but for this Act, would by law be deemed to be a nuisance:

(b) exempt any person guilty of nuisance from a suit in respect thereof:

(c) affect any enactment not hereby expressly repealed.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

(See Section 13.)

Ward No. 1.—Bounded on the north and east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; south by Grey Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 2.—Bounded on the north by the Mahratta Ditch; west by river Hooghly; south

by Nimtollah Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 3.—Bounded on the north by Ooltadgingee Main Road, the Mahratta Ditch, and Grey Street; south by Beadon Street and Halshi Bagan Road; west by Upper Chitpore Road; east by Mahratta Ditch.

Ward No. 4.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; west by Cornwallis Street.

Ward No. 5.—Bounded on the north by Nimtollah Ghât Street; south by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 6.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Cornwallis Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 7.—Bounded on the north by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; south by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square North, and Fairlie Place; east by Lower Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 8.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by College Street; west by Lower Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 9.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by Upper Circular Road; west by College Street.

Ward No. 10.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Wellington Street; west by Bentinck Street.

Ward No. 11.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellington Street.

Ward No. 12.—Bounded on the north by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square, and Fairlie Place; south by Esplanade Row; east by Bentinck Street; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 13.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by Kyd Street, Free School Street, and South Culinga Street; east by Wellesley Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 14.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by South Culinga Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street.

Ward No. 15.—Bounded on the north by South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street and Wood Street.

Ward No. 16.—Bounded on the north by Kyd Street and South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Wellesley Street and Wood Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 17.—Bounded on the north by Theatre Road; south by Lower Circular Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Jail Road.

Ward No. 18.—Bounded on the north by Clyde Row; south by Tolly's Nullah Road; east by Kidderpore Bridge Road; west by Strand Road.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See Section 65.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

	Per half-year.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	12	0	0
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.			
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse, or pony, or mule, or a pair of ponies or mules under thirteen hands ...	6	0	0
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first two-thirds of the above rate.			
For every two-wheeled carriage	6	0	0
For every horse (not a race horse), pony, or mule ...	6	0	0
For every race horse ...	12	0	0
For every pony or mule under thirteen hands ...	2	0	0

NOTE.—Animals under eleven hands in height, and carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See Section 75.)

LICENSE ON PROFESSIONS, TRADES, AND CALLINGS.

Class I.

	Yearly.
	Rs.
Every Joint Stock Company ...	100

Class II.

Every merchant, banker, shroff, banian, wholesale trader, and commission agent, and every practising surgeon, physician, dentist, architect, civil engineer, builder, contractor, carrying company, barrister, attorney, proctor, notary public and pleader of the High Court,	50
Every owner or farmer of a hant or bazar ...	
Every owner of cotton, jute, hide, or other screws, and every auctioneer ...	
Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, shop-keeper, plumber, gasfitter, manufacturer, or retail trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at one hundred rupees a month or upwards ...	

Class III.

Every broker or dalall employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of imports or exports, country produce, silk, or other merchandize ...	25
Every broker or dealer in precious stones, house, landed property, Government securities, shares, and bills of exchange, and every freight broker ...	

Class III.—(Continued.)

Yearly.
Rs.

Every practising licentiate of medicine, apothecary, and veterinary surgeon ...	25
Every owner of a dispensary, spirit or liquor shop, or shop for the sale of intoxicating drugs, and punch house, or billiard room, wholesale tobacco or jute depôt	
Every owner of a steam ferry boat or cargo boat ...	
Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, plumber, gas-fitter, carriage and horse-dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer, or trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above twenty-five rupees, but at less than one hundred rupees a month ...	
Every pawn-broker, money-lender, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under section two hundred and ninety-one or licensed under section two hundred and ninety-two ...	
Every pleader, mookhtear, or law agent, not included in Class II ...	

Class IV.

Every hotel-keeper, boarding and lodging-house-keeper, owner of a carriage or a palanquin let out for hire, plumber, gas-fitter, band supplier, carrier, stamp vendor, carriage or horse dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer or trader whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above ten rupees but at less than twenty-five rupees a month, ...	12
Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a chowk. ...	
Every poddar or money changer ...	
Every hakeem and koberaj, practising native doctor ...	
Every order supplier, cooly supplier, shipping agent, or boat supplier ...	

Class V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every dalall not included in Class III ...	4
Every pedlar, hawker, boxwallah, and midwife ...	

Class VI.

All itinerant dealers hawking goods for sale in baskets or trays ...	1
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NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Commissioners, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered payment by the firm.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 122.)

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

TAKE notice that the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta demand from you the sum of due from* [you] as owner (or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed) for the months of 187 ; and that if the sum due, together with for this notice, is not paid into the office of the said Commissioners at

or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shown to the Commissioners within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L.S.) (Signature of the Chairman,
Vice-Chairman or Secretary).

Date_____

* In the case of a demand on the occupier of a house under section one hundred and twenty-six, state that notice of demand has been served upon the owner, and that the sum due remains unpaid.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 122.)

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To (here insert the name of the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

WHEREAS of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for the rates (or taxes) (or taxes and rates) mentioned in the margin for the months of (

187 although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said

and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This to is command you to distrain the moveable property of the said (or as the case may

be any moveable property found on the premises referred to) to the amount of the said sum of

rupees, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if within seven days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said moveable property; and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said moveable property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the moveable property of the said , you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(L.S.) (Signature of the Chairman,
Vice-Chairman or Secretary.)

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 123.)

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

TAKE notice that I have this day seized the moveable property specified in the above Inventory for the sum of rupees due for the rates (or, taxes) mentioned in the margin, for the months of 187 ; and that unless you pay into the Office of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta the amount due, together with the costs of this distress within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the said property will be sold.

(Signature of the Officer executing
the Warrant of Distress.)

Date_____

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE IN DISTRAINTS.

(See Section 124.)

Sum distrained for.	Fee.	
	Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees	0	4
5 and under 10 Rupees	0	8
10 " 15 "	1	0
15 " 20 "	1	8
20 " 30 "	2	0
30 " 40 "	3	0
40 " 50 "	4	0
50 " 60 "	5	0
60 " 70 "	6	0
70 " 80 "	7	0
80 " 90 "	8	0
90 " 100 "	9	0
Above 100	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 335.)

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

The Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta.
Calcutta, the 187

No.

By virtue of the Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act, 1876, we, the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta incorporated under the said Act, in consideration of the sum of rupees paid to us by A. B. of promise to pay to the said or order the said sum of rupees after the date hereof, together with interest thereon at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half-yearly, on the day of and the day of

(Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman and two Commissioners.)

EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171 and 172.)

18

BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

NINTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171, 172, 174 and 177.).

18

DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

TENTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 2.)

ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VI of 1863 ...	Calcutta Municipal Affairs	So much as has not been repealed.
Sec. 49 of III of 1864.	District Municipal Improvement	So far as the same applies to Suburbs and Howrah.
VII of 1865 ...	Slaughter-houses	So far as the same applies to Suburbs.
IX of 1865 ...	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
VI of 1866 ...	Further amendment of Bengal Acts VI of 1863	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1867 ...	Explanation of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
IX of 1867 ..	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863 and VI of 1866	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1867 ...	Pauper Hospital and Calcutta Police	The whole Act.
V of 1868 ...	Subjecting a portion of Hastings to the Calcutta Municipal Acts.	The whole Act.
I of 1870 ...	Calcutta Water-rate	The whole Act.
VI of 1871 ...	Modifying and amending the constitution of the corporation of the Justices of the Peace for Calcutta	The whole Act.
VIII of 1871 ..	Markets	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1872 ...	Extending borrowing powers of the Justices and providing for the repayment of the municipal debt.	The whole Act.
II of 1874 ...	Markets	The whole Act.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. VIII OF 1876.

THE NATIVE PASSENGER SHIPS' ACT, 1876.

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SCHEDULE.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

- Short title. 1. This Act may be called "The Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."
2. It extends to the whole of British India and applies—
- Extent and application of Act. (a) to all subjects of Her Majesty within the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty;
- (b) to all Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty without and beyond British India; and,

(c) subject to the exceptions mentioned in the subsequent part of this section, to vessels carrying more than thirty passengers, being Natives of Asia or Africa.

Nothing herein contained applies—

(d) to any Ship-of-War or Transport belonging to, or in the service of, Her Majesty;

(e) to any Ship-of-War belonging to any Foreign Prince or State;

(f) to any sailing vessel not carrying as passengers more than thirty Natives of Asia or Africa;

(g) to any steamer not carrying as passengers more than sixty of such Natives;

(h) to any sailing vessel or steamer not intended to convey passengers to or from any port in British India.

3. This Act shall come into force on such day as the Governor-General in Council directs by notification in the *Gazette of India*.

4. On and from that day the Acts specified in the Schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed.

But all ports, places and officers appointed, and all certificates granted, under any of such Acts, shall be deemed to be respectively appointed and granted under this Act;

and the last clause of section one of Act No. II of 1860 (*to amend the law relating to the Carriage of Passengers by Sea*) shall be read as follows:—

"Voyages from ports in British India to ports in the Red Sea or Persian Gulf, under the Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876."

Interpretation-clause.

5. In this Act—
the expression "Magistrate" means a person exercising powers not inferior to those of a Magistrate of the second class, and includes a Justice of the Peace, and, at the port of Aden, the Political Resident and his Assistants:

the expression "ship" includes every description of vessel used in navigation not propelled by oars:

the expression "Master" includes every person (other than a pilot) having command or charge of a ship:

the expression "Passenger" means a person above the age of twelve years, or two persons between the ages of one year and twelve years; but it does not include a person in attendance on another person who is not a Native of Asia or Africa, nor a child under one year of age:

the expression "voyage" means the whole distance between the ship's port of departure and her final port of arrival:

the expression "long voyage" means any voyage during which the ship performing it will under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours or upwards continuously out of port:

the expression "short voyage" means any voyage during which the ship performing it will never under ordinary circumstances be one hundred and twenty hours continuously out of port :

Illustration.

A ship starts from port A, and is destined finally to arrive at port B, between which ports the ordinary distance is ten days: but she is to touch at four intermediate ports, no one of which is under ordinary circumstances more than five days from the next one. This is a short voyage.

the expression "Chief Officer of Customs" means the executive officer of highest rank in the Department of Customs in any port to which this Act applies.

CHAPTER II.

RULES FOR ALL VOYAGES.

6. No ship carrying passengers shall depart or proceed from, or shall discharge passengers at, any port or place within British India other than such ports and places as the Local Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf :

and after any ship has departed or proceeded upon any voyage from a port or place so appointed, no person shall be received on board as a passenger, except at some other port or place so appointed.

7. The master, owner, or agent of every ship so departing or proceeding shall give notice to an officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government that the ship is to carry native passengers, and of her destination, and of the proposed time of sailing.

Such notice shall be given not less than twenty-four hours before such time.

8. After receiving such notice, the officer aforesaid, or any person authorized by him, shall be at liberty at all times to enter and inspect the ship and the fittings, provisions, and stores therein.

9. No ship intended to carry passengers shall commence any voyage from any port or place appointed under this Act unless the Master holds two certificates to the effect herein-after mentioned.

And the officer of Government whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance for such ship shall not grant the same unless the Master holds such certificates.

10. The first of such certificates (hereinafter called 'certificate A') shall state that the ship is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated, and the number of passengers that she is capable of carrying.

11. The second of such certificates (hereinafter called 'certificate B') shall state—

(a) the voyage which the ship is intended to make, and the intermediate ports (if any) at which she is intended to touch ;

(b) that she has the proper complement of officers and seamen ;

(c) that provisions, fuel and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things (if any) prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section ;

(d) that the Master holds certificate A ;

(e) if she is intended to make a short voyage in a season of foul weather, and to carry upper-deck passengers, that she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather ;

(f) such other particulars (if any) as may for the time being be required for such ship under this Act.

12. The person by whom certificate B is to be granted shall in all cases be the officer referred to in section seven.

13. The person by whom certificate A is to be granted shall be the officer aforesaid, except that, if the Master of a ship produce to such officer either of the following certificates (namely)—

(a) a valid certificate granted by the Board of Trade or by any British Colonial Government ;

(b) a certificate granted under the authority of any British Indian Government, and dated not more than six months before the proposed day of sailing,

and if the particulars required by section ten are certified thereby,

such officer may take any such certificate as evidence of such particulars, and it shall then be a valid certificate for the purposes of this Act.

14. After receiving the notice required by section seven, the officer aforesaid may, if he think fit, cause the ship to be surveyed at the expense of the master or owner by competent surveyors, who shall report to him whether the ship is, in their opinion, seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated for her intended voyage :

Provided that he shall not cause any ship holding any certificate mentioned in section thirteen, clause (a) or clause (b), to be surveyed unless, from the ship having met with damage or having undergone alterations, or on other reasonable ground, he considers it likely that she may be found unseaworthy or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage.

If the officer aforesaid causes a survey to be made of any vessel holding any such certificate, and if the surveyors report that the vessel is seaworthy and properly equipped, fitted, and ventilated for her intended voyage, and that there was no reasonable ground why the officer aforesaid should have thought it likely that she would be found unseaworthy, or not properly equipped, fitted, or ventilated for her intended voyage, the expense of the survey shall be paid by the Local Government.

15. The officer authorized to grant a certificate under this Act in respect of any ship shall not grant the same unless he is satisfied that she has not on board any cargo likely from its quality, quantity, or mode of stowage, to prejudice the health or safety of the passengers.

But, save as aforesaid, and subject to the provisions of section sixteen, the grant or withholding of a certificate under this chapter shall in all cases be in the discretion of the officer aforesaid.

16. In the exercise of such discretion such officer shall be subject to the control of the Local Government, or of any intermediate authority which that Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf.

17. The Owner or Master shall put up in a conspicuous part of the ship, so as to be visible to persons on board the same, a copy of each of the said certificates granted by an officer appointed under this Act in respect of the ship, and shall keep such copies in such position during the voyage.

18. The requirements of this Act respecting the supply of provisions for passengers shall not, except as to the supply of water, be applicable to any passenger who has contracted to furnish his own provisions, and who has, in the opinion of such officer as the Local Government appoints in this behalf, actually furnished such provisions of the quality and to the amount for the time being prescribed by rules made under section forty-six.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR SHORT VOYAGES.

19. For seasons of fair weather every ship performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least six superficial feet and thirty-six cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and six superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by sails and performing a short voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger,

and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and twelve superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

For seasons of foul weather every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a short voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every intermediate or between-decks passenger, and shall contain on the upper-deck at least four superficial feet for each such passenger and nine superficial feet for each upper-deck passenger.

But in such seasons no ship shall carry upper-deck passengers unless she is furnished with substantial bulwarks and a double awning or other sufficient protection against the weather.

20. If any ship performing a short voyage takes any additional passengers on board at any intermediate port or place, the Master shall obtain a supplementary certificate from the proper officer at such port, stating—

(a) the number of passengers so taken on board, and,

(b) that provisions, fuel, and pure water (over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for the ship by rule under section forty-six) have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the total number of passengers on board during the declared duration of the intended voyage, according to the scale for the time being prescribed by rule under the same section.

Provided that, if the certificate B held by the Master of such ship states that provisions, fuel, and pure water, over and above what is necessary for the crew, and the other things, if any, prescribed for her by rule under section forty-six, have been placed on board, of the quality prescribed by rule under the same section, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the full number of passengers that she is capable of carrying, the Master shall not be bound to obtain any such supplementary certificate.

21. When the ship reaches her final port of arrival, the Master shall notify to such officer as the Governor-General in Council may appoint in this behalf the date and supposed cause of death of every passenger dying on the voyage.

CHAPTER IV.

RULES FOR LONG VOYAGES.

22. Every ship propelled by sails and performing a long voyage shall contain in the between-decks at least twelve superficial feet and seventy-two cubic feet of space for every passenger.

Every ship propelled by steam, or partly by steam and partly by sails, and performing a long voyage, shall contain in the between-decks at least nine superficial feet and fifty-four cubic feet of space for every passenger.

23. The Master of every such ship, before departing or proceeding on any long voyage from any port or place in British India, shall sign two statements, specifying the number and the respective sexes of all the passengers, and stating the number of the crew; and shall deliver them to the officer last aforesaid, who shall thereupon (after having first satisfied himself that the numbers are correct) countersign and return to the Master one of such statements.

24. The Master shall note in writing on such last mentioned statement, and on any additional statement to be made under the next following section, the date and supposed cause of death of any passenger who may die on the voyage, and shall forthwith, on the arrival of the ship at her destination or at any port at which it may be intended to land passengers, and before any passengers are landed, produce the statement, with any additions thereto made, to any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty at the port of arrival if it be a foreign port, or to the Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act to receive such statements, at any port or place at which it is intended to land the passengers or any of them.

25. If, after the ship has departed or proceeded on any long voyage, any additional passengers are taken on board at a port or place within British India appointed under this Act for the embarkation of passengers, or if such ship upon her voyage touch or arrive at any such port, having previously received on board additional passengers at any place without British India,

the Master shall obtain a fresh certificate to the effect of certificate B from the proper officer at such port, and shall make additional statements specifying the number and the respective sexes of all such additional passengers;

and all the provisions hereinbefore contained in that behalf shall be applicable to any certificate granted or statement made under this section.

26. In the case of every ship sailing from any port within British India to any port in the Red Sea, the officer whose duty it is to grant a port clearance for any such ship shall not grant such clearance unless and until the owner, agent, or master of such ship and two sureties resident in British India have, by a joint and several bond become bound unto the Secretary of State for India in Council in the penal sum of five thousand rupees for the purpose of binding the ship to touch at Aden on the outward voyage, and there to obtain a clean bill of health and to do the same on the homeward voyage if she continue (being propelled by sails) to carry more than thirty passengers, or (being propelled by steam, or partly by steam, and partly by sails) to carry more than sixty passengers.

27. Every ship carrying more than thirty passengers being natives of Asia or Africa, and sailing from any port in British India to any port in the Red Sea,

or sailing from any port in the Red Sea to any port in British India,

shall touch at Aden, and shall not leave that port without having obtained from the proper authority a clean bill of health.

28. No bill of health shall be granted under section twenty-six or section twenty-seven in case the ship has on board a greater number of passengers than in the proportion prescribed for her by this Act.

CHAPTER V.

PENALTIES.

29. If any ship departs or proceeds upon a voyage from, or discharges passengers at, any port or place within British India in contravention of the provisions of section six or section nine,

or if any person is received as a passenger on board a ship in contravention of the provisions of the second clause of section six,

the Owner or Master shall, for every passenger conveyed in such ship, or for every passenger so discharged or received on board, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both;

and the ship, if found within two years in any port within British India, may be seized and detained by any Chief Officer of Customs until the penalties incurred under this Act by her owner or Master have been adjudicated, and the payment of the fines imposed on him under this Act, with all costs, has been enforced, under the provisions hereinafter contained.

30. Any person impeding or refusing to allow the entry or inspection authorized under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for each offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

31. Any Owner or Master wilfully failing to comply with the requirements of section seventeen, as to copies of certificates, shall, for every such failure, be liable to fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

32. Any Master failing to comply with any of the requirements of section twenty-three or section twenty-four, as to the statement of passengers,

or wilfully making any false entry or note in or on any such statement,

or wilfully failing to obtain any such supplementary certificate as is mentioned in section twenty, or to report deaths as required by section twenty-one,

or to obtain any such fresh certificate, or to make any such statement of the number of additional passengers as is mentioned in section twenty-five, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both.

33. Any Master who, after having obtained any of the certificates mentioned in section nine or section twenty, or section twenty-five, fraudulently does, or suffers to be done, anything whereby such certificate becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the ship, her passengers, or other matters to which such certificate relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

34. Any Master wilfully, and without satisfactory excuse, omitting to supply to any passenger the allowance of food, fuel, and water prescribed by rule made under this Act and for the time being in force, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every passenger who has sustained detriment by such omission.

35. The Master of any ship described in section twenty-seven who wilfully fails to touch at Aden, or leaves that port without having obtained the bill of health therein mentioned, shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

36. If any ship has on board any number of passengers which, having regard to the time of the year and other circumstances, is greater than the number allowed by the certificate, or, if arriving from a port where no certificate could be procured, has on board a number of passengers exceeding the number allowed by this Act for such ship, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger over and above the number allowed by the certificate, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and the Master shall further be liable for each of such passengers to imprisonment not exceeding one week: Provided that the total term of imprisonment awarded under this section shall in no case exceed six months.

Any officer authorized in this behalf by the Local Government may cause all passengers over and above such number to disembark, and may forward them to any port of British India, and may recover the cost of so forwarding them from the Owner or Master of the ship as if such cost was a fine imposed under this Act, and a certificate under the hand of such officer shall be conclusive evidence of the amount of the cost aforesaid.

37. If any ship bringing native passengers from any port or place beyond British India into any port or place in British India, has on board a greater number of passengers than in the proportion prescribed by section nineteen, section twenty-two, or section forty-nine (as the case may be), or than the number allowed by the license or certificate (if any, granted in respect of such ship at her port or place of departure, the Owner and Master shall, for every passenger in excess of such proportion or of the number so allowed, be each liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

38. If the Master of any ship to which this Act applies lands any passenger at any port or place other than the port or place at which he may have contracted to land, unless with his previous consent, or unless such landing is made necessary by perils of the sea or other unavoidable accident, the Master shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding a month, or to both.

Procedure.

39. All offences against this Act shall be punishable in a summary manner by a Magistrate.

If the person on whom any fine is imposed under this Act is the Master or Owner of a ship, and the fine is not paid at the time and in the manner prescribed by the order of payment, the Magistrate may, in addition to the ordinary means prescribed by law for enforcing payment, direct by warrant the amount remaining unpaid to be levied by distress and sale of the said ship, her tackle, furniture, and apparel.

40. For the purpose of the adjudication of penalties under this Act, every offence against its provisions shall be deemed to have been committed within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the place where the offender is found.

41. The penalties to which Masters and Owners of ships are made liable by this Act shall be enforced only by information laid at the instance of the officers appointed to grant certificates under this Act; or, at any port or place where there is no such officer, at the instance of the Chief Officer of Customs.

42. Any Magistrate imposing any fine under this Act may, if he thinks fit, direct the whole or any part thereof to be applied in compensating any person for any detriment which he may have sustained by the act or default in respect of which such fine is imposed, or in or towards payment of the expenses of the proceedings.

43. Whenever, in the course of any legal proceeding under this Act, the testimony of any witness is required in relation to the subject-matter of such proceeding, any deposition that he may have previously made in relation to the same subject-matter before any Justice or Magistrate in Her Majesty's dominions (including all parts of India other than those subject to the same Local Government as the port or place where such proceedings are instituted), or any British consular officer elsewhere, shall be admissible in evidence on due proof that such witness cannot be found within the jurisdiction of the Court in which such proceeding is instituted:

Provided that such deposition shall not be admissible unless

(a) it is authenticated by the signature of the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer;

(b) it was made in the presence of the person accused, and

(c) the fact that it was so made is certified by the Justice, Magistrate, or consular officer.

It shall not be necessary in any case to prove the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed any such deposition; and in any criminal proceeding such certificate as aforesaid shall, unless the contrary is proved, be sufficient evidence of the accused having been present in manner thereby certified.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44. The Chief Officer of Customs, or the officer (if any) appointed under this Act, at any port or place within British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches or arrives, shall, with advertence to the provisions herein contained, send any particulars which he may deem important respecting the ship and the passengers conveyed therein to the officer at the port from which the ship commenced her voyage, and also to the officer at any other port within British India where the passengers or any of them embarked.

And any officer appointed under this Act may, at any port or place in British India at which any ship to which this Act applies touches, board such ship and inspect her in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act as to the number of passengers and otherwise have been complied with.

45. In any proceeding for the adjudication of any penalty incurred under this Act, any document purporting to be a report of such particulars or a copy of the proceedings of any Court of Justice duly authenticated, and also any like document purporting to be made and signed by any person lawfully exercising consular authority on behalf of Her Majesty in any foreign port, shall be received in evidence, if the same appears to have been officially transmitted to any officer at or near the place where the proceeding under this Act is had.

46. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act, to regulate, in the case of any ship or class of ships to which this Act applies, all or any of the following matters:—

(a) the scale on which provisions, fuel and water are to be supplied to the passengers and the quality of such provisions, fuel and water;

(b) the medical stores and other appliances and fittings for maintaining health, cleanliness, and decency to be provided on board;

(c) the boats, anchors and cables to be provided on board;

(d) the instruments for purposes of navigation to be supplied;

(e) the apparatus for the purpose of extinguishing fires on board and the precautions to be taken to prevent such fires;

(f) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

All such rules shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

47. The Local Government shall appoint such persons as it thinks fit to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Act.

48. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, what shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this Act, "seasons of fair weather" and "seasons of foul weather," and for sailing vessels and steamers respectively, a "long voyage" and a "short voyage."

49. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time direct, in the case of any ship or class of ships, and for all or any voyages to which this Act applies, the number of superficial or of cubic feet of space to be contained for the passengers, and such direction shall override the provisions of sections nineteen and twenty-two so far as they apply to such ship or class of ships.

SCHEDULE.

(See Section 4.)

Number and year.	Title.
XXV of 1859	An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.
XII of 1870	An Act for the regulation of Native Passenger Ships, and of Steam Vessels intended to convey Passengers on coasting voyages.
XII of 1872	An Act to amend Act XII of 1870 (<i>The Native Passenger Ships' Act</i>).
Madras Act II of 1862.	An Act to extend the provisions of Act XXV of 1859, entitled An Act to prevent the overcrowding of Vessels carrying Native Passengers in the Bay of Bengal.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 28th March 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No IX of 1876.

An Act to enable the Government of India to declare certain coins of Native States to be a legal tender in British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable the Governor-General in Council to declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in certain coins made for or issued by Native States, shall be a legal tender in British India; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called "The Native Coinage Act, 1876" :
Short Title.

It extends to the whole of
Local extent. British India ;

And it shall come into
Commencement. force at once.

2. In this Act "Native State" means any State in India which is under the protection or political control of Her Majesty, or of which the Government shall have acknowledged the supremacy of the British Crown.
Interpretation clause.

3. Subject to the provisions of section four, the Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in the coins, or the coins of any specified metal, made under this Act for any Native State, shall be a legal tender in British India ;
Power to declare that the coins of a Native State shall be legal tender.

and the provisions of the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, shall apply to the coins to which such notification refers, so far as such provisions are applicable thereto, and save as expressly provided by such notification.

4. The power conferred by the first clause of section three shall be exercisable only when the coins referred to in such notification comply with the following conditions (that is to say)—
When such power may be exercised.

in the case of coins of gold, silver, or bronze,

(a) their fineness is identical with that for the time being prescribed by law for coins of the Government of India of the same metal ;

in the case of coins, whether of gold, silver, bronze, or copper,

(b) they are identical in weight with some coins of the Government of India of the same metal, which may for the time being be legally coined at any mint of the Government of India, or bear such relation thereto as is approved by the Governor-General in Council ;

(c) the devices upon their obverse and reverse differ from the devices on coins now made or issued by any such Native State, and have been approved by the Governor-General in Council ;

(d) upon each of such coins its value in money of the Government of India is inscribed in the English language ;

(e) the Native State for which they are coined has undertaken to abstain during a term of not less than thirty years from the date of the notification from coining in its own mint gold, silver, bronze, or copper, as the case may be, and has also undertaken that no coins resembling coins for the time being a legal tender in British India shall, after the expiration of the said term, be struck under its authority or with its permission at any place within or without its jurisdiction ;

(f) such State has formally declared that a tender of payment of money, if made in coins of the Government of India of the same metal, shall in the territories subject to such State be a legal tender in the cases in which payment made in such coins would, under the law for the time being in force, be a legal tender in British India ;

(g) such State has also agreed that the law and rules for the time being in force respecting the cutting and breaking of coin of the Government of India reduced in weight by reasonable wearing or otherwise, or counterfeit, or called in by proclamation, shall apply to the coins made for such State under this Act, and that it will defray the cost of cutting and breaking them ; and

(h) such State has also agreed not to issue the same coins below their nominal value, and not to allow any discount or other advantage to any person in order to bring them into circulation.

5. It shall be lawful for any such State to send to any mint in British India metal to be made into coin under this Act ; and, subject to the Mint Rules for the time being in force, and to the provisions hereinafter contained, the Mint-Master shall receive such metal and convert it into coin, provided that it be fit for coinage.
Native States authorised to send metal to British India mint for coinage.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to entitle any such State to have coins made under this Act at any mint of the Government of India of any metal which is not for the time being legally coined at such mint.

6. The Governor-General in Council may impose on any metal sent to a mint for coinage under this Act the duty (if any) leviable on the same metal under the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, and also a charge sufficient to defray the expenses of coinage over and above the expenses of assay and refining ; and the Mint-Master shall coin such metal at the charge so imposed.
Power to impose a charge for coinage.

7. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, with reference to the reasonable requirements of the population of any Native State, fix the maximum number of any coins of any particular metal that shall be coined under this Act.

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WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[First Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 11th April 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XI OF 1876.

THE PRESIDENCY BANKS ACT, 1876.

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SCHEDULE.

An Act for constituting and regulating the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

WHEREAS the Bank of Bengal is now constituted and regulated by Act No. IV of 1862, as amended by Acts No. VI of 1862 and No. XIX of 1870, and its capital consists of twenty-two millions of rupees, in shares of one thousand rupees each ;

And whereas the Bank of Madras is now constituted and regulated by Madras Act No. VI of 1866, as amended by Madras Act No. I of 1871, and its capital consists of five millions six hundred and twenty-five thousand rupees, in shares of one thousand rupees each ;

And whereas a Bank named the Bank of Bombay was constituted and regulated by Bombay Act No. X of 1863, as amended by Bombay Acts No. XV of 1866 and No. I of 1867 ; but such Bank has been wound up and the said Bombay Acts are now obsolete and should be expressly repealed ;

And whereas on the tenth day of December 1867, a joint-stock Banking Company was registered and incorporated at Bombay, by virtue of the Indian Companies' Act, 1866, under the name of "The New Bank of Bombay, Limited," with a Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association then also registered, and prescribing the constitution and regulations for the management of such Bank ;

And whereas the Government of India now holds two thousand two hundred shares in the said Bank of Bengal, and five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares in the said Bank of Madras ; and, under the provisions of the said Acts, No. IV of 1862 and Madras Act No. VI of 1866, is bound to appoint, and has power to remove, certain of the directors of the said Banks of Bengal and Madras respectively, and has also power to give a proxy to any person whom the Governor General in Council may appoint, to attend and vote at any meeting of the proprietors of each of the same Banks ;

And whereas the Government of India has determined to sell its said shares and to surrender its said powers ; and it is expedient to relieve the said Government from the said duty of appointing directors, and to repeal the said enactments and to consolidate such of them as relate to the said Banks of Bengal and Madras respectively with the changes rendered necessary or desirable by such sale, surrender and relief ;

And whereas it is expedient to reduce the said capital of the Bank of Bengal by two millions of rupees and to reduce the said capital of the Bank of Madras by six hundred and twenty-five thousand rupees, and to divide the capital so reduced of each of the same Banks into shares of five hundred rupees each;

And whereas it is expedient that the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, should be reconstituted and regulated, in manner in this Act provided, under the name of the Bank of Bombay;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Presidency Banks Act, 1876;"
Short title.
 And it shall come into force on the first day
Commencement. of May 1876.

2. On and from that day the statute specified in the first part of the
Repeal of enactments. schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof, and the Acts specified in the second, third and fourth parts of the same schedule shall be wholly repealed. But all bye-laws and regulations made under any such Act, and then in force, shall, so far as they are consistent with this Act, be deemed to have been made hereunder.

The references made in the Indian Companies' Act, 1866, to the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, shall be deemed to be made respectively to the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or
Interpretation-clause. context—

"The Bank" means the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay (as the case may be), as constituted and regulated by this Act:

"Capital" means the capital for the time being of the Bank:

"Shares" means the shares for the time being of the capital, and includes also half shares:

"Capital Stock" means that part of the capital into which wholly paid-up shares have been converted or consolidated, and in the case of the Bank of Bengal and the Bank of Madras includes the present consolidated stock of such Banks respectively:

"Registered" means registered in the books of the Bank:

"Shareholders" means the duly registered holders from time to time of the shares of the Bank:

"Proprietors" means the duly registered holders from time to time of the capital stock of the Bank:

"Directors" means the Directors assembled for the purpose of performing any of their functions under this Act:

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted, or, as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board:

"Auditors" and "Secretary" mean those respective officers from time to time of the Bank, and "Secretary" includes a Secretary and Treasurer and a Deputy Secretary:

"General Meeting" means the meeting of proprietors or shareholders or both, held annually under section forty-nine; it includes any adjourned holding thereof:

"Special Meeting" means a meeting of proprietors or shareholders or both, held for the transaction of some particular business specified in the notice convening the meeting; it includes any adjourned holding thereof:

"Special Resolution" means a resolution passed at a special meeting:

"Office" means the office or principal office for the time being of the Bank:

"Goods" includes also bullion, wares and merchandize:

"Presidency of Fort St. George" means the territories now under the government of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council:

"Presidency of Bombay" means the territories now under the government of the Governor of Bombay in Council; and

"Presidency of Fort William" means all the territories in British India other than the Presidency of Fort St. George and the Presidency of Bombay.

CHAPTER II.

CONSTITUTION.

4. The several persons who, when this Act comes into force, are respectively the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras and New Bank of Bombay, Limited (hereinafter called the present Banks), or who shall, at any time thereafter, by virtue of this or any other Act regulating the Bank, become proprietors or shareholders, shall continue and constitute and be bodies corporate with perpetual succession, under the name

in the case of the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Bengal—of "The Bank of Bengal,"

in the case of the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Madras—of "The Bank of Madras,"

and in the case of the shareholders and proprietors of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited—of "The Bank of Bombay,"

and shall respectively possess and enjoy all the rights, powers and immunities incident by law to a corporation aggregate; subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank,

and, in particular, the proprietors of the Bank with limited liability. shall not be liable for its debts and engagements, and the shareholders of the Bank shall be so liable only to the extent of their shares not fully paid up.

The several persons who are then proprietors and shareholders of each of the present Banks of Bengal and Madras, or the executors or administrators of such proprietors and shareholders respectively, shall be entitled to be registered as proprietors and holders of a like quantity of stock and a proportionate number of shares, as is or are then registered in their names respectively, or in the names of the persons whom they represent respectively in the books of each of the said present Banks of Bengal and Madras, two shares in the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act being deemed equivalent to one share in the present Bank of Bengal, and two shares in the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act being deemed equivalent to one share in the present Bank of Madras,

and the several persons who are then shareholders of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, or the executors or administrators of such shareholders respectively, shall be registered as holders of a like number of shares of the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act as are then registered in their names respectively, or in the names of the persons whom they represent respectively, in the books of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited; and all such shares upon which the sum of five hundred rupees has then been paid, shall be deemed to have been fully paid up.

5. All the property, moveable and immoveable, and all the securities, claims and demands, and the benefits of all agreements, of or to which the present Banks are or shall be respectively possessed or entitled, or which shall, or but for this Act might be, on the said first day of May 1876, or might at any time thereafter have been, due to, or claimed by, the said Banks respectively shall, by virtue of this Act, become vested in and devolve upon, and may be claimed, made and recovered by,

in the case of the said Bank of Bengal,—the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act,

in the case of the said Bank of Madras,—the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act,

and in the case of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited,—the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act;

and the Bank shall, from and after the said first day of May 1876, be liable and subject to all debts, claims and demands which shall then be due or claimable from, or which, but for this Act, might be then, or might at any time thereafter, have been due or claimable from or made against the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras or New Bank of Bombay, Limited, as the case may be,

and no suit or legal proceeding then pending by or against the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras or New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall cease, or abate, or become defective, in consequence of this Act, but may be continued and prosecuted by or against the Bank.

6. The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, to the Bank of Bombay by virtue of this Act, shall operate as a winding-up and liquidation of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited.

No shareholder or creditor of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall take any proceedings for winding-up the same under the Indian Companies Act, 1866, or any Act for the time being in force relating to the winding-up of Companies;

and no person shall make, assert or take any claims, demands or proceedings against the same Bank, or the directors or officers thereof, except so far as may be necessary for enforcing the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank of Bombay.

7. The Bank shall sue and be sued by its said corporate name;

and shall use such corporate seal as the directors from time to time appoint;

and may as such body corporate acquire and hold, either absolutely or conditionally, for a term or in perpetuity, any property whatsoever, moveable or immoveable, and transfer, assign and convey the same.

8. The seal of the Bank shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of at least two directors and of the Secretary and Treasurer, who shall sign their names to the instrument in token of their presence, and such signing shall be independent of the signing of any person who may sign the instrument as a witness.

Unless so signed as aforesaid, such instrument shall be of no validity.

9. Contracts may be made on behalf of the Bank as follows:—

(a) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing, and, if made according to English law, to be under seal, may be made on behalf of the Bank in writing under its corporate seal, and such contract may be in the same manner varied or discharged;

(b) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing signed by the parties to be charged therewith, may be made on behalf of the Bank by writing signed by any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Bank, and such contract may in the same manner be varied and discharged;

(c) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would be by law be valid, although made by parol only and not reduced into writing, may

be made by parol on behalf of the Bank by any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Bank, and such contract may in the same manner be varied and discharged;

and all contracts made according to the provisions herein contained shall be effectual in law and shall be binding upon the Bank and other parties thereto and their legal representatives.

CHAPTER III.

CAPITAL.

10. The capital of the Bank of Bengal shall consist of twenty millions of rupees in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to thirty millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Bengal.
The capital of the Bank of Madras shall consist of five millions of rupees, in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to twelve millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Madras.
The capital of the Bank of Bombay shall consist of ten millions of rupees in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to twenty millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Bombay.
11. The capital of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, already created, shall, on the first day of May 1876, constitute the capital of the Bank of Bombay, subject to be increased as aforesaid.

12. Any shareholder may from time to time surrender his wholly paid-up shares, or any of them, to the directors, and demand and receive from the Bank, in lieu thereof, capital stock to the amount represented by the shares so surrendered,

Surrender of paid-up shares for stock.
and any proprietor may from time to time surrender his stock, or any portion thereof, to the directors, and demand and receive from the Bank in lieu thereof shares to the like amount, or as near thereto as practicable.

13. The proprietors and shareholders of the Bank may from time to time by special resolution and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council increase or reduce the capital of the Bank:

Power to increase or reduce capital.
Provided that no such special resolution shall be deemed to have been passed, unless at least one-third in number of the proprietors or shareholders, holding at least one-half of the paid-up capital of the Bank for the time being, be present in person or by proxy, and a majority poll by open voting in favour of the said resolution.

14. When any such special resolution to increase the capital has been passed, the directors may, subject to the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulat-

ing such Bank, and to the special direction (if any) given in reference thereto by the meeting at which such resolution has been passed,

(a) make such orders as they think fit for the opening of subscriptions towards such increase of capital by the proprietors and shareholders;

(b) allow to the proprietors and shareholders such period to fill up the subscription as to the directors seems fit;

(c) prescribe the manner in which the proprietors and shareholders shall subscribe and pay into the Bank the proportions of new capital which they may respectively desire to subscribe; and

(d) make such orders as the directors think fit for the disposal and allotment of the amount of new capital that may not be subscribed for and paid up in manner aforesaid:

Provided that the capital shall not exceed, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, thirty millions of rupees, in the case of the Bank of Madras, twelve millions of rupees, and in the case of the Bank of Bombay, twenty millions of rupees.

15. When any such special resolution to reduce the capital has been passed, the directors may (subject as aforesaid) prescribe the manner in which the reduction shall be carried into effect.

16. Any new capital created under the provisions of section thirteen shall be subject to the provisions of this or any other Act regulating the Bank in force for the time being.

CHAPTER IV.

FORFEITURE OF STOCK AND SHARES.

17. If any proprietor or shareholder is indebted to the Bank, the Bank may withhold payment of the dividends on the stock or shares of such proprietor or shareholder not being registered as held in trust, or as executor or administrator, and apply them in payment of the debt;

and the Bank may refuse to register the transfer of any such stock or shares until payment of such debt;

and after demand and default of payment, and notice in that behalf given to such proprietor or shareholder, or his constituted agent, or by public advertisement in the local official Gazette, if the debt remain unpaid for the space of three months after such notice, the Bank may advertise in the local official Gazette such stock or shares for sale on a day not less than fifteen days from the publication of such advertisement;

and may, on such day, sell by public auction, and subject to such conditions, if any, as the Bank thinks fit, such stock or shares, or so much or so many thereof as may be necessary, and apply the proceeds thereof in or towards payment of the said debt, with interest, from the day appointed for the payment of such debt to the time of actual payment, at such rate as may have been agreed upon, or, in the absence of such agreement, at the highest rate current for advances by way of local discounts by the Bank;

and shall pay over the surplus, if any, to such proprietor or shareholder or to his lawful representative.

CHAPTER V.

CERTIFICATES, TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES AND STOCK.

18. Every shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate, under the corporate seal of the Bank, and signed by two Directors and the Secretary and Treasurer, specifying the shares held by him, and in the case of shares which are not wholly paid up, the amount paid thereon,

and any holder of more than one half share may, at his option, demand a certificate for each such half share, or one or more certificates for all or any of such half shares, and such certificate or certificates shall be delivered to him accordingly: provided that the number of such certificates shall in no case exceed the number of half shares in respect of which they are so delivered.

Every proprietor of capital stock shall be entitled to a receipt signed by two Directors and the Secretary and Treasurer, and specifying the amount of stock held by him and any such proprietor may, at his option, demand one receipt for the whole of the stock, or separate receipts for any portions of the stock, so held by him, and such receipt or receipts shall be delivered to him accordingly: Provided that no receipt shall be delivered for a portion of stock less than two hundred and fifty rupees.

For every certificate and receipt delivered under this section there shall be paid such fee as may for the time being be prescribed under section sixty-three, clause (b): Provided that no fee shall be payable for certificates or receipts delivered to the persons referred to in section four for shares in or stock of the Bank.

Every such certificate and receipt shall be *prima facie* evidence of the title of the shareholder or proprietor to the shares or stock therein specified.

19. The stock and shares of every proprietor and shareholder shall be moveable property, capable of being transferred in manner provided by the regulations contained herein, or in any other Act regulating the Bank for the time being in force, and shall not be of the nature of immoveable property; and each share shall be distinguished by its appropriate number.

20. Every transfer of stock or shares may be by endorsement on the certificate or in such other form as the Board from time to time may approve, and shall be presented to the Bank accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor.

Every such transfer shall be verified in such manner as the Board require, and the Board may refuse to register any such transfer until the same be so verified, and, in the case of shares not fully paid up, unless the transferee is approved by the Board.

The transferor shall be deemed to remain the proprietor or holder of the stock or shares transferred until the name of the transferee is registered in respect thereof.

21. The directors may from time to time close the register and transfer-books of the Bank for any period or periods not exceeding in the whole thirty days in any twelve consecutive months.

22. The proprietors and shareholders for the time being, and no other persons, shall be members respectively of the bodies corporate hereby constituted,

and, except for the purpose of excluding the provisions of section seventeen, the Bank shall not be bound or affected by notice of any trust to which any stock or share may be subject in the hands of the proprietor or holder thereof;

and when any stock or share is vested in more than one proprietor or holder, such proprietors or shareholders shall, as between themselves and the Bank, be considered as joint owners with benefit of survivorship:

Provided that, as regards voting at meetings, service of notices, and receipt of dividend, the person whose name stands first in the register as one of the proprietors or holders of such stock or shares shall be deemed the sole proprietor or holder thereof.

23. When by the death of any proprietor or shareholder his stock or shares shall devolve on his legal representative, the Bank shall not be bound to recognize any legal representative of such proprietor or shareholder other than a person who has taken out from a Court having jurisdiction in this behalf probate of the will or letters of administration to the estate of the deceased.

Any person becoming entitled to stock or shares in consequence of the insolvency or bankruptcy of any proprietor or shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female proprietor or shareholder, may be registered as a proprietor or shareholder upon such evidence being produced as the directors may from time to time require.

CHAPTER VI.

DIRECTORS.

24. The business of the Bank shall be managed by the Board, which shall in the first instance consist of six directors, and may subsequently consist of such number, not less than six, and not more than nine, as may be fixed by a special resolution.

Such directors shall be selected by vote of a general or special meeting.

Three of the directors shall form a quorum for the transaction of business.

25. The persons who, on the first day of May 1876, are respectively directors of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, and the New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall be respective-

ly directors of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, and the Bank of Bombay, as constituted by this Act, subject to removal as hereinafter provided and to the other provisions herein contained.

26. The two directors who have been longest in office shall go out of office by rotation annually.

Any director so retiring may be re-elected at such meeting; and if any question arise as to which of the directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, such question shall be decided by the directors by ballot.

27. *Clause 1.*—No person shall be qualified to serve as a director of a Bank who is not a proprietor or holder in his own right of unencumbered stock or shares of such Bank, to the nominal amount of ten thousand rupees at the least.

Clause 2.—No person shall be qualified to serve as a director—

If he holds the office of director, provisional director, promoter, agent or manager of any other joint-stock Bank established, or having a branch or agency, in British India, or advertised as about to be established, or to have a branch or agency, in British India; or

If he is a salaried officer of Government not specially authorised by the Governor General in Council to serve as a director;

And the office of director shall be vacated—

If the person holding it resigns his office or dies;

If he accepts or holds any other office of profit under the Bank;

If he becomes insolvent or bankrupt, or compounds with his creditors;

If he is declared lunatic, or becomes of unsound mind;

If he is absent from the Board for more than three consecutive months;

If he ceases to hold in his own right the amount or number of unencumbered stock or shares required to qualify him for the office.

Clause 3.—No two persons who are partners of the same mercantile firm, or one of whom is the general agent of, or holds a power of procuration from, the other, or from a mercantile firm of which the other is a partner, shall be eligible or qualified to serve as directors at the same time.

Clause 4.—The proprietors or shareholders may, by a special resolution passed by the votes of proprietors or shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-half of the capital, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint, in his stead, a qualified person, who shall in all respects stand in his place.

28. At the first meeting of the directors in every year, they shall choose a president and vice-president.

and whenever the office of president or vice-president becomes vacant, they shall, at their next meeting, choose a successor for the remainder of the current year.

The president, or in his absence the vice-president, shall be chairman at all meetings whether of directors or of proprietors or shareholders, or of proprietors and shareholders, and shall have an additional or casting vote in all cases of an equal division of votes. Provided that if both the president and vice-president be absent at any meeting the directors present shall elect a chairman for such meeting from among themselves, and such chairman shall, in case of an equal division of votes, have an additional or casting vote.

29. The Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to supply any vacancies in their number arising from the death, resignation, or disqualification under section twenty-seven, of any director.

Any director so appointed shall, for the purposes of section twenty-six, be considered to have held office from the date on which the director in whose place he is appointed was elected, or (where such director was appointed under this section) from the date on which his mediate or immediate predecessor was elected.

30. All acts done by any person acting in good faith as a director shall be as valid as if he was a director, notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in his appointment or qualification.

31. Every director shall be indemnified by the Bank against all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his own wilful act or default.

No director shall be responsible for any other director or for any officer, clerk or servant of the Bank, or for any loss or expense happening to the Bank by the insufficiency or deficiency of value of, or title to, any property or security acquired or taken on behalf of the Bank, or by the insolvency, bankruptcy or wrongful act of any customer or debtor of the Bank, or by anything done in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, or otherwise than for his own wilful act or default.

CHAPTER VII. OFFICERS OF THE BANK.

32. The directors shall have power—

to appoint such officers, clerks and servants as may be necessary to conduct the business of the Bank,

to grant salaries, pensions and other emoluments to such officers, clerks and servants, and

to suspend or remove any officer, clerk or servant of the Bank.

33. The Secretary and such other officers of the Bank as the directors may by writing notified in the local official Gazette (and, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, also in the *Gazette of India*) are hereby severally empowered for and on behalf of the Bank to endorse and transfer promissory notes, stock-receipts, stock, debentures, shares, securities and documents of title to goods, standing in the name of, or held by, the Bank,

and to draw, accept and endorse bills of exchange, bank post-bills, and letters of credit, in the current and authorized business of the Bank,

and to sign all other accounts, receipts and documents connected with such business.

34. No Secretary, Inspector, Manager, or
Officers forbidden to **Accountant in the service**
engage in other commercial business. **of the Bank,**
and no Khazánchi, Cashier
or Shroff in the service of the Bank at the principal office,

and, without the previous sanction of the Board, no Agent, Khazánchi, Cashier or Shroff at any branch or agency of the Bank,

shall engage in any other banking or commercial business, either on his own account or as agent for any other person or persons, or shall act as broker or agent for the sale or purchase of Government or other securities.

35. Every person appointed to hold, or act in,
Security from officers. **any one or more of the said**
offices, and every other officer
from whom the directors may from time to
time think fit to require it, shall give security to
the directors, for the faithful discharge of his duty
to the satisfaction of the directors, in such amount
and in such manner as they think proper.

The security to be given as aforesaid by the person holding or acting in the office of Secretary shall not be in a less amount than fifty thousand rupees.

CHAPTER VIII.

BUSINESS.

36. The Bank is authorized to carry on and
transact the several kinds of
Business which Banks may transact. **business hereinafter specified**
(that is to say) :

(a) the advancing and lending money, and opening cash-credits, upon the security of—

- (1) promissory notes, debentures, stock and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ;
- (2) bonds, debentures and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India ;
- (3) stock or debentures of, or shares in, Railway or other Companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India in Council ;
- (4) debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any municipal body under the authority of any Act of a legislature established in British India ;
- (5) bullion or other goods which, or the documents of title to which, are deposited with, or assigned to, the Bank as security for such advances, loans or credits ; and
- (6) accepted bills of exchange and promissory notes indorsed by the payees :

Provided that such advances and loans may be made, if the directors think fit, to the Secretary of State for India in Council, without any specific security ;

(b) the selling and realization of the proceeds of sale of any such promissory notes, debentures, stock receipts, bonds, annuities, stock, shares, securities, bullion or goods which, or the documents of title to which, have been deposited with, or assigned to, the Bank as security for such advances, loans or credits, or which are held by the Bank, or over which the Bank is entitled to any lien or charge in respect of any such loan or advance or credit or any debt or claim of the Bank, and which have not been redeemed in due time in accordance with the terms and conditions (if any) of such deposit or assignment ;

(c) the drawing, discounting, buying and selling of bills of exchange and other negotiable securities payable in India, or (in the case of the Bank of Madras) in Ceylon ;

(d) the investing of the funds of the Bank upon any of the securities specified in paragraph (a) of this section, clauses (1), (2), (3) and (4), and converting the same into money when required,

and from time to time altering, converting and transposing such investments for or into others of the investments above specified ;

(e) the making, issuing and circulating of bank-post-bills and letters of credit made payable in India, or (in the case of the Bank of Madras) in Ceylon, to order, or otherwise than to the bearer on demand ;

(f) the buying and selling of gold and silver, whether coined or uncoined ;

(g) the receiving of deposits and keeping cash-accounts on such terms as may be agreed on ;

(h) the acceptance of the charge and management of plate, jewels, title-deeds or other valuable goods on such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(i) the selling and realizing of all property whether moveable or immoveable, which may in any way come into the possession of the Bank in satisfaction or part satisfaction of any of its claims ;

(j) the transacting of pecuniary agency business on commission ;

(k) the acting as agent on commission in the transaction of the following kinds of business (namely) :—

- (1) the buying, selling, transferring and taking charge of any securities, or any shares in any public Company ;
- (2) the receiving of the proceeds, whether principal, interest or dividends, of any securities or shares ;
- (3) the remittance of such proceeds at the risk of the principal by public or private bills of exchange, payable either in India or elsewhere ;

(l) the drawing of bills of exchange, and the granting of letters of credit, payable out of India, for the use of principals for the purpose of the remittances mentioned in the last preceding clause of this section ;

(m) the buying, for the purpose of meeting such bills or letters of credit, of bills of exchange payable out of India, at any usance not exceeding six months ;

(n) and, generally, the doing of all such matters and things as may be incidental or subsidiary to the transacting of the various kinds of business hereinbefore specified ;

(o) It shall also be lawful for the Bank under any arrangement or agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council—

- (1) to act as banker for, and to pay, receive, collect and remit money, bullion and securities on behalf of the Government;
- (2) to undertake and transact any other business which the Government may from time to time entrust to the Bank;

And the directors shall have power from time to time to arrange and settle with the Governor General in Council the terms of remuneration on which such business shall be undertaken by the Bank, and also as to the examination and audit from time to time of the accounts and affairs of the Bank by or on behalf of the Governor General in Council.

37. The directors shall not transact any kind

Business which Banks may not transact. of banking business other than those above specified, and in particular they shall not make any loan or advance—

- (a) for a longer period than three months; or
- (b) upon the security of stock or shares of the Bank of which they are directors; or
- (c) upon mortgage, or in any other manner upon the security, of any immoveable property, or the documents of title relating thereto.

(d) Nor shall they lend or advance, by discount of bills or otherwise, to any individual or partnership firm (except upon the security mentioned in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), numbers (1) to (5) inclusive), any sums of money exceeding in the whole at any one time such sum as may be prescribed by the bye-laws for the time being in force.

(e) Nor shall they discount or buy, or advance and lend, or open cash-credits on the security of any negotiable instrument of any individual or partnership firm, payable in the town or at the place where it is presented for discount, which does not carry on it the several responsibilities of at least two persons or firms unconnected with each other in general partnership.

(f) Nor shall they discount or buy, or advance and lend, or open cash-credits on the security of any negotiable security having at the date of the proposed transaction a longer period to run than three months, or if drawn after sight, drawn for a longer period than three months: provided that, in the case of the Bank of Madras, the directors may discount negotiable securities payable in Ceylon having at the date of the transaction a period to run not exceeding four months.

Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to prevent the directors from allowing any person who keeps an account with the Bank from overdrawing such account, without security, to the extent of sums not exceeding at any one time two thousand rupees in the whole.

38. Until the expiration of at least fourteen

Sums payable by or to Government to be payable at Banks. days after notice has been given by notification of the Governor General in Council published, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, in the *Gazette of India* and the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in the cases of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, in the local official Gazette, that the Bank will no longer act as banker for, or pay, receive, collect or remit money, bullion and securities on behalf of the Government,

all sums payable by or to the Secretary of State for India in Council, or by, or to the Governor

General in Council, or the Government of Bengal or the Governor of Fort St. George in Council or the Governor of Bombay in Council, on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, at the General Treasury of Fort William in Bengal, or at the General Treasury at Madras, or at the General Treasury at Bombay,

shall be payable—

in the case of the Secretary of State for India in Council, or the Governor General in Council—at the office of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay, as the case may be, in the case of the Government of Bengal—at the office of the Bank of Bengal;

in the case of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council—at the office of the Bank of Madras; and in the case of the Governor of Bombay in Council—at the office of the Bank of Bombay.

39. Whenever presentment of any promissory

Presentment of promissory notes at Banks. note, bond or other security for payment or any other purpose at any of the said

General Treasuries would heretofore have been necessary or sufficient, presentment for such purpose shall be necessary or sufficient (as the case may be) until the expiration of fourteen days after the giving of the notice mentioned in section eleven—

in the case of the General Treasury of Fort William—at the office of the Bank of Bengal;

in the case of the General Treasury at Madras—at the office of the Bank of Madras; and

in the case of the General Treasury at Bombay—at the office of the Bank of Bombay.

40. The office of the Bank of Bengal shall be

Place of business. at Calcutta, that of the Bank of Madras shall be at Madras, and that of the Bank of Bombay shall be in the Island of Bombay;

and the business of the Bank shall be carried on at its office, and at such other place or places in India as the Board may deem advisable, under the provisions of section forty-two.

41. For the purpose of providing offices and

Acquisition of business premises. places in and at which to carry on and manage the business of the Bank, and proper residences for its agents, the directors may—

(a) acquire any interest in immoveable property, and

(b) sell, buy in, resell, exchange, let, furnish, repair, insure against fire and otherwise deal with all or any part of the same as they may consider most conducive to the interests of the Bank.

42. It shall be lawful for the directors to

Establishment of branches and agencies. maintain as branches or agencies of the Bank, any branches or agencies of the present Banks, which may be in existence on the first day of May 1878,

and, from time to time, to establish branches or agencies at such places within the Presidency in which the Bank is situate as they deem advantageous to the interest of the Bank,

and, with the previous consent of the Governor General in Council, and subject to such restrictions as to the business to be transacted as he thinks fit in each case to impose (such consent and restriction being notified in the *Gazette of India*), to

establish branches or agencies at such places outside the Presidency in which the Bank is situate, as the directors deem advantageous for the interests of the Bank :

Provided that no agency of the Bank now or hereafter established in Bombay, Calcutta or Madras

shall advance, or lend money, or open cash-credits on securities, or receive deposits and keep cash-accounts, or discount bills of exchange drawn and payable in the Presidency in which it is so established,

or shall act as agent on commission, or transact any business except as agent of its principal Bank, or any of its branches or other agencies.

The directors may discontinue any branch or agency maintained or established under this section.

CHAPTER IX.

ACCOUNTS AND DIVIDENDS.

43. The directors shall cause the books of the Bank to be balanced on every thirty-first day of December and every thirtieth day of June.

A statement of the balance at every such period, signed by a majority of the directors, shall be forthwith sent to a Secretary to the Government of India, and in the cases of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, also to a Secretary to the Local Government.

The Governor General in Council in the case of each of the said Banks, and the Local Government in the case of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, shall (so long as any such arrangement with the Government as aforesaid, which has already been, or shall hereafter be, entered into remains in force) at all times be entitled to require of the directors any information touching the affairs of the Bank and the production of any document of the Bank,

and in the case of each of the said Banks the Governor General in Council may require the publication of such statements of its assets and liabilities at such intervals and in such form and manner as the Governor General in Council thinks fit.

Every requisition under this section shall be signified in writing under the hand of a Secretary to the Government of India or to the Local Government (as the case may be), and the directors shall comply with every such requisition.

44. An account of the profits of the Bank during the previous half-year shall be taken on or immediately after every thirty-first day of December and every thirtieth day of June,

and a dividend shall be made as soon thereafter as conveniently may be,

and the amount of such dividend shall be determined by the directors, subject to the provisions of section forty-five ;

No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Bank.

45. The directors, before declaring any dividend, may set aside out of the profits of the Bank such a sum as they think proper as a reserve-fund, and

invest the same upon any of the securities specified in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), (3) and (4).

46. The directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve-fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for any other purposes of the Bank, which they from time to time deem expedient.

CHAPTER X.

AUDIT.

47. Two auditors shall be elected and their remuneration fixed at the annual general meeting.

The auditors may be proprietors or shareholders; but no director or other officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

Any auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.

The persons who shall be auditors on the first day of May 1876, and all auditors elected under this section, shall severally be and continue to act as auditors until the first general meeting after their respective elections :

Provided that if any casual vacancy occurs in the office of any auditor, the directors shall forthwith call a special meeting for the purpose of supplying the same.

48. Every auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the half-yearly balance-sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the same, with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

Every auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Bank, and shall at all reasonable times have access to the books, accounts and other documents of the Bank, and may (at the expense of the Bank) employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and may, in relation to such accounts, examine the directors or any other officer of the Bank.

The auditors shall make a report to the proprietors and shareholders upon the annual balance-sheet and accounts ; and in every such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance-sheet is a full and fair balance-sheet containing the particulars required by the bye-laws made under this Act and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, and in case they have called for any explanation or information from the directors, whether it has been given by the directors and whether it has been satisfactory.

Such report shall be read together with the report of the directors at the annual general meeting.

CHAPTER XI.

MEETINGS.

49. On the first Monday of the month of August in every year, or as soon after such day as is convenient, a general meeting shall be held, at which the directors shall submit

to the proprietors and shareholders a statement of the affairs of the Bank made up to the preceding thirtieth day of June.

A notice convening such meeting, signed by the Secretary, shall be published in the local official Gazette, and in the case of the Bank of Bengal also in the *Gazette of India*, at least fifteen days before the meeting is held.

50. Any ten or more proprietors or shareholders holding stock or shares, or both, to the aggregate amount of fifty thousand rupees, or any three directors, may convene a special meeting upon giving fifteen days' previous notice of such meeting, and of the purpose for which the same is convened, as well to the directors as also by public advertisement in the local official Gazette, and in two of the English daily newspapers and one of the Vernacular newspapers:

Provided that three months' previous notice shall be thus given of any special meeting held for the purpose of increasing or reducing the capital of the Bank, and shall also be served on every proprietor and shareholder.

51. No business shall be transacted at any meeting, whether general or special, unless a quorum of twenty proprietors or shareholders, or both, in person or by proxy, is present at the commencement of such business.

If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened by proprietors or shareholders not being directors, shall be dissolved: in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and place, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

52. At meetings whether general or special, every election and other matter submitted to the meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, except as in section thirteen and in section twenty-seven, clause 4, is specially provided,

and no person shall be allowed to vote at any such meeting in respect of any stock or share acquired by transfer, unless such transfer shall have been completed and registered at least three months before the time of such meeting.

And no shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting in respect of any shares held by him alone or jointly, whilst any call due from him alone or jointly remains unpaid.

53. A declaration by the chairman of any meeting, except a special meeting held under section thirteen, that a resolution has been carried thereat upon a show of hands, shall be conclusive, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Bank shall be sufficient evidence of that fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or against, such resolution, unless, immediately on such declaration, a poll be

demand in writing by five proprietors or shareholders present and entitled to vote at such meeting.

54. If a poll be demanded, it shall be taken at such time and place, and Poll to be taken, if demanded. (except at the special meeting last aforesaid) either by open voting or by ballot, as the chairman directs and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

55. The proceedings at any meeting, and all resolutions and decisions of such meeting, shall be valid and binding on the Bank, so far as such proceedings, resolutions and decisions are consistent with the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force and regulating the Bank.

56. At all such meetings, the proprietors or shareholders shall vote according to the following scale:—

The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 2,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 2,000, shall be entitled to ...	1 vote.
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 10,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 10,000, shall be entitled to ...	2 votes.
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 20,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 20,000, shall be entitled to ...	3 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 30,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 30,000, shall be entitled to ...	4 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 40,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 40,000, shall be entitled to ...	5 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 50,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 50,000, shall be entitled to ...	6 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 75,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 75,000, shall be entitled to ...	7 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,00,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,00,000, shall be entitled to ...	8 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,25,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,25,000, shall be entitled to ...	9 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,50,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,50,000, shall be entitled to ...	10 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,75,000, or the holder of shares of which the total amounts are equal to Rs. 1,75,000, shall be entitled to ...	11 ..
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 2,00,000, or the holder of shares of which the total amounts are equal to Rs. 2,00,000, shall be entitled to ...	12 ..

Where a person is both a proprietor of stock and a holder of shares, his shares shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to be stock.

No proprietor or shareholder shall be entitled to more than twelve votes at any such meeting.

57. Any proprietor or shareholder entitled to vote at any meeting under this Act may give a proxy in writing, either general or special, under his hand or the hand of his attorney duly authorized, to any other proprietor or shareholder.

Such proxy shall be produced at the time of voting, and shall entitle the person to whom it is given to vote on such matters as shall be authorized by the tenor of such proxy.

But no person shall be permitted to vote in virtue of such proxy unless it has been left for registration at the office of the Bank at least three clear days before the time for holding the meeting at which it is intended to be used :

Provided that a general proxy which has been registered at such office need not be again left for registration previous to any subsequent meeting.

Proxies existing and in force with reference to any of the present Banks, on the first day of May 1876, shall continue in force and be available at meetings under this Act, anything herein contained notwithstanding.

A general power-of-attorney shall be deemed a proxy within the meaning of this section.

58. If any proprietor or shareholder is a lunatic or idiot, he may vote by his committee or other legal curator, and if any proprietor or shareholder is a minor, he may vote by his guardian, or any one of his guardians, if more than one.

CHAPTER XII.

NOTICES.

59. Every notice or other document requiring to be served by the Bank upon any proprietor or shareholder may be served either personally, or by leaving it for, or sending it through the post by registered letter addressed to, him at his registered place of abode ;

and every notice sent through the post shall be deemed to have been served at the time at which, in the usual course of post, it would have been delivered.

60. Any proprietor or shareholder who changes his name or place of abode, or being a female married, and the husband of any such female, respectively, shall not be entitled to recover any dividend or to vote until notice of the change of name or abode or marriage be given to the Bank, in order that the same may be registered.

Every notice to be given on the part of any proprietor or shareholder shall be left at the office of the Bank, or sent through the post by registered letter addressed to the Secretary of the Bank at its principal office.

61. Every person who by operation of law, transfers or otherwise becomes entitled to any stock or shares, shall be bound by any and every notice or other document which, previously to his name and address being entered upon the register of the Bank in respect of such stock or

shares, has been given to the person from whom he derives his title thereto.

62. When any notice or document is delivered or sent, in accordance with this Act, at or to the registered place of abode of a proprietor or shareholder, then, and notwithstanding he be then deceased, and whether or not the Bank have notice of his decease, such service of the notice or other document shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed service thereof on him, or, if dead, on his heirs, executors, administrators, and every of them.

CHAPTER XIII.

BYE-LAWS.

63. The directors shall as soon as may be make, and may from time to time alter, bye-laws regulating the following matters or any of them :—

(a) the maximum amount which may be advanced or lent by discount of bills, or otherwise, to any individual or partnership, without the security mentioned in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), Nos. (1) to (5) inclusive,

(b) the circumstances under which alone advances may be made to directors or officers of the Bank, or the relatives of such directors or officers, or to companies, firms or individuals with which or with whom such directors, officers, or relatives are connected as partners, directors, managers, servants, shareholders, or otherwise,

(c) the particulars to be contained in the half-yearly balance-sheet,

The directors may from time to time make bye-laws regulating the following matters or any of them :—

(d) the distribution of business amongst the directors,

(e) their remuneration,

(f) the delegation of any powers of the directors to committees consisting of members of their body,

(g) the procedure at the meetings of the board or of any committee of the directors,

(h) the books and accounts to be kept at the head and other offices respectively,

(i) the reports and statements to be prepared and made by the Chief Accountant, the heads of departments, and the other officers of the Bank,

(j) the management of the branches and agencies,

(k) the fees payable for certificates of shares or receipts for stock, or for registration of transfers of shares or stock,

(l) the renewal of certificates of shares and receipts for stock, which have been worn-out or lost,

(m) and, generally, for the conduct of the business of the Bank :

Provided that no bye-law, or alteration or rescission of any bye-law, shall be of any validity, except in so far as the same is consistent with the provisions of this Act, and has been previously approved by the Governor General in Council, and such approval has been signified in writing under the hand of a Secretary to the Government of India.

CHAPTER XIV.

MISCELLANEOUS.

64. The directors may institute, conduct, defend, compromise, refer to arbitration and abandon legal and other proceedings and claims by or against the Bank or the directors or officers of the Bank, and otherwise concerning its affairs.

65. In any suit brought against any shareholder to recover any debt due for any call or other monies due from him in his character of shareholder, it shall be sufficient to allege that the defendant is a shareholder of the Bank, and is indebted to the Bank in respect of a call made or other monies due, whereby a right to sue has accrued to the Bank;

and, on the hearing of any suit brought by the Bank against any shareholder to recover any debt due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is on the register of shareholders of the Bank as the holder of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, and that the call was made, and that notice of such call was duly given to the defendant in pursuance of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank;

and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of directors was present at the Board at which such call was made, nor that the meeting at which it was made was duly convened or constituted.

66. Nothing in the Thirty-third of George the Third, session two, chapter fifty-two, shall be deemed to render it unlawful for any servant of Government, or for any Judge of a High Court, to become a member of any corporation established under this Act.

67. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in section 231 of Act No. X of 1866, whenever the proprietors and shareholders have passed a special resolution that the Bank shall be wound up voluntarily under the Indian Companies Act, 1866, the Bank shall be wound up accordingly, as if it were a Company under that Act:

Provided that no such special resolution shall be deemed to have been passed unless at least one-third of the proprietors and shareholders holding at least one-half of the paid-up capital of the Bank for the time being, be present in person or by proxy, and a majority poll by open voting in favour of the said resolution, and such resolution has been confirmed by a majority of such proprietors and shareholders at a subsequent special meeting held at an interval of not less than one month, nor more than two months, from the date of the meeting at which such resolution was first passed.

68. And whereas the Government of India has agreed to sell, and the directors of the present Bank of Bengal have agreed to purchase, at a premium of twenty-two and a half per centum, the said two thousand two hundred shares of one thousand rupees each held by the Government of India in the same Bank; and

it is intended that the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall cancel two thousand of such shares, and sell for the benefit of the Bank four hundred shares in the same Bank corresponding with the remaining two hundred shares so agreed to be sold and purchased;

And whereas the Government of India has agreed to sell, and the directors of the present Bank of Madras have agreed to purchase, at a premium of ten per centum, the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares held by the Government of India in the same Bank: and it is intended that the directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act shall cancel the same shares;

And whereas the directors of the present Bank of Madras have purchased and cancelled other sixty-two and a half shares in such Bank;

And whereas the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras had no power to enter into the said agreements with the Government of India, and the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act have no power to sell the four hundred shares referred to in this section, and the said directors of the present Bank of Madras had no power to purchase and cancel the said other sixty-two and a half shares;

And whereas the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act have no power to cancel the said two thousand shares and the said directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act have no power to cancel the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares;

And whereas it is expedient to confirm the said agreements with the Government of India, and to indemnify the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras for entering into the same, and to confirm the said purchase of the said other sixty-two and a half shares by the directors of the present Bank of Madras, and to indemnify the same directors for making the same, and for cancelling the same shares, and to empower the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act to sell the said four hundred shares, and to empower the respective directors of the Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act to cancel the said shares so intended to be cancelled; It is hereby further enacted as follows:—

(a).—The said agreements with the Government of India are hereby confirmed, and the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras are hereby indemnified for entering into the same; and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any such director in respect of any thing *bona fide* done in pursuance of either of such agreements.

(b).—The said purchase of the said other sixty-two and a half shares is hereby confirmed, and the said directors of the present Bank of Madras are hereby indemnified for making the same and for cancelling the same shares; and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any such director in respect of anything *bona fide* done in effecting such purchase and cancellation.

(c).—The directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall have power to sell, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, sell, the said four hundred shares, either together or in parcels, and either by public auction or private contract, and shall apply the proceeds in or towards paying the price of the shares of the Government of India so agreed to be purchased by the directors of the present Bank as aforesaid, or otherwise for the benefit of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act.

(d).—The directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall have power to cancel, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cancel, the said two thousand shares, and the directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act shall have power to cancel, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cancel, the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares.

SCHEDULE.

(SEE SECTION 2.)

Part I.—Statute.

Number and year.	Abbreviated title.	Extent of repeal.
47 George III, sess. 2, cap. 63.	An Act for the better government of the Settlements of Fort St. George and Bombay, &c.	Sections eight, nine and ten.

Part II.—Acts of the Governor General in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
IV of 1862	An Act for regulating the Bank of Bengal.
V of 1862	An Act to provide for the payment at the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, of monies payable at the General Treasuries of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.
VI of 1862	An Act to annex a schedule to Act IV of 1862.
XXIX of 1863	An Act to declare the receipts of the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay to be sufficient in lieu of the receipts of the Sub-Treasurers of Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, respectively.
XIX of 1870	An Act to enable the Directors of the Bank of Bengal to act by a quorum.

Part III.—Acts of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
VI of 1866	An Act for repealing Madras Act V of 1862, and for regulating the Bank of Madras.
I of 1871	An Act to amend Madras Act VI of 1866, to give validity to certain acts done by the Directors of the Bank of Madras, and to enable outgoing Directors to be re-elected.

Part IV.—Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
X of 1863	An Act for the Re-incorporation and Re-constitution of the Bank of Bombay.
XV of 1866	An Act to amend Act No. X of 1863 (Bombay).
I of 1867	An Act to reduce the amount of the capital of the Bank of Bombay and of the shares thereon, and to amend Act X of 1863 and Act XV of 1863 (Bombay).

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[First Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 11th April 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. XII OF 1876.

An Act for the repeal of certain Obsolete Enactments.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the enactments mentioned in the schedule to this Act, which have ceased to be in force otherwise than by express and specific repeal, or have by lapse of time and change of circumstances become unnecessary, or which merely repeal prior enactments, should be expressly and specifically repealed; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. The enactments described in the schedule annexed to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule:

Provided that the repeal by this Act of any enactment shall not affect any Statute, Act or Regulation, in which such enactment has been applied, incorporated, or referred to :

And this Act shall not affect the validity or invalidity of anything already done or suffered, or any indemnity already granted, or any right or title already acquired or accrued, or any remedy or proceeding in respect thereof, or the proof of any past act or thing :

Nor shall this Act affect any principle or rule of law, or established jurisdiction, form or course of pleading, practice or procedure, or existing usage, custom, privilege, restriction, exemption, office or

appointment, notwithstanding that the same respectively may have been in any manner affirmed, recognized, or derived, by, in, or from any enactment hereby repealed :

Nor shall this Act provide or restore any jurisdiction, office, custom, privilege, restriction, exemption, usage or practice not now existing or in force.

2. This Act may be cited as "The Repealing Act, 1876": it extends to the whole of British India; and it shall come into force at once.

SCHEDULE.

A description or citation of a portion of an Act or Regulation is inclusive of the words, section or other part, first or last mentioned, or otherwise referred to as forming the beginning or as forming the end of the portion comprised in the description or citation.

PART I.

Acts of the Governor General in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1835 ...	Salt, Bengal ...	The whole.
XIX of 1838 ...	Coasting Vessels, Bombay	Section nine. In section twelve, the word "India." In section thirteen, the words "Justice of the Peace or person exercising the powers of a Magistrate." So much of section fifteen as has not been repealed.
XXIX of 1838 ...	Salt, Bengal ...	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1840 ...	Bills of Exchange ...	In section five, the words "after the passing of this Act."
XVIII of 1841 ...	Arms and Ammunition ...	Section two.
XIX of 1841 ...	Wrongful possession in case of succession.	In section nine, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "all," and in section eighteen, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "for."
XVI of 1844 ...	Salt, Bombay ...	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1846 ...	Pleaders ...	In section seven, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "it." Section nine down to the words "and that," and in the same section, the word "such" where it first occurs.
VIII of 1846 ...	Settlement, N. W. Provinces	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1846 ...	Deregulationising certain territories.	The words "and the Zillah Ahmednuggur" wherever they occur.
XX of 1847 ...	Copyright ...	In section seven, the words "after the passing of this Act" and "in such part of the said territories"; and from "if he shall have so offended" down to "charter"; and from "to a special" to "no Zillah Court." In section thirteen, the word "that" where it occurs after the words "Trove; and."
XV of 1848 ...	Supreme Court Officers ...	In section four, the words "or the East India Company."
IX of 1850 ...	Presidency Small Cause Courts.	Sections three, forty-seven and ninety. In section one, the last thirty-seven words. In section eight, the words "not exceeding three."

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXXVII of 1850...	Public Servants ...	Section seventeen.
XL of 1850 ...	Pawnbrokers, Straits Settlements.	So much as has not been repealed.
VIII of 1851 ...	Tolls on Roads and Bridges	In section six, the words "of the zillah."
XVII of 1852 ...	Special Cases, Supreme Court.	Section twenty-six, from "which according" to "referred, but." Section thirty. In section thirty-two, the words "and also the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca." Section thirty-three.
XXI of 1852 ...	Deputy Collectors, Bombay	In section one, the words "zillah or."
XXX of 1852 ...	Naturalization ...	The last sixteen words of the schedule.
XVIII of 1854 ...	Railways ...	In section thirty-four, the words "or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate." In section thirty-five, the words "and district or Joint Police officers in the Presidency of Bombay." In section forty, the words "within the said territories."
XXXI of 1854 ...	Real Actions, Conveyances	In section thirteen, the words "in the possession and."
VI of 1855 ...	Execution, Supreme Courts	Section fourteen, from "and the term" to the end.
XXIV of 1855 ...	Penal Servitude ...	In section one, the words "in the possession and."
VIII of 1856 ...	Gaols, Bombay ...	In section two, the first eight words.
II of 1857 ...	Calcutta University ...	In the preamble, the last four words. Section four, from "and the first" to the end. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
IV of 1857 ...	Tobacco, Bombay Town ...	In section five, the words "after the passing of this Act," and from "and the provisions" to "Town."
XI of 1857 ...	Offences against the State	In section three, <i>clause</i> 1, the words "within the said territories," "of the crimes mentioned in the preceding sections, or any other." In section four, the words "the attendance or futwa of a Law Officer or."

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		Sections seven, eight, nine and ten. In section eleven, the words "lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate and any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate."
XXII of 1857 ...	Bombay University ...	In the preamble, the last four words. In section four, the last twelve words. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
XXVII of 1857 ...	Madras University	In the preamble, the last four words. In section four, the last fourteen words. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
XXIX of 1857 ...	Land Customs, Bombay ...	In section eleven, the words "by the said schedules." In section thirteen, the words "entered in either of the said schedules as."
I of 1859 ...	Merchant Seamen ...	In section sixty three, the words "or in any station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, to the Court of Judicature there." In section sixty-seven, the words "and in the Straits Settlements in such manner as the Governor shall notify."
III of 1859 ...	Cantonment Joint Magistrates.	In the title, the words "and for constituting those Officers Registers of Deeds." In the preamble, the words "and that they should also be appointed Registers of Deeds within the same limits." Section three, so far as it relates to the Presidency of Madras. Section five.
XV of 1859 ...	Patents ...	Sections thirteen and thirty-six.
XXXI of 1861 ...	Saltpetre ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XIII of 1863 ...	Imprisonment of Convicts, Bombay.	The whole.
XIV of 1863 ...	Amending Act X of 1859	So much as has not been repealed.
III of 1864 ...	Foreigners ...	In section twenty-four, the words "and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca."
XVII of 1864 ...	Official Trustee ...	In section three, the words "the said."

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXII of 1864 ...	Cantonments ...	In section eight, the words " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds.</i> "
XI of 1865 ...	Mofussil Small Cause Courts ...	In section twelve, the words " <i>or District</i> " " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds</i> "; so much as relates to the trial of small suits in military bázárs, cantonments and stations in the Presidency of Madras, and the last twenty-one words.
XV of 1865 ...	Pársi Marriage and Divorce ...	So much of section fifty-three as has not been repealed.
XXIX of 1865 ...	Pleaders ...	Sections one, two and three.
XII of 1866 ...	Private Water-courses ...	The whole.
XIV of 1866 ...	Post Office ...	Section fifty-five, and in section fifty-six, the words " <i>or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate.</i> "
XXV of 1866 ...	Transfer of securities to Government.	The preamble from " <i>And whereas</i> " to " <i>purposes aforesaid.</i> "
VII of 1867 ...	Purchases from Soldiers ...	In section one, the first eight words.
XIII of 1867 ...	Port dues : Coast lights ...	Section two.
XIV of 1869 ...	Bombay Civil Courts ...	The second paragraph of section five. The second paragraph of section fourteen. Sections thirty and thirty-one.
X of 1870 ...	Land Acquisition ...	In section thirty-nine, the words " <i>by the Code of Civil Procedure.</i> "
XXII of 1870 ...	European British Subjects ...	Section one.
XXIII of 1870 ...	Coinage ...	Section eighteen, paragraph one.
XXVII of 1871 ...	Criminal Tribes ...	Section twenty-three.
III of 1872 ...	Marriage ...	Section twenty and the fourth schedule.
X of 1872 ...	Criminal Procedure Code ...	Section three.
XVIII of 1872 ...	Amending Evidence Act ...	Section eight.
XXI of 1872 ...	Sepoy Lunatics ...	Section six.
X of 1873 ...	Oaths ...	In section one, the third paragraph.
XVI of 1873 ...	Village Police, N. W. Provinces.	In section one, the third paragraph.
III of 1874 ...	Married Women ...	Section three.
IV of 1874 ...	Foreign Recruiting ...	In section one, the third clause.

Acts of the Governor General in Council—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
V of 1874 ...	Kullu Appeals ...	Section four.
XV of 1874 ...	Laws Local Extent ...	Section nine and the seventh schedule. So much of the second schedule as relates to Madras Regulations I of 1819, III of 1831 and VII of 1832, and to section four of Madras Regulation IV of 1821, and to Act No. VIII of 1856. So much of the fourth schedule as relates to Bengal Regulations LVIII of 1795 and IV of 1829.
XVI of 1874 ...	Repealing Act, 1874 ...	The whole.
III of 1875 ...	Amending Repealing Act, 1874.	The whole.
IV of 1875 ...	Merchant Shipping ...	Section two, and the third clause of section one
VII of 1875 ...	Burma Fisheries ...	In section one, clause three.
VIII of 1875 ...	Inland Customs ...	Section two and the schedule.
X of 1875 ...	High Courts' Criminal Procedure.	Sections thirty-nine and one hundred and fifty-three.
XVI of 1875 ...	Tariff ...	Section two.
XVIII of 1875 ...	Law reports ...	Section two.

PART II.

Regulations of the Bengal Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1793 ...	Collectors and Board of Revenue.	In section eight, clause thirteen, the words and figures "by any Regulation published in the manner directed in Regulation XLI. 1793."
VIII of 1793 ...	Decennial Settlement ...	Sections sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, forty-eight, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-nine, sixty and sixty-seven (except the fifth clause).
XIX of 1793 ...	Non-bādshāhī Lākhfrāj ...	Sections forty-five and forty-six.
XLVIII of 1793 ...	Quinquennial Register ...	Sections twenty-six, twenty-eight and twenty-nine.
III of 1794 ...	Revenue arrears, &c. ...	In section sixteen, the words "dewan or other" and the words "If the property shall be within the cities of Patna, Dacca or Moorshedabad, the collector is to apply to the judge of the zillah through

Regulations of the Bengal Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		the vakeel of Government, to make application to the judge of such city to attach and deliver it into the charge of the nearest collector."
		In sections seventeen and eighteen, the words "or in either of the cities of Patna, Dacca or Moorshedabad."
I of 1795 ...	Permanent Settlement, Benares.	In section three, clauses <i>third</i> and <i>fourth</i> , the words and figures "and printed and published in the manner prescribed in Regulation XLI. 1793." In clause <i>fifth</i> , the words and figures "which may be printed and published in the manner prescribed in Regulation XLI. 1793." Section four.
XV of 1795 ...	Extending Regulation XVI of 1793 to Benares.	In section three, clause <i>first</i> , "to the City Court or," and "or to the Provincial Court of Appeal."
LVIII of 1795 ...	Commission on jama : copies of decrees.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1797 ...	Fees on division and transfer of estates.	In section two, clause two, the words and figures "that may take place under Regulation XXV. 1793. or XXVI. 1795," and in section seven, the words and figures "in Regulation XXV. 1793, or XXVI. 1795 (according to the Province in which the lands may be situated)."
I of 1801 ...	Realization of revenue ...	In section fourteen, the last sentence.
XXXIII of 1803 ...	Embezzlement of public money, C. P.	In section one, the word "tehseldars." In section two, clause <i>First</i> , the word "tehseldars" and the whole of clause <i>Second</i> of that section.
XIII of 1805 ...	Police, Katák ...	In section thirteen, the words "and likewise such of the rules contained in Regulation IV. 1804, as are not either specifically or virtually rescinded by the present Regulation."
XIV of 1805 ...	Civil suits, Katák ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1806 ...	Passage of troops ...	Sections ten, thirteen to nineteen inclusive.
XX of 1810 ...	Army retainers; Military bázárs.	In section twenty, from the words "in the meantime" to the end of the section.
XI of 1811 ...	Jama on divided estates ...	In section four, clause <i>First</i> , the words "or Board of Commissioners according as the lands may be situated in the districts subject to the control of those Boards in all matters connected with the land-revenue respectively"; and clause <i>Second</i> , the words "or Board of Commissioners."

Regulations of the Bengal Code—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
V of 1812 ...	Collection of land-revenue "	In section twenty-four, the words "and Board of Commissioners respectively." In section twenty-five, "and Board of Commissioners."
XI of 1816 ...	Succession, Katák ...	In section twelve, the words and figure "under section X."
V of 1817 ...	Hidden Treasure ...	In section six, the words "or city" where they occur before "judge."
XII of 1817 ...	Patwáris ...	In section eight, the words "the Board of Commissioners, or the Commissioner in Behar and Benares, as the case may be," and "or Commissioner." In sections thirteen, fifteen and sixteen, the words "the Board of Commissioners, or the Commissioner in Behar and Benares." In section seventeen, the words "Board of Commissioners, or Commissioner in Behar and Benares." Sections twenty-six and twenty-eight and sections thirty and thirty-three so far as they relate to section twenty-six.
XX of 1817 ...	Police ...	In section twenty-one, clause <i>tenth</i> , the last sentence. Section twenty-eight. In section twenty-nine, the words "manufacturer, molungee, or any" "manufacturers, molungees, or to" "molungee, or any other manufacturer, or," and the words "salt, or" wherever they occur. Section thirty-two.
II of 1819 ...	Resumption of revenue ...	In section eleven, the word ' <i>First</i> ' and clause <i>second</i> . Section nineteen, clause third. Section thirty, clause fifth.
VI of 1819 ...	Ferries: Police ...	In section three, clause three, the words "through the superintendents of police." In section ten, the words and figures "by section VII. Regulation XVIII. 1817."
IV of 1821 ...	Magistrates ...	Section one down to the words "Magistrate; and." Sections four, five and six. In section eight, the words "of the Honourable Company."
VII of 1822 ...	Settlement, Ceded and Conquered Provinces.	Section twenty-seven. In section twenty-nine, clause one, the words "and shall be written on stamped paper of the value of two rupees," and in clause fifth, the words "and shall be rendered in a roobakarree written on stamped paper of the value of two rupees."

Regulations of the Bengal Code—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VI of 1823 ...	Indigo suits ...	In section one, and in section three, clause <i>Seventh</i> , the words and figures "under the provisions of Regulation XX. 1812."
VI of 1825 ...	Passage of troops ...	In section five, the words "on the stamped paper prescribed for other appeals to the Revenue Boards."
XVIII of 1825 ...	Chinsurah ...	So much as has not been repealed.
III of 1827 ...	Extortion by Native officers	In section five, the words "on the stamped paper prescribed for miscellaneous petitions."
III of 1828 ...	Special Commissions ...	In section six, <i>Fourth</i> clause, the words "the Provincial Courts or." And in section seven, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "Provincial Courts and."
IV of 1828 ...	Power of Collectors in making or revising settlements.	In section one, the words and figures "under the rules of Regulation XV. 1824."
IV of 1829 ...	Appeals under Regulation III of 1828 ...	The whole.
XI of 1829 ...	Embankments ...	The whole.
XI of 1831 ...	Police powers of Tahsildárs	Section four.
V of 1832 ...	Delhi territory.	The whole.
XIII of 1833 ...	Zilas of Rámghar, Jungle Maháls and Midnápur.	The whole.

PART III.

Regulations of the Madras Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
III of 1802 ...	Procedure of Civil Courts...	Section eleven. In section sixteen, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "Hindoo," "the judge of the Court of Adawlut or," and "other," and the words and figures "under the general rule contained in Section V, Regulation II. 1802, and proceed thereupon according to the regulations." In clause <i>Third</i> , the words "when they are to proceed thereupon according to the general regulations."

Regulations of the Madras Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XIII of 1802 ...	Records of Courts ...	In section fifteen, the words and figures "in the same manner as is prescribed to the Provincial Courts of Appeal in section XII."
XXIX of 1802 ...	Karnams ...	Section one down to the words "kurnum. But" Section four. In sections eighteen and nineteen, the words "before the Court of Circuit."
II of 1803 ...	Collectors ...	Sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine.
IX of 1803 ...	Customs Officer, Madras ...	So much as has not been repealed.
V of 1804 ...	Court of Wards ...	In section six, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "Courts of Appeal or to the," "as it shall seem fit," and "respectively." In section twenty-four, clause <i>Second</i> , from "and it shall" to the end of that clause.
I of 1805 ...	Salt ...	In section eight, clause <i>First</i> , the words "after the date of the Regulation;" clause <i>Second</i> , the words "commercial residents." In section fourteen, clauses <i>First</i> , <i>Second</i> , and <i>Fourth</i> , the words "commercial residents," "by commercial residents." In section fifteen, the words "commercial residents." In section sixteen, the words "commercial residents." Section twenty-two.
II of 1806 ...	District Courts ...	The whole Regulation except section VII, Clause <i>Second</i> .
VII of 1808 ...	Martial Law ...	In the preamble, the words and figures "from the 1st day of October, 1808." Section four, from "or before any special court" to the end of that section.
IV of 1816 ...	Village Munsifs ...	Section four, clause <i>First</i> , and the words ' <i>Second</i> ' and ' <i>Third</i> .' In sections five and twenty-seven, the word "Areet." In section ten, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "in the form prescribed in section XXXVI of this Regulation." Sections thirty-two and thirty-four.
V of 1816 ...	Village Pancháyats ...	In sections three, four and sixteen, the word "Areet," wherever it occurs.

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		<p>In section ten, the words "and no stamp paper need be used in plaint, answer, or any process."</p> <p>In section eleven, clause <i>First</i>, the words "upon stamp paper of the prescribed rate according to the amount of the suit."</p> <p>In clause <i>Fourth</i>, the words "by the oaths of two credible witnesses at the least," and "Provincial."</p> <p>Section fifteen.</p> <p>In section seventeen, the words "on stamped paper of the prescribed rate, according to the amount decreed."</p>
XI of 1816 ...	Heads of Villages, &c. ...	In section forty-seven, the words and figures "as directed in section X, Regulation III. 1810."
XII of 1816 ...	References to Village and District Pancháyats.	<p>In section three, the words and figures "by Clauses Second and Third, Section XIV, Regulation VI. 1816."</p> <p>In sections five and nine, the word "Arcot."</p> <p>Section six, clause <i>First</i>, so far as it relates to Regulation VII. 1816.</p> <p>In section six, clause <i>Second</i>, the words and figures "without requiring the agreement specified in clause <i>Second</i>, section IV, Regulation VII. 1816."</p> <p>In section nine, clause <i>First</i>, the words "by the oaths of two credible witnesses at the least," and "Provincial."</p> <p>In section eleven, the words "exempt from all stamp-duties, and shall be," and the words and figures "or to such charges as are specified in Regulation VII. 1816, if decided by a district punchayet."</p>
XIV of 1816 ...	Pleaders ...	<p>In the preamble, the words "and to transfer to the Provincial Courts the control now exercised by the Sudder Adawlut in the appointment and removal of vakeels or native pleaders in the Zillah Courts and in the Provincial Courts."</p> <p>In section three, clause <i>First</i>, the words "and the several Provincial Courts," "in their respective courts," "being natives of India of the Hindoo or Mahomedan persuasion, and," and clause <i>Second</i> "for the approbation of the Provincial Court of the division," "being a native of India and otherwise," from "and shall communicate" to the end of that section.</p>

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		<p>In section four, the words "the Provincial Courts" and "which is not required to be written on stamped paper."</p> <p>In section eight, the words "and the Provincial Court, on consideration of the judge's report."</p> <p>In section ten, clause <i>First</i>, the words "and the several Provincial Courts;" clause <i>Second</i>, the words "a register or" and "report the circumstances of the case, together with his own opinion upon it, to the Provincial Court, who will."</p> <p>In section eleven, the words "without the previous sanction of the Provincial Court," and from and including the words "but in such" to the end of the section.</p> <p>In section thirteen, the words "on unstamped paper."</p> <p>In section fourteen, the word "Arcot" wherever it occurs.</p> <p>In section fifteen, clause <i>Second</i>, the words "or registers" and "either by a deduction from the fees which may become due to the offender, or."</p> <p>In section eighteen, clause <i>First</i>, the word "register"; clause <i>Third</i>, the words "Provincial Courts or to the": the second sentence; and the words "Provincial Courts and of the."</p> <p>In section twenty, the words "of the Provincial Courts," and "under the provisions contained in the following clauses of this section."</p> <p>In section twenty-five, clause <i>First</i>, the words "the Provincial Courts" and the word "Arcot" wherever it occurs; clause <i>Third</i>, the words and figures "written on the stamped paper prescribed in Section XI, Regulation XIII. 1816."</p> <p>In section thirty-six, the words "on unstamped paper."</p> <p>In section thirty-nine, the words "or district" in each of the places where they occur, and the figures "VI" and "VII."</p> <p>In the Appendix No. 1, the words "or in the Provincial Court for the division of."</p> <p>In the Appendix No. 2, the words "or the Provincial Court for the division of."</p>
VIII of 1817 ...	Estates of Native Soldiers	The Appendix, except No. 5.
II of 1819 ...	State Prisoners ...	<p>In the preamble, the last nine words.</p> <p>Section eight.</p> <p>In section nine, the words "to the Provincial Court of Appeal and Circuit."</p>
IV of 1821 ...	Petty thefts ...	In section six, clause <i>First</i> , the word "Madras."

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1822 ...	Embezzlement by Public Servants.	In the preamble, the last ten words. In section three, clause <i>Third</i> , the words and figures "in the manner prescribed in section VII, Regulation III. of 1802." In section four, the second sentence. In section five, clause <i>Fourth</i> , the word "Arcot." In section eight, the words "before the criminal judge (who is hereby empowered to take cognizance of such cases)" and "by him." In section nine, the words "on oath." Section ten, from the words "and the rules" to the end of the section. Sections seventeen and eighteen.
III of 1823 ...	Subordinate and Assistant Collectors.	In section one, the last ten words.
VII of 1828 ...	Subordinate and Assistant Collectors.	In section one, the last ten words. Section seven.
V of 1829 ...	Hindú Wills ...	In section one, the last ten words.
I of 1830 ...	Satl ...	In section one, the words "from the time of their promulgation." In section four, clauses <i>First</i> and <i>Third</i> , the words "before the Court of Circuit." In the same section, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "at the discretion of the Court of Circuit."
VI of 1831 ...	Hereditary Village Offices	Section four, clause <i>Fourth</i> , from "and for this purpose" to the end of that clause. The same section, clause <i>Fifth</i> .
X of 1831 ...	Prohibition of sale of Minors' Estates for arrears of revenue.	In section one, the last ten words. Section three, down to the words "enacted that."
XI of 1832 ...	Hidden treasure ...	In section one, the words "as soon as promulgated." In sections two and seven, the word "Madras" wherever it occurs. In section three, the words "or to the assistant judge of the auxiliary court." In section four, the words "or assistant." In section six, the words "Madras" and "or assistant." In section eight, the words "or to the assistant judge of the auxiliary court." In section nine, the words "or of the assistant judges of the auxiliary courts," and the words "to the Provincial Courts." Section ten.
XIV of 1832 ...	Buying Soldiers' necessities	In section one, the last ten words. In section two, clauses <i>First</i> and <i>Second</i> , the words "from and after the date of

Regulations of the Madras Code,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
	.	the promulgation of this regulation," and "before the criminal, joint criminal, or native criminal judge within the limits of whose local jurisdiction the offence may have been committed," and the word "Madras."

PART IV.

Regulations of the Bombay Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1827 ...	Pleaders ...	Appendixes A, D, E, F, G, H.
V of 1827 ...	Limitation ...	In the title, the words "defining the Limitations, as to Time, within which Civil Actions may be prosecuted, and" and the word "Interest."
XII of 1827 ...	Police ...	The preamble. In section nineteen, clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "personal restraint." In the same section, clause <i>Seventh</i> , the words "which shall be tried before the judge, or one of his assistants, exclusively." Appendix C.
XIII of 1827 ...	Criminal Courts ...	In section thirty-four, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "or to the magistrate above mentioned."
XVI of 1827 ...	Revenue Administration ...	In the preamble, the words "to have effect throughout the zillahs subordinate to Bombay." In section two, clause <i>Second</i> , the words and figures "decide certain civil suits and" and "as more particularly specified in Regulation XVII. A. D., 1827, Chapters VIII and X." In the title to Chapter III, the words "of hereditary district and village officers inclusive." Section twenty-five.
XVII of 1827 ...	Jurisdiction of Revenue Authorities.	The title from "vesting" to the end. In the preamble, the words "to have effect throughout the territories subordinate to Bombay." In section twelve, clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "Sudder, or any." In the title to Chapter IV, the words "and penal jurisdictions of the zillah magistrate and criminal judge in such cases." In section fifteen, clause <i>Second</i> , and clause <i>Third</i> so far as it relates to clause <i>Second</i> .

Regulations of the Bombay Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XIX of 1827 ..	Revenue Administration ...	<p>The title from "and for Collecting" down to "Horses," and the words "and also for levying Fees in the Court of Petty Sessions and Police Offices."</p> <p>In the preamble, the words "and whereas it has further been deemed expedient, under the authority of the British legislature for such purpose given, to levy certain taxes and fees at the presidency of Bombay."</p> <p>In section thirteen, clause <i>First</i>, the words "in the mode prescribed in the preceding section."</p> <p>In section twenty-nine, the words "in the manner and before the authority specified in section XIV. Clause <i>First</i>, or by confession before the said authority," and from "and in case" down to "provided for."</p>
XXI of 1827 ...	Duty on Opium ...	<p>The title from "made with" down to "India."</p> <p>In the preamble, from "that the importation and sale at Bombay of tobacco" down to "be prohibited."</p> <p>In section two, clause <i>First</i>, the words "(either such as established by this or any other Regulation)."</p> <p>Sections forty-seven and forty-eight.</p> <p>In section fifty-seven, the last eight words.</p> <p>In section sixty, clause <i>Second</i>, the last twenty words.</p>
XXII of 1827 ...	Military Courts ...	In the preamble, the words "which shall have effect within the territories subordinate to the presidency of Bombay."
XXV of 1827 ...	State Prisoners ...	<p>Section six.</p> <p>In section seven, the words "and to the Sudder Adawlut."</p>
XXIX of 1827 ...	Dekkhan and Khándesh ...	<p>In the preamble, the words and figures "to have effect from the 1st September 1827."</p> <p>Section two, from "and the said territories" to the end of clause <i>Second</i>.</p> <p>Section three, clause <i>First</i>, from "it is hereby" down to the word "First."</p> <p>In section five, clause <i>Third</i>, the last twenty-one words.</p>
XVI of 1828 ...	Subsidiary jails ...	So much as has not been repealed.
V of 1830 ...	Revenue Administration ...	In section one, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "and zillahs." Clause <i>Fifth</i> , and in Clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "zillahs throughout" and the words "and the department of police."

Regulations of the Bombay Code,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VII of 1830 ...	Dharwar ...	In the preamble, the words and figures "to have effect from the 1st of June, 1830." In section two, the first six words.
XIII of 1830 ...	Jágirdárs ...	In section four, the last thirteen words.
III of 1834 ...	Town duty, Bombay ...	So much as has not been repealed.

PART V.

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IV of 1862 ...	Markets and fairs ...	Section five.
V of 1862 ...	Bhágdárs and Narwadárs...	In section two, the words "and it is hereby further enacted, that."
VI of 1862 ...	Ahmadábád Taluqdárs ...	In section fourteen, from "upon oath" down to "perjury."
II of 1863 ...	Claims to exemption from Land-Revenue.	In section three, the words "either at law or in equity." In section six, clause <i>Second</i> , section ten and section eleven, clauses <i>eighth</i> and <i>tenth</i> the words "or Court of Law or Equity."
V of 1863 ...	Gas Companies ...	In section twenty-eight, the words "Joint Magistrate, or."
VI of 1863 ...	Public Conveyances ...	In section seven, the words "standing in the name of the Commissioner of Customs."
VII of 1863 ...	Summary Settlement of Claims to exemption from Land-Revenue.	In section seven, the words "either at law or in equity." In sections nine and fourteen, the words "or Court of Law or Equity."
V of 1864 ...	Mámlatdárs' Courts ...	Section eighteen.
XIII of 1866 ...	Witnesses before Legislative Council.	Section five.
XIV of 1866 ...	Edulabad and Wurrungaom	The preamble, and sections one and four.
III of 1867 ...	Cantonments...	In section fifteen, the words "Bombay Act No. IV of 1865 (<i>an Act for the Regulation of Mofussil Gaols and the enforcement of discipline therein</i>) or by," and the word "other."

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		Section twenty-eight. The words "and Regulations," "or Regulation" "or Regulations," wherever they occur.
VIII of 1867 ...	Village Police ...	In section five, clause second, from "of Act V" down to "other Acts." Section twenty-three.
III of 1869 ...	Funds for local works ...	In section nine, the words "Act XXVI of 1850, or" and "other."
I of 1872 ...	Bombay City Police Superannuation Fund.	Sections one and nine. In section three, the words "as well as all moneys and securities which have accumulated under the Sections of Act XIII of 1856, repealed by this Act."
II of 1872 ...	Repayment of loan to Bombay Corporation.	In section three, the words "under Bombay Act II of 1865." Section nine, down to "enacted that."
III of 1872 ...	Bombay Municipal Act ...	Sections one, forty-eight, sixty-three, seventy-two, one hundred and forty-one, three hundred and six. In section sixty-two, the words "on and from the date when this Act comes into operation" in each of the places where they occur. In section sixty-four, the words "from and after the day on which this Act comes into operation." In sections two hundred and twenty-five, two hundred and twenty-six, two hundred and twenty-seven, the words "within three months after the passing of this Act and" and "thereafter." In section two hundred and twenty-nine, the first eleven words, and the words "after the date when this Act comes into operation." In sections two hundred and thirty-five and two hundred and forty-one, the words "after the passing of this Act." In sections two hundred and eight, two hundred and forty-seven, two hundred and forty-eight, the words "after this Act comes into operation." In section three hundred and seven, the words "from the date referred to in the preceding Section."
I of 1873 ...	Bombay Port Trust ...	Section fifty-seven, from "Until such" to the end. Section fifty-eight. In section seventy-three, the proviso.

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1873 ...	Amending Bombay Municipal Act.	Section three.
IV of 1873 ...	Amending Bombay Act II of 1864.	Section two, clause 1 and the word and figure 'clause 2.'
V of 1873 ...	Steam boilers ...	Section one.
VI of 1873 ...	District Municipalities ...	Section one. Section four, clause four. Section nineteen, clause two.
VII of 1873 ...	Salt ...	Sections two, seven and sixty-four.
II of 1874 ...	Jails, Bombay City ...	Section one. Section six, down to "Governor General, and." Section seven, the first thirteen words.
III of 1874 ...	Hereditary Offices ...	Section two and the schedule.

PART VI.

Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1863 ...	Smoke nuisances, Calcutta...	In section seven, the words and figures "Act XIII of 1856 (<i>for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay</i>) and Act XLVIII of 1860 (<i>to amend Act XIII of 1856</i>)," and the word "other."

WHITLEY STOKES,

Sery. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 784.—Fort William, the 21st April 1876.—Notifications.—Public.—Under the provisions of Section 9 of Statute 24 and 25 Vic., Cap. 67, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Simla in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

No. 787.—During the absence of the Governor-General in Council from Calcutta, the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department, Colonel A. B. Johnson, will have charge of that portion of the Home Department which is left at the Presidency.

No. 36.—The 18th April 1876.—Examination.—Mr. G. G. Dey, of the Bengal Civil Service, having obtained a certificate of High Proficiency in Sanskrit, has been presented with the authorized donation of Rs. 2,000.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 343.—Fort William, the 21st April 1876.—General.—The services of Mr. C. P. L. Macaulay, Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 22nd instant.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 957 P.—Fort William, the 20th April 1876.—Notifications.—Political.—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. S. E. Voigt as Acting Consul for Austria and Hungary at Calcutta during the absence of Mr. Diefeubach.

No. 957 P.—The 21st April 1876.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Monsr. Eydin as Consul General for France at Calcutta.

No. 890 G.—The 21st April 1876.—General.—The services of Mr. H. T. Prinsep, late Officiating Judicial Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS—ACCOUNTS.

No. 2273.

Fort William, the 18th April 1876.

Read the following Resolutions :—

No. 5126, dated 4th December 1857.

" 84, " 13th May 1862.

" 60, " 29th August 1862.

" 1205, " 5th July 1865.

" 1705, " 9th " 1869.

Resolution No. 3116, dated 18th December 1871, laying down rules for the selection of candidates for admission to the Financial Department, and for the examination of officers of the Fifth and Sixth Classes of the Department.

Read again—

Report No. 207, dated 26th May 1874, from the Comptroller and Deputy Comptroller General, recommending certain modifications in the arrangement of subjects and detailed rules for conducting the Departmental Examinations founded on their experience as examiners.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to approve of the proposed alterations in the rules.

2. The subject of "Algebra to Quadratic Equations inclusive" will be transferred to the examination for admission; the marks assigned to it will be as before 250, raising the total marks obtainable to 1,250: no further change will be made in this examination.

3. The rules for the examination of candidates for admission to the service of the Government of India in the Financial Department, and of officers in the Financial Department, will henceforward be as follows :—

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

I.—Candidates for admission to the Department are selected from time to time according to the requirements of the service, three being named for each expected vacancy.

II.—The age of a candidate, when examined, must not exceed twenty-five years, and he must produce a certificate by a Government medical officer of physical fitness for service in the plains of India.

III.—The nominated candidates are examined in the subjects described in the first schedule attached to this resolution, and (subject to the condition hereinafter stated), the candidate who obtains the highest marks is appointed to the first vacancy in the sixth class of the Department, the candidate who obtains the second place to the second vacancy, if there be more than one vacancy to be filled, and so on. No candidate is admitted to the Department who obtains less than 600 marks in all, or less than half marks in Arithmetic and Algebra.

IV.—A candidate is not allowed to compete at the entrance examinations more than twice.

V.—The examination is by written questions and answers; the questions being prepared in such manner as the Governor General in Council from time to time directs.

VI.—A candidate may be examined at any place where arrangements can be made to secure the integrity of the examination.

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS.

VII.—A half-yearly examination is held for officers in the fifth and sixth classes of the Department (on the Mondays next after the 10th May and 10th November, and following days) in the subjects detailed in schedules II and III annexed to this Resolution. These examinations are styled the Lower and Higher Departmental Examinations respectively.

VIII.—An officer who shows, at any departmental examination, a competent knowledge of all the prescribed subjects and obtains half marks in the aggregate, is held to have passed the examination. An officer is, however, permitted to pass each of the departmental examinations in two instalments, if he notifies his intention beforehand, and specifies the subjects in which he is prepared for examination. In such case a higher standard of knowledge is required.

IX.—As a rule, a candidate failing in one of the subjects specified is re-examined in the whole; but, in case of marked excellence in a subject, the examiners may exempt the candidate from re-examination in such subject, even although he may have failed in others.

X.—An officer who does not pass the Lower Departmental Examination at the fourth or some earlier examination, and the Higher Department Examination at the eighth or some earlier examination, after he joins the Department, ceases, without further orders, to belong to the Department from the date on which the result of the examination is declared. Provided that if, before the said fourth or eighth examination (as the case may be), the officer have obtained leave of absence on medical certificate for more than three months, he is allowed to remain in the service for six months longer, in order to present himself at one more examination.

XI.—Upon passing each departmental examination, the pay of an officer of the sixth class is increased, from the date on which the examination ends, by Rs. 50 a month. The pay of an officer of the sixth class who has passed the Lower Examination is Rs. 250, and that of an officer of the sixth class, who has passed the Higher Departmental Examination, Rs. 300 a month.

XII.—An officer is not promoted substantively to the fifth class until he has passed the Lower Departmental Examination, and to the fourth class until he has passed the Higher Departmental Examination.

XIII.—Officiating appointments to the fourth and fifth classes are made after consideration of the order in which officers have passed the departmental examinations.

XIV.—The departmental examinations are conducted at the local account offices, in the presence of the Accountant General, and under the direction of the Comptroller General and Deputy Comptroller General, who decide upon the marks to be awarded to each examinee. If these officers differ as to the marks to be assigned to any answer, the Secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department decides finally between them.

GENERAL RULES.

XV.—The rules for conducting all the examinations are as follows:—

- (1.) The examination papers are sent in a sealed packet, not to be opened till the examination begins, each cover containing a separate sealed envelope for each paper set; these envelopes must not be opened until the papers are required for distribution. An index number is assigned to each candidate. This index number is to be entered by the candidate on each of his papers, *instead of his name, which is nowhere to appear on the proceedings.*
- (2.) The several papers should be given out singly, and the hour at which each paper is given out and received back is to be mentioned in the presiding officer's report. The exercises are to be worked out by the candidate in presence of the presiding officer.
- (3.) The *questions* need not be written out by the candidate, but only the answers and solutions *in full*, with the number of the question prefixed. The answers may be first worked out on waste paper. The neatness of the candidate's papers is taken into consideration by the examiners in assigning values to his work. The paper should be of foolscap size, with the candidate's index number and the date, and the title of each subject at the head of the paper. The solutions as first written out fair are to be transmitted to the Comptroller General, without alteration or correction, immediately after the close of the examination.

all, whenever it is thought that the public interests require, or will be promoted by, such enlistment.

16.—Moreover, His Excellency in Council deems it proper to declare that the Government of India holds itself free, not only to appoint to any office in the Finance Department any one not an enrolled officer of the Department whose appointment is considered necessary in the public interest, but also to pay to the person selected for such appointment such remuneration as may be required in order to secure his services.

17.—As regards Departmental Examination this resolution will take effect from the examination to be held in November 1876.

ORDERED, that the foregoing Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* and communicated to the Comptroller General, the Accountants General, and the Deputy Accountants General in independent charge, and to each candidate nominated to compete for admission to the Department, and to each officer on his appointment to the Department.

SCHEDULE I.

EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Subjects for Examination.

	MARKS.
Writing and Composition. Impromptu essay upon some given subject ...	150
Arithmetic, including Compound Proportion, Simple Interest, and Vulgar and Decimal Fractions...	300
Algebra, to Quadratic Equations inclusive ...	250
Latin, Greek, Sanskrit, French, German, or Persian ...	200
English History and Literature, and Indian History (Elementary) ...	200
Geography, Asia (especially India) and Europe ...	150
	<hr/> 1,250

SCHEDULE II.

LOWER DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION.

Subjects for Examination.

	MARKS.
Composition. A Précis of papers not seen before ...	150
Annuities and Compound Interest, and the use of Logarithms of numbers*...	150
Book-keeping ...	250
Indian Financial Statements (in England and India) ...	200
Financial Department Codes ...	250
	<hr/> 1,000

SCHEDULE III.

HIGHER DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION.

Subjects for Examination.

	MARKS.
A Précis and a Draft ...	200
Departmental Circulars ...	250
Political Economy (Mill) ...	300
Political and Revenue System of India, and the Statute Law bearing upon Revenue and Taxation ...	250
	<hr/> 1,000

* The use of tables will be allowed at the time of examination; with this exception, no books are permitted for any of the papers.

No. 2294.—The 20th April 1876.—Leave and Allowances.—With reference to Rule XXXIII of the Furlough Rules published with the General Order of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 171, dated the 25th February 1874, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to decide that furlough in India may be allowed under Chapter I of those Rules to a Military Officer in civil employ, who is entitled to furlough out of India, under the same chapter, by the Government to which he is subordinate, and that such an Officer is further entitled to subsidiary leave and privilege leave under the Rules in the Civil Leave Code. If he is a Commissioned Officer, he is also entitled under the Notification of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, No. 1709, dated 11th March 1875, to examination leave under the Rules in the Civil Leave Code. A Military Officer is under no circumstances entitled to any leave under the Civil Leave Code, excepting subsidiary leave, privilege leave, and examination leave.

When furlough in India is granted to a Military Officer in civil employ by the Government to which the Officer is subordinate, a copy of the order granting the furlough should be sent to the Military Department.

No. 2295.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be substituted for Rule 1, under Section 24 of the Acting Allowance Code:—

1. A regimental Medical Officer appointed to act as Civil Surgeon of a Station without relinquishing his regimental duties is entitled to an acting allowance of one hundred rupees a month. With this exception, the allowances for the additional charge of an appointment of the kind described in Section 12 are regulated by Military Rules and not by this Code.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 447.—Fort William, the 17th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the medical charge of a coolie corps of 600 men and upwards on service will be held as equivalent to that of a Native Regiment.

This order applies to all India.

No. 455.—The 19th April 1876.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified:—

*	*	*	*	*
Major R. M. Skinner, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 330 of 1876,— <i>Yorkshire</i> , 27th March 1876, from Calcutta.				

*	*	*	*	*
Surgeon J. J. Wood, M.B., of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 340 of 1876,— <i>Yorkshire</i> , 27th March 1876, from Calcutta.				

*	*	*	*	*
Captain T. H. Lewin, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 248 of 1876,— <i>Mirzapore</i> , 7th April 1876, from Calcutta.				

*	*	*	*	*
Captain W. Hopkinson, of the General List, Infantry, G. G. O. No. 143 of 1876, <i>Sultan</i> , 16th April 1876, from Calcutta.				

No. 465.—The 21st April 1876.—The following extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 14th and 21st March 1876 are published for general information:—

INDIA OFFICE,
14th March 1876.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following admissions to Her Majesty's Indian Medical Service:—

TO BE SURGEONS—30th September 1875.

Bengal.

Patrick Alexander Weir.
Peter Johnston Freyer, M.D.
Percy de Haga Haig.

John Lewtas.
John O'Neill, M.D.

WAR OFFICE, PALM MALL,
21st March 1876.

No. 466.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentleman to be a Surgeon in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces in the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the service.

Medical Department.

Surgeon John O'Neill, M.D.—Date of arrival at Bombay, 1st December 1875.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Marine Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 13.—Fort William, the 19th April 1876.—Notifications.—The undermentioned officer has reported his departure on the date specified:—

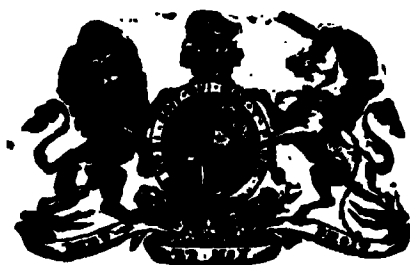
Captain A. Baker, Deputy Master Attendant, Officiating Master Attendant, Marine Notification No. 8 of 1876,—*Almora*, 30th March 1876, from Calcutta.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Public Works Department, is republished for general information :—

*No. 192T.—Fort William, the 19th April 1876.—Notifications.—Establishment.—*The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following Rule in supersession of Rule 4 of the Rules for inland messages :—

“ To provide for cases of extraordinary emergency, a message can be sent from any Telegraph Station during the hours of closure specified in Rules 2 and 3 on payment of four times the ordinary rate.”

R. L. MANGREE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Fureedpore, Goalundo extension line, will be put up to sale at the Goalundo Sub-divisional Cutcherry at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, corresponding with 28th Bysack 1283, B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Commencement lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BERSHA AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM BACK LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. B. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. B. P.		
1	Fureedpore	Pergunnah Islampore, Mouzah Garul.	17	North	7 5 4	2 1 34	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,060 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of Zillah Nudda.
2	ditto	ditto	17	South	7 1 0	2 1 13	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 17, and terminates on 2,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing road. West—By eastern boundary of Zillah Nudda.
3	ditto	ditto	17	North	5 4 0	1 2 35	.....	.....	Commences on 2,090 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
4	ditto	ditto	17	South	3 10 9	1 0 97	.....	.....	Commences on 2,040 feet of mile 17, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 17, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing road.
5	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye, and Islampore, Mouzah Barora, Majparrah and Muthoorapore.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 17, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 18, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 7. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
6	ditto	ditto	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 8. West—By end of mile 17, as per plan.
7	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	North	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.
8	ditto	Pergunnah Mahomedshye and Islampore, Mouzah Majparrah.	18	South	8 1 10	2 2 28	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 18, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 18, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 6.

9	ditto	...	Pergunnah Najer Insatpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-ahye, Mousah Majparrab, Raport, Insatpore and Kanookhallee.	19	North	...	6 13 2	2 0 32	Commences at the end of mile 18, as per plan, and terminates on 1,775 feet of mile 19.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 18, as per plan.
10	ditto	...	ditto	19	South	...	6 13 2	2 0 32	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 18, as per plan.
11	ditto	...	Pergunnah Najer Insatpore, Jangerabad and Mahomed-ahye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	19	North	...	4 4 6	1 1 23	.....	Commences on 1,620 feet of mile 19, and terminates on 3,550 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
12	ditto	...	ditto	19	South	...	6 10 2	2 0 34	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By village road.
13	ditto	...	ditto	19	North	...	6 4 2	1 2 36	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 19, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
14	ditto	...	ditto	19	South	...	6 12 12	1 2 19	Occupied by roads	0 0 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 19, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
15	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nashurtahye, Mousah Kanookhallee.	20	North	...	6 16 1	2 1 0	.....	Commences at the end of mile 19, as per plan, and terminates on 1,490 feet of mile 20.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
16	ditto	...	ditto	20	South	...	6 6 4	1 3 1	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 19, as per plan.
17	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nashurtahye, Mousah Pangva.	20	North	...	7 16 10	2 2 14	.....	Commences on 1,520 feet of mile 20, and terminates on 3,400 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 19. West—By railway level crossing.
18	ditto	...	ditto	20	South	...	7 16 10	2 2 14	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 20. West—By railway level crossing.
19	ditto	...	ditto	20	North	...	7 17 9	2 2 17	.....	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 20, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 17.
20	ditto	...	ditto	20	South	...	9 14 12	3 0 35	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 20, as per plan. West—By western boundary of lot 18.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BENGAL AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
21	Ferozpoore	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Pungsa.	21	North	6 17 1	2 1 3	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 20, as per plan, and terminates on 1,900 feet of mile 21.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
22	ditto	ditto	21	South	7 0 0	2 1 10	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 10, as per plan, and terminates on 1,900 feet of mile 21.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 20, as per plan.
23	ditto	ditto	21	North	13 5 0	4 1 21	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,050 feet of mile 21, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
24	ditto	ditto	21	South	13 2 2	4 1 13	.....	Occupied by nullah	0 1 21	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 21, as per plan. West—By nullah.
25	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Pungsa and Magoradagah.	23	North	11 6 2	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 21, as per plan, and terminates on 2,900 feet of mile 22.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
26	ditto	ditto	23	South	11 6 2	3 2 38	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 21, as per plan.
27	ditto	Pergunnah Nayharutshye, Mouzah Magoradagah, Moheesala, and Narranpore.	23	North	11 0 0	3 2 28	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates on 5,135 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway level crossing.
28	ditto	ditto	23	South	10 12 0	3 2 1	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,635 feet of mile 22, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 22, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
29	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Narranpore.	23	North	8 1 0	2 2 26	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 820 feet of mile 23, and terminates on 1,920 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By road under class D. West—By Pungsa station land.
30	ditto	ditto	23	South	7 18 6	2 2 19	.....	Class C land within the lot excluded from sale.	.....	Commences at the end of mile 22, as per plan, and terminates on 1,920 feet of mile 23.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By road under class D. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
31	ditto	Pergunnah Nasharutshye, Mouzah Narranpore and Poorapura.	23	North	14 16 8	4 3 24	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,400 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class D.

32	ditto	...	ditto	...	12 17 8	4 1	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 23, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 23, as per plan. West—By road under class D.
33	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nisharabhye, Mouzah Poorparrah and Sattrajepore.	North	6 0 0	1 3 37	Occupied by road	...	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 23, as per plan, and terminates on 1,150 feet of mile 24.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By class A land of the railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
34	ditto	...	ditto	South	5 19 0	1 3 35	ditto	...	0 0 5	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By class A land of railway. West—By end of mile 23, as per plan.
35	ditto	...	Pergunnah Nisharabhye, Mouzah Kalikapore.	North	15 0 0	4 3 33	ditto	...	0 0 8	Commences on 3,070 feet of mile 24, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
36	ditto	...	ditto	South	14 0 0	4 2 21	ditto	Retained by Ry. Co.	0 0 6 6 3 33 6 0 16	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 24, as per plan. West—By class A land of the railway.
37	ditto	...	Pergunnah Baigachee, Mouzah Kalikapore and Jawagram.	North	18 14 4	6 0 30	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 24, as per plan, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 25.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Jawagram Ebed. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
38	ditto	...	ditto	South	18 14 4	6 0 30	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By Jawagram Ebed. West—By end of mile 24, as per plan.
39	ditto	...	Pergunnah Baigachee, Mouzah Durce-Jawagram.	North	8 8 10	2 3 6	Occupied by road	...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,915 feet of mile 25, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jawagram Ebed.
40	ditto	...	ditto	South	7 18 12	2 2 20	ditto	...	0 0 6 0 0 13	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 25, as per plan. West—By Jawagram Ebed.
41	ditto	...	Pergunnah Baigachee and Mahomedabhye, Mouzah Durce-Jawagram, Telsee-Jawagram, Askoolthager, Kalookhalee, and Abdoogunyah Malat.	North	10 7 9	3 1 29	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 25, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 26.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
42	ditto	...	ditto	South	10 7 9	3 1 29	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 44. West—By end of mile 25, as per plan.
43	ditto	...	Pergunnah Baigachee and Mahomedabhye, Mouzah Abdoogunyah Malat and Kalookhalee.	North	14 4 8	4 2 33	Occupied by road	...	0 0 5	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 41.

Conservative number	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGGA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.			
44	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Bailgachee and Mahomedahye, Mouzah Abdoogunay, Maleot and Kalothalee.	26	South	14 4 8	4 3 33	Occupied by road	...	0 0 5 0 0 10	Commences on 2,450 feet of mile 26, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By end of mile 26, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 45.
45	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee and Mahomedahye, Mouzah Kalothalee.	27	North	3 2 6	1 0 5	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 26, as per plan, and terminates on 320 feet of mile 27.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
46	ditto	ditto	27	South	3 2 6	1 0 5	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By Murgunga Bheel. West—By end of mile 26, as per plan.
47	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mon- zah Bullupore.	27	North	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 770 feet of mile 27, and terminates on 2,800 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
48	ditto	ditto	27	South	10 12 8	3 2 2	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By western boundary of lot 50. West—By Murgunga Bheel.
49	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mou- zah Tengra and Kameta.	27	North	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 27, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 47.
50	ditto	ditto	27	South	11 2 10	3 2 29	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By end of mile 27, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 49.
51	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mou- zah Kameta and Harah.	28	North	12 9 0	4 0 19	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 27, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 28.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 53. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
52	ditto	ditto	28	South	13 11 0	4 1 37	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By western boundary of lot 54. West—By end of mile 27, as per plan.
53	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mou- zah Harah and Madhubpore.	28	North	13 2 0	4 1 13	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 28, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zeminary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
54	ditto	ditto	28	South	9 14 0	3 0 33	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeminary land. East—By end of mile 28, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 52.

ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Haroh and Medhupore, Moorakhole and Gobindpore.	29	North	...	9 18 5	3 1 4	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 29.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Hurragunge. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
ditto	...	ditto	29	South	...	13 13 9	4 2 1	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 28, as per plan, and terminates on 2,600 feet of mile 29.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By Hurragunge. West—By end of mile 28, as per plan.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Bagiape and Gobindpore.	29	North	...	14 16 9	4 3 30	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,340 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragunge.
ditto	...	ditto	29	South	...	12 0 13	3 3 37	Occupied by nullah	1 1 29	.....	Commences on 2,680 feet of mile 29, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 29, as per plan. West—By Hurragunge.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Gobindpore and Hurrahupore.	30	North	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 29, as per plan, and terminates on 2,800 feet of mile 30.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
ditto	...	ditto	30	South	...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 29, as per plan.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Mouzab Hurrahupore.	30	North	...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,830 feet of mile 30, and terminates on 4,140 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Bailgachee station land. West—By village road.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Hurrahupore, Dadpore, and Hughoonathpore.	30	South	...	14 10 0	4 3 7	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,890 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By village road.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Hurrahupore and Dadpore.	30	North	...	1 3 2	0 1 21	Occupied by roads	0 0 19	.....	Commences on 5,115 feet of mile 30, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 30, as per plan. West—By Bailgachee station land.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Dadpore, Hurrahupore, Hughoonathpore, and Ghosebarah.	31	North	...	11 16 4	3 3 26	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 30, as per plan, and terminates on 2,760 feet of mile 31.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 64. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Dadpore, Hurrahupore, Hughoonathpore, and Ghosebarah.	31	South	...	11 16 4	3 3 26	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 67. West—By end of mile 30, as per plan.
ditto	...	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzabs Ghosebarah and Dyalnuggur.	31	North	...	10 6 8	3 1 26	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,760 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan.

Serial Number of Land	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHA AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. E. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. P.		
67	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Ghosebarah and Dyalnuggur.	31	South	9 9 2	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 31, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 31, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 66.
68	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Dyalnuggur, Baboopore and Doochee.	32	North	10 12 1	3 2 1	Occupied by nullah	0 0 4	Commences at the end of mile 31, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 33.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 70. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
69	ditto	ditto	33	South	10 10 6	3 1 37	ditto	0 0 4	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 71. West—By end of mile 31, as per plan.
70	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Monzaha Doochee Keroosejoree.	33	North	11 5 4	3 2 36	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 33, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
71	ditto	ditto	33	South	11 5 4	3 2 36	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 69.
72	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Nasibahye, Doochee, and Nowdoochee, Monzaha Keroosejoree and Doochee.	33	North	13 18 5	4 1 3	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 33, as per plan, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 33.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
73	ditto	ditto	33	South	13 18 5	4 1 3	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
74	ditto	Pergunnah Bailgachee, Nasibahye, Doochee, and Nowdoochee, Monzaha Doochee Keroosejoree, Nowdoochee and Dyalnuggur.	33	North	13 5 13	4 1 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 33, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 72.
75	ditto	ditto	33	South	13 5 13	4 1 23	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By end of mile 33, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 73.
76	ditto	Pergunnah Nasibahye, Monzaha Nowdoochee and Dyalnuggur.	34	North	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 33, as per plan, and terminates on 2,260 feet of mile 34.	North—By secondary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.
77	ditto	ditto	34	South	9 15 0	3 0 36	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By secondary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 33, as per plan.

78	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Dyanagur and Doorgapore.	34	North	10 8 15	3 1 33	.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 34, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
79	ditto	ditto	34	South	9 0 7	2 3 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 34, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
80	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Doorgapoor and Gopeenathpore.	35	North	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 34, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 35.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 83. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
81	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Doorgapore.	35	South	8 5 1	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 83. West—By end of mile 34, as per plan.
82	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Gopeenathpore, Doorgapore, Kakilashahar, and Gungaper-shahpore.	35	North	9 14 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 35, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
83	ditto	ditto	35	South	9 14 8	3 1 5	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.
84	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Gungapershadpore and Purnah-luckepore.	36	North	10 0 0	3 1 9	Occupied by spurs for protection of bridge.	0 2 22	Commences at the end of mile 35, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 36.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 84. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
85	ditto	ditto	36	South	10 0 0	3 1 9	ditto	0 2 22	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 87. West—By end of mile 35, as per plan.
86	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Purnah-luckepore and Chowanipore.	36	North	9 2 1	3 0 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 36, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 84.
87	ditto	ditto	36	South	9 2 1	3 0 2	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 36, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 85.
88	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Gungapershadpore and Luckypore, Curnemupore, and Bepuzazur.	36B	North	11 1 14	3 2 35	.....	.....	Commences at 35 miles and 20 chains, and terminates at the river Ganges.	North—By river Ganges. South—By class A land of railway. East—By zemindary land. West—By public road.
89	ditto	Pergunah Nasibahye, Monzab Purnah-luckepore and Bepuzazur.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 37.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajbarce station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.

Serial Number	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of miles on which situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGHAH AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
80	Fureedpore	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhownapore and Benodpore.	37	South	6 7 10	2 0 18		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 36, as per plan, and terminates on 2,250 feet of mile 37.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By Rajbaree station land. West—By end of mile 36, as per plan.
91	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhownapore and Rajbaree.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24		.....	.....	Commences on 2,940 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 2,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Rajbaree station land. West—By zemindary land.
92	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhownapore and Sujunkandee.	37	South	9 11 11	3 0 27		.....	.....	Commences on 2,200 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
93	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Sujun Kandee.	37	North	3 9 7	1 0 24		.....	.....	Commences on 3,090 feet of mile 37, and terminates on 3,580 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindary land. West—By Rajbaree station land.
94	ditto	Pergunnahs Nasibahye and Phoolotee, Mouzahs Sujun Kandee and Bhandpore.	37	North	10 4 4	3 1 20		.....	.....	Commences on 3,580 feet of mile 37, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbaree station land.
95	ditto	ditto	37	South	4 11 4	1 2 1		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 37, as per plan. West—By Rajbaree station land.
96	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Bhandpore and Ramchunderpore.	38	North	9 8 15	3 0 20		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 37, as per plan, and terminates on 2,740 feet of mile 38.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
97	ditto	ditto	38	South	9 8 15	3 0 20		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 37, as per plan.
98	ditto	Pergunnah Phoolotee, Mouzahs Ramchunderpore and Kamal-deekandee.	39	North	7 0 0	2 1 10		.....	.....	Commences on 2,805 feet of mile 38, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
99	ditto	ditto	38	South	7 0 0	2 1 10		.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 38, as per plan. West—By nullah.
100	ditto	Pergunnahs Phoolotee and Kasimnugger, Mouzahs Kamal-deekandee and Agnaree.	39	North	9 5 4	3 0 10		.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 38, as per plan, and terminates on 3,510 feet of mile 39.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lo. 102. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.

101	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	9 8 4	3 0 18	...	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By western boundary of lot 103. West—By end of mile 38, as per plan.
102	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Phoolotee and Kasimnugger, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	39	North	...	6 6 13	2 0 15	...	...	Commences on 3,510 feet of mile 38, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	...	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 39, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.
103	ditto	...	ditto	...	39	South	...	6 4 3	2 0 9	...	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 39, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 101.
104	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia.	...	40	North	...	12 7 4	4 0 14	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 3,370 feet of mile 40.	...	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.
105	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	3 11 2	1 0 28	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 39, as per plan, and terminates on 1,075 feet of mile 40.	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 39, as per plan.
106	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	8 2 2	2 2 29	...	...	Commences on 1,465 feet of mile 40, and terminates on 3,370 feet of same, as per plan.	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By zemindary land.
107	Fareedpore	...	Pergunnahs Kasimnugger and Umberpore, Mouzah Bhydia and Oorakandee.	...	40	North	...	7 10 8	2 1 38	Occupied by road	...	Commences on 3,425 feet of mile 40, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	...	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.
108	ditto	...	ditto	...	40	South	...	7 10 8	2 1 38	Ditto Occupied by nullah	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 40, as per plan. West—By nullah.
109	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Oorakandee.	...	41	North	...	13 0 8	4 1 20	...	...	Commences at the end of mile 40, as per plan, and terminates on 3,880 feet of mile 41.	...	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.
110	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	13 2 6	4 1 14	...	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 40, as per plan.
111	ditto	...	Pergunnah Kasimnugger, Mouzah Nunook and Foor-sutto.	...	41	North	...	4 3 14	1 1 22	...	...	Commences on 3,905 feet of mile 41, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	...	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
112	ditto	...	ditto	...	41	South	...	4 5 14	1 1 27	...	...	ditto	...	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 41, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.

Number of Survey	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mou on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
113	Furzedpore	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Tootsuttoo and Kamardanga.	42	North	8 10 14	2 3 12	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 41, as per plan, and terminates on 2,650 feet of mile 42.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
114	ditto	ditto	42	South	8 10 14	2 3 12	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 41, as per plan.
115	ditto	Pergunnah Kassimnugger, Mouzah Kamardanga.	42	North	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 42, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
116	ditto	ditto	42	South	5 12 2	1 3 17	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 42, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
117	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mouzahs Kamardanga and Porooloe.	43	North	6 2 15	2 0 5	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 42, as per plan, and terminates on 3,250 feet of mile 43.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
118	ditto	ditto	43	South	5 6 7	1 3 2	.....	.....	.....	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 42, as per plan.
119	ditto	Pergunnahs Kassimnugger and Sajapore, Mouzahs Barresinza, Acopallundo and Barrabla.	43	North	4 11 11	1 2 2	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 43, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
120	ditto	ditto	43	South	4 1 13	1 1 25	Occupied by nullah	.....	0 1 18	ditto	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By end of mile 43, as per plan. West—By nullah.
121	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapore, Mouzahs Burrobilla Ko shahaut and Jypoor.	44	North	7 4 2	2 1 21	.....	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 3,130 feet of mile 44.	North—By zemindary land. South—By railway fencing. East—By new terminal station. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.
122	ditto	Pergunnah Sajapoor, Mouzahs Burrobilla and Ko-shahaut.	44	South	1 1 6	0 1 17	Reclaimed under sanction of Government.	Retained for station purposes, but not formally applied for by Co.	1 1 4 3 1 9 4 2 13	Commences at the end of mile 43, as per plan, and terminates on 300 feet of mile 44.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindary land. East—By permanent land of railway. West—By end of mile 43, as per plan.

CALCUTTA, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 9th March 1876.

W. HEYHAM, Railway Deputy Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, the 15th May 1876, corresponding with 3rd Joishto 1283 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th March 1876.

Number on the rent-roll.	Class.	Names of Mahals and Pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estates are to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
184	1st Class...	Lot Bankbaha, pergunnah Bar-bekasing.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 565-11-7.	Bejai Gopal Chattopadhyaya, Ram Lall Chattopadhyaya, Pran Chand Chattopadhyaya, Baidya Nath Chattopadhyaya, Kamala Kamini Debhya, Janaki Nath Mukhopadhyaya, in person and guardian of minors Haridasi Debhya, and Ram Lall Mukhopadhyaya.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 2,745-9-0. That, exclusive of the separate share of Kamala Kamini Debhya, Rs. 696-6-0, Janaki Nath Mukhopadhyaya and others Rs. 680-6-3, total Rs. 1,372-12-3, is Rs. 1,372-12-3.	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.
237	Ditto ...	Lot Kantari, pergunnah Zainujal.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 12-5-7.	Mr. A. Hume Smith, manager of the estate of minor Baboo Ram Runjan Chuckrovarti, Sebait of the Hindu God Radhaballab Thacoer, Shaik Bedar Bukht, Beni Madhab Chuckrovarti, Gopi Ballab Chuckrovarti, Chhakuri Chundro Chuckrovarti, Ram Kristo Chuckrovarti, Tincowry Roy, Shaik Joimuddin, and Isahan Chunder Sen.	Sudder jumma for the entire lot Rs. 1,496-11-0. That, exclusive of the separate share of Baboo Ram Runjan Chuckrovarti, Rs. 659-1-10, is Rs. 8,337-9-2.	Ditto.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1876.

R. D. HIME, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 30th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1876.

Number of Towjee.	Name of Mahal and Pergunnah.	Sudder Jumma.	Name of Proprietor.	REMARKS.
CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.				
47	Hissay Chousunda, pergunnah Biswuck.	Rs. A. P. 906 10 8	Mussamut Ghunahan Kooer, oori Anund Kooer, Mussamut Holas Kooer, Mullick Fuzulhosen, father and guardian of Mullick Zuhurul H. Hoo, maliks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
115	Maun Singporetina, pergunnah Pillich.	925 4 2	Gholamhosen, Mussamut Banno, Harreehur Churn, Doorma Churn, Sheosuboy, Mussamut Anunt Kooer, oori Jusda Kooer, mother and guardian of Seetaram and Jankopershad, minor sons.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 925-4-2 Rs. 463-10-0 to be deducted on account share of Sheosuboy, Doormapershad, Mussamut Do-dar Dal, mother and guardian of Baunath Suboy, with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814. The sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 462-10-2, on account share of Gholam Hosen, Mussamut Banno, Harreehur Churn, Doormachurn, Mussamut Anunt Kooer, oori Jusda Kooer, mother and guardian of Seetaram and Jankopershad, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
149	Rampore, Umayra, Balkishun, Bulram, pergunnah Pillich.	3,001 9 7	Ramdharce Sing, Chatterbhajdharee Sing, and Doodharce Sing, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 3,001-9-7 Rs. 2,864-2-0 to be deducted on account share of Dhurummrain Sing, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened and whose shares were brought under partition, and of Brijbharce Sing, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 137-7-7, on account share of Uogora Pandey, applicant, in mouzah Huneeswan, appertaining to lot Rampore Amayra, Balkishun Bulram, whose share was brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
225	Ukburpore, Bhudoor, &c., pergunnah Mussourah.	12,983 10 2	Baboo Sheonundunpershad Sing, Baboo Hurnundunpershad Sing, and Baboo Ramdharce Sing, &c.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 12,983-10-2 Rs. 12,524-2-3 to be deducted on account share of Baboo Sheonundun Sing, &c., applicants and non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 139-8 on account share of Hurdootmuran Sing, whose share was brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, the 17th April 1876.

A. C. MANGERS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 5th day of June 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1876.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 723.—Mahal Bunarpore, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 2,890; recorded proprietors Lala Thakoor Pershad, Behary Tewary, Mohobut Tewary, and others. This mahal will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 102-10.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 15th April 1876.

W. S. WELLS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 25th day of February 1876.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Kismut Ambika, Baboit Taraf, Titok Chunder Canoongoe; auction purchaser Umachurn Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 745-10-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 54.—Taraf Anundiram Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Anundo Moyee and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 849-6-9. The shares of Brojomohun Bishonath *alias* Bodyonath, Bholanath, Ghonesham, Horodass Canoongoe, Gan Bibi, Kali Churn, Oodoy Chand, Oolmila, Rongit Ram, Ram Dass, Ram Kishore, Ramdoyal De, Ramdoyal, Ramdoolal, Shibo Dass Canoongoe, Tonooram, Mritunjoy *alias* Joogulkishore, Ramdoyal De, Amanut Ali, Jinut Ali, Akima Bibi, Moti Bibi, Sheikh Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah Chowdry, Sheikh Mahomed Rohimullah Chowdry, Bishamber De, and Kalikumar De, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 47-7-10, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 813.—Kismut Doorga Lochun Krishna Churn Wahaddar, Ram Lochun Sein, Chundra Kola, Ramshoonder Sen, Krishna Mohun Kerani, Gopal Dass, Gooroo Dass Pal, and Ram Chunder Baboit; Taraf Ram Hurry Canoongoe, recorded proprietors Chunder Kanta Pal and others; sudder jumma Rs. 883-12-6. The shares of Taruck Chunder Sein and Jugguth Chunder Sein, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 212-0-5, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1024.—Taraf Gobinda Nundy, recorded proprietors Sotronarain and others; sudder jumma Rs. 1,161-13-1. The shares of Sotronarain, Durponarain, Mahomed Ashruf, Ramgoy, Ram Chunder Dutta, Sheikh Mahomed Bashirullah, Sheikh Mahomed Asanullah, and Sheikh Mahomed Rohimullah, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 707-14-6, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1279.—Taraf Joyram Chowdry, recorded proprietors Furkund Bukht and Ohidul Alum, sudder jumma Rs. 1,420-5-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 1469.—Taraf Komor Koollee, recorded proprietors Golam Gaos, Golam Hyder, Julfut Neysa, Mahomed Mookim, Nojoomulissa, Oomed Ali, Shoothruthnessa, Jomirun, Osimnessa, Julfutnessa, Muhachooma, Moymoona, Agurulhak Begum, Foridul Alum, Soyadul Alum, Abdul Fukta, and Abdul Fukta Chowdry, sudder jumma Rs. 1,015-13-0. The entire estate will be sold.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2562.—Taraf Ram Bhodro Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Bhoirub Chunder and others; sudder jumma Rs. 918-15-7. The shares of Ram Soonder Sen, his brother Ram Mohun Sen, Petambur Canoongoe, Gobinda Chunder Roy, Pran Hurry Lalla, Horihur Bhuttacharjee, Horihur Bhuttacharjee, Bonnigan Bibi, Bhoirub Churn, Chundi Churn, Kali Churn, Nosurutullah, Raj Chunder, Ram Dass, Tareence Shunkur Canoongoe, Ram Shoonder Sen, Pran Hurry Lalla, Tripura Churn, Aurnada Churn Ray, Nitya Nundo Sen, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn Nundy, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn, Chundi Churn Dhor, Shusti Churn, Abdullah, Oogirali *alias* Poton, Bisheshory, Uma Churn, Gooroo Dass Roy, Debi Churn *alias* Delu Mahajan, Ram Dass Singh, Doya Mohun Sen, Raj Chunder Chowdry, Horinath Poorohit, Ramkinkur Poorohit, Ram Kishore Sen, Ram Kishore Sen, Aukhil Chunder Sen, Eshan Chunder Chowdry, Shyma Soondaree, Modhoo Ram, Ram Ruttun Surma, Gopal Krishna Surma, Ram Dhon Burnik, Ram Ruttun Surma, and Ram Dhon Burnik, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 313-14-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For arrears of revenue.

No. 2565.—Taraf Ram Kishore Canoongoe, recorded proprietor Alihosun and others; sudder jumma Rs. 810-1-7. The share of Bharuth Chunder Topadar, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 358-7-9, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mehal Lakhiraj resumed mouzah Rajarkul, Thana Ramu.

No. 23916.—Taluk Obeydullah Sheik Bodiur Jumma, Srimoti Dewan Bibi, and Asalut Khan, recorded proprietor Asalut Khan and others; sudder jumma Rs. 963-11-3. The shares of Asalut Khan, Akber Ali Khan, Srimoti Thanda Bibi, Asad Ali Khan, Gooloojan, Noornessa, and Ameernessa, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 662-9-2, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

F. W. BADCOCK, *Covd. Depy. Collr. in charge.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, and section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 25th day of February 1876.

NOABAD.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Zilwanga, Thana Ramu.

No. 26.—Talook Gouri Shunkur Bodyanath Canoongoe; recorded proprietors Ram Mohan Sen and Mahomed Ismail; sudder jumma Rs. 938. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Mochaakkali, Thana Ramu.

No. 175.—Talook Amaljamal; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,189-1-6. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Dholee Serra, Thana Ramu.

No. 176.—Talook Magun Dass Chowdry; recorded proprietor Magun Dass Chowdry; sudder jumma Rs. 1,295-10-7. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Chur Shabek Bakolia, Thana Shohor.

No. 559.—Talook Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korbar Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi; recorded proprietors Ahamed Ali, Mahomed Esuf, Korbar Ali, Ajgur Ali, Srimoti Noor Bibi, and Mahomed Nosim Soudagur; sudder jumma Rs. 686-4. The entire talook will be sold.

FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.

Mouzah Monohurkkali, Thana Town.

No. 1463.—Talook Hugo Henry Martin; recorded proprietor Hugo Henry Martin; sudder jumma Rs. 533. The entire talook will be sold.

F. W. BADCOCK, *Covd. Depy. Collr. in charge.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorsshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 5th June 1876, corresponding with 24th Joisto 1283 B.S., for arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1876.

Serial number.	Class.	Number of towee.	Names of Mohals and Pergunnahs.	Names of Proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
1	1st Class...	8	Dibi Kutubpur, Pergunnah Sherpur.	Syad Naser Ali, Asma Bibi, Golam Tobrej, Mojoharulla, Nuronobbi, Jebonnessa, Nojibonnessa, Moula Newaz Bibi, Amutton Futtema, Nuroton Nema Bibi, Alia Bohoman, Abdul Mohamed, Abdul Aziz, Abdar Rosaid, Abdar Bohoman, Khonkar Bohama, Tomsu Bibi, Madada Bibi, Nodan Bibi, Khodeja Bibi, and Alekar Bibi.	Rs. A. P. 7,219 13 0	Only thirteen annas six gunda, and thirteen kog share of mohals sudder jumma Rs. 6,920-4-5, will be sold, i.e. share of Asma Bibi, Golam Tobrej, Mojoharulla, Nuronobbi, Jebonnessa, Khodeja, and Amutton Futtema.
2	Ditto ...	9	Kiamut Pergunnah Kashipur, Pergunnah Kashipur.	Shama Charan Bhutto, Chunder Mukhi Dassia, Isan Chunder Rai, Ganes Lal Rai, Shama Sundery Dassia, Radha Charan Ben, Khetto Nath Bandopadhia, Nittakali Debbia, and Brojraj Bandopadhia, father and guardian of Sotish Chandro Bandopadhia, minors.	8,074 3 0	Only four annas nine gundas one kog and one teel share of mohal sudder jumma Rs. 2,250-5-1, will be sold, i.e. share of Ganes Lal Rai.
3	Ditto ...	55	Kiamut Pergunnah Khorgam, Pergunnah Khorgam.	Tarini Prasad, Uttom Kumari, Binode Money, Syad Nuronobbi, Komol Lochan, Gurudoyal, Parsonath, Arunnobi, Biswanath, Ramdullab, Ramkishore, Panchanan, Ramdhan, Silkant, Mohamed, Moza-had, Gournarain Chatterjee, Sibait of Lockhoneswar Shib Takur, Muktokei, Mohendro Narain, Golam Bohbani, manager and guardian of Khonkar Golam Rosul, Ambikaprasad Das, Beniusdhab, Ramjadab, Israr Chandra, Gurudoyal, Saroda Prashad, Bani Prashad, Ramdoyal, Ramesswar, Harish Chandro, Karfarma, Gurudoyal, Paramanand, Kristo Kumar, Moulvie Syad Attawar Bohoman, Moulvie Abdul Fata, Moulvie Syad Attawar Bohoman, manager and guardian of Abdulmal and Bosida Bibi, minors, son and daughter respectively of late Chowdhuri Syad Atta, Khushiburnessa Bibi, Syda Bibi, Fattema Bibi, mother and guardian of Syad Mohamed Mosi and Taleba Bibi, and Syad Abdul Hakim.	2,370 13 0	Only six annas one kog and four teels share of mohal sudder jumma Rs. 589-10-1, will be sold, i.e. share of Binode Money, Syad Abdul Hakim, Syad Nuronobbi, Komolochan, Gurudoyal, Poron Nath, Bisso Nath, Bhubonessari, Ramdullab, Ramkishore, Panchanan, Ramdhan, Mohamed Moza-had, Gour Narain Chatterjee, Sibait of Lockhoneswar Shib Takur, Mukto Kesi, Mohendro Narain, Golam Bohbani, manager and guardian of Khonkar Golam Rosul, Ambikaprasad Das, Beni Madhab, Beniprasad, Ramdoyal, Moulvie Syad Attawar Bohoman, Moulvie Abdul Fata, Moulvie Syad Attawar Bohoman, manager and guardian of Abdul Salal and Bosida Bibi, minors, son and daughter respectively of late Chowdhuri Syad Atta, Syda Bibi, Fattema Bibi, mother and guardian of Syad Mohamed Mosi and Taleba Bibi.
4	Ditto ...	234	Poti Bahadurpur, Pergunnah Kashipur.	Prosonno Chandro Ghose	742 13 8	The entire mehal will be sold.
5	Ditto ...	238	Kiamut Taruf Fazilpur, Pergunnah Nowanuggar.	Modon Mohan Mukhopadhia, Shama Soondery, Mahatab Sing, Tinkowri Debbia, and Trilochan Mukhopadhia.	1,227 11 9	Eight annas five teels, share of mohal sudder jumma Rs. 633-1, will be sold, i.e. share of Modon-mohan, Shama Soondery, and Mohatab Sing.
6	Ditto ...	318	Kiamut Mouzah Bongoobati, Pergunnah Sultan-ul.	Frankristo, Gango Gobind, Radha Govind Das, Bhagbut, and Ram Kallian Mundic.	1,844 0 2	The entire mehal will be sold.
7	Ditto ...	455	Kiamut Rocktipur, Pergunnah Palasi.	Golock Govind Mukherjee, Hari Mohan, Khettronath, Radhakristo, Gopalakristo Mukherjee, Sosimoney Debbia, Syad Atwar Bohoman, Syad Abdul Fata, Khobiba Bibi, Taleba Bibi, Poterna Bibi, mother and guardian of Syad Mohamed Musa, minor, Syad Mohamed Taha, Rohimanssa Bibi, and Syda Bibi.	2,403 10 3	Ditto.
8	Ditto ...	467	Kiamut Pergunnah Syad Kubitia, Pergunnah Futtehsing.	Taleb Hossein and Packarennessa Bibi	570 11 1	The entire mehal will be sold.
9	Ditto ...	2753	Torof Shampur, Pergunnah Ausdruggar.	Dwarka Nath Dass	780 8 8	Ditto.

MOORSHEBADAB COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 21st April 1876.

A. MACKENZIE, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Balasore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 22nd day of May 1876, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1876.

No. of towee.	Name of Pergunnah.	Name of estate.	Names of Zemindars.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears due
1180	Bhalorashour	Chorepudda	Keshore Charan Chowdhary, Nobe Kishore Chowdhary, Narain Ghose, Imajudi Khan, Gangaram Mahapatra Chowdhary, Madhusudan Mahapatra, Bhagbat Mahapatra, Lakhmi Narain Mahapatra, Kripasindhu Mahapatra, Golam Mrutaja Khan, Golam Mujatba Khan, and Saroda Persad Sarkar.	Rs. A. P. 546 3 14	Rs. A. P. 15 8 7

The 13th April 1876.

T. NORMAN, *Acting Collector.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 19	7 Packages, B W in a triangle ...	Scott & Co.	St. Marnock.
" 19	57 Cases, C. R. & Co. below in a heart ...	Order	Ditto.
" 19	5 Casks, D D S in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	1 Case, broad arrow, with I S D below in a semi-circle, Stationery Department	Addressed	Ditto.
" 19	1 Case, M N & B in a diamond ...	Order	Ditto.
" 19	1 Case, M in a diamond, Murray & Co. below	Care of W. H. Fitze & Co.	Ditto.
" 19	4 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
" 24	4 Cases, 205 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ship Ganges.
" 24	1 Case, C N D in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	52 Packages, 294 in a diamond, C. & Co. top	Ditto	Star of Persia.
" 19	57 Cases, C E with & Co. below in a heart ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	35 Cases, D P with C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	16 Cases, D and E in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	20 Drums, G C M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	95 Kegs, G C M in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	2 Cases, G M & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	35 Cases, H & E in a triangle, C & B below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	2 Bundles Hoop Iron, J F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	212 Bars Flat Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	9 Bundles Flat Iron, D D N & F ...	Mohendro Nauth Dutt & Co.	Ditto.
" 19	6 Bundles Shovels, M N K in a diamond	Order	Ditto.
" 19	2 Casks, M N K in a diamond, C below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	16 Cases, M R in a double triangle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	1 Case, 11 in a diamond, M C and Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	2 Casks, 78 in a diamond, R I P P outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	7 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	2 Bars Square Iron, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	1,092 Bars Square Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	46 Bundles Flat Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	99 Bundles Square Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	4 Bars Flat Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	575 Bars Round Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	5 Bundles Round Iron, D D N & F ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 19	2 Grindstones, N K M in a diamond, C below	Nubbo Kisto Mullick.	Ditto.
" 17	4 Rolls Lead, G C M in a diamond, C below	Order	Sultan.
" 17	2 Girders, S, or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 17	1 Sample Parcel, Bell & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	6 Packages, 467 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside...	Ditto	S. S. Viceroy.
" 21	4 Cases, 343 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	2 Casks, B L B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	2 Cases, D & B with C below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	3 Cases, D & C with P below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	4 Cases, 231 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	30 Cases, G F K & Co. ...	G. F. Kellner & Co.	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, H C G & Co. in a diamond, F T B and Co. below	Order	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, broad arrow, with I S D below in a semi-circle, Medical Department	Addressed	Ditto.
" 21	2 Cases, broad arrow, with I S D below in a semi-circle, Stationery Department	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Piece Pipe, L E with M below, or no mark	B. Smyth & Co.	Ditto.
" 21	2 Pipes, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, 23 in a diamond, M C & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	8 Cases, 231 in a diamond, M C & Co. below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bale, N H with and Co. below in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	8 Tins of Salmon, &c., no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bottle Brandy, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bundle Candle, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	A quantity of Nails, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	23 Cases, Smyth & Co., Benares	Addressed	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, S M A ...	Order	Ditto.
" 21	2 Cases, S in a diamond, B below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, S O in a double triangle	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	8 Pieces of Stones 282 with S K D below in a diamond, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Piece of Stone, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, B. Wymann, Esq. ...	Addressed	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 21	1 Sample Parcel, F B with G below ...	Fornaro Brothers ...	S. S. Viceroy.
" 21	1 Sample Parcel, C with E below in a diamond ...	Care of Seomb Bros.	Ditto.
" 21	1 Box, Major A. J. Birch ...	Care of G. Wyllie & Co.	Manitoban.
" 21	1 Cask, B & S J I D ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 21	15 Copper Sheets, no mark or C & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	23 Flat Bars of Copper, no mark or C & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	24 Bolts of Copper, no mark or C & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Bales, C S with C below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	4 Cases, G D K in a diamond, C below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	19 Bundles Hoop Iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Bundles Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, L & H in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	5 Cases, M B H R in a heart ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	57 Coils Wire, no mark or broad arrow, with G T D below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, Officer Commanding 2nd Battalion & 22nd Regiment ...	Addressed ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, S P & Co., with Mohar below ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 21	17 Bales, S P, with C below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, T in a diamond ...	T. E. Thomson & Co.	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, Rev. James Williamson Manse, Allahabad ...	Care of Steel, McIntosh & Co.	Ditto.
" 21	1 Trias, T in a double triangle ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Sample Parcel, C. R. English, Esq. ...	Care of R. Macallister & Co.	Ditto.
" 21	1 Sample Parcel, M B H R in a heart ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 21	20 Bars Square Iron, J ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bundle Tubes, T in a diamond or no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	203 Bars T Iron, no mark or C. & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	9 Plates Iron, J ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	5 Plates Iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	62 Cakes Spelter, no mark or cross ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	159 Broken Pieces of Spelter, mixed ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	114 Cakes Spelter, C P ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	69 Cakes Spelter, E J ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	132 Cakes Spelter, R J & N ...	Doyal C. Dutt ...	Ditto.
" 22	17 Cakes Spelter, no mark or J H ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 22	2 Packages, S. P. & Co., with Mohar below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	157 Bars Flat Iron, no mark or D D N & F ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	8 Packages, A B C with S L below ...	Ditto ...	Queen Margaret.
" 20	3 Casks, A R C with C below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	4 Cases, 158 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, 138 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	19 Packages, 308 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	8 Cases, 45 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cases, 610 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cases, 439 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cases, 604 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	7 Cases, 601 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cases, 300 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	16 Packages, B D in a diamond, F M below ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Kegs, B K B in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, Mr. P. R. Buchanan ...	Care of Colvin, Cowie & Co.	Ditto.
" 20	3 Packages, C 129 in a diamond, J. L. & Co. outside ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, C & C ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, 258 in a diamond, C. & Co. top ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	10 Cases, 274 in a diamond, C. & Co. top ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	52 Cases, G. F. K. & Co. ...	G. F. Kellner & Co.	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, G. C. D. & Co. separated by a cross ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, H. C. G. & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	4 Cases, H M D ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, C. F. Hornle, 10, Landour, north of Dehra Doon. ...	Addressed ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Bundle Hoop Iron, no mark or M in a diamond ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 20	50 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Pieces Flat Bars ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	20 Cases, 737 in a diamond, J. O. & Co. outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, J M with A below in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	4 Cases, J with A M below in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Cask, J. E. K. & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	249 Cases, J E P ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cases, 118 in a diamond, K N C C outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, K M B & S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	46 Packages, L N S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	2 Casks, L S & G S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, L S, with N below in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, 88 in a diamond, M L G G outside ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	6 Cases, M S S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 20	10 Cases, M & E B in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1876.			
April 20	2 Cases, 81 in a diamond, M L G G outside	Order	Queen Margaret.
" 20	55 Cases, N & O B in a diamond, M V top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	1 Keg, no mark or T in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	3 Iron Chains, no mark or M	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	1 Iron Chain, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	1 Case, 56 in a block, R B top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	20 Packages, 28 in a block, R B top	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	11 Cases, S P D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	19 Cakes Spelter, P & H with B below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	2 Cakes Spelter, no mark or cross	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	1 Cake Spelter, W with E J below	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	150 Broken Pieces of Spelter, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	24 Packages, T in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	3 Bales, T. S. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 20	2 Drums, X in a circle	Ahmuty & Co.	Ditto.
" 20	1 Sample Parcel, Dwarkanath Dutt and Nephew	Addressed	Ditto.
" 22	62 Barrels, P W with S L below	Order	S. S. Statesman.

The 24th April 1876.

(712—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, for Vice-Chairman.

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipt from Local Traffic.

	FOOT PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES, &c.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
For the week ending 20th April 1876	408 8 0	376 0 0	561 0 9	403 11 3	1,749 4 0	
For 15 previous weeks	6,271 7 3	5,560 5 0	7,039 0 6	5,843 5 3	24,764 2 0	
Total	6,679 15 3	5,936 5 0	7,600 1 3	6,246 6 6	26,503 6 0	

By order of the Commissioners,

CALCUTTA, the 24th April 1876.

(711—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, Secretary.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 18th April 1876.

LIABILITIES.		Rs. A. P.	ASSETS.		Rs. A. P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up	...	3,20,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	...	1,64,03,293 5 0
Reserve Fund	...	18,99,990 13 1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	72,57,293 12 2
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	Rs. 1,68,88,041 15 4	3,62,60,290 1 3	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	58,72,179 1 2
General Treasury Balance at Branches	Rs. 1,93,72,248 1 11		Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	...	2,07,38,591 0 10
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,77,03,944 3 0	Dead Stock	...	10,63,960 2 11
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	1,43,481 0 9	Stamps	...	11,664 7 10
Sundries	...	7,76,247 2 0	Balances with other banks	...	8,77,353 8 10
			Sundries	...	1,52,398 15 5
			Bullion	...	24,884 1 4
					5,94,01,618 7 6
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Rs. 1,03,33,890 2 7	2,63,82,334 12 7
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	Rs. 1,60,48,444 10 0	
Total	...	7,87,83,963 4 1	Total	...	7,87,83,963 4 1

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 20th April 1876.J. GORDON, Chief Acct. & Dy. Secy.
(707—1)R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
3	L 52—16990 A 57—27137	500 50	Makoon Lal Goladar.
4	L 67—67175	50	
6	L 78—49307 " —49309 " —49310 " —49311 " —49312 " —49313 " —49314 " —49316	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Krishna Lal Bysack.
11	L 69—72530	100	
	" —78695	100	
	" —78697	100	
	" —05968	100	
	" —93751	100	
	" —93750	100	
15	L 66—70004	50	Sri Ram.
16	L 68—72603	100	Kristo Kinkur Pramanick.
17	L 69—74967	100	J. J. Ross.
18	L 69—83282	100	Major H. deG. Warter, R.A.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

5	L 65—48824	20	Hurish Chunder Dutt.
6	L 9—89218	5	The Deputy Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Ben- gal, Calcutta.
7	L 77—05887 L 71—28721	20 10	H. Chaplin.
8	L 22—28625	5	
9	L 77—08236	20	Gunesh Lal.
10	L 62—05432	10	Modusooden Paray.
11	L 63—49093	20	Ram Taruck Dutt.
12	L 57—78971 L 20—05466	10 5	G. W. L. Paterson.
13	L 61—63292	10	
14	L 58—66282	10	Kader Nath Halder.
15	L 49—52326	50	Sardar Surat Sing.
16	L 48—26750 " —26745 L 66—12699	20 20 50	Gopaul Dass Johuri.
17	L 23—40236 L 20—37827	5 5	
19	L 58—64181	10	Revd. A. C. Hardy.
20	L 72—22364	10	Shyam Lal Lahuri.
21	L 72—20100 L 23—53429	10 5	Shaik Khoda Bukhsh.
22	L 16—88529 L 21—73063	5 5	
23	A 91—38931	100	Taruck Nath Sein.
24	L 64—77610	20	F. Tiery.
25	L 67—48320	50	F. S. Collis.
26	L 61—28208	10	
27	A 93—76359	20	Messrs. Ewing & Co.
28	L 57—78787	10	C. T. Metcalfe.
29	L 66—89259 " —80280	50 50	Lt. A. D. McArthur, R.E.
30	L 21—48208	5	
31	L 33—72370	10	C. W. Chisholm.
32	L 61—87664	10	Bholanath Mitter.
33	L 62—36871 L 71—13070	10 10	Jhoroo Dass.
34	L 65—50689	20	
35	L 69—57608 L 67—09636 L 49—38667	100 50 50	John McIntosh.
36	L 63—13612 L 21—77986	20 5	
37	L 77—26262	20	Rajendra Datta.
38	L 17—25697	5	J. H. Turner.
39	A 97—79139 L 2—98192	10 10	Gopaul Krishna Sen.
40	L 78—10314	20	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
3	L 23—00087 " —00630	5	Mohataz Hossein Khan.
4	D 11—13171 L 43—39745	10	
5	L 65—48789 " —48787 L 22—35495 " —35520	20 5	The Asst. Collr. in charge of treasury, Monghyr.
6	L 65—73841 " —73836	20	
7	L 60—67073 " —57076	10	Abdoollah Sirkur.
8	L 20—52894 " —52874	5	Kally Nath Mitter.
9	L 61—52017 " —52019	10	S. Doris.
10	L 65—04336 E 5—97523	20	Rutnessur Mullick.
11	L 46—05927 " —05934	20	
	L 63—69404 " —69405	20	T. E. Hyndman.
	L 6—65498 L 44—39348	10	
	L 43—22928 " —22905	10	Kally Prosono Sen.
12	L 58—48264 " —48243	10	
13	L 43—34779 " —34776	10	Ojoodhapershad Bajpe.
14	L 62—89593 L 58—89093	10	
15	L 58—53873 " —53875	10	Jahn Ali.
16	L 65—68612 " —68618	20	Kally Kissen Dass.
	L 22—16989 " —16986	5	
17	L 22—75236 " —75235	5	Deno Nath Bose.
	L 11—49066 " —49065	5	
18	L 47—72524 " —72523	20	T. Ward.

R. E. HAMILTON, .

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 25th April 1876.

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
14 Bars Iron, no mark	... City of Lucknow.
1 Case, A. R. & Co.	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, Messrs. Abdool Rohoman & Co., Cooloololah	... Queen Margaret.
2 Cases and 1 Parcel	Finlay, Muir & Co. ... Ditto.
38 Bottles Quicksilver, R S	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [G] D C	... Ditto.
2 Iron Pipes, M. B. Co. Ld. 12 & 34	... Ditto.
1 Bundle Round Iron, no mark	... Roderick Dhue.
1 Keg Paint, H	... Historian.
1 Parcel, [K D] C	... Ditto.
1 Case, Major Jerrot Shinoca, My- sore	... Chyeabassa.
1 Case, W. Moran & Co.	... Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	... Ditto.
2 Wheels, no mark	... Ditto.
14 Bars Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
14 Pieces Castings, no mark	... City of Canter- bury.
3 Bundles Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bar Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	... Ditto.
9 Pieces Spelter, no mark	... Ditto.
9 Cases, C T B	... St. Lawrence.
1 Box, B V B D, Calcutta	... Ditto.
1 Box, G D S E G	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, Proprietor of the "Eng- lishman"	... Ditto.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Package, [B T C] N	... Duke of Buccleuch.
2 Cases, [G] 8-9	.. Duke of Lancaster.
1 Coil Wire, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [S T M]	... Ditto
1 Case, [W] H.—F. Lewis, Esq., St. George's College, Mussooree, N. W. P., India	... Ditto.
1 Cask, [C] W L C	... Star of Denmark.
4 Casks, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Plate Iron, S S	... Ditto.
2 Bundles Sheet Iron, no mark	.. Serius.
2 Iron Pipes, no mark	... Siam.
1 Case, R. B. R. & Co.	... Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, R. R. Lyall, Rennie & Co.	City of Cambridge.
1 Parcel, John Macallister, Esq., Bank of Bengal, Calcutta	... Ditto.
6 Cases, [&] C C 1-6	... City of Poonah.
2 Cases, [&] E C 1-2	... Ditto.
4 Cases, [&] S C 1-8	... Ditto.
1 Case, [&] W C	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [G] C	... Ditto.
1 Bundle Sheet Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
16 Barrels, no mark	... St. Marnock.
2 Cases, H M S Calcutta, 1-2	... Tibre.
2 Parcels, Zackria Mchomed & Co., Calcutta	... Surat.
1 Case, A. M. Sweet, care of Hen- derson Brothers, 7, Bowling Green, New York	... Africa.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 20th May 1876.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 22nd April 1876.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

AS required by Section 58 Act V (B.C.) of 1870, notice is hereby given that the Accounts of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta for the half-year ending 31st March 1876, will be audited at the Office of the said Commissioners, No. 7, Commercial Buildings, on the 8th May 1876.

G. H. SIMMONS, *for Vice-Chairman.*

The 27th April 1876.

(714—1)

Notification.

THE following scale of charges on aerated water landed on the Jetties, having been approved by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is now published for general information in accordance with the provisions of Section 65, Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

Item.	Landing charge.	Removal charge.	Wharf rent.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
10. Aerated water, bottled. Per dozen quarts.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 6 0

By order of the Commissioners,

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

The 19th April 1876.

(706—1)

Notice.

UNDER instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall and Company will sell by public auction to the highest bidder at the Exchange Hall at noon on Friday next, the 28th instant,

Ex City of Paris,

[A. B. & Co. 406] Eight Cases, 149-56, Emerald Green 2,000 lbs.,

taken over on account of Government under Section 27 of Act VI of 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd April 1876.

Public Works Department, Bengal.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of four thousand maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Dinagopore (Kanchun Ghât) on the Poonorbhaba river. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

2. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

3. The offer or tender should be in the usual printed Public Works Department Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,
Ex. Engr., Dinagopore Division.

Public Works Department, Bengal.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SYLHET LIME.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of 3,000 maunds of best Sylhet Lime delivered at Rungpore, Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, or at Koledah on the Teesta (which is 13 miles from Rungpore civil station). The river Ghagat remains open during the rains till the 20th August.

2. The delivery of the material will not be complete till it is carted to, and weighed in, the Public Works Godown at the civil station, Rungpore.

3. Rates for delivery at Sunkamaree Ghât on the Ghagat, and at Koledah on the Teesta, should be quoted in the tender separately.

4. The offer or tender should be made in the usual printed Public Works Form No. 14M, an eight anna stamp being impressed on the form.

5. Sealed tenders, with earnest money, Rupees (100) one hundred, will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April 1876.

6. The delivery of the Lime to be completed before the 31st July 1876.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, C.E.,
Ex. Engr., Dinagopore Division.

Notice.

WANTED a Mohurir for the Munsiff's Court, Julpigore. Salary Rs. 20 per mensem, rising to Rs. 30 by a biennial increase of Re. 1. Candidates having some experience of Civil Court work, and some knowledge of English, will be preferred.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be submitted on or before the 10th May 1876.

KETTERPERSAD MUKERJEE, *Munsiff.*

MUNSIFF'S COURT, JULPIGORE, the 17th April 1876.

SHERISTADAR wanted for Maldah Collectorate. Salary Rs. 80, rising to Rs. 140 per mensem. Present incumbent having been appointed to officiate as a Deputy Collector, has obtained leave for one year. At the end of this time, if he does not return, the appointment will be permanently vacated, and the man now advertised for will be permanently appointed if he has given satisfaction, and there are no other reasons against it.

None need apply who have not had experience in a Collector's Office, and who do not know English well.

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Offg. Collector.*

MALDAH COLLEGE'S OFFICE, the 20th April 1876.

Notice.

WHEREAS a tame koonkie Elephant of the following description, found in the Agorpanga jungle, within the district of Kyouk Phyo, in British Burmah, is now in charge of this Office as unclaimed property, notice is hereby given to all claimants thereto to establish their claims prior to 15th July 1876, by which date it will otherwise lapse to Government:—

Description.

Koonkie Elephant, *doalla*, aged about 35 years, 7 feet 9 inches in height, good looking, mark of a healed wound about 6 inches in length and 2½ inches in breadth over the backbone, hair half wanting on the left side of the tail, and a knot about the middle of the tail.

T. M. KIRKWOOD, *Offg. Magistrate.*

Notice.

FROM and after the 15th April, and during the absence of Alfred Dann Saunders in England, we beg to notify that William Roy and Samuel Edwin Webster are authorized to sign our firm per procuration.

KING, KING & Co.

BOMBAY, April 3rd, 1876.

(690—6)

The East India Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 5, Garstin's Place, on Wednesday, the 26th April, at four o'clock, to receive the Director's Report, pass the Accounts, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

R. BLECHYNDEN, *Secretary.*

CALCUTTA, the 13th April 1876.

(701--2)

Suddea Tea Company, "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 1, Fairlie Place, on Wednesday, 26th instant, for the purpose of altering the Articles of Association by rescinding the following portion of clause No. 15:—
"If he or any firm of which he is a partner hold any office or place of profit under the Company."

NICOL FLEMING & Co.,

Agents and Secretaries.

(694--2)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, "Limited."**NOTICE.**

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 103, Clive Street, on the first day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of confirming the Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held this day.

BALMER, LAWRIE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

CALCUTTA, 17th April 1876.

(703--2)

Bank of Calcutta, "Limited."**IN LIQUIDATION.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 4th May next, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of passing the final accounts of the liquidators, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of.

J. C. MANDY } *Liquidators.*
W. CHATER }

NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET,
Calcutta, 28th March 1876.

(670--5)

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, at 11 o'clock A.M.

Business to be brought forward.

1. The Chairman to submit letter from the Collector and Treasurer expressing his desire to resign his appointment from the 1st July 1876.
2. Memorandum by Chairman proposing certain arrangements, consequent on resignation of the Collector and Treasurer, and resolution thereon by General Committee.
3. The Chairman to submit for confirmation Messrs. Doulton's reply regarding supply of stone-ware drain pipes, and resolution thereon by General Committee.
4. The Chairman to submit for confirmation resolution by General Committee sanctioning expenditure of Rs. 187-8 for re-laying a portion of 9" pipe sewer in British Indian Street.
5. The Chairman to submit for confirmation resolution by General Committee recommending the expenditure of Rs. 1,550-9-6 for sewerage ditch north of Rai Rajendro Mullick Bahadoor's new garden.
6. The Chairman to submit for confirmation resolution by General Committee recommending the expenditure of Rs. 214 for filling up Burtollah Tank.
7. The Chairman to submit for confirmation Proceedings of General Committee at a Meeting held on the 19th April 1876.

ROBERT TURNBULL, *Soc'y. to the Justices.* (713--1)

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Alexander Robb Cox and Robert Steel, trading in Calcutta under the style or firm of "Cox, Steel and Co.," was dissolved by mutual consent as on and from 31st December 1876.

Dated this 21st day of April 1876.

Referring to the foregoing, I beg to give notice that in consequence of the retirement of my senior partner Mr. A. R. Cox, the business hitherto conducted by the firm of "Cox, Steel and Co." will be carried on in future by me under the style of R. Steel and Co. Mr. Charles Cowpar will sign the firm per procuration.

ROBERT STEEL.

CALCUTTA, 21st April 1876.

(708--1)

Estate Robert Allardice, deceased.**STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers' Act, being Act No. XXVII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of the late Robert Allardice, of Dhurrumtollah, in the Town of Calcutta, late a member of the firm of Eastman and Company, who died on or about the 24th June 1869, in the Red Sea, while on his voyage from Calcutta to England, are required to send a statement in writing of the particulars of their respective claims on or before 15th day of August 1876 to the undersigned, one of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement, executed by the said deceased on the 5th day of September 1867, and the holder of Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased, with a copy of the said Deed of Trust Disposition and Settlement annexed, and granted until the original deed or a proper authenticated copy thereof be produced; and notice is further hereby given that after the said 15th of August 1876 the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

ROBERT ALLARDICE.

8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA,
The 20th March 1876.

(654--14)

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 594 of 1874, (wherein Sreemutty Tripoorasoodery Dossee of Authpore, in the zillah of 24-Pergunnahs, wife of Sreenauth Ghose, of the same place, is plaintiff, and Sreemutty Samasoodery Dossee, and Kadernauth Ghose, both of Ukoor Dutt's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, who allege themselves to be executrix and executor to the estate and effects of Sreemutty Dasmoney Dossee, late of the same place, are defendants), the creditors of Sreemutty Dasmoney Dossee, late of Ukoor Dutt's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, who died on or about the month of February 1873, are, on or before the sixth day of May 1876, to send to the office of the Registrar of this Court, on its original side, their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security may produce or transmit the same to the Registrar with the particulars of his claim, or shall produce the same before this Court on Saturday, the twentieth day of May 1876, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

R. BRICHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

G. C. CHUNDER, *Plaintiffs' Attorney.*

HIGH COURT ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION,
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE, the 9th February 1876.

(709--1)

IN pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court's Rules for the admission of Vakils in the High Court, dated the 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Pleader in the said Court.

FRANKISHENA BISWAS.

CALCUTTA, the 13th April 1876.

(696--4)

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

Abstract Statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund for the 2nd quarter ending 31st October 1875, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1874.

PARTICULARS.	In the 2nd quarter ending 31st October 1875.	In the 2nd quarter ending 31st October 1874.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
Balance at credit of the Fund in the Government books at the end of the previous quarter	48,20,835 8 3	45,06,443 11 8	3,23,391 12 7	.....
Add Receipts.				
Subscriptions from August to October in the Widows' Fund	92,103 8 3	85,873 2 0	6,230 6 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto Children's Fund	62,176 3 3	57,887 9 3	4,308 10 0	.....
Fees ditto ditto	527 5 0	445 8 0	81 13 0	.....
Interest on Reserve Fund (C. F.) by a transfer to debit of one subscriber	93 0 0	132 12 0	.....	39 12 0
Divisible surplus (C. F.) by a transfer to debit of one subscriber	39 12 0	179 4 0	.....	139 8 0
Total	1,54,039 13 6	1,44,488 3 3	10,620 13 3	179 4 0
Total Receipts	49,84,775 4 9	46,50,941 14 11	*3,34,012 9 10	179 4 0
Deduct Payments.				
Pensions paid to incumbents in the Widows' Fund	51,377 0 9	44,618 9 8	6,858 13 1	.....
Ditto ditto Children's Fund	33,143 2 1	30,002 4 7	3,050 13 0	.....
Cost of establishment, including office rent and contingencies	11,103 4 10	9,561 12 11	1,541 7 11	.....
Interest on Reserve Fund (C. F.) by a credit to a subscriber's account	302 4 0	.....	302 4 0	.....
Divisible surplus (C. F.) by a credit to a subscriber's account	142 8 0	1 8 0	141 0 0	.....
Total payments	108,068 9 8	84,174 3 2	13,894 6 6	.....
Net balance in favour of the Fund exclusive of interest upon capital	49,80,706 11 1	45,06,767 11 9	†3,20,118 3 4	179 4 0
Proportion of interest on Reserve Fund payable to subscribers over five years' standing	26,336 13 0	23,001 15 0	2,734 14 0	.....
Proportion of divisible surplus as per votes of subscribers	20,509 8 0	17,710 14 0	2,898 10 0	.....
Total	46,036 5 0	41,312 13 0	5,623 8 0	.....
	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of subscribers	1,173	787	1,092	721
Ditto incumbents	263	396	238	348
Ditto subscribers sharing in interest on Reserve Fund	636	423	596	421
Ditto Subscribers sharing in divisible surplus	823	657	717	619

* Not increase ... Ra. 3,33,833 5 10

† Net increase ... Ra. 3,19,938 15 4

E. E.

H. ANDREWS,
Accountant and Collector.

E. W. KELLNER, } Auditors,
G. W. MACLEOD, } U. S. F. P. Fund.

Published by order of the Directors,

FUND OFFICE, }
The 8th April 1876. }

W. H. RYLAND,
Secretary.

(716—1)

Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. will sell

AT 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 4th May proximo, at the Godowns of Messrs. B. Smyth & Co., 1, New China Bazar Street, Calcutta, to the highest bidders, on account and risk of the Maharajah of Bettiah, the following, in three lots:—

Lot 1.

[F S B E T] 152 Packages ex City of Oxford, marked as per margin, and containing

Galvanized Corrugated Iron Roofing, 20 B. W. G., for a Building 210 feet by 30 feet wide (inside walls), cast iron shoes for wooden pulleys, tie rods, gutters, &c., complete.

Lot 2.

[F S B E T] 52 Packages ex steamer Queen Anne, marked as per margin—"Indigo Machinery."

3 Cast Iron Tanks, 12 feet by 7 feet by 5 feet, joints planed, with stays, bolts, and nuts, and fitted with improved apparatus for running off water.

[F S B E T] 158 Packages also ex Duke of Sutherland—One Cornish Boiler, 17 feet by 5 feet diameter, with piping, &c., complete.

Lot 3.

[F S B E T] 158 Packages ex Duke of Sutherland S. S.—"Indigo Machinery."

Machinery complete for Indigo Factory of 24 vats (one thousand feet vats), comprising double set of Beating Machinery with shafting complete, one 4-inch Horizontal Maul Pump with pulley belting and holding down plates, one Cornish Boiler 17 feet long 5 feet wide, one 10-Horse Power Engine and 10-inch Pump, two sets Improved Apparatus for drawing off water from making vats, with piping complete.

For further particulars, Handbills and Drawings, apply to Messrs. B. SMYTH & Co.

(716—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of FREDERICK EUGENE GONSAIVES, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 7th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Nobin Chund Bural, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 13th day of April 1876.

IN the matter of F. SEBASTIAN, of British Indian Street in the Town of Calcutta, carrying on the business of Watch and Clock-Maker at Dalhousie Square, under the style and firm of F. Sebastian, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 22nd day of April instant, it was, on the petition of Prasaud Doss Sein, a creditor of the said insolvent, adjudged that the said F. Sebastian hath committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

J. O. Moses, Attorney.

IN the matter of RUSSICKLALL DEY, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 13th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of June next and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Dwarkanauth Dutt, Attorney.

IN the matter of RUSSICKLALL DEY, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

Dwarkanauth Dutt, Attorney.

IN the matter of JAMES MATHEW FLEURY, residing at No. 23, Royd Street, lately carrying on business as a rope manufacturer at Barranagore, in the 24-Pergunnahs, in partnership with Sibchunder Sen, now carrying on business as a Boot and Shoe-maker at Bentinck Street, in the Town of Calcutta, under the name and style of Messrs. Bull & Co., and also carrying on business in Calcutta aforesaid in partnership with Angelo Doucas and Maria Nicolic as Cargo Boat Agents, under the name and style of Nicarlie & Co., an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 24th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

G. Gregory, Attorney.

IN the matter of FREDERICK EUGENE GONSAIVES, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

N. C. Bural, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 26th day of April 1876.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Rules for Passenger Service from Siligori to Panchkila.

A CARRIAGE will leave Siligori daily from 15th instant for Panchkila. Four passengers may be carried, and each traveller may take luggage not exceeding ten seers in weight.

2. The whole carriage may be engaged by one person.

3. The charges for each person or each seat will be Rs. 2-8, or for entire carriage of four seats Rs. 10.

4. A single passenger engaging the whole carriage will be allowed to carry two maunds luggage.

5. Application for Daks should be made as usual to the Post-Master of Purnia.

6. These arrangements apply only to the up-journey viz. from Siligori to Panchkila. There will be no horse Dak from Panchkila to Siligori, as the carriages are returned by bullocks.

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Rampurhau, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assensole	5-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
DUM-DUM.			
1st Despatch	4 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRACKPORE.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRABET.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	4 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Julpigoree, Darjeeling, Berhampore, Baylin, Malda, and Dinapore districts	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Nookhali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishnour, Pubna, Fureedpore, Burrial, Mymensing, and Bogra districts	6 P.M.	3 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Seind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Oolochannah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in Madras Presidency up to Vizapatnam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M.		
And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-45 A.M.
2-15 P.M.
5-45 P.M.
10-15 P.M. } (Week days only.)

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery ... 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... 12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto ... 4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery ... at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto ... at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
The 2nd November 1876.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the intermediate Ports ...	7 P.M.	28th April	<i>Khandalla</i> .
Ceylon and Australian Colonies	7 "	28th "	From Bombay.
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-kong, and the United States of America ...	7 "	28th "	From Bombay.
Akyah ...	7 "	30th "	<i>Bushree</i> .
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	7 "	30th "	<i>India</i> .

The next Overland Mail *via* Bombay will close at the General Post Office on Friday, the 28th April 1876.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on Thursday the 27th April 1876.

N.B.—The Letter Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. ALPIN, *Post-Master of Calcutta*.

CALCUTTA, the 25th April 1876.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 25th April 1876.

Alla Kispettabile Direzione.	Jones, A. G.
Anderson, R. T.	Liebrandt, J. T. W.
Anjelo Tito	Loring, Mrs. J.
Arthur, William.	Luder, Hermann.
Ashton, J.	MacMahon, Master Joe.
Biscaccianti, A.	McMillen, Messrs. & Co.
Bowie, W.	Mack, Mrs. Howard.
Brownfield, C.	Majhan, Mr.
Bullock, Captain John.	Mann, M. Gustave.
Burton, James.	Money, F. Miss.
Butter, G.	O'Kane, Miss.
Calligan, J.	Poulson, P. Z.
Carole, M. Miss.	Protopapa, Sigr. Petro.
Carroll, Dr.	Rainey, Miss Lucy E.
Carvone, Singr. Francesco.	Rivers, Dr. R.
Cross, Shaw.	Rodway, Walter.
Dakin, Mrs.	Ryant, Madam Jane.
Dilmasnod, Monsieur,	Scott, J. R.
Dunn, D.	Sola, Sigr. Dominico.
Dunn, T. D.	Treill, Monsieur Georges.
Durrant, Mrs. G. B.	Warren, W.
Gier, Albina, Mrs.	Welsby, Messrs. J. H. & Co.
Gray, Mrs.	Wells, H. L.
Green, R. E.	Whitecombe, T. S.
Hart, Geo.	Wilkinson, James.
Hobbs, R. J.	Wilson, D.
Howard, Mrs. M.	Wray, J. W. (Marine Surgeon).
Hutchings, Sydney.	Wyer, Fred.
Jacobs, Messrs. A. F. & Co.	Zito Angelo, Sigr.
Johnston, General.	
Johns, Miss.	

Letters marked "Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for."

"Alpha."	Gilbert, H.
Beattie, Miss Marie.	Harrison, B. T.
Blund, James.	Henty, J. C.
Brill, Jacob.	Hormusjee, Bezanjee Dantill.
Brown, James.	Humes, Thomas.
Burn, Mrs. J.	Irvine, R.
Busch, Henry.	Jemmission, H. P.
Campbel, Col. Napier.	"K. M."
Carole, Mrs. M.	Lange, Charles.
Cotte de Augustin, M.	Leigh, Hon'ble G. H. C.
Cottam, H.	Leonard, C.
Curlender, S.	Lintott, James.
Davis, Mrs.	MacPherson, J. J.
Day, H.	Merdon, W. J.
E. F. W.	Mourity, J. J.
E. B.	Newille, P. J.
Ecstatio General.	Perrier, A.
Gibny, Thos.	

Letters marked "Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for."

Pierie, H. W.	Smith, A. A.
Rangoni, Marihese, A.	Smith, Dr. W. G.
Ribur, D.	Sturmer, Dr.
Robinson, J.	Thuey, A.
Salomone, Philirdelphé.	Westfield, W. F.
Sander, Mrs.	Yeoward, W. R.

Papers.

Alla Spettsbill.	Cattano, P.
Atholl, MacGregor.	D'Arcy, W.
Bolsa de Comercio.	Perrier, A.
Brown, James.	

W. ALPIN,

Off. Post-Master of Calcutta.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, the 21st April 1876.

Names of Rivers.	Least depth of water.
	Ft. In.
BHAGIRUTHEE.	
Entrance below Chourasia ...	2 9
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles ...	2 9
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles... ..	2 9
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ...	2 6
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles† ...	2 3
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	2 3

MATABANGAH.

Entrance from the Ganges ...	} Closed.
Tatarparah ...	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia ...	
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1 ...	
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree ...	
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah ...	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge ...	

JELLINGHEE.

Entrance ...	} Closed.
On the Entrance Bar ...	
From Jellinghee to junction with Byrub river* ...	
From junction with Byrub river to Teakatta ...	2 0
From Teakatta to Nuddea ...	2 6

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 24th April 1876, above zero, 4 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr.*,

Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, dated the 24th April 1876.

* Boats drawing 2 feet can get from the Ganges into the Jellinghee at Teakatta *via* the Byrub.

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THE first Part of the "Indian Law Reports," published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council, will appear as soon after the 1st January 1876 as can be arranged for. The Reports will appear in monthly parts, published as soon as possible after the first of each month at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Allahabad, and will comprise four series,—one for the Calcutta High Court, a second for the Madras High Court, a third for the Bombay High Court, and a fourth for the Allahabad High Court. The cases heard by the Privy Council on appeal from each High Court will be reported in the Series for that High Court. Cases heard by the Privy Council on appeal from Provinces in India not subject to any High Court will be reported in the Calcutta Series. The Parts of each Series can be had separately, or all four Parts can be had stitched into one wrapper at the option of subscribers and purchasers. It will be observed from the following statement of the terms of subscription and sale, that a considerable reduction is allowed to persons taking the complete set.

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

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Act of the Bengal Council.

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

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ACT No. IV OF 1876. THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL CONSOLIDATION ACT, 1876.

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An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Municipal Affairs of Calcutta.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the municipal affairs of the Town of Calcutta; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act, 1876."

Short title.

And it shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may direct, not being more than three months after the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

Commencement.

2. The enactments specified in the tenth schedule are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

Enactments repealed.

This repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of any thing done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed, assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made, powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment, and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references made to any such enactment shall, as far as may be practicable, be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

In respect to all the matters aforesaid, the Commissioners under this Act shall be substituted for the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation clause.

Animal."

"Animal" means a horse, pony, mule, or bullock.

"Bazar" means any place of trade, where there is a collection of shops and warehouses, and any place where a market is held.

"Bazar."

"Carriage" means any wheeled vehicle with springs used for the conveyance of human beings.

"Carriage."

"Cart" means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle with or without springs not included in the definition of carriage.

"Cart."

"Chapter."

"Chapter" means Chapter of this Act.

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta.

"Chairman."

"Commissioner of Police" means the officer so styled and appointed under section 4 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Commissioner of Police."

"Court of Small Causes" means the Court of Small Causes for the time being established by law in Calcutta.

"Court of Small Causes."

"Drug."

"Drug" includes medicine for internal or external use.

"House."

"House" includes any hut, building, or shed.

"Immoveable property" and "land" respectively mean land, benefits to arise out of land, anything attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

"Immoveable property."

"Land."

"Moveable property" means property of every description, except immoveable property.

"Moveable property."

"Local Government" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being, or the person acting in that capacity.

"Local Government."

"Owner."

"Owner" includes—

- the person entitled for the time being to receive the rent of the land in respect of which the word is used;
- an agent of such person;
- a trustee for such person;

But no such agent or trustee shall be liable to do anything required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such agent or trustee, to do such thing.

"Police Force" means the Police Force as constituted under section 8 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or under any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

"Police Force."

"Public Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, and also the footway and drains attached to any street, public bridge (other than the Hooghly bridge), or causeway within the Town.

"Public Street."

"Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, not included in the definition of public street.

"Street."

"Railway."

"Railway" includes a tramway.

"Schedule."

"Schedule" means schedule annexed to this Act.

"Section."

"Section" means section of this Act.

"Slaughter-house" means any place used for the slaughter of cows, or
 "Slaughter-house." bullocks, or sheep, or goats, or pigs, or kids, for the purpose of selling the same as meat.

"The Suburbs" mean the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, under the provisions of Act III of 1864 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, or of any other Act for the time being in force.

"The Commissioners" means the "Corporation of the Town of Calcutta."

"The Town" includes all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, but not

- (a) Fort William ;
- (b) The Esplanade ; or
- (c) Coolie Bazar, now called Hastings, except such portion as is bounded on the north by Clyde Row, on the south by Tolly's Nullah, on the east by the road leading from Kidderpore bridge to Clyde Row, and on the west by the Strand Road.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Corporation and the application of the Municipal Funds.

4. The Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta shall consist of seventy-two members, to be appointed or elected as hereinafter provided, and shall, by the name of "The Corporation of the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate, and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

The aforesaid number of seventy-two shall not include the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners in the event of those two officers not being appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act, but in such case the said Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners.

The said seventy-two members shall be male persons resident within the Town or the Suburbs who have attained the age of twenty-one years.

5. All property, moveable and immovable, and all interest of whatsoever nature and kind therein now vested in or held in trust for the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, with all rights of whatsoever description now used, enjoyed, or possessed by the said Justices, shall become vested in the Commissioners for the purposes of this Act.

6. Of the said seventy-two members twenty-four shall be appointed by the Local Government immediately after the result of the election hereinafter mentioned shall have been published, and such appointment shall take effect from the date on which such election takes place.

Number of Commissioners to be appointed by Government.

7. The remaining forty-eight members shall be elected as hereinafter provided by male persons resident within the Town or Suburbs, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years.

Number of Commissioners to be elected.

8. Any person qualified as aforesaid who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees, may, if not entitled to vote in more wards than one under the next succeeding section, vote in one only of the wards mentioned in section thirteen, and may choose the ward in which he resides, or in which his place of business is situated, or in which any of the said land or masonry buildings is situated.

9. Any person qualified as aforesaid, who shall have paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January, in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV assessed on land or masonry buildings for the next preceding year on account of land or masonry buildings situated in more than one of the said wards, shall be entitled to vote in each ward in which he shall have been a rate-payer to the extent of twenty-five rupees; and no such person shall be entitled to vote on account of any taxes paid under Parts I and II of Chapter III.

The word "land" in this and the last preceding section does not include huts erected on land.

10. Any company registered under the "Indian Companies' Act, 1860," which has paid any of the said rates or taxes, or rates and taxes, to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five rupees on the date and for the period and in the manner mentioned in section eight, shall be entitled to one vote in the ward in which the place of business of the said company is situated, and such vote shall be given by the secretary of the company, or some other person duly authorised in that behalf.

11. Every male person shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation who shall have severally paid, on his own behalf and not otherwise, to the Commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of January in the year in which the election takes place, any of the rates mentioned in Chapter IV, or taxes mentioned in Parts I and II of Chapter III, or any of the said rates and taxes, for the next preceding year, to the aggregate amount of not less than fifty rupees.

Provided that no officer of the Corporation shall be qualified for election as a member of the Corporation so long as he shall remain in the employ of the Commissioners, except the Chairman and Vice-Chairman as hereinbefore provided.

Qualification of elected Commissioners.

Vote of a company.

12. Where the aggregate amount of rates or taxes, or of rates and taxes, paid by a joint undivided family, or by two or more partners in any trade or business, or by the joint occupiers of any house or land, under Chapter IV, or under Parts I and II of Chapter III, on the date and for the period and in the manner aforesaid, is not less than one hundred rupees, any one member of such family, or any one of such partners or joint occupiers, may, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for election as a member of the said Corporation.

If the majority of the members of such joint family, or of such partners, or of such joint occupiers, agree to select one of their number, the person so selected shall be eligible for election under this section. But if the majority do not so agree, the Chairman shall decide which of the said members, partners, or joint occupiers is so eligible, and such decision shall be final and conclusive.

13. For the purpose of the aforesaid election of Commissioners the Town shall be divided into eighteen wards, the boundaries of which are defined in the first schedule.

The first, second, third, fourth, eleventh, and eighteenth of the wards described in the said schedule may each elect two Commissioners, and the remaining wards may each elect three Commissioners.

Every person qualified to vote as hereinbefore provided may vote for as many candidates as there are Commissioners to be elected in the ward or wards allotted to such person under section eighteen, and may give all or any of the votes which he is entitled to give in any one ward to any candidate in that ward.

14. If the rate or tax-payers of any ward shall fail to elect the number of Commissioners allotted to such ward under the last preceding section, the Local Government shall, in place of such election, appoint one or more Commissioners to complete the number so allotted as aforesaid.

15. If any person is elected a Commissioner for more than one of the said wards, he shall within five days of the date of the election, choose, or in default thereof, the Chairman shall forthwith declare, the ward for which such person shall serve; and such person shall thereupon be held to be elected in that ward only which he shall so choose, or which the Chairman shall so declare; and thereupon the rate and tax-payers of the other ward or wards in which the said person has been elected a Commissioner shall forthwith proceed to elect another Commissioner in the manner provided by this Act.

16. Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any two candidates at any election under this Act, and the addition of a vote would entitle any of such candidates to be elected a Commissioner, the Chairman may give such additional vote, and the candidate to whom

such additional vote has been given shall thereupon be held to be elected a Commissioner.

17. The first election shall take place at any time, not being less than two, or more than three months from the commencement of this Act; and until such election has taken place, and until the appointment of members by the Local Government takes effect under section six, this Act shall be read as if all the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta had been respectively appointed or elected Commissioners under this Act.

All subsequent elections, not being elections under section twenty-three, shall take place on the expiration of three years from the date of the previous election.

Votes at all elections shall be rendered by means of voting papers.

The Local Government may from time to time make rules, not being inconsistent with this Act, for the purpose of regulating all matters connected with such elections, and may at any time cancel or modify any of the said rules, and the result of all elections shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Local Government may declare the penalties which shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule, and any person committing a breach of any such rule shall be liable to the penalty so declared; provided that no higher penalty shall be incurred by the breach of any such rule than a fine of fifty rupees.

The expenses of all elections under this Act shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

18. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected as a Commissioner, may, at any time, not being less than six weeks or more than three months before the election takes place, apply personally or by letter to the Chairman of the Commissioners for registration of his name as such voter or person qualified as aforesaid, and shall, at the same time, if he is entitled to vote in one ward only, name the ward in which he wishes to vote; and if he is entitled to vote in more than one ward, name the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

On receipt of such application the Chairman shall, if he is satisfied that such person is qualified to vote or to be elected as aforesaid, enter the name of such applicant in a list, and shall allot to him the ward or wards which he may have named as aforesaid; and no person whose name is not entered in such list at the time of the election shall be qualified to vote, or to be elected as a Commissioner.

If the applicant shall omit to name a ward as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him such ward as to the Chairman may seem fit, and if the applicant shall omit to name the wards as aforesaid, the Chairman shall allot to him the wards in which he is entitled to vote.

19. As soon as possible after the commencement of this Act, and subsequently from time to time on any date or dates not less than one month before the election (not being an election under section twenty-three) takes place, the list mentioned in the last preceding section shall be printed and affixed by the Chairman of the Commis-

sioners in some conspicuous place in or near his office, and at the Police station of each of the said wards, or at some conspicuous place in each of the said wards; and the Chairman shall forthwith give notice of such publication in one English and one vernacular newspaper published within the Town, and the said list shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times of the day for fifteen days after the date of the publication of such notice.

The Chairman shall be at liberty at any time to revise the said list for the purpose of removing therefrom the name of any person not duly qualified and erroneously entered therein, or of recording the name of any person duly qualified and erroneously omitted therefrom.

20. Any person qualified to vote at an election, or to be elected, whose name is omitted from the list referred to in the

Appeal from decision of Chairman.

last preceding section, may, in case the Chairman shall refuse to insert his name in such list, apply to a stipendiary Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta within eight days after such refusal for an order to have his name inserted in such list, and such Magistrate shall, after enquiry, make such order as to the insertion or omission of the name of the applicant as shall be just; and such order, if it directs the insertion of the name of the applicant in such list, shall be forthwith obeyed by the Chairman. The order of such Magistrate made under this section shall not be appealable.

21. No election shall be deemed to be invalid, or shall be in any way affected, by reason of the name of any person duly qualified as aforesaid being omitted from the said list, or by reason of the name of any person not duly qualified as aforesaid being inserted therein; and no election shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of any defect of form in the conduct thereof.

22. The members of the said Corporation shall be appointed or elected respectively for a term of three years. At the expiration of the term for which the members of the said Corporation may be appointed or elected respectively, they shall cease to be members of the said Corporation, but shall be eligible to be again appointed or elected members of the said Corporation for a further term or terms.

Provided that the said term of three years shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiration of the said three years and the date of the next subsequent election, not being an election under the next succeeding section.

23. No person shall be qualified to be or to continue to be a member of the said Corporation who is or becomes at the time, or during the term of his appointment or election, a bankrupt or insolvent, or who is interested (otherwise than as a shareholder in a joint stock company) in any contract with the Corporation; and no person who is absent from Calcutta for six months consecutively, or who shall be sentenced to imprisonment, shall be qualified to continue to be such member.

Disqualification of members. Successors how appointed.

In case of the death, resignation, or disqualification as aforesaid of any member of the said Corporation, his successor shall be forthwith appointed or elected in the manner hereinbefore provided, and such successor shall remain a member of the said Corporation for the residue only of the term for which the member so dead, resigned, or disqualified was originally appointed or elected.

Provided that no act of the Commissioners or their officers, or of the Commissioners in meeting, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only that the number of the Commissioners did not amount to seventy-two at the date of the performance of such act.

24. Whoever, being qualified to vote or claiming to be qualified to vote at any election under this Act, accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, as a motive or reward for giving or forbearing to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation.

And whoever, by any gift or reward, or by any promise, agreement, or security for any gift or reward, corrupts or procures, or offers to corrupt or procure, any person to give or forbear to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election, and from being elected a member of the said Corporation."

25. All property vested in the Corporation, and all funds received or raised by them in accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall be applicable to the purposes expressly authorised by this Act.

Application of municipal property and funds.

26. The purposes expressly authorised by this Act shall be held to include the objects connected with the public safety, health, and convenience hereinafter specified; that is to say:—

Objects to which municipal property and funds shall be applicable.

Public Safety.

(1) Defraying the cost of the Police who may be employed for the security of life and property within the Town, in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII.

(2) Provision for lighting the public streets, places, and buildings, and for the securing or removal of dangerous places, buildings, and trades.

Public Health.

(1) Defraying the cost of the maintenance of Hospitals and of charges of Vaccination, Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, and taking a Census.

(2) Construction and maintenance of public markets and slaughter-houses, latrines, privies, dépôts for the deposit or discharge of night-soil, urinals, drains, sewers, drainage-works, water-works, bathing-ghâts, drinking-fountains, tanks, wells, squares, and gardens, reclamation of unhealthy localities, and the like.

(3) Cleansing and watering of streets, sewers, scavenging, removal of noxious vegetation, and generally the abatement of all nuisances.

(4) Regulation of offensive trades, and burial and burning grounds, and the removal of and providing sites for the same.

Public Convenience.

(1) Construction, maintenance, and alteration of streets, bridges, causeways, culverts, and the like; regulation of buildings, naming streets and numbering houses, planting trees, and removal of obstructions and projections.

(2) Erection and maintenance of public halls, offices, police stations, lock-ups, and other buildings under the control of the Corporation, or required for municipal or police purposes.

(3) Survey of houses and preparation of plans.

And generally all objects connected with the public safety, health and convenience.

PART II.—Of the Duties of the Corporation.

27. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners, and they are hereby required, to

(1) provide for the payment of the interest on the municipal debt in the manner prescribed by section three hundred and thirty-seven;

(2) provide for the establishment of a reserve fund in the manner prescribed by the said section;

(3) provide such funds as may be necessary for the maintenance of the police in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VIII;

(4) complete and extend throughout the Town the new underground drainage works now under construction, and for that purpose to expend annually a sum, being not less than one lakh and a half of rupees, or, with the sanction of the Local Government, any sum less than the above amount, to be raised as provided by section three hundred and thirty-four;

(5) maintain a water-supply in the manner and to the extent mentioned in Chapter VII;

(6) make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the town, and to provide such funds as may be necessary for that purpose.

28. If it shall appear to the Local Govern-

ment that the Commissioners have failed to make adequate and suitable provision for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the Town, or of any part thereof, the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, appoint a Commission, consisting of three persons, of whom one shall be the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, or the Senior Medical Officer of the Presidency, the second shall be appointed by the Commissioners in meeting within thirty days of the date of the said notification, or in their default, by the Local Government, and the third by the Local Government; and the Local Government shall order the members of the said Commission to report within a certain time, to be fixed by the Local Government, whether they are of opinion that the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town are defective to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the town, or of any part thereof, and, if they shall be of such opinion, to specify in their report what further provision should be made for the cleaning and the conservancy of the Town up to the end of the year then current, or of the year next succeeding, as may be directed by the Local Government, and to submit an estimate of the cost of the said further provision.

29. On receipt of the said report, the Local Government shall forward the same for the consideration of the Commissioners, and if the Commissioners shall decline to carry out the provisions recommended therein, the Local Government may order that such provisions, or any of them, or any portion of them respectively, be carried out; and thereupon it shall be the duty of the Commissioners to comply with such order, and to provide the funds mentioned in the said estimate, or such portion thereof as the Local Government may fix; and the Chairman shall forthwith carry out such order, and shall defray the cost of carrying out the same from the Municipal Fund, notwithstanding any power conferred on the Commissioners by section fifty-three, or anything to the contrary contained in any other provision of this Act.

In default of Commissioners, Local Government may carry out recommendation contained in report of the Commission.

Provided that, if there is a difference of opinion among the members of the said Commission, the opinion and report of the majority of the said members shall be held to be the opinion and report of the Commission.

PART III.—Of the Officers of the Corporation.

30. The Local Government shall from time to time appoint a proper person to be Chairman of the Commissioners.

Appointment and removal of Chairman of the Commissioners.

Such Chairman may be removed from office by the Local Government if his removal be recommended by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting of the Commissioners shall have voted, but not otherwise.

31. The Commissioners, at a special general meeting to be held for that purpose, may from time to time appoint, for such period as they may think fit, a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners.

Appointment of Vice-Chairman.

Such appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

32. The Commissioners may, at a special general meeting, from time to time, appoint proper persons, for such period as they may think fit, to the several

Appointment of Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor.

offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor for the Town, or may appoint a proper person to two or more of such appointments or to one.

Every person so appointed, and also the Vice-Chairman, shall reside within the Town, and shall in all things be under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and may be removed by the Commissioners by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at a special general meeting shall have voted, and another person may be appointed in his place.

All appointments and resolutions under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

33. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall reside within the Town, and each of them shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade.

shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever:

Provided that—

- (a) Any Civil or Military Officer in the service of the Government may hold the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment than those specified in this section.
- (b) The Chairman may also hold the office of Commissioner of Police, or of Commissioner as interpreted in section one of Bengal Act No. V of 1870 (*to appoint Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta*); and may perform such other duties as the Local Government may from time to time assign to the Commissioner of Police.
- (c) The Chairman may also be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.
- (d) The Vice-Chairman may, with the sanction of the Local Government, be appointed to and may hold any other office in the employ of the Commissioners to which he may be appointed at a special general meeting.

34. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman respectively may receive such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be, from time to time, fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

Such allowance shall not exceed—

- (a) for the Chairman three thousand rupees a month (exclusive of house-rent, which may or may not in the discretion of the Commissioners be allowed);
- (b) for the Vice-Chairman twelve hundred rupees a month.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

35. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, appointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

All resolutions passed by the Commissioners under this section shall be subject to the approval of the Local Government.

36. The Chairman may from time to time appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall think necessary and proper to assist in carrying out this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place;

and may, with the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, pay out of the Municipal Fund such allowances to the said persons respectively, or, in case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as he shall think reasonable; Provided that the allowances of the offices filled by the said persons shall have been sanctioned in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

But no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred rupees, without the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting.

37. The Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, grant such leave of absence to the Chairman or any Officer appointed under sections thirty-one and thirty-two, and may, if such officer be other than the Chairman, make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave as shall to them seem proper.

In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Local Government shall appoint one of the Commissioners to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as to it shall seem proper.

Any person appointed under this section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

38. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted under the last preceding section, the Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at the meeting shall have voted, with the sanction of the Local Government, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to the Chairman or other Officer aforesaid such allowance during absence or leave as shall to them seem proper.

39. The Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, by a resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners present at such meeting shall have voted, from time to time make rules for pensions and gratuities to be granted, and to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, to their officers and servants, and may repeal, alter, or add to such rules.

No rule, and no repeal, or alteration of, or addition to any rule, shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Commissioners may in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, from time to time, in accordance with such rules for the time being in force, grant such pensions or gratuities to any of their officers or servants as to the Commissioners may seem fit.

40. No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other officer or servant of the Commissioners shall be interested directly or indirectly in any contract made with the Commissioners, and if any such person be so interested, he shall become incapable of continuing in office or in employment as such Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other officer or servant, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred rupees, which may be recovered by suit brought by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered Company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such Company and the Commissioners.

41. If any person employed under this Act (not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act ;

or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Commissioners or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous as provided in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or with both.

PART IV.—Of the Mode of transacting Business and entering into Contracts.

42. The Commissioners shall provide and keep an office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant, or the owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Commissioners ;

and the proper Officer of the Commissioners shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Commissioners ; and such report shall be entered in the said book, and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant, or owner, or occupier of any house or land within the Town.

43. There shall be four quarterly meetings in every year, and one ordinary meeting in every month, at which the Commissioners shall meet for the transaction of general business.

The quarterly meetings shall be held in the months of January, April, July, and October, or in any month to which the quarterly meetings first called for the months of January, April, July, and October may be adjourned ; and the ordinary meetings at such dates as the Commissioners in meeting may from time to time direct.

Provided that no ordinary meeting need be called if there be no business to be laid before it by the Chairman or by any of the Commissioners.

44. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, as occasion may require, at a special meeting to be convened for that purpose or at some adjournment thereof, fix and determine the kind of business that may be transacted at the said ordinary and quarterly meetings ; and no business, save such kind of business, shall be transacted at such meetings :

But the Chairman may postpone the discussion of any question that may be raised at any such meeting, and refer the determination thereof to a

special or special general meeting to be convened within fourteen days thereafter.

45. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Commissioners, call a special or special general meeting of the Commissioners.

Previous to any such meeting, at least five days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town.

46. No business shall be brought before, or transacted at, any special or special general meeting other than the business specified in the notice given under the

last preceding section :

Provided that any Commissioner may submit to a special or special general meeting any resolution beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such meeting, if he shall have given not less than two clear days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the resolution at the office of the Commissioners.

47. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Commissioners, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting before which the matter may be brought.

48. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all meetings of the Commissioners held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause ; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and shall have a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners present at any meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside, who shall, in case of equality of votes, have a second or casting vote.

The President of any meeting at which a quorum of the Commissioners shall be present, may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time, and from place to place ; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting, other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which such adjournment took place.

49. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum of Commissioners be present at such meeting, that is to say :—

- (a) At an ordinary meeting at least six ;
- (b) At a special meeting at least nine ;
- (c) At a special general, or quarterly meeting, at least eighteen.

Provided that, if at any meeting there shall not be a sufficient number of Commissioners present to form a quorum as above mentioned, the President (whether he be the Chairman or not) shall adjourn the meeting to such convenient

time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which should have been brought before the original meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by the adjourned meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum present at such adjourned meeting or not;

Provided also that no business shall be brought before an adjourned special general or quarterly meeting, unless there are at least ten Commissioners present at such adjourned meeting.

50. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each meeting; and minutes of each meeting shall be laid on the table at the next subsequent meeting, and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the office of the Commissioners to the inspection of any Commissioner without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

51. At any special general or quarterly meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Commissioners, and at any special or ordinary meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Commissioners, a declaration by the President that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Book of Proceedings of the Commissioners shall, for the purposes of this Act, be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against such resolution.

52. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding section mentioned, the votes of all the Commissioners present who desire to vote shall be taken under the direction of the President, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Commissioners at such meeting.

53. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by the Government, and unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause, attend daily at the office of the Commissioners for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners; and they may respectively exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Commissioners, or in executing any work sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid:

Provided that no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Commissioners, or exercise any power which by this Act is directed to be exercised only by the Commissioners in meeting.

54. The Commissioners may enter into and perform all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding one thousand rupees, or in respect of any property

exceeding one thousand rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by the Chairman (or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman), and two other Commissioners, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Commissioners, and no such contract shall be made without inviting tenders thereon, and without the approval of a Committee of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

The Commissioners may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty or damages incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Commissioners may seem proper.

55. The Commissioners in meeting may from time to time appoint, from among the Commissioners, such and so many Committees, either of a general or of a special nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into, and reporting upon, any matter connected with the conservancy or improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Commissioners would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee:

Provided that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be a member of every such Committee, and that the proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Commissioners at a meeting;

Provided also that in cases where the Chairman and the majority of the Committee differ on any matter, no action shall be taken in respect of such matter until it be disposed of by the Commissioners in meeting.

PART V.—Of the Estimates of Income, Expenditure, and Audit.

56. At the quarterly meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the income and expenditure of the Commissioners (not mentioned in Chapter VIII) for the year commencing on the first day of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Commissioners shall from time to time, by order passed at a quarterly or special general meeting, direct.

Such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

57. The Budget shall show what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall preclude the Commissioners in meeting from

sanctioning expenditure not provided for in the Budget.

58. It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners at the meeting referred to in section fifty-six to pass or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the Budget.

No new work or series of works, the entire estimated cost of which shall exceed fifty thousand rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Local Government.

59. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Commissioners shall be audited and examined at least once in every year at such time and by such auditors as shall, from time to time, be appointed by the Local Government.

60. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same.

61. If any such person neglect or refuse to make or sign such declaration, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

62. All auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be paid out of the Municipal Fund such reasonable remuneration as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time determine.

63. Before each audit and examination of accounts, the Commissioners shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers, published in Calcutta; and a copy of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and be open during office hours thereat, to the inspection of all persons interested for seven days before the audit and examination, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of, or extracts from, the same, without the payment of any fee; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the auditors shall report upon the accounts audited and examined, and shall deliver such report to the Commissioners at a meeting, who shall cause the same to be deposited in the office of the Commissioners, and to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

PART VI.—Of the Fixing of Rates.

64. At the quarterly meeting to be held in the month of October in each year as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall fix the rates at which the rates and taxes hereinafter mentioned shall be imposed for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing, and the rate so fixed shall not be altered before the quarterly meeting held in the next succeeding month of October, except by a resolution passed by the Commissioners at a special general meeting.

CHAPTER III.

OF TAXES.

PART I.—Of the Tax on Carriages and Animals.

65. A tax at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in the second schedule shall be imposed upon all carriages and animals kept within the Town, and shall be payable in advance. But it shall not be imposed on—

- (a) animals belonging to Officers doing regimental duty at the Presidency, at the rate of one animal for each Officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the Indian Volunteers' Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to the Government or to the Commissioners;
- (d) carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter;
- (e) animals under eleven hands in height;
- (f) carriages kept for sale by *bond fide* dealers in such carriages and not used for any other purpose;
- (g) animals used by, or in, any cavalry regiment, or by the Police Force.

66. The person in possession of every carriage or animal kept within the Town shall, on or before the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, forward to the office of the Commissioners, a statement in writing signed by him, containing a description of the carriages and animals in his possession liable to the tax.

Such person shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the half-year commencing on the first day of January or July (as the case may be) for the carriages and animals specified in such statement, according to the rates given in the second schedule.

Any person becoming possessed between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of any carriage or animal so kept, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, send to the office of the Commissioners a similar statement, together with the amount payable for the whole of the then current half-year, according to the rates specified in the second schedule.

The Commissioners may, if they are satisfied that any such carriage or animal has been kept for only a portion of the then current half-year, remit the whole, or such portion thereof as they may think fit, of the amount so payable.

For the purposes of this section a livery stable-keeper shall be deemed to be possessed of every animal in his stables.

67. Whenever any person shall pay to the Commissioners the amount of the tax which under the two last preceding sections shall be payable by him in respect of all carriages and animals kept within the Town, the Commissioners shall grant to such person a license to keep within the Town such carriages and animals during the current half-year ending upon the first day of January, or the first day of July which shall occur next after the grant of such license, and no longer.

68. Whoever keeps or is in possession of any carriage or animal without the license required by the two last preceding sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, exclusive of the amount so payable.

Penalty.

69. The Commissioners, at their discretion, may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers, and other persons keeping carriages for hire, or animals for sale or hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages or animals so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes specified in the second schedule.

Commissioners may compound for carriages with livery stable-keepers and others.

70. Whoever, having compounded for the payment of a certain sum under the last preceding section, refuses to pay such sum, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such composition, exclusive of the amount so payable.

Penalty.

71. The Commissioners may, by a notice in writing under their common seal, require any person who shall carry on the trade or business of a livery stable-keeper, to produce, for the inspection of the Commissioners or of any officer authorized by them in that behalf, all books and accounts relating to the business of a livery stable-keeper carried on by such person.

Power to compel production of the books of livery stable-keepers.

72. The Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage or animal liable to taxation; and the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any tax under sections sixty-five and sixty-six, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the horses and carriages in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

Power to inspect stable, &c., and to summon persons liable to the payment of the tax.

73. Whoever neglects or refuses to comply with a notice served under section seventy-one, and who ever hinders or obstructs the Commissioners or any person appointed by them, from or in entering or inspecting any stable, coach-house, or place, in the manner provided in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Penalty.

74. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns, in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners and to be open to the inspection of any person who shall apply for leave to inspect the same, a list of the persons to whom during the then current period of six months a license has been granted under section sixty-seven, and of the carriages and animals in respect of which the same has been granted.

List of persons licensed to be entered in a book.

PART II.—Of the Tax on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

75. Every person who shall, within the Town, exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings, specified in the third schedule, shall yearly take out a license, and shall pay for the same such sum as is in the third schedule mentioned.

Persons exercising certain professions, trades, and callings in the Town, to take out a license.

The Commissioners may in their discretion remit any portion of the sum so payable if they are satisfied that any such person has exercised any such profession, trade, or calling, for a portion of the year only.

76. The license mentioned in the last preceding section shall be granted by the Commissioners or by some person authorized by

License to be granted by Commissioners and to specify particulars.

them in that behalf, and shall specify, the date of the grant thereof, the name of the person to whom the license is granted, the profession, trade, or calling for which the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

Such license shall have effect and continue in force from the commencement of the year in which it is granted until the thirty-first day of December next after the day of the granting thereof, and no longer.

77. Whoever exercises any trade, profession, or calling without the license required by section seventy-five, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, exclusive of the amount so payable.

Penalty.

78. The Chairman, or some other officer authorized by him in that behalf, shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the third schedule, every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed, and the Chairman may in his discretion remit the payment of license tax either in whole or in part to any person classified under Classes 5 or 6 of the third schedule.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

79. Any person may, within fourteen days of the date of his being informed of the class under which he has been assessed as determined in the last preceding section, appeal against such assessment by delivering at the office of the Commissioners an application in writing stating the grounds of appeal; and such appeal shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners other than Executive Officers of the Commissioners.

Appeal against assessment of licenses.

No such appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the license assessed as aforesaid has been deposited with the Commissioners.

If no appeal be made within the time limited as aforesaid, the decision of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be final.

80. The Commissioners may, by a notice in writing under their common seal, require the occupier of any house to forward to them a list in writing signed by him of the names of all persons residing in such house, and of their respective professions, trades, and occupations.

81. Whoever being the occupier of any house fails to forward such list when required to do so under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

82. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under sections seventy-five and seventy-six which shall state the profession, trade, or calling of every such person therein named; the class under which he is assessed; and the sum paid by him in respect of his license; and such list shall be kept in the office of the Commissioners and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

PART III.—Of the Registration of Carts.

83. Every cart kept or used within the Town, or the Suburbs, or Howrah, shall be registered in the office of the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall have affixed thereto the number of such registration in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct.

84. Whoever keeps or is in possession of a cart not duly registered as required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such registration, exclusive of the amount so payable; and whoever, being the owner or driver of any cart, shall fail to affix the registration number required by the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

85. The registration of carts, under the last preceding section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or after the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Commissioners shall appoint, and a fee of four rupees shall be paid for each registration.

The Commissioners may in their discretion remit any portion of the fee so payable if they are satisfied that the cart hereinbefore required to be registered has been kept or used as in the last preceding section mentioned for a portion of the half-year only.

When any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

One-sixth of the total net proceeds of the fees half-yearly received by the Commissioners for the

registration of carts, after deducting charges incurred in and about such registration, shall be paid half-yearly by the Commissioners to the municipality of the Suburbs, and one-twelfth of such proceeds to the municipality of Howrah.

Provided that it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government, from time to time, to alter the proportion of the said proceeds required by this section to be paid by the Commissioners to the municipalities of the Suburbs and of Howrah respectively, and to prescribe such other proportions as to it shall seem proper.

86. The three last preceding sections shall not apply to carts—

- (a) which are the property of the Government,
- (b) which are the property of the Commissioners, the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, or of Howrah.
- (c) or which are kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and are only temporarily and casually used within the Town, the Suburbs, or Howrah.

87. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners or any Officer authorized by them in that behalf, may seize such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of the seizure in the conveyance of passengers or goods), together with the animals or cattle drawing the same, and may detain them; and all Police Officers shall, on the application of the Commissioners or their Officers as aforesaid, seize and detain any such cart, animals, or cattle. If the cart, animals, or cattle so seized be not claimed within ten days, they may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied to the expenses incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Municipal Fund of Calcutta.

CHAPTER IV.

OF RATES.

PART I.—Of Imposing the Rates.

88. The Commissioners shall, as provided in section sixty-four, impose upon all houses and land within the town the following annual rates, which shall be calculated on the annual value of the said houses and land—

- (a) a House-rate, not exceeding ten per centum;
- (b) a Water-rate, not exceeding six per centum when the houses and land are situated in streets supplied with filtered water in the manner provided by section one hundred and twenty-nine, and not exceeding five per centum when the houses and lands are situated in streets not so supplied.
- (c) a Police-rate, not exceeding three per centum;
- (d) a Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum.

The Commissioners may impose upon all houses and land situated within the boundaries declared under section one hundred and sixty-eight an annual Drainage-rate, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value.

89. The House-rate and Drainage-rate shall

Rates by whom and when payable. be payable by the owners of the houses and land.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in sections ninety-nine and one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall (save as is provided in section one hundred) be payable by the occupiers of the houses and land.

All the rates hereinbefore mentioned shall be payable by quarterly instalments.

The House-rate shall be payable on the first of April, the first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

The Water-rate shall (save as is provided in section ninety-nine) be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

The Police and Lighting-rates shall be payable in advance on the dates above mentioned for the current quarter.

PART II.—Of the Owner's Rates.

90. If the annual value of any house or land as

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the occupier, owner may recover difference from him.

assessed under Chapter V, shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the occupier to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the occupier the

difference between the sum assessed upon him and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by the occupier, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him.

91. Where any house or land, whereon the

Remission of house-rate when house vacant.

rate is assessed under Chapter V, has been vacant for sixty consecutive days

during any year, the person assessed to the said rate shall be entitled to a remission of so much thereof, not exceeding one-half of the rate for that year, as shall be proportionate to the number of days such house or land has been vacant, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

92. No remission shall be made under the

No remission unless application be made within six months from vacancy.

last preceding section, unless the same shall be applied for within six months from the

date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the remission is applied for.

PART III.—Of the Occupier's Rates.

93. Whenever any quarterly instalment of

Refund of Water-rate when house ceases to be occupied.

Water-rate shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or

land shall, during the quarter for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such Water-rate shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners three-fourths of

such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

94. Whenever any quarterly instalment of the

Refund of Police and Lighting-rates when house ceases to be occupied. Police and Lighting-rates shall have been paid in respect of any house or land, and such house or land shall,

during the quarter for which such instalment shall have been paid, cease to be occupied, the person who shall have paid such instalment shall be entitled to be repaid by the Commissioners such sum as shall bear to the amount paid by him the same proportion which the residue of the quarter bears to an entire quarter, if notice shall have been given in writing to the Commissioners of such house or land being vacant; and the date of vacancy shall be calculated from the date of delivery of such notice at the office of the Commissioners.

95. No refund of rates shall be made under

No refund of rates unless application made within six months from vacancy. the two last preceding sections, unless the same is applied for within six

months from the date of cessation of occupation of the house or land on account of which the refund is applied for.

96. Whenever any house or land, which shall

Rate payable on house or land becoming occupied. have been unoccupied, shall be occupied during any quarter, there shall be forthwith

payable in respect of such house or land, such amount of the Water, Police, and Lighting-rates as shall bear to the entire quarterly instalments of the said rates for such house or land the same proportion as the residue of such quarter after such house or land shall be occupied bears to an entire quarter.

97. Whenever any person holding any house or

Person subletting to different persons to be deemed occupier. land at a rent from the person liable to pay the House-rate has or may sublet the same

to different persons holding in severalty, the person so holding shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the occupier of such house or land.

98. Whenever the person from or by whom

Occupier paying Water-rate to deduct one-fourth from rent due to owner. the Water-rate shall have been recovered or paid shall not be the owner of the

house or land in respect of which the Water-rate shall have been assessed, such person may recover from the owner of such house or land one-fourth of the Water-rate so paid by deducting the same from the rent payable by him to such owner.

99. Whenever any house or land has been

When house or land unoccupied, owner to pay one-fourth of Water-rate. unoccupied during an entire quarter, the owner of the

said house or land shall pay to the Commissioners one-fourth of the sum which would have been payable as Water-rate by the occupier if such house or land had been occupied.

The sum payable by the owner under this section shall be payable on the first of April, the

first of July, the first of October, and the first of January, for the quarters immediately preceding those dates.

100. If any house is occupied by more than one person holding in severalty, or is of less assessed annual value than two hundred rupees, the Commissioners may impose the Water, Police, and Lighting-rates upon the owner of such house, or upon the owner of the land on which such house is situated.

101. If the Water-rate is paid by the owner of any house or land under the last preceding section, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier three-fourths of the rate so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier three-fourths of such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rate so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

102. If the Police and Lighting-rates are paid by the owner of any house or land under section one hundred, such owner may, if there be but one occupier of the house, recover from such occupier the entire amount of the rates so paid by such owner;

and if there be more than one occupier, he may recover from each occupier such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rates so paid by him the same proportion as the value of the portion of the house in the occupation of such person bears to the entire value of such house.

103. Every owner who, under the provisions of the two last preceding sections, may be entitled to recover any sum from the occupier of any house or of any portion thereof, shall have for the recovery of such sum all such and the same remedies, powers, rights, and authorities as if such sum were rent payable to him by the occupier in respect of such portion of the house as may be in his occupation.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF HOUSES AND LAND.

104. The estimated gross annual rent at which any house or land, liable to rate under this Act, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of any rate to be imposed under this Act, be held, and be deemed to be the annual value of such house or land.

The value of land so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery thereupon.

Provided that all the unoccupied land, roads, and slopes of the Port Commissioners shall be rated at the rent for which the said land, roads, or slopes might be reasonably expected to let, in the same manner as if the said land, roads, and slopes were used for other than public purposes, and belonged to persons other than a public body, save and except the road extending from the northern boundary of the premises occupied by the East India Railway Company at Armenian Ghat

to the Chitpore canal, and the road extending from the Chitpore road to the river Hooghly at Coomartollah Ghat, for a width not exceeding seventy feet and sixty feet respectively, which shall be exempted from assessment of any rate under this Act.

105. All assessments made by the Commissioners prior to the commencement of this Act shall remain in force during the period for which they were so made, and on the expiration of such assessments, the annual value at which any house or land is to be assessed shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and such house or land shall be assessed upon the value so fixed for six years from the date on which it is so fixed.

106. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in the last preceding section, any substantial alteration and improvement is made to any such house or land, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though such period has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment.

107. If, during the currency of any period mentioned in section one hundred and five, any such house or land shall receive substantial injury through fire, cyclone, the act of God, or civil commotion, or suffers material depreciation from any cause proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioners to have been beyond the control of the owner or occupier thereof, the Commissioners shall, as soon as practicable, on application being made to them in writing by the owner or occupier of such house or land, cause such house or land to be again assessed, even though the current period of assessment has not expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be imposed according to it, until the expiration of the said period of assessment;

Provided that if any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made, prior to the expiration of the said period of assessment, to the house or land which shall have been again assessed as aforesaid, the Commissioners may cause such house or land to be again assessed as under section one hundred and six.

108. The annual value assessed by the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns—

- (a) the name of the owner;
- (b) the name of the occupier, if the occupier is the person liable to pay the rate;
- (c) a designation of the property, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name and number of the street (if any) in which it is situated;
- (d) the amount of the rate assessed thereon; and
- (e) the amount of the rate assessed on the house and on the land respectively, whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land.

The book required to be kept under this section is hereinafter called the "assessment book."

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the assessment book as the "owner" or "occupier."

109. The Commissioners shall from time to time make a valuation or measurement of all houses and land within the Town, and for such purpose may divide the Town into such and so many districts as they may think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the assessment book.

110. The Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of any house or land, to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and the Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between the hour of seven in the forenoon and sunset enter on, and inspect, survey, and measure such house or land, after giving a notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours.

111. Whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Commissioner or any person appointed by the Commissioners as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such house or land, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence.

112. When the valuation or measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided by the Commissioners, shall have been completed, the Commissioners shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the assessment book, or a copy thereof, may be inspected, by advertisement in at least two of the English daily newspapers, and in two vernacular newspapers, published within the Town, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town;

and the person in whose custody the assessment book may be, shall permit every person being the owner or occupier of any house or land included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee, and every person not being such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

113. The Commissioners shall, in all cases in which any house or land is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any house or land previously assessed is increased, give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of the same, and when the valuation is increased as aforesaid, the said notice shall state the grounds of such increase.

114. Appeals against any assessment made by the Commissioners under this Chapter shall lie

Appeals.

- (a) to not less than three Commissioners, other than executive officers of the Commissioners; or
- (b) to the Court of Small Causes.

In any case of an appeal to the Court of Small Causes under this section the said Court may follow the procedure laid down in sections three hundred and fifty-four and three hundred and fifty-five.

115 Any person desiring to appeal against any assessment made under this chapter, shall, within fifteen days of the publication of the notice referred to in section one hundred and twelve deliver at the office of the Commissioners a notice in writing, stating the grounds of appeal, and also informing the Commissioners whether he intends to appeal under clause (a) or (b) of the last preceding section

No appeal shall lie as hereinbefore provided unless the amount of the house-rate for one quarter, under the assessment about to expire, has been deposited with the Commissioners;

and unless the appeal is preferred by the person who, at the time the appeal is made, shall be recorded in the said book as the owner of the house or land to which the appeal refers, or by the occupier thereof, or by the agent of either of them.

116. The Commissioners shall give notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to hear the appeals under clause (a) of section one hundred and fourteen.

Every appeal under clause (b) of the said section shall be presented to the Small Cause Court within seven days from the date of the delivery of the notice at the office of the Commissioners under the last preceding section.

117. The assessment by the Commissioners of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the two last preceding sections, shall be final and conclusive.

118. The assessments made by the Commissioners, subject to such alterations as may from time to time thereafter be duly made on appeal, shall be entered in the assessment book, and the rate calculated on the said assessment shall, subject to such alterations as aforesaid, be deemed to be the rate for the whole period for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter next succeeding that in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated; and until such date the old assessment shall continue in force, notwithstanding that the period for which the old assessment was made may have expired.

119. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the assessment book by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any house or land liable to the rate, after

giving notice, to any person interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any house or land not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the assessment, without notice:

and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal by application in writing to the Commissioners, to be left at their office three clear days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment; and the provisions of sections one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifteen, one hundred and sixteen, and one hundred and seventeen, shall, so far as may be practicable, apply to such appeal.

120. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new assessment book at the expiration of each period of assessment, but the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in any assessment book for any previous period, with such alterations as may in particular cases be deemed necessary, as the valuation, or measurement and assessment for the period next following;

Provided that sections one hundred and ten to one hundred and eighteen (both inclusive) shall, as far as may be practicable, be applicable to such valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the assessment book or books in which it is contained.

CHAPTER VI.

OF LEVYING THE RATES.

121. When any rate is due, the Commissioners shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property, for which the rate is charged.

Provided that whenever any rate is payable by the owner of the land, and the said owner is not the owner of the house situated on the said land, the assessment on the land and on the house shall be separately entered in the said bill.

122. If the bill is not paid by the person liable to pay the same within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Commissioners may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the fourth schedule, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the moveable property of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, under a warrant in the form contained in the fifth schedule, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Commissioners.

For every notice of demand under this section which the Commissioners shall cause to be served

upon any person, a fee, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid by such person.

Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

123. The officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding section shall make an inventory of the moveable property seized under such warrant, and shall at the time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the sixth schedule, or to the like effect, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said moveable property will be sold as therein mentioned.

124. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold under the orders of the Commissioners, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure.

All sales of property under this section shall, so far as may be practicable, be regulated by the procedure now in force or hereafter to be in force, in the Court of Small Causes with respect to sale after distress.

Fees shall be payable upon distrains under this Act according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the sixth schedule.

All officers and servants of the Corporation are prohibited from purchasing any property at any such sale.

125. The moveable property of any person from whom any rate is due may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in payment of the money due from him.

126. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house or land remains unpaid after notice of demand has been duly served, the Commissioners may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of the house or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any moveable property found on the house or land, and, in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by, or recovered from, him.

Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any house or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

127. No distress levied under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser on account of any irregularity committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full

satisfaction" for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

128. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress and sale the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction

Commissioners may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE WATER-SUPPLY.

129. The Commissioners shall provide a supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such mains and pipes to be laid, and such tanks, reservoirs, or other works to be made and constructed, as shall be necessary for the supply of filtered water in all the chief public streets of the Town, and shall also erect, in all such streets, sufficient and convenient stand-pipes or pumps for the gratuitous use of the inhabitants of the Town for domestic purposes.

The said stand-pipes or pumps shall be so placed that there shall not be any portion of any such chief street at a greater distance than one hundred and fifty yards from some such stand-pipe or pump.

130. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for animals, or for washing carriages, where such animals or carriages are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture, or business, or for fountains, or for watering gardens or roads, or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose.

131. The Commissioners shall, between the hours of six in the forenoon and nine in the afternoon, so far as may be reasonably practicable, keep and maintain in their pipes and mains a sufficient supply of filtered water under a pressure of not less than ten feet for the domestic use of the rate-payers, and shall daily, from the hour of seven in the forenoon to nine in the forenoon, and from the hour of five in the afternoon to six in the afternoon, maintain a pressure of water in the service pipes and mains sufficient to raise the water in all houses and places in which the same may be introduced, to a height of not less than fifty feet.

132. The Commissioners may supply water through a meter, for purposes other than domestic purposes,

Supply for business

provided

make

spec:

required and the quantity may

The Commissioners may thereupon, subject to such charges or rates as may have been fixed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, lay down, or allow to be laid down, the necessary communication-pipes and works, of such dimensions and character as may be fixed by the Commissioners.

133. The occupier of every house shall be entitled to have, free of further charge, fifteen hundred gallons of filtered water for every rupee paid to the Commissioners

Householder entitled to certain supply of water for domestic use.

as water-rate on account of such house, to be supplied from the service pipes of the Commissioners for domestic use through a ferrule of such size as the Commissioners may determine. If the Commissioners have reason to believe that the occupier of any house consumes more filtered water than he is entitled to as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to provide a water-meter at their own expense, and attach the same to the water-pipes of the said house; and any water which may be used over and above the quantity to which the occupier is entitled as aforesaid shall be paid for by him at the rate of one rupee for every fifteen hundred gallons.

Provided that no charge shall be made by the Commissioners for unfiltered water supplied under the next succeeding section.

Nothing contained in the first clause of this section shall apply to houses assessed at less than twelve hundred rupees per annum.

134. It shall be at the option of the Commissioners to provide filtered or unfiltered water for all latrines and water-closets; and wherever filtered water has been already supplied to such latrines or water-closets, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners at their own expense, and not otherwise, to stop the supply of filtered water, and in lieu thereof to provide unfiltered water for such latrines and water-closets.

135. All latrines and water-closets now supplied, or hereafter to be supplied, with water, filtered or unfiltered, shall be provided with a cistern of such size and description as the Commissioners shall direct; and all such cisterns shall be put up at the cost of the owner of the house or land so supplied with water.

136. Every person paying the water-rate hereinbefore mentioned shall be entitled to lay down communication-pipes from the service pipes of the Commissioners, for bringing into his house or land a reasonable supply of water for domestic use; provided that the Commissioners shall be at liberty to cut off the supply of water to any house or land during the time the said house or land is unoccupied.

The communication-pipes leading the water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into the house of any rate-payer, and the pipes and works within the house connected therewith, shall be of the same dimensions and material as the

requiring

137. The communication-pipes and all fittings thereon leading water from the service pipes of the Commissioners into any house or land, and the pipes, works, and fittings inside the house or land, must in all cases be executed subject to the inspection and to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Such communication-pipes, works, and fittings may be made by the servants and workmen of the Commissioners, upon such terms as may be

Communication-pipes, &c., must be made to satisfaction of the Commissioners.

agreed upon between the Commissioners and the person requiring the supply, or subject to such charges as may be fixed by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may require the amount necessary for the execution of such works to be paid or deposited before such works are executed; and such charges and expenses shall be recoverable in the same manner as the water-rate.

138. The Officer authorized in that behalf by the Commissioners may, between the hours of seven in

Power to enter premises.

the forenoon and five in the afternoon, enter into or on any house or land supplied with water as aforesaid in order to examine all pipes, works, and fittings, connected with the supply of water, and to ascertain if there be any waste or misuse of such water;

and if such Officer at any such time be refused admittance into such house or land for the purposes aforesaid, or be prevented from making such examination as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith turn off the water from such house or land.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

139. In the event of any pipes, works, or

When pipes are out of repair, Commissioners may turn off water.

fittings connected with the supply of water to any house or land, being at any time found on examination by any officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, the Commissioners may cause the water to be turned off from such house or land, after giving notice in writing of not less than twenty-four hours, and may recover the expense incurred for turning off the water from the occupier of such house or land.

140. If any person supplied with water shall

Water may be cut off on neglect to pay the rate.

neglect to pay the water-rate hereinbefore mentioned at any of the times of payment thereof, or the charge made for the said water when supplied for other than domestic purposes, the Commissioners may turn off the water from the house or land in respect of which such rate or charge is payable, by cutting off the pipe to such house or land, or by such means as the Commissioners may think fit, and may recover the expenses of turning off the water from such person;

Provided that the stopping or cutting off the supply of water shall not relieve any person from any penalties or liabilities which he may otherwise have incurred.

141. The occupier of any house or land in which water supplied by the

Occupier in whose house water is wasted liable to penalty.

Commissioners under this Act is, from negligence or other circumstances under the control of the said occupier, wasted, or in whose house or land the pipes, works, and fittings for the supply of water shall be found to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause any waste of water, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

142. Any person causing waste of water supplied by the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees.

Person causing waste of water liable to penalty.

143. It shall be within the discretion of the

Commissioners at their discretion may allow person outside the Town to take water

Commissioners to allow any person, not residing within the limits of the Town, to take or be supplied with

water for his domestic use on such terms as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time prescribe. And any person taking or causing to be taken for use outside the limits of the Town water

Penalty.

supplied by the Commissioners without the permission of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

144. It shall not be lawful for any person

Person executing any work for laying on water must hold a license from the Commissioners.

to execute any work in connection with the laying on of water from any service pipes of the Commissioners

to any house or land, unless he shall hold a license from the Commissioners authorising him to act as a plumber under such rules and regulations as the Commissioners may from time to time lay down, and which shall be printed on the back of his license. Any person licensed by the Commissioners as a plumber, who shall infringe or break any rules or regulations under which he holds his license,

Penalty.

shall be liable to have his license at once cancelled by the Commissioners, and shall also be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

145. Any owner or occupier of any house or

Owner or occupier when not entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

land who shall cause or allow works, pipes, or fittings for the supply of water from the service pipes of the Com-

missioners to be executed by any person other than a plumber licensed by the Commissioners, shall not be entitled to demand a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes.

146. Before a connection for the supply of

Before connection, Engineer of the Commissioners to cause all works and pipes to be inspected.

water from the service pipes of the Commissioners to any house or land is sanctioned by the Commissioners, the En-

gineer of the Commissioners shall cause all the works, pipes, and fittings within the said house or land to be inspected by a duly qualified officer; and the cost of such inspection shall be payable in advance at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct, by the person applying for the said connection; and until the Engineer of the Commissioners shall have certified that the said works, pipes, and fittings have been executed and put up in a satisfactory manner, a connection with the Commissioners' service pipes shall not be permitted.

147. The connection with the service pipes of

Connection with service pipes to be executed only by an officer of the Commissioners.

the Commissioners, as also the laying of supply pipes under any public road or thoroughfare, shall be exe-

cuted by an officer of the Commissioners authorized in that behalf and by no other person; and the expense of making such connection shall be

payable in advance by the person applying for the same, at such rates as the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, shall from time to time direct.

148. If any licensed plumber shall execute any works or put up any fittings within any house or land for the supply of water from the pipes of the Commissioners in a careless and negligent manner, or make use of bad materials or fittings, the said licensed plumber shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and upon a third conviction shall be liable to have his license cancelled at the discretion of the Commissioners.

149. Any person who shall unlawfully flush, draw off, divert, or take water from any water-works belonging to or under the management or control of the said Commissioners, or from any water or streams by which such water-works are supplied, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

150. Any occupier holding direct from the owner of any house may, by notice in writing signed by him, require the owner of such house to perform all such necessary works as may be required for bringing into such house a supply of water for domestic use.

Every such notice shall contain an agreement on the part of such occupier to pay interest at the rate of one per centum per mensem, calculated from the date of the completion of the works, on the cost of such works during the residue of his term of occupation.

Provided that, if the house and the premises belonging thereto shall not abut upon some street in which there is a supply-main, such occupier shall, in the agreement, undertake to pay the cost of connecting the house with the nearest supply-main.

151. If any owner shall not, within the space of three months from the service of such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, cause such necessary works as aforesaid to be completed, the occupier, who shall have given such notice, may cause the same to be completed, and may deduct from the rent payable by him the cost of such works, save so much of such cost as may be incurred in connecting with a supply-main any house and premises belonging thereto which may not abut upon a street in which there may be a supply-main; and such deduction shall be made by six equal monthly instalments.

Interest on each such instalment shall be payable to the owner by the occupier at the rate of one per centum per mensem, from the time when it shall have been so deducted.

152. The supply of water to a house shall not be deemed sufficient for domestic use unless it provides two taps in each floor of such house, one other such tap in the cookroom of or attached to such house, and one other such tap in the premises, or in or near the stables belonging to such house, and the necessary works for such taps.

But if the annual rent of such house, with the land attached thereto, shall be less than three hundred rupees, it shall be sufficient to provide one tap only within the said premises, and the necessary works for the same.

153. No works for introducing a supply of water to any house shall be commenced by the owner without sending a specification and estimate of the cost thereof to the occupier, nor by the occupier without sending such specification and estimate to the owner.

154. In case there shall be any difference between the owner and the occupier respecting the cost or the sufficiency of the proposed works, either the owner or the occupier may refer such difference to the Commissioners, and the written award of the Engineer of the Commissioners, or of any officer authorized by them in that behalf, shall be binding on the owner and the occupier.

155. There shall be payable to the Commissioners in respect of every such reference a fee at the rate of two rupees for every hundred rupees of the monthly rent of the house or land in respect of the water-supply to which the difference may have arisen:

Provided that such fee shall in no case exceed ten rupees, and shall be paid by the person making the reference.

156. Except in the case of a special agreement to the contrary, the owner of any house or land shall bear the expense of keeping all works connected with the supply of water to such house or land in substantial repair.

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the liabilities of parties under leases executed or made previous to the commencement of this Act.

157. Any owner to whom any sum is payable under sections one hundred and fifty and one hundred and fifty-one, may recover such sum from the person liable to pay the same as if the same were rent payable by such person for the house in respect of which the expenses have been incurred.

158. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things connected therewith, or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

159. If any person, being the proprietor of any gas-works,

or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas,

or being the occupier or owner of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on,

wilfully does any act connected with the said business whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works belonging to the Commissioners is

fouled or corrupted, the Commissioners may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such person;

and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by anything proceeding from, or contained in, the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be;

but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Commissioners.

160. The water rate and all monies collected,

Application of rates and monies received from the supply of water. received, or recovered for or in respect of the supply of water or the execution of works, and all fines connected therewith, or in any respect relating to the water-supply, shall be applied by the said Commissioners in defraying the expense of making, extending, or maintaining the water-works,

in paying the interest of money borrowed for the water-works,

and in the liquidation of debts incurred in connection therewith, or for some other purpose connected with the supply of water.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE POLICE BUDGET.

161. The Commissioner of Police shall, on or before the first day of September in each year, transmit to the Commissioners a Budget or Estimate of the expense of the Police Force for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

162. The Police Budget shall show the various heads of the estimated expenditure of the Police Force, and the intended distribution of the Police Force during the year to which it relates.

163. The Chairman shall forthwith, upon the receipt of any such Budget, cause the same to be printed, and a copy thereof, as far as may be practicable, sent by post or otherwise to each of the Commissioners resident within twenty miles of Government House; and shall lay every such Budget before the Commissioners at the next quarterly meeting of the Commissioners, or at a special general meeting.

The Commissioners shall thereupon forward such Budget to the Local Government, with such remarks as to them may seem fit, and it shall be in the discretion of the Local Government to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the same.

164. If during any period for which a Police Budget shall have been passed and submitted as aforesaid, it shall appear that the amount provided by such Budget is insufficient to defray the necessary expense of the Police Force for such period, the Commissioner of Police may prepare a supplemental Budget for such period,

and the provisions of the three last sections shall apply to such supplemental Budget.

165. The amount of the estimates passed shall, after deducting therefrom such amount as may from time to time be allowed by the Government from the General Revenues towards the maintenance of the Police Force, be paid to the Local Government, or to such Officer as the Local Government may from time to time direct, by the Commissioners out of the annual proceeds of the Police rate; and it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to expend from the said proceeds any sums for purposes other than those provided in the Budget of the Commissioner of Police and duly sanctioned by the Local Government under section one hundred and sixty-three.

166. On or before the first day of April in

Commissioner of Police to give accounts of Police expenditure. the Commissioner of Police shall present to the Chairman, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next monthly meeting, an account of the expense of the Police Force for the year ending the thirty-first day of December then next preceding, and in case the amount, which shall during such year have been paid to the Local Government under the provisions hereinbefore contained, shall not have been expended in the maintenance of the Police Force, the balance remaining unexpended shall be deemed to have been paid by the Commissioners in or towards discharging the expense of the Police Force during the ensuing year.

CHAPTER IX.

OF THE SYSTEM OF DRAINAGE FOR THE TOWN AND ITS ENVIRONS.

167. The Commissioners may carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the Town as they may think fit, subject to the approval of the Local Government, and to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by it.

168. The Local Government may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and for the purposes of the Drainage-rate the land within such boundaries as aforesaid shall be deemed to be part of the Town.

CHAPTER X.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

169. The Commissioners shall keep in their office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district shall appoint a person to be a Registrar of births and deaths within such district; and the Commissioners shall at each burning ghât and native burial-ground appoint a Sub-Registrar for the registration of all corpses brought to such burning ghât or burial ground for cremation or interment.

170. Every Registrar shall dwell within the

Every Registrar to live in his district; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

district of which he is Registrar, and every Sub-Registrar shall dwell in the vicinity of the burning ghât or native burial ground for which he is appointed; and they shall cause their names, with the addition of Registrar for the district, or Sub-Registrar for the burning ghât or native burial ground for which they shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of their own dwelling-houses; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar and Sub-Registrar in the Town.

171. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient

Commissioners to have Register books prepared and numbered.

number of Register books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in the eighth and ninth schedules, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

172. Every Registrar shall inform himself

Registrar to inform himself of, and register, births and deaths.

of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district, and shall ascertain and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the eighth and ninth schedules respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

173. The father or mother of every child born

Information of birth to be given within eight days.

in the Town, or in the case of the death, illness, or absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house in which such child shall have been born, shall, within eight days after the day of the birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars by this Act required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

174. Some one of the persons present at the

Information of death to be given.

death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town, or, in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some person living in the house in which such death shall have happened, shall forthwith give information to the Registrar of the district, or Sub-Registrar at the burning ghât or burial ground, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person:

Provided that, in lieu of the information hereinbefore stated, in the case of persons dying in any hospital it shall be the duty of the Medical Officer in charge forthwith to send a notice in writing to the Commissioners in the form prescribed in the

ninth schedule of the occurrence of any death in the hospital under his charge.

175. Any person whose duty it shall be to

Penalty.

give information to a Registrar or Sub-Registrar under the two last preceding sections, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, or who shall give false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

176. Every person by whom the information

Person giving information to sign the Register.

contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it:

Provided that the Registrar may fill up and sign the Register for any person who is unable to write:

Provided further that in the case of a person dying in any hospital the registration of the death shall be deemed to be complete on receipt by the Commissioners of the written notice from the Medical Officer in charge of the said hospital prescribed in section one hundred and seventy-four.

177. It shall not be lawful for any sexton,

Corpse must be accompanied by a certificate before it is buried or burnt.

keeper of a cemetery, burial ground, or burning ghât to bury, burn, or allow to be buried or burned, any corpse, unless the said corpse is accompanied by a certificate in the form specified in the ninth schedule, and signed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar appointed under section one hundred and sixty-nine, or by a Medical Officer.

178. Whoever buries, burns, or allows to be

Penalty.

buried or burnt, a corpse without the certificate mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

OF TAKING A CENSUS.

179. At such times and in such manner as

Account of population to be taken.

the Commissioners may from time to time appoint, an account shall be taken of the number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

180. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to superintend the taking of an account of the population.

superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Local Government, deem necessary; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

181. Each Police division of the Town shall

Enumeration Districts.

be formed into one or more enumeration districts.

182. At such times as shall be appointed under

At the appointed time, occupiers of houses shall give the required information.

section one hundred and seventy-nine, and as shall be notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* by the Local Government, every occupier of a dwelling-house, or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and

every person to whom a form, as mentioned in section one hundred and eighty-four, may have been delivered, shall afford such information in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner as may under this Act be required of them.

183. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his district, and, except as hereinafter provided, shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses, and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his district, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf.

Provided that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

184. The Chairman, when he deems such a course to be advisable, may cause such a form as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, subject to the approval of the Local Government, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who may be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to the person authorized to demand the same.

185. Any military or naval Officers in command of bodies of military or naval men, or of vessels of war, or any master of a merchant vessel, or nacadah, or tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, or prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of hotels or lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed.

186. Whoever, being required under section one hundred and eighty-four to fill in any form, or under section one hundred and eighty-three to act as an enumerator, fails so to do, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

Every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

187. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose, and as shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners in meeting, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night immediately preceding

the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

188. The enumerators shall fill in all forms, Enumerators to fill in for those persons who are for those unable to write. unable to write.

CHAPTER XI.

OF CONSERVANCY AND IMPROVEMENT.

PART I.—Of the Streets.

189. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government) and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners.

190. The Commissioners, making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any houses or land which may be required for any such purposes, may

- (a) lay out and make new streets;
- (b) build and construct new bridges;
- (c) turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up any public street; and
- (d) widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve any such street.

For the purposes of this section the Commissioners in meeting may purchase any land necessary for houses and buildings to form any public street, or for the improvement of any public street.

191. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Maintenance and repair of streets. Municipal Fund permits from time to time cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired, and for such purpose may do all things necessary for the public safety and convenience.

192. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted; and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Commissioners may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, cleaning, and maintenance of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

193. The Commissioners shall cause the public streets to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, filth, and refuse of every kind whatsoever found thereon to be collected and removed.

194. The Commissioners may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, filth, and refuse arising from the ordinary domestic use of houses may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in public streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in such receptacles and between such hours as they may from time to time direct

195. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above

Penalty. mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any public street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

196. Whoever deposits, or suffers to be deposited, any dust, dirt, filth

Penalty for depositing dirt in public street, &c. or refuse of any kind whatsoever, in any public street, or on any public quay, jetty, ghât, or landing place, or on any part of the river bank, whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places, and in such manner, and at such hours, as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

197. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any

Penalty for allowing sewerage to flow on streets. other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being in his house or land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street (public or otherwise), or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy, to run, drain, or be thrown into, a surface drain in any street (public or otherwise), shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every such offence.

198. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits,

Watering streets. and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, cause the chief public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

199. Whoever builds any wall, or erects, or sets up any fence, rail, post, or

Penalty for making obstructions in public streets. other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street, or in or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct, after the commencement of this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees; and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment, as also all walls, fences, rails, posts, or other obstruction or encroachment erected in any public street, or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commissioners from allowing any

Temporary erections on occasions of festivals, &c. temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies, or for building purposes.

200. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give

Private persons laying out new streets. notice in writing thereof to the Commissioners, showing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Commissioners;

and the Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause any such street laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered;

or may cause any house, erected in any such street, otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or, if necessary removed,

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending.

If no such level or width be fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Commissioners within one month from the delivery of the aforesaid notice at the office of the Commissioners, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

201. Whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon,

Penalty. any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

202. If any street or any part thereof, be not

Paving, &c., of streets. levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the land fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave, flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice; and upon non-compliance, the Commissioners may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein: and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective lands, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Commissioners or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses;

Provided that, after such street shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled and sewered, on the requisition of the Commissioners, or by the Commissioners as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

203. If any street be levelled, paved, metall-

Certain streets to be deemed public and repaired by the Commissioners. ed, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may, if they think fit, and if three-fourths of the owners of houses in such street signify in writing their consent thereto, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by the Commissioners out of the Municipal Fund.

204. The Commissioners in meeting shall, from

Names of public streets. time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, wall, or place, at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every public street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces

Penalty. any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

205. The Commissioners may, from time to

Numbers on houses. time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer

side of any house or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Penalty.

206. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows (whether hung or placed before or after the commencement of this Act), which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction;

and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such public street, the owner of the house or land to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Commissioners to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards; and if he neglects so to do, the Commissioners may make such alteration, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by such owner.

207. The owner of every house in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Commissioners, put up, and keep in good condition, proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house and for discharging the same in such manner as the Commissioners shall direct; and in default of compliance with

Penalty.

such notice within the period aforesaid, such owner shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

208. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after the commencement of this Act, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house, or which has been so erected or placed subsequent to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and such owner or occupier shall within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Provided that when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house.

209. The Commissioners may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house in any public street, previous to the first of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to be re-

moved, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make

Compensation when to be made.

reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the right of any person to compensation when the right thereto is disputed, and the amount thereof, or touching the amount of such compensation when the right thereto is admitted, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

210. The Commissioners may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses abutting on any public street or drain or sewer to put up verandahs, balconies, sunshades, weatherframes, and the like, to project from any upper story thereof over any public street, or drain or sewer.

211. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after the commencement of this Act, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street (public or otherwise), now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after the commencement of this Act unless with the consent in writing of the Commissioners;

Penalty.

and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue.

212. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any house or land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering on any public street to a height not exceeding seven feet;

or to cut and trim trees overhanging any public street and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

and if such notice is not complied with within three days from the date thereof, the Commissioners may cause such hedges and trees to be cut in the manner required, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the house or land.

213. No person shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any public street, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing; and when such per-

Notice of removal.

Commissioners may allow certain projections from houses.

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

Commissioners may direct hedges to be trimmed.

No one to deposit materials or make hole in a public street.

mission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed, until the materials are removed or the hole is filled up and otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted at night.

214. Whoever deposits materials, or makes a hole, without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose, and light, such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials, or fill up such hole, when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of the Drains.

215. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts, in, alongside, or under the public streets, whether made at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall become vested in the Commissioners.

216. The Commissioners in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if necessary, carry such sewers through, across, or under any public street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the public streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise with respect to the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

217. The Commissioners shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they think fit, enlarge, alter, arch over, or otherwise improve all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them:

and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary.

If by reason of anything done under this section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Commissioners shall at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain, of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Commissioners shall direct;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

218. The Commissioners shall, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, cause the sewers and drains vested in them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied;

and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, may construct and place, either above or underground, reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other necessary works;

and may also, with the sanction of the local Government, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with, and be emptied into, any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purpose as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

219. When the contents of any sewer or drain, or any other flow of filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished, by natural or artificial causes, as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Local Government, so far as the Municipal Fund permits, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof, to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

220. If any person, without the written consent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such branch drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person making or altering such branch drain.

221. Whoever, without the written consent of the Commissioners first obtained, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Commissioners by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

222. If any house or land within the Town and within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners by sufficient drains or pipes communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Commissioners may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay through or from such house or land, covered drains, or pipes, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall think necessary for the complete draining of such house or land; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

223. The Commissioners themselves may construct and lay down such portions of the drains mentioned in sections two hundred and seventeen, two hundred and twenty-two, two hundred and twenty-five, and two hundred and twenty-six as may be carried through or under any public drain, aqueduct, or street, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

224. The Commissioners may cause the works mentioned in the said sections to be supervised while in progress, and from time to time during their execution order such reasonable alterations therein, additions thereto, and abandonment of part or parts thereof, as may to the Commissioners appear, on the fuller knowledge afforded by the opening of the ground, requisite to secure the complete and satisfactory execution of such works as aforesaid.

225. If it appear to the Commissioners that a group or block of houses may be drained or improved more economically or advantageously in combination than separately, and a sewer of sufficient size already exists, or is about to be constructed, within one hundred feet of any part of such group or block of houses, the Commissioners may cause such group or block of houses to be drained and improved by a combined operation;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owners of such houses in such proportions as shall to the Commissioners seem fit.

226. All sewers and drains in streets (public or otherwise), shall be provided by the Commissioners or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation, so as to prevent stench.

If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Commissioners neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Commissioners may forthwith provide and apply the same;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

227. The Commissioners may erect on, or fix to any house such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house in the neighbourhood.

228. All branch-drains, as well within as without the house or land to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners and shall be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, and kept in proper order at the costs

and charges of the owner of the house or land to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued;

and if the owner of any house or land to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, lay water to, connect with a sewer, repair, stop up, demolish, or put in good order the same, in the manner required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, supplied with water, connected with a sewer, repaired, stopped up, demolished, or put in good order, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

229. If any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool be constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, the Commissioners may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess pool, as they think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped.

230. Whoever constructs any drain, privy, or cess-pool, after the commencement of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

231. The Commissioners, or any Officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect any branch-drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the house or land to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon such house or land with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be;

and if, upon such inspection, it appears that such drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed contrary to the provisions of this Act, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong;

but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be, and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall in that case be paid by the Commissioners.

Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the custom of the country is considered private, unless a notice in writing of not less than four hours be given.

232. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse, or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

233. No person shall, without the permission of the Commissioners in writing, construct or keep any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle for filth, sewage, house-drainage, or other offensive matter, within fifty feet of any public tank, or a tank which the inhabitants of any locality are entitled to use. Any person upon whose land any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle so situated shall be now existing or hereafter constructed, shall remove the same within forty-eight hours of the receipt of a written notice from the Commissioners.

234. Any person failing to comply with the notice mentioned in the last preceding section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding three rupees, for every day that the latrine, urinal, cess-pool, house-drain, or other receptacle remains within the limits aforesaid.

PART III.—Of General Conservancy.

Removal of night-soil.

235. The Commissioners, from time to time, may appoint

- the hours within which night-soil or other offensive matter may be removed;
- the kind of cart or other receptacle in which it may be removed;
- the route by which such cart or receptacle shall proceed.

236. When the Commissioners have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street (public or otherwise) any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also, whoever

at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Commissioners or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel, other than that approved and sanctioned by the Commissioners, or slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or

does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been slopped or spilled, or

places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter,

or drives, or takes, or causes to be driven, or taken, any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street (public or otherwise), or by any route other than that, from time to time, by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every such offence.

237. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places for the deposit of dust, dirt, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever collected and removed in accordance with this Act; and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act.

238. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, keeps or suffers to be kept any dirt, dust, filth, or refuse of any kind whatsoever for more than twenty-four hours, otherwise than in a proper receptacle, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

239. All dirt, dust, filth, and any other refuse whatsoever, collected from the streets (public or otherwise), houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools shall belong to the Commissioners, who may sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

240. If any house or land, by reason of abandonment, or of disputed ownership, or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons; or become in a filthy or unwholesome state; or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance,

the Commissioners, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming, or believed to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the house or some conspicuous part of the land, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure, enclose, clean, or clear the same;

and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days the Commissioners shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, or, in case of abandonment or disputed ownership, by the sale of any materials found upon such house or land, and the provisions of section two hundred and sixty-seven shall be applicable to such sales.

241. The Commissioners may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessities and urinals,

and shall cause the same, when provided; to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

242. The Commissioners may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessities for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts as they may, from time to time, think proper; and may at any time, on giving one month's notice, cancel any license granted under this section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

No person shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners.

243. Whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehters' depôt without a license, as mentioned in the last preceding section, or having a license, suffers such public necessary or tola mehters' depôt to be in a filthy or noxious state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one-hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence; and whoever shall carry on the business of a tola mehter without obtaining a license from the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

244. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by advertisement in at least two of the daily newspapers published within the Town and by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout the Town, or any portion thereof, declare that the duties usually performed by tola mehters within the boundaries specified in the aforesaid advertisement shall be performed by an establishment under the control of the Commissioners, and the Commissioners shall make suitable provision accordingly.

When the Commissioners have made such provision, the occupier of any house or land in respect of which such duties are performed shall be liable to pay in respect of the same such fees as may be imposed by the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting; and the said fees shall be recovered from such occupier as a rate under Chapter VI.

245. The owner or occupier of any land having a privy on it shall have such privy shut out by a sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and no person shall keep a privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street (public or otherwise) or drain.

Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding five rupees, for each day the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Provided that the Commissioners may, in their discretion, permit the continuance, for such time as they may fix, of any such privy, with a door or trapdoor opening on to any street (public or otherwise) where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

246. If the Commissioners think that any privy or additional privy should be provided for any house or land, the owner of such house or land shall, within fourteen days after notice in that behalf by the Commissioners, cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be constructed in accordance with the requisition of such notice; and if such privy be not so constructed to the satisfaction of the Commissioners within such period, the Commissioners may cause such privy, together with the necessary pipes, drains, and water-supply, to be so constructed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

247. No milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages shall keep any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle within the Town for the purposes of trade or business except in a place licensed by the Commissioners.

Such license shall be taken out half-yearly, on the first day of January and the first day of July in every year.

It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting to grant any such license subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and to impose a fee not exceeding five rupees in respect of the same.

248. Whoever, being a milkman, cartman, shepherd, livery stable-keeper, or keeper of hackney carriages, keeps any animals, sheep, goats, or horned cattle without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

249. Whoever, being the holder of a license under section two hundred and forty-seven, breaks the conditions of such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

250. No person shall keep any pig-stye within the Town to the front of any street (public or otherwise), not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and no person shall keep within the town, without the permission of the Commissioners, more than ten pigs, or more than twenty sheep or goats.

251. Whoever keeps any pig-stye, pigs, sheep, or goats, contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding thirty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

252. When the pavement or surface of any public street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Commissioners, they shall, with all convenient speed,

complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up to be fenced and guarded and sufficiently lighted during the night.

253. If the Commissioners deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act

Situation of gas and water-pipes may be altered by the Justices.

to raise, sink, or otherwise alter the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works or gas-works, laid in any street, (public or otherwise) they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong, or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Commissioners direct.

Such alteration shall not be such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Commissioners, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons.

And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

254. If the person to whom any such pipes or

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Commissioners may cause the same to be made.

works as are mentioned in the last preceding section belong, or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of the notice mentioned in the last preceding section, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered in such manner as the Commissioners require, the Commissioners may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby, or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

255. The Commissioners may, at their discretion, set apart any public

Commissioners may set apart bathing places, &c.

ghât or place (not being private property, or part of the river or river bank of the Port of Calcutta), for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or runs of water, for the inhabitants to bathe in; and set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

256. Whoever bathes in any public place, except the places provided

Penalty.

or set apart under the

last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

257. When any private tank or low marshy

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners to be injurious to health or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require, by notice in writing, the owner of the same to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during one month from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

258. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails

Penalty.

to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

259. The Commissioners may from time to

Power to drain off and cleanse unwholesome tank, &c., on private premises.

time, as they shall think fit, drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse or fill up, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure), which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Commissioners, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

260. The Commissioners, in executing any

Commissioners in executing works to provide proper drains, &c.

works under this Act, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, water-courses, drains, and channels, in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works;

and if any difference arises between the Commissioners and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

261. The Commissioners shall, during the

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in, or belonging to them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses; and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any street (public or otherwise), to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, cattle, or animals, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper;

and shall cause any sewer or drain, or other works in streets (public or otherwise), during the

construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night.

262. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers or to persons living in the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may, by notice in writing, require the owner of the land to repair, protect or enclose the same; and if he fails to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed.

263. Whoever, being an owner of land, fails to comply with the requisition mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART IV.—Of Building Regulations.

264. The Commissioners may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house is situated.

265. When any house, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses.

Provided that the Commissioners shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

266. If any house, or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or to the neighbouring houses, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of such house, or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, repair, or secure, such house, wall, or thing affixed thereon as the case shall require.

If such owner or occupier do not begin to take down, repair, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners shall cause all or so much of such house, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

267. If any such house, or wall, as is mentioned in the last preceding section, or any part of the same, be taken down as in such section mentioned, the Commissioners may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any surplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, or wall, on demand.

The Commissioners shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

268. Before beginning, within the Town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Commissioners notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, showing the levels and width at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Commissioners.

269. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice as is mentioned in the last preceding section, the Commissioners shall signify their approval of the proposed levels and width of foundation, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels and width of foundation in lieu thereof within the same time.

270. If such building as is mentioned in section two hundred and sixty-eight be begun or made without sending such notice and plan as are mentioned in the said section, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Commissioners within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid.

271. If the Commissioners fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan as is mentioned in the last preceding section, and to fix other levels and width of foundation within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to,

according to the levels and width of foundation shown on such plan :

Provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with this Act.

The word "house" in this and the three last preceding sections does not include a hut.

272. Every person intending to build or take down any house, or to alter or repair the outward part of any house, where any public street will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the house where such works are being carried on from the street, and shall keep such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

Provided that no person shall put up a hoard or fence without the written permission of the Commissioners, and shall not keep up the said hoard or fence for a time longer than allowed in the said written permission.

273. Every person, who begins to build, or to take down or alter, or repair any house contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoard, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing, or to maintain the same in good condition, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same, when directed by the Commissioners, within eight days, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

274. No house shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners without their written consent ;

and if any house be so erected, the Commissioners may cause such house to be pulled down or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit ;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person so erecting the house.

275. No house shall be built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers.

276. If any house newly erected or re-built within the Town have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house of such materials, of such size, at such

level, and with such fall as the Commissioners may direct ;

and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

277. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a hut, or any range or block of huts or sheds, or to add any hut or shed to any range or block already existing at the commencement of this Act, without previous notice to the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may require such huts or sheds to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines, of such width as they may think proper for ventilation and to facilitate scavenging, and with such number of privies and with such means of drainage as to them may seem necessary, and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a plinth at least two feet above the level of the nearest public street.

278. If any such huts or sheds be built without giving such notice to the Commissioners or otherwise than as required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier thereof, by affixing a notice to some conspicuous part of some one of such huts or sheds, to take down and remove the same within one month, or to effect such alterations as they may deem necessary ; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, if they shall think fit so to do, to cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the said owner or occupier thereof, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

279. Whoever erects a hut or any range or block of huts or shed, or adds to any hut or shed, or to any range or block already existing contrary to the provisions of section two hundred and seventy-seven, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART V.—Of Sanitary Measures with regard to Blocks of Huts.

280. Whenever the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, are satisfied, from inspection, or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are constructed or crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavenging, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may cause the locality to be inspected by two medical officers, who shall make a report in writing on the sanitary condition of the said block of huts, and shall specify, if necessary, in the said report the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

281. On receipt of the said report the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may cause a notice to be served upon the owners or occupiers of the huts, or at the option of the Commissioners, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the Commissioners for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the aforesaid report, or any portion thereof respectively.

282. If after the service of the said notice, such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to carry out and execute the said works within the time appointed, the Commissioners may cause all or any of the said works, or any portion thereof respectively, to be executed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to them that the said owner is unable by reason of poverty to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

283. If any of the said huts be pulled down, the Commissioners shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected, and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut; or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Commissioners until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent court for the payment of the same.

The Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent court for that purpose.

284. In case the Commissioners should omit to take any action under sections two hundred and eighty-one, or in the opinion of the Local Government should fail to give effect to the provisions thereof, the Local Government may cause any block of huts to be inspected by the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, who shall make a report in writing to the Local Government on the sanitary condition of the locality and, in the event of his reporting that the sanitary condition of the locality is such as to be attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, shall specify the huts which should be removed, the roads, drains, and sewers which should be constructed, and the low lands which should be filled up, with a view to the removal of the said risk of disease.

285. On receipt of the said report the Local Government may order the Commissioners to serve a notice on the owners or occupiers of the huts, or on the owner of the land on which such huts are built, requiring them to carry out and execute within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Local

Government for such purpose, all or any of the works specified in the said report, or any portion thereof respectively; and upon service of the said notice the Commissioners may proceed as provided in section two hundred and eighty-two, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon them by section two hundred and eighty-three.

286. If the Commissioners make default in carrying out the said order of the Local Government, the Local Government may appoint some officer to perform the same, and such officer may exercise such of the powers conferred upon the Commissioners by sections two hundred and eighty-one and two hundred and eighty-two, as are necessary for the execution of the said works, and shall be liable to all or any of the obligations imposed upon the Commissioners by section two hundred and eighty-three, and the expenses incurred by such officer in the execution of the said works shall be paid by the owner of the land.

Provided that the Local Government may order the expenses so incurred to be recovered by instalments from the said owner, or if it should appear to the Local Government that the said owner is by reason of poverty unable to pay the same, may order the same or any portion thereof to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

CHAPTER XII.

OF SANITARY MATTERS.

PART I.—Of Slaughter-houses, Food, Drink, Drugs, and Offensive Trades.

287. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town or Suburbs unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may, at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

Provided that no such license be granted by the Commissioners for the use of any place situated in the Suburbs as a slaughter-house without the permission in writing of the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs, unless such place has been used as a slaughter-house before the commencement of this Act; and provided further that all fees levied by the Commissioners for licenses to use places situated in the Suburbs as slaughter-houses be paid by the Commissioners to the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs.

288. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, provide places within or without the Town for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses; and all places within or without the town heretofore provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses shall be deemed to have been provided under this section.

Provided that the Commissioners shall annually pay one thousand rupees to the Municipal Commissioners of the suburbs by way of license fee

for the slaughter-house established by the Commissioners at Tengrah.

289. Every owner, or occupier, or farmer, of any place for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Commissioners, and (if required so to do by the Commissioners) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided, sufficient for keeping such place or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state.

290. If such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Commissioners that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which such default is continued.

291. Any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Commissioners or any of their officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or offered or exposed for sale, may grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article;

and if it appear to the said Justice of the Peace that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order it to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

292. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, corn, bread, flour, wine, spirits, or other food or drink, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink which may be therein; and in case any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink appear to be intended for the food or drink of man, and to be unfit for such food or drink, may seize the same;

and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that any of the aforesaid articles of food or drink is unfit for the food or drink of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food.

293. Any Justice of the Peace before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made under this Act, in addition to the fine which may be imposed on such person under this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to him under section two hundred and eighty-seven;

and the Commissioners, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, may cancel his license.

294. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is cancelled as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted such offence.

295. No place shall be kept for the sale of drugs unless the same shall have been registered in the office of the Commissioners. Any keeper of such place failing to register the same within two months after the commencement of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

296. The Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any place kept for the sale of drugs, or in which drugs are sold, and if they have reason to suspect that any drug in the said place is adulterated in such a manner as to lessen its efficacy, to change its operation, or to render it noxious, may remove the same on giving a receipt, specifying the nature and quantity of the drug removed, and its approximate value; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace that the said drug removed as aforesaid is adulterated as aforesaid, he may order the same to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to him may seem fit; if it shall appear to the said Justice that the drug so removed is not adulterated as aforesaid, the person from whose shop or place it has been taken shall be entitled to have it restored to him, and it shall be in the discretion of the said Justice to award him such compensation as he may think proper, not exceeding the actual loss which has been sustained.

If the drug removed as aforesaid is not brought before a Justice of the Peace, it shall be restored to the person from whose shop or place it was taken, and such person shall be entitled to compensation for any actual loss which he may have sustained by the removal of the said drug, and any dispute which may arise touching the amount of compensation to be given shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

297. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used for any of the following purposes, namely—

- (a) melting tallow;
- (b) boiling offal or blood;
- (c) as a soap-house;
- (d) oil-boiling-house;
- (e) dyeing-house;
- (f) tannery;
- (g) brick, pottery, or lime kiln;
- (h) sago-manufactory;

(i) manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise ;
 (j) or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal ;
 shall register the same at the office of the Commissioners in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

298. No place shall be newly used within the Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section except under a license from the Commissioners, who may, at their discretion, from time to time grant such license.

299. Whoever, without a license, uses any such place for any such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

300. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that any place, licensed under section two hundred and eighty-seven or two hundred and ninety-eight, or registered under section two hundred and ninety-seven, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month after the date of such notice.

301. Whoever, after the expiration of such time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

PART II.—Of Burial and Burning Grounds.

302. The Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial and burning ground and every place used as such ; and every burial and burning ground, and every place used as such, shall be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorized to control the same, by order of the Commissioners, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose.

303. Whoever uses any such place as is mentioned in the last preceding section without the same being registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding seventy rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

304. Whoever knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not registered as a burial or burning ground, shall

be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

305. No vault or grave shall be made within the walls of, or underneath, any church, chapel, or other place of public worship, and no burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be opened, made or formed, otherwise than by, or under the authority of, the Local Government, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, previously obtained from the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, who may at their discretion, from time to time, grant such license.

306. Whosoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made or formed without such license, or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

307. If the Commissioners, in meeting other than an ordinary meeting, with the sanction of the Local Government, shall certify, in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or that any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof ;

or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any churchyard or burial ground adjacent thereto ;

and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, no person shall, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate.

Every such certificate shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

308. Whoever, after due publication of such certificate, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

309. Notwithstanding any certificate under section three hundred and seven, where, by usage or otherwise, there is any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any churchyard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment has been pur-

chased or acquired, the Commissioners may, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right, or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

310. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CHAPTER XIII.

OF MARKETS.

311. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and the Commissioners may charge such rents, tolls, and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of, or right to expose goods for sale in, such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

312. All such rents, tolls, and fees, which shall be imposed, shall be recoverable by the Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provisions of Chapter VI.

313. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Local Government, acquire land by purchase, lease, or otherwise, in order to provide places within the Town for the purpose of being used as Municipal Markets, and for the like purpose may purchase or take on lease any land now used within such limits as a market, or registered as such, upon such terms, or subject to such conditions as they may consider necessary, and may appropriate any land now vested in or belonging to them, and may set out the whole or such parts thereof as they may think necessary for the purposes of such Municipal Markets, and thereupon from time to time may build and maintain such Municipal Markets and such stalls, sheds, pens, and other buildings or conveniences for the use of the persons frequenting such Municipal Markets, and for the weighing and measuring goods sold in such Municipal Markets, and on such land as aforesaid, or on other land purchased for that purpose, and may make and maintain all such roads and approaches thereto as they may think necessary, and from time to time, in addition to the bye-laws provided in Chapter XVI, may make such bye-laws as they may think fit for all or any of the following purposes:—

(a) for regulating the control and use of such markets, and the buildings, stalls, pens, and standings therein, and for preventing nuisances or obstructions therein, or in the immediate approaches thereto;

(b) for preventing the use therein of false or defective weights, scales, or measures;

(c) for preventing the sale, or exposure for sale therein, of unwholesome meat, fish, or provisions;

(d) for the establishment and publication of a price-current, and for prescribing the mode of sale of articles, whether by measure, weight, tale, or piece;

(e) for keeping such markets in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth and refuse therefrom.

314. The Commissioners may expel from any such Municipal Market any person who, or whose servants, may be convicted of disobeying any bye-law made under the last preceding section, and may prevent such person, by himself or his servants, further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying any stall or shop therein, and may determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

315. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may sell, or let to tenants on lease or otherwise on such terms as they may think fit, any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

316. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may close any Municipal Market, or any part thereof, or sell, or let out to tenants, on lease or otherwise, any land heretofore used as a Municipal Market, or any part thereof, on such terms as they may think fit, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

317. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may out of the Municipal Fund and out of the monies borrowed under the provisions of this Act, and out of monies derived from the rents of buildings, stalls, pens, or standings in any Municipal Market, and from any fees realized from any Municipal Market, expend such sums of money as they may think necessary for the construction, maintenance, and keeping such Municipal Market in repair, and for any other purpose or purposes which the Commissioners may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or conducive thereto.

318. It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables within the Town, and every such license shall be in force until the first day of January next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof.

Nothing contained in this section shall be held to impose upon any person the obligation of taking out a license for a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871.

319. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits any place within the Town (not being a market which has been registered under section 6 of Bengal Act VIII of 1871) to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each day during which the said offence shall be continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

320. Whenever three convictions under the provisions of the last preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place within the space of one year, it shall be lawful for any Police Magistrate of Calcutta, on the application of the Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

321. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may define, fix, and determine what portions of any market or bazar within the Town shall be thrown into, and made part of, the existing approaches, roads, paths, and ways in such market or bazar for the convenient use of persons resorting thereto; and shall signify the same by affixing or causing to be affixed in some conspicuous place or places in the market or bazar a notice signifying the limits and description of the parts of the said market or bazar so to be kept and used as part of the approaches, roads, paths, and ways.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, by notice in writing to the owner, proprietor, or lessee of any such market or bazar, require him within a time to be specified therein to execute the necessary works and take all necessary measures for the setting out, clearing, widening, and maintaining of the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways;

and may, in case of such default, by their servants and workmen, enter into and upon the said market or bazar, and clear, set out, and widen the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person on whom the notice has been served.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time vary and alter the said approaches, roads, paths, and ways as occasion may require, signifying the same by a like notice.

Whoever shall, after such notification, cause any obstruction or encroachment in or on any such approaches, roads, paths, or ways, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for every day such obstruction or encroachment is continued after notice from the Commissioners to remove or discontinue the same.

322. Whenever any person who shall have been convicted of any offence under this Chapter, or against any of the bye-laws made or to be made under this Chapter in respect to markets, shall again be convicted of an offence against the same provision, the fine to be inflicted for the first of such subsequent offences shall not be less than one moiety of the maximum fine provided for such offence, and for the second and every subsequent offence shall not be less than such maximum fine.

CHAPTER XIV.

OF THE GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

PART I.—Of Rights of Entry.

323. The Commissioners shall, for the purposes of this Act, have power, by themselves or their officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter upon any house or land, as well for the purpose of making any inspection, survey, or measurement, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry, or of anything done on such house or land in pursuance of this Act.

Provided that, except as herein otherwise provided, the Commissioners or their officers shall not enter upon any house or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intention to do so.

324. The Commissioners, or their officers or servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation of, or temporary damage to, the said land to the owner and occupier thereof from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken, or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land;

and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Provided that, before the Commissioners make any such temporary use as aforesaid of any land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give three days' notice of such their intention to the owner and occupier of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid from the other land adjoining thereto.

325. For the purpose of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the

Powers to be exercised by the Commissioners when constructing drains and aqueducts within the town.

purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, the Commissioners, their officers, and servants may, whenever a plan for laying down any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, shall have been approved by the Local Government, exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, all the powers which by this Act they may exercise within the town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes, or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing;

and the Magistrate of any district through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain, are to run, may exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district as a Justice of the Peace may under this Act exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Commissioners within the town.

326. Whoever at any time obstructs or

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Commissioners in their duty.

molests any person employed by the Commissioners (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code), or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of anything which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act; or removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

PART II.—Of the Purchase and Sale of Land.**327. The Commissioners in meeting, other**

Commissioners may purchase, sell, and lease land for the purposes of this Act.

than an ordinary meeting, may purchase land, whether within or without the Town, for any of the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land vested in them and not required for the purposes of this Act, or may dispose of the same on lease; and the Commissioners may receive the rent of the same on such terms as they may think fit.

328. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Commissioners may rent and take on lease land.

than an ordinary meeting, may from time to time pay rent for, or take on lease, on such terms as they may think fit, any land required for the purposes of this Act.

329. Any land required for the purposes of

Land may be acquired under Land Acquisition Act.

this Act may be acquired under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, and on payment by the Commissioners out of the

Municipal Fund of the compensation payable under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

PART III.—Of Railways.**330. The Commissioners in meeting, other**

Power to construct railway.

than an ordinary meeting, may, upon any of the public streets in the Town or upon any land within or without the Town, which is vested in the Commissioners, construct or maintain any railway which to the Commissioners may appear to be useful or necessary for the purposes of this Act,

and use and employ upon any such railway, by them heretofore constructed or hereafter to be constructed, such locomotive engines or other moving power and such carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby,

carry and convey upon such railway all such passengers and goods as shall be offered to them for that purpose,

and make such reasonable charges in respect thereof as they may from time to time determine upon.

331. The Commissioners in meeting, other than

Power to permit carriages to run on railway.

an ordinary meeting, from time to time may enter into any contract with any person, for the passage over any railway already constructed by the Commissioners, or hereafter to be constructed by them, of the engines, wagons, or other carriages of such person, upon the payment of such tolls or rent and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon.

332. The Commissioners in meeting, other

Power to lease railway.

than an ordinary meeting, may lease any railway constructed or to be constructed by them under the provisions hereinbefore contained to any person upon such terms and under such conditions and restrictions as may be mutually agreed upon, and every person to whom any such railway shall be so leased by the Commissioners shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as aforesaid, have all such and the same powers of maintaining the same, and for using and employing thereupon locomotive engines and other moving power, and carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby, and for carrying and conveying thereupon passengers, and goods, and making charges in respect thereof, as the Commissioners would have had if such railway had not been leased.

The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, from time to time, enter into any contract with any person for the purpose of the construction of any railway within or without the Town, and for the purpose of maintaining and working of the same.

PART IV.—Of Hospitals.**333. The Commissioners in meeting, other**

Power to support hospitals.

than an ordinary meeting, may apply such sum as to them may seem proper in or towards the maintenance and support of such hospitals for such purposes as they may think it.

CHAPTER XV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL DEBT.

334. For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may, with the sanction of the Local Government, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest, and upon such terms as to the time of repayment and otherwise as the Local Government may approve, any sums of money the Commissioners may require for the objects aforesaid.

335. All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the seventh schedule, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

336. The Commissioners in meeting, other than an ordinary meeting, may at any time, with the sanction of the Local Government, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed.

337. The Commissioners shall set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any disbursements in respect thereof,

firstly—such sum as may be required for the payment of the interest which may fall due on any debentures issued under the authority of this Act, or of any enactment hereby expressly repealed;

secondly—a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Commissioners for the purposes of any enactment hereby expressly repealed exclusive of the sum now due, or of any sum which may hereafter become due, by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so far as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year.

And they shall invest the surplus (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid, or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such loans or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum in Government securities, or in any securities guaranteed by Government, or in Calcutta municipal debentures, in the names of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department and the Accountant-General of Bengal respectively for the time being, to be by them held as Trustees for the purpose of repaying at due date from time to time the several loans contracted or debentures issued by the Commissioners.

And all moneys and securities now held by any Trustees for the Commissioners for the purpose of paying off any sum borrowed by them, shall be held by them upon the trusts hereinbefore declared.

All interest accruing due to the Trustees shall also from time to time be invested by them in like manner and held upon the like trust.

338. The Trustees shall from time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall fall due by the Commissioners, realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same will extend, to satisfy such loans or debentures.

339. The Trustees shall, at the end of every year, submit a statement to the Commissioners showing the amount which has been invested during the year under section three hundred and thirty-seven, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans.

Such statement shall be laid before the Commissioners and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

CHAPTER XVI.

OF BYE-LAWS.

340. The Commissioners may from time to time make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to regulate—

- (a) all matters and things connected with the supply and use of water;
- (b) the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in places provided or set apart for bathing purposes;
- (c) the deposit of dirt, dust, filth, and refuse of any kind whatsoever, the removing and carrying away the same, and charging the person making the deposit with the expenses of removing it;
- (d) the duties to be performed by tolal mehters under section two hundred and forty-four, and the boundaries within which they are to be performed;
- (e) the management and charges for places provided for slaughter-houses under section two hundred and eighty-eight;
- (f) the inspection and management of, and conduct of, business in markets and slaughter-houses, and the keeping the same in a proper and cleanly state;
- (g) the inspection of places used for any of the purposes mentioned in section two hundred and ninety-seven, and the management and conduct of business within the same;
- (h) the inspection and management of burial and burning grounds;
- (i) and generally for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

341. The Commissioners may from time to time repeal, alter, or add to their bye-laws.

342. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Local Government.

343. No bye-law, and no repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes at least three times, nor till one month has elapsed from the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law, or the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, any bye-law shall be kept at the office of the Commissioners; and all persons may at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon inspect such copy without fee.

344. Every bye-law and every repeal or alteration of, or addition to any bye-law, when confirmed, shall be published in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and a copy thereof in English and Bengalee shall be painted or placed on boards which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the office of the Commissioners.

345. Whoever infringes any bye-law made and confirmed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

CHAPTER XVII.

OF PROSECUTIONS.

346. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the punishment of any person offending against any of the provisions of this Act, and for the recovery of any fines imposed under this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecutions and proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall preclude any person from instituting a prosecution for nuisance, or from giving information and instituting a prosecution under the next succeeding section.

347. Every prosecution under this Act, except as provided in section three hundred and forty-nine, may be instituted before any Justice of the Peace;

and every fine imposed under this Act may be recovered by a summary proceeding before any Justice of the Peace upon an information exhibited by order of the Commissioners,

and in default of payment of such fine, the same may be levied under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace by distress and sale of the moveable property of the offender, with all such

powers for the issuing of such warrant, and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta.

And if the fine cannot be so levied, the offender may be punished by such Justice of the Peace with rigorous or simple imprisonment, as defined in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term not exceeding two months.

348. Whenever any prosecution shall be instituted before any Justice of the Peace under this Act, he may summon the person charged to appear at a time and place to be mentioned in the summons; and if such person shall not so appear, such Justice of the Peace may, upon proof of service of the summons, if no sufficient cause shall be shown for the non-appearance of the person charged, proceed to hear and determine the case in his absence.

Such Justice of the Peace may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning, and enforcement of the attendance, of witnesses, and the production of documents, as are conferred on a Magistrate by the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or any other Act for the time being in force for regulating the procedure of the Police Magistrates' Courts in Calcutta.

349. Every prosecution under section forty-one shall be instituted before such Magistrate or Court as would have jurisdiction to entertain a charge of the nature described in section 161 of the Indian Penal Code.

350. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine is imposed under this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder, or, if he make no award to the informer, the whole of such fine, to be paid to the Municipal Fund.

351. No person shall be liable to any fine under this Act for any offence cognizable by a Justice of the Peace unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace, within two months next after the commission of such offence:

Provided that the failure to take out any license under this Act shall be deemed to be a continuing offence until the expiration of the period for which such license is required to be taken out.

352. If through any act, neglect, or default on account whereof any person shall have been fined under this Act, any damage to the property of the Commissioners shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage as well as to pay such fine;

and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom such person has been fined;

and on default of payment of the amount of such damage on demand, the same may be levied in the same manner as a fine.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OF THE RECOVERY OF DAMAGES AND EXPENSES.

353. Where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount and, if necessary, the apportionment of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by the Court of Small Causes.

Provided that when any work is executed by the Commissioners under this Act in default of the owner or occupier of the house or land doing such work, the expenses thereby incurred may be recovered by the Commissioners as a rate under Chapter VI.

354. In any case which is to be determined by the Court of Small Causes under this Act, the said Court may, on the application of either party, summon the other party to appear at a time and place to be named in such summons.

Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, the said Court may hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, may examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such inquiry shall be in the discretion of the said Court which shall determine the amount thereof.

355. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Court, by distress and sale of the moveable property of such party; and the surplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose property shall have been distrained.

356. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER XIX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

357. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for any thing done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners, or at the place of abode of such person, stating the cause of suit, and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff.

Unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such suit shall be commenced within three months next after accrual of the right to sue, and not afterwards.

If any person to whom any such notice of suit is given shall, before the suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by leave of the court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into court.

358. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers, or servants under this Act.

359. When any license is granted under section two hundred and forty-two or two hundred and eighty-seven authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under section two hundred and ten for putting up any projection, the Commissioners may charge a fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such license or permission.

When permission is given under section one hundred and ninety-nine to make any temporary erection, the Commissioners may charge a daily fee not exceeding one hundred rupees for such permission.

360. When permission is given under section two hundred and thirteen or section two hundred and seventy-two, the Commissioners may charge rent for any land made use of in pursuance of such permission.

361. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall, at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

362. Whoever fails to produce his license when required to do so as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees, for each day, during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

363. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or at his place of business with some clerk of the office, or if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode, or of his place of business,

or of the house or land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

364. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any house or land, such notice addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such house or land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any house or land to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family,

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post in a registered cover addressed to his place of abode, and the same shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the house or land in respect of which the notice is served.

365. Whenever any work is required by this Act to be executed by the owner or occupier of any house or land, and default is made in the execution of such work, the Commissioners, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and in default of payment thereof the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI.

366. If the defaulter, as mentioned in the last preceding section, be the owner of any house or land, the Commissioners may, by way of additional remedy, whether any suit or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then, or at any time thereafter, occupies the house or land under such owner, and in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be recovered as a rate under Chapter VI;

and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to the owner, so much as is so paid by, or recovered from, him in respect of any such expenses.

367. No occupier of any house or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the house or land in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon a requisition made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable,

but nothing in this section shall affect any special contract made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

368. Whenever default is made by the owner of any house or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such house or land may, with the approval of the Commissioners, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

369. If the occupier of any house or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of any house or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace may, in writing, require such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such house or land, as may be necessary for carrying this Act into effect;

and if after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, every such owner, during the continuance of the refusal, shall be discharged from liability to any fines to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of default in executing such works.

370. Whoever, being the occupier of any house or land, fails to comply with any requisition made by a Justice of the Peace under the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and to a further fine, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

371. No tax or rate on property made under this Act shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in any such tax or rate, or any assessment of value for the purpose of making such tax or rate, if the property rated or assessed is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

372. Whenever the Commissioners shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which under sections two hundred, two hundred and seventy-four, two hundred and seventy-six, and two hundred and seventy-eight, the owners of any houses or lands are required to execute, the Commissioners may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners, for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period not exceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered as rates under Chapter VI.

373. All police officers shall give immediate information to the Commissioners of any offence committed against this Act.

Police officers to report offences to Commissioners and to arrest unknown offenders.

Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him,

or if such person decline to give his name and address,

or if the police officer shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given.

And such person may be detained at the station house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained, or may be brought up at once before a Justice of the Peace.

374. If the Local Government shall have determined that any portion

Certain provisions of this Act extended.

of the environs of the town shall be included in the

system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the Local Government shall have declared the boundaries thereof by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then sections two hundred and fifteen to two hundred and thirty-four, both inclusive, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared;

and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by the Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by any Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all fines payable in respect of such sections, and under this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

375. Houses used exclusively for purposes

Houses used for public worship exempt from rates and taxes.

of public worship shall be exempt from all rates and

taxes which under this Act may be imposed upon houses and land within the town.

376. Nothing in this Act contained shall be

Having clause.

construed to

(a) render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which, but for this Act, would by law be deemed to be a nuisance:

(b) exempt any person guilty of nuisance from a suit in respect thereof:

(c) affect any enactment not hereby expressly repealed.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

(See Section 13.)

Ward No. 1.—Bounded on the north and east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; south by Grey Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 2.—Bounded on the north by the Mahratta Ditch; west by river Hooghly; south

by Nimtollah Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 3.—Bounded on the north by Ooltadgingee Main Road, the Mahratta Ditch, and Grey Street; south by Beadon Street and Halshi Bagan Road; west by Upper Chitpore Road; east by Mahratta Ditch.

Ward No. 4.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Upper Circular Road and Mahratta Ditch; west by Cornwallis Street.

Ward No. 5.—Bounded on the north by Nimtollah Ghât Street; south by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; east by Upper Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 6.—Bounded on the north by Beadon Street; south by Machooa Bazar Road; east by Cornwallis Street; west by Upper Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 7.—Bounded on the north by Cotton Street and Meerboher Ghât Street; south by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square North, and Fairlie Place; east by Lower Chitpore Road; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 8.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by College Street; west by Lower Chitpore Road.

Ward No. 9.—Bounded on the north by Machooa Bazar Road; south by Bow Bazar Street; east by Upper Circular Road; west by College Street.

Ward No. 10.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Wellington Street; west by Bentinck Street.

Ward No. 11.—Bounded on the north by Bow Bazar Street; south by Dhurumtollah Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellington Street.

Ward No. 12.—Bounded on the north by Loll Bazar Street, Dalhousie Square, and Fairlie Place; south by Esplanade Row; east by Bentinck Street; west by river Hooghly.

Ward No. 13.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by Kyd Street, Free School Street, and South Culinga Street; east by Wellesley Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 14.—Bounded on the north by Dhurumtollah Street; south by South Culinga Street; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street.

Ward No. 15.—Bounded on the north by South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Wellesley Street and Wood Street.

Ward No. 16.—Bounded on the north by Kyd Street and South Culinga Street; south by Theatre Road; east by Wellesley Street and Wood Street; west by Chowringhee Road.

Ward No. 17.—Bounded on the north by Theatre Road; south by Lower Circular Road; east by Lower Circular Road; west by Jail Road.

Ward No. 18.—Bounded on the north by Clyde Row; south by Tolly's Nullah Road; east by Kidderpore Bridge Road; west by Strand Road.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See Section 65.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

	Per half-year.	Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	12	0	0	
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.				
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse, or pony, or mule, or a pair of ponies or mules under thirteen hands ...	6	0	0	
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage after the first two-thirds of the above rate.				
For every two-wheeled carriage	6	0	0	
For every horse (not a race horse), pony, or mule ...	6	0	0	
For every race horse ...	12	0	0	
For every pony or mule under thirteen hands ...	2	0	0	

NOTE.—Animals under eleven hands in height, and carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See Section 75.)

LICENSE ON PROFESSIONS, TRADES, AND CALLINGS.

Class I.

	Yearly.	Rs.
Every Joint Stock Company ...	100	

Class II.

Every merchant, banker, shroff, banian, wholesale trader, and commission agent, and every practising surgeon, physician, dentist, architect, civil engineer, builder, contractor, carrying company, barrister, attorney, proctor, notary public and pleader of the High Court,		
Every owner or farmer of a hant or bazar ...	50	
Every owner of cotton, jute, hide, or other screws, and every auctioneer ...		

Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, shop-keeper, plumber, gasfitter, manufacturer, or retail trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at one hundred rupees a month or upwards

Class III.

Every broker or dalal employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of imports or exports, country produce, silk, or other merchandize ...	25	
Every broker or dealer in precious stones, houses, landed property, Government securities, shares, and bills of exchange, and every freight broker ...		

Class III.—(Continued.)

Yearly.
Rs.

Every practising licentiate of medicine, apothecary, and veterinary surgeon ...		
Every owner of a dispensary, spirit or liquor shop, or shop for the sale of intoxicating drugs, and punch house, or billiard room, wholesale tobacco or jute depôt		
Every owner of a steam ferry boat or cargo boat		
Every hotel-keeper, boarding-house keeper, lodging-house keeper, plumber, gas-fitter, carriage and horse-dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer, or trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above twenty-five rupees, but at less than one hundred rupees a month ...	25	
Every pawn-broker, money-lender, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under section two hundred and ninety-one or licensed under section two hundred and ninety-two ...		
Every pleader, mookhtear, or law agent, not included in Class II ...		

Class IV.

Every hotel-keeper, boarding and lodging-house-keeper, owner of a carriage or a palanquin let out for hire, plumber, gas-fitter, band supplier, carrier, stamp vendor, carriage or horse dealer, shop-keeper, manufacturer or trader whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V at or above ten rupees but at less than twenty-five rupees a month, ...	12	
Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a showk. ...		
Every poddar or money changer ...		
Every hakeem and koberaaj, practising native doctor ...		
Every order supplier, cooly supplier, shipping agent, or boat supplier		

Class V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every dalal not included in Class III ...		
Every pedlar, hawker, boxwallah, and midwife ...		

Class VI.

All itinerant dealers hawking goods for sale in baskets or trays ...	1	
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NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Commissioners, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered payment by the firm.

EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171 and 172.)

18

BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

NINTH SCHEDULE.

(See Sections 171, 172, 174 and 177.)

18

DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

[illegible]

TENTH SCHEDULE.

(See Section 2.)

ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VI of 1863 ...	Calcutta Municipal Affairs	So much as has not been repealed.
Sec. 49 of III of 1864.	District Municipal Improvement	So far as the same applies to Suburbs and Howrah.
VII of 1865 ...	Slaughter-houses	So far as the same applies to Suburbs.
IX of 1865 ...	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
VI of 1866 ...	Further amendment of Bengal Acts VI of 1863	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1867 ...	Explanation of Bengal Act VI of 1863	The whole Act.
IX of 1867 ...	Amendment of Bengal Act VI of 1863 and VI of 1866	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1867 ...	Pauper Hospital and Calcutta Police	The whole Act.
V of 1868 ...	Subjecting a portion of Hastings to the Calcutta Municipal Acts.	The whole Act.
I of 1870 ...	Calcutta Water-rate	The whole Act.
VI of 1871 ...	Modifying and amending the constitution of the corporation of the Justices of the Peace for Calcutta	The whole Act.
VIII of 1871 ...	Markets	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1872 ...	Extending borrowing powers of the Justices and providing for the repayment of the municipal debt.	The whole Act.
II of 1874 ...	Markets	The whole Act.

FREDERICK CLARKE,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,**Legislative Department.*



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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 11th April 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XI OF 1876.

THE PRESIDENCY BANKS ACT, 1876.

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SCHEDULE.

An Act for constituting and regulating the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

WHEREAS the Bank of Bengal is now constituted and regulated by Act

Preamble. No. IV of 1862, as amended by Acts No. VI of 1862 and No. XIX of 1870, and its capital consists of twenty-two millions of rupees, in shares of one thousand rupees each;

And whereas the Bank of Madras is now constituted and regulated by Madras Act No. VI of 1866, as amended by Madras Act No. I of 1871, and its capital consists of five millions six hundred and twenty-five thousand rupees, in shares of one thousand rupees each;

And whereas a Bank named the Bank of Bombay was constituted and regulated by Bombay Act No. X of 1863, as amended by Bombay Acts No. XV of 1866 and No. I of 1867; but such Bank has been wound up and the said Bombay Acts are now obsolete and should be expressly repealed;

And whereas on the tenth day of December 1867, a joint-stock Banking Company was registered and incorporated at Bombay, by virtue of the Indian Companies Act, 1866, under the name of "The New Bank of Bombay, Limited," with a Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association then also registered, and prescribing the constitution and regulations for the management of such Bank;

And whereas the Government of India now holds two thousand two hundred shares in the

said Bank of Bengal, and five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares in the said Bank of Madras; and, under the provisions of the said Act No. IV of 1862 and Madras Act No. VI of 1866, is bound to appoint, and has power to remove, certain of the directors of the said Banks of Bengal and Madras respectively, and has also power to give a proxy to any person whom the Governor General in Council may appoint, to attend and vote at any meeting of the proprietors of each of the same Banks;

And whereas the Government of India has determined to sell its said shares and to surrender its said powers; and it is expedient to relieve the said Government from the said duty of appointing directors, and to repeal the said enactments and to consolidate such of them as relate to the said Banks of Bengal and Madras respectively with the changes rendered necessary or desirable by such sale, surrender and relief;

And whereas it is expedient to reduce the said capital of the Bank of Bengal by two millions of rupees and to reduce the said capital of the Bank of Madras by six hundred and twenty-five thousand rupees, and to divide the capital so reduced of each of the same Banks into shares of five hundred rupees each;

And whereas it is expedient that the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, should be reconstituted and regulated, in manner in this Act provided, under the name of the Bank of Bombay;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Presidency Banks Act, 1876;"

And it shall come into force on the first day of May 1876.

2. On and from that day the statute specified in the first part of the schedule hereto annexed shall

be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof, and the Acts specified in the second, third and fourth parts of the same schedule shall be wholly repealed. But all bye-laws and regulations made under any such Act, and then in force, shall, so far as they are consistent with this Act, be deemed to have been made hereunder.

The references made in the Indian Companies Act, 1866, to the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, shall be deemed to be made respectively to the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"The Bank" means the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay (as the case may be), as constituted and regulated by this Act:

"Capital" means the capital for the time being of the Bank:

"Shares" means the shares for the time being of the capital, and includes also half shares:

"Capital Stock" means that part of the capital into which wholly paid-up shares have been converted or consolidated, and in the case of the Bank

of Bengal and the Bank of Madras includes the present consolidated stock of such Banks respectively:

"Registered" means registered in the books of the Bank:

"Shareholders" means the duly registered holders from time to time of the shares of the Bank:

"Proprietors" means the duly registered holders from time to time of the capital stock of the Bank:

"Directors" means the Directors assembled for the purpose of performing any of their functions under this Act:

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted, or, as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board:

"Auditors" and "Secretary" mean those respective officers from time to time of the Bank, and "Secretary" includes a Secretary and Treasurer and a Deputy Secretary:

"General Meeting" means the meeting of proprietors or shareholders or both, held annually under section forty-nine; it includes any adjourned holding thereof:

"Special Meeting" means a meeting of proprietors or shareholders or both, held for the transaction of some particular business specified in the notice convening the meeting; it includes any adjourned holding thereof:

"Special Resolution" means a resolution passed at a special meeting:

"Office" means the office or principal office for the time being of the Bank:

"Goods" includes also bullion, wares and merchandize:

"Presidency of Fort St. George" means the territories now under the government of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council:

"Presidency of Bombay" means the territories now under the government of the Governor of Bombay in Council; and

"Presidency of Fort William" means all the territories in British India other than the Presidency of Fort St. George and the Presidency of Bombay.

CHAPTER II.

CONSTITUTION.

4. The several persons who, when this Act comes into force, are respectively the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras

and New Bank of Bombay, Limited (hereinafter called the present Banks), or who shall, at any time thereafter, by virtue of this or any other Act regulating the Bank, become proprietors or shareholders, shall continue and constitute and be bodies corporate with perpetual succession, under the name,

in the case of the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Bengal—of "The Bank of Bengal,"

in the case of the proprietors and shareholders of the said Bank of Madras—of "The Bank of Madras,"

and in the case of the shareholders and proprietors of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited—of "The Bank of Bombay,"

and shall respectively possess and enjoy all the rights, powers and immunities incident by law to a corporation aggregate; subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank,

and, in particular, the proprietors of the Bank with limited liability. shall not be liable for its debts and engagements, and the shareholders of the Bank shall be so liable only to the extent of their shares not fully paid-up.

The several persons who are then proprietors and shareholders of each of the present Banks of Bengal and Madras, or the executors or administrators of such proprietors and shareholders respectively, shall be entitled to be registered as proprietors and holders of a like quantity of stock and a proportionate number of shares, as is or are then registered in their names respectively, or in the names of the persons whom they represent respectively in the books of each of the said present Banks of Bengal and Madras, two shares in the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act being deemed equivalent to one share in the present Bank of Bengal, and two shares in the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act being deemed equivalent to one share in the present Bank of Madras,

and the several persons who are then shareholders of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, or the executors or administrators of such shareholders respectively, shall be registered as holders of a like number of shares of the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act as are then registered in their names respectively, or in the names of the persons whom they represent respectively, in the books of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited; and all such shares upon which the sum of five hundred rupees has then been paid, shall be deemed to have been fully paid up.

5. All the property, moveable and immoveable, and all the securities, claims and demands, and the benefits of all agreements, of or to which the present Banks are or shall be respectively possessed or entitled, or which shall, or but for this Act might be, on the said first day of May 1876, or might at any time thereafter have been, due to, or claimed by, the said Banks respectively shall, by virtue of this Act, become vested in and devolve upon, and may be claimed, made and recovered by,

in the case of the said Bank of Bengal,—the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act,

in the case of the said Bank of Madras,—the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act,

and in the case of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited,—the Bank of Bombay as constituted by this Act;

and the Bank shall, from and after the said first day of May 1876, be liable and subject to all debts, claims and demands which shall then be due or claimable from, or which, but for this Act, might be then, or might at any time thereafter, have been due or claimable from or made against the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras or New Bank of Bombay, Limited, as the case may be,

and no suit or legal proceeding then pending by or against the said Bank of Bengal, Bank of Madras or New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall cease, or abate, or become defective, in consequence of this Act, but may be continued and prosecuted by or against the Bank.

6. The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, to the Bank of Bombay by virtue of this Act, shall operate as a winding-up and liquidation of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited.

No shareholder or creditor of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall take any proceedings for winding-up the same under the Indian Companies Act, 1866, or any Act for the time being in force relating to the winding-up of Companies;

and no person shall make, assert or take any claims, demands or proceedings against the same Bank, or the directors or officers thereof, except so far as may be necessary for enforcing the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank of Bombay.

7. The Bank shall sue and be sued by its said corporate name;

and shall use such corporate seal as the directors from time to time appoint;

and may as such body corporate acquire and hold, either absolutely or conditionally, for a term or in perpetuity, any property whatsoever, moveable or immoveable, and transfer, assign and convey the same.

8. The seal of the Bank shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of at least two directors and of the Secretary and Treasurer, who shall sign their names to the instrument in token of their presence, and such signing shall be independent of the signing of any person who may sign the instrument as a witness.

Unless so signed as aforesaid, such instrument shall be of no validity.

9. Contracts may be made on behalf of the Bank as follows:—

(a) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing, and, if made according to English law, to be under seal, may be made on behalf of the Bank in writing under its corporate seal, and such contract may be in the same manner varied or discharged:

(b) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing signed by the parties to be charged therewith, may be made on behalf of the Bank by writing signed by any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Bank, and such contract may in the same manner be varied and discharged:

(c) any contract, which, if made between private persons, would by law be valid, although made by parol only and not reduced into writing, may be made by parol on behalf of the Bank by any

person acting under the express or implied authority of the Bank, and such contract may in the same manner be varied and discharged;

and all contracts made according to the provisions herein contained shall be effectual in law and shall be binding upon the Bank and other parties thereto and their legal representatives.

CHAPTER III.

CAPITAL.

10. The capital of the Bank of Bengal shall consist of twenty millions of rupees in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to thirty millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Bengal.

The capital of the Bank of Madras shall consist of five millions of rupees, in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to twelve millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Madras.

The capital of the Bank of Bombay shall consist of ten millions of rupees in shares of five hundred rupees each, divisible into half shares, with power to increase the same, in manner hereinafter provided, to twenty millions of rupees.

Capital of Bank of Bombay.

11. The capital of the said New Bank of Bombay, Limited, already created, shall, on the first day of May 1876, constitute the capital of the Bank of Bombay, subject to be increased as aforesaid.

Capital of New Bank of Bombay, Limited, to be capital of Bank of Bombay.

12. Any shareholder may from time to time surrender his wholly paid-up shares, or any of them, to the directors, and demand and receive from the Bank, in lieu thereof, capital stock to the amount represented by the shares so surrendered,

Surrender of paid-up shares for stock.

and any proprietor may from time to time surrender his stock, or any portion thereof, to the directors, and demand and receive from the Bank in lieu thereof shares to the like amount, or as near thereto as practicable.

Surrender of stock for shares.

13. The proprietors and shareholders of the Bank may from time to time by special resolution and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council increase or reduce the capital of the Bank:

Power to increase or reduce capital.

Provided that no such special resolution shall be deemed to have been passed, unless at least one-third in number of the proprietors or shareholders, holding at least one-half of the paid-up capital of the Bank for the time being, be present in person or by proxy, and a majority poll by open voting in favour of the said resolution.

14. When any such special resolution to increase the capital has been passed, the directors may, subject to the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulat-

Procedure on resolution to increase capital.

ing such Bank, and to the special direction (if any) given in reference thereto by the meeting at which such resolution has been passed,

(a) make such orders as they think fit for the opening of subscriptions towards such increase of capital by the proprietors and shareholders;

(b) allow to the proprietors and shareholders such period to fill up the subscription as to the directors seems fit;

(c) prescribe the manner in which the proprietors and shareholders shall subscribe and pay into the Bank the proportions of new capital which they may respectively desire to subscribe; and

(d) make such orders as the directors think fit for the disposal and allotment of the amount of new capital that may not be subscribed for and paid up in manner aforesaid:

Provided that the capital shall not exceed, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, thirty millions of rupees, in the case of the Bank of Madras, twelve millions of rupees, and in the case of the Bank of Bombay, twenty millions of rupees.

15. When any such special resolution to reduce the capital has been passed, the directors may (subject as aforesaid) prescribe the manner in which the reduction shall be carried into effect.

Procedure on resolution to reduce capital.

16. Any new capital created under the provisions of section thirteen shall be subject to the provisions of this or any other Act regulating the Bank in force for the time being.

New capital to be subject to provisions of Act.

CHAPTER IV.

FORFEITURE OF STOCK AND SHARES.

17. If any proprietor or shareholder is indebted to the Bank, the Bank may withhold payment of the dividends on the stock or shares of such proprietor or shareholder not being registered as held in trust, or as executor or administrator, and apply them in payment of the debt;

Powers in regard to proprietors or shareholders indebted to Bank.

and the Bank may refuse to register the transfer of any such stock or shares until payment of such debt;

and after demand and default of payment, and notice in that behalf given to such proprietor or shareholder, or his constituted agent, or by public advertisement in the local official Gazette, if the debt remain unpaid for the space of three months after such notice, the Bank may advertise in the local official Gazette such stock or shares for sale on a day not less than fifteen days from the publication of such advertisement;

and may, on such day, sell by public auction, and subject to such conditions, if any, as the Bank thinks fit, such stock or shares, or so much or so many thereof as may be necessary, and apply the proceeds thereof in or towards payment of the said debt, with interest, from the day appointed for the payment of such debt to the time of actual payment, at such rate as may have been agreed upon, or, in the absence of such agreement, at the highest rate current for advances by way of local discounts by the Bank;

and shall pay over the surplus, if any, to such proprietor or shareholder or to his lawful representative.

CHAPTER V.

CERTIFICATES, TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF
SHARES AND STOCK.

18. Every shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate, under the corporate seal of the Bank, and signed by two Directors and the Secretary and Treasurer, specifying the shares held by him, and in the case of shares which are not wholly paid up, the amount paid thereon,

and any holder of more than one half share may, at his option, demand a certificate for each such half share, or one or more certificates for all or any of such half shares, and such certificate or certificates shall be delivered to him accordingly: provided that the number of such certificates shall in no case exceed the number of half shares in respect of which they are so delivered.

Every proprietor of capital stock shall be entitled to a receipt signed by two Directors and the Secretary and Treasurer, and specifying the amount of stock held by him, and any such proprietor may, at his option, demand one receipt for the whole of the stock, or separate receipts for any portions of the stock, so held by him, and such receipt or receipts shall be delivered to him accordingly: Provided that no receipt shall be delivered for a portion of stock less than two hundred and fifty rupees.

For every certificate and receipt delivered under this section there shall be paid such fee as may for the time being be prescribed under section sixty-three, clause (k): Provided that no fee shall be payable for certificates or receipts delivered to the persons referred to in section four for shares in or stock of the Bank.

Every such certificate and receipt shall be *prima facie* evidence of the title of the shareholder or proprietor to the shares or stock therein specified.

19. The stock and shares of every proprietor and shareholder shall be moveable property, capable of being transferred in manner provided by the regulations contained herein, or in any other Act regulating the Bank for the time being in force, and shall not be of the nature of immoveable property; and each share shall be distinguished by its appropriate number.

20. Every transfer of stock or shares may be by endorsement on the certificate or in such other form as the Board from time to time may approve, and shall be presented to the Bank accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor.

Every such transfer shall be verified in such manner as the Board require, and the Board may refuse to register any such transfer until the same be so verified, and, in the case of shares not fully paid up, unless the transferee is approved by the Board.

The transferor shall be deemed to remain the proprietor or holder of the stock or shares transferred until the name of the transferee is registered in respect thereof.

21. The directors may from time to time close the register and transfer-books of the Bank for any period or periods not exceeding in the whole thirty days in any twelve consecutive months.

22. The proprietors and shareholders for the time being, and no other persons, shall be members respectively of the bodies corporate hereby constituted,

and, except for the purpose of excluding the provisions of section seventeen, the Bank shall not be bound or affected by notice of any trust to which any stock or share may be subject in the hands of the proprietor or holder thereof;

and when any stock or share is vested in more than one proprietor or holder, such proprietors or shareholders shall, as between themselves and the Bank, be considered as joint owners with benefit of survivorship:

Provided that, as regards voting at meetings, service of notices, and receipt of dividend, the person whose name stands first in the register as one of the proprietors or holders of such stock or shares shall be deemed the sole proprietor or holder thereof.

23. When by the death of any proprietor or shareholder his stock or shares shall devolve on his legal representative, the Bank shall not be bound to recognize any legal representative of such proprietor or shareholder other than a person who has taken out from a Court having jurisdiction in this behalf probate of the will or letters of administration to the estate of the deceased.

Any person becoming entitled to stock or shares in consequence of the insolvency or bankruptcy of any proprietor or shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female proprietor or shareholder, may be registered as a proprietor or shareholder upon such evidence being produced as the directors may from time to time require.

CHAPTER VI.

DIRECTORS.

24. The business of the Bank shall be managed by the Board, which shall in the first instance consist of six directors, and may subsequently consist of such number, not less than six, and not more than nine, as may be fixed by a special resolution.

Such directors shall be selected by vote of a general or special meeting.

Three of the directors shall form a quorum for the transaction of business.

25. The persons who, on the first day of May 1876, are respectively directors of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, and the New Bank of Bombay, Limited, shall be respective-

ly directors of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, and the Bank of Bombay, as constituted by this Act, subject to removal as hereinafter provided and to the other provisions herein contained.

26. The two directors who have been longest in office shall go out of office by rotation annually.

Any director so retiring may be re-elected at such meeting; and if any question arise as to which of the directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, such question shall be decided by the directors by ballot.

27. *Clause 1.*—No person shall be qualified to serve as a director of a Bank who is not a proprietor or holder in his own right of unencumbered stock or shares of such Bank, to the nominal amount of ten thousand rupees at the least.

Clause 2.—No person shall be qualified to serve as a director—

If he holds the office of director, provisional director, promoter, agent or manager of any other joint-stock Bank established, or having a branch or agency, in British India, or advertised as about to be established, or to have a branch or agency, in British India; or If he is a salaried officer of Government not specially authorised by the Governor General in Council to serve as a director;

And the office of director shall be vacated—

If the person holding it resigns his office or dies;

If he accepts or holds any other office of profit under the Bank;

If he becomes insolvent or bankrupt, or compounds with his creditors;

If he is declared lunatic, or becomes of unsound mind;

If he is absent from the Board for more than three consecutive months;

If he ceases to hold in his own right the amount or number of unencumbered stock or shares required to qualify him for the office.

Clause 3.—No two persons who are partners of the same mercantile firm, or one of whom is the general agent of, or holds a power of procuration from, the other, or from a mercantile firm of which the other is a partner, shall be eligible or qualified to serve as directors at the same time.

Clause 4.—The proprietors or shareholders may, by a special resolution passed by the votes of proprietors or shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-half of the capital, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint, in his stead, a qualified person, who shall in all respects stand in his place.

28. At the first meeting of the directors in every year, they shall choose a president and vice-president from among themselves,

and whenever the office of president or vice-president becomes vacant, they shall, at their next meeting, choose a successor for the remainder of the current year.

The president, or in his absence the vice-president, shall be chairman at all meetings whether of directors or of proprietors or shareholders, or of proprietors and shareholders, and shall have an additional or casting vote in all cases of an equal division of votes.

Provided that if both the president and vice-president be absent at any meeting the directors present shall elect a chairman for such meeting from among themselves, and such chairman shall, in case of an equal division of votes, have an additional or casting vote.

29. The Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to supply any vacancies in their number arising from the death, resignation, or disqualification under section twenty-seven, of any director.

Any director so appointed shall, for the purposes of section twenty-six, be considered to have held office from the date on which the director in whose place he is appointed was elected, or (where such director was appointed under this section) from the date on which his mediate or immediate predecessor was elected.

30. All acts done by any person acting in good faith as a director shall be as valid as if he was a director, notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in his appointment or qualification.

31. Every director shall be indemnified by the Bank against all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his own wilful act or default.

No director shall be responsible for any other director or for any officer, clerk or servant of the Bank, or for any loss or expense happening to the Bank by the insufficiency or deficiency of value of, or title to, any property or security acquired or taken on behalf of the Bank, or by the insolvency, bankruptcy or wrongful act of any customer or debtor of the Bank, or by anything done in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, or otherwise than for his own wilful act or default.

CHAPTER VII. OFFICERS OF THE BANK.

32. The directors shall have power—

to appoint such officers, clerks and servants as may be necessary to conduct the business of the Bank,

to grant salaries, pensions and other emoluments to such officers, clerks and servants, and

to suspend or remove any officer, clerk or servant of the Bank.

33. The Secretary and such other officers of the Bank as the directors may by writing notify in the local official Gazette (and, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, also in the *Gazette of India*) are hereby severally empowered for and on behalf of the Bank to endorse and transfer promissory notes, stock-receipts, stock, debentures, shares, securities and documents of title to goods, standing in the name of, or held by, the Bank,

and to draw, accept and endorse bills of exchange, bank post-bills, and letters of credit, in the current and authorized business of the Bank, and to sign all other accounts, receipts and documents connected with such business.

34. No Secretary, Inspector, Manager, or Officers forbidden to Accountant in the service of the Bank, and no Khazánchi, Cashier or Shroff in the service of the Bank at the principal office,

and, without the previous sanction of the Board, no Agent, Khazánchi, Cashier or Shroff at any branch or agency of the Bank,

shall engage in any other banking or commercial business, either on his own account or as agent for any other person or persons, or shall act as broker or agent for the sale or purchase of Government or other securities.

35. Every person appointed to hold, or act in, Security from officers, any one or more of the said offices, and every other officer from whom the directors may from time to time think fit to require it, shall give security to the directors, for the faithful discharge of his duty to the satisfaction of the directors, in such amount and in such manner as they think proper.

The security to be given as aforesaid by the person holding or acting in the office of Secretary shall not be in a less amount than fifty thousand rupees.

CHAPTER VIII. BUSINESS.

36. The Bank is authorized to carry on and transact the several kinds of business hereinafter specified (that is to say) :

(a) the advancing and lending money, and opening cash-credits, upon the security of—

(1) promissory notes, debentures, stock and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ;

(2) bonds, debentures and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India ;

(3) stock or debentures of, or shares in, Railway or other Companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India in Council ;

(4) debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any municipal body under the authority of any Act of a legislature established in British India ;

(5) bullion or other goods which, or the documents of title to which, are deposited with, or assigned to, the Bank as security for such advances, loans or credits ; and

(6) accepted bills of exchange and promissory notes indorsed by the payees :

Provided that such advances and loans may be made, if the directors think fit, to the Secretary of State for India in Council, without any specific security ;

(b) the selling and realization of the proceeds of sale of any such promissory notes, debentures, stock receipts, bonds, annuities, stock, shares, securities, bullion or goods which, or the documents of title to which, have been deposited with, or assigned to, the Bank as security for such advances, loans or credits, or which are held by the Bank, or over which the Bank is entitled to any lien or charge in respect of any such loan or advance or credit or any debt or claim of the Bank, and which have not been redeemed in due time in accordance with the terms and conditions (if any) of such deposit or assignment ;

(c) the drawing, discounting, buying and selling of bills of exchange and other negotiable securities payable in India, or (in the case of the Bank of Madras) in Ceylon ;

(d) the investing of the funds of the Bank upon any of the securities specified in paragraph (a) of this section, clauses (1), (2), (3) and (4), and converting the same into money when required,

and from time to time altering, converting and transposing such investments for or into others of the investments above specified ;

(e) the making, issuing and circulating of bank-post-bills and letters of credit made payable in India, or (in the case of the Bank of Madras) in Ceylon, to order, or otherwise than to the bearer on demand ;

(f) the buying and selling of gold and silver, whether coined or uncoined ;

(g) the receiving of deposits and keeping cash-accounts on such terms as may be agreed on ;

(h) the acceptance of the charge and management of plate, jewels, title-deeds or other valuable goods on such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(i) the selling and realizing of all property whether moveable or immovable, which may in any way come into the possession of the Bank in satisfaction or part satisfaction of any of its claims ;

(j) the transacting of pecuniary agency business on commission ;

(k) the acting as agent on commission in the transaction of the following kinds of business (namely) :—

(1) the buying, selling, transferring and taking charge of any securities, or any shares in any public Company ;

(2) the receiving of the proceeds, whether principal, interest or dividends, of any securities or shares ;

(3) the remittance of such proceeds at the risk of the principal by public or private bills of exchange, payable either in India or elsewhere ;

(l) the drawing of bills of exchange, and the granting of letters of credit, payable out of India, for the use of principals for the purpose of the remittances mentioned in the last preceding clause of this section ;

(m) the buying, for the purpose of meeting such bills or letters of credit, of bills of exchange payable out of India, at any usance not exceeding six months ;

(n) and, generally, the doing of all such matters and things as may be incidental or subsidiary to the transacting of the various kinds of business hereinbefore specified ;

(o) It shall also be lawful for the Bank under any arrangement or agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council—

- (1) to act as banker for, and to pay, receive, collect and remit money, bullion and securities on behalf of the Government;
- (2) to undertake and transact any other business which the Government may from time to time entrust to the Bank;

And the directors shall have power from time to time to arrange and settle with the Governor General in Council the terms of remuneration on which such business shall be undertaken by the Bank, and also as to the examination and audit from time to time of the accounts and affairs of the Bank by or on behalf of the Governor General in Council.

37. The directors shall not transact any kind

Business which Banks may not transact.

of banking business other than those above specified, and in particular they shall

not make any loan or advance—

- (a) for a longer period than three months; or
- (b) upon the security of stock or shares of the Bank of which they are directors; or
- (c) upon mortgage, or in any other manner upon the security, of any immoveable property, or the documents of title relating thereto.

(d) Nor shall they lend or advance, by discount of bills or otherwise, to any individual or partnership firm (except upon the security mentioned in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), numbers (1) to (5) inclusive), any sums of money exceeding in the whole at any one time such sum as may be prescribed by the bye-laws for the time being in force.

(e) Nor shall they discount or buy, or advance and lend, or open cash-credits on the security of any negotiable instrument of any individual or partnership firm, payable in the town or at the place where it is presented for discount, which does not carry on it the several responsibilities of at least two persons or firms unconnected with each other in general partnership.

(f) Nor shall they discount or buy, or advance and lend, or open cash-credits on the security of any negotiable security having at the date of the proposed transaction a longer period to run than three months, or if drawn after sight, drawn for a longer period than three months: provided that, in the case of the Bank of Madras, the directors may discount negotiable securities payable in Ceylon having at the date of the transaction a period to run not exceeding four months.

Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to prevent the directors from allowing any person who keeps an account with the Bank from overdrawing such account, without security, to the extent of sums not exceeding at any one time two thousand rupees in the whole.

38. Until the expiration of at least fourteen

Sums payable by or to Government to be payable at Banks.

days after notice has been given by notification of the Governor General in Council

published, in the case of the Bank of Bengal, in the *Gazette of India* and the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in the cases of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, in the local official Gazette, that the Bank will no longer act as banker for, or pay, receive, collect or remit money, bullion and securities on behalf of the Government,

all sums payable by or to the Secretary of State for India in Council, or by or to the Governor

General in Council, or the Government of Bengal or the Governor of Fort St. George in Council or the Governor of Bombay in Council, on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, at the General Treasury of Fort William in Bengal, or at the General Treasury at Madras, or at the General Treasury at Bombay,

shall be payable—

in the case of the Secretary of State for India in Council, or the Governor General in Council—at the office of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay, as the case may be, in the case of the Government of Bengal—at the office of the Bank of Bengal;

in the case of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council—at the office of the Bank of Madras; and in the case of the Governor of Bombay in Council—at the office of the Bank of Bombay.

39. Whenever presentment of any promissory

note, bond or other security for payment or any other purpose at any of the said

General Treasuries would heretofore have been necessary or sufficient, presentment for such purpose shall be necessary or sufficient (as the case may be) until the expiration of fourteen days after the giving of the notice mentioned in section thirty-eight—

in the case of the General Treasury of Fort William—at the office of the Bank of Bengal;

in the case of the General Treasury at Madras—at the office of the Bank of Madras; and

in the case of the General Treasury at Bombay—at the office of the Bank of Bombay.

40. The office of the Bank of Bengal shall be

at Calcutta, that of the Bank of Madras shall be at Madras, and that of the Bank of Bombay shall be in the Island of Bombay;

and the business of the Bank shall be carried on at its office, and at such other place or places in India as the Board may deem advisable, under the provisions of section forty-two.

41. For the purpose of providing offices and

places in and at which to carry on and manage the business of the Bank, and

proper residences for its agents, the directors may—

(a) acquire any interest in immoveable property, and

(b) sell, buy in, resell, exchange, let, furnish, repair, insure against fire and otherwise deal with all or any part of the same as they may consider most conducive to the interests of the Bank.

42. It shall be lawful for the directors to

maintain as branches or agencies of the Bank, any branches or agencies of the

present Banks, which may be in existence on the first day of May 1876,

and, from time to time, to establish branches or agencies at such places within the Presidency in which the Bank is situate as they deem advantageous to the interest of the Bank,

and, with the previous consent of the Governor General in Council, and subject to such restrictions as to the business to be transacted as he thinks fit in each case to impose (such consent and restrictions being notified in the *Gazette of India*), to

establish branches or agencies at such places outside the Presidency in which the Bank is situate, as the directors deem advantageous for the interests of the Bank :

Provided that no agency of the Bank now or hereafter established in Bombay, Calcutta or Madras shall advance, or lend money, or open cash-credits on securities, or receive deposits and keep cash-accounts, or discount bills of exchange drawn and payable in the Presidency in which it is so established,

or shall act as agent on commission, or transact any business except as agent of its principal Bank, or any of its branches or other agencies.

The directors may discontinue any branch or agency maintained or established under this section.

CHAPTER IX.

ACCOUNTS AND DIVIDENDS.

43. The directors shall cause the books of the Bank to be balanced on every thirty-first day of December and every thirtieth day of June.

A statement of the balance at every such period, signed by a majority of the directors, shall be forthwith sent to a Secretary to the Government of India, and in the cases of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, also to a Secretary to the Local Government.

The Governor General in Council in the case of each of the said Banks, and the Local Government in the case of the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay, shall (so long as any such arrangement with the Government as aforesaid, which has already been, or shall hereafter be, entered into remains in force) at all times be entitled to require of the directors any information touching the affairs of the Bank and the production of any document of the Bank,

and in the case of each of the said Banks the Governor General in Council may require the publication of such statements of its assets and liabilities at such intervals and in such form and manner as the Governor General in Council thinks fit.

Every requisition under this section shall be signified in writing under the hand of a Secretary to the Government of India or to the Local Government (as the case may be), and the directors shall comply with every such requisition.

44. An account of the profits of the Bank during the previous half-year shall be taken on or immediately after every thirty-first day of December and every thirtieth day of June,

and a dividend shall be made as soon thereafter as conveniently may be,

and the amount of such dividend shall be determined by the directors, subject to the provisions of section forty-five ;

No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Bank.

45. The directors, before declaring any dividend, may set aside out of the profits of the Bank such a

invest the same upon any of the securities specified in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), (3) and (4).

46. The directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve-fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for any other purposes of the Bank, which they from time to time deem expedient.

CHAPTER X.

AUDIT.

47. Two auditors shall be elected and their remuneration fixed at the annual general meeting.

The auditors may be proprietors or shareholders; but no director or other officer of the Bank is eligible during his continuance in office.

Auditors re-eligible. Any auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.
The persons who shall be auditors on the first day of May 1876, and all auditors elected under this section, shall severally be and continue to act as auditors until the first general meeting after their respective elections :

Provided that if any casual vacancy occurs in the office of any auditor, the directors shall forthwith call a special meeting for the purpose of supplying the same.

48. Every auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the half-yearly balance-sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the same, with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

Every auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Bank, and shall at all reasonable times have access to the books, accounts and other documents of the Bank, and may (at the expense of the Bank) employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and may, in relation to such accounts, examine the directors or any other officer of the Bank.

The auditors shall make a report to the proprietors and shareholders upon the annual balance-sheet and accounts ; and in every such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance-sheet is a full and fair balance-sheet containing the particulars required by the bye-laws made under this Act and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, and in case they have called for any explanation or information from the directors, whether it has been given by the directors and whether it has been satisfactory.

Such report shall be read together with the report of the directors at the annual general meeting.

CHAPTER XI.

MEETINGS.

49. On the first Monday of the month of August in every year, or as soon after such day as is convenient, a general meeting shall be held at which the directors shall submit

to the proprietors and shareholders a statement of the affairs of the Bank made up to the preceding thirtieth day of June.

A notice convening such meeting, signed by the Secretary, shall be published in the local official Gazette, and in the case of the Bank of Bengal also in the *Gazette of India*, at least fifteen days before the meeting is held.

50. Any ten or more proprietors or shareholders holding stock or shares, or both, to the aggregate amount of fifty thousand rupees, or any three directors, may convene a special meeting upon giving fifteen days' previous notice of such meeting, and of the purpose for which the same is convened, as well to the directors as also by public advertisement in the local official Gazette, and in two of the English daily newspapers and one of the Vernacular newspapers:

Provided that three months' previous notice shall be thus given of any special meeting held for the purpose of increasing or reducing the capital of the Bank, and shall also be served on every proprietor and shareholder.

51. No business shall be transacted at any meeting, whether general or special, unless a quorum of twenty proprietors or shareholders, or both, in person or by proxy, is present at the commencement of such business.

If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened by proprietors or shareholders not being directors, shall be dissolved: in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and place, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

52. At meetings whether general or special, every election and other matter submitted to the meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, except as in section thirteen and in section twenty-seven, clause 4, is specially provided,

and no person shall be allowed to vote at any such meeting in respect of any stock or share acquired by transfer, unless such transfer shall have been completed and registered at least three months before the time of such meeting.

And no shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting in respect of any shares held by him alone or jointly, whilst any call due from him alone or jointly remains unpaid.

53. A declaration by the chairman of any meeting, except a special meeting held under section thirteen, that a resolution has been carried thereat upon a show of hands, shall be conclusive, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Bank shall be sufficient evidence of that fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or against, such resolution, unless, immediately on such declaration, a poll be

demanding in writing by five proprietors or shareholders present and entitled to vote at such meeting.

54. If a poll be demanded, it shall be taken at such time and place, and Poll to be taken, if demanded. (except at the special meeting last aforesaid) either by open voting or by ballot, as the chairman directs and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

55. The proceedings at any meeting, and all resolutions and decisions of such meeting, shall be valid and binding on the Bank, so far as such proceedings, resolutions and decisions are consistent with the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force and regulating the Bank.

56. At all such meetings, the proprietors or shareholders shall vote according to the following scale:—

The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 2,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 2,000, shall be entitled to ...	1 vote.
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 10,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 10,000, shall be entitled to ...	2 votes.
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 20,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 20,000, shall be entitled to ...	3
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 30,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 30,000, shall be entitled to ...	4
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 40,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 40,000, shall be entitled to ...	5
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 50,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 50,000, shall be entitled to ...	6
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 75,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 75,000, shall be entitled to ...	7
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,00,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,00,000, shall be entitled to ...	8
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,25,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,25,000, shall be entitled to ...	9
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,50,000, or the holder of shares of which the total nominal amounts are equal to Rs. 1,50,000, shall be entitled to ...	10
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 1,75,000, or the holder of shares of which the total amounts are equal to Rs. 1,75,000, shall be entitled to ...	11
The proprietor of capital stock amounting to Rs. 2,00,000, or the holder of shares of which the total amounts are equal to Rs. 2,00,000, shall be entitled to ...	12

Where a person is both a proprietor of stock and a holder of shares, his shares shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to be stock.

No proprietor or shareholder shall be entitled to more than twelve votes at any such meeting.

57. Any proprietor or shareholder entitled to vote at any meeting under this Act may give a proxy in writing, either general or special, under his hand or the hand of his attorney duly authorized, to any other proprietor or shareholder.

Such proxy shall be produced at the time of voting, and shall entitle the person to whom it is given to vote on such matters as shall be authorized by the tenor of such proxy.

But no person shall be permitted to vote in virtue of such proxy unless it has been left for registration at the office of the Bank at least three clear days before the time for holding the meeting at which it is intended to be used :

Provided that a general proxy which has been registered at such office need not be again left for registration previous to any subsequent meeting.

Proxies existing and in force with reference to any of the present Banks, on the first day of May 1876, shall continue in force and be available at meetings under this Act, anything herein contained notwithstanding.

A general power-of-attorney shall be deemed a proxy within the meaning of this section.

58. If any proprietor or shareholder is a lunatic or idiot, he may vote by his committee or other legal curator, and if any proprietor or shareholder is a minor, he may vote by his guardian, or any one of his guardians, if more than one.

CHAPTER XII.

NOTICES.

59. Every notice or other document requiring to be served by the Bank upon any proprietor or shareholder may be served either personally, or by leaving it for, or sending it through the post by registered letter addressed to, him at his registered place of abode ;

and every notice sent through the post shall be deemed to have been served at the time at which, in the usual course of post, it would have been delivered.

60. Any proprietor or shareholder who changes his name or place of abode, or being a female marries, and the husband of any such female, respectively, shall not be entitled to recover any dividend or to vote until notice of the change of name or abode or marriage be given to the Bank, in order that the same may be registered.

Every notice to be given on the part of any proprietor or shareholder shall be left at the office of the Bank, or sent through the post by registered letter addressed to the Secretary of the Bank at its principal office.

61. Every person who by operation of law, transfers or otherwise becomes entitled to any stock or shares, shall be bound by any and every notice or other document which, previously to his name and address being entered upon the register of the Bank in respect of such stock or

shares, has been given to the person from whom he derives his title thereto.

62. When any notice or document is delivered Service of notices good or sent, in accordance with this Act, at or to the registered place of abode of a proprietor or shareholder, then, and notwithstanding he be then deceased, and whether or not the Bank have notice of his decease, such service of the notice or other document shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed service thereof on him, or, if dead, on his heirs, executors, administrators, and every of them.

CHAPTER XIII.

BYE-LAWS.

63. The directors shall as soon as may be make, and may from time to time alter, bye-laws regulating the following matters or any of them :—

(a) the maximum amount which may be advanced or lent by discount of bills, or otherwise, to any individual or partnership, without the security mentioned in section thirty-six, paragraph (a), Nos. (1) to (5) inclusive,

(b) the circumstances under which alone advances may be made to directors or officers of the Bank, or the relatives of such directors or officers, or to companies, firms or individuals with which or with whom such directors, officers, or relatives are connected as partners, directors, managers, servants, shareholders, or otherwise,

(c) the particulars to be contained in the half-yearly balance-sheet,

The directors may from time to time make bye-laws regulating the following matters or any of them :—

(d) the distribution of business amongst the directors,

(e) their remuneration,

(f) the delegation of any powers of the directors to committees consisting of members of their body,

(g) the procedure at the meetings of the board or of any committee of the directors,

(h) the books and accounts to be kept at the head and other offices respectively,

(i) the reports and statements to be prepared and made by the Chief Accountant, the heads of departments, and the other officers of the Bank,

(j) the management of the branches and agencies,

(k) the fees payable for certificates of shares or receipts for stock, or for registration of transfers of shares or stock,

(l) the renewal of certificates of shares and receipts for stock, which have been worn-out or lost,

(m) and, generally, for the conduct of the business of the Bank :

Provided that no bye-law, or alteration or rescission of any bye-law, shall be of any validity, except in so far as the same is consistent with the provisions of this Act, and has been previously approved by the Governor General in Council, and such approval has been signified in writing under the hand of a Secretary to the Government.

CHAPTER XIV.

MISCELLANEOUS.

64. The directors may institute, conduct, defend, compromise, refer to arbitration and abandon legal and other proceedings and claims by or against the Bank or the directors or officers of the Bank, and otherwise concerning its affairs.

65. In any suit brought against any shareholder to recover any debt due for any call or other monies due from him in his character of shareholder, it shall be sufficient to allege that the defendant is a shareholder of the Bank, and is indebted to the Bank in respect of a call made or other monies due, whereby a right to sue has accrued to the Bank;

and, on the hearing of any suit brought by the Bank against any shareholder to recover any debt due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is on the register of shareholders of the Bank as the holder of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; and that the call was made, and that notice of such call was duly given to the defendant in pursuance of this or any other Act for the time being in force regulating the Bank;

and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of directors was present at the Board at which such call was made, nor that the meeting at which it was made was duly convened or constituted.

66. Nothing in the Thirty-third of George the Third, session two, chapter fifty-two, shall be deemed to render it unlawful for any servant of Government, or for any Judge of a High Court, to become a member of any corporation established under this Act.

67. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in section 231 of Act No. X of 1866, whenever the proprietors and shareholders have passed a special resolution that the Bank shall be wound up voluntarily under the Indian Companies Act, 1866, the Bank shall be wound up accordingly, as if it were a Company under that Act:

Provided that no such special resolution shall be deemed to have been passed unless at least one-third of the proprietors and shareholders holding at least one-half of the paid-up capital of the Bank for the time being, be present in person or by proxy, and a majority poll by open voting in favour of the said resolution, and such resolution has been confirmed by a majority of such proprietors and shareholders at a subsequent special meeting held at an interval of not less than one month, nor more than two months, from the date of the meeting at which such resolution was first passed.

68. And whereas the Government of India has agreed to sell, and the directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Madras have agreed to purchase, at a premium of twenty-two and a half per centum, the said two thousand two hundred shares of one thousand rupees each held by the Government of India in the same Bank; and

it is intended that the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall cancel two thousand of such shares, and sell for the benefit of the Bank four hundred shares in the same Bank corresponding with the remaining two hundred shares so agreed to be sold and purchased;

And whereas the Government of India has agreed to sell, and the directors of the present Bank of Madras have agreed to purchase, at a premium of ten per centum, the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares held by the Government of India in the same Bank: and it is intended that the directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act shall cancel the same shares;

And whereas the directors of the present Bank of Madras have purchased and cancelled other sixty-two and a half shares in such Bank;

And whereas the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras had no power to enter into the said agreements with the Government of India, and the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act have no power to sell the four hundred shares referred to in this section, and the said directors of the present Bank of Madras had no power to purchase and cancel the said other sixty-two and a half shares;

And whereas the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act have no power to cancel the said two thousand shares and the said directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act have no power to cancel the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares;

And whereas it is expedient to confirm the said agreements with the Government of India, and to indemnify the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras for entering into the same, and to confirm the said purchase of the said other sixty-two and a half shares by the directors of the present Bank of Madras, and to indemnify the same directors for making the same, and for cancelling the same shares, and to empower the directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act to sell the said four hundred shares, and to empower the respective directors of the Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act to cancel the said shares so intended to be cancelled: It is hereby further enacted as follows:—

(a).—The said agreements with the Government of India are hereby confirmed, and the said respective directors of the present Bank of Bengal and Bank of Madras are hereby indemnified for entering into the same, and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any such director in respect of any thing *bona fide* done in pursuance of either of such agreements.

(b).—The said purchase of the said other sixty-two and a half shares is hereby confirmed, and the said directors of the present Bank of Madras are hereby indemnified for making the same and for cancelling the same shares; and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any such director in respect of anything *bona fide* done in effecting such purchase and cancellation.

(c).—The directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall have power to sell, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, sell, the said four hundred shares, either together or in parcels, and either by public auction or private contract, and shall apply the proceeds in or towards paying the price of the shares of the Government of India so agreed to be purchased by the directors of the present Bank as aforesaid, or otherwise for the benefit of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act.

(d).—The directors of the Bank of Bengal as constituted by this Act shall have power to cancel, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cancel, the said two thousand shares, and the directors of the Bank of Madras as constituted by this Act shall have power to cancel, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cancel, the said five hundred and sixty-two and a half shares.

SCHEDULE.

(SEE SECTION 2.)

Part I.—Statute.

Number and year.	Abbreviated title.	Extent of repeal.
47 George III, sess. 2, cap. 68.	An Act for the better government of the Settlements of Fort St. George and Bombay, &c.	Sections eight, nine and ten.

Part II.—Acts of the Governor General in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
IV of 1862	An Act for regulating the Bank of Bengal.
V of 1862	An Act to provide for the payment at the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, of monies payable at the General Treasuries of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.
VI of 1862	An Act to annex a schedule to Act IV of 1862.
XXIX of 1863	An Act to declare the receipts of the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay to be sufficient in lieu of the receipts of the Sub-Treasurers of Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, respectively.
XIX of 1870	An Act to enable the Directors of the Bank of Bengal to act by a quorum.

Part III.—Acts of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
VI of 1866	An Act for repealing Madras Act V of 1862, and for regulating the Bank of Madras.
I of 1871	An Act to amend Madras Act VI of 1866, to give validity to certain acts done by the Directors of the Bank of Madras, and to enable outgoing Directors to be re-elected.

Part IV.—Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council.

Number and year.	Title.
X of 1863	An Act for the Re-incorporation and Re-constitution of the Bank of Bombay.
XV of 1866	An Act to amend Act No. X of 1863 (Bombay).
I of 1867	An Act to reduce the amount of the capital of the Bank of Bombay and of the shares thereon, and to amend Act X of 1863 and Act XV of 1863 (Bombay).

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 11th April 1876, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XII of 1876.

An Act for the repeal of certain Obsolete Enactments.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the enactments mentioned in the schedule to this Act, which have ceased to be in force otherwise than by express and specific repeal, or have by lapse of time and change of circumstances become unnecessary, or which merely repeal prior enactments, should be expressly and specifically repealed; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. The enactments described in the schedule annexed to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule:

Provided that the repeal by this Act of any enactment shall not affect any Statute, Act or Regulation, in which such enactment has been applied, incorporated, or referred to :

And this Act shall not affect the validity or invalidity of anything already done or suffered, or any indemnity already granted, or any right or title already acquired or accrued, or any remedy or proceeding in respect thereof, or the proof of any past act or thing :

Nor shall this Act affect any principle or rule of law, or established jurisdiction, form or course of pleading, practice or procedure, or existing usage, custom, privilege, restriction, exemption, office or

appointment, notwithstanding that the same respectively may have been in any manner affirmed, recognized, or derived, by, in, or from any enactment hereby repealed :

Nor shall this Act provide or restore any jurisdiction, office, custom, privilege, restriction, exemption, usage or practice not now existing or in force.

2. This Act may be cited as "The Repealing Act, 1876": it extends to the whole of British India; and it shall come into force at once.

Short title.

Local extent.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

A description or citation of a portion of an Act or Regulation is inclusive of the words, section or other part, first or last mentioned, or otherwise referred to as forming the beginning or as forming the end of the portion comprised in the description or citation.

PART I.

Acts of the Governor General in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1835	Salt, Bengal	The whole.
XIX of 1838	Coasting Vessels, Bombay	Section nine. In section twelve, the word "India." In section thirteen, the words "Justice of the Peace or person exercising the powers of a Magistrate." So much of section fifteen as has not been repealed.
XXIX of 1838	Salt, Bengal	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1840	Bills of Exchange	In section five, the words "after the passing of this Act."
XVIII of 1841	Arms and Ammunition	Section two.
XIX of 1841	Wrongful possession in case of succession.	In section nine, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "all," and in section eighteen, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "for."
XVI of 1844	Salt, Bombay	So much as has not been repealed.
I of 1846	Pleaders	In section seven, the word "that" where it occurs before the word "it." Section nine down to the words "and that," and in the same section, the word "such" where it first occurs.
VIII of 1846	Settlement, N. W. Provinces	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1846	Deregulationising certain territories.	The words "and the Zillah Ahmednuggur" wherever they occur.
XX of 1847	Copyright	In section seven, the words "after the passing of this Act" and "in such part of the said territories;" and from "if he shall have so offended" down to "charter;" and from "to a special" to "no Zillah Court." In section thirteen, the word "that" where it occurs after the words "Trover; and."
XV of 1848	Supreme Court Officers	In section four, the words "or the East India Company."
IX of 1850	Presidency Small Cause Courts.	Sections three, forty-seven and ninety. In section one, the last thirty-seven words. In section eight, the words "not exceeding three." In section one hundred and one, the words

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXXVII of 1850 ...	Public Servants ...	Section seventeen.
XL of 1850 ...	Pawnbrokers, Straits Settlements.	So much as has not been repealed.
VIII of 1851 ...	Tolls on Roads and Bridges	In section six, the words "of the zillah."
XVII of 1852 ...	Special Cases, Supreme Court.	Section twenty-six, from "which according" to "referred, but." Section thirty. In section thirty-two, the words "and also the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca." Section thirty-three.
XXI of 1852 ...	Deputy Collectors, Bombay	In section one, the words "zillah or."
XXX of 1852 ...	Naturalization ...	The last sixteen words of the schedule.
XVIII of 1854 ...	Railways ...	In section thirty-four, the words "or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate." In section thirty-five, the words "and district or Joint Police officers in the Presidency of Bombay." In section forty, the words "within the said territories."
XXXI of 1854 ...	Real Actions, Conveyances	In section thirteen, the words "in the possession and."
VI of 1855 ...	Execution, Supreme Courts	Section fourteen, from "and the term" to the end.
XXIV of 1855 ...	Penal Servitude ...	In section one, the words "in the possession and."
VIII of 1856 ...	Gaols, Bombay ...	In section two, the first eight words.
II of 1857 ...	Calcutta University ...	In the preamble, the last four words. Section four, from "and the first" to the end. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
IV of 1857 ...	Tobacco, Bombay Town ...	In section five, the words "after the passing of this Act," and from "and the provisions" to "Town."
XI of 1857 ...	Offences against the State	In section three, <i>clause</i> 1, the words "within the said territories," "of the crimes mentioned in the preceding sections, or any other." In section four, the words "the attendance or futwa of a Law Officer or."

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		Sections seven, eight, nine and ten. In section eleven, the words "lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate and any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate."
XXII of 1857 ...	Bombay University ...	In the preamble, the last four words. In section four, the last twelve words. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
XXVII of 1857 ...	Madras University ...	In the preamble, the last four words. In section four, the last fourteen words. In section five, the first sentence, and the words and figures "and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January 1859," and the words "the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or."
XXIX of 1857 ...	Land Customs, Bombay ...	In section eleven, the words "by the said schedules." In section thirteen, the words "entered in either of the said schedules as."
1 of 1859 ...	Merchant Seamen ...	In section sixty-three, the words "or in any station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, to the Court of Judicature there." In section sixty-seven, the words "and in the Straits Settlements in such manner as the Governor shall notify."
III of 1859 ...	Cantonment Joint Magistrates.	In the title, the words "and for constituting those Officers Registers of Deeds." In the preamble, the words "and that they should also be appointed Registers of Deeds within the same limits." Section three, so far as it relates to the Presidency of Madras. Section five.
XV of 1859 ...	Patents ...	Sections thirteen and thirty-six.
XXXI of 1861 ...	Saltpetre ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XIII of 1863 ...	Imprisonment of Convicts, Bombay.	The whole.
XIV of 1863 ...	Amending Act X of 1859	So much as has not been repealed.
III of 1864 ...	Foreigners ...	In section twenty-four, the words "and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca."
XVII of 1864 ...	Official Trustee ...	In section three, the words "the said."

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXII of 1864 ...	Cantonments ...	In section eight, the words " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds.</i> "
XI of 1865 ...	Mofussil Small Cause Courts	In section twelve, the words "or District" " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds</i> ": so much as relates to the trial of small suits in military bázars, cantonments and stations in the Presidency of Madras, and the last twenty-one words.
XV of 1865 ...	Pársi Marriage and Divorce	So much of section fifty-three as has not been repealed.
XXIX of 1865 ...	Pleaders ...	Sections one, two and three.
XII of 1866 ...	Private Water-courses ...	The whole.
XIV of 1866 ...	Post Office ...	Section fifty-five, and in section fifty-six, the words "or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate."
XXV of 1866 ...	Transfer of securities to Government.	The preamble from "And whereas" to "purposes aforesaid."
VII of 1867 ...	Purchases from Soldiers ...	In section one, the first eight words.
XIII of 1867 ...	Port dues: Coast lights ...	Section two.
XIV of 1869 ...	Bombay Civil Courts ...	The second paragraph of section five. The second paragraph of section fourteen. Sections thirty and thirty-one.
X of 1870 ...	Land Acquisition ...	In section thirty-nine, the words "by the Code of Civil Procedure."
XXII of 1870 ...	European British Subjects	Section one.
XXIII of 1870 ...	Coinage ...	Section eighteen, paragraph one.
XXVII of 1871 ...	Criminal Tribes ...	Section twenty-three.
III of 1872 ...	Marriage ...	Section twenty and the fourth schedule.
X of 1872 ...	Criminal Procedure Code...	Section three.
XVIII of 1872 ...	Amending Evidence Act ...	Section eight.
XXI of 1872 ...	Sepoy Lunatics ...	Section six.
X of 1873 ...	Oaths ...	In section one, the third paragraph.
XVI of 1873 ...	Village Police, N. W. Provinces.	In section one, the third paragraph.
III of 1874 ...	Married Women ...	Section three.
IV of 1874 ...	Foreign Recruiting ...	In section one, the third clause.

Acts of the Governor General in Council—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
V of 1874 ...	Kullu Appeals ...	Section four.
XV of 1874 ...	Laws Local Extent ...	Section nine and the seventh schedule. So much of the second schedule as relates to Madras Regulations I of 1819, III of 1831 and VII of 1832, and to section four of Madras Regulation IV of 1821, and to Act No. VIII of 1856. So much of the fourth schedule as relates to Bengal Regulations LVIII of 1795 and IV of 1829.
XVI of 1874 ...	Repealing Act, 1874 ...	The whole.
III of 1875 ...	Amending Repealing Act, 1874.	The whole.
IV of 1875 ...	Merchant Shipping ...	Section two, and the third clause of section one
VII of 1875 ...	Burma Fisheries ...	In section one, clause three.
VIII of 1875 ...	Inland Customs ...	Section two and the schedule.
X of 1875 ...	High Courts' Criminal Procedure.	Sections thirty-nine and one hundred and fifty-three.
XVI of 1875 ...	Tariff ...	Section two.
XVIII of 1875 ...	Law reports ...	Section two.

PART II.

Regulations of the Bengal Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1793 ...	Collectors and Board of Revenue.	In section eight, clause thirteen, the words and figures "by any Regulation published in the manner directed in Regulation XI.I. 1793."
VIII of 1793 ...	Decennial Settlement ...	Sections sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, forty-eight, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-nine, sixty and sixty-seven (except the fifth clause).
XIX of 1793 ...	Non-bādshāhī Lākhfrāj ...	Sections forty-five and forty-six.
XLVIII of 1793 ...	Quinquennial Register ...	Sections twenty-six, twenty-eight and twenty-nine.
III of 1794 ...	Revenue arrears, &c. ...	In section sixteen, the words "dewan or other" and the words "If the property shall be within the cities of Patna, Dacca or Moorsshedabad, the collector is to apply to the judge of the zillah through

Acts of the Governor General in Council—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXII of 1864 ...	Cantonments ...	In section eight, the words " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds.</i> "
XI of 1865 ...	Mofussil Small Cause Courts	In section twelve, the words "or District" " <i>and for constituting those Officers Registrars of Deeds</i> ": so much as relates to the trial of small suits in military bázárs, cantonments and stations in the Presidency of Madras, and the last twenty-one words.
XV of 1865 ...	Pársí Marriage and Divorce	So much of section fifty-three as has not been repealed.
XXIX of 1865 ...	Pleaders ...	Sections one, two and three.
XII of 1866 ...	Private Water-courses ...	The whole.
XIV of 1866 ...	Post Office ...	Section fifty-five, and in section fifty-six, the words "or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate."
XXV of 1866 ...	Transfer of securities to Government.	The preamble from "And whereas" to "purposes aforesaid."
VII of 1867 ...	Purchases from Soldiers ...	In section one, the first eight words.
XIII of 1867 ...	Port dues: Coast lights ...	Section two.
XIV of 1869 ...	Bombay Civil Courts ...	The second paragraph of section five. The second paragraph of section fourteen. Sections thirty and thirty-one.
X of 1870 ...	Land Acquisition ...	In section thirty-nine, the words "by the Code of Civil Procedure."
XXII of 1870 ...	European British Subjects	Section one.
XXIII of 1870 ...	Coinage ...	Section eighteen, paragraph one.
XXVII of 1871 ...	Criminal Tribes ...	Section twenty-three.
III of 1872 ...	Marriage ...	Section twenty and the fourth schedule.
X of 1872 ...	Criminal Procedure Code...	Section three.
XVIII of 1872 ...	Amending Evidence Act...	Section eight.
XXI of 1872 ...	Sepoy Lunatics ...	Section six.
X of 1873 ...	Oaths ...	In section one, the third paragraph.
XVI of 1873 ...	Village Police, N. W. Provinces.	In section one, the third paragraph.
III of 1874 ...	Married Women ...	Section three.
IV of 1874 ...	Foreign Recruiting ...	In section one, the third clause.

Acts of the Governor General in Council—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
V of 1874 ...	Kullu Appeals ...	Section four.
XV of 1874 ...	Laws Local Extent ...	Section nine and the seventh schedule. So much of the second schedule as relates to Madras Regulations I of 1819, III of 1831 and VII of 1832, and to section four of Madras Regulation IV of 1821, and to Act No. VIII of 1856. So much of the fourth schedule as relates to Bengal Regulations LVIII of 1795 and IV of 1829.
XVI of 1874 ...	Repealing Act, 1874 ...	The whole.
III of 1875 ...	Amending Repealing Act, 1874.	The whole.
IV of 1875 ...	Merchant Shipping ...	Section two, and the third clause of section one
VII of 1875 ...	Burma Fisheries ...	In section one, clause three.
VIII of 1875 ...	Inland Customs ...	Section two and the schedule.
X of 1875 ...	High Courts' Criminal Procedure.	Sections thirty-nine and one hundred and fifty-three.
XVI of 1875 ...	Tariff ...	Section two.
XVIII of 1875 ...	Law reports ...	Section two.

PART II.

Regulations of the Bengal Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1793 ...	Collectors and Board of Revenue.	In section eight, clause thirteen, the words and figures "by any Regulation published in the manner directed in Regulation XLI. 1793."
VIII of 1793 ...	Decennial Settlement ...	Sections sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, forty-eight, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-nine, sixty and sixty-seven (except the fifth clause).
XIX of 1793 ...	Non-bádsháhi Lákhráj ...	Sections forty-five and forty-six.
XLVIII of 1793 ...	Quinquennial Register ...	Sections twenty-six, twenty-eight and twenty-nine.
III of 1794 ...	Revenue arrears, &c. ...	In section sixteen, the words "dewan or other" and the words "If the property shall be within the cities of Patna, Dacca or Moorshedabad, the collector is to apply to the judge of the zillah through

Regulations of the Bengal Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		the vakeel of Government, to make application to the judge of such city to attach and deliver it into the charge of the nearest collector."
		In sections seventeen and eighteen, the words "or in either of the cities of Patna, Dacca or Moorshedabad."
I of 1795 ...	Permanent Settlement, Benares.	In section three, clauses <i>third</i> and <i>fourth</i> , the words and figures "and printed and published in the manner prescribed in Regulation XLI. 1793." In clause <i>fifth</i> , the words and figures "which may be printed and published in the manner prescribed in Regulation XLI. 1793." Section four.
XV of 1795 ...	Extending Regulation XVI of 1793 to Benares.	In section three, clause <i>first</i> , "to the City Court or," and "or to the Provincial Court of Appeal."
LVIII of 1795 ...	Commission on jama : copies of decrees.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1797 ...	Fees on division and transfer of estates.	In section two, clause two, the words and figures "that may take place under Regulation XXV. 1793, or XXVI. 1795," and in section seven, the words and figures "in Regulation XXV. 1793, or XXVI. 1795 (according to the Province in which the lands may be situated)."
I of 1801 ...	Realization of revenue ...	In section fourteen, the last sentence.
XXXIII of 1803 ...	Embezzlement of public money, C. P.	In section one, the word "tehseldars." In section two, clause <i>First</i> , the word "tehseldars" and the whole of clause <i>Second</i> of that section.
XIII of 1805 ...	Police, Katák ...	In section thirteen, the words "and likewise such of the rules contained in Regulation IV. 1804, as are not either specifically or virtually rescinded by the present Regulation."
XIV of 1805 ...	Civil suits, Katák ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1806 ...	Passage of troops ...	Sections ten, thirteen to nineteen inclusive.
XX of 1810 ...	Army retainers; Military bazárs.	In section twenty, from the words "in the meantime" to the end of the section.
XI of 1811 ...	Jama on divided estates ...	In section four, clause <i>First</i> , the words "or Board of Commissioners according as the lands may be situated in the districts subject to the control of those Boards in all matters connected with the land-revenue respectively"; and clause <i>Second</i> , the words "or Board of Commissioners."

Regulations of the Bengal Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
V of 1812 ...	Collection of land-revenue	In section twenty-four, the words "and Board of Commissioners respectively." In section twenty-five, "and Board of Commissioners."
XI of 1816 ...	Succession, Katák ...	In section twelve, the words and figure "under section X."
V of 1817 ...	Hidden Treasure ...	In section six, the words "or city" where they occur before "judge."
XII of 1817 ...	Patwáris ...	In section eight, the words "the Board of Commissioners, or the Commissioner in Behar and Benares, as the case may be," and "or Commissioner." In sections thirteen, fifteen and sixteen, the words "the Board of Commissioners, or the Commissioner in Behar and Benares." In section seventeen, the words "Board of Commissioners, or Commissioner in Behar and Benares." Sections twenty-six and twenty-eight and sections thirty and thirty-three so far as they relate to section twenty-six.
XX of 1817 ...	Police ...	In section twenty-one, clause <i>tenth</i> , the last sentence. Section twenty-eight. In section twenty-nine, the words "manufacturer, molungee, or any" "manufacturers, molungees, or to" "molungee, or any other manufacturer, or," and the words "salt, or" wherever they occur. Section thirty-two.
II of 1819 ...	Resumption of revenue ...	In section eleven, the word ' <i>First</i> ' and clause <i>second</i> . Section nineteen, clause third. Section thirty, clause fifth.
VI of 1819 ...	Ferries: Police ...	In section three, clause three, the words "through the superintendents of police." In section ten, the words and figures "by section VII. Regulation XVIII. 1817."
IV of 1821 ...	Magistrates ...	Section one down to the words "Magistrate; and." Sections four, five and six. In section eight, the words "of the Honourable Company."
VII of 1822 ...	Settlement, Ceded and Conquered Provinces.	Section twenty-seven. In section twenty-nine, clause one, the words "and shall be written on stamped paper of the value of two rupees," and in clause fifth, the words "and shall be rendered in a roobakarree written on stamped paper of the value of two rupees."

Regulations of the Bengal Code—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VI of 1823 ...	Indigo suits ...	In section one, and in section three, clause <i>Seventh</i> , the words and figures "under the provisions of Regulation XX. 1812."
VI of 1825 ...	Passage of troops ...	In section five, the words "on the stamped paper prescribed for other appeals to the Revenue Boards."
XVIII of 1825 ...	Chinsurah ...	So much as has not been repealed.
III of 1827 ...	Extortion by Native officers ...	In section five, the words "on the stamped paper prescribed for miscellaneous petitions."
III of 1828 ...	Special Commissions ...	In section six, <i>Fourth</i> clause, the words "the Provincial Courts or." And in section seven, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "Provincial Courts and."
IV of 1828 ...	Power of Collectors in making or revising settlements.	In section one, the words and figures "under the rules of Regulation XV. 1824."
IV of 1829 ...	Appeals under Regulation III of 1828 ...	The whole.
XI of 1829 ...	Embankments ...	The whole.
XI of 1831 ...	Police powers of Tahsildárs	Section four.
V of 1832 ...	Delhi territory.	The whole.
XIII of 1833 ...	Zilas of Rámghar, Jungle Maháls and Midnápur.	The whole.

PART III.

Regulations of the Madras Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
III of 1802 ...	Procedure of Civil Courts...	Section eleven. In section sixteen, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "Hindoo," "the judge of the Court of Adawlut or," and "other," and the words and figures "under the general rule contained in Section V, Regulation II. 1802, and proceed thereupon according to the regulations." In clause <i>Third</i> , the words "when they are to proceed thereupon according to the general regulations."

Regulations of the Madras Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XIII of 1802 ...	Records of Courts ...	In section fifteen, the words and figures "in the same manner as is prescribed to the Provincial Courts of Appeal in section XII."
XXIX of 1802 ...	Karnams ...	Section one down to the words "kurnum. But" Section four. In sections eighteen and nineteen, the words "before the Court of Circuit."
II of 1803 ...	Collectors ...	Sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine.
IX of 1803 ...	Customs Officer, Madras ...	So much as has not been repealed.
V of 1804 ...	Court of Wards ...	In section six, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "Courts of Appeal or to the," "as it shall seem fit," and "respectively." In section twenty-four, clause <i>Second</i> , from "and it shall" to the end of that clause.
•I of 1805 ...	Salt ...	In section eight, clause <i>First</i> , the words "after the date of the Regulation ;" clause <i>Second</i> , the words "commercial residents." In section fourteen, clauses <i>First</i> , <i>Second</i> , and <i>Fourth</i> , the words "commercial residents," "by commercial residents." In section fifteen, the words "commercial residents." In section sixteen, the words "commercial residents." Section twenty-two.
II of 1806 ...	District Courts ...	The whole Regulation except section VII, Clause <i>Second</i> .
VII of 1808 ...	Martial Law ...	In the preamble, the words and figures "from the 1st day of October, 1808." Section four, from "or before any special court" to the end of that section.
IV of 1816 ...	Village Munsifs ..	Section four, clause <i>First</i> , and the words ' <i>Second</i> ' and ' <i>Third</i> .' In sections five and twenty-seven, the word "Arcot." In section ten, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "in the form prescribed in section XXXVI of this Regulation." Sections thirty-two and thirty-four.
V of 1816 ...	Village Pancháyats ...	In sections three, four and sixteen, the word "Arcot," wherever it occurs.

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		<p>In section ten, the words "and no stamp paper need be used in plaint, answer, or any process."</p> <p>In section eleven, clause <i>First</i>, the words "upon stamp paper of the prescribed rate according to the amount of the suit."</p> <p>In clause <i>Fourth</i>, the words "by the oaths of two credible witnesses at the least," and "Provincial."</p> <p>Section fifteen.</p> <p>In section seventeen, the words "on stamped paper of the prescribed rate, according to the amount decreed."</p>
XI of 1816 ...	Heads of Villages, &c. ...	In section forty-seven, the words and figures "as directed in section X, Regulation III. 1810."
XII of 1816 ...	References to Village and District Pancháyats.	<p>In section three, the words and figures "by Clauses Second and Third, Section XIV, Regulation VI. 1816."</p> <p>In sections five and nine, the word "Areot."</p> <p>Section six, clause <i>First</i>, so far as it relates to Regulation VII. 1816.</p> <p>In section six, clause <i>Second</i>, the words and figures "without requiring the agreement specified in clause <i>Second</i>, section IV, Regulation VII. 1816."</p> <p>In section nine, clause <i>First</i>, the words "by the oaths of two credible witnesses at the least," and "Provincial."</p> <p>In section eleven, the words "exempt from all stamp-duties, and shall be," and the words and figures "or to such charges as are specified in Regulation VII. 1816, if decided by a district punchayet."</p>
XIV of 1816 ...	Pleaders ...	<p>In the preamble, the words "and to transfer to the Provincial Courts the control now exercised by the Suddler Adawlut in the appointment and removal of vakeels or native pleaders in the Zillah Courts and in the Provincial Courts."</p> <p>In section three, clause <i>First</i>, the words "and the several Provincial Courts," "in their respective courts," "being natives of India of the Hindoo or Mahomedan persuasion, and," and clause <i>Second</i> "for the approbation of the Provincial Court of the division," "being a native of India and otherwise," from "and shall communicate" to the end of that section.</p>

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		<p>In section four, the words "the Provincial Courts" and "which is not required to be written on stamped paper."</p> <p>In section eight, the words "and the Provincial Court, on consideration of the judge's report."</p> <p>In section ten, clause <i>First</i>, the words "and the several Provincial Courts;" clause <i>Second</i>, the words "a register or" and "report the circumstances of the case, together with his own opinion upon it, to the Provincial Court, who will."</p> <p>In section eleven, the words "without the previous sanction of the Provincial Court," and from and including the words "but in such" to the end of the section.</p> <p>In section thirteen, the words "on unstamped paper."</p> <p>In section fourteen, the word "Arcot" wherever it occurs.</p> <p>In section fifteen, clause <i>Second</i>, the words "or registers" and "either by a deduction from the fees which may become due to the offender, or."</p> <p>In section eighteen, clause <i>First</i>, the word "register"; clause <i>Third</i>, the words "Provincial Courts or to the"; the second sentence; and the words "Provincial Courts and of the."</p> <p>In section twenty, the words "of the Provincial Courts," and "under the provisions contained in the following clauses of this section."</p> <p>In section twenty-five, clause <i>First</i>, the words "the Provincial Courts" and the word "Arcot" wherever it occurs; clause <i>Third</i>, the words and figures "written on the stamped paper prescribed in Section XI, Regulation XIII. 1816."</p> <p>In section thirty-six, the words "on unstamped paper."</p> <p>In section thirty-nine, the words "or district" in each of the places where they occur, and the figures "VI" and "VII."</p> <p>In the Appendix No. 1, the words "or in the Provincial Court for the division of."</p> <p>In the Appendix No. 2, the words "or the Provincial Court for the division of."</p>
VIII of 1817 ...	Estates of Native Soldiers	The Appendix, except No. 5.
II of 1819 ...	State Prisoners ...	<p>In the preamble, the last nine words.</p> <p>Section eight.</p> <p>In section nine, the words "to the Provincial Court of Appeal and Circuit."</p>
IV of 1821 ...	Petty thefts ...	In section six, clause <i>First</i> , the word "Madras."

Regulations of the Madras Code,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1822 ...	Embezzlement by Public Servants.	In the preamble, the last ten words. In section three, clause <i>Third</i> , the words and figures "in the manner prescribed in section VII, Regulation III. of 1802." In section four, the second sentence. In section five, clause <i>Fourth</i> , the word "Arcot." In section eight, the words "before the criminal judge (who is hereby empowered to take cognizance of such cases)" and "by him." In section nine, the words "on oath." Section ten, from the words "and the rules" to the end of the section. Sections seventeen and eighteen.
III of 1823 ...	Subordinate and Assistant Collectors.	In section one, the last ten words.
VII of 1828 ...	Subordinate and Assistant Collectors.	In section one, the last ten words. Section seven.
V of 1829 ...	Hindú Wills ...	In section one, the last ten words.
I of 1830 ...	Sati ...	In section one, the words "from the time of their promulgation." In section four, clauses <i>First</i> and <i>Third</i> , the words "before the Court of Circuit." In the same section, clause <i>Second</i> , the words "at the discretion of the Court of Circuit." Section four, clause <i>Fourth</i> , from "and for this purpose" to the end of that clause. The same section, clause <i>Fifth</i> .
VI of 1831 ...	Hereditary Village Offices	In section one, the last ten words. Section three, down to the words "enacted that."
X of 1831 ...	Prohibition of sale of Minors' Estates for arrears of revenue.	In section one, the last ten words. Section three, down to the words "enacted that."
XI of 1832 ...	Hidden treasure ...	In section one, the words "as soon as promulgated." In sections two and seven, the word "Madras" wherever it occurs. In section three, the words "or to the assistant judge of the auxiliary court." In section four, the words "or assistant." In section six, the words "Madras" and "or assistant." In section eight, the words "or to the assistant judge of the auxiliary court." In section nine, the words "or of the assistant judges of the auxiliary courts," and the words "to the Provincial Courts." Section ten.
XIV of 1832 ...	Buying Soldiers' necessities	In section one, the last ten words. In section two, clauses <i>First</i> and <i>Second</i> , the words "from and after the date of

Regulations of the Madras Code,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		the promulgation of this regulation," and "before the criminal, joint criminal, or native criminal judge within the limits of whose local jurisdiction the offence may have been committed," and the word "Madras."

PART IV.

Regulations of the Bombay Code.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1827 ...	Pleaders ...	Appendixes A, D, E, F, G, H.
V of 1827 ...	Limitation ...	In the title, the words "defining the Limitations, as to Time, within which Civil Actions may be prosecuted, and" and the word "Interest."
XII of 1827 ...	Police ...	The preamble. In section nineteen, clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "personal restraint." In the same section, clause <i>Seventh</i> , the words "which shall be tried before the judge, or one of his assistants, exclusively." Appendix C.
XIII of 1827 ...	Criminal Courts ...	In section thirty-four, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "or to the magistrate above mentioned."
XVI of 1827 ...	Revenue Administration ...	In the preamble, the words "to have effect throughout the zillahs subordinate to Bombay." In section two, clause <i>Second</i> , the words and figures "decide certain civil suits and" and "as more particularly specified in Regulation XVII. A. D., 1827, Chapters VIII and X." In the title to Chapter III, the words "of hereditary district and village officers inclusive." Section twenty-five.
XVII of 1827 ...	Jurisdiction of Revenue Authorities.	The title from "vesting" to the end. In the preamble, the words "to have effect throughout the territories subordinate to Bombay." In section twelve, clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "Sudder, or any." In the title to Chapter IV, the words "and penal jurisdictions of the zillah magistrate and criminal judge in such cases." In section fifteen, clause <i>Second</i> , and clause <i>Third</i> so far as it relates to clause <i>Second</i> .

Regulations of the Bombay Code—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XIX of 1827 ...	Revenue Administration ...	<p>The title from "and for Collecting" down to "Horses," and the words "and also for levying Fees in the Court of Petty Sessions and Police Offices."</p> <p>In the preamble, the words "and whereas it has further been deemed expedient, under the authority of the British legislature for such purpose given, to levy certain taxes and fees at the presidency of Bombay."</p> <p>In section thirteen, clause <i>First</i>, the words "in the mode prescribed in the preceding section."</p> <p>In section twenty-nine, the words "in the manner and before the authority specified in section XIV. Clause First, or by confession before the said authority," and from "and in case" down to "provided for."</p>
XXI of 1827 ...	Duty on Opium ...	<p>The title from "made with" down to "India."</p> <p>In the preamble, from "that the importation and sale at Bombay of tobacco" down to "be prohibited."</p> <p>In section two, clause <i>First</i>, the words "(either such as established by this or any other Regulation)."</p> <p>Sections forty-seven and forty-eight.</p> <p>In section fifty-seven, the last eight words.</p> <p>In section sixty, clause <i>Second</i>, the last twenty words.</p>
XXII of 1827 ...	Military Courts ...	In the preamble, the words "which shall have effect within the territories subordinate to the presidency of Bombay."
XXV of 1827 ...	State Prisoners ...	<p>Section six.</p> <p>In section seven, the words "and to the Sudder Adawlut."</p>
XXIX of 1827 ...	Dekkhan and Khándesh ...	<p>In the preamble, the words and figures "to have effect from the 1st September 1827."</p> <p>Section two, from "and the said territories" to the end of clause <i>Second</i>.</p> <p>Section three, clause <i>First</i>, from "it is hereby" down to the word "First."</p> <p>In section five, clause <i>Third</i>, the last twenty-one words.</p>
XVI of 1828 ...	Subsidiary jails ...	So much as has not been repealed.
V of 1830 ...	Revenue Administration ...	In section one, clause <i>Third</i> , the words "and zillahs." Clause <i>Fifth</i> , and in Clause <i>Sixth</i> , the words "zillahs throughout" and the words "and the department of police."

Regulations of the Bombay Code,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
VII of 1830 ...	Dharwar ...	In the preamble, the words and figures "to have effect from the 1st of June, 1830." In section two, the first six words.
XIII of 1830 ...	Jágirdárs ...	In section four, the last thirteen words.
III of 1834 ...	Town duty, Bombay ...	So much as has not been repealed.

PART V.

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
IV of 1862 ...	Markets and fairs ...	Section five.
V of 1862 ...	Bhágdárs and Narwadárs...	In section two, the words "and it is hereby further enacted, that."
VI of 1862 ...	Ahmadábád Taluqdárs ...	In section fourteen, from "upon oath" down to "perjury."
II of 1863 ...	Claims to exemption from Land-Revenue.	In section three, the words "either at law or in equity." In section six, clause <i>Second</i> , section ten and section eleven, clauses <i>eighth</i> and <i>tenth</i> the words "or Court of Law or Equity."
V of 1863 ...	Gas Companies ...	In section twenty-eight, the words "Joint Magistrate, or."
VI of 1863 ...	Public Conveyances ...	In section seven, the words "standing in the name of the Commissioner of Customs."
VII of 1863 ...	Summary Settlement of Claims to exemption from Land-Revenue.	In section seven, the words "either at law or in equity." In sections nine and fourteen, the words "or Court of Law or Equity."
V of 1864 ...	Mámlatdárs' Courts ...	Section eighteen.
XIII of 1866 ...	Witnesses before Legislative Council.	Section five.
XIV of 1866 ...	Edulabad and Wurrungaom	The preamble, and sections one and four.
III of 1867 ...	Cantonments...	In section fifteen, the words "Bombay Act No. IV of 1865 (<i>an Act for the Regulation of Mofussil Gaols and the enforcement of discipline therein</i>) or by," and the word "other."

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council,—continued.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
		Section twenty-eight. The words "and Regulations," "or Regulation" "or Regulations," wherever they occur.
VIII of 1867 ...	Village Police ...	In section five, clause second, from "of Act V" down to "other Acts." Section twenty-three.
III of 1869 ...	Funds for local works ...	In section nine, the words "Act XXVI of 1850, or" and "other."
I of 1872 ...	Bombay City Police Superannuation Fund.	Sections one and nine. In section three, the words "as well as all moneys and securities which have accumulated under the Sections of Act XIII of 1856, repealed by this Act."
II of 1872 ...	Repayment of loan to Bombay Corporation.	In section three, the words "under Bombay Act II of 1865." Section nine, down to "enacted that."
III of 1872 ...	Bombay Municipal Act ...	Sections one, forty-eight, sixty-three, seventy-two, one hundred and forty-one, three hundred and six. In section sixty-two, the words "on and from the date when this Act comes into operation" in each of the places where they occur. In section sixty-four, the words "from and after the day on which this Act comes into operation." In sections two hundred and twenty-five, two hundred and twenty-six, two hundred and twenty-seven, the words "within three months after the passing of this Act and" and "thereafter." In section two hundred and twenty-nine, the first eleven words, and the words "after the date when this Act comes into operation." In sections two hundred and thirty-five and two hundred and forty-one, the words "after the passing of this Act." In sections two hundred and eight, two hundred and forty-seven, two hundred and forty-eight, the words "after this Act comes into operation." In section three hundred and seven, the words "from the date referred to in the preceding Section."
I of 1873 ...	Bombay Port Trust ...	Section fifty-seven, from "Until such" to the end. Section fifty-eight. In section seventy-three, the proviso.

Acts of the Governor of Bombay in Council,—concluded.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1873 ...	Amending Bombay Municipal Act.	Section three.
IV of 1873 ...	Amending Bombay Act II of 1864.	Section two, clause 1 and the word and figure 'clause 2.'
V of 1873 ...	Steam boilers ...	Section one.
VI of 1873 ...	District Municipalities ...	Section one. Section four, clause four. Section nineteen, clause two.
VII of 1873 ...	Salt ...	Sections two, seven and sixty-four.
II of 1874 ...	Jails, Bombay City ...	Section one. Section six, down to "Governor General, and." Section seven, the first thirteen words.
III of 1874 ...	Hereditary Offices ...	Section two and the schedule.

PART VI.

Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
II of 1863 ...	Smoke nuisances, Calcutta...	In section seven, the words and figures "Act XIII of 1856 (<i>for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay</i>) and Act XLVIII of 1860 (<i>to amend Act XIII of 1856</i>)," and the word "other."

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Secy. to the Govt. of India.

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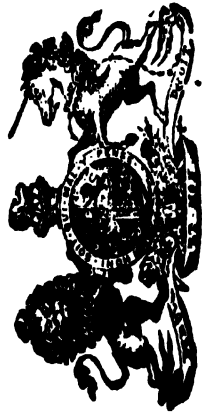
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APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

GENERAL JURY LIST.

LIST of persons liable to serve on Common Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the year ensuing as from 1st May 1876, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
1	Abbott, G	...	Dhurruntollah Street	India	Christian ...	A revised list will be published on the 26th of April. Pending its publication, errors in name and description can be corrected on communication to the office of the Clerk of the Crown. Any person who deems himself wrongly included in the lists should address the Clerk of the Crown on the subject immediately.
2	Abreu, J	Firm of Abbott and Co.	...	...	Christian ...
3	Abreu, J	Assistant, Apcar and Co.	...	...	ditto
4	Abreu, G; W	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	...	ditto
5	Aburrow, A H	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	ditto
6	Acton, A	Assistant, L. W. Toulmin and Co.	...	...	ditto
		Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited.	Council House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
7	Adamson, G	...	...	...	ditto
8	Adels, F C	Assistant, F. W. Baker and Co.	9, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto	
9	Adels, J P	Clerk, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto	
		Head Asst., Office of Supdt. of Rev. Survey	10, Middleton Street	Amsterdam	ditto	
		...	Park Street	India	ditto	

12	Aitken, W R T	...	Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	...	Wainousie Square	...	Great Britain	Christian
13	Albert, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	4, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
14	Alexander, G	...	Assistant, Arlington and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	India	ditto
15	Alexander, H	...	Assistant, Schlöpfer, Putz and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
16	Alexander, J	...	Printer, <i>Exchange Gazette</i>	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
17	Alexander, J H	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
18	Alexander, W P	...	Partner, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
19	Allan, J	...	Firm of Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
20	Allan, J	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
21	Allan, W	...	ditto	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
22	Allardice, R	...	Firm of Stuart and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
23	Amos, W G	...	Firm of W. H. Gilbert and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	Great Britain	ditto
24	Anderson, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
25	Anderson, A M	...	2nd Officer, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
26	Anderson, A P	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
27	Anderson, B	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P W D.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
28	Anderson, G G	...	Assistant, Firm of Magor and Co.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
29	Anderson, J	...	Firm of J Anderson and Co.	...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
30	Anderson, J A	...	Firm of Anderson, Wright and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
31	Anderson, T S	...	ditto	...	21, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
32	Andrew, J T	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
33	Andrews, C A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
34	Andrews, G A	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
35	Andrews, J	...	Hotel-keeper	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
36	Andrews, J	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
		...		...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto

38	Apcar, A (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Apcar and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
39	Apcar, S T	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
40	Archibald, A M	...	Assistant Accountant, National Bank of India.	...	3, Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
41	Armstrong, W	...	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	...	Old Cor't House Corner	...	India	ditto
42	Arratoon, C	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
43	Ashburner, G	...	Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	...	Garstin's Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
44	Ashe, A B	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
45	Ashe, C	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
46	Atkinson, D	...	Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
47	Atkinson, F J	...	Probationer, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
48	Atkinson, G A	...	Assistant Auditor, E. I. Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
49	Augustine, C F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
50	Augustine, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
51	Augustine, J	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
52	Authray, A	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
53	Avery, W	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
54	Avetoom, C T	...	Merchant	...	No. 2, Lindsay Street	...	ditto	ditto
55	Analey, J M	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
56	Ayres, W H T	...	Supdt., Office of Acctt.-Genl. of Bengal	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
57	Babonau, T W	...	Record-keeper, Revenue Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
58	Badham, H	...	Proprietor, Firm of Badham Brothers	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
59	Bailey, W	...	Assistant Book-keeper, Chief Auditor's Office.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
60	Baker, A	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	...	Fort William	...	ditto	ditto
61	Baker, T W	...	Firm of Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto

NAME	OFFICE	WRITERS' BUILDINGS	...	GREAT BRITAIN	CHRISTIAN
62 Baker, W U	Registrar, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	Christian
63 Baldwin, W J	4th Class Clerk, Office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, P. W. D.	20, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
64 Ball, E	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
65 Ballantine, C R	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
66 Bampton, W R	Inhabitant	Jorutallao Street	...	ditto	ditto
67 Bancroft, N W	Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	...	America	ditto
68 Baness, J F	Surveyor and Chief Draftsman, Drawing Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	...	India	ditto
69 Barbour, M	Assistant, Mookerjee, Clerk and Co.	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
70 Bariow, T	Printer, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	British Indian Street	...	India	ditto
71 Barnes, S K	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
72 Barnett, G	Assistant, Corfield and Co	Government Place	...	India	ditto
73 Barrett, E	Assistant, R. Scott, Thomson and Co. Ltd. ...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
74 Barrett, R	Road Overseer, 2nd Division, Calcutta	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
75 Bartlett, G F	Sub-Engineer, P.W.D., 2nd Calcutta divn.	Imperial Museum	...	Great Britain	ditto
76 Bartlett, G W	Inspector of Bazars to the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
77 Bartlett, R	Coach Builder	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
78 Baxter, W	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
79 Bayne, R R	Draftsman, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
80 Beer, J H E	Manager, Corfield and Co	Government Place, East	...	ditto	ditto
81 Bell, J	Supdt., Office of Acctt.-General of Bengal	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
82 Bell, R	Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
83 Bell, R J	Asst. Professor, Cathedral Mission College	Puttuldangah	...	Great Britain	ditto
84 Bell, W	Assistant, Henry S. Cox	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto

85	Bellamy, J F	... Deputy Supdt., Military Department Press	Esplanado Row	...	ditto	ditto
86	Belletty, J R	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	India	ditto
87	Belletty, M	... Assistant, Foreign Department	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
88	Belletty, N A	... Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
89	Bennett, F J	... Examiner, Office of Supdt. Govt. Printing.	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
90	Berwick, J F	... Accountant, Oriental Bank Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
91	Berry, J H	... Assistant Accountant, National Bank	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
92	Beveridge, W	... Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto
93	Bigge, E	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
94	Billings, W A	... Deputy Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
95	Bird, S	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
96	Bird, S	... Assistant, Bird and Co	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
97	Bishop, W C	... Road Overseer, Justices of the Peace	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
98	Biss, J K	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
99	Biss, R L	... Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
100	Biss, W H	... ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
101	Blackwood, H	... Assistant, Ede and Hobson	23, Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
102	Bland, E	... Firm of Bremner and Laycock	Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
103	Bliss, J	... Assistant, Harold and Co	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
104	Boileau, T	... Assistant, Hunter and Co	156, Dhurrumtollah	...	India	ditto
105	Bois, A	... Firm of Cook and Co	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
106	Bois, E	... ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
107	Bolst, H A	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
108	Bolton, T	... Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Estab.	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
109	Bonnaud, A L	... Assistant, Robert and Charriol	Vansittart Row	...	India	ditto

B

111	Botellho, J W	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	Christian
112	Botellho, T F	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
113	Bourrilhon, A	...	Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
114	Bowers, J	...	Foreman, P. W. D. Press, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
115	Bradbury, H	...	Head Clerk, Stamp Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
116	Braddon, J B	...	Assistant Controller of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
117	Brady, J W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
118	Braham, G	...	Assistant, Llewelyn and Co.	...	Bentineck Street	...	ditto	ditto
119	Braham, H	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
120	Brancker, R	...	Assistant, Ewing and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
121	Bremner, A W	...	Head Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	...	10, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
122	Breton, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
123	Brewster, C C	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel Company, Limited	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
124	Brewster, R C	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
125	Bridge, A J	...	Joint Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
126	Bridgeman, T O	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
127	Bridgnell, J	...	Accountant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
128	Bridgnell, J L	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
129	Brigden, C	...	Assistant, Westfield and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
130	Broad, W	...	Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
131	Broadhead, E H	...	Head Assistant, Deputy Commissary General's Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
132	Broderick, J M	...	Accountant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
133	Brookes, G H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
134	Brown, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
135	Brown, G S	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto

136	Brown, H F	...	Firm of Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
137	Brown, T	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
138	Brown, T F	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
139	Brown, T F	...	Firm of Seton and Co.	...	173, Dhurumtollah Street...	...	ditto
140	Brown, T J	...	Undertaker	...	Rentinck Street	...	India
141	Browne, R D	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
142	Bruce, H T	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India
143	Bruce, J	...	Secretary, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain
144	Bryant, A J	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
145	Ruchan, J	...	Accountant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto
146	Buchanan, R J	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto
147	Burgess, R	...	Assistant, J. Monteith and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
148	Burgess, W W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	India
149	Burke, A D	...	Outfitter, Old Court House Street	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
150	Burke, G H	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	ditto
151	Burnes, J A	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
152	Burnham, R	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India
153	Burrows, A	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto
154	Buskin, E G	...	Firm of Buskin and Co.	...	Strand	...	Great Britain
155	Buttrum, E	...	Assistant, Barlow and Co.	...	Clive Ghat Street	...	ditto
156	Byrne, A E	...	Registrar, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	India
157	Byrne, H B	...	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
158	Byrne, J O	...	Head Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto
159	Caithness, J E	...	Firm of Cooke and Kelvey	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
160	Calvert, J	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto

C

162	Cantopker, F C	...	Assistant, Stenart and Co.	Old Court House Corner	...	India	Christian
163	Carlisle, F	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	25, Mangoe Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
164	Carlisle, S	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
165	Carpenter, A W	...	Assistant, Landing and Shipping Com- pany.	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
166	Carrick, J (Jr)	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
167	Carrit, W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
168	Carter, A M	...	Auditor, Examiner's Office, Pay Department	Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
169	Carter, H	...	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
170	Carter, W	...	Assistant, Petrocochino and Co.	2, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
171	Cartland, C	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
172	Casey, J P	...	Head Printer, East Indian Railway	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
173	Cashman, J H	...	Chief Clerk, Office of Secretary to Govern- ment of Bengal, Public Works Dept.	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
174	Caston, J F	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts	7, Koilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
175	Cauty, D	...	Assistant, G. Abbott and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
176	Chalmer, W A	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
177	Chamaritt, A	...	Surveyor and Geog. Examiner	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
178	Chaplin, M S	...	Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co.	2, Elliot Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
179	Charlton, J L	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judl. Dept...	1, Sudder Street	...	India	ditto
180	Chater, M	...	Accountant, Bank of Calcutta	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
181	Chaunce, J	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	9, Weston's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
182	Cneetham, G	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	25, Mango Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
183	Chick, N A	...	Registrar of Hackney Carriages	Free School Street	...	India	ditto
184	Chinel, E A	...	Assistant, Graham & Co.	9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
185	Christien, F	...	Assistant, J. G. Hanhart and Co.	Government Place	...	India	ditto
186	Clabon, G	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto

187	Clark, B	...	Assistant Engineer, P. W. Department	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
188	Clark, H (Jr)	...	Assistant, Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
189	Clark, H	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co...	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
190	Clark, J	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto
191	Clark, J A	...	Firm of Clark and Mookerjee	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
192	Clark, W H	...	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
193	Clarke, A	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	India	ditto
194	Clinton, M C	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	Great Britain
195	Coard, C W	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
196	Cock, A	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
197	Cockburn, E	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India
198	Coggan, H A	...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain
199	Coish, W	...	Shoemaker	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
200	Collett, W H	...	Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	...	ditto
201	Collie, H	...	Head Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India
202	Collins, B S	...	Stock Broker	...	Free School Street	...	ditto
203	Collins, P. A.	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
204	Connew, C M	...	Assistant, F. T. Brookes and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain
205	Connew, R K	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	1, Clive Row	...	ditto
206	Connor, J	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Upper Circle.	...	10, Middleton Street	...	India
207	Cooke, G F	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
208	Cooke, H R	...	Registrar, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
209	Cooke, J E	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
210	Cornelius, J	...	Assistant, Shipping Office	...	Strand	...	ditto

			NAME OF BUSINESS.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
C						
212	Courthope, W F	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Great Britain	Christian
213	Cowie, D L	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
214	Cowie, E H	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
215	Cowper, C	...	Assistant, Cox, Steel and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
216	Cox, J	...	Assistant, Robert Campbell and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
217	Cox, W. J.	...	Assistant, H. S. Cox	...	ditto	ditto
218	Craddock, J	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	ditto	ditto
219	Cranenburgh, D E	...	Reporter, Englishman Office	...	India	ditto
220	Craw, W	...	Assistant, Branch Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Great Britain	ditto
221	Creais, J	...	Asst. Commy. of Ordnance and Arsenals	...	India	ditto
222	Creaton, D C	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	Great Britain	ditto
223	Crow, R M	...	Firm of Lepege and Co.	...	India	ditto
224	Cruden, J	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	...	Great Britain	ditto
225	Cruickshank, D	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
226	Cumming, A	...	Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	...	ditto	ditto
227	Cummings, P D	...	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathway & Co.	...	ditto	ditto
228	Cunliffe, R H	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judicial Department.	...	India	ditto
229	Cunningham, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Great Britain	ditto
230	Cunningham, A O	...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	...	ditto	ditto
231	Currie, W D	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
232	D'Costa, W H	...	Head Reader, Bengal Secretariat, Printing Department.	...	India	ditto
233	D'Cruz, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	ditto	ditto
234	D'Cruz, J	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Public Works	...	ditto	ditto

235	D'Cruz, L	... Assistant, J. Corfield and Co.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
236	D'Mello, H S	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
237	D'Mello, J S	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
238	D'Mello, W A	... Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
239	D'Rozario, F A	... Firm of P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	... Old Court House Corner	... ditto	ditto
240	D'Rozario, F M	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
241	D'Rozario, S P	... Assistant, P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
242	D'Silva, H	... Examiner, Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
243	D'Silva, J	... Assistant, Military Department	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
244	D'Silva, J C	... Asst. of Rev., Agri., and Commerce	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
245	D'Silva, M	... Clerk, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
246	D'Silva, N	... Assistant to F. W. Heilgers and Co.	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
247	D'Souza, A W	... Registrar, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
248	D'Souza, J M	... Assistant, Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
249	D'Souza, J M	... Clerk, Office of Contr., P. W. Accounts	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
250	DaCosta, C C	... Chief Book-keeper, E. I. Railway Office	... 22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
251	DaCosta, D W	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
252	DaCosta, E W	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Dept.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
253	DaCosta, John	... Ashburner and Co.	... Garstin's Place	... Great Britain	ditto
254	Dallas, J F	... Superintendent of Roads, &c., Office of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
255	Dalrymple, W M	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
256	Dalziel, J M	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... India	ditto
257	Dando, A C	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
258	Daniel, J E.	... Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	... Dhurumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
259	Daniell, G	... Assistant Cook and Co.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto

286	Dickson, G	...	Assistant, Macneill and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
287	Dickson, W	...	Assistant, Bengal Bank	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
288	Dinning, H	...	Assistant, Stuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
289	Dissent, C E	...	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
290	Dissent, C T	...	Superintendent, Refuse Tax Office of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
291	Dobbie, W H	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
292	Dobson, E	...	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurumtollah	...	ditto	ditto
293	Doig, W	...	Head Mechanical Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
294	Donaldson, A	...	Assistant Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
295	Donaldson, W	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
296	Dougal, R R	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
297	Douglas, T K	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
298	Dover, H	...	Firm of Wilton and Co.	...	Dhurumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
299	Dowling, A F	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
300	Dowling, G A	...	Clerk, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P. W. D.	...	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
301	Dozey, A	...	Superintendent, Home Department Press...	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
302	Drysdale, D	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
303	Duff, D	...	Bill and Stock Broker	...	Great Eastern Hotel Co Ld	...	ditto	ditto
304	Duncan, R S	...	Firm of Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
305	Dunckley, C	...	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
306	Dunne, T H	...	Assistant, Revenue Surveyor	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
307	Duplessis, A	...	Examiner, Indian Statesman Press	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
308	Duplessis, M E	...	Reader, Indian Daily News Press	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
309	Duval, H. G	...	Pass Examiner, G. E. Hotel Co., Ld.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto

...	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
336	Finck, W J	...	...	...	...	...	...
337	Finlayson, A	...	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
338	Fishbourne, E C	...	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
339	Fleming, W	...	...	30½ Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
340	Fleury, L O	...	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
341	Fleury, P W	...	...	South Collinga Street	...	ditto	ditto
342	Fluker, W H	...	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
343	Forbes, E R	...	...	Head Assistant, Office of Protector of Emigrants.	...	India	ditto
344	Forbes, W A B	...	...	Assistant, Mackenzie Lyall & Co.	...	Great Britain	ditto
345	Fox, G	...	...	Assistant, G. Henderson & Co.	...	ditto	ditto
346	Fox, T P	...	...	Assistant Firm of Ashburner & Co.	...	ditto	ditto
347	Fox, W G	...	...	Commission Agent	...	India	ditto
348	Francis, C R	...	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
349	Francis, E	...	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	ditto	ditto
350	Francis, J T	...	...	Reader, Foreign Department Press	...	ditto	ditto
351	Francis, M	...	...	Store-keeper, Surveyor-General's Office	...	ditto	ditto
352	Francis, W	...	...	Assistant, Stuart and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
353	Francis, W L	...	...	Superintendent, Home Department	...	Great Britain	ditto
354	Fransz, N	...	...	Reader, Public Works Department	...	India	ditto
355	Fraser, J R	...	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	Great Britain	ditto
356	Frederick, C	...	...	Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council Office.	...	India	ditto
357	Frederick, J H	...	...	Assistant Cashier, Oriental Bank	...	ditto	ditto
358	Freeman, T, W	...	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
359	French, P	...	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	ditto	ditto
360	French, T R	...	...	Music Master	...	ditto	ditto
361	Frew, H J	...	...	Superintendent, Benigal Accountant-General	...	Great Britain	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
362	Frost, A M	Assistant Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	Great Britain	Christian
363	Frost, O D	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
364	Fulford, J	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
365	Fyfe, W O	Head Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
366	Gallie, J	Assistant Accountant, Bengal Bank	Strand	ditto	ditto
367	Gantzer, C A	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto
368	Gantzer, D A	Ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
369	Gardiner, T J	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	Oliver Street	Great Britain	ditto
370	Garrett, J R	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
371	Garrick, D	Photographic Artist	Waterloo Street	ditto	ditto
372	George, J	Head Assistant, Chamber of Commerce	Oliver Street	India	ditto
373	George, J B	Assistant, Whitney Brothers and Co.	1, Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto
374	George, J S	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto
375	George, R	Head Accountant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	13, Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
376	George, S	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
377	Gibb, H	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyons' Range	Great Britain	ditto
378	Gill, R E	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	India	ditto
379	Gillon, E A	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	Hare Street	Great Britain	ditto
380	Girling, W	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
381	Gladman, J	Assistant, Mathewson and Co.	Hare Street	India	ditto
382	Glass, A J	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	Canning Street	ditto	ditto
		ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto

385	Gleeson, F G	... Head Clerk, T. Smith and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	unw
386	Goddard, G W	... Firm of J. Monteith and Co.	... Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
387	Godino, R W	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
388	Gomes, J	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
389	Gomez, J M	... Overseer of the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
390	Gomez, L	... Assistant Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c., Accounts.	... Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
391	Gomez, William	... 2nd Master, Calcutta Free School	... Free School Street	...	ditto	ditto
392	Gonsalves, E R	... Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
393	Gonsalves, F	... Assistant, Military Department	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
394	Gonsalves, F E	... Assistant, Arlington and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
395	Gonsalves, J	... Assistant, Legislative Department	... 3, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
396	Gonsalves, J W	... Assistant, Medical Store Department	... Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
397	Goodall, R D	... Assistant, Sect., Govt. of India, P. W. D.	... London's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
398	Goodricke, C A	... Assistant, Steel, MacIntosh and Co.	... Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
399	Goodwin, R	... Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah	...	India	ditto
400	Gordon, F A	... Assistant, Office of Contr. of Mily. Accts.	... Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
401	Gordon, G E	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	... Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
402	Gordon, I	... Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
403	Gore, G C	... Assistant, Office of Commissary of Ordnance and Aresnals.	... Fort William	...	ditto	ditto
404	Gould, T H	... Assistant, Newman and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
405	Govino, R W	... Assistant, Home Department	... London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
406	Gracias, H D	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	... 7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
407	Graham, T M	... Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	... 21, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
408	Grant, W H	... Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	... Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
409	Gray, A C	... Teacher, Doveton College	... Park Street	...	India	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	G					
411	Gray, W	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	... Vansittart Row	... Great Britain	Christian	
412	Green, E	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
413	Green, F	Assistant, Ranken & Co.	... 4, Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
414	Gregory, J	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	... Coliah Ghât	... India	ditto	
415	Gregory, J A	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
416	Gregory, R	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	... Sudder Street	... India	ditto	
417	Gregory, T D	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
418	Gregory, W	Assistant, P. W. Secretariat, Government of India.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
419	Griffiths, O B	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	... Great Britain	ditto	
420	Groser, C R	Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurumtollah Street	... India	ditto	
421	Groser, F A	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
422	Grossman, W	Proprietor, "Hope Hall" Hotel	... Waterloo Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
423	Groves, G	Superintendent, Calcutta Sailors' Home	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
424	Halden, J V	Store-keeper, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
425	Halgnette, E W	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... Clive Row	... India	ditto	
426	Hall, G	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
427	Hall, T W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
428	Hallett, H W	Firm of Watts and Co.	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto	
429	Hamilton, A	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
430	Hamilton, L B	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
431	Handford, T J	Firm of Handford and Crew	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
432	Hands, F F	Assistant, R. N. Mathewson and Co.	... Hare Street	... India	ditto	
433	Hannah, W C	Hide Broker	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	

435	Harnack, J H	...	Assistant, Harman and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
436	Harris, P	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
437	Harrison, A W	...	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
438	Harrison, E G	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh & Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
439	Harrison, F	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
440	Harrison, J	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
441	Harrison, L	...	Firm of Ranken and Co.	...	4, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto
442	Hart, L	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
443	Hart, R S	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
444	Hartnell, M	...	Freight Superintendent, I. G. S. N. Co. ...	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
445	Harvey, C	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Louden's Buildings	...	India	ditto
446	Harvey, J R	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
447	Harvey, V	...	Assistant, Scallan and Co.	...	Pollock Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
448	Haskew, E	...	Firm of Solomon and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
449	Haelam, J	...	Assistant, Harold and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
450	Houghton, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government, Bengal, P. W. D.	...	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
451	Hayton, R	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
452	Heberlet, A F	...	Commission Agent	...	Williams' Lane	...	India	ditto
453	Heberlet, J A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
454	Heberlet, M A	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
455	Hefferan, J E	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
456	Heefke, G O C.	...	Head Draftsman, Office of Joint-Secretary to Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
457	Heins, F W	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
		...		...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto

460	Henty, O J	...	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bank of Bengal.	Strand Road	...	Great Britain	Christian
461	Henty, T H	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	102, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
462	Herbert, J H	...	Manager, Llewelyn and Co.	Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
463	Heron, G	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
464	Hewetson, N	...	Clerk, Office of Joint Secretary to Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Singapore	ditto
465	Heysham, H	...	Registrar, Legislative Department	3, Government Place	...	India	ditto
466	Heyward, P	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
467	Hickie, E	...	Secretary, Trades' Association	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
468	Hicks, R M H	...	Supdt., Bank of Bengal, Treasury Dept.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
469	Higgins, M V	...	Assistant, Haworth and Co.	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
470	Hill, James	...	Assistant Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
471	Hilliard, R W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
472	Hills, C R	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co.	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
473	Hinde, W H	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
474	Hoare, C S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
475	Hodges, J	...	Assistant Master, La Martiniere School	London Street	...	ditto	ditto
476	Hoff, F C	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
477	Hoff, W W	...	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
478	Hogan, C P	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
479	Holland, G F	...	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
480	Holloway, C B	...	Assistant, Bird and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
481	Holloway, S	...	Conservancy Overseer, Office of Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
482	Holness, E	...	Teacher, Doveton College	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
483	Holtom, W A	...	Road Overseer, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto

484	Hornby, E C	...	Bill and Share Broker	...	109, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
485	Howatson, W E B	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Backshall Street	...	India	ditto
486	Hubbard, J S	...	Assistant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
487	Hubbard, W H	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
488	Hubbard, W H (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
489	Hudson, C	...	Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
490	Hudson, J	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
491	Hulbert, W C	...	Assistant, W. S. Cresswell	...	6, Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
492	Hurle, A W	...	Assistant, G. Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
493	Hurst, W	...	Merchant	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
494	Hatcheon, J	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
495	Hutchinson, J A	...	Assistant, Toulmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
496	Hutton, T	...	Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
497	Hypper, F A	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterly	...	New China Bazar	...	India	ditto
I								
498	Imbert, J C	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
499	Incel, W	...	Assistant, E Thompson & Co, Gasfitters	...	Pentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
500	Ingels, T	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
501	Inglis, W M	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
502	Inskipp, C F	...	Assistant, Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
503	Ironside, W	...	Firm of Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
504	Irving, G	...	Assistant, T E Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
505	Irving, W O B	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
506	Irwin, W H	...	Assistant, Graf and Banziger	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
J								
507	Jacob, R	...	Assistant. R. S. Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	India	ditto

		London's Buildings	India	Christian
509 James, A	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	...	...
510 James, E B	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
511 James, H	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
512 James, H J	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
513 James, J O N	... Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto
514 Jameson, W B	... Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co.	11, Clive Row	Great Britain	ditto
515 Jamieson, J	... Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
516 Jardine, Robert	... Principal, General Assembly's Institution...	Cornwallis Street	ditto	ditto
517 Jebb, J S	... Assistant, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	India	ditto
518 Jellicoe, W E	... Jeweller	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto
519 Jenkins, J	... Assistant, J. Elliot and Co.	Olive Street	Great Britain	ditto
520 Jezevy, E	... Superintendent, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	ditto	ditto
521 Jewell, G	... Assistant, W. H. Harton and Co.	Strand Road	India	ditto
522 Jewell, H	... Assistant, Cones and Co.	Lall Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
523 Joachim, H G	... Assistant, Agent's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
524 Joakim, M	... Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
525 John, T	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	Great Britain	ditto
526 Joll, H	... Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
527 Jones, A	... Assistant, Office of the Accountant-General, Military Department.	Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
528 Jones, Erasmus	... Proprietor, "Cambrian Press"	British Indian Street	ditto	ditto
529 Jones, G E	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
530 Jones, G E Ward	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	India	ditto
	... Firm of H. M. Jones and Co.	1, Hare Street	Great Britain	ditto

533	Jones, W M	...	License Inspector, Justices of the Peace ...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
534	Judah, W A	...	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
535	Kalberer, A	...	Assistant, Examiner of P W Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
536	Kalberer, L L	...	Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
537	Kavanagh, J J	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
538	Keane, J	...	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	6, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
539	Keel, A E	...	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
540	Kelly, F W	...	Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, U. C.	Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
541	Kelly, W F	...	Chief Clerk to Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
542	Kemp, G L	...	Secretary, Standard Life Assurance Co.	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
543	Kennedy, J	...	Assistant, Military Dept., Printing Office	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
544	Kennelly, J	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
545	Kerr, E C	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	6, Park Street	...	India	ditto
546	Kerr, G L	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	7, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
547	Kibble, J W	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
548	Kilgour, P M	...	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
549	King, F St A	...	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited	4, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
550	King, L	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co.	4, Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
551	King, W A	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
552	Kirkpatrick, W H	...	Registrar, Bengal Legislative Council	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
553	Knight, J D	...	Deputy Supdt., Foreign Office Press	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
554	Korper, G B	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
555	Krael, G A	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
		...		ditto	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
	L				
557	Lackensteen, E T	Assistant, Schlaepfer, Putz and Co.	Clive Row	India	Christian
558	Lacroix, E H	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
559	Laird, T W	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
560	Lambert, W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	Great Britain	ditto
561	Landale, A	Assistant, W L Toulmin and Co.	Radha Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
562	Lane, A	Accountant, Examiner of P W Accounts, Bengal.	17, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto
563	Lang, T	Assistant Secy. Standard Life Assurance Co.	Hare Street	Great Britain	ditto
564	Langley, H J	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
565	Langstone, C B	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	ditto	ditto	ditto
566	Langton, W H	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	Canning Street	ditto	ditto
567	Large, A B	Firm of Dykes and Co.	Waterloo Street	ditto	ditto
568	Larpent, F de H	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
569	Latimer, F W	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	ditto	ditto
570	Lander, B D	Firm of Harley and Co.	Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto
571	Lawless, W H	Freight and Ship Broker	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
572	Lawrence, J	Superintendent of Money Order Office	Government Place	India	ditto
573	Lawrence, P	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
574	Lawson, T M	Firm of Lawson and Co.	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
575	Lazarus, C	Cabinet-maker	Bentinck Street	Great Britain	ditto
576	Lees, G	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co.	Clive Row	ditto	ditto
577	Leigh, F	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	India	ditto
578	Lepage, H L	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor General's Office	Camac Street	Great Britain	ditto
		Assistant, firm of Magor and Co.	7, New China Bazar Street...	India	ditto

581	Lewis, G A	... Firm of Murdoch and Co	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	ditto
582	Limond, R	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
583	Lindsay, R A E	... Assistant, J Davis and Co	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto
584	Linsell, F G	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
585	Linton, W	... Proprietor, Spence's Hotel	... Wellesley Place	... India	ditto
586	Livesey, G K	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
587	Lloyd, E H	... Bill Broker	... Wellesley Street	... ditto	ditto
588	Logan, M	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
589	Longhurst, C	... Head Assistant, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
590	Longley, E F	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
591	Lopez, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
592	Lord, J H	... Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
593	Lovegrove, C W	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
594	Low, D	... Assistant, P and O Co	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
595	Lowen, G	... Manager, Landing and Shipping Co	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
596	Lowther, P M	... Assistant, John Elliot and Co	... 4, Clive Street	... India	ditto
597	Lucas, W	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
598	Lyall, A A	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
599	Lyle, W C	... Manager, Continental Wine Company	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
600	Lynch, W J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
601	Lyons, E	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
602	Lyons, G	... Superintendent, House of Correction, Establishment of the Justices.	... 4, Jahn Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
603	Lynn, G J	... Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	... 21, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
		... Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
M					
606	McIntosh, W C	Assistant, Duncan and Co	... Olive Street	... Great Britain	Christian
607	McInnes, J G	Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co	... 81, ditto	... ditto	ditto
608	McKean, A B	Accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
609	McKellor, G B	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co	... 7, New China Bazar Street...	... ditto	ditto
610	McKinnell, E	Partner, Adelphi Hotel	... Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto
611	McLaren, J	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
612	McLaren, J G	Assistant, W Moran and Co	... 3, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
613	McLean, H J	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
614	McLean, J M	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co...	... 16, Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
615	McLean, J W	Foreman, G F Lackersteen and Co	... 36, New China Bazar Street	... India	ditto
616	McLeod, A	Officiating Printer, Government Printing Office.	... Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto
617	McLeod, H H	Assistant, Mackilican & Co	... 7, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
618	McNair, J W	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
619	McNamara, J E	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... Garstin's Place	... India	ditto
620	McPhun, R B	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	... Strand Road	... Great Britain	ditto
621	MacArthur, T J	Superintendent, Printing Department, EIR	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
622	Macbay, A J	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
623	Macdonald, J	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... India	ditto
624	Macdonald J	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... 4, Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto
625	Macfadyen, J	ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
626	Mackay, D	Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wallace & Co	... Dhurrumtollah	... ditto	ditto
627	Mackay, James	Assistant, Graham and Co	... 9, Olive Street	... ditto	ditto
628	Mackay, J L	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	... 13, Strand	... ditto	ditto
...	...	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto

631	Mackenzie, J	...	Photographer, Surveyor-General's Office ...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
632	Mackenzie, N W	...	Superintendent, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
633	Mackenzie, H T	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
634	Mackenzie, W	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
635	Mackewan, W H	...	Assistant, Nichol, Fleming and Co	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
636	Mackie, T E	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
637	MacLagan, G C	...	Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co	4, Clive Ghât Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
638	Macleod, A	...	In charge Agricultural section, Office of Superintendent Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
639	Macleod, C H	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
640	Macleod, G W	...	Assistant, Accountant-General of Bengal...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
641	Macleod, H	...	Assistant, Cook and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
642	Macnab, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
643	Macnair, J F	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
644	Macray, James	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
645	Mactavish, W B	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
646	Madge, G H	...	1st Assistant to Mint Master	Strand	...	India	ditto
647	Madge, W C	...	Sub-Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
648	Maelzer, J G	...	Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	Australia	ditto
649	Magee, J	...	Manager, Smith, Stanistreet and Co	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
650	Mauly, D W	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance.	4, Garstin's Place	...	India	ditto
651	Manook, J Z	...	Bill and Stock Broker	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
652	Manuel, C H	...	Printer, T Black and Co	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
653	Manuel, H R	...	Reader & W Press Rental	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Issue Vouching.</i>	<i>Christian</i>
655	Mannuel, J	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	Christian
656	Mannuel, J A	...	London's Building	...	ditto
657	Marceline, J E	...	Government Place	...	ditto
658	Marshall, F H	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto
659	Martin, E	...	ditto	...	ditto
660	Martin, H G	...	Park Street	...	ditto
661	Martin, J C	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
662	Martin, J P	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
663	Martin, W H	...	Strand	...	ditto
664	Martinelli, J P	...	10, ditto	...	ditto
665	Martyr, E L	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
666	Martyrose, C A	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
667	Martyrose, P A	...	109, Old China Bazar Street	...	ditto
668	Massa, A	...	Pollock Street	...	Great Britain
669	Massin, J	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India
670	Masters, E	...	Government Place	...	ditto
671	Mathews, F H	...	42, Bentinck Street	...	ditto
672	Mathewson, R N	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain
673	Maundrell, A W J	...	ditto	...	India
674	Mawson, D	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	Great Britain
675	Mawson, W P	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
676	Maxwell, W	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
677	May, F W	...	Wellesley Place	...	India
678	Mayne, F G	...	26, Mango Lane	...	Great Britain
679	Mendie, J J	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto

	Accountant, Office of Examiner, P W	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
681 Medlycott, H	Accounts.			
682 Meik, G	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... Great Britain	ditto
683 Mell, A N	... Assistant, L W Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
684 Melville, J	... Firm of Ahmuty and Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
685 Mendes, J A	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
686 Mendes, M A	... Chief Clerk, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing.	... Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
687 Mendies, A D	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	... Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto
688 Meugens, M	... Assistant, Moran and Co	... 3, Church Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
689 Meyer, A J	... Firm of Meyer and Co	... Cooper's Lane	... India	ditto
690 Meyer, H	... Tea Merchant	... 7, Wellesley Place	... Great Britain	ditto
691 Michael, J H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto
692 Middleton, C	... Chief Assistant, Store Department, E I R.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
693 Middleton, E	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
694 Miller, J	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, P W Accts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
695 Miller, R	... Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
696 Millet, C E	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
697 Mills, J	... Assistant, W L Atkinson and Co	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
698 Milne, J	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
699 Milne, J	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	... 4, Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto
700 Milne, J L	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto
701 Milne, T K	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
702 Milne, W P	... Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division.	... 15, Writers' Building	... India	ditto
703 Mitchell, D	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... ditto	ditto
704 Mitchell, J D O	... Store-keeper, Calcutta Jetties	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	ditto
705 Moira, A N	... Assistant, "City Press"	... Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
M						
707	Moon, J .	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	... India	Christian	
708	Moore, B	... Firm of Moore and Co	Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
709	Moore, C H	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co...	Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
710	Moore, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller, Public Works Accounts.	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
711	Moreino, J A	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	... India	ditto	
712	Moreiro, J A	... Foreman, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
713	Morrison, D M L	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
714	Morrison, J J L L	... Assistant Accountant, Oriental Bank Cor- poration.	Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
715	Morriss, E	... Agent, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corporation.	Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
716	Mowat, M	... Professor, Free Church Institution	Beadon Street	... ditto	ditto	
717	Mullen, H E	... Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
718	Muller, H A	... Assistant, Calcutta Mint	Strand	... India	ditto	
719	Mumford, J	... Assistant, King, Hamilton and Co	Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
720	Murphy, F J	... Druggist	Bow Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
721	Murray, F W	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
722	Murray, J	... Firm of Black and Murray	Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto	
723	Murray, P S	... Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
724	Musgrave, B W	... Assistant, Harold and Co	3, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
725	Musgrave, J	... Draftsman, Geological Museum	Hastings Street	... India	ditto	
726	Myhill, W H	... Melter, Calcutta Mint	Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
727	Mylne, J	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	

N

Calcutta Division.

731	Nerius, J C F	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
732	Newbery, J	...	ditto	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
733	Newing, R D M	...	Assistant, Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
734	Newman, W R	...	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
735	Newton, W H	...	Firm of Newson and Co	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
736	Newton, H W	...	Assistant, Robert and Charrinol	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto	ditto
737	Nicholas, J J	...	Assistant, Apear and Co	Radha Bazar	...	India	ditto
738	Nicholls, W	...	Firm of Nicholls and Co	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
739	Nightingale, W H	...	Assistant, Cuthbertson and Harper	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
740	Niven, H	...	Head Printer, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
741	Noble, R C	...	Firm of John Elliot and Co	4, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
742	Norton, J B	...	Plumber	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
743	Nosworthy, W C	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
O							
744	Oates, J	...	Store Accountant, E I R	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
745	O'Brien, C M	...	Hide Broker	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
746	O'Brien, M	...	Head Clerk, Mathematical Instrument Department.	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
747	O'Flaherty, R	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	14, Chowringhee	...	ditto	ditto
748	O'Sullivan, J P	...	Accountant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
749	O'Sullivan, T W	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
750	Orniston, G A	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
751	Orr, P P.	...	Assistant, Military Department.	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
752	Osmond, W M	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Butn and Co	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.		
753	Ottewill, H T	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	Christian
754	Otto, F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	India	ditto
755	Owen, M	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
756	Owen, S	...	Inhabitant	...	1, Old Boytakhana, 2nd Lane	...	ditto	ditto
757	Owen, T R	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camac Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
P								
758	Palmer, C	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto
759	Palmer, G G	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
760	Palmer, J G	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
761	Palmer, J H	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
762	Palmer, W	...	Assistant, Office of Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
763	Parker, A J	...	Manager, C and W Scott and Co	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
764	Parker, J C	...	Assistant, P and O Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
765	Parmer, C H	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
766	Parsons, W	...	Assistant, Peel, Jacob and Co	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
767	Partridge, T	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
768	Pascal, E M	...	Manager, Dunn and Co	...	3, Cooper's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
769	Patton, J R T	...	Surveyor, Abkaree Office, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
770	Paul, A	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
771	Paxton, A	...	Shoemaker	...	Waterloo Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
772	Payne, J H	...	Assistant, J Anderson and Co	...	Church Lane	...	India	ditto
773	Pearce, H L	...	Firm of Pearce and Baist, Brokers	...	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
774	Peel, C	...	Manager. Barlow and Co	...	Clive Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto

776	Pemantle, H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
777	Pennington, G	... Assistant, T F Brown and Co	... Dhurumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
778	Pereira, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
779	Pereira, E H	... Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	... 10, Strand	... ditto	ditto
780	Pereira, E H	... Head Assistant, Agent for Consignments...	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
781	Pereira, F	... Reader, Office of Superintendent Government Printing.	... 8, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
782	Pereira, J F	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, P W D.	... 20, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
783	Pereira, J J	... Assistant, Arlington and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
784	Pereira, J W A	... Assistant, P S D' Rozario and Co	... Lall Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
785	Pereira, T A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
786	Pereira, T R	... Assistant, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
787	Persey, C W	... Assistant, F and C Osler	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
788	Peters, J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... India	ditto
789	Peterson, F W	... Assistant, Bullion Office, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
790	Peterson, H J	... Assistant, Jessop and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
791	Phillips, L	... Assistant Pipelayer, Calcutta Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
792	Phillips, D H	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
793	Phillips, H	... Inspector, Emigration Depôt	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
794	Picachy, L	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
795	Piesse, L	... Trader	... Dhurumtollah Street	... Great Britain	ditto
796	Pinlow, W J	... Firm of Harman and Co	... 6, Jaun Bazar, 1st Lane	... ditto	ditto
797	Pinkerton, H C	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
798	Pinkerton, R	... Assistant, Burn and Co	... 7, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
799	Pinto, J C	... Chief Accountant, Military Department, Account Branch.	... Dacre's Lane	... India	ditto
800	Place, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	P					
802	Playfair, P	Assistant, Playfair, Duncan and Co	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
803	Pomeroy, J R	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	... 6, Lyons Range	... ditto	ditto	
804	Porteous, A M	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
805	Porter, S B	Assistant, Thomas Watson and Co	... 1, Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
806	Pottenger, G	Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street.	... ditto	ditto	
807	Potter, J A	Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... India	ditto	
808	Power, M	Registrar, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
809	Powlesland, R O	Assistant, Burke and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto	
810	Pratt, H	Assistant, F and C Osler	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
811	Presgrave, E W	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
812	Price, G A	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
813	Price, J A	Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division, Public Works Department.	... Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
814	Prins, P A	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	... Strand Road	... India	ditto	
815	Pritchard, A H	Bill Broker	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
816	Proby, F M	Assistant, Dunn and Co	... 71, Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto	
817	Prussia, G	Accountant, Controller, Public Works Accounts.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
818	Purchase, E B	Engineer, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
	Q					
819	Quanbrough, F W	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	... 26, Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	
820	Quinlow, F P	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts...	... 21, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
821	Raphael, J H	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto	
822	Ravenscroft, A	Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	... Humayoon Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
823	Ravenscroft, H B	Auditor, Public Works Department.	...	...

825	Rebeiro, E	Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
826	Rebeiro, J	Overseer of Roads, 1st Division	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
827	Rebeiro, L	Head Clerk, Drainage Department	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
828	Rebeiro, R	Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
829	Rebello, W A	Assistant, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
830	Rebello, W A	Government Medical Store Department	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
831	Redman, C	Head Master, Free School	...	Free School Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
832	Reed, W J	Assistant, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
833	Reily, G M	Deputy Manager, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
834	Remedy, W T	Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
835	Remfry, J	Assistant, Hamilton and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
836	Renshaw, J E	Assistant, Watts and Co	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
837	Reynolds, R G	Assistant, Hunter and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
838	Riach, W	Teacher, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
839	Richards, L	Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
840	Riddlesdale, J J	Assistant, Bourne and Shepherd	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
841	Ridges, E B	Firm of Dykes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
842	Rigordy, C	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
843	Rigordy, C (Jr)	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	...	New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
844	Robb, G	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
845	Roberts, H.	Principal, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
846	Roberts, J	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
847	Robertson, A F	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
848	Robertson C A	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	India	ditto
849	Robins, J	Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
850	Robinson, C F		...		...		ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.	
852	Robinson, N G	...	Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wright & Co	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	Christian
853	Rodrigues, J	...	Assistant, Commissariat and Stud Depart- ment.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
854	Rodrigues, J C	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
855	Rodrigues, J H	...	Assistant, T F Brown and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
856	Rogers, D	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
857	Rogers, T B	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
858	Rogerson, R W	...	Assistant, T Smith and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
859	Rollo, R G	...	Chief Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Irrigation Branch, P W D.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
860	Romain, W St.	...	Assistant, Medical Store Department	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
861	Rose, H A	...	Zemindar	5, Lindsay Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
862	Roseboom, G J	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co Ld	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
863	Rosford, H	...	Assistant, W H Harton and Co	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
864	Rose, C	...	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
865	Ross, G G	...	Head Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
866	Ross, W	...	Assistant to D M Traill	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
867	Rostan, C S	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	India	ditto
868	Rostan, J B	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agri- culture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
869	Rostan, W B	...	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
870	Rothuey, G A J	...	Assistant, C W Scott and Co	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
871	Rowe, A H P	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co	4, Old Court House Street...	...	Great Britain	ditto
872	Rowe, D J	...	Superintendent, Office Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
873	Rabie, P C	...	Superintendent. Office of Accountant-	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto

875	Rutledge, C T	... Registrar, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto
876	Rutledge, D B	... Assistant, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
877	Rymer, F C	... Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
S					
878	Salmon, J	... Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	Garstin's Place	... Great Britain	ditto
879	Sampson, C H	... Superintendent, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto
880	Sanderson, A	... Deputy Supdt, Govt Printing	... 8, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto
881	Sarkies, J A	... Trader	... 2, Chowringhee Road	... India	ditto
882	Sarkies, S J	... Produce Broker	... Pollock Street	... ditto	ditto
883	Saunders, R R	... Assistant, Mackilloan and Co	... 7, Church Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
884	Savi, J A	... Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	... Chowringhee Road	... India	ditto
885	Scott, C	... License Inspector to the Justices, Calcutta	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
886	Scott, G C	... Assistant, Commissary General's Office	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto
887	Scott, G J	... Secretary, I G S N Co	... Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto
888	Scott, G J	... Assistant, T E Thomson and Co	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto
889	Scott, R	... Assistant, Mint	... Strand Road	... ditto	ditto
890	Scott, W A	... Assistant, Examiner, of Ordnance Office	... Coliah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto
891	Sealy, C A	... Reader, Home Department Press	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
892	Sealy, J F	... Head Clerk, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
893	Sedgfield, S	... Lithographer	... 7, Dacre's Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
894	Seton, C	... Coach Builder	... Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto
895	Seton, G	... Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto
896	Sharp, C J	... Assistant, Barlow and Co	... 5, Coliah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto
897	Shave, W	... Gas-fitter and Plumber	... Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto
898	Shaw, J W	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto

900	Sheppard, W H	...	Third Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	...	India	Christian
901	Sherlock, John	...	Assistant to Burn and Co	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto
902	Sherriff, J	...	Firm of Hunter and Co	...	156, Dhurumtollah Street...	...	ditto
903	Shilstone, W	...	Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
904	Shinn, W	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
905	Shircore, G R	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
906	Shircore, R	...	Superintendent, License Department of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
907	Shircore, S A	...	Superintendent of Store Office of the Justices.	...	ditto	...	ditto
908	Siddons, J B	...	Assistant, Calcutta Collectorate	...	Church Lane	...	ditto
909	Simmons, C E	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
910	Simmons, G H	...	Secretary to the Commissioners, Port of Calcutta.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
911	Simpson, J T	...	Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
912	Simpson, R	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	India
913	Sinclair, E G	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto
914	Slater, O	...	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
915	Slater, E M	...	Superintendent, Branch Department, Bank of Bengal.	...	ditto	...	Great Britain
916	Smith, A	...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
917	Smith, D F	...	Assistant, Solomon and Co	...	Government Place	...	India
918	Smith, D J M	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
919	Smith, E	...	Superintendent, House of Industry and Leper Asylum.	...	Archerst Street	...	Great Britain
920	Smith, E M	...	Assistant, Registry Office of Hackney Carriages.	...	Free School Street	...	India

921	Smith, G	... Assistant, Bengal Unconvenanted Medical Hall.	Wellesley Street	...	ditto	ditto
922	Smith, G F	... Firm of Greenwood and Co	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
923	Smith, H G	... Wine Merchant	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
924	Smith, J D S	... Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Police.	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
925	Smith, M	... Firm of Graham and Co	9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
926	Smith, S	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
927	Smith, T	... Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
928	Smith, T S	... Printer, City Press	Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
929	Smith, W	... Overseer, Justices of the Peace	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
930	Smith, W	... Assistant, Legislative Council Office	Government Place	...	India	ditto
931	Smith, W	... Superintendent, Thacker, Spink and Co's Press.	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
932	Smith, W A	... Assistant, Burn and Co	Hastings Street	...	.....	ditto
933	Smith, W B	... Firm of W B Smith and Co, Perfumers	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
934	Smith, W F	... Manager, J Davis and Co, Milliners	Government Place	...	India	ditto
935	Smith, W J	... Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
936	Smyth, C E	... Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	6, Lyons Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
937	Smyth, W S	... Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	Coliah Ghat Street	...	India	ditto
938	Somers, J M	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
939	Somerville, A	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
940	Southey, J T	... Firm of Harman and Co	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
941	Soutter, P	... Superintendent, Drainage Department	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
942	Spankie, D S	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
943	Spooner, H B	... Assistant, Cook and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
944	Stalman, F	... Assistant, R B Rodda and Co	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto

946	Stanford, G	... Firm of Ranken and Co	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	Christian
947	Stanley, E J	... Assistant, Stokes, Coleman and Co	... Mission Row	... ditto	ditto
948	Stapleton, E	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
949	Stapleton, J	... Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
950	Stapleton, R T	... Assistant, F W Baker and Co	... 9, Old Court House Street...	... ditto	ditto
951	Stark, P B	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
952	Steuart, C S	... Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... India	ditto
953	Stevenson, E C	... Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	... Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto
954	Stevenson, J	... Assistant, Graham and Co	... 9, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
955	Stewart, C A	... Assistant, Moran and Co	... Church Lane	... India	ditto
956	Stewart, T	... Produce Broker	... 102, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
957	Stowell, J A	... Registrar, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
958	Stuart, C	... Deputy Registrar, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto
959	Stuart, E	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto
960	Stuart, T	... Head Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
961	Sullivan, T J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
962	Summers, A	... Firm of Watson and Summers	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
963	Sunder, C W P	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... India	ditto
964	Sutherland, A	... Assistant, Wyman and Co	... 10, Hare Street	... ditto	ditto
965	Sutherland, R K	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
966	Swaries, J W	... Assistant, Government Medical Department.	... Store Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
967	Swaries, P	... Undertaker	... Bntinck Street	... ditto	ditto
968	Sweet, J	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
969	Swinden, F G	... Store-keeper, India General Steam Naviga- tion Company Limited.	... Strand	... India	ditto

970	Sykes, A L	... Firm of Sykes and Co	Cld Court House Corner	... Great Britain	ditto
971	Sykes, E	... Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
972	Symonds, E	... Firm of Lazarus and Co	... Lentinck Street	... ditto	ditto
T					
973	Tanner, P A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto
974	Taylor, J	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto
975	Taylor, J E	... Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
976	Templeton, E D	... Assistant, Agelasto and Co	... ditto	... India	ditto
977	TenBrocke, A H	... Accountant, Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Department.	... London's Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
978	Tetley, E H	... Assistant, Home Department	... ditto	... India	ditto
979	Thom, J	... Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	... Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto
980	Thomas, G E	... Assistant, J Thomas and Co	... Mission Row	... ditto	ditto
981	Thomas, W	... Assistant, Baptist Mission Press	... Lower Circular Road	... India	ditto
982	Thomas, W L	... Assistant, J Thomas and Co	... Mission Row	... Great Britain	ditto
983	Thompson, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Park Street	... India	ditto
984	Thompson, G S	... Firm of W H Harton and Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
985	Thompson, J	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
986	Thompson, J H	... Assistant, Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar	... ditto	ditto
987	Thomson, E	... Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
988	Thomson, F R	... Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	... 26, Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto
989	Thomson, J G	... Assistant, Wyman and Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto
990	Thomson, J T	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Com- merce Department.	... London's Buildings	... India	ditto
991	Thomson, R	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
992	Thomson, W	... Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto
993	Thorpe, W J	... Superintendent, Home-Office	... London's Buildings	... India	ditto

995	Tilden, W D	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	London's Buildings	...	India	Christian
996	Timms, T A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
997	Tobias, H	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
998	Tod, J	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
999	Toussaint, E B	...	Superintendent, Drainage Works	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
1000	Traill, D H	...	Proprietor, <i>Calcutta Advertiser</i>	British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1001	Trotter, A E C	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1002	Tucker, A R	...	Assistant, E Thomson and Co, Gasfitters...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
1003	Tucker, S J	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1004	Tullokh J C	...	Assistant, E I Railway Office	22, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
1005	Tulloch, R W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1006	Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co	7, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1007	Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1008	Turnbull, R W	...	Vet Surgeon, Thomas Smith and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1009	Turner, H W	...	Assistant, Harold and Co	3, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1010	Turner, J	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
1011	Turner, W W	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1012	Twalling, J W	...	Registrar, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1013	Urquhart, R D	...	Warder, Calcutta Mint	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1014	Vangrieken, E E	...	Assistant, Baker and Co	9, Old Court House Street...	...	India	ditto
1015	Vardon, A	...	Assistant, Vardon and Co	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1016	Vardon, E S	...	Broker	Wall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1017	Vaughan, S	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar	...	Great Britain	ditto
1018	Vernieux, E O	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto

U

V

1019	Vertannes, P	...	Assistant, I G S N Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1020	Vertannes, Z	...	Assistant, Ralli and Mavrojani	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1021	Very, J C	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
1022	Victor, J T	...	Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
1023	Vivian, W	...	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
1024	Waddel, Geo	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Collah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
1025	Wagstaff, P	...	Chief Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
1026	Wakefield, W S	...	Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1027	Wakeford, J T	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
1028	Walker, H	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1029	Walker, H	...	Assistant, J Anderson and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
1030	Walker, J	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1031	Walker, P A	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1032	Walker, T L	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1033	Wallace, G	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1034	Wallace, G A	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1035	Wallace, J	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
1036	Wallace, P	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1037	Wallace, P	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India	ditto
1038	Waller, E D	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1039	Waller, G D	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Claims	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1040	Wallis, A H	...	Firm of Manton and Co	...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1041	Wallis, C T	...	Firm of Ranken and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto

1043	Ware, T E	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	India	Christian
1044	Ware, W J	...	Assistant, Office of Ordnance Accounts	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1045	Wareham, J	...	2nd Grade Engineer, Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1046	Waters, W B	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1047	Watson, A F	...	Executive Engineer, 3rd Presidency Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1048	Watson, A G	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1049	Watson, E	...	Firm of Watson and Summers	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
1050	Watson, H H	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Homayoon Place	...	India	ditto
1051	Watson, H W A	...	Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Accounts	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1052	Watson, J	...	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1053	Watson, J	...	Superintendent, Office of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1054	Watson, Thomas	...	Tea and General Produce Broker	...	1, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1055	Watson, William	...	Firm of Thomas Watson and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1056	Watson, W H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
1057	Watts, J	...	Firm of Duncan and Co	...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1058	Weatherdon, R	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1059	Wellstead, J	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1060	Welm, W F	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
1061	Wenger, E S	...	Clerk, Office of Jt-Secy to the Govt of Bengal, P W D, Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
1062	Wenger W L	...	Suput, Compr-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1063	West, R B	...	Assistant, F W Baker and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1064	Westfield, W F	...	Firm of Westfield and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1065	Westland, W	...	Superintendent, Depositors' Department, Bank of Bengal.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1066	Wetherill, J	...	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto

1067	Wetherill, J E	... Firm of J M Edmond and Co	... Hertinck Street	... ditto	ditto
1068	Whelan, H G	... Assistant, Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	7, Chilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
1069	White, J	... Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
1070	Whitehead, J J	... Assistant, Comptroller-General of Accounts	Treasury Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
1071	Whiteway, E	... Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1072	Whyte, J	... Assistant, Kelly and Co	4, Lyons Range	... ditto	ditto
1073	Wicks, H	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	... ditto	ditto
1074	Wilder, W	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
1075	Wilkinson, J W	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	Dalhousie Square	... India	ditto
1076	Wilcox, J L	... Freight and Ship Broker	102, Olive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
1077	Williams, A B	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	... India	ditto
1078	Williamson, R	... Assessor of Roads, Justices of the Peace	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
1079	Williamson, R	... Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto
1080	Wills, F J	... Assistant, Watts and Co	Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
1081	Wills, G	... Assistant, J Mackilloan and Co	Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
1082	Wilson, A B	... Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	... India	ditto
1083	Wilson, G	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto
1084	Wilson, James	... Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	... ditto	ditto
1085	Wilson, R	... Assistant, Jessop and Co	Clive Street	... India	ditto
1086	Wilson, S	... Firm of S Wilson and Co	Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto
1087	Wilson, S R	... Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
1088	Wilson, T	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	ditto
1089	Wilson, W G H	... Assistant, Commissary General's Office	6, Park Street	... India	ditto
1090	Windle, J A	... Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto

1092	Wintgens, G	...	Superintendent of Roads, &c., Justices of the Peace.	Office of	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	Christian
1093	Winton, J J	...	Accountant, Hong-Kong and Banking Corporation.	Shanghai	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1094	Wolff, J T	...	Assistant, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1095	Woollen, G W	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Office of Military	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1096	Womack, J G	...	Assistant, Harman and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1097	Wood, G S P	...	Parcel Officer, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.	and Oriental	Strand	...	India	ditto
1098	Wood, J	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1099	Wood, S G	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1100	Wood, T	...	Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office, Military Department.	Military	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1101	Wood, T W	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Controller of Public	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1102	Woodward, J V	...	Assistant, Cooke and Kelvey	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1103	Woollam, W D	...	Superintendent, Foreign Department Press	Foreign Department Press	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1104	Woollams, A	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co	...	4, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1105	Woolkerton, C R	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Controller of Military	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1106	Wray, G	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
1107	Wright, C F	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Govern- ment of India, P W D.	Secretary to Govern- ment of India, P W D.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1108	Wright, G	...	Inspector of Nuisances	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1109	Wyatt, S W	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Comptroller-General of	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1110	Wylie, E D	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	Stand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1111	Yakachee, J P	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto

1113	Yates, G R	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
1114	Young, A	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
1115	Yule, G U	... Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
	Z				
1116	Zemin, D J	... Firm of Arlington and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
1117	Zemin, J	... Teacher, Doveton College	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto
	A				
1118	Abdulla	... Translator, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	... 1, Larkin's Lane	... India	Mahomedan
1119	Abdul Hye	... Head Professor, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah.	... Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto
1120	Addy, Bustom Doss	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	... 7, Colilah Ghât Street	... ditto	Brahmo
1121	Addy, Debendro Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co	... 81, Olive Street	... ditto	ditto
1122	Addy, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	Hindoo
1123	Addy, Gurnachand	... Deputy Cashier, National Bank of India	... 9, Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
1124	Addy, Jadub Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto
1125	Addy, Nobin Caunder	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1126	Addy, Nuffer Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1127	Addy, Nursing Dass	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1128	Addy, Rajkisto	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1129	Aich, Koylas Caunder	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P W D	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	J
	B				
1130	Bagehee, Braj-nath	... Assistant, Bengal Acct.-Genl's Office	... Government Place	... ditto	
1131	Banerjee, Addonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	
1132	Banerjee, Ashooksh	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	... Humayoon Place	... ditto	
1133	Banerjee, Bama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	

1156	Banerjee, Isen Chunder	...	Head Accountant, Government Printing Office.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1157	Banerjee, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissioner's Office	3, Theatre Road	...	ditto
1158	Banerjee, Jodoo Nath	...	Accountant, I G S N Co	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1159	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Sanskrit Professor, Cathedral Mission College	Putaldangab	...	ditto
1160	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1161	Banerjee, Jogeshur	...	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1162	Banerjee, Kalichurn	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Ghat Street	...	Christian
1163	Banerjee, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	...	Hindoo
1164	Banerjee, Kalidass	...	Assistant, Tamvaco and Co	Canning Street	...	ditto
1165	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1166	Banerjee, Kaliprosono	...	4th grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	ditto	...	ditto
1167	Banerjee, Keder Nath	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1168	Banerjee, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1169	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1170	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Clerk, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1171	Banerjee, Mahub Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1172	Banerjee, Nilcomul	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1173	Banerjee, Nilmoney	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1174	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Hmayaan Place	...	ditto
1175	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Clerk, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1176	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, &c., Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1177	Banerjee, Nobo Gopal	...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	6, Park Street	...	ditto

1180	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Head Writer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	3, Church Lane	...	India	Hindoo
1181	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1182	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E I R	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1183	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Head Assistant, Abkaree Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1184	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1185	Banerjee, Pran Coomar	...	2nd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presidency Division.	...	3, Theatre Road	...	ditto	ditto
1186	Banerjee, Preo Nath	...	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1187	Banerjee, Prosono Coomar	...	Sub-Engineer, P W D	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1188	Banerjee, Protap Chunder	...	Head Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	1, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1189	Banerjee, Punchanun	...	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1190	Banerjee, Radha Nath	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1191	Banerjee, Rajendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Agent's Office, E I R	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1192	Banerjee, Rajkissen	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1193	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1194	Banerjee, Runendro Nath	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1195	Banerjee, Russick Lall	...	Head Assistant, Stationery Dept, E I R	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1196	Banerjee, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1197	Banerjee, Sreenath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1198	Banerjee, Sudanundo	...	3rd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1199	Banerjee, Troylukho Nath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1200	Banerjee, Umerito Lall	...	Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Name	Post	Office	Address	India	Hindoo
1225	Rose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Mercantile Bank of India	... Dalhousie Square	...	Hindoo
1226	Rose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1227	Rose, Haran Chunder	...	Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office	... 2nd Calcutta Division, Imperial Museum.	...	ditto
1228	Rose, Hurrish Chunder	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	... Mission Row	...	ditto
1229	Rose, Hurrish Chunder	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto
1230	Rose, Hurro Coomar	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	... Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1231	Rose, Hurrymohun	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	... Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1232	Rose, Jogendro Coomar	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto
1233	Rose, Kalitara	...	Assistant, Public Works Department, Bengal.	... Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1234	Rose, Kedarnath	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	... College Square	...	ditto
1235	Rose, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	... Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1236	Rose, Modocoodun	...	Assistant, M C Joskim and Co	... Old China Bazar	...	ditto
1237	Rose, Mohendro Nath	...	Inhabitant	... Putaldangah	...	ditto
1238	Rose, Mudunmohun	...	Assistant, Petrocochino and Co	... 2, New China Bazar	...	ditto
1239	Rose, Nepal Chunder	...	Assistant Accountant, Office of the Justices of the Peace, Account Department.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1240	Rose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1241	Rose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade	...	ditto
1242	Rose, Norendro Nath	...	Inhabitant	... Putuldanga	...	ditto
1243	Rose, Noyan Chunder	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	... 1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1244	Rose, Nundo Gopal	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... 4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1245	Rose, Omerto Kissen	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1246	Rose, Omerto Lall	...	Head Accountant, Graham and Co	... Clive Street	...	ditto
1247	Rose, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	... 10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1248	Rose, Poran Chunder	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	... Cognell House Street	...	ditto

		...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1249	Bose, Prankisto	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1250	Bose, Rajnarain	...	Banian	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1251	Bose, Rajkisto	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Banksall Street	...	ditto
1252	Bose, Rakhdass	...	Assistant, R D Bose and Co, Wine Merchants.	Mission Row	...	ditto
1253	Bose, Rye Churn	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1254	Bose, Soorjeenarain	...	Banian	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1255	Bose, Tarucknath	...	Assistant Inspector, License Department of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1256	Bose, Womesh Chunder	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Banksall Street	...	ditto
1257	Bural, Goberdhone	...	Assistant, National Bank	Council House Street	...	ditto
1258	Bural, Judoo Nath	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1269	Bural, Ram Sabuk	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1260	Buzlul, Haq	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	Chowringhee Road	...	Mahomedan
1261	Buzlar, Rahman	...	Teacher, Calcutta Madrassa	Wellesley Square	...	ditto
1262	Bysack, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	Hindoo
1263	Bysack, Brojo Gopal	...	Inhabitant	Nemoo Gossain's Lane, Burtollah.	...	ditto
1264	Bysack, Gopal Chunder	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Banksall Street	...	ditto
1265	Bysack, Jugger Nath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, ditto	...	ditto
1266	Bysack, Mohendro Nath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	ditto	...	ditto
1267	Bysack, Mohun Chand	...	Inhabitant	Soobaram Bysack's Lane	...	ditto
1268	Bysack, Mudun Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1269	Bysack, Prem Chand	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
1270	Bysack, Prosono Coomar	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Banksall Street	...	ditto
1271	Bysack, Radha Gobind	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, ditto	...	ditto

1273	Bysack, Radha Persad	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	India	Bandoo
1274	Bysack, Radha Romun	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
1275	Bysack, Romanath	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1276	Bysack, Sham Soonder	...	ditto ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1277	Bysack, Shib Chunder	...	Supdt, Office of Controller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1278	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1279	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
C							
1280	Chatterjee, Bani Madhub	...	Assistant, Controller of Military Accounts	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1281	Chatterjee, Beejoynath	...	Treasurer, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1282	Chatterjee, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1283	Chatterjee, Bishnu Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1284	Chatterjee, Bunkobeharry	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1285	Chatterjee, Degumber	...	Head Clerk, Office of Commissioner, Presidency Division.	Theatre Road	...	ditto	ditto
1286	Chatterjee, Degumber	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	2, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1287	Chatterjee, Denonath	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1288	Chatterjee, Doorga Dass	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co	14, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1289	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosunno	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1290	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1291	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosunno	...	Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1292	Chatterjee, Gungadhur	...	Assistant, Accountant's Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	4, Mun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1293	Chatterjee, Hurriah Chunder	...	Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto

1294	Chatterjee, Muribangs	...	ASSISTANT, ASSISTANT DEPARTMENT	...	...	...	ditto
1295	Chatterjee, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1296	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
1297	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1298	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1299	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto
1300	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1301	Chatterjee, Kalinath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1302	Chatterjee, Kaliprosunno	...	Assistant, Executive Commissariat Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1303	Chatterjee, Kedarnath	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	4, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1304	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1305	Chatterjee, K C	...	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
1306	Chatterjee, Krishno Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1307	Chatterjee, Mohesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1308	Chatterjee, Netie Chund	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	...	Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1309	Chatterjee, Niharon Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1310	Chatterjee, Nilmadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane, Tuneah.	...	ditto
1311	Chatterjee, Nyan Chund	...	Supervisor, P W D, Military Works	...	Fort William	...	ditto
1312	Chatterjee, Promothonnath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1313	Chatterjee, Promothonnath	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1314	Chatterjee, Prosunocoomar	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1315	Chatterjee, Panchanun	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1316	Chatterjee, Rajendronath	...	Clerk, Office of Controller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto

C.

...	Chatterjee, Ramsabuck	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	India	...	Hindoo
1317	Chatterjee, Ramsabuck	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	India	...	Hindoo
1318	Chatterjee, Romanath	...	Broker	...	Chorebagan	...	ditto	...	ditto
1319	Chatterjee, Sateowrie	...	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto
1320	Chatterjee, S P	...	Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	...	ditto
1321	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
1322	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
1323	Chatterjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
1324	Chatterjee, Sumbhoo Chunder	...	Clerk, Office of Controller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto
1325	Chatterjee, Surbosook	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	...	ditto
1326	Chatterjee, Tarini Churn	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	20, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	...	ditto
1327	Chatterjee, Umbika Churn	...	2nd Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto
1328	Chatterjee, Womesh Chunder	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Street	...	ditto	...	Christian
1329	Chowdhry, Gopal Gobindo	...	Assistant, Office of Controller, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	...	Hindoo
1330	Chowdhry, Gyan Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	...	ditto
1331	Chowdhry, H C	...	Assistant, Bird and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	...	ditto
1332	Chowdhry, Kirty Chunder	...	Engineer	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto
1333	Chowdhry, Nicoojobehary	...	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1334	Chowdhry, Nilcomul	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office	...	Government Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
1335	Chowdhry, Nety Gobindo	...	Apprentice Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division	...	Imperial Museum	...	ditto	...	ditto
1336	Chowdhry, Frankisto	...	Banian, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
1337	Chowdhry, Prosonocomar	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
1338	Chowdhry, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto
1339	Chowdhry, Trovluckonath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	...	ditto

1341	Chuckerbutty, Debendronath ...	Assistant, Home Department	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1342	Chuckerbutty, Dwarnath ...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1343	Chuckerbutty, Issen Chunder ...	Assistant, Burn and Co	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1344	Chuckerbutty, Judoonath ...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1345	Chuckerbutty, Kaliprosunno ...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1346	Chuckerbutty, Khetter Paul ...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1347	Chuckerbutty, Nilmony ...	Second Master, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1348	Chuckerbutty, Nobin Chunder...	Head Assistant, Presidency Executive Commissioneriat Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1349	Chuckerbutty, Peary Mohun ...	Banian, J DeSouza and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1350	Chuckerbutty, Sreekisto ...	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1351	Chuckerbutty, Surroop Chunder.	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1352	Chuckerbutty, Thakoor Dass ...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1353	Chuckerbutty, Womesh Chunder	Assistant, Hegg, Dunlop and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1354	Chuckerbutty, Woorna Churn...	Accountant, Office of Executive Engineer, Fort William Division.	...	Fort William	...	ditto	ditto
1355	Chunder, Anundo Chunder ...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1356	Chunder, Bindoo Chunder ...	Accountant, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1357	Chunder, Bissonath ...	Assistant, Office of Asst-Genl, Bengal	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1358	Chunder, Bonomally ...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1359	Chunder, Dwarkanath ...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1360	Chunder, Kanye Lall ...	Inhabitant	...	Tuntunah	...	ditto	ditto
1361	Chunder, Mohendro Lall ...	Assistant, R Macallister and Co	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1362	Coomar, Joygolindo ...	Assistant, Drainage Department, Office of the Justices.	...	Howringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1363	Coomar, Nilmony ...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Name.	C	Name.	Office or Duty.	India	Hindoo
1364	Coondoo, Kalichurn	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	10, Hare Street	...	Hindoo
1365	Coondoo, Khetter Chunder	...	Assistant, Stamp Office	Church Lane	...	ditto
1366	Coondoo, Preonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1367	Cowasjee, Hurmesjee	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	9, Clive Street	...	Parsee
			D			
1368	Dass, Auditto Churn	...	Assistant, Scallan and Co	Pollock Street	...	Hindoo
1369	Dass, Behary Lall	...	Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto
1370	Dass, Banymadhuh	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1371	Dass, Choonee Lall	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1372	Dass, Doyal Chund	...	Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1373	Dass, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1374	Dass, Gobind Chund	...	Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1375	Dass, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Justices of the Peace, Accountant's Department.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1376	Dass, Hurish Chunder	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Street	...	ditto
1377	Dass, Hurro Sunker	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1378	Dass, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1379	Dass, Kessub Chunder	...	Assistant Accountant, Audit Office, E I R	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1380	Dass, Khetter Paul	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1381	Dass, Kristo Mohun	...	Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto
1382	Dass, Mobesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1383	Dass, Nilcomul	...	Sub-Assistant Auditor, E I Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1384	Dass, Nabin Chunder	...	Second Master, Hindoo School	College Square	...	ditto
			Wallaslev Square	...	...	ditto

1386	Dass, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1387	Dass, Ram Chunder	...	Inhabitant	...	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto
1388	Dass, Ramdass	...	License Inspector to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1389	Dass, Ram Ruttun	...	Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1390	Dass, Shama Sanker	...	Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1391	Dass, Shih Chunder	...	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1392	Dass, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Military Secretariat	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1393	Dass, Sreenibas	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1394	Dass, Tincowrie	...	Broker	...	Sonagachee Lane	...	ditto
1395	Dass, Woomeah Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1396	Dass, Wooma Churn	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1397	Deb, Brojendro Kristo	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1398	Deb, Brojo Nath	...	Assistant, John Atkinson and Co	...	Lyons Range	...	ditto
1399	Deb, Dwarka Nath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1400	Deb, Grish Chunder	...	Head Master, Hare School	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1401	Deb, Shama Churn	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1402	Dey, Beer Chund	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1403	Dey, Bostom Churn	...	Head Assistant, Summons and Warrant Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1404	Dey, Bonomali	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1405	Dey, Brojonath	...	Accountant, Calcutta Collectorate	...	Church Lane	...	ditto
1406	Dey, Chunder Coomar	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	...	7, Gollah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1407	Dey, Damodur	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

1409	Dey, Dyarkanath	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	India	Hindoo
1410	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1411	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1412	Dey, Gourisunker	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1413	Dey, Hurraram	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1414	Dey, Judoo Nath	... Accountant, Office of the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1415	Dey, Kala Chand	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1416	Dey, Kali Coomar	... Cashier, Government Printing Office	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1417	Dey, Kali Kissen	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Collah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1418	Dey, Kanye Lall	... Assistant, Office of Deputy Commissary-General, Lower Circle.	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1429	Dey, Khetter Mohun	... Assistant, Cook and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1420	Dey, Khetter Nath	... Assistant, Home Department	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1421	Dey, Kisto Mohun	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1422	Dey, Mutty Lall	... Banian, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1423	Dey, Nepal Chunder	... Reader, Government Printing Office	... 8, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1424	Dey, Netro Lall	... Assistant, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1425	Dey, Nilmony	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	1, Larkin's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1426	Dey, Nobogopal	... Assistant, E F Lackersteen and Co	... 36, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1427	Dey, Nundo Lall	... Deputy Store-keeper of Stamps	... 4, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1428	Dey, Prosonno Coomar	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1429	Dey, Romanath	... Accountant, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1430	Dey, Russick Lall	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... 30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto

1431	Dey, S C	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1432	Dey, Saroda Persad	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1433	Dey, Tarucknath	...	Assistant, Ede and Holson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
1434	Dey, Womes Chunder	...	Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1435	Dhole, Hurro C omar	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1436	Dhur, Baney Madub	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1437	Dhur, Chunder Mohun	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1438	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	Brahmo
1439	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	...	2, ditto	...	Hindoo
1440	Dhur, Kala Cuand	...	Assistant, Stamp Office	...	4, Church Lane	...	ditto
1441	Dhur, Kali Dass	...	Banian	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1442	Dhur, Kundoo Lall	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1443	Dhur, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1444	Dhur, Rajbullub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1445	Dhur, Ram Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto
1446	Dhur, Soobul Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1447	Din Muhammad	...	Landholder	...	42, Comeedanbag Lane	...	Mahomedan
1448	Dutt, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co	...	Strand	...	Hindoo
1449	Dutt, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, Oriental Bank	...	Shibtolah Lane	...	ditto
1450	Dutt, Bhobhun Mohun	...	Assistant, Robert and Chatrial	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1451	Dutt, Bholanath	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1452	Dutt, Bishnoo Churn	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1453	Dutt, Bolie Chand	...	Assistant, Gishorne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto

455	Dutt, Brojo Nath	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	Clive Street	...	India	Hindoo
456	Dutt, Brojonath	...	Chief Auditor's Office, E I R	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
457	Dutt, Budden Chunder	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
458	Dutt, Budden Chunder	...	Assistant, F T Brooks and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
459	Dutt, Bycantonath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
460	Dutt, Chundy Churn	...	Assistant, Crooke, Rome and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
461	Dutt, Doorga Churn	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
462	Dutt, Doyal Chaud	...	Assistant, Ashburner and Co	...	Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
463	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	...	Teacher, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
464	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	...	Merchant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto	ditto
465	Dutt, Goberdone	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
466	Dutt, Gopeenath	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
467	Dutt, Goshto Lall	...	Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
468	Dutt, Greedharee	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
469	Dutt, Johur Lall	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
470	Dutt, Judoo Nath	...	Record-keeper, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
471	Dutt, Kashinath	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
472	Dutt, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
473	Dutt, Khetter Pal	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
474	Dutt, Komednath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
475	Dutt, Kristo Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
476	Dutt, Lady Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
477	Dutt, Mohendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Department	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
478	Dutt, Nemy Churn	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto

1479	Dutt, Nilamber	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
480	Dutt, Nundo Coomar	...	Firm of Shib Chunder Dutt and Co	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
481	Dutt, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
482	Dutt, Okhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
483	Dutt, Opendro Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
484	Dutt, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Brenner and Laycock	...	Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
485	Dutt, Pran Kissen	...	Auditor, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
486	Dutt, Preo Nath	...	Supdt, Comptroller-General of Accounts	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
487	Dutt, Prosono Coomar	...	Trader	...	Soorteebagan	...	ditto	ditto
488	Dutt, Panchanun	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
489	Dutt, Raj Narain	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
490	Dutt, Rameshur	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
491	Dutt, Ramkinkur	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
492	Dutt, Ram Narain	...	Compiler, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
493	Dutt, Shama Churn	...	Reader, Military Department Press	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
494	Dutt, Shib Chunder	...	Cashier, National Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
495	Dutt, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co	...	Jackson's Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
496	Dutt, Shib Doyal	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Cullah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1497	Dutt, Shib Narain	...	Supervisor, Examiner, Pay Department	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1498	Dutt, Sree Kissen	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1499	Dutt, Sree Kissen	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1500	Dutt, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1501	Dutt, Sreenath	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1502	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1503	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	...	Head Clerk, Delhi and London Bank	...	4, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1504	Dutt, Woodrow Chand	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	...	4, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or C.	ig.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Coun.	'91		
1505	Fazlur Rahman Khan G	...	Landholder	...	Collingah	...	India	Mahomedan
1506	Gangooly, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
1507	Gangooly, Keshub Chunder	...	Supdt., Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1508	Gangooly, Poromartho	...	Superintendent, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1509	Gangooly, Prosono Chomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, General Dept	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1510	Gangooly, Raj Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1511	Gangooly, Shama Churn	...	English Lecturer, Sanscrit College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1512	Ghosal, Romanath	...	Serishtadar, Legal Remembrancer's Office...	...	High Court	...	ditto	ditto
1513	Ghose, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1514	Ghose, Bacharam	...	Clerk, Master Attendant's Office	...	11, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1515	Ghose, Bany Madhub	...	Head Assistant, Calcutta School Book Society.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1516	Ghose, Behary Lall	...	Book-keeper, G F Lackersteen and Co	...	36, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1517	Ghose, Bejoy Kisto	...	Book-keeper, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1518	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1519	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1520	Ghose, Calla Chand	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co	...	Ciive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1521	Ghose, Dinonath	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
1522	Ghose, Denonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1523	Ghose, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L P.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1524	Ghose, Godadhur	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1525	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1526	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, George Abbott and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto

1528	Ghose, Joy Gopal	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	...
1529	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Principal, Seal's Free College	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1530	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1531	Ghose, Juggeshur	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1532	Ghose, Kala Chandra	...	Assistant, Balmer Lawrie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1533	Ghose, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1534	Ghose, Khetter Chunder	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1535	Ghose, Mudoosoodun	...	Assistant to George Abbott and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1536	Ghose, Mudoosoodun	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1537	Ghose, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant to George Abbott and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1538	Ghose, M L	...	2nd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1539	Ghose, Neemchand	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1540	Ghose, Nilmony	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1541	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Cashier, Hunter and Co	...	156, Dhurruntollah Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1542	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Cook and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1543	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Teacher, Calcutta Madrasah	...	Wellesley Square	...	ditto	ditto
1544	Ghose, Nobo Coomar	...	Assistant, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank...	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1545	Ghose, Nobogopal	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1546	Ghose, Nobogopal	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Department.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1547	Ghose, Nobokissen	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing and Dockyard Accounts.	...	2, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1548	Ghose, P.	...	Assistant Professor, C M College	...	Puttuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
1549	Ghose, Prankissen	...	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1550	Ghose, Prasuno Coomar	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1551	Ghose, Prasuno Coomar	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	G					
1553	Ghose, Radhika Narain	... Assistant Engineer	... 14, Writers' Buildings	... India	Hindoo	
1554	Ghose, Rajender Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto	
1555	Ghose, Rajendra Nath	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution...	Cornwallis Square	... ditto	ditto	
1556	Ghose, Ram Comul	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis-sariat and Stud Department.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1557	Ghose, Ram Doyal	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1558	Ghose, R P	... Assistant Professor, C M College	Puttuldangah	... ditto	ditto	
1559	Ghose, Seetanath	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
1560	Ghose, Shama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1561	Ghose, Shib Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1562	Ghose, Shib Kissén	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
1563	Ghose, Sreekissen	... Assistant, Bengal, Secretariat, P W D	Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1564	Ghose, Sreenath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1565	Ghose, Surrut Chunder	... Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1566	Ghose, Tej Chunder	... Assistant, R Macalister and Co	Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1567	Ghose, Woody Chand	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1568	Goho, Tara Churn	... Bani an, Duncan Brothers	Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1569	Goolzar, Shah	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	Christian	
1570	Goor, Dhurmodass	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E I R	22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1571	Gupto, Choonee Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	1, Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
1572	Gupto, D C	... Proprietor, Gupto Press	Meer Jafer's Lane	... ditto	ditto	

No.	Name	Office	Address	India	Hindoo
1596	Mitter, Biprô Dass	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1597	Mitter, Bhoobun Mohun	Trader	Simlah	...	ditto
1598	Mitter, Byddo Nath	Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1599	Mitter, Churoo Chunder	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
1600	Mitter, Dabendro Nath	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1601	Mitter, Dwarka Nath	Assistant, George Henderson and Co	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1602	Mitter, Goroochurn	Book-keeper, Ulmann, Hirschhorn and Co	Canning Street	...	ditto
1603	Mitter, Grish Chunder	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L P.	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1604	Mitter, Hurriah Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1605	Mitter, Issen Chunder	Teacher, Seal's Free College	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto
1606	Mitter, Issen Chunder	Assistant, Office of Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1607	Mitter, Issur Chunder	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephew and Co	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto
1608	Mitter, Judoo Nath	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar	...	ditto
1609	Mitter, Jogendro Nath	2nd Assistant, Presidency Ex Com Office	6, Park Street	...	ditto
1610	Mitter, Kally Kinkur	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto
1611	Mitter, Kanye Lall	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1612	Mitter, Kartick Chunder	Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto
1613	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	8, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto
1614	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	Assistant, Eagleton and Co	Canning Street	...	ditto
1615	Mitter, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Office of Ex of Ordnance, &c	2, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1616	Mitter, Mohindro Nath	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto
1617	Mitter, Nilmoney	Assistant, Duncan and Co	Clive Street	...	ditto
1618	Mitter, Nilmoney	Engincer	Sham Bazar	...	ditto

1619	Mitter, Nobocoomar	...	ASSISTANT, ASSISTANT, ASSISTANT, ASSISTANT	...	2, Lyon's Range	...	ditto
1620	Mitter, Nobo Jgendro	...	Book-keeper, Bremner and Laycock	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto
1621	Mitter, Nundo Lall	...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1622	Mitter, Prosunno Coomar	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
1623	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto
1624	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	Strand	...	ditto
1625	Mitter, Radhica Churn	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1626	Mitter, Raj Mohun	...	Assistant, Simson, Griffiths and Co	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
1627	Mitter, Rajendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office, Judd Dept	...	Presidency College	...	ditto
1628	Mitter, Raj Krishna	...	Assistant, Physical Laboratory	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1629	Mitter, Rakhal Dass	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E I R	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1630	Mitter, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1631	Mitter, Sham Lall	...	Assistant, Store Department, E I R	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1632	Mitter, Shustee Chunder	...	Accountant, Controller of P W Accts	...	Strand	...	ditto
1633	Mitter, Sreecanto	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1634	Mitter, Surendro Nath	...	Assistant, Ernstlaussen and Osterley	...	8, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto
1635	Mitter, Umbica Churn	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
1636	Mitter, Womesh Gaunder	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
1637	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1638	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1639	Mookerjee, Ashok-kosh	...	Assistant, Office of Director of P Instruction	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1640	Mookerjee, Beer Narain	...	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto
1641	Mookerjee, Chunder Coomar	...	Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton and Co	...	Clive Ghât Street	...	ditto
1642	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath	...	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Fort William Division.	...	Fort William	...	ditto
1643	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath	...		...		...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
M						
1644	Mookerjee, Gocool Chunder	... Assistant to S P Sagramdi	... 10, Clive Row	... India	Hindoo	
1645	Mookerjee, Gooroo Chura	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
1646	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl Dept	... 1, Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
1647	Mookerjee, Gooroo Prosunno (Sr)	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	... 1, Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
1648	Mookerjee, Gouri Nath	... Assistant, Office of Exr of Dockyard Accts	... Coilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1649	Mookerjee, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1650	Mookerjee, Grija Bhusan	... Assistant Professor, Cathedral Mission College.	... Puttuldangh	... ditto	ditto	
1651	Mookerjee, Hatankiato	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1652	Mookerjee, Hurnath	... Assistant, Ahmuty and Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1653	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1654	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1655	Mookerjee, Jadub Chunder	... Assistant, License Department, Municipal Office.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1656	Mookerjee, Judoonath	... Teacher, Hindoo School	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
1657	Mookerjee, Judoonath	... Assistant, Store Department, E I R	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1658	Mookerjee, Judoonath	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1659	Mookerjee, Kalidhone	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1660	Mookerjee, Kalinath	... Assistant, Colvin Cowie and Co	... 1, Hastings' Street	... ditto	ditto	
1661	Mookerjee, Kamikanath	... Assistant, W. Moran and Co	... 3, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1662	Mookerjee, Kedarnath	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	... ditto	ditto	
1663	Mookerjee, Kedarnath	... Assistant, Office of Agent, Governor-General, with the ex-King of Oude.	... Joratalao Street, Chowringhee Lane.	... ditto	ditto	
1664	Mookerjee, Khetternath	... Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office.	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	

1666	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl Dept	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1667	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1668	Mookerjee, Koylash Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1669	Mookerjee, Lall Chand	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	Christian
1670	Mookerjee, Mirtoonjoy	...	Assistant, Stationery Office, Store Department.	...	4, Church Lane	...	ditto	Hindoo
1671	Mookerjee, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1672	Mookerjee, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1673	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1674	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Abmuty and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1675	Mookerjee, Nobo Coomar	...	Treasurer, E I Railway	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1676	Mookerjee, Nobo Gopal	...	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1677	Mookerjee, Nobo Kissen	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1678	Mookerjee, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to Government of India.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1679	Mookerjee, Prosonno Coomar	...	Examiner, Military Department Press	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1680	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosad	...	Executive Engineer	...	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1681	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosonno	...	2nd Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1682	Mookerjee, Raj Coomar	...	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1683	Mookerjee, Rajendronath	...	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canal Division.	...	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1684	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	...	Assistant, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	...	Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1685	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Gtive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1686	Mookerjee, Rajkisto	...	Assistant, R Scott and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1687	Mookerjee, S O	...	Firm of Mookerjee, Clark and Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	Christian

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	M ;					
1689	Mookerjee, Shoshebhooosun	... Inhabitant	... Jorasanko	... India	Hindoo	
1690	Mookerjee, Shoshebhooosun	... 2nd Writer, Presidency Executive Commissariat Office.	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
1691	Mookerjee, Sreenath	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Jdl Dept	... 1, Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
1692	Mookerjee, Tarapodo	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	... Coliah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	
1693	Mookerjee, Tarucknath	... Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... 1, New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1694	Mookerjee, Traylukho Nath	... Head Assistant, Office of Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India.	... Russell Street	... ditto	ditto	
1695	Mookerjee, Umbica Churn	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1696	Mookerjee, Woma Churn	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1697	Mookerjee, Womesh Chunder	... Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	... 21, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1698	Mookerjee, Woodoy Chand	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1699	Moosa Ali	... Translator, Legal Remembrancer's Office...	... High Court Building	... ditto	Mahomedan	
1700	Moostaphee, Hurrish Cuunder	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	... ditto	Hindoo	
1701	Moytro, Obhoy-Churn	... Assistant, Office of Pay Examiner of Railway Accounts.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1702	Mozoomdar, Dwarkanath	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1703	Mozoomdar, Gopal Chunder	... Manager, Hindu Hostel	... Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1704	Mozoomdar, Kali Churn	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co	... Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto	
1705	Mozoomdar, Kamika Nath	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	... 7, Coliah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	
1706	Mozoomdar, Mutty Lail	... Assistant, Mookerjee, Clark and Co	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1707	Mozoomdar, Toylukanath	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	... Government House	... ditto	ditto	
1708	Muhammad Abdul Rowf	... Translator, Legislative Department	... Government Place	... ditto	Mahomedan	
1709	Muhammad Ali	... Landholder	... Holwell's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1710	Muhammad Zuhurul Huq	... ditto	... 15, Golam Sobhan's Lane	... ditto	ditto	

1713	Mullick, Bolye Chand	...	Firm of Bissonath Law and Co	...	...	...	ditto
1714	Mullick, Chunder Coomar	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1715	Mullick, Chunder Nath	...	Inhabitant	...	Pathooriaghatta	...	ditto
1716	Mullick, Jogobundo	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	1, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1717	Mullick, Kanye Lall	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
1718	Mullick, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1719	Mullick, Peary Lall	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
1720	Mullick, Prem Chand	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1721	Mullick, Radha Gobindo	...	Clerk, Legal Remembrancer's Office	...	High Court building	...	ditto
1722	Mullick, Raj Kissen	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
1723	Mullick, Roop Lall	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto
1724	Mullick, Shib Chunder	...	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1725	Mullick, Soobul Chunder	...	Firm of Bissonath Law and Co	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto
1726	Mullick, Woodub Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1727	Mundle, Radha Bullub	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	...	4, ditto	...	ditto
1728	Muttylall, Nundo Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Bow Bazar, Mullunga	...	ditto
1729	Muttylall, Rajendro Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1730	Muttylall, Sham Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1731	Nabi Bakhsh	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camae Street	...	Mahomedan
1732	Nag, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Hindoo
1733	Neogy, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1734	Neogy, Sree Nath	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1735	Noorul H usan	...	Inhabitant	...	31, Upper Circular Road	...	Mahomedan
1736	Nundv. Bonomaller	...	Assistant, Gosham and Co.	...	Upper Circular Road	...	Mahomedan

No.	Name	Office	Address	Religion
1737	Nundy, Goono Madhub	Assistant, Wyman and Co	10, Hare Street	Hindoo
1738	Nundy, Issur Chunder	Head Master, Oriental Seminary	Chitpore Road	ditto
1739	Oonvalla Manchershah Framjee	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	Parsee
1740	Paul, Bholanath	Head Master, Hindoo School	College Square	Hindoo
1741	Paul, Dwarkanath (Sr)	Assistant, National Bank	3, Council House Street	ditto
1742	Paul, Gunganarain	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto
1743	Paul, Hem Chunder	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bengal Bank.	Strand	ditto
1744	Paul, Judoonath	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	4, Clive Street	ditto
1745	Paul, Mohendro Lall	Assistant, Wyman and Co	10, Hare Street	ditto
1746	Paul, Muddun Gopal	Cashier, National Bank of India	3, Council House Street	ditto
1747	Paul, Nara Narain	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto
1748	Paul, Nundo Lall	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto
1749	Paul, Omerto Lall	Assistant, Bengal Office, Printing Department.	ditto	ditto
1750	Paul, Sham Lall	Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	Clive Row	ditto
1751	Paulit, Buldeb	Assistant, Office of Presidency Paymaster...	Somerset Buildings	ditto
1752	Paulit, Mohendronath	Landholder	Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto
1753	Paulit, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	25, Mango Lane	ditto
1754	Pyne, Bepin Bahary	Assistant, Graham and Co	Clive Street	ditto
1755	Pyne, Doyal Chand	Inhabitant	Moonsheetalao Gully	ditto
1756	Pyne, Dwarkanath	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	ditto
1757	Pyne, Kanye Lall	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto
1758	Pyne, Khetter Mohun	Inhabitant	Harkatta Gully	ditto
		ditto	Soorteebagan	ditto

1760	Pyne, Kissoree Mohun	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1761	Pyne, Nilmoney	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto
R							
1762	Roodro, Protap Chunder	...	Estimate Checker, Superintending Engineer's Office.	...	Sobharam Bysack's Street	...	ditto
1763	Roy, Bhuggobutty Churn	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto
1764	Roy, F C	...	Assistant, Bird and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
1765	Roy, Gobindo Lall	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1766	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Professor of Mathematics, Cathedral Mission College.	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1767	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1768	Roy, Hurro Lall	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1769	Roy, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1770	Roy, Judonath	...	Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1771	Roy, Kartick Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1772	Roy, Kherode Chunder	...	Teacher, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1773	Roy, Kristo Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1774	Roy, Kristo Dass	...	Inhabitant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1775	Roy, Madhub Chunder	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1776	Roy, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	...	ditto
1777	Roy, Okhoy Gomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1778	Roy, Poolin Chunder	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1779	Roy, Porno Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1780	Roy, Tarak Nath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1781	Roy, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1782	Roy, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1783	Roy, Chunder Nath	...	and Assistant Office of Surgeon-General,	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto

1784	Roy Chowdhry, Shumabilash	...	Anditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	India	Hindoo
1785	Roy Chowdhry, Shiddessur	...	Clerk, F W Baker and Co	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1786	Ruckhit, Heera Lall	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Eeplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
S								
1787	Sanawullah	...	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1788	Sandel, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, P W D, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo
1789	Sandyal, Kistonath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Medical Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1790	Sarma, Brojonath	...	Pundit, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1791	Seal, Bejoygopal	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1792	Seal, Brojonath	...	Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Office, E I R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1793	Seal, Doyal Chand	...	Cashier, C H Ogbourne	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1794	Seal, Gobind CKunder	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1795	Seal, Hurry Mohun	...	Assistant Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1796	Seal, Kalidass	...	Banian, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1797	Seal, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Accounts.	...	Middleton Row	...	ditto	ditto
1798	Seal, Panchcowrie	...	Cashier, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1799	Seal, Ramchand	...	Assistant, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1800	Sen, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1801	Sen, Bepin Behary	...	Assistant, Bissonath Law and Co	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1802	Sen, Bheem Lall	...	Manager, Sagore Dutt's Screw-house	...	Radha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1803	Sen, Bholanath	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1804	Sen, Bholanath	...	Assistant, Examiner of Claims Office	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1805	Sen, Bissumbur	...	Bill Examiner, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1806	Sen, Bromonath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto

1807	Sen, Brojo Lal	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	1, Colah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1808	Sen, Bycanto Nath	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	...	ditto
1809	Sen, Doorga Churn	...	Banian	Chorebagan	...	ditto
1810	Sen, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1811	Sen, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, E I R	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1812	Sen, Gungadhar	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1813	Sen, Hurro Lal	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto
1814	Sen, Hurrydass	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1815	Sen, Hurryhur	...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	Middleton Street	...	ditto
1816	Sen, Isen Chunder	...	Banian, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1817	Sen, Joygopal	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	...	ditto
1818	Sen, Joy Kissen	...	Inhabitant	Simlah	...	ditto
1819	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Supervisor, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1820	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	Government Place	...	ditto
1821	Sen, Kalipodo	...	Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works.	Fort William	...	ditto
1822	Sen, Kaliprosono	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Government Printing.	8, Hastings' Street	...	ditto
1823	Sen, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1824	Sen, Nundo Lal	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller, P W Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1825	Sen, Prosad Dass	...	Assistant, Black and Murray	Hastings' Street	...	ditto
1826	Sen, Radhanath	...	Inhabitant	Aheeretollah	...	ditto
1827	Sen, Rajcoomar	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1828	Sen, R C	...	Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, I. P.	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1829	Sen, Rakhal Dass	...	Cashier, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	...	ditto

		...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	India	Hindoo
1831	Sen, Romanath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	India	Hindoo
1832	Sen, Roopnarain	...	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1833	Sen, Soobuldas	...	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	Durponarain Thakoor's Street	...	ditto	ditto
1834	Sen, Soorjee Coomar	...	Asst, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1835	Sen, Woomanarain	...	Assistant, Barlow and Co	Jackson's Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1836	Sett, Bholanath	...	Assistant, Examiner of Claims' Office	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1837	Sett, Brojo Coomar	...	Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1838	Sett, Deno Nath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1839	Sett, Gopal Chunder	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1840	Sett, Joygopal	...	Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co	Rutton Sircar's Garden Street	...	ditto	ditto
1841	Sett, Khetter Pal	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1842	Sett, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1843	Sett, Noborcomar	...	Inhabitant	Moiraputty Street	...	ditto	ditto
1844	Sett, Preonath	...	Assistant, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1845	Sett, Woodoy Chand	...	Inhabitant	Jorasanko	...	ditto	ditto
1846	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (junior)	...	Broker	Chorebagan	...	ditto	ditto
1847	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (senior)	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1848	Shome, Bepin Behary	...	Superintendent, Controller General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1849	Shome, Kali Churn	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1850	Shome, Sham Lall	...	Asst, Presidency Pay Master's Office	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1851	Showkat Ali	...	Trader	Upper Circular Road	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1852	Sing, Ootum Churn	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	Hindoo
1853	Sircar, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	1, Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto

1855	Sircar, Iscen Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department	Sham Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1856	Sircar, Jodunath	...	Asst, Bengal Office, Judl Dept	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1857	Sircar Kali Komul	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1858	Sircar, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1859	Sircar, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1860	Sircar, Nilkanto	...	Asst Teacher, Civil Engineering Dept	Presidency College	...	ditto	ditto
1861	Sircar, Tarruck Chunder	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co	6, College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1862	Soor, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1863	Soor, Palin Behary	...	Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College.	Presidency College Building	...	ditto	ditto
1864	Subhan Buksh	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office, Lithographic Branch.	Camac Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1865	Syed Ismail	...	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1866	Takoor, Dabendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo

T

W. E. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.

SPECIAL JURY LIST.

LIST of Persons liable to serve on Special Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the year ensuing as from 1st May 1876, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
A						
1	Agabeg, A L	Exchange and Bill Broker	... Clive Street	... India	Christian	
2	Aitchison, F	Firm of Burn and Co	... 9, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
3	Anderson, J A	Firm of Anderson, Wright and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
4	Anderson, T W	Firm of Macknight, Anderson and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
5	Apcar, A A	Firm of Apcar and Co	... Radha Bazar	... India	ditto	
6	Aydall, A J	Merchant	... Pollock Street	... ditto	ditto	
B						
7	Bagram, J G	Firm of Bagram and Co	... Old China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
8	Bagram, S J	ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
9	Balfour, J	Offg Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
10	Berners, W T	Ashburner and Co	... Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
11	Bird, P F	Firm of Bird and Co	... Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
12	Blanford, H F	Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
13	Blechynden, R	Secretary, East Indian Tea Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
14	Brock, C	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
15	Brookes, C J	Firm of Hamilton and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
16	Broughton, E	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	... Lyon's Range	... ditto	ditto	
17	Brown, H F	Firm of Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
18	Carritt, T	Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
19	Clarke, A McDougall	Firm of J H Ferguson and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
20	Clarke, E	ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
21	Cochrane, S	Manager, Agra Bank	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	

22	Cogswell, E	...	Firm of Haworth and Co	...	Mission Row	...	...	ditto
23	Cogswell, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	...	ditto
24	Conroy, G H W	...	Chief Paymaster and Storekeeper, E I R Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto
25	Cowie, J	...	Firm of Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	Hastings Street	...	...	ditto
26	Cuttoys, W J	...	Firm of Grindlay and Co	...	Strand Road	...	...	ditto
D								
27	Davidson, A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	...	ditto
28	Dods, James	...	Firm of Ker, Dods and Co	...	Mango Lane	...	...	ditto
29	Duff, W P	...	Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto
E								
30	Elliott, E	...	Firm of John Elliot and Co	...	Clive Street	...	...	ditto
31	Emin, E M	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	ditto
F								
32	Finlayson, F	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	...	Harrington Street	...	Gr at Britain	ditto
33	Fitzze, W H	...	Firm of B Smyth and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
34	Flemington, J	...	Firm of Gisborne and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
G								
35	Galstaun, M J	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	ditto
36	Gowenlooh, A H	...	Firm of Jessop and Co	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
37	Griffiths, L E	...	Firm of W Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
38	Graham, Allan	...	Firm of Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
39	Gubboy, E S	...	Firm of E S Gubboy and Co	...	Ezra Street	...	India	Jew.
H								
40	Halford, C S	...	Firm of Halford, Smith and Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	Christian
41	Halford, W	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
42	Hamilton, T F	...	Firm of Ewing and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
43	Harrison, H B	...	Firm of Rutherford and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
44	Harvey, R	...	Manager of the Paikparah Estate	...	Bengal Club	...	ditto	ditto
45	Henderson, M	...	Firm of Carlisle, Nephew and Co	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
46	Hobson, E A	...	Firm of Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
47	Horne, J	...	Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	...	Harrington Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.	
H							
48	Hudson, C	...	Firm of Balmer, Lawrie and Co	...	Middleton Row	... Great Britain	Christian
49	Hutchinson, J	...	Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto
I							
50	Isaac, T S	...	Supg Engineer, P W D, Bengal	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
J							
51	Jack, E A	...	Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	...	15, Elysium Row	...	ditto
52	Jameson, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Taruck and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto
53	Jeakim, M C	...	Merchant and Agent	...	Old China Bazar Street	...	India
54	Jones, W H	...	Firm of R Campbell and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
K							
55	Keswick, J J	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain
56	King, H R	...	Manager, King, Hamilton and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto
57	King, W Vale	...	Firm of Kelly and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
58	Knight, R	...	Editor, <i>Indian Statesman</i>	...	3, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
L							
59	Landale, D G	...	Manager, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
60	Laycock, H	...	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
61	Leitch, H J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto
62	Leslie, Bradford	...	Engineer to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
63	Locke, H H	...	Principal, Government School of Arts	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto
64	Longmuir, T	...	Manager, Delhi and London Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
65	Lyall, J M	...	Firm of Lyall, Rennie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto
66	Lyall, R A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
M							
67	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of M-Intosh, Burn and Co	...	14, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
68	Mackenzie, R C S	...	Assistant Auditor, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India
69	Mackillican, James	...	Firm of Mackillican and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain
70	Mackinnon, W	...	Firm of Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co	...	Stewart Road	...	ditto

71	Mackinnon, J	...	Firm of Macneill and Co	...	Lyons' range	...	ditto
72	MacLachlan, J E	...	Broker	...	Hare Street	...	ditto
73	Macmichael, N	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
74	Magor, R B	...	Firm of Williamson, Magor and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
75	Malchus, M C	...	Broker	...	Swallow Lane	...	ditto
76	Meugens, J G H	...	Firm of Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain
77	Miller, G	...	Firm of Hoare, Miller and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
78	Morris, E	...	Agent, Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
79	Moseley, T H	...	Firm of Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
80	Mudie, J H	...	Firm of Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
81	Murdoch, James	...	Firm of Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto
82	Murray, J C	...	Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
N							
83	Nasmyth, C J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto
84	Newman, B	...	Firm of T E Thomson and Co	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
85	Newman, T	...	Manager, T E Thomson and Co	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	ditto
86	Norman, C J	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Baretto's Lane	...	ditto
O							
87	Ogilvy, J F	...	Firm of Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
88	Osmond, A T	...	Firm of Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade East	...	ditto
P							
89	Palmer, C P	...	Firm of Macallister and Co	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
90	Paterson, J J	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
91	Patterson, W R (Jr)	...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
92	Pedler, A	...	Professor, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto
93	Pigott, W	...	Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
94	Potts, A C	...	Firm of Ewing and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
	R					
95	Reid, J M	... Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	Christian	
96	Roberts, R	... Chief Auditor, E I R Office	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
97	Ross, R M	... Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
98	Russell, T M	... Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	... Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
99	Russell, W H O	... Secretary, Board of Agency, E I Railway	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
	S					
100	Scallan, T F	... Firm of Scallan and Co	... Pollock Street	... ditto	ditto	
101	Shaw, D T	... Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	... 29, Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
102	Shearin, E	... Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	... Fancy Lane	... ditto	ditto	
103	Smellie, S N	... Firm of Smellie and Co	... Swallow Lane	... ditto	ditto	
104	Smith, C M	... Firm of Graham and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
105	Staunton, R S	... Firm of Staunton and Co	... Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
106	Steel, O	... Firm of Steel, Mackintosh and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
107	Strand, A	... Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
108	Struthers, A B	... Firm of Borradaile, Schiller and Co	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
109	Struthers, G M	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
110	Sutcliffe, J	... Principal, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
111	Sutherland, A B	... Firm of Simpson and Co	... Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
112	Sutherland, H H	... Firm of Begg, Dunlop and Co	... Mission Row	... ditto	ditto	
113	Sykes, G S	... Firm of Sykes and Co	... Wellesley Street	... ditto	ditto	
	T					
114	Thomas, J	... Firm of J Thomas and Co	... Mission Row	... ditto	ditto	
115	Thomas, J P	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
116	Thurburn, E A	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
117	Tulloch, H W	... Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
118	Turner, H B H	... Firm of Turner, Morrison and Co	... Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	

W

119	Wakley, T F S	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer, E I R	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
120	Watson, W	...	Firm of Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
121	Whitten, A	...	Assistant to Controller of Military Accounts	...	Park Street	...	ditto
122	Wilson, C H B	...	Firm of B. Smyth and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto
123	Wilson, J	...	Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto
124	Windram, J	...	Manager, National Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
125	Wood, H W I	...	Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
126	Woodhouse, F	...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
127	Wordie, T H	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
128	Wyman, F F	...	Firm of Wyman and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto
129	Yule, George	...	Firm of A Yule and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto

B

130	Banerjee, Moresh Chunder	...	Pensioner	...	Baug Bazar	...	Hindoo
131	Banerjee, Raj Krishna	...	Professor, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto
132	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	...	Zemindar	...	Bow Bazar	...	ditto
133	Bose, Brindaban	...	Firm of Alexander, Bose and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
134	Bose, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant to the Comptroller-General	...	Government Place	...	ditto
135	Bose, Mohendro Nath	...	Merchant	...	Ezra Street	...	ditto
136	Bose, Nundo Lall	...	Zemindar	...	Shambazar	...	ditto
137	Bose, Tarinee Churn	...	Banian	...	Putulidangah	...	ditto
138	Burnono, Damodur Dass	...	Zemindar	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto

D

139	Dass, Grish Chunder	...	Superintendent, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
140	Dass, Khetter Mohun	...	Banian	...	Copalcetollah	...	ditto
141	Dass, Mohendro Narain	...	Banian, R Macallister and Co	...	8, Shibnarain Dass' Lane	...	ditto
142	Deb, Cooar Anundo Krishna	...	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	D					
143	Deb, Coour Wopendro Krishna...	Zemindar	...	India	Hindoo	
144	Dey, Roop Lall	Merchant	...	ditto	ditto	
145	Dey, Shama Churn	...	...	ditto	ditto	
146	Dhur, Shib Nath	...	...	ditto	ditto	
147	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	...	...	ditto	ditto	
148	Dutt, Khristodhone	...	...	ditto	ditto	
149	Dutt, Lal Behary	...	...	ditto	ditto	
150	Dutt, Sagore	...	...	ditto	ditto	
151	Dutt, Shoshee Chunder	...	...	ditto	ditto	
	G					
152	Ghose, Charoo Chunder	...	...	ditto	ditto	
153	Ghose, Jogendernarain	...	...	ditto	ditto	
154	Ghose, Khelat Chunder	...	...	ditto	ditto	
155	Ghose, Nogender Chunder	...	...	ditto	ditto	
156	Ghose, Rajnarain	...	...	ditto	ditto	
157	Goho, Obhoy Churn	...	...	ditto	ditto	
	K					
158	Kabiruddin, Ahmad	...	...	ditto	Mahomedan	
159	Komul Krishna, Rajah	...	...	ditto	Hindoo	
	L					
160	Lahoury, Shamachurn	...	...	ditto	ditto	
161	Law, Joygobindo	...	...	ditto	ditto	
162	Law, Shama Churn	...	...	ditto	ditto	
	M					
163	Mitter, Anup Chunder	...	...	ditto	ditto	
164	Mitter, Beer Chand	...	...	ditto	ditto	
165	Mitter, Digumber	...	...	ditto	ditto	

166	Mitter, Omirto Lall	...	Merchant	...	Nimtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
167	Mitter, Peary Chand	...	Firm of Peary Chand Mitter and Sons	...	7, Swallow Lane	...	ditto	ditto
168	Mitter, Prosuno Coomar	...	Banian, Ralli and Mavrojani	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
169	Mitter, Sham Chand	...	Firm of Ashootosh Dey and Nephews	...	Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
170	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Inhabitant	...	Simlah	...	ditto	ditto
171	Mookerjee, Chundercanto	...	Banian	...	Aheerectollah	...	ditto	ditto
172	Mookerjee, Hem Chunder	...	Banian, Tamvaco and Co	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
173	Mookerjee, Nilmoney	...	Assistant Professor, V L Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
174	Mullick, Ashootosh	...	Zemindar	...	Munsatollah	...	ditto	ditto
175	Mullick, Bollydass	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
176	Mullick, Deno Nath	...	ditto	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
177	Mullick, Hurnath	...	Banian, Tamvaco and Co	...	Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
178	Mullick, Judo Lall	...	Zemindar	...	Pathooreaghatta	...	ditto	ditto
179	Mullick, Nundo Lall	...	ditto	...	Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
180	Mullick, Prosad Dass	...	ditto	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
181	Mullick, Soobul Dass	...	ditto	...	Munsatollah	...	ditto	ditto
182	Muttylall, Ramnarain	...	ditto	...	Bow Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
R								
183	Roy, Janokeenath	...	ditto	...	Durmahatta	...	ditto	ditto
184	Roy, Sreenath	...	Banian	...	Colootollah	...	ditto	ditto
185	Roy, Sumbhonnath	...	Banian, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
186	Rustonjee, H M	...	Merchant	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	Parsee
S								
187	Seal, Ram Chand	...	Banian, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
188	Sen, Dany Madhub	...	Banian, Steel, McIntosh and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
189	Sen, Joy Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Mathaghussa Gully	...	ditto	ditto
190	Sen, Madhub Chunder	...	Dewan, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
191	Sen, Modosoudun	...	Treasurer, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	S					
192	Sen, Monce Madhub	... Banian, Andrew Yule and Co	... Clive Row	... India	Hindoo	
193	Sen, Nobin Chunder	... Agency Department, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
194	Sen, Pran Kissen	... Store-keeper, Stamp and Stationery Office...	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
195	Sen, Rajendro Nath	... Banian, Bonded Warehouse	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
196	Sen, Thakoor Churn	... Banian, Agelasto and Co	... Shankibanga, Colootollah	... ditto	ditto	
197	Sett, Madhub Kristo	... Zemindar	... Burra Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
198	Soor, Umbica Churn	... Assistant Accountant, Agra Bank	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	
199	Sarbadhicary, Prosuno Chomar	Principal, Sanscrit College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
	T					
200	Tagore, Jotendro Mohun, Rajah	Zemindar	... Pathooreaghatta	... ditto	ditto	

W. E. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26 1876

GENERAL JURY LIST

IS.	f Persons	able	serv	Com on Juries in the H.	r Judicature	Fort William	Bengal for	year ensuing
N.	Names.			is from 1st May 1876, pursuant to Act X of 1875.				
				Style or Calling.	Residence or Place, & Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	Abbott, G			Firm of Abbott and Co.	Dhurmumtollah Street	India	Christian	Errata in name and description can be corrected on communication to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown.
	Abreo, J			Assistant, Apcar and Co.	Radha Bazar	ditto	ditto	Persons claiming exemption should communicate their claim and the grounds thereof to the Clerk of the Crown as soon as possible after service of summons; and should all persons summoned and unable to attend for any reason or cause, stating the reason or cause; so that if sufficient cause is alleged, the Sheriff may be directed to summon another jurymen.
	Abreo, J			Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
	Abro, G W			Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street.	ditto	ditto	
	Aburrew, A			Assistant, L. W. Toulmin and Co.	Radha Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
	Acton, A			Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company Limited.	Council House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
	Adams, C			Assistant, F. W. Baker and Co.	9, Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto	
	Adels, F C			Clerk, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto	
	Adels, J P			Head Asst. Office of Supdt. of Rev. Survey	10, Middleton Street	Amsterdam	ditto	
	Adels, J R			Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	India	ditto	

A

11	Agar, H	...	Assistant, E. I. R. Press	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	Christian
12	Aitken, W R T	...	Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	...	4, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
13	Albert, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	India	ditto
14	Alexander, G	...	Assistant, Arlington and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
15	Alexander, H	...	Assistant, Schlöpfer, Putz and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
16	Alexander, J	...	Printer, <i>Exchange Gazette</i>	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
17	Alexander, J H	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
18	Alexander, W P	...	Partner, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
19	Allan, J	...	Firm of Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
20	Allan, J	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
21	Allan, W	...	ditto ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
22	Allardice, R	...	Firm of Steuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	Great Britain	ditto
23	Amos, W G	...	Firm of W. H. Gilbert and Co.	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
24	Anderson, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
25	Anderson, A M	...	Second Officer, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
26	Anderson, A P	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
27	Anderson, B	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P W D.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
28	Anderson, G G	...	Assistant, Firm of Magor and Co.	...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
29	Anderson, J	...	Firm of J Anderson and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
30	Andrew, J T	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
31	Andrews, C A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
32	Andrews, G A	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
33	Andrews, J	...	Hotel-keeper	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
34	Andrews, J	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto

60	Baker, W C	...	Registrar, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers Buildings	...	India	ditto
61	Baldwin, W J	...	Fourth Class Clerk, Office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, P. W. D.	20, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
62	Ball, E	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
63	Ballantyne, C R	...	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
64	Bampton, W R	...	Inhabitant	Joratalao Street	...	ditto	ditto
65	Bancroft, N W	...	Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
66	Baness, J F	...	Surveyor and Chief Draftsman, Drawing Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	...	India	ditto
67	Barbour, M	...	Assistant, Mookerjee, Clerk and Co.	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
68	Barlow, T	...	Printer, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	British Indian Street	...	India	ditto
69	Barnes, S K	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
70	Barnett, G	...	Assistant, Corfield and Co	Government Place	...	India	ditto
71	Barrett, E	...	Assistant, R. Scott, Thomson and Co. Ltd.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
72	Barrett, R	...	Road Overseer, 2nd Division, Calcutta	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
73	Bartlett, G F	...	Sub-Engineer, P.W.D., 2nd Calcutta divn.	Imperial Museum	...	Great Britain	ditto
74	Bartlett, G W	...	Inspector of Bazaars to the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
75	Bartlett, R	...	Coach Builder	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
76	Baxter, W	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
77	Bayne, R R	...	Draftsman, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
78	Beer, J H E	...	Manager, Corfield and Co	Government Place, East	...	ditto	ditto
79	Bell, J	...	Supdt., Office of Acctt.-General of Bengal	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
80	Bell, R	...	Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
81	Bell, R J	...	Asst. Professor, Cathedral Mission College	Puttuldangah	...	Great Britain	ditto
82	Bell, W	...	Assistant, Henry S. Cox	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto

84	Belletty, J R	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	India	ditto
85	Belletty, M	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
86	Belletty, N A	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
87	Bennett, F J	...	Examiner, Office of Supdt. Govt. Printing.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
88	Berwick, J F	...	Accountant, Oriental Bank Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
89	Berry, J H	...	Assistant Accountant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
90	Beveridge, W	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto
91	Bigge, E	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
92	Billings, W A	...	Deputy Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
93	Bird, S	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
94	Bird, S	...	Assistant, Bird and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
95	Bishop, W C	...	Road Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
96	Biss, J K	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
97	Biss, R L	...	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
98	Biss, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
99	Blackwood, H	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	23, Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
100	Bland, E	...	Firm of Bremner and Laycock	...	Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
101	Bliss, J	...	Assistant, Harold and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
102	Boileau, T	...	Assistant, Hunter and Co	...	156, Dhurumtollah	...	India	ditto
103	Bois, A	...	Firm of Cook and Co	...	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
104	Bois, E	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
105	Bolst, H A	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
106	Bolton, T	...	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Estab.	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
107	Bonnard, A L	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	Vansittart Row	...	India	ditto
108	Bonnard, G A	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

109	Botellho, J W	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	Christian
110	Botellho, T F	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
111	Bourrilhon, A	...	Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
112	Bowers, J	...	Foreman, P. W. D. Press, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
113	Bradbury, H	...	Head Clerk, Stamp Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
114	Braddon, J B	...	Assistant Controller of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
115	Brady, J W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
116	Braham, G	...	Assistant, Llewelyn and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
117	Brahm, H	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
118	Brancker, R	...	Assistant, Ewing and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
119	Bremner, A W	...	Head Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	...	10, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
120	Breton, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
121	Brewster, O O	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel Company, Limited	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
122	Brewster, R O	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
123	Bridge, A J	...	Joint Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
124	Bridgeman, T O	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
125	Bridgnell, J	...	Accountant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
126	Bridgnell, J L	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
127	Brigden, O	...	Assistant, Westfield and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
128	Broad, W	...	Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
129	Broadhead, E H	...	Head Assistant, Deputy Commissary General's Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
130	Broderick, J M	...	Accountant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
131	Brookes, G H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
132	Brown, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
133	Brown, G S	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto

		Assistant, Steuart and Co.	Old Court House Corner ...	India	Christian
160	Cantopher, F C	...	...	...	...
161	Carlisle, F	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	25, Mango Lane	Great Britain	ditto
162	Carlisle, S	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
163	Carpenter, A W	Assistant, Landing and Shipping Company.	Hare Street	ditto	ditto
164	Carriek, J (Jr.)	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
165	Carrit, W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
166	Carter, A M	Auditor, Examiner's Office, Pay Department	Bankshall Street	India	ditto
167	Carter, H	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	Great Britain	ditto
168	Carter, W	Assistant, Petrocochino and Co.	2, New China Bazar Street...	ditto	ditto
169	Cartland, C	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
170	Casey, J P	Head Printer, East Indian Railway	Dalhousie Square	Great Britain	ditto
171	Cashman, J H	Chief Clerk, Office of Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Dept.	20, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto
172	Caston, J F	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts	7, Koilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
173	Cauty, D	Assistant, G. Abbott and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto
174	Chalmer, W A	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
175	Chamaritt, A	Surveyor and Geog. Examiner	46, Park Street	ditto	ditto
176	Chaplin, M S	Assistant, M. C. Joskin and Co.	2, Elliot Road	Great Britain	ditto
177	Charlton, J L	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judl. Dept.	1, Sudder Street	India	ditto
178	Chater, M	Accountant, Bank of Calcutta	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
179	Chance, J	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	9, Weston's Lane	ditto	ditto
180	Cheestham, G	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	25, Mango Lane	Great Britain	ditto
181	Chick, N A	Registrar of Hackney Carriages	Free School Street	India	ditto
182	Chinel, E A	Assistant, Graham & Co.	9, Olive Street	Great Britain	ditto
183	Christien, F	Assistant, J. G. Hanbart and Co.	Government Place	India	ditto

186	Clark, H (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street ...	ditto	ditto
187	Clark, H	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co...	...	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
188	Clark, J	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto
189	Clark, J A	...	Firm of Clark and Mookerjee	...	Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto
190	Clark, W H	...	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	ditto	ditto
191	Clarke, A	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	India	ditto
192	Clinton, M O	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	Great Britain	ditto
193	Coard, C W	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	ditto	ditto
194	Cock, A	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
195	Cockburn, E	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	India	ditto
196	Coggan, H A	...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	Hastings Street	Great Britain	ditto
197	Coish, W	...	Shoemaker	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
198	Collett, W H	...	Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	ditto	ditto
199	Collie, H	...	Head Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	...	Chowringhee Road	India	ditto
200	Collins, P A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
201	Connew, C M	...	Assistant, F. T. Brookes and Co.	...	Clive Row	Great Britain	ditto
202	Connew, R K	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	1, Clive Row	ditto	ditto
203	Connor, J	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Upper Circle.	...	10, Middleton Street	India	ditto
204	Cooke, G F	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
205	Cooke, H R	...	Registrar, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
206	Cooke, J E	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
207	Cornelius, J	...	Assistant, Shipping Office	...	Strand	ditto	ditto
208	Counsell, T A	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	...	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto

C		...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	23, Canning Street	...	Great Britain	...	
209	Courthope, W F	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	23, Canning Street	...	Great Britain	...	
210	Cowie, D L	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
211	Cowie, E H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
212	Cowper, O	...	Assistant, Cox, Steel and Co.	...	21, Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto
213	Cox, J	...	Assistant, Robert Campbell and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
214	Cox, W. J.	...	Assistant, H. S. Cox	...	7, Wellesley Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
215	Craddock, J	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
216	Cranenburgh, D E	...	Reporter, Englishman Office	...	Hare Street	...	India	...	ditto
217	Craw, W	...	Assistant, Branch Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Bengal Strand	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
218	Creais, J	...	Asst. Commy. of Ordnance and Arsenals	...	Fort William	...	India	...	ditto
219	Creaton, D O	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
220	Crow, R M	...	Firm of Lepage and Co.	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	India	...	ditto
221	Cruden, J	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
222	Cruickshank, D	...	Assistant, Beggs, Dunlop and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	...	ditto
223	Cunning, A	...	Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
224	Cummins, P D	...	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
225	Cunliffe, R H	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judicial Department.	...	Sudder Street	...	India	...	ditto
226	Cunningham, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
227	Cunningham, A O	...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
228	Currie, W D	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto
229	D'Costa, W H	...	Head Reader, Bengal Secretariat, Printing Department.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	...	ditto
230	D'Cruz, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
231	D'Cruz, J	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Public Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto

233	D'Mello, H S	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
234	D'Mello, J S	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
235	D'Mello, W A	... Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
236	D'Rozario, F A	... Firm of P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	... Old Court House Corner	... ditto	ditto
237	D'Rozario, F M	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
238	D'Rozario, S P	... Assistant, P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
239	D'Silva, H	... Examiner, Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
240	D'Silva, J	... Assistant, Military Department	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
241	D'Silva, J C	... Asst., Dept. of Rev., Agri., and Commerce	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
242	D'Silva, M	... Clerk, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
243	D'Silva, N	... Assistant to F. W. Heilgers and Co.	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
244	D'Souza, A W	... Registrar, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
245	D'Souza, J M	... Assistant, Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
246	D'Souza, J M	... Clerk, Office of Contr., P. W. Accounts	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
247	DaCosta, C C	... Chief Book-keeper, E. I. Railway Office	... 22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
248	DaCosta, D W	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
249	DaCosta, E W	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Dept.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
250	DaCosta, John	... Ashburner and Co.	... Garstin's Place	... Great Britain	ditto
251	Dallas, J F	... Superintendent of Roads, &c., Office of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
252	Dalrymple, W M	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
253	Dalziel, J M	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... India	ditto
254	Dando, A C	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
255	Daniel, J E	... Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	... Dhurumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
256	Daniell, G	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
		... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... Cannon Hill Terrace, Bazaar	... ditto	ditto

...
259 Davidson, W	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co.	...	7, Clive Row	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
260 Davidson, W	...	Assistant, Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
261 Davis, A A	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
262 Davis, G J	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commission- rnt and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Koliah Ghat Street	...	India	...	ditto	...
263 Davis, J E	...	Assistant, Robert, Charricl and Co.	...	Vansittart Row	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
264 Davison, F G	...	Assistant, William Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...
265 Dawson, C S	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
266 Day, H J	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
267 Dayley, W H	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-Genl.'s Office	...	Park Street	...	India	...	ditto	...
268 Deas, C	...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...
269 DeBeaufort, F	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
270 DeDombal, C	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Depart- ment.	...	Sudder Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
271 DeDombal, E Durup	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee	...	India	...	ditto	...
272 Deefholts, H A	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	Sudder Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
273 DeGarnier, F	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
274 Delahy, W	...	Overseer, P W D, Military Works	...	Fort William	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
275 DeMonte, F W	...	Accountant-General's Office, Military Dept.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
276 Derrick, J	...	Assistant Secretary, Calcutta Bible Society's Depository.	...	Creek Row	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...
277 Deltozario, A J	...	Store-keeper, G. F. Lackensteen and Co	...	36, New China Bazar	...	India	...	ditto	...
278 DeSalis, H J R	...	Assistant Controller, P. W. Dept.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...
279 DeSouza, M	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	Sudder Street	...	India	...	ditto	...
280 DeSouza, R	...	Adjuster, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
281 Dias, H S C	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	...	ditto	...
282 Dias, J F	...	Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto	...

333	Finlayson, A	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
334	Fishbourne, E C	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
335	Fleming, W	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
336	Fleury, L C	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
337	Fleury, P W	...	House Builder	...	South Collinga Street	...	ditto	ditto
338	Fluker, W H	...	Assistant, Bengal Bank	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
339	Forbes, E R	...	Head Assistant, Office of Protector of Emigrants.	...	Esplanade, East	...	India	ditto
340	Forbes, W A B	...	Assistant, Mackenzie Lyall & Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
341	Fox, G	...	Assistant, G. Henderson & Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
342	Fox, T P	...	Assistant Firm of Ashburner & Co.	...	1, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
343	Fox, W G	...	Commission Agent	...	Free School Street	...	India	ditto
344	Francis, C R	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
345	Francis, E	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
346	Francis, J T	...	Reader, Foreign Department Press	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
347	Francis, M	...	Store-keeper, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
348	Francis, W	...	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
349	Francis, W L	...	Superintendent, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
350	Fransz, N	...	Reader, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
351	Fraser, J R	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	Middleton Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
352	Frederick, C	...	Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council Office.	...	3, Government Place	...	India	ditto
353	Frederick, J H	...	Assistant Cashier, Oriental Bank	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
354	Freeman, T W	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
355	French, P	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
356	French, T R	...	Music Master	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
357	Frew, H J	...	Superintendent, Bengal Accountant, General	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto

358	Frost, A M	...	Assistant Accountant-General, Works Department.	Public	London's Buildings	...	Great Britain	Christian
359	Frost, C D	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
360	Fulford, J	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
361	Fyfe, W C	...	Head Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
362	Gallje, J	...	Assistant Accountant, Bengal Bank	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
363	Gantzer, C A	...	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
364	Gantzer, D A	...	Ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
365	Gardiner, T J	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
366	Garrett, J R	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
367	Garrick, D	...	Photographic Artist	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
368	George, J	...	Head Assistant, Chamber of Commerce	...	Olive Street	...	India	ditto
369	George, J B	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers and Co.	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
370	George, J S	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
371	George, R	...	Head Accountant, Office of Inspector- General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
372	George, S	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
373	Gibb, H	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	6, Lyons' Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
374	Gill, R E	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
375	Gillon, E A	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
376	Girling, W	...	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
377	Gladman, J	...	Assistant, Mathewson and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	India	ditto
378	Glass, A J	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
379	Glass, A W	...	Ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
380	Glass P W	...	Assistant Indian Engineer and Co.	...	Chin Row	...	ditto	ditto

284	Dickson, W	...	Assistant, Bengal Bank	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
285	Dinning, H	...	Assistant, Stuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
286	Dissent, C E	...	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
287	Dissent, O T	...	Superintendent, Refuse Tax Office of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
288	Debbie, W H	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
289	Dobson, E	...	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah	...	ditto	ditto
290	Doig, W	...	Head Mechanical Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
291	Donaldson, A	...	Assistant, R. B. Rodda and Co.	...	7, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
292	Donaldson, W	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
293	Dongal, R R	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
294	Douglas, S K	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
295	Dover, H	...	Firm of Wilton and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
296	Dowling, A F	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
297	Dowling, G A	...	Clerk, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P. W. D.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
298	Dozey, A	...	Superintendent, Home Department Press...	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
299	Drysdale, D	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
300	Duff, D	...	Bill and Stock Broker	...	Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	...	ditto	ditto
301	Duncan, R S	...	Firm of Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
302	Dunckley, C	...	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
303	Dunne, T H	...	Assistant, Revenue Surveyor	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
304	Dupleasis, A	...	Examiner, Indian Statesman Press	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
305	Dupleasis, M E	...	Reader, Indian Daily News Press	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
E								
306	Easton, G	...	Registrar, Bengal Secretariat	...	22, Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
307	Eden, J	...	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah	...	India	ditto

309	Edmonds, G. H.	... Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	...	ditto
310	Edmonds, J E	... Assistant Superintendent, Calcutta Sailors' Home, and Shipping Agent.	ditto	...	ditto
311	Edwards, F	... Conservancy Overseer	... 4, Jaun Bazar	... India	ditto
312	Edwards, J H.	... Asstt., Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	... 8, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
313	Ellis, B	... Head Reader, Bengal Secretariat Press	... 22, Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
314	Ellis, J	... Assistant, T. Smith and Co.	... Dhurumtollah Street	... India	ditto
315	Ellis, J A S	... Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, P. W. D.	... Loudon's Building	... ditto	ditto
316	Ellis, J H	... Assistant Master, LaMartinere School	... Loudon Street	... Great Britain	ditto
317	Elworthy, H.	... Assistant, F. and C. Osler	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
318	Embleton, E	... Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
319	Emmer, C W	... Asstt., Public Works Secretariat, India	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
320	Englebreght, A J	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	... 7, Koilah Ghat Street	... India	ditto
321	Englebreght, W D B	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
322	Eusoll, F A	... Manager, Joseph Bourne and Co.	... Wellesley Place	... Great Britain	ditto
323	Egan, A G	... Assistant, P W Secretariat, Government of India	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto
324	Eva, S	... Melter, Calcutta Mint	... Strand Road	... Great Britain	ditto
325	Eyears, J	... Firm of Watts and Co.	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
326	Fegredo, E W	... Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	... Government Place	... India	ditto
327	Fenwick, H B	... Assistant Engineer to the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
328	Ferguson, H	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
329	Finch, J B	... Head Assistant, Medical Store Dept.	... Wellesley Place	... India	ditto
330	Fink, A H	... Assistant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
331	Fink, J A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto

381	Gleeson, F G	... Head Clerk, T. Smith and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
382	Goddard, G W	... Firm of J. Monteith and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
383	Godino, R W	... Assistant, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto
384	Gomes, J	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
385	Gomez, J M	... Overseer of the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
386	Gomez, L	... Assistant Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c., Accounts.	... Coilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto
387	Gomez, William	... 2nd Master, Calcutta Free School	... Free School Street	... ditto	ditto
388	Gonsalves, E R	... Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
389	Gonsalves, F	... Assistant, Military Department	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
390	Gonsalves, F E	... Assistant, Arlington and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
391	Gonsalves, J	... Assistant, Legislative Department	... 3, Government Place	... ditto	ditto
392	Goodall, R D	... Assistant, Sect., Govt. of India, P. W. D.	... Loudon's Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
393	Goodricke, C A	... Assistant, Steel, MacIntosh and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
394	Goudwin, R	... Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah	... India	ditto
395	Gordon, F A	... Assistant, Office of Contr. of Milly. Accts.	... Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
396	Gordon, G E	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
397	Gordon, I	... Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
398	Gore, G C	... Assistant, Office of Commissary of Ordnance and Arsenals.	... Fort William	... ditto	ditto
399	Gould, T H	... Assistant, Newman and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
400	Govino, R W	... Assistant, Home Department	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
401	Gracias, H D	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	... 7, Coilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto
402	Graham, T M	... Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	... 21, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
403	Grant, W H	... Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto
404	Gray, A C	... Teacher, Dovelton College	... Park Street	... India	ditto

407	Green, E	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	...	India	.....
408	Green, F	... Assistant, Ranken & Co.	... 4, Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
409	Gregory, J	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	... Coilah Ghât	...	India	ditto
410	Gregory, J A	... Manager, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	... Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
411	Gregory, R	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	... Sudder Street	...	India	ditto
412	Gregory, T D	... Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
413	Gregory, W	... Assistant, P. W. Secretariat, Government of India.	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
414	Griffiths, O B	... Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
415	Groser, C R	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
416	Groser, F A	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
417	Grossman, W	... Proprietor, "Hope Hall" Hotel	... Waterloo Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
418	Groves, G	... Superintendent, Calcutta Sailors' Home	... Strand	...	ditto	ditto
419	Halden, J V	... Store-keeper, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	... Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
420	Halguette, E W	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... Clive Row	...	India	ditto
421	Hall, G	... Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
422	Hall, T W	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
423	Hallett, H W	... Firm of Watts and Co.	... Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
424	Hamilton, A	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
425	Hamilton, L B	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	... Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
426	Handford, T J	... Firm of Handford and Crew	... Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
427	Hands, F F	... Assistant, R. N. Mathewson and Co.	... Hare Street	...	India	ditto
428	Hannah, W C	... Hide Broker	... Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
429	Harman, G B	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto

430	Harnack, J H	...	Assistant, Harman and Co.	...	-----	...	India	ditto
431	Harris, P	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
432	Harrison, A W	...	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
433	Harrison, E G	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh & Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
434	Harrison, F	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co.	...	11, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
435	Harrison, J	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
436	Harrison, L	...	Firm of Ranken and Co.	...	4, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto
437	Hart, L	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
438	Hart, R S	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
439	Hartnell, M	...	Freight Superintendent, I. G. S. N. Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
440	Harvey, C	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loulon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
441	Harvey, J R	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
442	Harvey, V	...	Assistant, Scallan and Co.	...	Pollock Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
443	Hasckew, E	...	Firm of Solomon and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
444	Haslam, J	...	Assistant, Harold and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
445	Haughton, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Govern- ment, Bengal, P. W. D.	...	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
446	Hayton, R	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
447	Heberlet, A F	...	Commission Agent	...	Williams' Lane	...	India	ditto
448	Heberlet, J A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
449	Heberlet, M A	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
450	Hefferan, J E	...	ditto ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
451	Heefke, G O C.	...	Head Draftsman, Office of Joint-Secretary to Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
452	Heins, F W	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
453	Helv. W	...	Firm of Eastman and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto

Bengal.

456	Henty, T H	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	102, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
457	Herbert, J H	...	Manager, Llewelyn and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
458	Heron, G	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
459	Hewatson, N	...	Clerk, Office of Joint Secretary to Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Singapore	ditto
460	Heysham, H	...	Registrar, Legislative Department	...	3, Government Place	...	India	ditto
461	Heyward, P	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
462	Hickie, E	...	Secretary, Trades' Association	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
463	Hicks, R M H	...	Supdt., Bank of Bengal, Treasury Dept.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
464	Higgins, M-V	...	Assistant, Haworth and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
465	Hill, James	...	Assistant Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
466	Hilliard, R W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
467	Hills, C R	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
468	Hinde, W H	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
469	Hoare, C S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
470	Hodges, J	...	Assistant Master, La Martiniere School	...	Loudon Street	...	ditto	ditto
471	Hoff, F C	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
472	Hoff, W W	...	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
473	Hogan, C P	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
474	Holland, G F	...	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
475	Holloway, C B	...	Assistant, Bird and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
476	Holloway, S	...	Conservancy Overseer, Office of Justices of the Peace.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
477	Holness, E	...	Teacher, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
478	Holtom, W A	...	Road Overseer, Office of the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto

479	Hornby, E C	...	Bill and Share Broker	...	109, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
480	Howatson, W K B	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
481	Hubbard, J S	...	Assistant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
482	Hubbard, W H	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
483	Hubbard, W H (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
484	Hudson, C	...	Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
485	Hudson, J	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
486	Hulbert, W C	...	Assistant, W. S. Cresswell	...	6, Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
487	Hurle, A W	...	Assistant, G. Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
488	Hurst, W	...	Merchant	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
489	Hutebeon, J	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
490	Hutchinson, J A	...	Assistant, Toulmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
491	Hutton, T	...	Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
492	Hypber, F A	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterly	...	New China Bazar	...	India	ditto
I								
493	Imbert, J C	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
494	Incel, W	...	Assistant, E Thompson & Co, Gasfitters	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
495	Ingels, T	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
496	Inglis, W M	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
497	Inskipp, C F	...	Assistant, Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
498	Ironside, W	...	Firm of Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
499	Irving, G	...	Assistant, T E Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
500	Irving, W O B	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
501	Irwin, W H	...	Assistant, Graf and Banziger	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
J								
502	Jacob, R	...	Assistant. R. S. Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	India	ditto

504	James, A	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	India	Christian
505	James, E R	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
506	James, H	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
507	Jaines, H J	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
508	James, J O N	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
509	Jameson, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co.	11, Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
510	Jamieson, J	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
511	Jardine, Robert	...	Principal, General Assembly's Institution...	Cornwallis Street	...	ditto	ditto
512	Jebb, J S	...	Assistant, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	...	India	ditto
513	Jellicoe, W F	...	Jeweller	Esplanade East	...	ditto	ditto
514	Jenkins, J	...	Assistant, J. Elliot and Co.	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
515	Jevesy, E	...	Superintendent, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
516	Jewell, G	...	Assistant, W. H. Harton and Co.	Strand Road	...	India	ditto
517	Jewell, H	...	Assistant, Cones and Co.	Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
518	Joachim, H G	...	Assistant, Agent's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
519	Joakim, M	...	Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
520	John, T	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
521	Joll, H	...	Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
522	Jones, A	...	Assistant, Office of the Accountant-General, Military Department.	Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
523	Jones, Erasmus	...	Proprietor, Cambrian Press	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
524	Jones, G E	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
525	Jones, G E Warde	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
526	Jones, H M	...	Firm of H. M. Jones and Co.	1, Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto

527	Jones, W H	...	Firm of Robert Campbell & Co.	...	4, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
528	Jones, W M	...	License Inspector, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
529	Judah, W A K	...	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
530	Kalberer, A	...	Assistant, Examiner of P W Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
531	Kalberer, L L	...	Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
532	Kavanagh, J J	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
533	Keane, J	...	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	...	6, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
534	Keel, A E	...	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
535	Kelly, F W	...	Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, U. C.	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
536	Kelly, W F	...	Chief Clerk to Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
537	Kemp, G L	...	Secretary, Standard Life Assurance Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
538	Kennedy, J	...	Assistant, Military Dept, Printing Office	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
539	Kennelly, J	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
540	Kerr, E C	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	India	ditto
541	Kerr, G L	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
542	Kibble, J W	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
543	Kilgour, P M	...	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
544	King, F St A	...	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited	...	4, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
545	King, L	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co.	...	4, Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
546	King, W A	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
547	Kirkpatrick, W H	...	Registrar, Bengal Legislative Council	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
548	Knight, J D	...	Deputy Supdt., Foreign Office Press	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
549	Korper, G B	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
550	Kraal, G A	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	...	...

552	Lackersteen, E T	...	Assistant, Schlaepfer, Putz and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
553	Lacroix, E H	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
554	Laird, T W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
555	Lambert, W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain
556	Landale, A	...	Assistant, W L Toulmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto
557	Lane, A	...	Accountant, Examiner of P W Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	India.
558	Lang, T	...	Assistant Secy. Standard Life Assurance Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain
559	Langley, H J	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
560	Langstone, C B	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	ditto	...	ditto
561	Langton, W H	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
562	Large, A B	...	Firm of Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
563	Larpent, F de H	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
564	Latimer, F W	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
565	Lauder, R D	...	Firm of Harley and Co.	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto
566	Lawless, W H	...	Freight and Ship Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
567	Lawrence, J	...	Superintendent of Money Order Office	...	Government Place	...	India
568	Lawrence, P	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
569	Lawson, T M	...	Firm of Lawson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
570	Lazarus, C	...	Cabinet-maker	...	Pentinck Street	...	Great Britain
571	Lea, G	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
572	Leigh, F	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India
573	Lepage, H L	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor General's Office	...	Camac Street	...	Great Britain
574	Lewis, G A	...	Assistant, firm of Magor and Co.	...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	India
575	Lewis, F T	...	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	Great Britain

576	Lewis, G A	... Firm of Murdoch and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	ditto
577	Limond, R	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
578	Lindsay, R A	... Assistant, J Davis and Co.	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto
579	Linsell, F G	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
580	Linton, W	... Proprietor, Spence's Hotel	... Wellesley Place	... India	ditto
581	Livesay, G K	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
582	Lloyd, E H	... Bill Broker	... Wellesley Street	... ditto	ditto
583	Logan, M	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
584	Longhurst, C	... Head Assistant, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
585	Longley, E F	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
586	Lopez, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
587	Lord, J H	... Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
588	Lovegrove, C W	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
589	Low, D	... Assistant, P. and O. Co.	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
590	Lowen, G	... Manager, Landing and Shipping Co.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
591	Lowther, P M	... Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	... 4, Olive Street	... India	ditto
592	Lucas, W	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
593	Lyall, A A	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	... Olive Street	... ditto	ditto
594	Lyle, W C	... Manager, Continental Wine Company	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
595	Lynch, W J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
596	Lyons, E	... Assistant, Département of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
597	Lyons, G	... Superintendent, House of Correction, Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
598	Lynn, G J	... Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	21, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto

601	McIntosh, W C	... Assistant, Duncan and Co.	... Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
602	McInnes, J G	... Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co.	... 81, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
603	McKean, A B	... Accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
604	McKellor, G B	... Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co.	... 7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
605	McKinnell, E	... Partner, Adelphi Hotel	... Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
606	McLaren, J G	... Assistant, W Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
607	McLean, H J	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankhall Street	...	India	ditto
608	McLean, J M	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
609	McLean, J W	... Foreman, G F Lackersteen and Co.	... 36, New China Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
610	McLeod, A	... Officiating Printer, Government Printing Office.	... Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
611	McLeod, H H	... Assistant, Mackilican & Co	... 7, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
612	McNair, J W	... Assistant, Controller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
613	McNamara, J E	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... Garstin's Place	...	India	ditto
614	McPhun, R B	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	... Strand Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
615	MacArthur, T J	... Superintendent, Printing Department, EIR	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
616	Macbay, A J	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
617	Macdonald, J	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
618	Macdonald J	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... 4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
619	Macfadyen, J	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
620	Mackay, D	... Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wallace & Co	... Dhurrumtollah	...	ditto	ditto
621	Mackay, James	... Assistant, Graham and Co	... 9, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
622	Mackay, J L	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	... 16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
623	Mackenzie, B	... Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
624	Mackenzie, G K	... Accountant, Agra Bank, Limited	... 26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto

626	Mackenzie, N W	... Superintendent, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
627	Mackenzie, H T	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
628	Mackenzie, W	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
629	Mackewan, W H	... Assistant, Nichol, Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
630	Mackie, T E	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Louden's Buildings	...	India	ditto
631	MacLagan, G O	... Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	... 4, Clive Ghat Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
632	Macleod, A	... In charge Agricultural section, Office of Superintendent Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
633	Macleod, C H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	...	India	ditto
634	Macleod, G W	... Assistant, Accountant-General of Bengal...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
635	Macleod, H	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
636	Macnab, A	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
637	Macnair, J F	... Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	... Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
638	Macray, James	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
639	Mactavish, W B	... Assistant, J. Thomas and Co.	... Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
640	Madge, G H	... First Assistant to Mint Master	... Strand	...	India	ditto
641	Madge, W C	... Sub-Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	... British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
642	Maelzer, J G	... Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	Australia	ditto
643	Magee, J	... Manager, Smith, Stanistreet and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
644	Manly, D W	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance.	4, Garstin's Place	...	India	ditto
645	Manook, J Z	... Bill and Stock Broker	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
646	Mannuel, C H	... Printer, T Black and Co	... Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
647	Mannuel, H R	... Reader, P W Press, Bengal	... Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

649	Manuel, J	...	Asst, Office Acctt-Genl., Military Dept.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	India	Christian
650	Manuel, J A	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
651	Marceline, J E	...	Reader, P. W. D., Printing Branch	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
652	Marshall, F H	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
653	Martin, E	...	Assistant, Thomas Smith and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
654	Martin, H G	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
655	Martin, J C	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
656	Martin, J P	...	Assistant, Ralli and Mavrojani	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
657	Martin, W H	...	Melter, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
658	Martinelli, J P	...	Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	...	10, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
659	Martyr, E L	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
660	Martyrose, C A	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
661	Martyrose, P A	...	Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co	...	109, Old China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
662	Massa, A	...	Silk Broker	...	Pollock Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
663	Massin, J	...	Assistant, T Smith and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
664	Masters, E	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
665	Mathews, F H	...	Assistant, Brown and Co	...	42, Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
666	Mathewson, B N	...	Firm of R N Mathewson	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
667	Maundrell, A W J	...	Assistant, R Scott, Thomson and Co	...	ditto	...	India	ditto
668	Mawson, D	...	Assistant, Cook and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
669	Mawson, W P	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
670	Maxwell, W	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
671	May, F W	...	Manager, Madeley and Co	...	Wellesley Place	...	India	ditto
672	Mayne, F G	...	Assistant, Agra Bank	...	26, Mango Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
673	Meade, J J	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
674	Medlycott, A E	...	Melter, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India	ditto

675	Medlycott, H	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, P. W. Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
676	Meik, G	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
677	Mell, A N	... Assistant, L W Toulmin and Co.	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto
678	Melville, J	... Firm of Ahmuty and Co	Church Lane	...	ditto
679	Mendes, J A	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
680	Mendes, M A	... Chief Clerk, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing.	Hastings Street	...	ditto
681	Mendies, A D	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	...	ditto
682	Meugens, M	... Assistant, Moran and Co	3, Church Lane	...	ditto
683	Meyer, A J	... Firm of Meyer and Co	Cooper's Lane	...	ditto
684	Meyer, H	... Tea Merchant	7, Wellesley Place	...	ditto
685	Michael, J H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
686	Middleton, C	... Chief Assistant, Store Department, E I R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
687	Middleton, E	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co	Strand	...	ditto
688	Miller, J	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, P W Accts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
689	Miller, R	... Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co	Strand	...	ditto
690	Millet, C E	... Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
691	Mills, J	... Assistant, W L Atkinson and Co	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
692	Milne, J	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
693	Milne, J	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
694	Milne, J L	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
695	Milne, T K	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	...	ditto
696	Milne, W P	... Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division.	15, Writers' Building	...	ditto
697	Mitchell, D	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	...	ditto
698	Mitchell, J D O	... Store-keeper, Calcutta Jetties	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
			Rantinnah Street	...	ditto

	NAME	ASSISTANT, SECRETARIAT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, Public Works Department.	INDIAN BUILDINGS	...	...	...
702	Moore, B	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
703	Moore, C H	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
704	Moore, F	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
705	Moreino, J A	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
706	Moreiro, J A	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
707	Morrison, D M L	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
708	Morrison, J J L L	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
709	Morriess, E	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
710	Mowat, M	...	Beacon Street	...	ditto	ditto
711	Mullen, H E	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
712	Muller, H A	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
713	Mumford, J	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
714	Murphy, F J	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
715	Murray, F W	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
716	Murray, J	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
717	Murray, P S	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
718	Musgrave, B W	...	3, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
719	Musgrave, J	...	Hastings Street	...	India	ditto
720	Myhill, W H	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
N						
721	Napier, J R	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
722	Nash, F	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto

		Supervisor, Public Works Department, 2nd Calcutta Division.	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
724	Nerius, J C F	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
725	Newbery, J	ditto	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
726	Newing, R D M	Assistant, Dykes and Co.	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
727	Newman, W R	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
728	Newson, W H	Firm of Newson and Co.	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
729	Newton, H W	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto	ditto
730	Nicholas, J J	Assistant, Apear and Co.	Radha Bazar	...	India	ditto
731	Nicholls, W	Firm of Nicholls and Co.	Wellesey Place	...	ditto	ditto
732	Nightingale, W H	Assistant, Cuthbertson and Harper	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
733	Niven, H	Head Printer, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
734	Norton, J B	Plumber	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
735	Nosworthy, W C	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
O						
736	Oates, J	Store Accountant, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
737	O'Brien, C M	Hide Broker	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
738	O'Brien, M	Head Clerk, Mathematical Instrument Department.	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
739	O'Flaherty, R	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	14, Chowringhee	...	ditto	ditto
740	O'Keefe, J W	Assistant, Ketjlewell Bullen and Co.	22, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
741	O'Sullivan, J P	Accountant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
742	O'Sullivan, T W	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
743	Ormiston, G A	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
744	Orr, P P	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto

O

746	Ottewill, H T	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	Christian
747	Otto, F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	India	ditto
748	Owen, M	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
749	Owen, S	...	Inhabitant	...	1, Old Boytakhana, 2nd Lane	...	ditto	ditto
750	Owen, T R	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camac Street	...	Great Britain	ditto

P

751	Palmer, C	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto
752	Palmer, G G	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
753	Palmer, J G	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
754	Palmer, J H	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
755	Palmer, W	...	Assistant, Office of Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
756	Parker, A J	...	Manager, C and W Scott and Co.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
757	Parker, J C	...	Assistant, P and O Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
758	Parmer, C H	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
759	Parsons, W	...	Assistant, Peel, Jacob and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
760	Partridge, T	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
761	Pascal, E M	...	Manager, Dunn and Co.	...	3, Cooper's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
762	Patton, J R T	...	Surveyor, Abkaree Office, Calcutta Collocation.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
763	Paul, A	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Pairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
764	Paxton, A	...	Shoemaker	...	Waterloo Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
765	Payne, J H	...	Assistant, J Anderson and Co	...	Church Lane	...	India	ditto
766	Pearce, H L	...	Firm of Pearce and Baist, Brokers	...	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
767	Peel, C	...	Manager, Barlow and Co.	...	Olive Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
768	Pemantle, A H B	...	Assistant, G F Lackersteen and Co	...	36, New China Bazar	...	India	ditto

769	Pemantle, H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
770	Pennington, G	... Assistant, T F Brown and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
771	Pereira, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
772	Pereira, E H	... Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	... 10, Strand	... ditto	ditto
773	Pereira, E H	... Head Assistant, Agent for Consignments...	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
774	Pereira, F	... Reader, Office of Superintendent Government Printing.	... 8, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
775	Pereira, J F	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, P W D.	... 20, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
776	Pereira, J J	... Assistant, Arlington and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
777	Pereira, J W A	... Assistant, P S D' Rozario and Co.	... Lall Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
778	Pereira, T A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
779	Pereira, T R	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
780	Persey, C W	... Assistant, F and C Osler	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
781	Peters, J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... India	ditto
782	Peterson, F W	... Assistant, Bullion Office, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
783	Peterson, H J	... Assistant, Jessop and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
784	Phillips, L	... Assistant Pipelayer, Calcutta Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
785	Phillips, D H	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
786	Phillips, H	... Inspector, Emigration Depot	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
787	Picachy, L	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
788	Piesse, L	... Trader	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... Great Britain	ditto
789	Pinlow, W J	... Firm of Harman and Co.	... 6, Jaun Bazar, 1st Lane	... ditto	ditto
790	Pinkerton, H C	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
791	Pinkerton, R	... Assistant, Burn and Co.	... 7, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
792	Place, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military	... Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto

795	Pomeroy, J R	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
796	Porteous, A M	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
797	Porter, S B	...	Assistant, Thomas Watson and Co	...	1, Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
798	Pottenger, G	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
799	Potter, J A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
800	Power, M	...	Registrar, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
801	Powlesland, R O	...	Assistant, Burke and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
802	Pratt, H	...	Assistant, F and C Osler	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
803	Presgrave, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
804	Price, G A	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
805	Price, J A	...	Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division, Public Works Department.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
806	Prins, P A	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand Road	...	India	ditto
807	Pritchard, A H	...	Bill Broker	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
808	Proby, F M	...	Assistant, Dunn and Co	...	71, Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
809	Prussia, G	...	Accountant, Controller, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
810	Purchase, E B	...	Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
811	Quambrough, F W	...	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
812	Quinlow, F P	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts...	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
813	Raphael, J H	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
814	Ravenscroft, A	...	Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	...	Humayoon Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
815	Ravenscroft, H B	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
816	Reed, E	...	Assistant, Dukes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	Great Britain	ditto

818	Rebeiro, J	...	Overseer of Roads, 1st Division	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
819	Rebeiro, L	...	Head Clerk, Drainage Department	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
820	Rebeiro, R	...	Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
821	Rebello, W A	...	Assistant, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
822	Rebello, W A	...	Government Medical Store Department	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
823	Redman, C	...	Head Master, Free School	...	Free School Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
824	Reed, W J	...	Assistant, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
825	Reily, G M	...	Deputy Manager, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
826	Remedy, W T	...	Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
827	Remfry, J	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
828	Renshaw, J E	...	Assistant, Watts and Co	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
829	Reynolds, R G	...	Assistant, Hunter and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India	ditto
830	Riach, W	...	Teacher, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
831	Richards, L	...	Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
832	Riddlesdale, J J	...	Assistant, Bourne and Shepherd	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
833	Ridges, E B	...	Firm of Dykes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
834	Riggord, C	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
835	Rigordy, C (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	...	New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
836	Robb, G	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
837	Roberts, H.	...	Principal, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
838	Roberts, J	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
839	Robertson, A AE	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
840	Robertson C A	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	India	ditto
841	Robins, J	...	Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
842	Robinson, C E	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto

...
845	Rodrigues, J	Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wright & Co	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	India	...	ditto	...	ditto
846	Rodrigues, J C	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
847	Rodrigues, J H	Assistant, T F Brown and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
848	Rogers, D	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...	ditto
849	Rogers, T B	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
850	Rogerson, R W	Assistant, T Smith and Co	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
851	Rollo, R G	Chief Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Irrigation Branch, P W D.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	...	ditto	...	ditto
852	Romain, W St.	Assistant, Medical Store Department	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
853	Rose, C	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co	Church Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
854	Rose, H A	Zemindar	5, Lindsay Street	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...	ditto
855	Rusford, H	Assistant, W H Harton and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
856	Ross, G G	Head Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
857	Ross, W	Assistant to D M Traill	British Indian Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
858	Rostan, C S	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	India	...	ditto	...	ditto
859	Rostan, J B	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
860	Rostan, W B	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
861	Rothney, G A J	Assistant, C W Scott and Co.	British Indian Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
862	Rowe, A H P	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	4, Old Court House Street...	...	Great Britain	...	ditto	...	ditto
863	Rowe, D J	Superintendent, Office Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jann Bazar Street	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
864	Rubie, P C	Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto

866	Rutledge, C T	...	Registrar, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
867	Rutledge, D B	...	Assistant, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
868	Ryder, F C	...	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
S								
869	Salmon, J	...	Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	Garstin's Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
870	Sampson, C H	...	Superintendent, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
871	Sanderson, A	...	Deputy Supdt, Govt Printing	...	8, Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
872	Sarkies, J A	...	Trader	...	2, Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
873	Sarkies, S J	...	Produce Broker	...	Pollock Street	...	ditto	ditto
874	Saunders, R R	...	Assistant, Mackillican and Co	...	7, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
875	Savi, J A	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
876	Scott, C	...	License Inspector to the Justices, Calcutta	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
877	Scott, G C	...	Assistant, Commissary General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
878	Scott, G J	...	Assistant, T E Thomson and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
879	Scott, R	...	Assistant, Mint	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
880	Scott, W A	...	Assistant, Examiner, of Ordnance Office	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
881	Sealy, C A	...	Reader, Home Department Press	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
882	Sealy, J F	...	Head Clerk, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
883	Sedgfield, S	...	Lithographer	...	7, Dacre's Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
884	Seton, C	...	Coach Builder	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
885	Seton, G	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
886	Sharp, C J	...	Assistant, Barlow and Co	...	5, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
887	Shave, W	...	Gasfitter and Plumber	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
888	Shaw, J W	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
889	Shaw, J W	...	Assistant, Mamm and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto

890	Shepperd, W H	...	Third Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle.	...	India	Christian
891	Sherlock, John	...	Assistant to Burn and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
892	Sherriff, J	...	Firm of Hunter and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
893	Shilstone, W N	...	Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	ditto	ditto
894	Shinn, W	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	ditto	ditto
895	Shircore, G R	...	Pleaser, Small Cause Court	...	ditto	ditto
896	Shircore, R	...	Superintendent, License Department of the Justices.	...	ditto	ditto
897	Shircore, S A	...	Superintendent of Store Office of the Justices.	...	ditto	ditto
898	Siddons, J B	...	Assistant, Calcutta Collectorate	...	ditto	ditto
899	Simmons, C E	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	...	Great Britain	ditto
900	Simmons, G H	...	Secretary to the Commissioners, Port of Calcutta.	...	ditto	ditto
901	Simpson, J T	...	Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	...	ditto	ditto
902	Simpson, R	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	India	ditto
903	Sinclair, E G	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
904	Slater, C	...	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co.	...	ditto	ditto
905	Slater, E M	...	Superintendent, Branch Department, Bank of Bengal.	...	Great Britain	ditto
906	Smith, A	...	Broker	...	ditto	ditto
907	Smith, D F	...	Assistant, Solomon and Co.	...	India	ditto
908	Smith, D J M	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
909	Smith, E	...	Superintendent, House of Industry and Leper Asylum.	...	Great Britain	ditto
910	Smith, E M	...	Assistant, Registry Office of Hackney Carriages.	...	India	ditto

911	Smith, G	... Assistant, Bengal Unconvenanted Medical Hall.	Wellesley Street	...	ditto	ditto
912	Smith, G F	... Firm of Greenwood and Co.	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
913	Smith, H G	... Wine Merchant	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
914	Smith, J D S	... Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Police.	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
915	Smith, M	... Firm of Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
916	Smith, S	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
917	Smith, T	... Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
918	Smith, T S	... Printer, City Press	... Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
919	Smith, W	... Overseer, Justices of the Peace	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
920	Smith, W	... Assistant, Legislative Council Office	... Government Place	...	India	ditto
921	Smith, W	... Superintendent, Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press.	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
922	Smith, W A	... Assistant, Burn and Co.	... Hastings Street	...	.....	ditto
923	Smith, W B	... Firm of W B Smith and Co., Perfumers	... Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
924	Smith, W F	... Manager, J Davis and Co, Milliners	... Government Place	...	India	ditto
925	Smith, W J	... Assistant, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
926	Smyth, C E	... Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	... 6, Lyons Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
927	Smyth, W S	... Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	... Coliah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
928	Somers, J M	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	... Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
929	Somerville, A	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
930	Southey, J T	... Firm of Harman and Co.	... Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
931	Soutter, P	... Superintendent, Drainage Department	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
932	Spankie, D S	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
933	Spooner, H B	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
934	Stalman, F	... Assistant, R B Rodda and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto

937	Stanley, E J	...	Assistant, Stokes, Coleman and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
938	Stapleton, E	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
939	Stapleton, J	...	Assistant, Andersen, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto
940	Stapleton, R T	...	Assistant, F W Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
941	Stark, P B	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
942	Stewart, C S	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	India	ditto
943	Stevenson, E C	...	Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto
944	Stevenson, J	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto
945	Stewart, C A	...	Assistant, Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	India	ditto
946	Stewart, T	...	Produce Broker	...	102, Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto
947	Stowell, J A	...	Registrar, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
948	Stuart, C	...	Deputy Registrar, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	India	ditto
949	Stuart, E	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto
950	Stuart, T	...	Head Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
951	Sullivan, T J	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	Great Britain	ditto
952	Summers, A	...	Firm of Watson and Sumners	...	Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto
953	Sunder, C W P	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	India	ditto
954	Sutherland, A	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto
955	Sutherland, R K	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
956	Swaries, J W	...	Assistant, Government Medical Department.	...	Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto
957	Swaries, P	...	Undertaker	...	Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
958	Sweet, J	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto
959	Swinden, F G	...	Store-keeper, India General Steam Naviga- tion Company, Limited.	...	Strand	India	ditto

961	Sykes, E	...	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
962	Symonds, E	...	Firm of Lazarus and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
T								
963	Tanner, P A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
964	Taylor, J	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
965	Taylor, J E	...	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
966	Templeton, E D	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	...	ditto	...	India	ditto
967	TenBrocke, A H	...	Accountant, Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
968	Tetley, E H	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	ditto	...	India	ditto
969	Thom, J	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
970	Thomas, G E	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
971	Thomas, W	...	Assistant, Baptist Mission Press	...	Lower Circular Road	...	India	ditto
972	Thomas, W L	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
973	Thompson, F	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Park Street	...	India	ditto
974	Thompson, G S	...	Firm of W H Harton and Co.	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
975	Thompson, J	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co....	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
976	Thompson, J H	...	Assistant, Toulmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
977	Thomson, E	...	Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
978	Thomson, F R	...	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
979	Thomson, J G	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
980	Thomson, J T	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Com- merce Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
981	Thomson, R	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
982	Thomson, W	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
983	Thorpe, W J	...	Superintendent, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto

986	Timms, T A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
987	Tobias, H	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
988	Tod, J	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
989	Toussaint, E B	...	Superintendent, Drainage Works	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
990	Trail, D H	...	Proprietor, Calcutta Advertiser	...	British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
991	Trotter, A E C	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
992	Tucker, A R	...	Assistant, E Thomson and Co., Gasfitters...	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
993	Tucker, S J	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
994	Tulloch J C	...	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
995	Tulloch, R W.	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
996	Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co.	...	7, Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
997	Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
998	Turnbull, R W	...	Vet. Surgeon, Thomas Smith and Co.	...	Diarrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
999	Turner, H W	...	Assistant, Harold and Co.	...	3, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1000	Turner, J	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
1001	Turner, W W	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1002	Twalling, J W	...	Registrar, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1003	Urquhart, R D	...	Warder, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1004	Vangrieken, E E	...	Assistant, Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	India	ditto
1005	Vardon, A	...	Assistant, Vardon and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1006	Vardon, E S	...	Broker	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1007	Vaughan, S	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	...	New China Bazar	...	Great Britain	ditto
1008	Vernieux, E O	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	...	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto

U

V

1009	Vertannes, P	...	Assistant, I. G. S. N. Co.	...	Faulie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1010	Vertannes, Z	...	Assistant, Ralli and Mavrojani	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1011	Very, J C	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
1012	Victor, J T	...	Assistant, Nui-ance Department of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
1013	Vivian, W	...	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
W								
1014	Waddel, Geo.	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
1015	Wagstaff, P	...	Chief Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
1016	Wakefield, W S	...	Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1017	Wakeford, J T	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
1018	Walker, H	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1019	Walker, H	...	Assistant, J Anderson and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
1020	Walker, J	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1021	Walker, P A	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1022	Walker, T L	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1023	Wallace, G	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1024	Wallace, G A	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1025	Wallace, P	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1026	Wallace, P	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India	ditto
1027	Waller, E D	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1028	Waller, G D	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Claims	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1029	Wallis, A H	...	Firm of Manton and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1030	Wallis, C T	...	Firm of Ranken and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto

1033	Ware, W J	... Assistant, Office of Ordnance Accounts ...	...	...	...	...	...
1034	Wareham, J	... 2nd Grade Engineer, Mint ...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto	...
1035	Waters, W B	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	...
1036	Watson, A F	... Executive Engineer, 3rd Presidency Division.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	...
1037	Watson, A G	... Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co. ...	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto	...
1038	Watson, E	... Firm of Watson and Summers ...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto	...
1039	Watson, H H	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office ...	Homayoon Place	...	India	ditto	...
1040	Watson, H W A	... Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Accounts	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto	...
1041	Watson, J	... Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office ...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto	...
1042	Watson, J	... Superintendent, Office of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto	...
1043	Watson, Thomas	... Tea and General Produce Broker ...	1, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto	...
1044	Watson, William	... Firm of Thomas Watson and Co. ...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...
1045	Watson, W H	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept ...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto	...
1046	Watts, J	... Firm of Duncan and Co. ...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain	ditto	...
1047	Weatherdon, R.	... Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co. ...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto	...
1048	Wellstead, J	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co. ...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto	...
1049	Welner, W F	... Assistant, Board of Revenue ...	2, Banksball Street	...	India	ditto	...
1050	Wenger, E S	... Clerk, Office of Jt-Secy to the Govt of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto	...
1051	Wenger W L	... Supdt., Compr-General's Office ...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	...
1052	West, R B	... Assistant, F W Baker and Co. ...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto	...
1053	Westfield, W F	... Firm of Westfield and Co. ...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto	...
1054	Westland, W	... Superintendent, Depositors' Department, Bank of Bengal.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto	...
1055	Wetherill, J	... Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office ...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto	...

1056	Wetherill, J E	...	Firm of J M Edmond and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
1057	Whelan, H G	...	Assistant, Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Colah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1058	White, J	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1059	Whitehead, J J	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General of Accounts	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
1060	Whiteway, E	...	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1061	Whyte, J	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co.	...	4, Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
1062	Wicks, H	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1063	Wilder, W	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1064	Wilkinson, J W	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	India	ditto
1065	Wilcox, J L	...	Freight and Ship Broker	...	102, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1066	Williams, A B	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
1067	Williamson, R	...	Assessor of Roads, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1068	Williamson, R	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1069	Wills, F J	...	Assistant, Watts and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
1070	Wills, G	...	Assistant, J Mackillochan and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1071	Wilson, A B	...	Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
1072	Wilson, G	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
1073	Wilson, James	...	Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1074	Wilson, R	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
1075	Wilson, S	...	Firm of S. Wilson and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1076	Wilson, S R	...	Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
1077	Wilson, T	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1078	Wilson, W G H	...	Assistant, Commissary General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	India	ditto
		...	Assistant Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern India Writers' Buildings	...		...	Great Britain	ditto

Justices of the Peace.

1082	Winton, J J	...	Accountant, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
1083	Wolff, J T	...	Assistant, Mint	Strand	...	ditto
1084	Woollen, C W	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1085	Womack, J G	...	Assistant, Harman and Co.	Government Place	...	ditto
1086	Wood, G S P	...	Parcel Officer, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.	Strand	...	India
1087	Wood, J	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1088	Wood, S G	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1089	Wood, T	...	Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office, Military Department.	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1090	Wood, T W	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1091	Woodward, J V	...	Assistant, Cooke and Kelvey	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1092	Woollam, W D	...	Superintendent, Foreign Department Press	Council House Street	...	Great Britain
1093	Woollams, A	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	4, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto
1094	Woolterton, C R	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1095	Wray, G	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	India
1096	Wright, C F	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, P W D.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1097	Wright, G	...	Inspector of Nuisances	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1098	Wyatt, S W	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1099	Wylie, E D	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	Strand	...	Great Britain
1100	Yakachee, J P	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	India
1101	Yakjee, J G	...	Indigo Broker	David Joseph's Lane	...	ditto

1102	Yates, G R	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
1103	Young, A	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
1104	Yule, G U	... Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
Z					
1105	Zemin, D J	... Firm of Arlington and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
1106	Zemin, J	... Teacher, Doveton College	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto
A					
1107	Abdulla	... Translator, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	1, Larkin's Lane	... India	Mahomedan
1108	Abdul Hye	... Head Professor, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrassa.	Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto
1109	Addy, Bustom Doss	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghât Street	... ditto	Brahmo
1110	Addy, Debendro Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co.	51, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1111	Addy, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	Hindoo
1112	Addy, Gorachand	... Deputy Cashier, National Bank of India	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
1113	Addy, Jadub Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto
1114	Addy, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1115	Addy, Nuffer Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1116	Addy, Nursing Dass	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1117	Addy, Rajkisto	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1118	Aich, Koylas Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P W D	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
B					
1119	Bagchee, Brojonath	... Assistant, Bengal Acct.-Genl.'s Office	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1120	Banerjee, Addonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
		... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	... Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto

1124	Banerjee, B M	... 3rd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1125	Banerjee, Boroda Churn	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1126	Banerjee, Behary Lall	... Teacher, Presidency College	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1127	Banerjee, Bhoobun Mohun	... Printer, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1128	Banerjee, Bisumbur	... Assistant, Office of Examiner Dockyard Accounts.	2, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1129	Banerjee, Charoo Chunder	... Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1130	Banerjee, Chunder Mohun	... Serishtadar, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1131	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Assistant, Ralli Brothers	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1132	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Accountant, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1133	Banerjee, Denonath	... Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1134	Banerjee, Doorga Dass	... Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1135	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1136	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1137	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1138	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Head Teacher, Calcutta Normal School	Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
1139	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton and Co.	Clive Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1140	Banerjee, Gopee Nath	... Clerk, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1141	Banerjee, Haran Chunder	... Assistant Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division	Imperial Museum	...	ditto	ditto
1142	Banerjee, Hurimohun	... Assistant, Chief Paymaster's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1143	Banerjee, Hurish Chunder	... Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1144	Banerjee, Issen Chunder	... Assistant, Mercantile Bank	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto

1145	Banerjee, Isaan Chunder	...	Head Accountant, Government Printing Office.	...	ditto	ditto
1146	Banerjee, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissioner's Office	...	3, Theatre Road	ditto
1147	Banerjee, Jodoo Nath	...	Accountant, I G S N Co	...	Fairlie Place	ditto
1148	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Sanskrit Professor, Cathedral Mission College	...	Putaldangah	ditto
1149	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	ditto
1150	Banerjee, Jogeshur	...	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	ditto
1151	Banerjee, Kalichurn	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Ghat Street	Christian
1152	Banerjee, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	Hindoo
1153	Banerjee, Kalidass	...	Assistant, Tamvaco and Co	...	Canning Street	ditto
1154	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
1155	Banerjee, Kaliprasono	...	4th grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
1156	Banerjee, Keder Nath	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	...	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto
1157	Banerjee, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	ditto
1158	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
1159	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Clerk, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
1160	Banerjee, Mahub Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
1161	Banerjee, Nilcomul	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	ditto
1162	Banerjee, Nilmoney	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept	...	Bankshall Street	ditto
1163	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Humayoon Place	ditto
1164	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Clerk, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
1165	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance,	...	Cajlah Ghat Street	ditto

...	Head Writer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1170	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	...	...	ditto	ditto
1171	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	...	ditto	ditto
1172	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	...	ditto	ditto
1173	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Head Assistant, Abkaree Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	ditto	ditto
1174	Banerjee, Pran Coomar	Assistant, Home Department	...	ditto	ditto
1175	Banerjee, Preo Nath	2nd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presidency Division.	...	ditto	ditto
1176	Banerjee, Prosono Coomar	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	...	ditto	ditto
1177	Banerjee, Protab Chunder	Sub-Engineer, P. W. D.	...	ditto	ditto
1178	Banerjee, Panchanun	Head Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
1179	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	...	ditto	ditto
1180	Banerjee, Rajendro Nath	Assistant, Military Department	...	ditto	ditto
1181	Banerjee, Rajkissen	Head Assistant, Agent's Office, E. I. R.	...	ditto	ditto
1182	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
1183	Banerjee, Runendro Nath	Assistant, Home Department	...	ditto	ditto
1184	Banerjee, Russick Lall	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	ditto	ditto
1185	Banerjee, Shib Chunder	Head Assistant, Stationery Dept, E. I. R.	...	ditto	ditto
1186	Banerjee, Sreenath	Assistant, Financial Department	...	ditto	ditto
1187	Banerjee, Sudanundo	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1188	Banerjee, Trolukho Nath	3rd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto
1189	Banerjee, Umerito Lall	Assistant, Financial Department	...	ditto	ditto
		Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	ditto	ditto

B

1214	Bose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Mercantile Bank of India	...	Dalhousie Square	...	India	Hindoo
1215	Bose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1216	Bose, Haran Chunder	...	Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office	...	2nd Calcutta Division, Imperial Museum.	...	ditto	ditto
1217	Bose, Hurrish Chunder	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1218	Bose, Hurrish Chunder	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1219	Bose, Hurro Coomar	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1220	Bose, Hurrymohun	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1221	Bose, Jogendro Coomar	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1222	Bose, Kalitara	...	Assistant, Public Works Department, Bengal.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1223	Bose, Kedarnath	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1224	Bose, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1225	Bose, Modosoodun	...	Assistant, M C Joakim and Co.	...	Old China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1226	Bose, Mohendro Nath	...	Inhabitant	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
1227	Bose, Mudunmohan	...	Assistant, Petrocochino and Co.	...	2, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1228	Bose, Nepal Chunder	...	Assistant Accountant, Office of the Justices of the Peace, Account Department.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1229	Bose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1230	Bose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade	...	ditto	ditto
1231	Bose, Norendro Nath	...	Inhabitant	...	Putuldanga	...	ditto	ditto
1232	Bose, Noyan Chunder	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto	ditto
1233	Bose, Nundo Gopal	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1234	Bose, Omerto Kissen	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1235	Bose, Omerto Lall	...	Head Accountant, Graham and Co.	...	...	...	ditto	ditto
1236	Bose, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	...	...	ditto	ditto

1238	Bose, Frankisto	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1239	Bose, Rajnarain	... Banian	... Putuldangah	...	ditto
1240	Bose, Rajkisto	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1241	Bose, Rakhdass	... Assistant, R. D. Bose and Co., Wine Merchants.	... Mission Row	...	ditto
1242	Bose, Rye Churn	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1243	Bose, Soorjeenarain	... Banian	... Putuldangah	...	ditto
1244	Bose, Tarucknath	... Assistant Inspector, License Department of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1245	Bose, Womesh Chunder	... Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	... Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1246	Bural, Goberdhone	... Assistant, National Bank	... Council House Street	...	ditto
1247	Bural, Judoo Nath	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1248	Bural, Ram Sabuk	... Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	... Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1249	Buzlul, Haq	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	... Chowringhee Road	...	Mahomedan
1250	Buzlar, Rahman	... Teacher, Calcutta Madrassa	... Wellesley Square	...	ditto
1251	Bysack, Behary Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	...	Hindoo
1252	Bysack, Brojo Gopal	... Inhabitant	... Neemoo Gossain's Lane, Burtollah.	...	ditto
1253	Bysack, Gopal Chunder	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1254	Bysack, Jugger Nath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, ditto	...	ditto
1255	Bysack, Mohendro Nath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	... ditto	...	ditto
1256	Bysack, Mohun Chand	... Inhabitant	... Soobaram Bysack's Lane	...	ditto
1257	Bysack, Mudun Mohun	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1258	Bysack, Prem Chand	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	...	ditto
1259	Bysack, Prosono Coomar	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office.	... Bankshall Street	...	ditto

1263	Bysack, Radha Romun	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	...	ditto
1264	Bysack, Romanath	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1265	Bysack, Sham Soonder	... ditto ditto	ditto	...	ditto
1266	Bysack, Shib Chunder	... Supdt, Office of Controller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1267	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1268	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	... Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
C					
1269	Chatterjee, Bani Madhub	... Assistant, Controller of Military Accounts	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1270	Chatterjee, Beejoyuath	... Treasurer, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto
1271	Chatterjee, Bhobun Mohun	... Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1272	Chatterjee, Bishnu Churn	... Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1273	Chatterjee, Bunkobeharry	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Sudder Street	...	ditto
1274	Chatterjee, Degumber	... Head Clerk, Office of Commissioner, Presidency Division.	Theatre Road	...	ditto
1275	Chatterjee, Degumber	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	2, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1276	Chatterjee, Denonath	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto
1277	Chatterjee, Doorga Dass	... Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	14, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1278	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosuno	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1279	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Wyman and Co.	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1280	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosunno	... Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto
1281	Chatterjee, Gungadhar	... Assistant, Accountant's Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1282	Chatterjee, Hurriah Chunder	... Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto

1284	Chatterjee, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1285	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
1286	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1287	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1288	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	...	8, Park Street	...	ditto
1289	Chatterjee, Judoonath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1290	Chatterjee, Kalinath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1291	Chatterjee, Kaliprosunno	...	Assistant, Executive Commissariat Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1292	Chatterjee, Kedarnath	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	4, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1293	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1294	Chatterjee, K C	...	Assistant, Accountant-General's Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
1295	Chatterjee, Krishno Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1296	Chatterjee, Mohesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1297	Chatterjee, Netie Chund	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1298	Chatterjee, Nibaron Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1299	Chatterjee, Nilmadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane, Tuneah.	...	ditto
1300	Chatterjee, Nyan Chund	...	Supervisor, P. W. D., Military Works	...	Fort William	...	ditto
1301	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Banksball Street	...	ditto
1302	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1303	Chatterjee, Prosunocoomar	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Indian Railway	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1304	Chatterjee, Panchanun	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1305	Chatterjee, Rajendronath	...	Clerk, Office of Controller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto

	NAME.						
1307	Chatterjee, Romanath	... Broker	... Chorebagan	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1308	Chatterjee, Satcowrie	... Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1309	Chatterjee, S P	... Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	... Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1310	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1311	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	... Assistant, Foreign Department	... Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1312	Chatterjee, Sreenath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1313	Chatterjee, Sumbhoo Chunder	... Clerk, Office of Controller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1314	Chatterjee, Surbosook	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1315	Chatterjee, Tarini Charn	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... 20, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1316	Chatterjee, Umbika Churn	... 2nd Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1317	Chatterjee, Womesh Chunder	... Teacher, Free Church Institution	... Nimtollah Street	...	ditto	Christian	Christian
1318	Chowdhry, Gopal Gobindo	... Assistant, Office of Controller, Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo	Hindoo
1319	Chowdhry, Gyan Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	... Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1320	Chowdhry, H C	... Assistant, Bird and Co.	... Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1321	Chowdhry, Kirty Chunder	... Engineer	... Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1322	Chowdhry, Nicconjobehary	... Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1323	Chowdhry, Nilcomul	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1324	Chowdhry, Nety Gobindo	... Apprentice Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division	Imperial Museum	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1325	Chowdhry, Frankisto	... Banian, George Henderson and Co.	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1326	Chowdhry, Prosonocoomar	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1327	Chowdhry, Russick Lall	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	... Strand	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1328	Chowdhry, Troyluckonath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto	ditto

1329	Chuckerbutty, Bonomally	...	Assistant, Government Foreign Department.	Toshakhana,	Council House Street	...	ditto
1330	Chuckerbutty, Debendronath	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1331	Chuckerbutty, Dwarknath	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1332	Chuckerbutty, Iscen Chunder	...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1333	Chuckerbutty, Judoonath	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1334	Chuckerbutty, Kaliprosunno	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1335	Chuckerbutty, Khetter Paul	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1336	Chuckerbutty, Nilmonoy	...	Second Master, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1337	Chuckerbutty, Nobin Chunder	...	Head Assistant, Presidency Executive Commissioneriat Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto
1338	Chuckerbutty, Peary Mohun	...	Banian, J DeSouza and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1339	Chuckerbutty, Sreekinto	...	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1340	Chuckerbutty, Surroop Chunder.	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	ditto	...	ditto
1341	Chuckerbutty, Thakoor Dass	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1342	Chuckerbutty, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1343	Chunder, Anundo Chunder	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1344	Chunder, Bindoo Chunder	...	Accountant, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1345	Chunder, Bissonath	...	Assistant, Office of Acct.-Genl., Bengal	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1346	Chunder, Bonomally	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto
1347	Chunder, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1348	Chunder, Kanye Lall	...	Inhabitant	...	Tuntuneah	...	ditto
1349	Chunder, Mohendro Lall	...	Assistant, R Macallister and Co.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1350	Coomar, Joygobindo	...	Assistant, Drainage Department, Office of the Justices.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto

1352	Coondoo, Kalichurn	...	ASSISTANT, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT	...	GOVERNMENT PLACE	...	ditto	...
1353	Coondoo, Preonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	...
1354	Cowasjee, Hurmesjee	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	Parsee
D								
1355	Dass, Auditto Churn	...	Assistant, Scallan and Co.	...	Pollock Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
1356	Dass, Behary Lall	...	Inhabitant	...	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto	ditto
1357	Dass, Banymadhub	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat Accounts.	...	7, Colilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1358	Dass, Choonee Lall	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1359	Dass, Doyal Chund	...	Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1360	Dass, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1361	Dass, Gobind Chund	...	Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1362	Dass, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Justices of the Peace, Accountant's Department.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1363	Dass, Hurish Chunder	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1364	Dass, Hurro Sunker	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1365	Dass, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agricul- ture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1366	Dass, Kessub Chunder	...	Assistant Accountant, Audit Office, E. I. R.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1367	Dass, Khetter Paul	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1368	Dass, Kristo Mohun	...	Inhabitant	...	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto	ditto
1369	Dass, Mohesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1370	Dass, Nilcomul	...	Sub-Assistant Auditor, E. I. Railway	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1371	Dass, Nobin Chunder	...	Second Master, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1372	Dass, Nundo Lall	...	Second Master, Calcutta Madriassah	...	Wellesley Square	...	ditto	ditto

1373	Dass, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1374	Dass, Ram Chunder	...	Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto
1375	Dass, Ramdass	...	License Inspector to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1376	Dass, Ram Ruttun	...	Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1377	Dass, Shama Sanker	...	Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1378	Dass, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1379	Dass, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Military Secretariat	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1380	Dass, Sreenibas	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1381	Dass, Tincowrie	...	Broker	Sonagachee Lane	...	ditto
1382	Dass, Woornesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1383	Dass, Woorna Churn	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Government Place	...	ditto
1384	Deb, Brojendro Kristo	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1385	Deb, Brojo Nath	...	Assistant, John Atkinson and Co.	Lyons Range	...	ditto
1386	Deb, Dwarka Nath	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto
1387	Deb, Grish Chunder	...	Head Master, Hare School	Colootollah	...	ditto
1388	Deb, Shama Churu	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1389	Dey, Beer Chund	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1390	Dey, Bostom Churn	...	Head Assistant, Summons and Warrant Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1391	Dey, Bonomali	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	ditto
1392	Dey, Brojonath	...	Accountant, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto
1393	Dey, Chunder Coomar	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	7, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1394	Dey, Damodur	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

1396	Dey, Dwarkanath	... Assistant, Office of Works Accounts.			
1397	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	ditto
1398	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1399	Dey, Gourisunker	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto
1400	Dey, Hurraram	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	Strand	...	ditto
1401	Dey, Judoo Nath	... Accountant, Office of the Justices	4, Jann Bazar Street	...	ditto
1402	Dey, Kala Chand	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1403	Dey, Kali Coomar	... Cashier, Government Printing Office	Hastings Street	...	ditto
1404	Dey, Kali Kissen	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1405	Dey, Kanye Lall	... Assistant, Office of Deputy Commissary-General, Lower Circle.	Park Street	...	ditto
1406	Dey, Khetter Mohun	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto
1407	Dey, Khetter Nath	... Assistant, Home Department	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1408	Dey, Kisto Mohun	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshaff Street	...	ditto
1409	Dey, Mütty Lall	... Banian, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1410	Dey, Nepal Chunder	... Reader, Government Printing Office	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1411	Dey, Netro Lall	... Assistant, Stamp Office	4, Church Lane	...	ditto
1412	Dey, Nilmony	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	1, Larkia's Lane	...	ditto
1413	Dey, Nobogopal	... Assistant, E F Lackersteen and Co.	36, New China Bazar	...	ditto
1414	Dey, Nundo Lall	... Deputy Store-keeper of Stamps	4, Church Lane	...	ditto
1415	Dey, Prosoano Coomar	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	3, Bankshaff Street	...	ditto
1416	Dey, Romanath	... Accountant, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1417	Dey, Rumick Lall	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

1418	Dey, S C	...	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1419	Dey, Saroda Persad	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1420	Dey, Taschnath	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
1421	Dey, Womes Chunder	...	Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1422	Dhole, Hurro Coomar	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1423	Dhur, Baney Madub	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1424	Dhur, Chunder Mohun	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1425	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	Brahmo
1426	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	...	2, ditto	...	Hindoo
1427	Dhur, Kala Chand	...	Assistant, Stamp Office	...	4, Church Lane	...	ditto
1428	Dhur, Kali Dass	...	Banian	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1429	Dhur, Kundoo Lall	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1430	Dhur, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1431	Dhur, Rajballub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1432	Dhur, Ram Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto
1433	Dhur, Soobul Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1434	Din Muhammad	...	Landholder	...	42, Comeedanbagan Lane	...	Mahomedan
1435	Dutt, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	...	Strand	...	Hindoo
1436	Dutt, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, Oriental Bank	...	Shibtolah Lane	...	ditto
1437	Datt, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1438	Dutt, Bholanath	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1439	Dutt, Bishnoo Churn	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1440	Dutt, Bolie Chand	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto

1442	Dutt, Brojo Nath	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	...	...	ditto
1443	Dutt, Brojonath	... Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1444	Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	3, Clive Street	...	ditto
1445	Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, F T Brooks and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1446	Dutt, Byeantonath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1447	Dutt, Chundy Churn	... Assistant, Crooke, Rome and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
1448	Dutt, Doorga Churn	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
1449	Dutt, Doyal Chand	... Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	...	Garstin's Place	...	ditto
1450	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Teacher, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto
1451	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Merchant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1452	Dutt, Goberdone	... Assistant, Financial Department	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1453	Dutt, Gopeenath	... Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1454	Dutt, Goshto Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1455	Dutt, Greedharee	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1456	Dutt, Jobur Lall	... Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto
1457	Dutt, Judoo Nath	... Record-keeper, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1458	Dutt, Kashinath	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1459	Dutt, Kedar Nath	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1460	Dutt, Khetter Pal	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1461	Dutt, Komednath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, ditto	...	ditto
1462	Dutt, Kristo Mohun	... Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1463	Dutt, Lady Mohun	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1464	Dutt, Mohendro Nath	... Compiler, Pay Department	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
			...	ditto	...	

1466	Dutt, Nilamber	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1467	Dutt, Nando Coomar	...	Firm of Shib Chunder Dutt and Co.	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
1468	Dutt, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1469	Dutt, Okhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto
1470	Dutt, Opendro Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1471	Dutt, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Bremner and Laycock	...	Lyons Range	...	ditto
1472	Dutt, Pran Kissen	...	Auditor, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto
1473	Dutt, Preo Nath	...	Supdt., Comptroller-General of Accounts...	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1474	Dutt, Prosono Coomar	...	Trader.	...	Soorteebagan	...	ditto
1475	Dutt, Panchann	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1476	Dutt, Raj Narain	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1477	Dutt, Rameshur	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1478	Dutt, Ramkinkur	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1479	Dutt, Ram Narain	...	Compiler, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto
1480	Dutt, Shama Churn	...	Reader, Military Department Press	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1481	Dutt, Shib Chunder	...	Cashier, National Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
1482	Dutt, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	...	Jackson's Ghat Street	...	ditto
1483	Dutt, Shib Doyal	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1484	Dutt, Shib Narain	...	Supervisor, Examiner, Pay Department	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto
1485	Dutt, Sree Kissen	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1486	Dutt, Sree Kissen	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto
1487	Dutt, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1488	Dutt, Sreenath	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto
1489	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1490	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	...	Head Clerk, Delhi and Lopdon Bank	...	4, Council House Street	...	ditto
		...		...		...	ditto

		Landholder	...	Collingah	India	Mahomedan
1492	Fazlur Rahman Khan	...	...	...	...	...
	G					
1493	Gangooly, Gopal Chunder	...	...	...	...	Hindoo
1494	Gangooly, Keshub Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto
1495	Gangooly, Poromartho	...	...	...	...	ditto
1496	Gangooly, Prosono Comar	...	...	...	...	ditto
1497	Gangooly, Raj Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto
1498	Gangooly, Shama Churn	...	...	...	...	ditto
1499	Ghose, Ashootosh	...	...	...	...	ditto
1500	Ghose, Bacharam	...	...	...	...	ditto
1501	Ghose, Bany Madhub	...	...	...	...	ditto
1502	Ghose, Behary Lall	...	...	...	...	ditto
1503	Ghose, B-joy Kisto	...	...	...	...	ditto
1504	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	...	...	...	...	ditto
1505	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	...	...	...	...	ditto
1506	Ghose, Calla Chand	...	...	...	...	ditto
1507	Ghose, Dinonath	...	...	...	...	ditto
1508	Ghose, Denonath	...	...	...	...	ditto
1509	Ghose, Gobind Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto
1510	Ghose, Godadhar	...	...	...	...	ditto
1511	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto
1512	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto
1513	Ghose, Ishur Chunder	...	...	...	...	ditto

1514	Ghose, Joy Gopal	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1515	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Principal, Seal's Free College	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto
1516	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1517	Ghose, Juggeshur	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1518	Ghose, Kala Chand	...	Assistant, Balmer Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1519	Ghose, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1520	Ghose, Khetter Chunder	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1521	Ghose, Mudoosoodun	...	Assistant to George Abbott and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
1522	Ghose, Mutty Lall	...	Ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1523	Ghose, M L	...	2nd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
1524	Ghose, Neemchand	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1525	Ghose, Nilmony	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1526	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Cashier, Hunter and Co.	...	156, Dhurruntollah Street...	...	ditto
1527	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
1528	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	...	Teacher, Calcutta Madrissah	...	Wellesley Square	...	ditto
1529	Ghose, Nobo Coomar	...	Assistant, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank...	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
1530	Ghose, Nobogopal	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1531	Ghose, Nobogopal	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Department.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1532	Ghose, Nobokissen	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing and Dockyard Accounts.	...	2, ditto	...	ditto
1533	Ghose, P.	...	Assistant Professor, C. M. College	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1534	Ghose, Frankissen	...	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1535	Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto

1538	Ghose, Radhika Narain	...	Assistant Engineer	...	14, Writers' Buildings	...	India	Hindoo
1539	Ghose, Rajender Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
1540	Ghose, Rajendra Nath	...	Professor, General Assembly's Institution...	...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1541	Ghose, Ram Comul	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissioners and Stud Department.	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1542	Ghose, Ram Doyal	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1543	Ghose, R P	...	Assistant Professor, C M College	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
1544	Ghose, Seetanath	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1545	Ghose, Shama Churn	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1546	Ghose, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co....	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1547	Ghose, Shib Kissen	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1548	Ghose, Sreekissen	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1549	Ghose, Sreenath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1550	Ghose, Surrut Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1551	Ghose, Tej Chunder	...	Assistant, R Macalister and Co.	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1552	Ghose, Woody Chand	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1553	Goho, Tara Churn	...	Banian, Duncan Brothers	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1554	Goolzar, Shah	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	Christian
1555	Goor, Dhurmodass	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1556	Gupto, Choonee Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1557	Gupto, D C	...	Proprietor, Gupto Press	...	Meer Jafir's Lane	...	ditto	ditto

1559	Gupto, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Agra Bank	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1560	Gupto, Mohindro Lall	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1561	Gupto, Rakhal Chunder	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto	ditto
1562	Gupto, Titoo Ram	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	...	ditto	ditto
1563	Gupto, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
H								
1564	Halder, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Deputy Agent's Office, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto	ditto
1565	Halder, Kisto Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1566	Halder, Rajkissen	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1567	Hazra, Gossain Dass	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1568	Hazra, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	...	ditto	ditto
K								
1569	Kalimur Rahman	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	...	Government Place	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1570	Kasem Husen Syed	...	Inhabitant	...	35, South Collinga Street	...	ditto	ditto
1571	Khan, Shama Churn	...	Assistant to Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	Hindoo
1572	Kur Kisto Chunder	...	Assistant to F W Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
L								
1573	Laba, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Surveys, U. C.	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto	Christian
1574	Laba, Heera Lall	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
1575	Laha, Kalinath	...	Ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1576	Laha, Prosuno Coomar	...	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1577	Lahoory, Bacharam	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1578	Lalla Poory	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
M								
1579	Mema Mul	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	...	...	ditto	ditto

1581	Mitter, Bipro Dass	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	India	Hindoo
1582	Mitter, Bhobunn Mohun	...	Trader	...	Simlah	...	ditto	ditto
1583	Mitter, Byddo Nath	...	Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1584	Mitter, Churoo Chunder	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1585	Mitter, Dabendro Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1586	Mitter, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1587	Mitter, Gooroochurn	...	Book-keeper, Ulmann, Hirschhorn and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
1588	Mitter, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L P.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1589	Mitter, Hurriah Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1590	Mitter, Issen Chunder	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1591	Mitter, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1592	Mitter, Issur Chunder	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephew and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1593	Mitter, Judoo Nath	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	...	New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1594	Mitter, Jogendro Nath	...	2nd Assistant, Presidency Ex. Com. Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1595	Mitter, Kally Kinkur	...	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1596	Mitter, Kanye Lall	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1597	Mitter, Kartick Chunder	...	Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1598	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	...	8, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1599	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Eagleton and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
1600	Mitter, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Ex. of Ordnance, &c	...	2, Coillab Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1601	Mitter, Mohindro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1602	Mitter, Nilmoney	...	Assistant, Duncan and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1603	Mitter, Nilmoney	...	Engineer	...	Sham Bazar	...	ditto	ditto

1604	Mitter, Nobocoomar	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1605	Mitter, Nobo Jogendro	...	Book-keeper, Bremner and Laycock	2, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1606	Mitter, Nundo Lall	...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
1607	Mitter, Prosuno Coomar	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1608	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1609	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	Sunker Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1610	Mitter, Radhica Churn	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1611	Mitter, Raj Mohun	...	Assistant, Simson, Griffiths and Co.	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1612	Mitter, Rajendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office, Judel. Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1613	Mitter, Raj Krishna	...	Assistant, Physical Laboratory	Presidency College	...	ditto	ditto
1614	Mitter, Rakhal Dass	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1615	Mitter, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1616	Mitter, Sham Lall	...	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1617	Mitter, Shustee Chunder	...	Accountant, Controller of P. W. Accts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1618	Mitter, Sreecanto	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1619	Mitter, Surendro Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1620	Mitter, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	8, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1621	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1622	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1623	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1624	Mookerjee, Ashotosh	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1625	Mookerjee, Beer Narain	...	Assistant, Office of Director of P. Instruction	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1626	Mookerjee, Chunder Coomar	...	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1627	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton and Co.	Clive Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto

1629	Mookerjee, Goolool Chunder	...	Assistant to S. P. Sagrandi	...	10, Clive Row	...	India	Hindoo
1630	Mookerjee, Gooroo Churn	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1631	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judcl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1632	Mookerjee, Gooroo Prosonno (Sr)	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1633	Mookerjee, Gouri Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Exr. of Dockyard Accts.	...	Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1634	Mookerjee, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1635	Mookerjee, Grija Bhusun	...	Assistant Professor, Cathedral Mission College.	...	Putulandang	...	ditto	ditto
1636	Mookerjee, Harankisto	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1637	Mookerjee, Hurnath	...	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1638	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1639	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1640	Mookerjee, Jadab Chunder	...	Assistant, License Department, Municipal Office.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1641	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1642	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1643	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1644	Mookerjee, Kaliuhone	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1645	Mookerjee, Kamikanath	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1646	Mookerjee, Kedarnath	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1647	Mookerjee, Kedarnath	...	Assistant, Office of Agent, Governor-General, with the ex-King of Oude.	...	Joratalloo Street, Chowringhee Lane.	...	ditto	ditto
1648	Mookerjee, Khetternath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1649	Mookerjee, Koomed Chunder	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

1650	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judol. Dept.	... 1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1651	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	... 6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1652	Mookerjee, Koylash Nath	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1653	Mookerjee, Lall Chand	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	Christian
1654	Mookerjee, Mirttoonjoy	Assistant, Stationery Office, Store Department.	4, Church Lane	...	ditto	Hindoo
1655	Mookerjee, Mohendro Nath	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1656	Mookerjee, Mntty Lall	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1657	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Kelly and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1658	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1659	Mookerjee, Nobo Coomar	Treasurer, E. I. Railway	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1660	Mookerjee, Nubo Gopal	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1661	Mookerjee, Nobo Kissen	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1662	Mookerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to Government of India.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1663	Mookerjee, Prosonno Coomar	Examiner, Military Department Press	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1664	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosad	Executive Engineer	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1665	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosonno	Second Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1666	Mookerjee, Raj Coomar	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1667	Mookerjee, Rajendro Nath	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canal Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1668	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1669	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	8, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1670	Mookerjee, Rajkisto	Assistant, R Scott and Co.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto

1673	Mookerjee, Shoshebbhoosun	... Inhabitant	...	Jorasanko	...	India	Hindoo
1674	Mookerjee, Shoshebbhoosun	... Second Writer, Presidency Executive Commissariat Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1675	Mookerjee, Sreenath	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judcl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1676	Mookerjee, Tarapodo	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1677	Mookerjee, Tarucknath	... Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1678	Mookerjee, Tröylukho Nath	... Head Assistant, Office of Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India.	...	Russell Street	...	ditto	ditto
1679	Mookerjee, Umbica Churn	... Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1680	Mookerjee, Woma Churn	... Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1681	Mookerjee, Womesh Chunder	... Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	21, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1682	Mookerjee, Woody Chund	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1683	Moostaphoe, Hurrish Cuunder	... Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1684	Moytro, Obhoy Churn	... Assistant, Office of Pay Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1685	Mozoomdar, Dwarkanath	... Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1686	Mozoomdar, Gopal Cuunder	... Manager, Hindu Hostel	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1687	Mozoomdar, Kali Churn	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1688	Mozoomdar, Kamika Nath	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1689	Mozoomdar, Mutty Lail	... Assistant, Mookerjee, Clark and Co.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1690	Mozoomdar, Toylukanath	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
1691	Muhammad Abdul Rowf	... Translator, Legislative Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1692	Muhammad Ali	... Landholder	...	Holwell's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1693	Muhammad Zuhurul Huq	... ditto	...	15, Golum Sobhan's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1694	Mullick, Anunto Kissen	... Assistant, E. I. R. Agent's Office	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	Hindoo

1695	Mullick, Bepin Behary	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1696	Mullick, Bolye Chand	...	Firm of Bissonath Law and Co.	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto
1697	Mullick, Chunder Coomar	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1698	Mullick, Chunder Nath	...	Inhabitant	...	Pathooriaghatta	...	ditto
1699	Mullick, Jogobundo	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	1, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1700	Mullick, Kanye Lall	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1701	Mullick, Muttu Lall	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1702	Mullick, Peary Lall	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1703	Mullick, Prem Chand	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1704	Mullick, Raj Kissen	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1705	Mullick, Koop Lall	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto
1706	Mullick, Shib Chunder	...	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1707	Mullick, Soobul Chunder	...	Firm of Bissonath Law and Co.	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto
1708	Mullick, Woodub Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1709	Mundle, Radha Bullub	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co.	...	4, ditto	...	ditto
1710	Muttylall, Nundo Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Bow Bazar, Mullunga	...	ditto
1711	Muttylall, Rajendro Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1712	Muttylall, Sham Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
N							
1713	Nabi Bakhsh	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camac Street	...	Mahomedan
1714	Nag, Muttu Lall	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Hindoo
1715	Neogy, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1716	Neogy, Sree Nath	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

1720	Nundy, Isnur Chunder	...	Head Master, Oriental Seminary	...	Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
1721	Oonvalla Manchershah Framjee	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	Parsee
1722	Paul, Bholanath	...	Head Master, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	Hindoo
1723	Paul, Dwarkanath (Sr)	...	Assistant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1724	Paul, Gunganarain	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1725	Paul, Hem Chunder	...	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1726	Paul, Judoonath	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co.	...	4, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1727	Paul, Mohendro Lall	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1728	Paul, Muddun Gopal	...	Cashier, National Bank of India	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1729	Paul, Nara Narain	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1730	Paul, Nundo Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1731	Paul, Omerto Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Printing Department.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1732	Paul, Sham Lall	...	Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	Clive Row.	...	ditto	ditto
1733	Paulit, Buldeb	...	Assistant, Office of Presidency Paymaster...	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1734	Paulit, Mohendronath	...	Landholder	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1735	Paulit, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1736	Pyne, Bepin Behary	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1737	Pyne, Doyal Chand	...	Inhabitant	...	Moonsheetalao Gully	...	ditto	ditto
1738	Pyne, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1739	Pyne, Kanye Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1740	Pyne, Khetter Mohun	...	Inhabitant	...	Harkatta Gully	...	ditto	ditto
1741	Pyne, Kissoree Lall	...	ditto	...	Soorteebagan	...	ditto	ditto

1742	Pyne, Kisoree Mohun	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1743	Pyne, Nilmoney	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto
1744	Roodro, Protap Chunder	...	Estimate Checker, Superintending Engineer's Office.	...	Sobharam Bysack's Street	...	ditto
1745	Roy, Bhuggobutty Churn	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Olive Street	...	ditto
1746	Roy, F C	...	Assistant, Bird and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
1747	Roy, Gobindo Lall	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1748	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Professor of Mathematics, Cathedral Mission College.	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1749	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1750	Roy, Hurro Lall	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1751	Roy, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1752	Roy, Judonath	...	Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1753	Roy, Kartick Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1754	Roy, Kherode Chunder	...	Teacher, Elare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1755	Roy, Kristo Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1756	Roy, Kristo Dass	...	Inhabitant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1757	Roy, Madhub Chunder	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1758	Roy, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	...	ditto
1759	Roy, Okhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1760	Roy, Poolin Chunder	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1761	Roy, Poorno Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1762	Roy, Taruck Nath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1763	Roy, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1764	Roy, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co.	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto

1767	Roy Chowdhry, Shiddesur	...	Clerk, F W Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto
1768	Ruckhit, Heera Lall	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
S							
1769	Sanawullah	...	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	ditto	Mahomedan
1770	Sandel, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, P W D, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto	Hindoo
1771	Sandyal, Kistonath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Medical Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1772	Sarma, Brojonath	...	Pundit, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Street	ditto	ditto
1773	Seal, Bejoygopal	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto
1774	Seal, Brojonath	...	Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Office, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1775	Seal, Doyal Chand	...	Cashier, C H Ogbourne	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1776	Seal, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1777	Seal, Harry Mohun	...	Assistant Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1778	Seal, Kalidass	...	Banian, ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1779	Seal, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Accounts.	...	Middleton Row	ditto	ditto
1780	Seal, Panchcowrie	...	Cashier, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1781	Seal, Ramchand	...	Assistant, ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto
1782	Sen, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1783	Sen, Bepin Behary	...	Assistant, Bissonath Law and Co.	...	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto
1784	Sen, Bheem Lall	...	Manager, Sagore Dutt's Screw-house	...	Radha Bazar	ditto	ditto
1785	Sen, Bholanath	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	...	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
1786	Sen, Bholanath	...	Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	...	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1787	Sen, Bismubbar	...	Bill Examiner, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	ditto	ditto
1788	Sen, Bromonath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto

1789	Sen, Brojo Lall	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	...	...	ditto
1790	Sen, Bycanto Nath	... Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	...	...	ditto
1791	Sen, Doorga Churn	... Banian	...	Chorebagan	...	ditto
1792	Sen, Dwarkanath	... Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1793	Sen, Griah Chunder	... Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1794	Sen, Gungadhar	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1795	Sen, Harro Lall	... Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1796	Sen, Hurrydass	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fautie Place	...	ditto
1797	Sen, Hurryhur	... Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	...	Middleton Street	...	ditto
1798	Sen, Iscen Chunder	... Banian, Atkinson and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1799	Sen, Joygnopal	... Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	...	Fort William	...	ditto
1800	Sen, Joy Kissen	... Inhabitant	...	Simlah	...	ditto
1801	Sen, Judoo Nath	... Supervisor, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1802	Sen, Judoo Nath	... Assistant, Legislative Council Office	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1803	Sen, Kalipodo	... Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works.	...	Fort William	...	ditto
1804	Sen, Kaliprosono	... Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Government Printing.	...	8, Hastings' Street	...	ditto
1805	Sen, Mohendro Nath	... Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1806	Sen, Nundo Lall	... 3rd Grade Accountant, Controller, P W Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1807	Sen, Prosad Dass	... Assistant, Black and Murray	...	Hastings' Street	...	ditto
1808	Sen, Radhanath	... Inhabitant	...	Aheerctollah	...	ditto
1809	Sen, Rajcoomar	... Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1810	Sen, R C	... Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L P.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1811	Sen, Rakhalnass	... Cashier, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
					...	ditto

1813	Sen, Romanath	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	... Treasury Buildings	... India	Hindoo
1814	Sen, Roopnarain	... Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1815	Sen, Soobuldas	... Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	... Durponarain Thakoor's Street	... ditto	ditto
1816	Sen, Soorjee Coomar	... Asst, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c	... Collah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
1817	Sen, Woomanarain	... Assistant, Barlow and Co.	... Jackson's Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
1818	Sett, Bholanath	... Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1819	Sett, Brojo Coomar	... Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1820	Sett, Deno Nath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1821	Sett, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
1822	Sett, Joygopal	... Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co.	... Rutton Sircar's Garden Street	... ditto	ditto
1823	Sett, Khetter Pal	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
1824	Sett, Nilmadhub	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1825	Sett, Nobocoomar	... Inhabitant	... Moiraputty Street	... ditto	ditto
1826	Sett, Preonath	... Assistant, Atkinson and Co.	... New China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
1827	Sett, Woody Chund	... Inhabitant	... Jorasanko	... ditto	ditto
1828	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (junior)	... Broker	... Chorchagan	... ditto	ditto
1829	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (senior)	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
1830	Shome, Bepin Behary	... Superintendent, Controller General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1831	Shome, Kali Churn	... Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
1832	Shome, Sham Lall	... Asst, Presidency Pay Master's Office	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1833	Showkat Ali	... Trader	... Upper Circular Road	... ditto	Mahomedan
1834	Sing, Ootum Churn	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, Indian Railway.	... 22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	Hindoo
1835	Sircar, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto

1836	Sircar, Gopal Mohun	...	Treasurer, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
1837	Sircar, Isen Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department	Sham Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1838	Sircar, Jodunath	...	Asst, Bengal-Office, Judcl. Dept.	1, Su' der Street	...	ditto	ditto
1839	Sircar Kali Komul	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1840	Sircar, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1841	Sircar, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1842	Sircar, Nilkanto	...	Asst Teacher, Civil Engineering Dept.	Presidency College	...	ditto	ditto
1843	Sircar, Tarruck Chunder	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co.	6, College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1844	Soor, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1845	Soor, Pulin Behary	...	Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College.	Presidency College Building	...	ditto	ditto
1846	Subhan Buksh	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office, Lithographic Branch.	Carnac Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1847	Syed Ismail	...	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1848	T Takoor, Dabendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo

W. E. H. FORSYTH, *Clerk of the Crown.*

*LIST of Persons liable to serve on Special Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for
as from 1st May 1876, pursuant to Act X of 1875.*

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
A						
1	Agabeg, A L	Exchange and Bill Broker	... Clive Street	... India	Christian	
2	Aitchison, F	Firm of Burn and Co.	... 9, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
3	Anderson, J A	Firm of Anderson, Wright and Co.	... 21, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
4	Anderson, T S	Ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
5	Anderson, T W	Firm of Macknight, Anderson and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
6	Apear, A A	Firm of Apear and Co.	... Radha Bazar	... India	ditto	
7	Avdall, A J	Merchant	... Pollock Street	... ditto	ditto	
B						
8	Bagram, J G	Firm of Bagram and Co.	... Old China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
9	Bagram, S J	Ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
10	Balfour, J	Offg. Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
11	Berners, W T	Ashburner and Co.	... Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
12	Bird, P F	Firm of Bird and Co.	... St. and Road	... ditto	ditto	
13	Blanford, H F	Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
14	Blechynden, R	Secretary, East Indian Tea Co.	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
15	Broek, C	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
16	Brookes, C J	Firm of Hamilton and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
17	Broughton, E	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co.	... Lyon's Range	... ditto	ditto	
18	Brown, H F	Firm of Schoenr, Kilburn and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
19	Burget, E W	Firm of Wictholt and Brothers	... 4, Lyon's Range	... ditto	ditto	
C						
20	Carritt, T	Firm of L W Toulmin and Co.	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
21	Clarke, A McDougall	Firm of J H Fergusson and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
22	Clarke, E	Ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
23	Cochrane, S	Manager, Agra Bank	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	

24	Cogswell, E	...	Firm of Haworth and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
25	Cogswell, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
26	Conroy, G H W	...	Chief Paymaster and Storekeeper, E.I.R. Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	...	ditto
27	Cowie, J	...	Firm of Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
28	Cartoys, W J	...	Firm of Grindlay and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	...	ditto
D									
29	Davidson, A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
30	Dods, James	...	Firm of Ker, Dods and Co.	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
31	Duff, W P	...	Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	...	ditto
E									
32	Emin, E M	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	...	ditto
F									
33	Finlayson, F	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co.	...	Harrington Street	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
34	Fitze, W H	...	Firm of B. Smyth and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
G									
35	Galstaun, M J	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	...	ditto
36	Gowenloch, A H	...	Firm of Jessop and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	...	ditto
37	Griffiths, L E	...	Firm of W Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
38	Gubboy, E S	...	Firm of E S Gubboy and Co.	...	Ezra Street	...	India	...	Jew.
H									
39	Halford, C S	...	Firm of Halford, Smith and Co.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	...	Christian
40	Halford, W	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
41	Hamilton, T F	...	Firm of Ewing and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
42	Harrison, H B	...	Firm of Rutherford and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
43	Harvey, R	...	Manager of the Paikparah Estate	...	Bengal Club	...	ditto	...	ditto
44	Henderson, M	...	Firm of Carlisle, Nephew and Co.	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
45	Hobson, W A	...	Firm of Eds and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	...	ditto

47	Hudson, C	...	Firm of Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Middleton Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
48	Hutchinson, J	...	Firm of L W Todlmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
49	Isaac, T S	...	Supdtg. Engineer, P W D, Bengal	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
50	Jack, E A	...	Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co.	...	15, Elysium Row	...	ditto	ditto
51	Jameson, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Taruck and Co.	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
52	Joakim, M C	...	Merchant and Agent	...	Old China Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
53	Jones, W H	...	Firm of R Campbell and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
54	Keswick, J J	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
55	King, H R	...	Manager, King, Hamilton and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
56	King, W Vale	...	Firm of Kelly and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
57	Knight, R	...	Editor, <i>Indian Statesman</i>	...	3, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
58	Landale, D G	...	Manager, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
59	Laycock, H	...	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
60	Leitch, H J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
61	Lealie, Bradford	...	Engineer to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
62	Locke, H H	...	Principal, Government School of Arts	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
63	Longmuir, T	...	Manager, Delhi and London Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
64	Lyall, J M	...	Firm of Lyall, Rennie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
65	Lyall, R A	...	ditto ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
66	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of McIntosh, Burn and Co	...	14, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
67	Mackenzie, R C S	...	Assistant Auditor, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
68	Mackillican, James	...	Firm of Mackillican and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
69	Mackinnon, D	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto

L .

M

70	Mackinnon, J	...	Firm of Macneill and Co.	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
71	MacLachlan, J E	...	Broker	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
72	Macmichael, N	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
73	Magor, R B	...	Firm of Williamson, Magor and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
74	Malchus, M O	...	Broker	...	Swallow Lane	...	India	ditto
75	Meugens, J G H	...	Firm of Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
76	Miller, G	...	Firm of Hoare, Miller and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
77	Morris, E	...	Agent, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
78	Moseley, T H	...	Firm of Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
79	Mudie, J H	...	Firm of Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
80	Murdoch, James	...	Firm of Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
81	Murray, J C	...	Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
N								
82	Nasmyth, C J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co.	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
83	Newman, B	...	Firm of T E Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
84	Newman, T	...	Manager, T E Thomson and Co.	...	9, Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
85	Noble, R O	...	Firm of John Elliot and Co.	...	4, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
86	Norman, C J	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Baretto's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
O								
87	Ogilvy, J F	...	Firm of Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
88	Osmond, A T	...	Firm of Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade East	...	ditto	ditto
P								
89	Palmer, C P	...	Firm of Macallister and Co.	...	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
90	Paterson, J J	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
91	Patterson, W R (Jr)	...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
92	Pedler, A	...	Professor, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
93	Pigott, W	...	Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto

		... Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Bank of Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	...
95	Reid, J M	...	...	...	...
96	Roberts, R	Chief Auditor, E. I. R. Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
97	Ross, R M	Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co.	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
98	Russell, T M	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	Strand Road	ditto	ditto
99	Russell, W H O	Secretary, Board of Agency, E. I. Railway	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
S					
100	Scallan, T F	Firm of Scallan and Co.	Pollock Street	ditto	ditto
101	Scott, G J	Sec. I. G. S. N. Co.	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
102	Shaw, D T	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co.	29, Strand Road	ditto	ditto
103	Shearin, E	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	Fancy Lane	ditto	ditto
104	Smellie, S N	Firm of Smellie and Co.	Swallow Lane	ditto	ditto
105	Smith, C M	Firm of Graham and Co.	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
106	Staunton, R S	Firm of Staunton and Co.	Jann Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
107	Steel, O	Firm of Steel, Mackintosh and Co.	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
108	Strand, A	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
109	Struthers, A B	Firm of Borradaile, Schiller and Co.	ditto	ditto	ditto
110	Struthers, G M	ditto ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
111	Sutchiffe, J	Principal, Presidency College	College Square	ditto	ditto
112	Sutherland, A B	Firm of Simpson and Co.	Strand Road	ditto	ditto
113	Sutherland, H H	Firm of Begg, Dunlop and Co.	Mission Row	ditto	ditto
114	Sykes, G S	Firm of Sykes and Co.	Wellesley Street	ditto	ditto
115	Thomas, J	Firm of J Thomas and Co.	Mission Row	ditto	ditto
116	Thomas, J P	ditto ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
117	Thurburn, E A	ditto ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
118	Tulloch, H W	Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co.	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
119	Turner, H B H	Firm of Turner, Morrison and Co.	Lyons' Range	ditto	ditto

120	Wakley, T F S	...	Resident Engineer, E I R	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
121	Watson, W	...	Firm of Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
122	Whitten, A	...	Assistant to Controller of Military Accounts	...	Park Street	...	ditto
123	Wilson, O H B	...	Firm of B. Smyth and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto
124	Wilson, J	...	Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto
125	Windram, J	...	Manager, National Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
126	Wood, H W I	...	Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
127	Woodhouse, F	...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
128	Wyman, F F	...	Firm of Wyman and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto
129	Yule, George	...	Firm of A Yule and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
B							
130	Banerjee, Mohesh Chunder	...	Pensioner	...	Bang Bazar	...	Hindoo
131	Banerjee, Raj Krishna	...	Professor, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto
132	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	...	Zemindar	...	Bow Bazar	...	ditto
133	Bose, Brindaban	...	Firm of Alexander, Rose and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
134	Bose, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant to the Comptroller-General	...	Government Place	...	ditto
135	Bose, Mohendro Nath	...	Merchant	...	Ezra Street	...	ditto
136	Bose, Nundo Lall	...	Zemindar	...	Shambazar	...	ditto
137	Bose, Tarinee Churn	...	Banian	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
138	Burmono, Damodur Dass	...	Zemindar	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto
D							
139	Dass, Grish Chunder	...	Superintendent, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
		...		...	Copaleetollah	...	ditto

144	Dey, Roop Lall	... Merchant	... Burra Bazar	... ditto	ditto
145	Dey, Shama Churn	... Officiating Assistant Comptroller-General	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
146	Dhur, Shib Nath	... Banian	... Amratollah Gully	... ditto	ditto
147	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	... College Street	... ditto	ditto
148	Dutt, Khristodhone	... Firm of Shibkristo Daw and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
149	Dutt, Lal Behary	... Merchant	... Burra Bazar	... ditto	ditto
150	Dutt, Sagore	... Landholder	... Colootollah	... ditto	ditto
151	Dutt, Shoshee Chunder	... Pensioner	... Musjedbary Street	... ditto	ditto
G					
152	Ghose, Charoo Chunder	... Landholder	... Simla	... ditto	ditto
153	Ghose, Jogendernarain	... Collector, Justices of the Peace	... Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
154	Ghose, Khelat Chunder	... Zemindar	... Pathooreaghatta	... ditto	ditto
155	Ghose, Nogender Chunder	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
156	Ghose, Rajnarain	... Banian	... Putuldangah	... ditto	ditto
157	Goho, Obhoy Churn	... Zemindar	... Hogulkooria	... ditto	ditto
K					
158	Kabiruddin, Ahmad	... Editor, <i>Urdu Guide</i>	... Komedanbagan Lane	... ditto	Mahomedan
159	Komul Krishna, Rajah	... Zemindar	... Sobha Bazar	... ditto	Hindoo
L					
160	Laboory, Shamachurn	... Banian, Argenti, Schillizzi and Co	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
161	Law, Joygobindo	... Banian	... Colootollah	... ditto	ditto
162	Law, Shama Churn	... Merchant	... Tuntuniah	... ditto	ditto
M					
163	Mitter, Anup Chunder	... Firm of Ashootosh Dey and Nephews	... Lyons Range	... ditto	ditto
164	Mitter, Beer Chand	... Inhabitant	... Simlah	... ditto	ditto
165	Mitter, Digumber	... Zemindar	... Jhamapooker	... ditto	ditto

167	Mitter, Peary Chand	... Firm of Peary Chand Mitter and Sons	... 7, Swallow Lane	...	ditto	ditto
168	Mitter, Prosunu Coomar	... Banian, Ralli and Mavrojani	... Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
169	Mitter, Sham Chand	... Firm of Ashootosh Dey and Nephews	... Lyons Range	...	ditto	ditto
170	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	... Inhabitant	... Simlah	...	ditto	ditto
171	Mookerjee, Chundercanto	... Banian	... Aheereetollah	...	ditto	ditto
172	Mookerjee, Hem Chunder	... Banian, Tamvaco and Co	... Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
173	Mookerjee, Nilmoney	... Assistant Professor, V L, Presidency College	... College Square	...	ditto	ditto
174	Mullick, Ashootosh	... Zemindar	... Munsatollah	...	ditto	ditto
175	Mullick, Dollydass	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
176	Mullick, Deno Nath	... ditto	... Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
177	Mullick, Hurnath	... Banian, Tamvaco and Co	... Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
178	Mullick, Judoo Lall	... Zemindar	... Pathooreaghatta	...	ditto	ditto
179	Mullick, Nundo Lall	... ditto	... Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
180	Mullick, Prosad Dass	... ditto	... Burra Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
181	Mullick, Soobul Dass	... ditto	... Munsatollah	...	ditto	ditto
182	Muttylall, Ramnarain	... ditto	... Bow Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
R						
183	Roy, Janokeenath	... ditto	... Durmahatta	...	ditto	ditto
184	Roy, Sreenath	... Banian	... Colootollah	...	ditto	ditto
185	Roy, Sumbhoonath	... Banian, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
186	Rustomjee, H M	... Merchant	... Chowringhee Road	...	dittq	Parsee
S						
187	Seal, Ram Chand	... Banian, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	... Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
188	Sen, Bany Madhub	... Banian, Steel, McIntosh and Co	... Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
189	Sen, Joy Gopal	... Inhabitant	... Mathaghusea Gully	...	ditto	ditto
190	Sen, Madhub Chunder	... Dewan, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	...	ditto	ditto



APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

FIRST QUARTER.

BENGAL LIBRARY CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

FOR THE

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ASSAMESE
4	Shrimad-bhāgabat-gītā ...	Assamese.	Translated from the Sanskrit by Anādar Dās, Pleader.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at G. P. Roy & Co.'s Press, No. 21, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Roy & Co.
						BENGALI
939	Nirdēshak ābang-shash-tra-Shārir-vidyā; or, Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy; pp. 81 to 160.	Bengali.	Kāshichandra Datta.	Medical ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
940	Ditto ditto, pp. 161 to 240.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
941	Ditto ditto, pp. 241 to 322.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
942	Pramoda-kānan; or, the Thicket of Rapture.	ditto ...	Gaurikānta Barmā.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at J. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji, and published by the author.
943	Padyapātha; or, the Poetical Reader No. 3.	ditto ...	Jadugopāl Chatterji.		ditto ...	ditto ...
944	Sambandha-nirnaya; or, Determination as to the Relationship between the different Castes.	ditto ...	Lālmohan Vid-yānidhi Bhat-tāchārjya.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the New School Book Press, No. 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. M. Chakrabartī.
945	Rāmēr Rājyābhishēk; or, the Coronation of Rām.	ditto ...	Shashibhūshan Chatterji.	Miscellaneous.	ditto ...	ditto ...
946	Jagatmohini-Sanjogānta-Nātak; the Meeting and Separation of the heroine. A drama.	ditto ...	Muhammad Abdul Karīm.	Drama ...	Printed and published at G. P. Roy & Co.'s Press, No. 21, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. P. Roy & Co.
947	Pānini (Pānini Kātyavan-o-pātanjalir-ābirbhāb-kāl-nirṇāyak-prastāb); or, a Discourse determining the age during which the above famous grammarian and commentator flourished.	ditto ...	Rajansukānta Gupta.	Miscellaneous.	ditto ...	ditto
948	Ratnābati (name of the heroine.)	ditto ...	Shrīmatī Bhū-banmohini Dēbī.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mirjāfir's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Matilāl Dās, and published by Nabinchandra Mukerji.
949	Psalms and Hebrews ...	ditto ...	Bible Translation Society.	Religion, C	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Bible Translation Society's premises.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
950	Nutan Dharmma-niyam-sambandhiya-granīha-samuha; or, the Entire books of the New Testament.	ditto ...	Edited by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published at the premises of the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Printed as above, and published by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.
951	Bāri's Psalms of David	ditto ...	Edited by Munshi Aziz Bāri.	ditto ...	Printed as above	Printed as above, and published by the editor.
952	Pātiganita; or, Arithmetic	ditto ...	Prasannakumār Sarvādhikārī.	Science, E.	Printed and published at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhavānīcharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Bāburām Sarkār, and published by Bipinbihārī Roy.
953	Byākaran Sār; the Principles of Grammar.	ditto ...	Govindaprasād Rāya.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Bānglā Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachman Basāk.
954	Outlines of the History of India, down to the year 1875.	ditto ...	Compiled by Rāmgati Nyāyaratna.	History, E.	Printed and published at the Budhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed by Kāshināt Bhattāchārjya.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
BOOKS.								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 24th..	113	8vo. ..	First ...	1,500	Printed..	0 12 0	Anádar Dás, of Barugalia, Burpétá.	
BOOKS.								
1875.								
Nov. 2nd...	80	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	.....
Dec. 10th..	80	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	.....
1876.								
Jan. 2nd...	80	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	.....
1875.								
Nov. 12th..	180	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Gaurikánta Barmmá of No. 55. Clive Street, Calcutta.	A love poem.
„ 18th..	112	12mo. ...	Fourteenth.	3,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Jadugopál Chatterji of Konnagar.	
„ 18th..	287	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Lalmohan Bhattácharjya of Krishnagar.	A social history of the principal Hindu castes in Bengal, compiled from original Bengali works.
Dec. 19th..	139	8vo. ...	Sixth ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Shashibhúshan Chatterji.	
Nov. 29th..	134	8vo: ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Muhammad Abdul Karim of Shyámpur Bajitpur, Maldah.	A love drama relating to the meeting, the love, marriage, separation, and final union of the heroine the daughter of the Rájá of Naimán and the Prince of Brinán. Occasion is taken to show up the guile and deceit of the Vizier and Kotwál of the Rájá of Brinán.
Dec. 17th..	172	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rajanikánta Ghpta Hindu Hostel, Calcutta.	A historical investigation as to the age in which Pánini lived and his place in Sanskrit Literature.
„ 1st...	103	16mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	Nabinchandra Mukerji, of Dakshinágám.	A love tale.
„ 7th..	246	12mo. ...	Not given	3,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Bible Translation Society.	
„ 18th..	455	12mo. ...	Not given	2,500	ditto ...	0 3 0	.....
„ 22nd..	335	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	.....	In verse, and adapted to music, of which latter, several tunes occupy the sixteen concluding pages of the book.
„ 10th..	369	12mo. ...	Eighteen	10,000	ditto ...	1 2 0	Prasannakumár Sarvadhikari, of Bow Bazar, Calcutta.	
„ 25th..	216	12mo. ...	Sixteen ..	3,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....
1876.								
Jan. 1st...	200	12mo. ...	Second ..	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Rámgiati Nyáyaratna, of Ilchhobá.	With a lithographed map of India.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
955	Udbhid-bichâr; or, a Treatise on Elementary Botany, with a glossary of terms. Translated into Bengali.	Bengali.	Jadunâth Mukerji, L.M.S.	Botany, E.	Printed and published at the Chikitsâprakash Press, Chinsurah.	Printed by Nityânanda Ghoshâl.
956	Sharir pâlan; or, Preservation of Health.	ditto	Jadunâth Mukerji, L.M.S.	.....	Printed and published at the Chikitsâprakash Press, Chinsurah.	Printed by Nityânanda Ghoshâl.
957	Tilottomâ Nâtak (name of the heroine),	ditto	Nabadwipchandra Nandî.	Drama	Printed and published at the Râjshâhi Press, Beaulah.	Printed and published by Chârumullâ.
958	Kavitâ kalâp : a Collection of Poems. Part I.	ditto	Translated by Gangâcharan Mukerji.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the North Suburban Press, Barâhanagar.	Printed by Mahêndra-nâth Chakrabartî, and published by the translator.
959	Bhârât bijaya drishya kâvya.	ditto	Râjêndranâth Chakravartî.	.....	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 34, Mîr Jâfir's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Matilâl Dâs and published by the author.
960	Prakrita bandhu Nâtak or, the True Friend. A drama.	ditto	Brâjêndrakumar Râya.	Drama	Printed at the Kar Press, No. 107, Shyâmbâzâr Street, Calcutta, and published at No. Shobhâ-bâzâr Street.	Printed by Jadunâth Mandal and published by the author.
961	Bhubanmohinipratibhâ ; or, the genius of Bhubanmohini.	ditto	Nabînachandra Mukerji.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mîr Jâfir's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Matilâl Dâs, and published by the author.
962	Sachitra êkâdhik Sahasra rajanî Darji-o-Kubja ; or, the 1001 nights illustrated. The Tailor and the Dwarf. No. 1.	ditto	Satyacharan Gupta.	Fiction, E.	ditto	ditto
963	Udbhrânta-prêrn; or, Distressed Love.	ditto	Chandra Shêkhar Mukerji.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Anubikshan Press, No. 106, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Hêmachandra Ghosh, and published by Daibakinandan Sên.
964	Kathâ sarit sâgar ; or, the Sea of Legends.	ditto	Translated from the Sanskrit, by Umêsh-chandra Gupta.	Fiction	ditto	ditto
965	Bângâlâ Byâkaran; or, Bengali Grammar.	ditto	Kâlîprasanna Vidyâratna.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Vâlmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Kâlîkinkar Chakravartî, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
966	Pîti êshikâ ganita, prabâ ; or, Introduction to Arithmetic.	ditto	Gopâlchandra Banerji.	Arithmetic, E.	Printed and published at the Hitaishi Press, No. 1, Krishnâlâs Pâl's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailâshchandra Banerji.
967	Kathâ-mâlâ; or, a Garland of Fables.	ditto	Translated by Ishwarachandra Vidyâsâgara.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Pîtâmbar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
968	Bhrânti-bilâs; or, Comedy of Errors.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
969	Akhyân-majjarî; a collection of instructive stories.	ditto	Compiled by ditto.	ditto	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
BOOKS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 1st...	220	12mo. ...	Fourth...	5,000	Printed..	0 10 0	Jadunáth Mukerji, of Chinsurah, Amrá-talá.	
Feb. 1st...	144	12mo. ...	Seventh.	5,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Jadunath Mukerji, of Chinsurah.	
„ 4th..	170	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Nabadwípchandra Nandí, of Jagtái, Aurungábád, zillah Murshidábád.	A drama based on an event in the life of Rájá Vikramáditya, who, after marrying one daughter of the Assam Rájá, married likewise the heroine, who was the other daughter. The events in the latter constitute the plot in the drama.
Jan. 1st...	35	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Translated from <i>Beattie</i> .
1875.								
Nov. 20th..	101	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Rájéndranáth Chakravartí, of No. 34, Mírjásír's Lane, Calcutta.	
Dec. 25th..	184	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Brájendrakumár Ráyá Chaudhúrí, of No. 2, Shobhá Bázár Street, Calcutta.	A love drama.
„ 28th..	116	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Nabínchandra Mukerji, of Burágrám.	Containing nineteen different poems on useful topics.
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Jan. 1st...	123	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Daibakinandan Sén, of Bow Bazar Street.	Written on the occasion of the death of a good and loving wife.
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„ 11th..	100	12mo. ...	Twenty-third.	5,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Ishwarchandra Vidyáságara, of Calcutta.	Translated from <i>Æsop's Fables</i> .
Feb. 10th..	135	8vo. ...	Second..	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto	Translation of the narrative part of Shakespeare's Comedy of Errors.
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BENGALI						
970	Bāngalā Sāhitya Sangraha; or, a Collection of Bengali Literature. Part II.	Bengali.	Compiled by Mahēndra-nāth Bhāttā-chārjya, M.A.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goā-bāgān Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Mathurānāth Chatterji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
971	Padārtha-vidyā; or, Handbook of Natural Philosophy.	ditto	By ditto	Science, N. E.	ditto	ditto
972	Bāngalā Vyākaran; or, Bengali Grammar.	ditto	Lohārām Shiro-ratna.	Grammar, E.	ditto	ditto
973	Pratham-shikshā Bāngalār Itihās; or, History of Bengal for beginners.	ditto	Rājkrishna Mukerji, M.A. & B.L.	History, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published as above.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji, and published as above.
974	Bhū-bidyā-bishayak-pāth arthāt Prakritik bhūgol; introduction to Physical Geography partially illustrated.	ditto	Radhikāprasanna Mukerji.	Science, N. E.	ditto	ditto
975	Rakta-sanchālan-o-shwās Jantrasambhandhiya-byādhi-samuhār-bibaran; or, a Treatise on Diseases of the Respiratory and Circulatory System. Part I.	ditto	Gurugovinda Sēn.	Medical, E.	Printed at the New Indian Press (Nutan Bhārat Jontra), No. 11, Patuā-tolā Lane, Calcutta, and published at No. 8, Old Baitākhānā Lane.	Printed by Rām Nrisingha Banerji, and published by Haridās Dē.
976	Bhūgol-bibaran; a Treatise on Geography.	ditto	Tārinīcharan Chatterji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Girish Vidyaratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Harishchandra Kaviratna, and published by Girishchandra Kaviratna.
977	Bhishak Sahachar; or, the Physician's Companion. Part I.	ditto	Compiled by Nrisingha-prasād Rakshit.	Medical	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, No. 13, Rādhānāth Mallik's Lane, Pataldānga, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jānakināth Rāya.
978	Isaiah	ditto	Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the premises of the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.
979	Mathew	ditto	Ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
980	Daniel	ditto	Bible Translation Society.	ditto	Printed as above, and published at the Bible Translation Society's premises.	Printed as above, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
981	Khristiya-dharmma-kosh; or, the Christian Concordance.	ditto	Ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
982	Sangitāmrita; or, the Nectar of Songs.	ditto	Dēvnārāyan Datta.	Music	Printed and published at G. P. Roy & Co.'s Press, No. 21, Bow-bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Roy and Co.
983	Daniel	ditto	Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.
984	Nirdēshak-ēbang-Shastra-Shāstr-vidyā; or, Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy. Part III, pp. 1 to 80.	ditto	Kāshichandra Datta.	Medical	Printed at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Maulā Baksh.
985	Apūrva-dēsh-bhramana; or, Wonderful Travels. Part I, Abākpurī.	ditto	Translated from the English, by Upēndra-nāth Mitra.	Fiction, E.	Printed and published at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhāmāpukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kritibās Dās, and published by Barādāprasād Majumdār.

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1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
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Jan. 22nd..	108	12mo. ...	Fourth...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rájkrishna Mukerji, M.A. and B.L., of No. 4, Sítáráam Ghosh's Street,	
Feb. 8th...	150	12mo. ...	Seventh.	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Rádhikáprasanna Mukerji, of No. 4, Sítáráam Ghosh's Street.	
„ 20th..	160	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	1 8 0	Gangágovinda Sén.	
Jan. 23rd..	304	12mo. ...	Twenty-fifth.	ditto ...	3,000	0 12 0	Tárinícharan Chatterji, of Calcutta.	
„ 28th..	80	16mo. square.	First ...	ditto ...	550	0 8 0	Nrsinghaprasád Rakshit, of No. 312, Upper Chitpore Road.	
„ 25th..	159	16mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	3,000	0 0 3	
Feb. 12th..	106	16mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	10,000	0 0 3	
„ 14th..	65	16mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	2,000	0 0 3	
„ 10th..	190	8vo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	2,500	0 0 6	
1875.								
Dec. 28th..	109	12mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	1,000	0 8 0	Débnáráyan Datta, of Behálá.	
„ 20th..	48	16mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	5,000	0 0 3	
1876.								
Jan. 12th..	80	8vo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	500	0 10 0	
„ 22nd..	92	12mo. ...	First ...	ditto ...	1,000	0 6 0	Upéndranáth Mitra, of No. 30, Mitra's Lane.	A translation of a portion of Guliver's Travels, by Dean Swift.

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						BENGALI
986	Kamalakántér daptar; or, Satchel. Part I.	Bengali.	Bankimchandra Chatterji.	Fiction ...	Printed and published at the Banga Darshan Press, Kántálpára.	Printed and published by Umácharan Banerji.
987	Durgesh-Nandini; or, the Daughter of the Lord of the Fort.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
988	Santápiní-Nátak; Name given to the Heroine. A Drama.	ditto ...	Composed by some females of respectable families.	Drama ...	Printed at Smith & Co.'s Press, Bágbázár, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Chandranáth Ráya.
989	Dhruba-o-Prahlád; (incidents in the lives of these two persons extracted from the two Puráns and the Bhágbat.)	ditto ...	Aghornáth Gupta.	Religious Biography.	Printed and published at the Indian Mirror Press, No. 15, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Manimohan Rakshit.
990	Brahma-Sangita-o-Sankirtan; or, Bráhmó Hymns and Songs.	ditto ...	Trailokyanáth Sányal.	Religion, B.	ditto ...	ditto ...
991	Chárushíla-Nátak (the name of the heroine.) A Drama.	ditto ...	Not given ...	Drama ...	Printed and published at the Válmiki Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálikinkar Chakravartí.
992	Bángalá Vyákaran; or, Bengali Grammar.	ditto ...	Rámprasanna Vidyaratna.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Kar Press, No. 107, Shám-bázár Street, Calcutta, and published at Bow Bazar.	Printed by Jadunáth Mandal, and published by the author.
993	Byám-shikshak; or, the Gymnastic Instructor. Part II. (Illustrated.)	ditto ...	Shyámácharan Ghosh.	Gymnastics, E.	Printed as above, and published at Rámkánta Bose's Street.	ditto ...
994	Gupta-lipi; or, Private Letter. Vol. I, Part I.	ditto ...	Suréndralál Shom.	Fiction ...	Printed as above, and published at Santírám Ghosh's Street.	ditto ...
995	Shalománér Hitopadésh; or, the Proverbs of Solomon.	ditto ...	Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.
996	Yisháyah Bhabhádir Grantha; or, the Book of the Prophet Isaiah.	ditto ...	Bible Translation Society.	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published at the Bible Translation Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
997	Prákkálin kayék jan dhármniká strílokér brittánta; or, particulars relative to some women of ancient times, viz. Ruth and Esther.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
998	Yantra kosh; or, a Treasury of Musical Instruments.	ditto ...	Saurindramohan Tagore.	Music ...	Printed and published at the Madhyastha Press, No. 30, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Abhayacharan Ghosh.
999	Pratimúrti Sahit Araby-opanyás; or, the Arabian Nights. (Illustrated.)	ditto ...	Translated from the English of Griffin. By Bénimádhava Bhattácháryya.	Fiction, E.	Printed and published at the General Printing Press, No. 115, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by the translator.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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BOOKS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Feb. 2nd.	165	16mo.	First	2,000	Printed	0 8 0	Bankimchandra Chatterji, of Kántálpára.	Republished from the "Bangá Darshan," and consisting of stray thoughts of an opium-eater on various subjects, cleverly and humorously written.
" 10th.	222	8vo.	Sixth	2,000	ditto	1 4 0	ditto	Describes the love and marriage of Tilottamá, daughter of Birendra Singha with Jaggat Singha, son of Mán Singh, of Jeyfore.
Jan. 20th.	111	8vo.	Not given.	Not given.	ditto	1 0 0		Relating to the love and marriage of the heroine with Nabakumar, a zemindár's son, intended to show the evils of bigamy; and of marriage between persons who are unsuited to each other in habits.
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" 24th.	308	16mo. square.	Fourth	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	ditto.	
" 29th.	140	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	Mahéndranáth Mallik, of Machua Bázár.	A drama relating to the love and marriage of the heroine, daughter of Simanta Ráj with Bijay, a Prince of Champak, and the battle between the two Rájás.
" 28th.	100	Dy. 12mo	First	1,000	ditto	0 6 0	Rámprasanna Vidyaratna.	
" 25th.	66	Dy. 12mo	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Shyamácharan Ghosh, No. 39, Rámkánta Bose's Street.	
Feb. 1st	120	Dy. 8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 8 3	Suréndralál Shom, of Santirám Ghosh's Street.	Incidents relative to a private letter found in possession of the wife of an editor and his
								quitting home in consequence with his son, leaving the daughters behind, the swooning of the woman when detected, and her death, the abduction of the elder daughter by the doctor who attended the mother, and her subsequent escape. The doctor's conduct towards other women also is described in no very chaste language. The purport of the letter is not revealed in the present number.
" 25th.	64	16mo.	New	5,000	ditto	0 0 6		
" 29th.	178	16mo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 0 6		
" 29th.	46	16mo.	First	2,500	ditto	0 0 3		
Jan. 10th.	308	8vo.	First	500	ditto	Nil.		A record of the musical instruments of ancient and modern India, and various other countries. Part II contains an alphabetical list both in English and Bengali of various instruments.
Feb. 18th.	760	8vo.	First	1,250	ditto	3 0 0	Bénimádhav Bhattachárjya, of No. 115, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	

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						BENGALI
1000	History of Bengal for Beginners.	Bengali.	Rājkrishna Mukerji, M.A. & B.L.	History, E.	Printed and published at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1001	Elements of Euclid; First two books. With Notes and Exercises.	ditto	Translated for Thacker, Spink & Co.	Geometry, E.	Printed and published at Thacker Spink, and Co.'s Press, No. 11, Fancy Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
1002	Padārtha Vidyā; or, Elements of Natural Philosophy. Matter and Motion.	ditto	Akshayakumar Datta.	Science, E.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 104, Goābāgān Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Gopsāchandra Dē, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1003	Padārtha Darshan; or, Elements of Physics.	ditto	Mahéndranāth Bhattachārjya, M.A.	ditto, E	ditto	ditto
1004	Prākṛitik Bhūgōl; or, Physical Geography.	ditto	Radhikāprasanna Mukerji.	ditto, E	Printed and published at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1005	Aushadh Sārsangraha; or, a Hand-book of Materia Medica.	ditto	Rajanikānta Mukerji.	Medical	Printed and published at the New Indian Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rāmūnarsingha Banerji.
1006	Rup-Jalāl; the Names of the Hero and Heroine.	ditto	Faizunnissā Chaudhūrānī.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
1007	Sushruta. Nos. 18 and 19 (Bound together.)	ditto	Translated and edited by Ambikāchārān Banerji.	Medicine	Printed and published at the Sushruta Press, No. 13, Rādhānāth Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jānakināth Rāya.
1008	Ditto. No. 20	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1009	Prachīn Kāvya Sangraha; Chandīlās and Kavīkankān. Collection of ancient poems. Vol. I. No. 11.	ditto	Edited by Akshayachandra Sarkār.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Chinsurah Sādharan Press.	Printed and published by Anandalāl Basu.
1010	Ditto ditto. No. 12.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1011	Mahābhārat, Anushāshan Parbba. Part 71.	ditto	Translated by Mahéndranāth Bhattachārjya.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at the Bhārat Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Dharamnidhar Mukerji, and published by Pratāpchandra Rāya.
1012	Ditto, and Ashwamedhik Parbbas. Part 72.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1013	Ditto, Ashwamedhik Parbba. Part 73.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1014	Ditto ditto. Part 74.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1015	Ditto ditto. Part 75.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1016	Ditto Mausāl, Mahāprasthānik, and Swargārhan Parbbas. Part 76.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1017	Rāmāyana of Valmiki Lankā Kānda, Canto 6, No. 12.	ditto	Translated by Binodbihārī Goswāmī.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, No. 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdār, and published by Jaygopāl Mukerji.
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Mar. 1st.	115	Rl. 8vo.	First	2,012	ditto	0 6 0	Thacker, Spink & Co.	
„ 1st.	146	12mo.	Seven- teenth.	3,000	ditto	0 10 0	Akshayakumār Datta, of Bāli.	
„ 7th.	286	12mo.	Fourth.	1,000	ditto	1 4 0	Mahéndranāth Bhat- tāchārjya, of Din- agepore.	
„ 9th.	150	12mo.	Eighth.	2,000	ditto	0 8 0	Rādhikāprasanna Mu- kerji, of No. 4, Sitāram Ghosh's Street.	
„ 15th.	221	12mo.	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	Rajanikānta Mukerji.	
Feb. 10th.	490	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 8 0		A love tale.
„ 28th.	80	8vo.	First	550	ditto	0 12 0	Ambikācharan Mu- kerji, of Ratnātōla.	Hindu system of medicine; being the medical science of the ancient Aryans, and the treat- ment of diseases.
Mar. 3rd.	40	8vo.	First	550	ditto	0 12 0	ditto	ditto.
„	48	Dy. 8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	Akshayachandra Sar- kār and Sāradācha- ran Mitra, of No. 37, Rājā Nabakrishna's Street, Calcutta.	
1875.								
Dec. 16th.	48	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.	
„ 3rd.	96	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	Pratapchandra Rāya, of Jorāsānko, Cal- cutta.	
„ 6th.	96	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
1876.								
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„ 18th.	96	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
Feb. 1st.	96	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
„ 18th.	80	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
1875.								
Dec. 17th.	32	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Jaygopal Mukerji.	
„ 18th.	32	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	ditto.	
„ 20th.	32	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	ditto.	

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						BENGALI
1219	Kundeshwari-milan-gītā-bhinaya; or, the Meeting with Rādhā.	Bengali.	Gorindachandra Chakravarti.	Drama	Printed at the Bānglā Press, Dacca.	Printed* by Lachhman Basāk.
1220	Patibratā; or, the Chaste Wife. An opera.	ditto	Rajkrishna Rāya	Drama	Printed at the Sudhārnava Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta, and published at No. 319, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Jaharilāl Shīl, and published by Bishwambharchandra.
1221	Bāsar Kautuk Rahasya Nātak; or, Pleasantries in the House of the Bride, where the Bridegroom meets her.	ditto	Bat Krishna Rāya.	Drama	ditto	ditto
1222	Bhakti-tattwa-sār; or, the Principles of Faith investigated.	ditto	Narottam Dās.	Religion, II.	Printed as above	Printed by the above, and published by Trailokyanāth Dās.
1223	Srijukta Rāsbihārī (Mukhopādhyāy Sankhipta Jīvan Brītānta; or, Brief Biography of Rāsbihārī Mukerji. Part I.	ditto	Rāsbihārī Mukerji.	Biography.	Printed at the Sulabh Press, Dacca.	Printed by Ishānchandra Shīl.
1224	Ganita Prabēsh; or, Introduction to Arithmetic.	ditto	Krishnakumār Datta & Nābīnchandra Dēv.	Arithmetic, E.	ditto	ditto
1225	Kangsabād Nātak; or, the Slaughter of Kangsa. A drama.	ditto	Rāmnārāyana Tarkaratna.	Drama	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar, Calcutta, and published at No. 65, Pāthuriāghātā Street, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the author.
1226	Barnabodh; or, Knowledge of Letters. Part I.	ditto	Not given	Language, E.	Printed and published at the Bangadarshan Press, Kāntalparā.	Printed by Umācharan Bānerji.
1227	Pratāpechandra.	ditto	Rev. S. C. Ghose.	Religious biography.	Printed at the Sāptāhik Sambād Press, No. 1, Pipalpati Lane, Bhawānipore, Calcutta, and published at No. 23, Chowringhee Road.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu, and published by the Tract Society.
1228	Barnaparichaya; or, an Acquaintance with Letters. Part II. Compound Letters.	ditto	Ishwarchandra Vidyāsāgara.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pītāmbar Bānerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1229	Shishu Shikshā; or, Instruction for Children. Part III.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1230	Sulalit Kāvya; or, Pleasing Poems.	ditto	Dakshināchārān Chatterji.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the Samāchār Chandrikā Press, No. 53, Sitārām Ghosh's, Street Calcutta.	Printed by, Jadunāth Rāya and published by the author.
1231	Padya Kusum; or, Flowers of Poetry. Part I.	ditto	Kailāshchandra Basu.	ditto	Printed at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Maulā Baksh.
1232	Syākhāt Sandhān; or, Zamindārī and Mahājani Accounts.	ditto	Baikunthanāth Goswāmi Tatwabhūshana.	Science, M. E.	Printed at the Beadon Press, Calcutta, and published at Christ Church, Cornwallis Square.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdār, and published by the author.
1233	Bodhsūtra; or, Principles of Knowledge.	ditto	Rājballabh Shīromani.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Vidyaratna Press, No. 21, Byelane Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Harishchandra Kaviratna and published by Girishchandra Vidyaratna.
1234	Dhārāpātha; or, Arithmetical Tables, Majumdār's Series.	ditto	Hémchandra Majumdār.	Arithmetic, E.	Printed and published at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhāmāpukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kirtibās Dās, and published by Barādāprasād Majumdār.
1235	Pratham-bhāg-padyapāthār Arthapustak; or meaning book of words in the Poetical Reader No. 1, (Majumdār's Series)	ditto	Annadāprasād Majumdār.	Miscellaneous E.	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PAMPHLETS.								
1875.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Nov. 6th...	85	12mo. ...	First ...	500	Printed..	0 2 0	.....	The meeting of Rādhā and Krishna at Brindāban.
Dec. 3rd...	59	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rājkrishna Rāya, of Pāthuriāghātā.	Depicting the chastity and devotion of Sābitrī.
„ 12th..	48	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....	The ceremonies and sports at the bride's house on the occasion of the marriage of a widowed daughter of a doctor.
„ 17th..	59	12mo. ...	Second..	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 9	.....
„ 5th ...	80	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....
„ 14th..	68	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	.....	Intended for the use of pāthshālā and minor schools.
„ 6th ...	74	12mo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	0 8 0	Nabinchandra Mukerji, of No. 65, Pāthuriāghātā, Calcutta.	The slaughter of Kangsa, Rājā of Mathurā, by Krishna.
„ 8th ...	16	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Jatishchandra Chatterji, of Kāntālpārā, thana Naihātī.	Containing the alphabet and short sentences.
„ 10th..	22	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Tract Society, No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	A Religious tract.
„ 13th..	38	12mo. ...	Fifty-eighth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Ishwarchandra Vidya-sāgara, of Calcutta.	With easy lessons in compound letters.
„ 13th..	54	12mo. ...	Forty-fifth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto	Containing reading lessons in different subjects.
„ 15th..	30	12mo. ...	Second.	Not given	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....	Short poems, or thoughts and meditations on God, love, &c.
„ 15th..	25	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	Not given	.....	Moral poems for children.
„ 15th..	57	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Baikunthanāth Goswāmi, of Khānākul, Hooghly.	
„ 15th..	68	12mo. ...	Second..	1,000	ditto ..	0 4 0	Rājballabh Shiromani, of Calcutta.	Reading lessons on various subjects.
„ 19th..	24	12mo. ...	Nineteenth revised.	6,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Baradāprasād Majumdar, of No. 22, Jhamāpukur Lane.	
„ 20th..	40	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ..	0 3 0	ditto.	

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CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
1236	Barnaparikshá; or, Examination in Letters Part III.	Bengali.	Hirálál Mukerji.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Sudhárna Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta, and published at No. 335, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Jaharílál Shíl, and published by Nri-tyalál Shíl.
1237	Mánas-ranjini; or, Entertaining the Mind.	litto	Suréndranáth Mukerji.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the Sucháru Press, No. 336, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rámbráhma Mukerji, and published by the author.
1238	Shésh bandir-gán. Scott's Lay of the Last Minstrel. Complete in six cantos.	litto	Translated from the English into verse, by Rákhál Dás Sén Gupta.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1239	Vyákaran parichaya; or, an Acquaintance with Grammar.	ditto	Madanmohan Mitra.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Anubikshan Press, No. 106, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Hémchandra Ghosh
1240	Bhúgol-parichaya; or, Acquaintance with Geography.	ditto	Compiled by Ráj m o h a n Chatterji.	Geography, E.	Printed at the Barrisál Satyaprakásh Press.	Printed by Dwárikánath Basu.
1241	Khrishta-sangita; or, Christian Hymns. Part I.	ditto	Not given	Religion, C.	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágón Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mathuránáth Chatterji, and published by Rev. Kálicharan Banerji.
1242	Kusum Bikásh; or, the Opening of the Flower. Part I.	ditto	Gaganechandra Dhar.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the Bháratmúhur Press, Mymensingh.	Printed by Jadunáth Ráya.
1243	Shikshabali; or, a Series of Instructions. Part I. Illustrated.	ditto	Dwárikánáth Ráya.	Language, E.	Printed and published at the Sucháru Press, No. 336, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rámbráhma Mukerji, and published by the author.
1244	Ditto ditto. Part II. Illustrated.	ditto	ditto	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto	ditto
1245	Ditto ditto. Part III. Illustrated.	ditto	ditto	ditto, E	ditto	ditto
1246	Shishubodhak; or, the Child's Instructor.	ditto	Not given	ditto, E	Printed and published at the Sudhárna Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Jaharílál Shíl, and published by Trai-lokyanáth Datta.
1247	Braja-biláp; or, Lamentations of the People of Braja.	ditto	Háradhan Dás.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1248	Vidyá Sundar Nutan Chhánká Tappá. Part IV.	ditto	Compiled and Edited by Nandalál Ráya.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
1249	Brihat Lakshmi Charitra; or, the History of Lakshmi.	ditto	Baikunthanáth Máji.	Religion, H.	ditto	ditto
1250	Dhénkir-kach-kachi; or, the Grating noise of the Pedal.	ditto	Jaharílál Shíl.	Poetry	ditto	Printed as above, and published by Jaharílál Shíl and Kánálál Dás.
1251	Jánaki-biláp Nátak; or, the Lamentations of Jánaki. A drama.	ditto	H a r i m o h a n Ráya.	Drama	Printed as above, and published at No. 319, Chitpore Road.	Printed as above, and published by Bishwambhar Chanda.
1252	Hitashikshá; or, Useful Instruction. Part I. Illustrated.	ditto	Gopálchandra Banerji.	Miscellaneous, E	Printed and published at the Hitálish Press, No. 1, Krishnadás Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailáshchandra Banerji.
1253	Máfasánka; or, Mental Arithmetic for Children. Part I.	ditto	ditto	Arithmetic, E.	ditto	ditto
1254	Kavitá-kurnmánjali; or, a Collection of Flowers of Poetry. Part I. Illustrated.	ditto	Krishnakishor Banerji.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1255	Barnasútra; or, Introduction to Letters. Part I.	ditto	Rámkánta Shíl	Language, E.	Printed at the Bánglá Press, Dacca.	Printed by Lachman Baisák.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1875.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 21st.	34	12mo.	Second.	1,300	Printed.	0 1 0	Containing reading lessons.
„ 26th.	24	12mo.	First	Not given	ditto	0 1 6	Suréndranáth Mukerji, of Jorásanko.	Containing poems on various subjects.
„ 28th.	63	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 12 0	Rakhá'dás Sén Gupta.	
„ 28th.	43	12mo.	Second.	2,000	ditto	0 3 0	Madanmohan Mitra, No. 88-3 Muktarám Bábu's Street.	
„ 30th.	72	12mo.	First	1,000	Printed.	0 4 0	Rájmohan Chatterji, Head Pundit of the Barrisál Vernacular School.	
„ 30th.	15	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 4 0	Rev. Kálicharan Banerji, Cornwallis Square.	
Nov. 23rd.	12	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 1 0	Gaganchandra Dhar	Easy poetical pieces for girls and boys in lower classes.
Dec. 28th.	30	12mo.	First	3,000	ditto	0 1 0	Dwárákánáth Ráya, of No. 336, Chitpore Road.	Containing the alphabet and simple sentences.
„ 29th.	35	12mo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 0	ditto	Containing compound letters and Reading lessons.
Jan. 15th.	47	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	ditto	Containing reading lessons on entertaining subjects.
„ 2nd	96	8vo.	Second.	3,000	ditto	0 1 6	.....	Containing the Alphabet, Grammar, Accounts, Samples of Letter-Writing, &c.
„ 9th	77	12mo.	First	1,100	ditto	0 1 6	.....	The doings of Krishna are herein described.
„ 25th	36	Dy. 12mo.	First	1,500	ditto	0 1 0	Trailokyanáth Datta, of No. 117, Chitpore Road.	Various songs adapted to different tunes.
„ 27th	53	Rl. 12mo.	First	2,100	ditto	0 2 0	ditto	
„ 31st	35	Dy. 12mo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 0	Jaharilál Shíl and Kánailál Dás, of Calcutta.	Relating to a dispute between the spiritual guide and the family priest of a Zamindár.
„ 22nd	46	12mo.	Second.	1,050	ditto	0 3 0	Bishwambhar Chanda	With reference to Rám and Lakshman.
„ 4th	48	12mo.	Fourth.	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Gopálchandra Banerji, of Hálishahar.	Containing Reading Lessons on various entertaining subjects.
„ 11th	34	12mo.	Fourth.	1,000	ditto	0 1 6	ditto	
„ 7th	58	12mo.	Seventh.	2,000	ditto	0 4 0	Krishnakishor Banerji, of Cutwá.	Containing short poems on different subjects; also on some birds and butterflies.
„ 6th	12	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	Not given.	

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

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Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name of firm or publisher.
						BENGALI
1256	Shishushikahá; or, Instruction for Children. Part I.	Bengali.	The late Madanmohan Tarkálankár.	Language E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Pítambar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1257	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto	ditto	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto	ditto
1258	Bodhodaya; or, Rise of Knowledge.	ditto	Compiled by Ishwarchandra Vidyásagara.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1259	Barna Parichaya Asanjukta barna; or, Acquaintance with Letters, Simple Letters. Part I.	ditto	By ditto	Language, E.	ditto	ditto
1260	Ditto ditto. ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1261	Ditto ditto. ditto II. Compound Letters.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1262	Bodhodayér-arthapustak; or, Meaning Book, of the Bodhodaya.	ditto	B. Chatterji	ditto	Printed at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámá-pukur Lane, Calcutta and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Kritibás Dás, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1263	Dwitiya-bhág-padya-páthér-artha-pustak; or, Meaning Book of the Poetical Reader. No. 2.	ditto	Annadáprasád Majumdár.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1264	Dengu-jwar-o-Dáktar; or, the Doctor and the Dengue Fever.	ditto	Nabakumár Náth.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mirjáfirs Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Matilál Dás, and published by the author.
1265	Shishubodh Vyákarán; or Grammar for Children.	ditto	Compiled by Lohárám Shiroratna.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágan Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Mathuránáth Chatterji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1266	Shishu-prabésh-vyákarán; or, Introduction to Grammar for children.	ditto	Prasannachandra Chakravartí.	ditto	Printed and published at the Girish Vidyaratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Hariachandra Kaviratna, and published by Girishchandra Vidyaratna.
1267	Vyákarán-manjarí; or, Flowers of Grammar.	ditto	The late Kédárnáth Tarkálankár.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1268	Bhú-shikahá; or, Instruction in Geography.	ditto	Shibchandra Bhattáchárjya.	Geography, E.	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágan Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by the Mathuránáth Chatterji.
1269	Ki-majár-kartá; or what a fine Guide (in Religion).	ditto	Shyámlál Chakravartí.	Drama	Printed and published at the Azimgunge Bishwabindod Press.	Printed and published by the author.
1270	Bháb-Lahari; or, Waves of Sentiment.	ditto	Achyutánanda Ráyagupta.	Poetry	ditto	Printed and published by Shyámlál Chakravartí.
1271	Barnamálá; or, Primer. Parts I to II.	ditto	J. Murdoch	Language, E.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Christian Vernacular Education Society's Premises.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Vernacular Education Society.
1272	History of Joseph	ditto	Bible Translation Society.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
1273	History of Elijah and Eliha.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1274	Datta-vansa-mála; or, Genealogy of the Dattas.	ditto	Kédárnáth Datta.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Kávyá Prakash Press, No. 7, Harripál's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Arária, Purneah.	Printed by Jadunáth Shil, and published by the author.

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Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 12th...	30	12mo. ...	Seventy-second.	10,000	Printed..	0 1 0	Ishwarchandra Vidya-sagara, of Calcutta.	Containing the alphabet and simple sentences.
„ 12th ...	30	12mo. ...	Forty-ninth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	Containing compound letters and short reading lessons.
„ 11th ...	80	12mo. ...	Forty-ninth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	ditto	Containing reading lessons for advanced pupils.
„ 20th ...	32	12mo. ...	Fifty-ninth.	20,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	Containing the alphabet and simple lessons.
Feb. 11th...	36	12mo. ...	Sixtieth	20,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	ditto.
Jan. 29th...	36	12mo. ...	Fifty-ninth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto	Containing compound letters and short reading lessons.
„ 15th ...	23	8vo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	B. Chatterji of Nuddea	
Feb. 1st ...	46	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Baradprasád Majumdar, of No. 22, Jhámápur Lane.	For the instruction of boys and girls in the Páthshálás.
Jan. 16th...	48	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....	Relating to the fever in Jessor and the dismissal of the doct of that place.
„ 18th...	60	12mo. ...	Sixteenth.	15,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Lohárám Shiroaratna, of Krishnagar.	
„ 15th...	43	12mo. ...	Second.	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Prasannachandra Chakravartí, of Dacca.	
„ 25th...	44	12mo. ...	Sixth ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Manamohini Dévi, No. 3, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road.	
„ 20th...	40	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Shibchandra Bhattá-chárjya, of Santipore.	
„ 20th ...	12	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	.....	Denouncing the evil practice a “Karthá-bhajá”, who went about singing the praises of Krishna and narrating his deeds, and took the opportunity of seducing a woman. In this case the man meets with his deserts in being caught and in receiving a so thrashing.
„ 20th...	48	12mo. ...	First ...	509	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....	Verses on Krishna, &c.
„ 21st...	12	12mo. ...	First ...	3,000	ditto ...	Not given	.....	Containing the alphabet and sentences.
Feb. 10th...	60	12mo. ...	First ...	2,500	ditto ...	0 0 3	.....
„ 13th...	56	12mo. ...	First ...	2,500	ditto ...	0 0 3	
Jan. 23rd...	51	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Kédárnath Datta, of Araria.	

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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						BENGALI
1275	Phakir-Báyájid; or, Báyájid the Mendicant.	Bengali.	Girishchandra Banerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the People's Friend Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rashbihari Dhar.
1276	Práchin Hindu Kirtti; or, Places of Ancient Hindu Fame.	ditto	Nabakumár Náth.	ditto	Printed and published at the Dhansindhu Press, Berhampore.	Printed by Rájkrishna Shingha and published by the author.
1277	Bálgálá Shishu Vyákarán; or, the Child's Bengali Grammar.	ditto	Káliprasanna Vidyaratna.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Válmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Kálikinkar Chakravarti and published by the manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1278	Pratham Shikshá-bhúgol; or, First Geography for Children.	ditto	Chandrakánta Gánguli.	Geography, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta and published as above.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji and published as above.
1279	Somlatá Nátak	ditto	Sharachchandra Ráya.	Drama	Printed and published at the Dhansindhu Press, Berhampore.	Printed and published by the author.
1280	Jubaráj-prinsa-ab-oyélasér-Bhárat-bhraman; or, the Visit of the Prince of Wales to India.	ditto	The Gupta Press Firm.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mirjáfirs Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Matilál Dás.
1281	Bangér-mahotsab; or, the Great Festival of Bengal.	ditto	Akshayakumár Sáhá.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
1282	Bhárat-Lakshmi; or, the Good Fortune of Bengal.	ditto	Ambikácharan Gupta.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1283	Upahár-Jubarájér-Shrí-charané-arpanáthé; or, A Complimentary Gift to be laid at the Feet of the Prince.	ditto	Satyacharan Gupta.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1284	Kumár-mangal; or, Welcome to the Prince.	ditto	Káshishwar Mukerji.	Poetry	ditto	Printed as above and published by the author.
1285	Jubarájér-abhyarthaná; or, Welcome to the Prince.	ditto	Not given	ditto	ditto	Printed and published by the Manager of the Gupto Press.
1286	Rajputra; or, the Prince; illustrated with a portrait of the Prince of Wales and engravings of religious subjects.	ditto	Rev. S. C. Ghosh.	Religion C.	Printed at the Sáptáhik Sambád Press, No. 1, Pipalpati Lane, Bhawánpore and published at No. 23, Chowringhee Road Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu and published by the Tract Society of Calcutta.
1287	Jubarájér-bhraman-brit-tánta; or, accounts of the Prince's travels; with illustration on the title page.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1288	Jubaráj-o-tánhár-parihár; or, the Prince and his family; with illustration on the title page.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1289	Bhárat bhikshá; or, India's petition.	ditto	Hémchandra Banerji.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Roy Press, Bhaváni-charan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Báburám Sarkár and published by Bipinbihari Ráya.
1290	Jubarájér-Bhárat-bhraman; or the travels of the Prince of Wales in India.	ditto	Harichandra Banerji.	ditto	Printed as above and published at Tólinipára	Printed as above and published by the Author.
1291	Jub-raj-ágamané-Jayadhwani; or, shouts of joy at the visit of the Prince.	ditto	Aminchandra Datta.	ditto	Printed and published at "The Kavilá-Kaumudí Press," No. 117, Chit-pore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rasiklál Chandra.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 24th...	55	Sq. 16mo.	First ...	500	Printed..	0 3 0	Girishchandra Banerji, No. 13, Mirzapore Street.	Chronicle of the pious deeds and sayings of a Musalmán by name Báqáíd, who was born at Bostám in Central Asia.
Feb. 14th..	16	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	.....	Relating to the Indra Sabhá; the Caves of Ellora &c.
Feb. 1st...	58	12mo. ...	Third ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Kálprasanna Vidyaratná, of Chinsurah.	
„ 3rd...	31	12mo. ...	Fourth..	3,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Chandrakántá Gánguli, of Goswami Durgápoore.	
„ 14th...	29	8vo. ...	First ...	300	ditto ..	0 4 0	.....	Relating to the marriage of the heroine; who, when coming of age asked her husband for some jewels; which he not being able to supply, she became a recluse: the husband too becomes one. After a lapse of time, they both meet by accident: and live thereafter happily.
Jan. 20th...	61	8vo. ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	0 4 0	Durgácharan Gupta, of No. 24, Mirzapore's Lane, Calcutta.	With the picture of a bust of His Royal Highness on the title-page.
1875.								
Dec. 25th..	34	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Akshayakumár Sáhá, of Chorbágán.	A welcome to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.
„ 24th...	51	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Ambikácharan Gupta, of Bhángámorá.	ditto.
„ 23rd...	8	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Satyacharan Gupta, of No. 24, Mirjáfir's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto.
„ 22nd...	11	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 7	Káshishwar Mukerji, of Calcutta.	ditto.
„ 1st...	11	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Gupta Press, No. 24, Mir Jáfir's Lane Calcutta.	ditto.
Nov. 23rd..	11	Dy. 18mo.	First ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Tract Society No. 23, Chowringhee Road Calcutta.	Describing first, the joy of India at the visit of the Prince of England, which delivered this country from the Muhammadan yoke and oppression; and then, the Editor by way of simile rises into topics about our Spiritual Prince.
Dec. 30th..	8	Dy. 8vo..	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto	ditto.
„ 27th...	8	Dy. 8vo..	First ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto	ditto.
„ 15th...	18	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Hémchandra Banerji, of Kidderpoore.	On the visit of the Prince of Wales to India, and the desire of its inhabitants that he may convey back to His mother the Queen, correct accounts of this country.
„ 24th...	8	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Haricharan Banerji, of Téliupára.	ditto.
„ 15th...	12	12mo. ...	First ...	3,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Rasiklal Chandra, of No. 110, Ahíritolá Street.	ditto.

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						BENGALI
1292	Bhārat-Uchhās; or India's out-breathings.	Bengali.	Nabinchandra Sén.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Chittagong.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the author.
1293	Bhāraté-Sukh; or peace to India.	ditto	Harīshchandra Néogī.	ditto	Printed as above and published at Bāgbāzār.	ditto
1294	Bhāraté-Jubraj; or the Prince in India.	ditto	Madhusūdan Sarkār.	ditto	Printed and published at "The Barisāl Satya-prakāśh Press.	Printed by Dwārkānāth Basu.
1295	Welcome to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.	ditto	Chandrakumār Chakravartī.	ditto	Printed at the Press, No. 38, Suripārā Lane and published at Cossipore.	Printed by Gopālchandra Parihal and published by Daulatchandra Rāya.
1296	Jubarāj-āgamané-sakér-ālo; or intense desire at the Arrival of the Prince.	ditto	Mahēshchandra Dās Dé.	ditto	Printed at the Sudhārnava Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta, and published at No. 338-1, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Jaharilāl Shīl, and published by Askhayakumār Rāya.
1297	Jubraj-Elbārta-Edoyārda, or the Prince Albert Edward.	ditto	R. M. Gānguli, B.A.	ditto	Printed and published at "The Advaitya Press, at No. 34, Banshtolā Street, Jorāsānko, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Siddhēshwar Ghosh.
1298	Jubraj-Prins-aboyalsér Bhārat-barshé shubhā gaman; or the happy arrival of the Prince of Wales in India.	ditto	Shīmatī Prasannamayī Débi.	ditto	Printed and published at "the New Sanskrit Press," Calcutta.	Printed by Mathurānāth Chatterji, and published by Damadar Mukerji.
1299	Rājopahār; or, a gift to the King.	ditto	Gopālchandra Dé.	ditto	Printed and published at "the New Indian Press" (nutan-bhārat jantra,) No. 11, Patuātōlā Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rāmnrisinha Banerji, and published by Gopālchandra Dé.
1300	Bhāratér-Sukh-Swapna-Nātak; or, India's Happy Dream. A drama.	ditto	Sharachchandra Chaudhūrī.	Drama	Printed and published at the Anubikshan Press, No. 106, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Hémchandra Ghosh, and published by the author.
1301	Prabodh-mālā; or, a garland of advice.	ditto	Dinabandhu Goswāmī.	Poetry	Printed and published at the "Satyarnatna Press," Berhampore.	Printed by Nabinchandra Chaudhuri, and published by the author.
1302	Chalitānka; or, the commonly current system of accounts.	ditto	Madhusūdan Bhattāchārjya, &c.	Arithmetic	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at "the Dhulian School."	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji, and published by the author.
1303	The Progressive Bengali Reader; Datta's Primary Series. Part 1. (Illustrated.)	ditto	Nabinchandra Datta.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed as above and published at No. 9, Jorābāgān, Calcutta.	ditto
1304	Su-Bhāshikā; or, the Good Key.	ditto	Kāshirodchandra Kāya.	ditto	Printed as above and published at No. 15, Raghunāth Chatterji's Street Bāngāon, Calcutta.	ditto
1305	Padyapāth; or, the Poetical Reader, No. II.	ditto	Jadugopāl Chatterji.	Poetry, E.	Printed as above and published at No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed as above, and published by Bihārīlāl Banerji.
1306	The Bengali Bāboo; a farce.	ditto	Kédārnāth Gānguli.	Drama	Printed and published at the Kāvya-prakāśh Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunāth Shīl and published by the author.
1307	Bhūgol Sūtra; or, Principles of Geography.	ditto	Gopālchandra Basu.	Geography, E.	Printed and published at G. P. Roy and Co's Press, No. 21, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Roy & Co.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1875.						Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 20th..	13	12mo.	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 2 0	Nabínchandra Sén, of Chittagong.	On the visit of the Prince of Wales to India, and the desire of its inhabitants that he may convey back to the Queen his mother correct accounts of the land.
„ 25th..	16	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Harishechandra Neogi, of No. 14, Káliprasád's Street, Calcutta.	ditto.
„ 21st..	60	12mo.	First ..	500	ditto ...	0 5 0	Madhusúdan Sarkár, Head Master of the Brahmapur School.	ditto.
„ 23rd..	22	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	Nil	Chandrakumár Chakravartí, of Trivéní.	ditto.
„ 23rd..	12	12mo.	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	.....	On the visit of the Prince of Wales to India; with a half size portrait of the Prince in masonic attire.
„ 23rd..	12	12mo.	First ...	2,500	ditto ...	0 0 3	B. R. Dé & Brothers, at No. 32, Ratan Sarkár's Garden Street.	On the visit of the Prince of Wales to India; with portrait of the Prince and Princess of Wales.
„ 27th..	26	8vo.	First ...	50	ditto ...	Nil	Prasannamayí Déví, of Krishnaghur.	ditto.
„ 29th..	23	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Gopálchandra Dé ...	ditto.
„ 26th..	59	8vo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Sharachchandra Chaudhúrí, of Bow Bazar Street.	ditto.
1876.								
Mar. 1st..	25	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	.....	Moral poems.
Feb. 6th..	83	12mo.	Second ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Madhusúdan Bhattá, chárjya, of Dhulián.	Containing bazar Accounts & Mensuration.
Feb. 6th..	28	12mo.	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Nabínchandra Datta, of No. 9, Jorabágan, Calcutta.	Lessons and sentences in sin letters.
„ 12th...	44	12mo.	Second...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Kshirodechandra Roy, of No. 15, Raghnáth Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	“A key to the 2nd part of Padyapáth.”
„ 23rd...	68	12mo.	Seven- teenth.	6,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Jadugopál Chatterji, of No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Selections of poems from various authors.
„ 10th...	75	12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Kédárnáth Gánguli, of No. 14, Gopalpara Lane, Ultádingi.	This Drama describes how an educated Bengali, though having a lawful wife, enters into
liason with a woman of the town, who has a brother in love with the Báboo's widowed sister, who supplies him with money; this money flows on both sides from this Báboo's pockets. His sister runs off and his mistress sues him for Rs. 10,000, which is paid by the mother of the Báboo, who now comes to his senses and becomes a member of society. The writer of the drama expresses a desire to root out many social evils; but in making a portrait one of the principal actors on the stage, corrupt ideas are necessarily left on the mind.								
„ 10th...	56	12mo.	Twenty- fifth.	12,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Gopálchandra Basu, of Jhamápukur, Calcutta.	

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

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						BENGALI
1308	Hindu-athabá Présidónsi kálégér-Itibritta.	Bengali.	Rájnaráyan Basu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Válmiki Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálfinkár Chakravartí.
1309	Bráhma dharmma ki ? or, What is the Bráhma Religion.	ditto	Pránkrishna Datta.	Religion, B.	Printed and published at the Indian Mirror Press, No. 15, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Manimohan Rakshit.
1310	Ishwarér astitwa ; or, the Existence of God.	ditto	Not given	Religion, C.	Printed and published at "the Mission Press," Midnapore.	Printed and published by R. M. Hogbin.
1311	Rhin parishodh ; or, the Atonement.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1312	Páká ám ; or, a Ripe Mango.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1313	Mahádáyá ; or, Great Mercy.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1314	Tomár bayas katá ? or, What is your age.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1315	Jubaráj-ágaman ; or, the Visit of the Prince.	ditto	Brajalál Sáhá	Poetry	Printed and published at "the Madhyastha Press," No. 30, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Abhayacharan Ghosh and published by the author.
1316	The Prince in India	ditto	Rájkrishna Ráya.	Poetry	Printed as above and published at Páthuriághátá Street, Calcutta.	ditto
1317	Padyá-manjarí ; or, Blossoms of Poetry, Part I.	ditto	Prasannachandra Chakravartí.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the Sulabh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Ishánochandra Shíl.
1318	Bhramara gitá ; or, the Songs of the Bee.	ditto	Krishna Dás Basák and Basantakumár Basák.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
1319	Bhramara-gitá-gíti-náta ; or the Songs of the Drama ; an Opera.	ditto	Compiled and arranged by Bânshináth Basák.	Drama	ditto	ditto
1320	Kavitá Kaumudí ; or, the Moonlight of Poetry, Part I.	ditto	The late Harishchandra Mitra.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at "the Bánglá Press," Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachhman Basák.
1321	Pratham pátha ; or, First Lessons, Part I.	ditto	Káminikumár Mukerji.	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto	ditto
1322	Sangíta mála ; or, Garland of Songs.	ditto	Rákhaldás Mukerji.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
1323	Pratham pátha ; or, First Lessons.	ditto	Baikunthanáth Sên.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulábaksh.
1324	Níti-manjarí ; or, Moral Blossoms.	ditto	Mahimachandra Chakravartí.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1325	Bisham Samasya ; or, A Difficult Problem.	ditto	Hakchand Ghatakchurámani.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the New Bengal Press, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Grey Street.	Printed by S. P. Chatterji and published by T. N. Dé & Co.
1326	Upanyás-muktábhí ; or, a Collection of Pearls of Stories.	ditto	Compiled by Shashibhúshan Banerji.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the General Printing Press, No. 115, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bénmádhava Bhattácharjya.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Feb. 12th..	41	8vo. ..	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 4 0	Rájánárayan Basu, of Calcutta.	
„ 24th...	14	32mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Pránkrishna Datta, of No. 13, Mirzapur Street.	Inculcating the principles of the Bráhmó faith; in the form of a dialogue.
„ 1st ...	16	Dy. 16mo	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	.....	A religious tract.
ditto ...	16	Dy. 16mo	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	.....	ditto
ditto ...	16	Dy. 16mo	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	.....	Ditto on the evil consequences of theft.
ditto ...	16	Dy. 16mo	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	.....	A religious tract.
Feb. 26th..	16	Dy. 16mo	Second ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	.....	ditto.
Jan. 3rd...	20	12mo.	First ...	200	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....	Written on the occasion of the visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to India.
„ 7th ...	52	8vo. ..	First ...	500	ditto ...	Nil	.....	A welcome address to His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, set to music, and published by the special favor of Rájá Saurindramohan Tagore.
„ 3rd ...	12	12mo.	Eleventh	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	.....	Short poems on morning, suppression of anger, rain, &c.
Feb. 11th..	58	12mo.	First ...	750	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....	Songs compiled from the Shrimad Bhágabat and Brindában Lílá, and adapted to various tunes.
„ 18th..	48	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	.....	ditto.
„ 11th..	32	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	.....	Containing short moral poems.
„ 8th...	25	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	.....	Containing the alphabet, easy sentences, accounts, and short tables of money, weight and measures.
Jan. 21st..	85	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	Not given.	.....	Songs adapted to various tunes.
Feb. 5th...	44	12mo.	Fourth...	5,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	.....	Containing the alphabet, easy sentences, poetry, enumeration and table of money, weights and measures.
„ 15th..	37	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	.....	Short poems on various subjects.
„ 11th..	12	Rl. 8vo..	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	Nil	Hakchánd Ghatak, Churámani of Sobhá-Bázár, Calcutta.	Satire on a meeting, held at the house of Rájá Kamal Krishna, with a view to readmit into religion and caste those Bengalis, who had crossed the seas to go to England: on which occasion the proposal was bitterly opposed by the learned pandits present.
„ 16th..	48	12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Shashibhúshan Banerji, of Rarráh.	Short amusing stories.

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						BENGALI
1327	Shishu-bodhak; or the Child's Instructor.	Bengali.	The late Shubhānkar Dās Pandit.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Kavitarātnākār Press, No. 17, Brindāban Basāk's Street, Calcutta; and published at No. 115, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikācharan Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhar Lāhā.
1328	Sitānēshwan Nātak; or, the Search for Sitā. A Drama.	ditto	Nagendra Krishna Ghosh.	Drama	ditto	ditto
1329	Prakriti-pāth; or, Elementary Lessons in Science. Part I.	ditto	Rājkrishna Rāya Chaudhūrī.	Science, N. E.	Printed and published at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1330	The Pleader's Guide. Part 4.	ditto	Nabagopāl Basu.	Law, H.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar, Calcutta; and published at Burdwan.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by Tārakechandra Churāmani.
1331	Shishu-shikshā; or, the Child's Instructor. Part III.	ditto	The late Madanmohan Tarkālankār.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Pitāmbar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1332	Barna-parichaya; or, Acquaintance with Letters. Compound Letters. Part II.	ditto	Ishwarchandra Vidyāsāgara.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1333	Rasāyana Sūtra; or, a Primer of Chemistry. (Illustrated.)	ditto	Translated from the English under the direction of Thacker, Spink & Co.	Science, N. E.	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press, No. 1-1, Fancy Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press and Depository.
1334	Chhānkā Bidyāsundar Tappā. Part 4.	ditto	Aghorchandra Dās.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Chaitanya Chandrodāya Press, No. 319, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rāmachandra Mitra, and published by Jadunāth Datta.
1335	Saralpāth; or, Easy Lessons. Part I.	ditto	Gopālchandra Gupta.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Budhodāya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Kāshīnāth Bhattachārya.
1336	Sahaj Bhūmi Parimān; or, Easy Mensuration.	ditto	Rāmeshwar Sēn.	Science, N. E.	ditto	ditto
						BENGALI MUSAL
19	Gājirputhi; or, the Book relating to the Fakīr Gāzi.	Bengali. Musalmāni.	Abdur Rahīm.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Rahmānī Press, Gojāchīpā, Mymensingh.	Printed and published by Abdur Rahim.
20	Jang-nāmār-puthi; or, an Account of a Battle.	ditto	Munshi Yākub.	ditto	Printed at the Kavitarātnākār Press, No. 17, Brindāban Basāk's Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 115, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikācharan Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhar Lāhā.
21	Matlub-ul-mominin; or, the Desire of the Faithful.	ditto	Maulvi Abdur Rahmān.	Religion, M.	Printed at the Murtazabi Press, Hājīpārā, Scaldah, and published at Baliāghātā.	Printed by Munshi Ghulām Maulā, and published by the author.
						BENGALI MUSAL
41	Sonābhāner-puthi; or, the Book relating to Sonābhān.	ditto	By a Fakīr	Fiction	Printed and published at the Sudhārnava Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Jaharīlāl Shīl, and published by Trailokyanāth Datta.
42	Shujju-ujjal-bibir-puthi; or, the Book relating to Shujju-ujjal.	ditto	Bakhtār Khān.	ditto	Printed and published at the Kavitarātnākār Press, No. 17, Brindāban Basāk's Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 115, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikācharan Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhar Lāhā.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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257	Jubrajér-bhraman-bibaran. A Weekly Journal. Being Accounts of the Prince of Wales's tour. 20th November 1875, Vol. I, No. 1.	Bengali.	Edited by Srishechandra Bháttáchárjya.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Puránprakash Press, No. 79, Mániktálá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahéndranáth Bháttáchárjya, and published by the editor.
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112	The Legal Companion. A Monthly Journal. For October, November, and December 1875. Vol. III, Nos. 10, 11, and 12. bound together.)	English.	Edited by Prasannakumár SÉN.	Law	Printed and published at the Tamohar Press, Serampore.	Printed by Brajamohan SÉN, and published by the editor.
113	Ditto ditto. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
114	The Indian Annals of Medical Science. Vol. 18, No. 35.	ditto ...	Edited by John Gay French, M.D., C.M., L.K., Q.C.P.J., and F.R.C.S.	Medical	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
115	Bengal Magazine. A Monthly Journal. For December 1875, No. 41.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. Lalbihári Dé.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Sáptáhik Sambád Press, Bhawánpore, and published at Serampore.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu, and published by Nimáichánd Shíl.
116	Ditto ditto. No. 42.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
117	Ditto ditto. No. 43.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
118	The Calcutta Magazine. A Monthly Magazine. For December 1875.	ditto ...	Edited by Owen Aratoon.	ditto	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press, Calcutta.	Printed by A Acton, and published by the editor.
119	Ditto ditto. For January 1876.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
120	The Calcutta Review. A Quarterly Magazine. For January 1876, No. 123.	ditto ...	Edited by E. Lethbridge, M.A.	ditto	Printed and published at the City Press, No. 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thomas S. Smith.
121	The Indian Forester. A Quarterly Magazine of Forestry. For January 1876. (Vol. I, No. 3.)	ditto ...	Edited by W. Schlich, F.H.D., Conservator of Forests, Bengal.	ditto	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press, No. 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by the Calcutta Central Press Co., Limited.

Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
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						ENGLI
122	Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengali. Part II, No. 3, of 1875. Vol. XLIV, No. 100.	English..	Edited by the Natural History Secretary.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta, and published at the Asiatic Society's premises.	Printed by Rev. C. Lewis, and published the Asiatic Society.
123	Ditto ditto.* Part I, No. 4, of 1875, Vol. XLV, No. 101.	ditto ...	Edited by the Philological Secretary.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto
124	Masonic Herald. A Monthly Journal. For December 1875.	A ditto ...	Edited by W. Burroughs.	ditto ...	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Wood Street.	Printed by I. C. Bose Co., and published the editor.
125	Ditto ditto. For January 1876.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
126	Ditto ditto. For February.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
127	Ditto ditto. For March.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
128	Mookerjee's Magazine. A Monthly Journal. Nos. 30 and 31. For July and August 1875.	ditto ...	Edited by Sambhuchandra Mukerji.	ditto ...	Printed at the Presidency Press, No. 75, Bentinck Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Lal Bazar Street.	Printed by J. N. Ghc and Co., and published by Berigny & Co.
129	National Magazine. A Monthly Journal. For September 1875. Vol. I, No. 6.	ditto ...	Edited by Kālīprasanna Dē.	ditto ...	Printed at the New Wellington Press, No. 38, Suripará Lane, and published at No. 32, Kālīdās Singi's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopālchandra Parihal, and published by Kālīprasanna Dē.
130	Ditto ditto. No. 7	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Gupta Press. No. 24, Mírjáfirs Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Matál D and published by editor.
131	Oriental Sporting Magazine. A Monthly Journal. New Series. Vol. I, No. 95. For December 1875.	ditto ...	Edited by Lord H. Ulick Browne.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the City Press, No. 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published Thomas S. Smith.
132	Ditto ditto. No. 97. For January 1876.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
133	Ditto ditto. No. 98. or February.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
134	Ditto ditto. No. 99. For March.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
135	Stray Feathers. Vol. III. No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Allan O. Hume.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed and published A. Aston, Calcutta Central Press Company Limited.
136	Ditto ditto. No. 6	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto

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ENGLISH						
137	The Royal Tourist, a Bi-weekly Journal. December 8th, 1875. No. 8.	ditto	Edited by W. Rodway.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed by A. Aston and published by the editor.
138	Ditto ditto. December 11th. No. 9.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
139	Ditto ditto. December 15th. No. 10.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
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141	Ditto ditto. December 22nd. No. 12.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
142	The Christian Spectator, a Monthly Journal. For January 1876. Vol. V, No. 55.	ditto	Edited by Rev. C. B. Lewis.	ditto	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. C. B. Lewis.
143	Ditto ditto. For February, No. 56.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
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23	Bibliotheca Indica a Collection of Oriental Works New Lines, No. 329, Fasc. 2.	Sanskrit	Edited by Rājendralāla Mitra.	Religion & H.	Printed at the Ganēsha Press, Calcutta and published at the Asiatic Society's Premises.	Printed by Nandakrishna Sarkār and published by the Asiatic Society.
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17	Jyotih Sangraha a Monthly Scientific Journal Vol. I, No. 2.	Sanskrit and Bengali.	Edited by Durgācharan Kaviratna.	Science	Printed at "the Dhan-sindhu Press" Berhampore.	Printed by Rājkrishna Singha and published by the editor.
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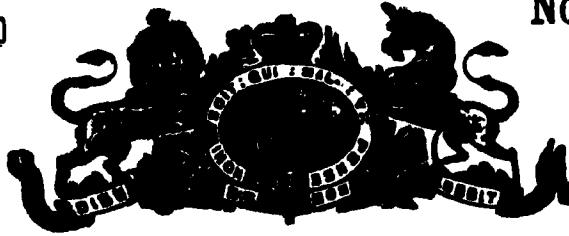
Quarter ending 31st March 1876.—(Continued.)

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279	12th Jan. 1876 ...	Sakhyát Sandhán ...	Baikunthanáth Goswámí, at Christ Church.	Baikunthanáth Goswámí, of Khánákul, zillah Hooghly.	15th Dec. 1875
280	17th Feb. 1876 ...	Vákýáb Vadud ...	Abdul Bári, at the Barkatí Press, Misriganj.	Abdul Vadud, of Chittagong.	19th Jan. 1876
281	ditto ...	Brihat Lakshmi Charitra	Trailokyanáth Datta, at No. 117, Chitpore Road.	Trailokynáth Datta, of No. 117, Chitpore Road.	27th Jan. 1876.
282	ditto ...	Dhénkir-kach-kachi ...	Kánáilal Dás and Jaharilál Shil, of No. 117, Chitpore Road.	Jaharilál Shil and Kánáilal Dás.	31st Jan. 1876
283	24th Mar. 1876 ...	Prákrityabád. A Dictionary of the Bengali Language. Part I.	Akshayakumár Sharmma, of No. 10, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Ráméshechandra Banerji, of Pomera, Howrah.	19th Dec. 1875
284	ditto ...	Pratimúrti Sahita-Arabya-upanyás.	Bénimádhava Bhattáchárya, of No. 115, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Bénimádhava Bhattáchárya, of No. 115, Chitpore Road.	18th Feb. 1876

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Bengali and Sanskrit	26	1	27
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JOHN ROBINSON,
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SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 8th April 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding*.
 The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General*,
 The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
 The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, KT.,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble T. W. BROOKES,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB SYUD ASHGAR ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.,
 and
 The Hon'ble MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities was further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

To Section 3, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following clause was added :—

"All property, moveable and immoveable, of any kind whatsoever, derived under any of the enactments specified in the fifth schedule, or otherwise, and vested in, or held in trust for, the late Commissioners under the said District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, or the late Committee under the said District Towns' Act, 1868, shall become vested in the Commissioners under Chapter II, and their successors; and all such property so derived, and vested in, or held in trust for, the late Commissioners under Act XXVI of 1850, shall become vested in the Commissioners of the station under Chapter IV, and their successors."

In Section 5, clauses (1) and (2), verbal amendments were made in the definitions of "carriage" and "cart;" and clause (13), the definition of "navigable channel," was omitted as unnecessary.

A verbal amendment was made in Section 6.

Section 31 was omitted as unnecessary, consequent on the addition made to Section 3.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the insertion of the following clause at the end of Section 79 (relating to the tax on persons), and the omission of a similar clause from the end of Section 81 :—

"Such tax shall not be assessed or levied on any person in respect of the occupation of arable lands, or of any building which is used exclusively as a place of worship."

In Section 90 (exemptions from the tax on holdings) the words "or as a hospital" were omitted.

A verbal amendment was made in Section 111.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following section, taken from Section 27 of Bengal Act IV of 1871 (the Pooree Lodging-houses Act), was introduced after Section 197 :—

"Whoever being the occupier of a house in or near any public road, keeps, or allows to be kept, for more than twenty-four hours, otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, or filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon such house, or in any out-house, yard, or ground attached to and occupied with such house, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to cleanse the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees."

And the following sections, taken from Sections 69 and 70 of Bengal Act III of 1864 (the District Municipal Improvement Act), were introduced after Section 200 :—

"The Municipal Commissioners may license such necessities for public accommodation as they, from time to time, may think proper; and whoever shall keep any public necessary without such license, or, having a license for a public necessary, shall suffer the same to be in a filthy or noxious state, or shall neglect to employ proper means for cleansing the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and such license may be withdrawn.

"Whoever being the owner or occupier of any private drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall neglect or refuse, after warning from the Municipal Commissioners, to keep the same in a proper state, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees."

A verbal amendment was made in Section 215.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, a verbal amendment was made in Section 233, and the following section was introduced after Section 233 :—

"233a. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink, sewer, or cess-pool, or any other offensive matter belonging to him, or being on his land, to run, drain, or be put or thrown upon any road, or causes or allows any offensive matter to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain near any road, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence."

Verbal amendments were made in Sections 285, 286, and 338; and Section 337 was omitted.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following words were added to Section 372 :—

"And the proceeds of the assessment on such lands made under the said Part shall be paid into the Municipal, Union, or Station Fund (as the case may be), and shall be available for the purposes of such fund."

In the schedule of repealed Acts (Schedule V, Parts I and II) some necessary amendments were made.

On the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, a verbal amendment was made in Section 364; and in Section 369 the period after which the proceeds of unclaimed holdings should be transferred to the Municipal Fund was extended from one year to three years.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER then moved that the Bill be passed.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said—"It will be entirely for the Council to decide whether this Bill should be passed; but I wish to say that, for myself, I think that the Bill has been most fully and amply considered down to its minutest details, and that there appears to be no reason why it should not be passed.

But before putting the motion, I should like to make one or two observations on the resolutions passed at a meeting of a number of respectable native gentlemen at Bhowanipore, which appears in the newspapers this morning. With all respect for those gentlemen, I should like to make a few remarks that occur to me for the consideration of hon'ble members. The first resolution at which the meeting arrived is this—

"That this meeting records its dissatisfaction with the present system for the administration of municipal affairs in the suburbs of Calcutta, there being no bond of union between those who administer the municipal funds, and those who have to find the same; and observes with anxiety the expansion of the objects of municipal expenditure, and the studied exclusion of the Imperial and Provincial Funds from due liability for the same."

The Council will observe that there are two points in that resolution—*first*, that these gentlemen think that there is not a sufficient "bond of union between those who administer municipal funds and those who have to find the same." I really do not know what that means. It is a vague and general observation, and one which it is not possible for the legislature to remedy. If there is not a good understanding between the Commissioners and their constituency, it is difficult to remedy that defect by legislation. This Bill provides for the introduction of the elective system; and if the rate-payers are not satisfied with the existing Municipal Commissioners, they will have an opportunity under the Bill of lawfully electing their representatives; and after that the Council must presume that there is confidence between the electors and the elected. If the system of election does provide that mutual confidence, then I submit that it is impossible for the legislature to do more.

The next point in the resolution is this: "the studied exclusion of the Imperial and Provincial Funds from due liability" for municipal expenditure. That is a large question, settled by a variety of considerations. It is not within the power of the Council or the local Government to provide imperial funds for municipal expenditure; and most of the hon'ble members are doubtless aware that it is quite impossible for the Government to give any help from Provincial Funds. If we are able to do so, there is nothing to prevent it; but I think the Council will agree that it is impossible to spare anything for municipal expenditure. So I submit that there is nothing in the first resolution which the Council can take into practical consideration.

The second resolution runs in this form:—

"That this meeting believes that the introduction of a popular elected element in municipalities will lead to a more economical and impartial administration of municipal funds, and deprecates, on principle, any increase of taxation, however slight or indirect, till the proposed remedy has been tried."

There are two points in this resolution—*first*, the elective principle; and *secondly*, increase of taxation. As regards the introduction of the elective principle, I have no doubt that it will lead to a more economical and impartial administration of municipal funds: in that I believe the Council will entirely concur. But they further 'deprecate any increase of taxation.' Now, that increase of taxation question has been mentioned so many times in this Council, that it is difficult to enumerate the number of occasions of such mention. I believe that all the members will agree that the increase of taxation in this Bill is really almost nothing; whereas, on the other hand, there are decreases of taxation in one or two items: so that the net result is rather favorable to the tax-payer than otherwise. And I am sure the Council will consider that there is no reason on this account to make even the slightest alteration in a single section of the Bill.

The third resolution says—

“That this meeting protests against any grant or aid from municipal funds to educational institutions where religious education is directly or indirectly compulsory.”

Now, that is a very arguable point which, as the members will recollect, has been fully and satisfactorily considered in the Council. We have had the advantage of hearing all that can be said from one or two hon'ble members; also of hearing the answers given to those arguments; and the Council has deliberately decided after full consultation, and after full hearing of the arguments, to retain the section which relates to this point.

These, then, are the three resolutions which were arrived at by the meeting; and I submit, for the reasons I have stated, that there is nothing in any one of them which should induce the Council to modify the opinions it has already formed, or to delay the passing of this useful and important measure.”

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he would wish to add a few words to what had fallen from His Honor the President, to correct a misapprehension which seemed to exist. One of the resolutions passed at the meeting referred to “deprecated, on principle, any increase of taxation, however slight or indirect.” He saw that some of the native papers were calling upon the people to band themselves together, to protect themselves against the contemplated increase in the scope of municipal taxation. This, as had been said over and over again, was founded on misapprehension. He thought that the Act which was passed in 1873, after the Municipal Bill of Sir George Campbell was vetoed by the Governor-General, had been overlooked. That Act, which was the existing law, introduced the innovations which seemed to be the subject of complaint. If any hon'ble member would point out specifically any point upon which he considered that this Act introduced a new object to which the municipal funds might be applied, MR. DAMPIER thought he could point out a section of the existing law which already legalized the application of municipal funds to that purpose. So far as he was aware, not one single new object of municipal expenditure was created by the present Bill, and nothing was made compulsory which was left optional by the existing law.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, before the motion was put to the vote, he thought it necessary to point out that the charge of increased taxation was not altogether groundless. It was true that in Committee of this Council concessions were made on two important points which had a tendency to increased taxation—they were the horse and carriage tax, and what he might call the conservancy cess. Hon'ble members would recollect that the schedule of horse and carriage tax attached to the Bill nearly doubled the tax prescribed in the schedule to Act III of 1864. No doubt the hon'ble mover had since thought fit to considerably reduce the scale of fees. With regard to the conservancy cess, as he called it, he need hardly remind the Council that it was proposed to charge the inhabitants of mofussil municipalities for the removal of rubbish from the road-side; but after considerable discussion, that point was yielded, and it was now declared that fees should be charged for the removal of only business or professional rubbish when deposited on the street.

But the most important point (on which he might say hon'ble members were almost unanimous as to its mischievous and vexatious tendency) was that the road tolls had not only been retained, but extended to those municipalities in which they were not now levied. First of all it was urged that it would not be judicious to curtail the income of those municipalities where road tolls were now levied, because they yielded a large amount of revenue. He for one was prepared to make the concession, because it might be difficult to replace the loss thereby sustained. But it was not only resolved to retain the road tolls where they were now levied, but to extend the power to levy them where they did not now exist. If that was not additional taxation, he did not know what was; and it would be a harassing mode of taxation. It was a mode of taxation which ought not to be tolerated anywhere where other means were open for bringing in a revenue. It was sure to prove a fruitful engine of harassment and oppression. That had been over and over admitted by the officers of Government; and he observed with regret the extension of the power to impose these tolls.

Then the hon'ble member in charge of the Bill had thrown out a challenge to any hon'ble member to point out any additional objects of taxation embodied in the Bill, and which did not find a place in the existing Acts. Of course BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had not now time to go over the whole of the sections of the Bill, and compare the provisions which bore on that point with the corresponding sections of the existing Acts. But he might generally observe that the hon'ble member had copied some of the provisions for the application of the municipal fund from the Calcutta Municipal Bill, and these provisions were quite new. One thing he might point out as a novel principle, so far as municipal government in Bengal was concerned, and that was the authorizing one municipal body to contribute funds towards works undertaken by another municipality. At any rate *that* was a new provision. It implied a system of municipal federation which, so far as he was aware, did not exist in any country, and which might lead to extensive and ambitious works, to the detriment of the ordinary requirements of a municipality, not to say that it would defeat the very object for which a municipal unit was formed.

Then, again, he might point out that this Bill for the first time laid upon municipalities the obligation to provide for the maintenance of establishments in the offices of Magistrates and Commissioners for the discharge of duties connected with municipalities. He held that the supervision of municipal work was a part of the general duty of the administrative agency of the country, and if it was justifiable to charge a municipality with the expense, why not charge as well a part of the salary of the supervising officers on the self-same principle? Perhaps it would come to pass by and bye. This, he said, was a new provision.

Then, again, all the objects mentioned in section 6 did not find a place in the existing Municipal Acts,—roads, bridges, embankments, tanks, ghâts, gardens, wharves, jetties, wells, channels, drains, privies, latrines, and urinals. Some of these were certainly legitimate objects of municipal expenditure; but if municipal funds were to be applied to the construction and maintenance of embankments, one could easily see that the whole of the income of a town might be absorbed in this work. There was a special Act for the construction and maintenance of embankments. Again, gardens were a superfluity in mofussil towns, which were not at all densely populated, and which did not therefore need opening out for the health of the people. Similarly, wharves and jetties more especially fell within the requirements of ports, and the expenditure on that account should be borne from port funds: in Calcutta they were so paid for. If there was a port fund in Calcutta for the execution of such works, much more was it necessary that the comparatively poor municipalities in the mofussil should not be burdened with the construction and maintenance of such works. In the mofussil there were but one or two municipalities in which wharves and jetties might be necessary. Chittagong was the only place he could now recollect in which such works existed, and there we had a large customs revenue.

Now, he submitted that he had gone over most of the objects which the hon'ble mover had introduced, in addition to what obtained in the existing Municipal Acts. Two things were thus clear—that there was additional taxation, and that there was a multiplication of the objects of municipal expenditure, many of which should not come under it.

The third point was this. The Hon'ble President had referred to the proceedings of a meeting held at Bhowanipore, and had gone carefully, *seriatim*, into the subject. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL admitted that the resolutions were vague and indefinite, and he wished that those gentlemen in the mofussil who were interested in the Bill had taken time by the forelock, and had made known their wants and grievances before the Bill had reached its last stage. He need not go into the questions raised by the resolutions, because they had been already answered by the President. He did not, however, agree with His Honor that the question about the application of municipal funds to the maintenance of religious schools was satisfactorily decided in this Council. In fact, His Honor might remember that there was a tie on the motion for the exclusion of these schools from amongst the objects of municipal expenditure, and that it was only the casting vote of the President which decided the

question in the negative. But be that as it might, there was a distinct vote in the Council on this question. He confessed he was not satisfied that it was right in principle that a tax paid by persons belonging to other religions should be applied to the maintenance of institutions which were kept up avowedly with the object of subverting their religion. There was a strong feeling in the matter, for the taxes which were paid by Hindus and Mahomedans ought to be applied to the secular education of the children of the soil, and not for the propagation of an antagonistic religion. But let that pass.

Then the hon'ble mover had been pleased to point out that the Bill did not make anything compulsory which was hitherto optional, and did not give a discretionary power where such power did not now exist. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL submitted that this Bill came within the objections taken by the Viceroy to the Bill of 1872. The great objection which His Excellency took to that Bill was that it left a large measure of discretion to the executive authority; and this Bill, at every step, left a discretion to the executive quite to the extent left by the previous Bill. This Bill, in its conservancy and sanitary regulations, far exceeded the provisions of the former Bill. The Bill of 1872 did not, so far as he recollected, contain the building and bustee regulations embodied in the present Bill, which were very stringent, and could not be worked in the mofussil without producing great injustice and oppression. He thought that the operation of these sections, if they were necessary at all, should be confined to the municipalities of the Suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah; but he was told that it would be left to the discretion of the Executive Government to extend these provisions. Now, it was this matter of discretion of the executive which drew the attention of the Viceroy and led to the vetoing of the former Bill. His Excellency's remarks on this point were as follows:—

7. "It is true that many of the provisions of the Bill to which His Excellency objects are permissive, and depend for their introduction upon the exercise of the powers committed to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. The present Lieutenant-Governor has expressed his intention to use with great caution and reserve the powers which would be placed in his hands; and His Excellency cordially agrees with the sentiments expressed by His Honor that it is unwise "to push too far sanitary and other regulations which may effect some future good at the cost of great individual vexation." And that in introducing such regulations we must recollect "not only that our knowledge of these subjects is yet imperfect, but also that much regard must be had to the habits and feelings of the people which, even in Europe and still more in this country, are opposed to great innovations in matters affecting their daily lives in their homes and neighbourhoods:" but while entirely concurring in those views, His Excellency must, in dealing with the Bill, look rather to the powers which it confers than to the extent to which for the present it is proposed to make use of those powers. If he objects to any material provisions contained in a proposed law, for which his assent is required under the Indian Councils' Act of 1861, it is not sufficient for His Excellency to be informed that the officer in whose discretion their introduction is vested considers that action should be suspended or deferred. No feeling of confidence in the discretion of any one man in whose power the administration of a law may for the time being be placed, would, in His Excellency's opinion, justify him in assenting to a measure, to any essential provisions of which, if fully brought into operation, he entertains such serious objections as he does to some of those which are contained in the Bengal Municipalities Bill."

Now, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had already pointed out that in the matter of building regulations, bustee improvements, sanitary rules, and market provisions, a very wide discretion was left to the Government,—a discretion to which the Viceroy had taken exception, and on which ground His Excellency had vetoed the former Bill.

He would read one paragraph more from the letter which conveyed the disallowance of the Bill of 1872. It was the last paragraph:—

11. "While His Excellency regrets that the great labor which has been bestowed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and the Legislative Council of Bengal upon the preparation of this Bill will not produce any immediate results, it is not his desire to interpose an obstacle to improvements in the municipal law of Bengal, provided that such improvements are not accompanied by any material increase of taxation, or by changes so extensive as those which are embodied in the present Bill."

These were the two conditions laid down for the amendment of the municipal law—*first*, that there should be no increase of taxation; and *secondly*, that no material innovations should be introduced. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had endeavoured to show to the Council that, on the point of increased

taxation, the provisions in the Bill relating to road tolls were quite sufficient to justify him in holding that there had been additional taxation, and that in a most objectionable form. And in regard to innovation, he thought that the discussions in Council had sufficiently shown that there had been great, material, and injurious innovations in the Bill, which required the serious consideration of the Council.

On these grounds, he thought it his duty to object to the passing of the Bill.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said that, in replying to the hon'ble member, he would confine himself to three specific points. The hon'ble gentleman said there had been increased taxation first in the provision which enabled one municipality to contribute to useful works which were undertaken by a neighbouring municipality, and which would be beneficial to itself. If that was to be called increased taxation, to that extent he admitted that the Bill did provide increased taxation. But he did not think that this was a fair use of the words. [The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL observed that he said that it was a multiplication of the objects of taxation.] MR. DAMPIER could not admit that; but if taxation itself was not increased, what could be the harm of increasing the objects to which they might be applied according to the requirements of circumstances, and at the option of the municipal bodies. The hon'ble member to his right (Mr. Bell) had just suggested that the effect of this provision might be said to be to diminish expenditure rather than to increase it, for it enabled two municipalities to club together for a common object, and each one, instead of paying the whole cost of the work undertaken, would only pay one-half; as, for instance, in the case of a water-supply, where one set of head-works would supply two municipalities.

Another example which the hon'ble gentleman had thought worthy of bringing forward, of increase of taxation, was the very minute contribution which municipalities of districts and divisions in which these institutions abounded could be called upon to pay towards the expense of a clerk, or two clerks, employed at the Commissioner's and Magistrate's offices for supervising the work of municipalities. MR. DAMPIER really thought this petty item not worthy of notice in connection with so large a question; and he thought that if the adversaries of the Bill were driven to give a prominent place to this, as an instance of the increased burdens thrown on tax-payers by the Bill, it might be accepted as an indication that there was nothing very serious to complain of in this direction.

The third point which he would notice was the question of tolls on roads. As things stood, the Lieutenant-Governor might impose tolls on roads wherever he thought fit. This Bill provided that within municipal limits the Commissioners themselves might impose tolls, but only with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, and only for certain specific purposes. If they wished to construct an expensive bridge, or to make a metalled road which would benefit the municipality, they might, with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor, levy tolls for that object, and they might not impose them for any other. Compare the two states of things. This Bill apart, the Lieutenant-Governor had authority to put on any tolls on any road he liked, and to do what he liked with the proceeds. Under this Bill the Lieutenant-Governor was practically barred from doing so within municipalities, except on the recommendation of the Commissioners; and they again were barred from recommending the imposition of any toll, except for the particular purposes which MR. DAMPIER had mentioned. Surely it was hardly reasonable to speak of that as an increase of taxation, or of the objects of taxation.

The expenditure of municipal funds on wharves and jetties was legalized on the suggestion of the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Ramshunker Sen), and MR. DAMPIER would leave that hon'ble member to explain the reasons for the amendment which he had moved.

The HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN stated that from his own experience he knew that the cost of the construction of wharves and jetties was now paid for by municipalities, and that they were maintained from municipal funds; and he did not see that there had been any increase in the objects of municipal expenditure under this Bill.

The Council then divided:—

Ayes 9.
 The HON'BLE MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI.
 „ HON'BLE MR. BROOKES.
 „ HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.
 „ HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER.
 „ HON'BLE MR. BELL.
 „ HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS.
 „ HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG.
 „ HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER.
 „ HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Noes 2.
 The HON'BLE NAWAB ASHGAR ALI.
 „ HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

So the motion was carried and the Bill passed.

PARTITION OF ESTATES.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the Council proceeded to the further consideration of the Bill to make better provision for the partition of estates in order to the settlement of its clauses.

Verbal amendments were made in sections 31, 33, 36, and 37.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the introduction of the following section after Section 42:—

“42a. Whenever it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor that in any district the work required to be done by Deputy Collectors in connection with partitions under this Act is so great that such work would, if concentrated in the hands of one or more Deputy Collectors, fully occupy the time of such one or more Deputy Collectors, the Lieutenant-Governor may make an order directing that the salary of such one or more Deputy Collectors, as the case may be, shall be recovered from the proprietors of estates under partition in such district as part of the cost of such partitions, and thereupon such charge as the Collector may think fit to make in respect of such salary, in addition to the item mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be deemed to be a portion of the costs of every partition.

“For the purposes of this section, the salary of every Deputy Collector shall be deemed to be the amount of salary which is drawn by a Deputy Collector of the lowest grade.”

He said, as the Bill stood the pay of the Deputy Collector in any district in which partitions were frequent, and in which an Estates' Partition Fund was started, would be charged to such fund. The hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) objected to that provision, and asked for a reconsideration, and MR. DAMPIER had been able to meet him as far as the section now proposed went. The hon'ble member was against the principle of the section altogether; but he was aware that the sense of the Council was against him, and was prepared to accept this modified provision. The tenor of the proposed section was, that whenever the work of partition was not enough, on a fair view of the matter, to occupy the whole time of a Deputy Collector, no charge was to be made on that account against the proprietors of the estates under partition. But when the work was sufficient to occupy one man's time, the pay of the Deputy Collector would be levied from the proprietors as part of the expenses of the partition. Then it was urged that the whole charge should not be debited to the Estates' Partition Fund, but merely a part of it, as the Government was interested in the work of partition. To that MR. DAMPIER would answer, that under the section he now proposed, the amount to be charged was never more than the pay of a Deputy Collector of the lowest grade, whatever might be the salary of the officer actually employed on the duty, although as a fact a more highly paid officer would often be employed on this work. Secondly, what was charged was the bare pay of the Deputy Collector without any travelling allowances. He thought that the travelling allowances, and the difference between the actual pay drawn and the pay of the lowest grade, would amply represent the share of expense which the Government ought to bear.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, his views in this matter had been correctly explained by the hon'ble member. He was of opinion that as the services of the Deputy Collector were necessary, chiefly with the view of protecting the Government revenue, it was but fair that the Government should bear the expense of his employment in partition cases, the proprietors of

estates being made to pay the cost of all other establishment required for the work. The Council were aware that, under the law of inheritance, proprietors were entitled to partition, and they might amicably settle the partition amongst themselves if in such matters a second element was not in existence—he meant the Government revenue. It was therefore the duty of the legislature to provide that there should be a representative of the Government to watch and protect the interests of the Government. Such being the case, he thought it could not be unfair to call upon the Government to pay for the services of the Deputy Collector who was its representative. In fact it was this principle on which the Government had for the last seventy years been paying Deputy Collectors in charge of partition work, and BABOO KRISTODAS PAL was not aware of any circumstances which had since arisen and which required a departure from it. But as the sense of the Council seemed to be against such a provision, he intimated to the hon'ble mover that he would be prepared to accept this amendment if the hon'ble member would agree to divide the salary in equal moieties between the Government and the proprietors. This was an important question. The hon'ble member admitted that it was but just that the Government should contribute a portion of the expense consequent upon the employment of Deputy Collectors in the work of partition, but the section now proposed was not sufficient. It was true that the minimum pay of the Deputy Collector was to be charged, and that the Government might require the services of an experienced officer for the supervision of partition work; but on the principle on which he contended that the expense should be borne by the Government, it was quite immaterial what class of Deputy Collectors might be employed, when, strictly speaking, it was the duty of the Government to pay him. If the Government was directly interested in the work of the butwarah Deputy Collector, was it not right and proper that at least one-half the pay of such Deputy Collector should be borne by the State? BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought the justice of this proposition was apparent. He would therefore move the insertion of the words "a moiety of" before the words "the salary" in line 11 of the proposed section, and that a similar amendment be made in Section 47, clause (c).

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said he was wholly opposed to the amendment. He could not conceive how the Government was interested in the partition of estates in the manner the hon'ble member supposed. Partitions were made solely for the convenience of the parties. It was one and the same thing to the Government whether the revenue was paid in one sum, or in two or more sums constituting the required amount for which the parent estate was liable. No doubt in the course of partitions it was necessary to guard the Government interest, so that each divided estate should be able to pay the amount of revenue assessed upon it. But in all other respects partitions were made entirely for the benefit and convenience of the persons concerned.

Further, if partitions were not made by the Collector, they would have to be made by the civil court, and the expenses would be considerably increased. The assistance of the Deputy Collector was therefore given for facilitating the work of partition; and the ADVOCATE-GENERAL thought a sufficient concession was made by the Government allowing one of their officers to supervise the work. He could not admit that the Government was so interested in the work of partition as to be saddled with a portion of the cost.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said it was true that the Government was interested to the extent of seeing that the partition was not made so as to endanger the Government revenue; but if the Government officer were to confine himself to that, his duty would be merely to test the partition when brought to him ready made by the proprietors. But was that all he had to do? By no means; he had to begin at the beginning and attend to the whole process of measurement, ascertainment of true facts, collection of rent-rolls, and he had, generally speaking, to bring the proprietors together. The hon'ble member had said that if it were not for the necessity of protecting the Government revenue, the partition could be easily made by the parties themselves. MR. DAMPIER asked whether it had not been said over and over again in this Council that it was impossible, in the present state of society in this country, for the members even of a joint Hindoo family to agree together in carrying out

a common object of this sort. It came to this; if the Government were not to give the services of its officer in effecting the partition, the proprietors would, in the great majority of cases, be practically debarred from availing themselves of the benefits which the partition law held out to them, for they would be unable to make the necessary amicable combination for the attainment of the common object. Under these circumstances, it could not properly be said that the Deputy Collector was only employed, or was mainly employed, in partitions in the interests of the Government.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL's amendment was then negatived, and the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier's motion was carried.

Verbal amendments were made in Sections 45, 47, and 60.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following section was substituted for Section 82:—

“82. Whenever the Collector shall have approved a partition (whether with or without amendments), he shall cause a notice to be served on each of the recorded proprietors that the papers will be submitted at once for confirmation of the partition by the Commissioner, and that any appeals or objections must be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the date of the service of the said notice, or if the Collector has approved the partition with amendments, and the notice requires the proprietor to produce the extract of any partition in order that amendments may be noted thereon, or to take out a fresh extract from the partition paper, as provided in the next succeeding section, then within six weeks of such date.”

Unimportant amendments were made in Sections 88, 100, 128, 131, 133, 147, and 149, and the position of some of the sections was transposed.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier, the Bill was then passed.

SETTLEMENT OF RENT DISPUTES.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the Bill to provide for enquiry into disputes regarding the rent payable by ryots in certain estates, and to prevent agrarian disturbances, was further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

A verbal amendment was made in Section 11.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said that since the publication of the rules contained in Section 14a in the Gazette, public attention had been directed to them, and he might state for the information of the Council that his attention had been drawn to some of these rules as not being quite satisfactory. In the first place, it had been pointed out to him that the dictum of the High Court as to the rule of proportion was not quite consistent with the substantive law. When it was admitted on all hands, and when it was, he believed, unanimously agreed upon by this Council, that the rule of proportion was not at all workable, practical men thought that it was useless to encumber the present Act with that rule. It was only one full bench of the High Court which had laid down that rule: another full bench might upset it at any time.

Then with regard to the new rules that were proposed, he might observe that rule (a) was not quite explicit. It was contended that the proviso, that the Collector should fix the rent in such a manner as to represent such portion of the existing average gross value of the land with reference to the circumstances of each case, was not quite clear. It was urged that there was a confusion of terms in that rule, that was to say, between the rate of rent and the amount of rent. If the rate or the share of the produce were laid down, then the amount of rent would be regulated according to the circumstances of each case. But how could the rate or share of the gross value of the produce of the land be regulated with reference to the circumstances of each case? Whatever portion of the gross value of the produce the Collector might adjudicate should be decided according to some definite principle; that was to say, the rate being fixed, the amount of rent might be regulated according to the circumstances of each case. But if the rate was to vary according to the circumstances of each case, there would be great uncertainty and confusion; in fact, there would be no uniformity whatever. Not only would two different Collectors act in two different ways, but perhaps the same Collector might determine one rate of rent for one piece of land and another rate for another piece of land, though both pieces of land might be of the same quality and be possessed of the same

advantages. Therefore rule (a) was considered indefinite and calculated to lead to confusion.

Rule (b) was believed to be open to great objection, inasmuch as it intensified the evils which the ruling of Sir Barnes Peacock was calculated to produce. If it was difficult to carry out a ruling laid down by such an eminent authority like the late Chief Justice because the outgoings were not easy to be calculated, it would be much more difficult to calculate the net profits of cultivation, and then to divide the profits between the zemindar and the ryot. There were so many conflicting elements in these calculations, and it would be so difficult to bring them to a satisfactory conclusion, that practically it would be impossible to carry out rule (b).

With regard to rule (c), it was urged that it was a fair and equitable rule; but unless the allowance to be given to occupancy ryots were fixed by law, it might, in the one case, lead to injustice to the ryot, and in the other, if the Collector was so inclined, it might lead to injustice to the zemindar. In fact, it left every thing in the hands of the Collector, and possibly he might be led by his own sympathies and inclinations to defeat the intentions of the legislature, though acting in perfect good faith. Reference had been made by the Hon'ble President to the Punjab Tenancy Act and the Oudh Rent Act. His Honor very fully and lucidly explained the principles upon which those Acts were based; and if those principles were adopted, that was to say, if the deduction to be made from the rent of occupancy ryots were fixed by law, then the difficulty and confusion which were apprehended from the operation of rule (c) would disappear.

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL believed that the learned Secretary had received a communication from the British Indian Association upon the subject of these rules, in which all these arguments were fully set forth. He had endeavoured to state to the Council his opinion on these rules. He believed that the Council had come to a decision to lay down some rules for the guidance of the Collector: and it would be much more satisfactory if the Council would make the rules as definite as they possibly could.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said he would ask permission to add after the words "the Collector may" the words "if he think it proper so to do," in order to make it quite clear that the application of these rules was perfectly optional.

With regard to the observations which had been made as to the rules, not being definite, they were simply a repetition of what had been said both in the Select Committee and in this Council. On the other hand, the Council was told by the hon'ble and learned member on his right (Mr. Bell) that these rules were an alteration of the existing law. The ADVOCATE-GENERAL had ventured to point out that they were not an alteration of the law, but that they were merely suggestions made to the Collector, which he might keep in view in deciding what might be "fair and equitable," provided he was unable to apply the rule of proportion laid down in Thakooranee Dossee's case. It was quite possible that the Council might fall into the difficulty apprehended by his learned friend—that they were altering the law, if they made the rules definite by giving to the zemindar a certain fixed proportion of the produce of the land. That would be an alteration of the law. Having regard to the fact that it was not the intention to alter the law, these rules could not be made more definite than they were; they might be susceptible of improvement, but they could not certainly be made more definite. The objection taken by the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) was a good one; but unfortunately, as matters stood, the Council could not improve the rules, by overcoming the objection as to indefiniteness, without clashing with the other principle of not varying the substantive law. All that the rules were intended to point to was simply this, that when the rule in Thakooranee Dossee's case could not be applied, then the Collector, who would still have to determine what should be a fair and equitable rent so that the zemindar should get a fair proportion of the increased produce of the land, might be assisted by certain standards or principles to guide himself in arriving at his decision. That was all that these rules professed to do. It was intended that the rules should be supplementary to the broad principle laid down in Act X of 1859, that the

adjustment of rents should be "fair and equitable." These rules would point to what might be taken as standards of adjustment; they would furnish the *ratio decidendi*. He had remarked before upon the difference between the ground of enhancement and the mode of enhancement. The mode of enhancement was not the ground of enhancement, but the *ratio decidendi* upon which the enhancement should be fixed. If objection were made to the *ratio decidendi*, on the ground that it might embrace some ground found in Section 17 of Act X of 1859, the answer was that such ground was merely used as a means to an end, *i. e.* to the decision of what was fair and equitable. The rules only applied after it had been decided that the right to enhance existed, and the right only existed when a ground had been substantiated for enhancement. Once given the ground that the produce of the land had increased, and it followed under Section 17 of Act X of 1859 that the zemindar had a right to a proportion of the increased value. The question next arose as to what proportion? That question the Collector had to solve. He had to solve it by the rule laid down in Thakooranee Dossee's case; and if it could not be so solved, then these rules would enable him to arrive at a better result than if left to his own discretion, and he had to decide what was fair and equitable on principles somewhat resembling this, or else in an entirely arbitrary and capricious manner. This Council could not, under existing circumstances, and unless the law was altered, provide for uniformity of decision. There could be no uniformity where the measure of enhancement was what was "fair and equitable." But he did not think that a greater amount of uniformity would be ensured without than with these rules; in fact, he thought that the rules would tend to greater uniformity of decision.

With that explanation he could only say that he could not go further in the direction of these rules. They were open to the criticism and the objection that they were indefinite; but they were purposely so framed. It appeared to him that there was no reason for altering these rules, unless the Council was prepared to change the substantive law by which the adjustment of rents between zemindars and ryots was at present regulated.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT observed, with reference to the letter which had been received from the British Indian Association, that the main objection therein set forth was that the rules in the Bill left a great deal of discretion in the hands of the Collector. He would point out that the discretion left in the hands of the Collector was not at all wider than it at present was; and the discretion so left was hardly so wide as that which was now left to the civil court. The rules that had been introduced left the Bill where it was, namely a Bill for transferring temporarily that jurisdiction in certain particular classes of cases.

THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL's amendment was then agreed to.

Verbal amendments were then made, on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier, in Sections 14a, 26, and 27.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, as he would not be present at the next meeting of the Council, he wished to say that he did not like the Bill in the form in which it was proposed to be passed. He would have liked the Bill to give the Government very much more arbitrary powers; and he would have insisted that whatever was done in the exercise of those arbitrary powers, should be done on the responsibility of the highest revenue authority. He would have had it recognized to be a very severe remedy applied to a very severe disease. But the Bill had acquired a more judicial character in the hands of the Select Committee.

It only remained for him to say of these rules that his own opinion was that it was of little practical importance whether the rules were introduced in the Bill or not. But the Council were given to understand that it would be very much more acceptable to the parties, who would be more immediately concerned with this Bill, if some such rules were introduced. It appeared to him that the rules authorized the Collector to do nothing which he might not do if no such rules existed; and therefore the introduction of them into the Bill was a defect which was open to criticism from a legislative point of view. But in view of making the Bill less unpalatable to those whose interests were touched, and who felt strongly on the subject, he had voted with those members

who wished to have the rules such as they were. At any rate they seemed to him to be quite innocuous.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL observed that if what the hon'ble mover had just said was true, that it would be immaterial whether the Council passed this Bill with or without these rules, he thought they should be left out. He still entertained the opinion that the rules were totally opposed to the existing law. That was simply his own opinion, and as his opinion differed from that of the hon'ble and learned Advocate-General, it was probable that his opinion was wrong. But such was the opinion he had arrived at after great deliberation, and he was aware that it was an opinion which was shared by others. But if, as the hon'ble mover seemed to think, it was immaterial whether or not the rules were retained in the Bill, MR. BELL should certainly suggest for the consideration of the Council whether it would not be better to do without them altogether.

The Bill as amended was then ordered to be published in the Gazette.

REGISTRATION OF ESTATES.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the Bill to provide for the registration of revenue-paying estates and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof, was further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The following new section was introduced after Section 28 :—

"28a. Whenever it shall appear to the Collector in the course of an enquiry made in respect of an application under section 37 or section 42, or otherwise, that any person whose name is recorded in the General Register as proprietor or manager, or joint proprietor or joint manager of an estate or revenue-free property, is no longer in possession of any interest in such estate or property as proprietor or manager, and that the names of other persons have been recorded as proprietors or managers of every portion of the interest in respect of which such proprietor or manager's name was borne on the register, the Collector may order the name of such person to be struck out from among the recorded proprietors or managers of such estate or property, and, if required, may grant him a certificate to that effect."

Verbal amendments were made in Sections 37, 39, 55, 57, and 75 ; and Section 38 was omitted as unnecessary.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the substitution of the following new sections for Sections 74, 77, and 78 :—

74. "The Collector shall supply an extract from any Register mentioned in this Act to any person who may apply for the same, subject to the payment of such fees for searching and copying as may be prescribed by the Board ; and to any extract so supplied shall be appended a note signed by the Collector certifying whether any application for registration under this Act in respect of the estate or revenue-free property to which the extract relates is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a Civil Court, and if any such application be so pending, specifying the extent of the interest to which such application relates, and the grounds on which it is based."

77. "No person shall be bound to pay rent to any person claiming such rent as proprietor, or manager of an estate or revenue free property in respect of which he is required by this Act to cause his name to be registered, or as mortgagee, unless the name of such claimant shall have been registered under this Act ;

and no person being liable to pay rent to two or more such proprietors, managers, or mortgagees holding in common tenancy, shall be bound to pay to any one such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee more than the amount which bears the same proportion to the whole of such rent, as the extent of the interest in respect of which such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee is registered, bears to the entire estate or revenue-free property."

78. "The receipt of any proprietor, manager, or mortgagee whose name and the extent of whose interest is registered under this Act shall afford full indemnity to any person paying rent to such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee, unless an application for registration under this Act relating to the interest in respect of which such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee is registered, is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a Civil Court."

The sections referred to were those which provided that the ryot should not be bound to pay rent to any one other than a registered proprietor, and that he should have indemnity for payments made to such proprietors. As the sections stood they were incomplete. The effect of them was to place any person who had given in an application for registration of his name precisely in the same favorable position as one whose name was actually registered.

On reconsidering the sections carefully with the learned Advocate-General they were satisfied of two things; first, that it was quite impossible to give to the rent-payers the protection which it was so desirable to give, if mere applicants were to be treated on the same footing as registered proprietors; and secondly, that there was no sound reason for so doing. It might be said that the applicant had done all he could to effect registration, and that therefore it was hard to keep him out of his rents until the application was disposed of, but he would remind the Council that such an applicant would be in one of two positions. Either his right to registration would be unopposed, in which case it would be disposed of as a matter of routine immediately the month's notices were expired, or else the right to registration would be opposed, in which case the applicant's position would be that he was asking to have his name substituted for that of another which was already on the register; which right was also claimed by some other person, either the one whose name was already on the register or some other. That was exactly the crisis at which the ryot most required the protection of these sections. It might be said that it was hard to keep a proprietor out of his rent until the question of his possession was decided; that it was not his fault that his claim was disputed. But it was by no means certain that he was in the right; and surely in such a case the onus lay on the claimant. It would be observed that the point that had to be determined for the settlement of the dispute as to registration was precisely the point which a plaintiff would have to make good in a suit for rent against the ryot. Putting aside the case of written contracts, on suing for rent a plaintiff must prove that he was in possession; and the moment he had succeeded in proving that, the obstacle to register his name as a proprietor fell to the ground. Without proving this point he could not recover rents by legal process; the moment he succeeded in proving it, the condition as to registration would no longer be a bar against his recovering.

Another very important point was that, as MR. DAMPIER had said, the time when a dispute existed was the precise time at which the ryot wanted protection. As long as two men were claiming the same four annas share at present, the claimant with the longest lattee probably succeeded in collecting the rents which represented the disputed interest. Any thing which would tend to put an end to this state of things must be so far good. On the whole, then, the Advocate-General considered that a man should not get the benefits of registration until his name was actually registered.

MR. DAMPIER would now explain how the sections were expected to work.

Under the proposed Section 77 the tenant was not bound to pay rent to any person claiming as proprietor or mortgagee of an estate in respect of which he was bound to register, unless his name was registered, and further the tenant was bound to pay no one except according to the extent of the share registered. Then Section 78 enacted that, for payments so made, the tenant would get indemnity, except as to any shares for which some other person had applied to be registered. For instance, A, B, C, and D were four proprietors who were registered as possessing four-annas' share each. Under Section 77 a tenant need not pay more than a four-annas share of rent to each, and the fact of having so paid rent would give him an indemnity against all other comers, except in one case. Suppose there was an application pending by X for registration of his name in lieu of D for one of the four-annas' shares. In that case the receipts of A, B, and C would give an indemnity for the rent paid in respect of their shares. But because there was a pending application for the substitution of X's name in the place of D, a payment made to D would no longer afford indemnity. The tenant was not bound to pay to the claimant X on the one hand, and on the other X would have no status for harassing the tenant by demands for rent; at the same time the law would not hold out any special encouragement to him to pay to D. He might pay or not as he chose, and any payments would be at his own peril; in fact, while improving the tenant's position in other respects, the law would leave the tenant precisely where he now was in respect of D.

Now, how was the tenant to know whether any application was pending;—that was an all-important question. The Council would now go back to Section

74, which provided that the Collector should supply extracts from the registers to any one who wanted them. So far there was this anomaly, that the Collector would in the case above instanced give an extract in which it would be stated that A, B, C, and D were each registered for four-annas' share of the estate. That by itself would mislead the tenant into the belief that he would have full indemnity in respect of payments for each of these shares; whereas, in fact, there was lurking in the Collector's office an application by X for the registration of his name in lieu of D, which would have the effect, under Section 77, of destroying the indemnity for payments made to D. To guard against this danger it was provided by Section 74 that whenever a Collector gave an extract from his register, for whatever purpose, he should be bound to give to the person taking the extract a certificate stating whether any application for registration was pending before him, or was under reference to the civil court in regard to the estate. The Collector was absolutely prohibited from giving an extract without such certificate. Further, by Section 75 it was provided that when any change was made in the register, the widest publicity should be given of the fact on the estate to which the mutation related.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he was sorry that he could not agree with the hon'ble mover in the view he had taken of the new sections which he had just moved. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL did not expect that the hon'ble member would recede from the position which he had assumed. If he referred back to the history of the principle which underlay sections 77 and 78, he would find that it began with what he ventured to call a piece of outlawry, and it had ended again with another piece of much the same sort. He himself suggested that if the respective shares of proprietors were registered and facilities given to the ryots to know what were the respective shares of proprietors, and if provisions were made authorizing the ryots to pay only to the extent of the registered shares and not more, a great reform would be made upon the present system of the separate management of joint estates. He did not then expect that his suggestions would fructify in the way they saw in the sections before the Council. For it practically led to the disqualification of a proprietor who happened to be in dispute with a co-sharer as to the extent of his share. Section 77 was by far the most important, and it declared that no ryot should be bound to pay rent to any person who was not registered. Now, as he had pointed out before, a person, however anxious to have his share registered, might find many difficulties in carrying out the registration; for instance, a person might apply for registry, but the extent of his share might be contested by other sharers and he might be referred to the Civil Court, and so there might be delay and difficulty in obtaining registration. In the meantime was that proprietor to be deprived of the right of receiving rent from his ryots? He had been receiving rent; the ryots did not question his right or the extent of his share, but the legislature stepped in and required him to register. He was willing to register, but he had failed to do so because some one else put in an objection. As soon as he applied for registration an objection was made, and in the meantime the law declared that no ryot was bound to pay him any rent. The practical effect of the section would be to prevent the ryots from paying the rent. Section 78 made the point still more clear. It said to the ryot "not only are you not bound to pay, but if you do pay you will not be indemnified for such payment." What would be the combined effect of the two provisions taken together? The ryot would see that he might have to pay again, and that the best course would be that he should not pay at all. Was that the position to which the legislature should deliberately drive the zemindar, because it was necessary for purposes of State to pass a law for registration, the primary object of which was to enforce certain responsibilities which had been imposed upon the zemindars?

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL submitted that the good of the measure would be greatly neutralized if the sections as now presented were passed without modification. He accepted the original section because it was founded on some principles of equity; because he thought that a ryot should not be compelled to pay rent to proprietors who were not registered. But if a proprietor had made

an application for registration, and owing to a dispute his application could not be registered, his right to levy rent should not be barred. If hereafter the court decided that he had no right to collect rent, the ryot or the rightful owner would hold him liable for the rent which had been paid. But it was not for the legislature to prevent the ryot from paying rent. The hon'ble mover had said that a proprietor who had applied for, but had not succeeded in effecting registration owing to a dispute, could not receive rent unless he proved his right in court, because the same evidence which was required for registration under this law would be necessary to establish a claim for rent. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL joined issue on that point. If the zemindar had been in the habit of receiving rent, he had only to show that he had so received the rents in order to entitle him to continue to collect [The ADVOCATE-GENERAL—Suppose there was a notice from a rival zemindar; the ryot might have to pay twice over.]. If a ryot paid rent to a man who was not entitled to receive it, he could easily recover the rent so paid. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said that the legislature should not drive a man to a position in which if he had not means of his own he would be unable to meet the Government demand. On these grounds he opposed these sections, and said that he thought that the section as it originally stood was fair and equitable.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he should only take up two points in the hon'ble gentleman's speech. He asked whether this was a position in which the Council ought to throw the zemindar, because they found it necessary to pass a Bill to compel registration for the general executive purposes of the Government. He must emphatically deny that the clauses exempting ryots from liability to pay rent to persons who were not registered were now introduced out of the desire of the Government to enforce registration. It was quite true that when the Bill was introduced the disability to sue was imposed on the zemindar as a direct means of enforcing registration, but he had joined his hon'ble friend in throwing out that section as for that object. He thought the means for enforcing registration were quite sufficient without it. Now, however, it was agreed that the registration of shares would lose more than half its value, unless it could be made use of to give some protection to tenants, some light to guide them as to whom they were to make their payments. It had been found absolutely impossible to frame sections in such a way that the tenant should really be protected in making payments in accordance with the registration, if the right of a mere applicant to recover rent from him as well was reserved; and it came to this, that either the Council must wipe out altogether all those sections which affected to give ryots such protection, and to confer such an enormous boon, or else they must put the man who had not succeeded in getting his application for registration decided, into the position in which this section placed him. MR DAMPIER had already said that if there was no dispute, the procedure for registration would be merely of a formal character. But if there was a dispute, that was exactly the case in which a ryot, if acting *bona fide*, required all the assistance and relief which the law could give him.

The hon'ble gentleman had said that the registration of the names of proprietors and the obtaining of a decree for rent did not depend upon the same point being proved. For instance, a man might be receiving rents, but under this section he would no longer be entitled to recover rents if his name was not registered. But if he had received rents, was he not in possession as proprietor, and what else had he to establish under this Bill to secure registration? [The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.—The extent of share.]

He believed that there was no *via media*, and it would rest with the Council either to strike out these sections altogether, or to accept them and place an applicant for registration in the position in which these sections placed him.

The HON'BLE THE ACTING ADVOCATE-GENERAL said these two sections were the only sections by which it would be possible to give the ryot an indemnity for payments made by him. If the ryot was bound to pay to a man who had only applied for registration, what possible indemnity could there be, and the ryot might have to pay twice over. But in all these matters one must not look to apprehensions of a vague character: one must look to the usual consequences of events connected with registration. When a person

had been long in possession and had received rents for a considerable number of consecutive years, there would be no difficulty in effecting registration. It might be said that in this country false claims were put forward; but even false claims must have some sort of basis to go upon. It could scarcely be supposed that when a person was in possession for twenty or thirty years his claim would be resisted by persons who sprang up at the time of the application for registration. The ADVOCATE-GENERAL's answer to a great many of the objections made was that a person who was in possession would have no difficulty in having himself registered; that if objections were raised to the registration of a person so situated, he would have no difficulty in satisfying the Collector, through the medium of his gomashtras and naibs and the ryots themselves, that he had been in possession, and he would be put on the register at once. But if there were serious doubts as to possession, the Collector would refer the case to the civil court. If it so happened, was it not fair to suppose that the possession was not clear, and that it was a *bond fide* case of disputed possession? The object was to give the ryots an indemnity. A strong argument in favour of registration of the extent of shares was that at present the unfortunate ryot, instead of paying sixteen annas to the rupee, had to pay seventeen annas, and sometimes eighteen annas or more. It was for the purpose of protecting the ryot that registration of the extent of shares was proposed, and when it was proposed to give him the benefit resulting from such registration, it was objected that the Council were giving a boon to which he was not entitled.

Taking up the subject of registration as it now stood—THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL had seen cases in which the evidence as to the fact of possession was equally balanced; both parties paid the Government revenue, both had gomashtras on the estate, and ryots had sworn to the truth of the case on either side. In such cases the Collector and the Commissioner could not but refer the parties to the civil court. In other cases he apprehended that the Collector would have no difficulty in deciding who was in possession, and making a mutation of names. If there was no one who could legitimately receive the rent and give a receipt, the rents should remain where they ought to remain. The hon'ble member said that if the ryots paid the rent to the wrong person they might be recovered back. Why should the onus be thrown upon the ryot? Where there was a formidable dispute and neither party was able to obtain registration, then he thought it was nothing but fair and equitable that during the existence of that dispute the ryots should be protected. At present there was no machinery to protect the ryot; for although the civil court might appoint a receiver, in the mofussil the appointment of a receiver was very seldom resorted to. THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL thought there was nothing unjust in these sections. If a man had possession of a zemindary, registration followed as a matter of course; if he was not in possession, or if possession were disputed, it was not hard that the supposed possessor should not collect his rents until the dispute was settled.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that although he was unwilling to prolong the discussion, he wished to make a few brief remarks. The hon'ble member on the left (Baboo Kristodas Pal) said that supposing a zemindar was unable to collect his rents because he could not get registration, yet he was called upon to pay the revenue. Now, it appeared to HIS HONOR that by section 54 that could not happen, because if the Collector took the revenue from the zemindar, you might depend upon it that the Collector would give him registration; if there was any doubt, the Collector would decide it summarily in favour of the man from whom he took the revenue. It was not conceivable that any Collector would be so unreasonable as to refuse registration to the man from whom he received the revenue. So he must confess that he was quite unable to perceive the difficulty which had been pointed out.

After some conversation the Council divided:—

Ayes 6.

HON'BLE MR. BROOKES.
BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.
MR. BELL.
MR. REYNOLDS.
MR. DAMPIER.
THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Noes 4.

THE HON'BLE MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI.
HON'BLE NAWAB SYED ASHGAR ALI.
" BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.
" BABOO ISSUR CHUNDER MITTER.

So the motion was carried.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the introduction of the following section :—

“ It shall be lawful for the Collector, before selling an estate for arrears of revenue, to send notice by registered letter or otherwise to the address of the registered proprietor, informing him of the amount of the arrear ; and the expense of such registered letter or other notice shall be recoverable from the estate, or share of an estate, as an arrear of revenue, but no sale shall be liable to be questioned on the ground that such registered letter or other notice was not issued or served.”

The object of the provision might, he said, be attained by executive action, but he thought it would be more satisfactory if it were embodied in the law. This might also be regarded as one of the advantages of registration. The proposal was made in Select Committee in that view, and as far as he was aware the majority of the Committee agreed to it. If the Council accepted the principle of the section, the wording could be settled afterwards.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he was against the motion, because, although the amendment did not say that the Collector should be bound to issue a registered letter before putting up an estate to sale for arrears of revenue, the effect would be to make every one expect that a registered letter would come before his estate was sold ; it would tend to make the careless more careless, the dilatory more dilatory, in the payment of revenue. The last day of payment would no longer be on a fixed day for all, but would practically be some day after notice had been given to each proprietor that his estate was in arrear, such notice being given by a registered letter. Such a provision would do away with whatever the present much-abused law had in it of good in the way of making the zemindar punctual in the payment of revenue. If such a provision were published in a law, it would be a real hardship to sell any estate without issuing the registered notice, and although the civil court could not reverse a sale on the ground of no registered notice having been issued, still with such a clause existing in the law creating an expectation of notice by registered letter before an estate was put up for sale, no sale made by the Collector without the issue of such notice would ever be upheld in the large discretion given to the superior revenue authorities by the law.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said it was well known that the sunset law as it was called was most rigorous, and that the Government was desirous of modifying its rigour. The Lieutenant-Governor had shown a most laudable desire to deal leniently in cases of default, being convinced that the present law was harsh. His Honor's opinion had been expressed in the official correspondence that had been published, that he would rather that notice were given in all such cases ; and it was on the strength of that opinion that the proposal was made in Committee. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL did hope that the harsh and rigorous sunset law would be modified, if there was any way of modifying it without risk to the revenue.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said the proposed provision would be of no effect legally, but morally it would create a difficulty. The object sought to be attained might just as well be attained by executive orders passed by the Government ; and those orders might be tempered so as to adapt themselves to circumstances, *e.g.*, it might be ordered that in cases in which the amount of arrear was less than a certain percentage of the annual revenue, a registered letter might issue.

The motion was then negatived.

HIS HONOR the PRESIDENT said,—“ Before we break up I want to crave the attention of the Council for a few minutes with reference to the departure of our colleague, Mr. DAMPIER. He has now been exclusively devoted to legislative business for two sessions, and to-day is the last occasion on which he will sit at present in the Council. We may hope before long to see him back amongst us ; but as he will be absent for some time, I think it desirable to place on record what, I may say, is the unanimous sense of all members with regard to the great services he has rendered to the cause of legislation in Bengal during these two years.

I may call to the recollection of the members the number of Acts which have been passed through MR. DAMPIER's instrumentality; not so much the easier measures which have been passed, such as the Bill for the Realization of Arrears in Government Estates, the Famine Advances Recovery Bill, the Mahomedan Marriage and Divorce Registration Bill. The first two were small measures; and with regard to the Mahomedan Marriage Bill, another member of the Council had a great share in its preparation. But even then it was through MR. DAMPIER's instrumentality that this last named Bill was passed into law. Then he had also the preparation of the Irrigation Bill which has passed into law; also the Bill regarding the Abkaree or Excise Revenue Law. And latterly, he has been in charge of those two very difficult measures which have been passed through this Council to-day, namely, the Bill relating to Municipalities in Bengal, and the Bill relating to the Partition of Estates. Besides that, he has had in hand what now are brought into a passable shape—that is, a shape in which the Bills may be passed through the Council—measures relating to the registration of estates and the prevention of agrarian disputes. We may hope that these two measures will soon pass the Council either with or without further amendment. So the list I have just read of the measures which have been passed through the hon'ble member's instrumentality does represent a large amount of legislation; and I am sure we shall all long remember the great carefulness, the conscientious and laborious assiduity, supported by the very extensive local knowledge and experience which he has invariably displayed. No doubt MR. DAMPIER will acknowledge the great assistance he has received from his colleagues in committee. But still I believe it will be the opinion of every one present that it is to him that the elaboration and comprehensiveness and practical utility of these measures is chiefly due. And I am sure that we shall all wish him speedy recovery of his health, which must have been considerably impaired by his arduous labours, and assure him of our strong recollection of the great value and usefulness of his services amongst us."

The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 15th instant.

Saturday, the 15th April 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding.*

The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I.,

The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General,*

The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, Kt.,

The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,

The Hon'ble H. BELL,

The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,

The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER RAI BAHADOOR,

The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,

The Hon'ble NAWAB SYED ASHGAR ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.,

and

The Hon'ble MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI.

SETTLEMENT OF RENT DISPUTES.

On the motion of the HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL the Bill for inquiry into disputes regarding rent and to prevent agrarian disturbances was further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said the first amendment he had on the paper was to add the following proviso to section 14a—

"Provided that no ryot whose rent is enhanced under the above rules shall be liable to any increase of rent in excess of twenty-five per centum on the existing rent."

Since he put that amendment on the paper, it had been represented to him that it would be inconvenient to limit the discretion of the Collector in the manner proposed in the amendment. It had been said that in Eastern Bengal the ryots in some estates held at low rents, and that twenty-five per cent. might

not be a sufficient enhancement to impose upon them. In deference to the opinion that had been expressed, he asked the Council to permit him to withdraw the amendment. But he wished at the same time to explain the circumstances under which he had been induced to put his amendment on the motion paper. He was afraid that it might be thought that he was anxious by a side-wind to neutralize the effect of the rules which were agreed to by a large majority of the Council about two weeks ago. He could assure the Council that that was not his intention at all. His object in putting the amendment on the paper was this, that as in the case of a suitor who goes to a court of equity from a court of law, the court of equity imposed such terms on the suitor as equity seemed to demand; so on that principle he thought that the Government, when giving the zemindars the advantage of an exceptional piece of legislation, would be justified in saying, "we are willing to give you the advantage of this law, provided you consent to these terms, that you will not under this exceptional procedure enhance your rents at one leap more than 25 per cent." That was the object which induced Mr. BELL to put this amendment upon the paper; but as he found that it had been objected to by hon'ble members, whose opinions he was bound to respect, he would now ask permission to withdraw it.

The amendment was by leave withdrawn.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL moved the insertion of the following section after section 14a:—

"14b. Nothing in the above rules shall be held to entitle a zemindar or other landowner to an enhancement of rent upon any ground which he could not have urged in a civil court."

He said that though there had been an unfortunate difference of opinion both as to the expediency and the operation of these new rules, he was happy to say that there was one point on which they were all unanimously agreed, and that was that in a temporary measure of procedure like the Bill before the Council, they should make no change whatever in the substantive law of the land. But though such was the intention of the Council, he was afraid that when these rules came into operation Collectors would consider themselves bound by these rules alone, and that they were freed from the obligation of following the law as laid down in Act X of 1859. Now he was sure the Council would agree with him that it would be very undesirable, as well as a great calamity, if the Collector was to follow one law in his court, and the Judge another law in his court. The result of such a system would be this, that if a zemindar found that the law as interpreted by the Collector was more to his interest than the law as administered by the civil court, all he would have to do would be to get up a little agrarian disturbance in order to bring in the jurisdiction of the Collector. The object of the amendment was to make the intention of the Council clear. It was, he believed, the unanimous intention of the Council that the substantive law should not be changed, and the object of the amendment was to make that intention clear, so that no Collector might misunderstand or misapply these new rules.

He would give only one illustration of the danger he apprehended in enacting these rules without the amendment he proposed. According to the present practice, no zemindar could enhance rent except on the grounds stated in the notice of enhancement. But he feared that if these rules were enacted in their present form, the Collector would not consider himself in any way bound by the notice, but think himself at liberty to decree an enhancement of rent on any grounds he pleased.

It was for these reasons that he thought it desirable that they should expressly state in the Bill that the Collector should not give the zemindar any enhancement of rent, except on grounds on which he could obtain enhancement if he had pursued the ordinary remedy in the civil court. These were the grounds which induced Mr. BELL to give notice of this amendment, and for these reasons he asked the Council to agree to it.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said this was substantially a revival of the question which he had ventured to answer on the last occasion, when he had endeavoured to explain the difference between a ground of enhancement and the *ratio decidendi* involved in fixing the proper sum as an enhanced rent.

In section 13 of this Bill it was provided that "in the disposal of such suits the Collector shall, as far as possible, follow the procedure prescribed in Act X of 1859." That being so, the grounds of enhancement must be the grounds of enhancement laid down in Act X of 1859, and that Act contained the grounds for the enhancement of rent as to occupancy ryots.

This Bill in no way interfered with the grounds of enhancement; and consequently he was unable to discover any reason for putting in this proviso in the shape of a rider. The grounds of enhancement contained in Act X of 1859 would continue to be observed as the only grounds for enhancement of rent under this Bill. He felt sure that the introduction of the proposed section would do no good, while it might in some way or other, at present unknown, interfere with the proper working of the rules; and the persistency with which the hon'ble member had opposed these rules did not incline the ADVOCATE-GENERAL to adopt an amendment, though apparently innocuous.

He had over and over again pointed out that these rules were not compulsory, but simply auxiliary, and that the Collector might or might not follow them as he thought fit. In fact, the words which were lately added were introduced for the purpose of giving perspicuity to these rules, and as the point of clearness had been attained, he certainly thought that the proposed amendment was altogether uncalled for, and in fact not needed.

He had endeavoured to explain on previous occasions the office of these rules, but unfortunately, whether in consequence of not rendering his remarks on the subject intelligible, or for some other reason, he had failed to convince the hon'ble member of the accuracy of his views. He would therefore repeat as a final attempt that the grounds of enhancement were quite distinct from the determination of the proportion in which that enhancement should be made. The grounds of enhancement were stated in section 17 of Act X of 1859, and were left unaltered by the present Bill. The rules were simply framed for the purpose of aiding the Collector, in the event of his finding the rule of proportion unworkable. Any one who wished to satisfy himself of the necessity of some such rules might consult the last letter received from the British Indian Association, in which the question of the enhancement of rent and the unworkable character of the rule of proportion were treated in an able manner. For the above reasons he would vote against the amendment.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said that he was surprised at the opposition raised to his amendment by his hon'ble and learned friend, because if the rules in the Bill were not opposed to the substantive law, there could be no harm in putting in this amendment. If, on the contrary, the rules were liable to be construed in a sense opposed to the existing law, then his amendment was absolutely necessary, in order that the intention of the Council might not be misunderstood. He was afraid, and was still afraid, that if these rules went out from the Council without the rider attached to them which he had suggested, the Collectors would consider that they were freed from the ordinary rent law. The hon'ble and learned Advocate-General had expressed his surprise that MR. BELL should persist in thinking that these rules were opposed to the substantive law, and he attributed this misconception of the rules to the fact that he had not on the previous occasion made himself clearly understood. But MR. BELL would assure his hon'ble and learned friend that had he done himself a great injustice in thinking that he had not made himself clearly understood. His hon'ble and learned friend's interpretation of the law was clear enough, but it certainly was one with which MR. BELL could not agree. This, however, was not a question which he would wish to argue before the Council. His reason for bringing forward the amendment was not to dispute the position taken up by the learned Advocate-General, but merely to make the intentions of the Council so clear that no one could misunderstand them. If, however, it was the feeling of the Council that it was not advisable to add this rider to the rules, he would not press his amendment.

After some conversation the motion was by leave withdrawn.

On the motion of THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL the Bill was then passed.

REGISTRATION OF ESTATES.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. BELL the Bill to provide for the registration of revenue-paying estates and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof, was further considered in-order to the settlement of its clauses.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL moved the omission, from the end of paragraph 1 of section 55, of the words "accordingly, subject to any orders which may subsequently be made by any civil court." The words, he said, were unnecessary; any person could at any time bring a suit in a civil court to rectify an entry in the register. The motion was a purely formal one, which he would ask the Council to accept it.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said, the next amendment he had to propose referred to certain new sections which had been introduced at the last meeting of the Council, namely sections 74, 77, and 78. It would perhaps be in the memory of the Council that these sections were introduced on the motion of Mr. Dampier for the purpose of protecting ryots who paid their rents to registered proprietors. The sections were framed by Mr. Dampier in consultation with the hon'ble and learned Advocate-General, but they were opposed by the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal), and many objections were urged against them. The principle of the sections was, however, affirmed on a division by a very considerable majority. After the Council rose, the Advocate-General suggested that MR. BELL should again go over the sections to see if he could propose any modification of them to meet the objections which had been raised. He accordingly consulted several gentlemen outside of this Council, and also the hon'ble member on his right (Mr. Reynolds), and the result was the amendment which he had the honor to propose. If the Council would refer to the sections they would find that their operation was two-fold; first, as they affected proprietors already in possession and entered on the register as registered proprietors; and secondly, as they affected applicants for registration whose claim to registration was disputed. It would be observed that there was a wide distinction between a proprietor in possession of estates and whose name was on the register, and persons who were not in possession and whose claim for registration was disputed.

With regard to proprietors already in possession, these rules seemed to MR. BELL to operate somewhat unfairly. Their effect was this. If a proprietor was in possession and was collecting rents without opposition from his ryots, these collections were liable to be summarily stopped by any person filing a petition to have his name entered on the register as proprietor. The mere application of a stranger for the registry of his name would in this way stop the collections of a registered zemindar who had been in possession for years. The object of this stringent provision was to protect the ryots from paying rent twice over. But it seemed to MR. BELL that when a person was in possession and his name was upon the register, he ought to be allowed to collect the rents until his name was removed from the register. Therefore what he proposed was this, that when a zemindar was in possession with his name upon the register, he should continue to receive rents from the ryots; and that his receipt for the rent should be a valid receipt, and an effectual discharge to the ryots from any demands which an adverse claimant might afterwards make upon him. If the claimant for registration substantiated his right to registration and possession, he would recover the rents which had been wrongfully withheld from him, not from the ryots who had already paid the rent, but from the zemindar who had received it. That was the ordinary course which was adopted when a man received possession with mesne profits. He therefore proposed to omit in section 74 all the words after the word "Board" in line 7:—

"and to any extract so supplied shall be appended a note signed by the Collector certifying whether any application for registration under this Act in respect of the estate or revenue-free property to which the extract relates is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a civil court, and if any such application be so pending, specifying the extent of the interest to which such application relates, and the grounds on which it is based."

He proposed to omit this latter part of the section, which provided that the Collector was to note whether an adverse application for registration had been made. And he also proposed to omit the corresponding words in section 78, after the word "mortgagee" in line 7:—

"unless an application for registration under this Act relating to the interest in respect of which such proprietor, manager, or mortgagee is registered, is pending before the Collector, or on a reference by the Collector before a civil court."

The effect of omitting these words would be that every person who had his name on the register would be recognized, as far as the payment of rent by the ryots was concerned, as proprietor of the estate, until some other person dislodged his name from the register and obtained the substitution of his own name in its place. That was the first object of the amendments.

The next point was to consider the case of the claimant to possession and registration. If hon'ble members would turn to section 55 they would find that it dealt with this question. Section 55 related to disputes as to succession. It very often happened that there was a dispute both as to succession to the estate and as to the share to which a person was entitled. It was perfectly impossible for the Collector summarily, without inquiry, to put any person into possession. But it was not desirable, while these disputes were going on before the Collector and the civil court, that the rents should remain uncollected; for if the rents were not collected there might be no money from which to pay the revenue. The fear was that if the proprietor was unable to collect rents, he would be unable to meet the revenue. Therefore MR. BELL proposed that whenever there was a doubt as to who was entitled to possession, the Collector should have power to appoint a receiver, who would collect the rents and defray from the collections the expenses of management and the Government revenue; and any surplus that remained would be paid over to the person whom the Collector or the civil court might find to be entitled to registration.

MR. BELL thought that if these amendments were adopted by the Council the objections which had been raised by the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) would be in a great measure removed. He thought it was reasonable to concede these amendments, and he believed that if they were conceded these provisions would be satisfactory to the zemindars.

THE HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, he believed that a communication had been received from the British Indian Association in connection with these provisions of the Bill. He would ask the permission of the President to allow the Secretary to read the communication.

The communication, which was as follows, was then read by the Secretary :—

“Dated Calcutta, the 14th April 1876.

From—RAJA JOTENDRO MOHUN TAGORE, Hony. Secy., British Indian Association,
To—The Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Government of Bengal, Legislative Department.

WITH reference to the provisions in the Registration of Estates Bill introduced at the last sitting of the Council of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor for making laws and regulations, declaring that no person shall be bound to pay rent to any person claiming such rent as proprietor, manager, or mortgagee of an estate, unless the name of such claimant shall have been registered, the Committee of the British Indian Association desire to submit that these provisions (sections 77-78) are calculated to lead to the greatest hardship and injustice, and produce evils which are certainly not contemplated by the legislature, but which, they fear, cannot be avoided from the peculiar circumstances under which litigation is fostered in this country.

Although the declaration contained in section 77 is not intended to operate as a penal clause, practically it will have that effect; and it cannot but be most arbitrary and unjust that a proprietor should be outlawed even if he should fail to register his name, though the law provides sufficiently deterring penalty against such default.

But the Committee fear that the provisions under comment would rouse the evil passions of persons and foment disputes where there might have been none in existence. His Honor in Council cannot be unaware that unscrupulous mooktears and other designing persons are too apt to take advantage of any law and sow seeds of disputes between members of the same family. The Committee would not be surprised if these sections should produce discord where there was harmony, and give a license to the strong to prey over the weak. For instance, an estate may be held by four persons, all of whom collect the rent separately; all of them are required by law to register their names and shares; they make the necessary applications; the more powerful of them may take a fancy to dispute the extent of the shares of the two weaker parties; the facility of procedure offered would operate as an encouragement to such mischievous proceedings; it may take some months before the disputes are determined, but in the meantime the injured proprietors, though they were hitherto in the receipt of rent, would be deprived of the right of realizing it, while they would be bound to meet punctually their share of every instalment of the Government revenue to protect their property from sale.

Nothing could be more unreasonable or unjust than a provision of law which would produce such a result.

The evils apprehended from the new sections would be produced in a variety of ways. There is nothing in the Bill to show whether the rents of ryots due to a non-registered proprietor would be realized by any person or deposited in the Collectorate till the registration is completed; it is well known that when ryots fall into arrears it is difficult to realize them, and the practical effect would therefore be that though the rightful claim of the disputed proprietor might be established hereafter, he would be made a heavy loser through the operation of the law.

The Committee do not see how the object of the law could be frustrated or the ryots would suffer if it were provided, as indeed it was provided in the first amended Bill, that a proprietor, if he has filed an application for registration, shall be entitled to claim payment of rent and exercise other proprietary rights. Even if the proprietor whose application for registration might be pending should realize more than he was entitled to, there would be nothing to prevent either his co-sharers from suing him for excess collections, supposing that such excess should represent their shares, or the ryots from deducting the excess from their rents. If the proposed Bill does not contain any provision authorizing the ryot to make such deduction, that omission might be supplied without injury to either party.

The Committee would therefore recommend that section 77 be amended in the manner provided in the first amended Bill, that is to say, recognising the claim of the proprietor in possession, whose application for registration may be pending, to receive rent in the same manner as that of the other proprietors whose names have been duly registered. It would be seen that such a provision would not confer any new right upon the disputed proprietor; it would simply continue to him the power of collection which he had already possessed and exercised.

The object of the Committee in recommending the registration of the name of the mortgagee in possession was that, in case of default of revenue, notice might be served upon him in order to save the mortgaged estate from sale, owing to the laches of the mortgagor. But there is nothing in the Bill providing for the service of such notice. The benefit which His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor was pleased to hold out in the correspondence between the Government of Bengal and this Association on this subject would not thus be realized. The Committee would therefore urge the propriety of providing for the service of notice upon the mortgagee in possession, in case of the default of the mortgagor proprietor in the payment of revenue."

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said, as far as he understood the letter which had just been read, it related to two points. First, it related to the sections to which his amendment referred; and secondly, it related to the giving of notice to mortgagees in possession. He was not sure that the amendments he had proposed would meet the objections taken by the Association to sections 77 and 78. But he did not see his way to make any further alterations, because it had been decided at the last meeting of the Council that a mere application for registration should not entitle the applicant to sue for rent, and that indemnity should not be given unless the person receiving rent was registered as being in possession.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said the hon'ble mover in moving his amendment had explained how the operation of the rules adopted at the last meeting of the Council would result in injustice and hardship. He had pointed out that once a proprietor was registered, any claimant who might dispute his claim should not be allowed to intervene with the view of interfering with his right of collection, and that where there might be disputed succession a receiver should be appointed to collect the rents of the estate. The question raised in the letter of the British Indian Association was not, however, sufficiently met by the proposed amendments. The question was this: a proprietor might be collecting rents according to his recognized share, that was to say, as recognized by his co-sharers and ryots; now this Bill came into operation; the proprietor in the usual way made an application for the registration of his share. It was well known that in this country things when in train did not seem to attract much notice, but as soon as there was anything out of the way there would be disturbance. Well, as soon as an application was made for registration, some other person, who might have no right whatever, or who having a right might wish to take more than he was entitled to, might come forward and dispute the extent of interest of the applicant proprietor. He might dispute the right of the proprietor to a certain extent of interest, and advance his own claim to the rest of the estate. For example, if the proprietor held a four-annas' share, the objector might allege that he had only a two-annas' share, and that the other two-annas' share belonged to himself. As the sections were framed, this four-annas' proprietor, simply because his share was disputed by another co-sharer by a simple application to the Collector, and not by a

regular suit, would be debarred from collecting rent under section 77, which provided that no person should be entitled to collect rent unless he was registered as a shareholder. This was a point on which difficulties would arise. It could not be said that a proprietor who had applied for registration was not entitled to be registered; but because some co-sharer had taken a fancy to dispute the extent of his share, he would be debarred of his proprietary right, and he would be obliged, if he wished to save his estate from sale, perhaps to borrow money to pay the Government revenue.

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would mention one case which had been brought to his notice the other day. A large estate in the district of Nuddea was claimed by two persons, one of whom was the son of the deceased proprietor, the other was the son of the second son of the deceased. Each proprietor had an eight-annas' share in the estate. One of them wanted to raise money on his eight-annas' share, and he applied to a capitalist for a loan. A deed was executed, but the mortgagee asked the mortgagor to register his separate share in the Collectorate for the payment of revenue under Act XI of 1859, both with the view of protecting his own interest and the interest of the mortgagor proprietor. The mortgagor agreed, and an application was made by him in the usual way. His uncle, who also held an eight-annas' share, now came forward and disputed the extent of interest of the applicant, claiming two annas more than he was entitled to. Things had been going on very smoothly before: both were collecting eight annas of the rents; there was no dispute. But the moment an application for the separation of the shares was made, one party came forward and disputed the extent of the share of the other party. It might therefore be easily imagined how this Bill would operate if it was passed with the sections adopted at the last sitting of the Council. There would be disputes, misunderstandings, and litigation, and honest men would suffer. He did not think the Council for a moment contemplated that this should be the result of the proposed law. The object of the new sections was to protect the interest of the ryots; but their indirect effect would be serious injury to the zemindar, whose share might be disputed on frivolous grounds by other co-sharers or even outsiders.

The hon'ble mover of the amendment had proposed the appointment of a receiver in cases of disputed succession; but how would the case be met when disputed possession was not in connection with succession? BABOO KRISTODAS PAL believed that the wording of section 55a would apply only to cases of succession. [The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.—The hon'ble mover is willing to amend the section; it was meant to apply to all cases.]

Then the only question left unanswered was this, that where a proprietor was in possession and had been actually collecting rents, and had according to the law filed an application for registration, but his application was disputed by some person with or without reason—Was this proprietor to be deprived of the right of collecting rents until the application was disposed of by the Collector or the civil court? Mind, he had not been guilty of any laches; it was not his fault that somebody else, tempted by the new law, disputed the extent of his share; possibly his whole claim would be admitted after hearing by the Collector or the court; but if he were debarred of the right of collection on the ground of some objection filed by a third party, he would possibly not be able to realize the rents, which would at once fall into arrear; while he would have to meet the Government revenue from his own pocket, not to say that he must find other means for his own maintenance.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL observed that the hon'ble member was assuming that the applicant was in actual possession; if he was so, he would be registered: the mere allegation that he was not in possession would not prevent him from being registered. Moreover, under the last clause of section 55, if there was any *bona fide* doubt as to the extent of interest, the applicant might be registered as to the extent of interest which might be proved, and might make a reference to the civil court as to any further extent of interest which might be in dispute.

After some conversation the following section was introduced after section 55, and the amendment moved in section 78 was agreed to:—

"In any case of disputed possession of, succession to, or acquisition by transfer of the extent of any interest in respect of which application is made under the last preceding section, the Collector may appoint a receiver to collect the rents of the extent of interest in dispute,

and from the sums so collected shall be paid the expenses of management and the revenue due to the Government ; and the surplus shall be held in deposit in the Collector's treasury and shall be paid over to the person who shall be registered by the Collector or under the order of the civil court in respect of the extent of interest in dispute."

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said the only question that remained to be considered in regard to this Bill was the proposition that had been suggested to the Council that day, that mortgagees whose names were registered as being in possession should receive notice when default in the payment of revenue had occurred. With regard to this matter he wished to state that a promise had been made in Select Committee to the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) by Mr. Dampier and himself that they would, if possible, draft sections to carry out what they understood to be the intention of His Honor the President in this matter. But when they came to put their sections into writing they found that they would materially interfere with the sale law of the country ; and it was objected by the hon'ble member on his right (Mr. Reynolds) that such a provision was foreign to the scope and object of the Bill. And this objection was undoubtedly a very reasonable one. Moreover it appeared both to Mr. Dampier and himself that it would be in the power of the Executive Government by an executive order to require Collectors to give notice to registered mortgagees before the mortgaged estate was sold. Such an order would answer every purpose, and it could be made without in any way interfering with the sale law. For these reasons Mr. BELL did not consider that the provisions which the British Indian Association asked should be introduced into the Bill were required.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he might remind the Council that when the section for the registration of the names of mortgagees in possession was introduced, the object was to protect the interest of such mortgagees. The mortgagor proprietor might default, and the estate might be sold without the knowledge of the mortgagee in possession ; and it was with the view of preventing injustice to the mortgagee that the Government decided that the name of the mortgagee should be registered under this Bill ; but the remedy provided, unless the proposed notice to the mortgagee in case of default were given, would be incomplete. It was true that the remedy sought for might be given by executive order of the Government. But an executive order was liable to revorsal ; and although His Honor the present Lieutenant-Governor might issue such an order, who knew whether his successor might not be of a different opinion and withdraw the order ? With a view, therefore, to give permanence to the remedy proposed by the Government, he thought it would be consistent and advisable if a section were introduced authorizing the Collector to give notice, in case of default by the mortgagor proprietor, to the mortgagee in possession, requiring him to pay the Government revenue and protect the property from sale. He would therefore move the introduction of a section requiring the Collector to give notice by registered letter to a mortgagee whose name had been registered in case of default of revenue by the mortgagor proprietor.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL observed that the principal objection to requiring notice to be given by law was that, under the existing sale law, the Commissioner, under the direction of the Board of Revenue, might annul a sale on the ground of hardship or injustice ; and if notice was required to be given by law, he had little doubt that, in cases of revenue sales, the supposed omission or improper service of notice would be eagerly seized as a ground of hardship to be insisted on ; and thus a disturbing element would be supplied by the legislature in cases of revenue sales, which, under the policy of the law, should be made as free as possible from objections of the nature alluded to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said he did not think the proposal of the hon'ble member would do any great good, because, as he understood it, the proposal was to leave it optional to the Collector to issue these notices. Where it was to be a matter of discretion, he did not see that a law was necessary to authorize the Collector to give notice of sale to mortgagees in possession.

After some conversation the motion was negatived.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. BELL a formal amendment was made in section 79, corresponding to that made in section 78.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said—"The next motion on the list is that the Bill be passed; but before that is done I am anxious to draw the attention of the Council to section 63, relating to fees. It will be seen that section 63 gives the Lieutenant-Governor power to fix the rates of fees for changes on the registers, provided that no one fee shall exceed one hundred rupees; and it said that "all fees levied under this section shall be expended in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit." It was found necessary to refer this section, under the Indian Councils' Act, for the sanction of the Governor-General. We did so some time ago; but we have not yet received the sanction, and I am not certain that we shall receive sanction, because this section virtually alienates by law certain fees or duties which are now levied and credited to the general account of the Government. If hon'ble members will refer to Regulation XV of 1797, from which this section is taken, they will find that this section 63, relating to fees, is taken from sections 3, 6, and 9 of Regulation XV of 1797. Section 3 of that Regulation says:—

"Fees at the following rates shall be levied by the Collectors on the registry of any transfer of the whole or the part of an estate or estates, or lands held exempt from the payment of revenue, by deed of sale, or gift, or otherwise:—

"If the estate shall be subject to the payment of revenue to Government, one quarter or four annas per cent. on the annual jumma or revenue payable to Government from the property transferred.

"If the lands shall be held exempt from the payment of revenue to Government, two and a half per cent. on the amount of the annual produce of the lands transferred."

The Regulation lays down two rates, one for revenue-paying estates, and one for revenue-free lands; while our proposed section 63 gives the Lieutenant-Governor power to fix the rates, provided that no fee shall be more than Rs. 100. This limitation is taken from section 6 of the same Regulation, which provides that no person shall be liable to the payment of a greater sum than Rs. 100 on account of any transfer. Then section 9 of the Regulation says that all sums which may be received by the Collectors under the Regulation shall be carried to the account of Government; our section says that all fees levied under the section shall be expended in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may think fit.

The necessity of making a reference to the Governor-General arises from the fact that our section 63 makes certain changes in the rates and disposition of the fees. Our section gives the Lieutenant-Governor power to fix the rates, whereas the old Regulation lays down the rates; and secondly, our section gives the Lieutenant-Governor the power of expending the money as he thinks fit, whereas the old Regulation says that the Collector shall carry the fees to the account of Government. If we were simply to re-enact the sections which I have read, sections 3, 6, and 9 of Regulation XV of 1797, there will be no necessity of a reference to the Governor-General, and we can then pass the Bill. If that should be the pleasure of the Council, then I, for one, would desire to state that I see no objection to that course; because, assuming that the Government of India shall be willing to allow the Lieutenant-Governor to expend the fees as he thinks fit, there is nothing to prevent them from allowing the Lieutenant-Governor to do so by executive order. Therefore I shall be content if the exact words of the Regulation are adopted, and I believe that the native members of the Council would prefer that course, as being more favorable to zemindars."

After some conversation the following section was substituted for section 63:—

"Fees at the following rates shall be levied by the Collector on the registry under this Act of any transfer:—

- (1) in the case of revenue-paying lands, one-quarter or four annas per centum on the annual revenue payable to Government from the extent of interest transferred;

- (2) in the case of revenue-free lands, two and a half per centum on the amount of the annual produce of the extent of interest transferred:

provided that no fee for the registry of any one transfer shall exceed one hundred rupees.

"Such fees shall be levied from the person in whose favor the transfer is registered.

"All fees levied under this section shall be carried to the account of Government."

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. BELL the Bill was then passed.

The Council was adjourned *sine die*.

Monday, the 24th April 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding*,
 The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I.,
 The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, KT.,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL.
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB SYUD ASHGAR ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.,
 The Hon'ble MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI,
 and
 The Hon'ble W. SPINK.

STATEMENT OF THE COURSE OF LEGISLATION.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said,—“Hon'ble members will perceive from the notice on the paper that we are met together to-day in order that I may make a very brief statement regarding the course of legislation in this Council. During the last few months we have had very many meetings of the Council, and the meetings of the Select Committees have been still more numerous, so that, one way or another, hon'ble members have had a great deal of legislative work; and as it is now proposed that we should have a short respite from our labours, I have deemed it desirable to recapitulate in the very briefest terms the results of those labours during the last few months, and also to remind hon'ble members of the work which still lies before us. Now, if hon'ble members will refer to the Statement I had the honor of making in this Council on the 13th November last, they will find that there was laid before them what might be termed a heavy programme of legislation. Well, I am happy to be able to say that in all its most essential parts that programme has been fulfilled.

In the first place there were mentioned measures for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces; also for providing for irrigation from canals in the provinces under the Government of Bengal. But these measures have been passed into law, and I hope they have begun to take due effect.

But further, there were two very difficult measures relating to municipal affairs—one relating to the municipality of Calcutta itself, and the other relating to the numerous municipalities in the interior of Bengal. The measure relating to the municipality of Calcutta has, as the Council knows, been passed into law, and I am sure that our hon'ble colleague Sir Stuart Hogg will carry this law into effect with the same patience, discretion, and ability with which he carried the Bill through the Council.

The other law relating to municipalities in the interior of Bengal, has also passed this Council.

But besides the measures relating to municipal affairs, there were four very important and heavy measures relating to the landed interests in the country. The first of these was a Bill for making better provision for the partition of estates paying revenue to Government; the second was a Bill relating to the compulsory registration of possessory titles in land; the third was a Bill for inquiry into the rents payable by ryots in certain cases and for the prevention of agrarian disturbances; and the fourth was a measure for the appointment of managers in joint undivided estates. Of these four measures, the first three have passed the Council. The fourth measure, namely the measure for the appointment of managers in joint undivided estates, has not yet been brought before this Council; and for this reason, namely that such improvements have been introduced into the measure for the registration of possessory titles in land, that we hope that it will not be necessary to introduce the fourth measure at all. Sections, as hon'ble members will recollect, have been inserted in the Registration Act which will give a great deal of protection to ryots against the liability of their being called upon to pay their

rent more than once upon the demands of conflicting shareholders, and if these sections shall have good effect, which we hope they will have, it may not be necessary to provide for the appointment of managers in these joint undivided estates, especially as we understand that the appointment of managers is not likely to be satisfactory to zemindars generally, and I believe in some cases it is likely even to prove distasteful to them. So I hope that if the Registration Act shall work as well as we hope it will work, we shall be saved the necessity of proposing a Bill for the appointment of managers for the consideration of the Council.

Well, then, it appears that we have passed no less than seven measures within this last session, that is, since November last, of which perhaps two were not very difficult; but the remaining five have been measures of first rate difficulty.

Then there were other measures mentioned in the Statement of the 13th November, which I will call to the recollection of the Council. They were improvements of the Sale Law, that is, the law for the sale of estates in default of payment of land revenue; the amendment of the General Police Act; the prohibition of illegal cesses in navigable channels, high roads, and market places; the consolidation of the Acts relating to the Abkaree or Excise Law; the alteration of the Rent Law in the Chutia Nagpur Province. Well, of these, the Bill for a few detailed improvements in the Sale Law has been dropped; it was not found necessary to proceed with it, as all the improvements it could be expected to produce were within the scope of executive authority. The proposal for the amendment of the General Police Act was, as hon'ble members will recollect I informed them, referred to the Government of India, because whatever is done here might effect neighbouring provinces. But I regret to say that we have never yet received a reply, so I am not in a position to say whether or not we shall be able to produce any measure on this subject. The Bill for the prohibition of illegal cesses in navigable channels, high roads, and market places, after receipt of the reply of the British Indian Association to the reference made to them, was referred to the Government of India. To that reference no reply has yet been received. The consolidation of the laws relating to Excise or the Abkaree has, as the Council will recollect, been partially proceeded with by our learned Secretary, but hon'ble members will readily understand that for the last few months he has been very much absorbed in the current business before the Council, and it has not been possible to make very great progress with that measure, which indeed is of no urgent importance. But as the coming period is comparatively one of recess, it is possible some progress may be made with this matter. The measure for the alteration of the rent law in the Chutia Nagpur province has been referred to the Commissioner of that province with reference to several practical details, and no reply, at least no final reply, has yet been received. But, however, that Bill will not be one of any great length or difficulty.

These are the remarks I have to make in reference to the last general Statement I submitted to the Council in November last. I have yet to add a very few remarks on the measures which have yet to be mentioned for the first time. In the first place there are some improvements in the law for the management of estates under the Court of Wards, which the Board of Revenue consider very desirable. It is possible that we shall prepare a short measure for submission to the Council. Then we have to produce before long a measure regarding ghatwali tenures in parts of the Burdwan, Bankoora, Midnapore, Manbhoom, and Singbhoom districts. That measure is under immediate consideration, and I hope that before long it will be sufficiently worked out to enable us to submit it to the Council. Then it has long been thought desirable to consolidate into one law the various Regulations relating to the land revenue. I dare say the Council are aware that for a long time past measures have been taken in the Legislative Council of the Governor-General for the repeal of obsolete enactments. Now this frequent repealing of obsolete enactments has swept away a good many of the old Regulations, and it is now believed that the remaining Regulations regarding land revenue in these provinces are comparatively few in number, and that it would not be very difficult to consolidate them all into one enactment, which may be passed by this Council, and if passed, will give to all our Revenue

officers, and perhaps what is of more importance to all those great interests which are concerned in this matter, the great boon of a short and available manual to which everyone may refer for authoritative guidance in these affairs. Then lastly, the Government of Bengal has had under its anxious consideration the possibility of preparing some rules and enunciating some principles by law for the determination of rents in disputes between landlords and tenants. There are several hon'ble members present who are peculiarly conversant with this question, and will therefore readily understand the great difficulties which surround it. But it is our hope that we may be able to lay before the public, and before those great interests which are concerned, some proposals which may be found to be just to both parties,—that is, to both landlords and tenants; and if we are able to frame proposals which shall be tolerably acceptable to both parties, it is our hope that before long we shall be able to submit some definite measure upon the subject for the consideration of the Council.

Such then are the remarks which I have to make upon this occasion. I wish that our hon'ble colleague Mr. Dampier could have been present to-day as we all know how much we owe to him for the undivided attention which he was able to devote to the business of the Council. But it will be in the recollection of hon'ble members that on the last day he sat here opportunity was duly taken to record the sense which I am sure we all entertain of the great benefit which we derived from his presence among us. But I deem it desirable upon this occasion to acknowledge before all hon'ble members the great obligations we are under to our learned Secretary for the great legal knowledge and acumen as well as for the great industry and attention which he has displayed throughout this somewhat difficult session. And I cannot conclude this Statement without declaring to the Council my strong impression of the careful, searching, and elaborate manner in which the business of the Council is conducted by all hon'ble members generally, and especially by those hon'ble members who sat on select committees.

The Council was adjourned *sine die*.

IMPROVEMENT OF SUBSTANTIVE LAW FOR DETERMINATION OF RENT.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated 18th April 1876.

I HAVE now to state what I am able to propose regarding the improvement of the substantive law of Bengal, embodied in Act X of 1859 and Act VIII of 1869, as regards the determination of the rent to be paid by the ryot to the zemindar. These laws have indeed done much to establish the relations between landlord and tenant, and especially between the landlord and the occupancy ryot. But they are for the most part silent on the question, how the rent is to be ascertained and determined in case of dispute. And I have to consider the practicability of supplementing them by some declaration of principles whereby rent may be determined.

2. Our consideration may be narrowed to the occupancy ryots, who have now become a very large section of the tenantry in Bengal; regarding the remainder who have no occupancy rights and may be called non-occupancy ryots, it does not seem to be anywhere alleged that any alteration of the law is needed. By occupancy ryots are meant those ryots who, under the above cited Acts, cannot be ejected so long as they pay a fair and equitable rent, which rent, in event of dispute, can be determined only by a Court of Justice.

3. It may be well at the outset to call to remembrance that by section 18 of Act VIII of 1869 "no ryot having a right of occupancy shall be liable to an enhancement of the rent previously paid by him, except on some one of the following grounds:—

that the rate of rent paid by such ryot is below the prevailing rate payable by the same class of ryots for land of a similar description, and with similar advantages, in the places adjacent;

that the value of the produce, or the productive powers of the land, have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot;

that the quantity of the land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be greater than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him."

Now this section, so far as it goes, is excellent; no man will have his rent enhanced on account of improvements which he himself has made; if he is holding land in excess of the quantity for which he is paying rent, of course he is assessed to rent on the difference; so also if he is paying at rates less than those paid by his neighbours under corresponding circumstances, he is justly liable to enhancement. Still, the section leaves untouched the deeper, the broader question as to what, in reason and justice, ought to be the prevailing rate for occupancy ryots in any district or division of a district; nor is any test afforded in any part of the law for the decision of this question. Yet this is the question which agitates the thoughts both of zemindar and ryot throughout the country. All that can be gathered from the language of the law is that the rent is to be fair and equitable; but the question remains, as to what are the principles on which a fair and equitable rent is to be ascertained and determined.

4. Thus, though the law imposes on the Courts of Justice the responsibility of determining a fair and equitable rent in case of dispute, it affords no specific rule whereby such determination may be arrived at. And in practice, I understand that the courts generally try to follow a leading judgment of the High Court according to which the new rent should bear the same proportion to the present value of the produce as the old rent bore to the old value of the produce, when the said rent was last fixed, or at some subsequent period which may be taken as a starting point; or in other words, the old rent should bear to the increased rent the same proportion as the former value of the produce of the soil, calculated on an average of three or five years next before the date of the alleged rise in value, bears to its present value. Without any disparagement of the wisdom and justice of that judgment so far as it goes, without at all doubting that it may have been the best that could have been given under the

circumstances, still I must observe that, according to this ruling, the justice of the new rent must rest upon the basis of the old. But what if the old rent was questionable—what if it were too high, as perhaps in some parts of Western Bengal, or too low, as perhaps in some parts of Eastern Bengal? Whatever defect may exist in the old rent is necessarily repeated in the new. Again, it becomes necessary to ascertain judicially the amount and value of the produce, not only at the present time, but also at some antecedent time. If such antecedent time be at all distant, as it may often prove to be, then these matters become difficult of ascertainment. Further, if during the interval between that time and the present the productiveness of the land shall have changed, that is, if the land produces now, say, more or less rice than it did—rice being the most ordinary product—a question difficult of solution arises. And the question becomes still more difficult if the produce itself shall have changed—that is, if land which produced rice when the rent was last fixed now produces jute, or linseed, or safflower, or other crop; a circumstance indeed which underlies many of the largest disputes in Eastern Bengal regarding the enhancement of rent. In matters of this kind, the disputing parties are apt to withhold from the courts the information which they alone are capable of affording fully; and thus, by the necessities of its procedure, the court is prevented from knowing the truth. The landlord in such a case may wish to induce the court to adopt some principle other than that embodied in the ruling. The ryot will then stand on the defensive, and say as little as he can. Thus it happens that no person can tell beforehand how the principle will work in any given case, or whether any decision can be arrived at; neither zemindars nor ryots can tell what their relative rights practically are under it; and both parties are often left in a very injurious state of uncertainty.

5. Without, then, at all impugning the merits of this important ruling so far as it goes, I quite share the opinion which is held by many, to the effect that it is very desirable, if possible, to frame some better rule, and to embody it in the rent law.

6. It were superfluous to dwell on the importance in Bengal of adjusting the respective shares of landlord and tenant in the produce of the land; in which matter the most essential element is the adjustment of the shares between the landlord and the occupancy ryot. The landlord may think that by law and custom he has a right to some share in the increased profits of his lands which are cultivated by occupancy ryots; but what that share is, how it is to be ascertained, how it is to be realized, has not been at all settled by law. The occupancy ryot may think that by law and custom he ought to have a share in the increased profits, that there ought to be a clear difference between him and a non-occupancy ryot; but what that share is, and what that difference ought to be, has been nowhere laid down by law. For want of determination of these points by law, some very violent and extensive disputes have arisen between the two parties; other disputes have been with difficulty stopped by executive authority; more disputes are threatened.

7. It is doubtless in part owing to the uncertainty regarding the amount of rent properly demandable that cesses continue to be levied. These cesses are taken partly in lieu of rent. It would of course be preferable that, after the ascertainment of the real amount of the fair and equitable rent, these should be abandoned.

8. If by improvement of the law this state of things could be altered, a great benefit would be conferred on the country. Whether such an improvement of the law can be effected is a question to which I will now address myself.

In my Minutes of the 16th March and the 25th May 1875 were set forth the difficulties and doubts which surround our existing law respecting the determination of rent, and the want of any rules or even principles in the law for the guidance of our courts in deciding disputes regarding the amount of rent demandable; and I invited the opinions of all the principal revenue authorities in these provinces. A précis of the replies received is appended to this Minute.

9. Among the papers thus received, I find two passages which are specially suggestive; these are the following extracts from papers by Mr. H. J. Reynolds, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, and by the Honorary Secretary to the British Indian Association.

10. In their letter dated the 10th March 1876, the British Indian Association say:—"The majority of the present occupancy ryots having been in the position of tenants-at-will, the Committee submit that it would meet the ends of justice if an allowance were made to them in consideration of the occupancy rights conferred upon them by the legislature on the principle which has been recognised in the Oudh Rent Act. Under the last-mentioned Act, the rent of the occupancy ryot is fixed at $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent less than the rent paid by the tenant-at-will. The Committee, however, are of opinion that this deduction is too low. They would recommend one-fourth or 25 per cent. A prosperous tenantry is a source of strength to the zemindar, and the Committee hold that enough ought to be allowed to the occupancy ryot to enable him to pursue his industry with reasonable satisfaction. The proportion of one-fourth of the difference to the ryot, and three-fourths to the zemindar, in their opinion, would be fair and equitable. The Committee do not think that it will be difficult to ascertain the competitive rates as a rule. Where the land is let out to a tenant-at-will by the landlord, or by the person in receipt of rent direct, it may be easily ascertained. Where, however, the lands are held wholly by occupancy ryots, the competitive rate may be ascertained by reference to the rate of rent paid by "kurfa" ryots cultivating under occupancy ryots or "jotedars."

* * * * *

"The Committee have adopted the principle of the competitive rate, because it is a fair test of the value of land. It is a sure indication of the share of the produce of the soil which the cultivating ryot usually receives, and where it is low from whatever cause, the occupancy rent, as a rule, is also low."

But they go on to say, "where the competitive rate cannot be ascertained"

* * * * *

"the Committee would recommend that the value of the gross produce of the land on the average of the past three years (exceptionally bad years, such as those marked by drought or inundation being excluded from calculation) be divided between the zemindar and the occupancy ryot in the proportion of one-fourth to the former and three-fourths to the latter."

11. In justice to the British Indian Association, which represents an important section among the zemindars and landowners of Bengal, I must say that their proposals are liberal, and reflect much credit on them. The terms proposed refer to a tenantry partly consisting of ryots whose occupancy title rests on the fact of 12 years' possession; and they are more liberal than those conceded to the corresponding class in Oudh by Act IX of 1868, or in the Punjab by Act XXVIII of 1868, or, as I understand, in the North-Western Provinces. The fact that they emanate from an association of landlords affords proof of what has been more than once stated, to the effect that a good spirit is being evinced by many of the zemindars toward the ryots. Nevertheless it is probable that they will be thought by the agricultural community to be not more than just even to the occupancy ryots; and this perhaps is a proof of the advancement of the status of the ryots in Bengal.

12. In his note dated 14th June 1875, Mr. Reynolds writes—

"In my opinion, the fairest method would be to compare the rent paid by the occupancy ryot with the highest rent which might reasonably be expected to be paid by a tenant-at-will for the same lands, then, taking the difference between these two rentals, to deduct from it whatever sum may fairly be estimated to be due to improvements effected by the ryot himself, the remainder will then represent what I have called the unearned increment of value arising from causes independent of the ryot's agency. This remainder should, I think, be equally divided between the ryot and the zemindar, for I am unable to see that one of them has any better right to it than the other."

"As an example, let us suppose that a ryot, with a right of occupancy, holds 50 beegahs of land at a rental of Re. 1 per beegah. The land is very productive, and if it were let to a tenant-at-will, the landlord would be able to get Rs. 3 a beegah for it. But a part of its value is due to improvements which have been made by the tenant himself or his predecessors. They have dug wells, or erected embankments, or made irrigation channels, and if it had not

been for these improvements, no tenant-at-will would have given more than Rs. 2-4 a beegah for the land. It thus appears that out of the Rs. 2 which is the difference between the two rentals, 12 annas represent the value of the tenant's improvements, and the remainder being equally divided, it follows that the landlord may equitably claim an enhancement of 10 annas a beegah."

13. It seems to be admitted on all hands that rules will hardly be needed in the law regarding the determination of the rent of the non-occupancy ryot; that may generally be left to mutual arrangement between the landlord and tenant, and to adjust itself just as prices and market rates adjust themselves. This rent rate of the non-occupancy ryot may be taken as the basis for determining the rent of the occupancy ryot. The proportion borne by the number of occupancy ryots to that of non-occupancy ryots cannot be precisely stated: it is probably changing from time to time as tenants go on holding for more than twelve years, and so acquire an occupancy status. Certainly the number of occupancy ryots represents a very large portion—perhaps the majority—of the whole tenantry of the country. Still there are quite enough non-occupancy ryots in every district under zemindars, sub-proprietors, and tenure-holders of different classes, whose rent rates will clearly indicate what the average amount of rent would be if adjusted in open market, without reference to any special rights or status which the tenant might have. There may be variations in such rent, or questions whether in particular cases the rent has been augmented up to a rack-rent, or reduced for special reasons, and so on; but the average rent rates of non-occupancy ryots in each district, or part of a district, are, as I understand, well known and readily ascertainable.

If, however, a Court of Justice felt doubt upon the evidence, it ought to have power to require the Collector of the district to ascertain and certify the average rate according to custom in the district or part of a district. Or if doubt should still remain, then the rent of the non-occupancy ryot should be calculated at one-fourth or 25 per cent. of the value of the gross produce, with a further allowance of 5 per cent. to cover risks of season, or 20 per cent. on the whole.

14. The adoption in Bengal of the rate of the non-occupancy ryot as a standard for measuring the rate of the occupancy ryot would have the advantage of authority on its side, because its practicability has been proved by experience, and because it has been embodied in the Rent Acts passed for the North-Western Provinces, for Oudh, and for the Punjab.

15. Therefore, in disputes between the landlord and the occupancy ryot regarding the amount of rent, I would propose that the difference be ascertained between the rent of the occupancy ryot and the average rent of the non-occupancy ryots in the district; that of this difference a certain share be allotted to the occupancy ryot and the remainder to the landlord, and that the rent be adjusted accordingly; provided always that the rent of the occupancy ryot be fixed less than that of the non-occupancy ryot by 20 per cent., and that full allowance be made for the value of improvements made by, or at the expense of, the ryot. But I think that, in the fixing of the share of the occupancy ryot, regard must be had to the length and the character of his possession. It will be admitted that Act X of 1859, by enacting virtually that a ryot of 12 years' standing should be held to have an occupancy status, did assign to possession of a certain limited duration, a significance not previously accorded in Bengal; there is no doubt of this, however just and proper the decision may have been; therefore the men who have thus become occupancy ryots are not of equal status with old ryots, whose ancestors may have resided on their lands for generations, though they may have occasionally submitted to alterations in their rents. Of such old ryots there are very many scattered throughout the country. It seems to me probable that the zemindars will be disposed to acquiesce in large concessions to the old ryots, who are always much valued and esteemed; while they would look more closely into the terms allowed to those who have become occupancy ryots in virtue of 12 years' standing under Act X of 1859.

16. I would thus propose to take a standing of twenty years as now comprising most, though not all, of those who became occupancy ryots under the operation of Act X of 1859, and allow certain terms to them, and then allow

more and more favorable terms to the ryots of thirty years and forty years' standing respectively.

With the proviso, then, that the rent of the occupancy ryot should always be less than that of the non-occupancy ryot by 20 per cent., and that full allowance be made for value of improvements made by, or at the expense of, the ryot, I propose that in the event of dispute between the landlord and the occupancy ryot, the difference be ascertained between the rent paid by such occupancy ryot and the average rent paid by non-occupancy ryots in the district, or part of the district; and that the said occupancy ryot then be allowed—

one-fifth of the said difference if he be of twenty years' standing;

one-third, if he be of thirty years' standing;

two-thirds, if he be of forty years' standing;

In other words (always with the above-mentioned proviso) his rent could not be enhanced—

beyond 80 per cent. of the difference if he were of twenty years' standing;

beyond 66 per cent., if he were of thirty years' standing;

beyond 33 per cent., if he were of forty years' standing.

17. One or two instances may be given of the working of the above proposal. Let it be supposed that the average rent rate of non-occupancy ryots in a particular district amounts to 3 Rs. a beegah, and in a disputed case an occupancy ryot is paying only Rs. 1-8, the difference being Rs. 1-8 or twenty-four annas. If the occupancy ryot were of twenty years' standing, his rent might be enhanced by four-fifths of the twenty-four annas, or nineteen annas; if of thirty years' standing by two-thirds or sixteen annas; if of forty years' standing by one-third or eight annas.

Now the men who were enhanced by nineteen and by sixteen annas would be assessed to Rs. 1-8 + 19 annas or Rs. 2-11, and Rs. 1-8 + 16 annas or Rs. 2-8. But there is the proviso that a margin of 20 per cent. must be left below the 3 Rs. in favour of the occupancy ryot or $9\frac{1}{2}$ annas, so that this rent could not exceed Rs. 2-6 $\frac{1}{2}$. In both these cases then the award would be reduced from Rs. 2-11 and Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 2-6 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Or let it be supposed that the average rent rate of non-occupancy ryots amounts to Rs. 2 per beegah, and an occupancy ryot is paying only 14 annas, the difference being 18 annas. If he be of twenty years' standing his rent might be enhanced by $14\frac{1}{2}$ annas, or up to $14 + 14\frac{1}{2}$, or Rs. 1-12 $\frac{1}{2}$; but the proviso would reduce the award to 20 per cent. below Rs. 2. or to Rs. 1-9 $\frac{1}{2}$. If he were of 40 years' standing his rent might be enhanced by 6 annas (one-third of 18 annas), that is up to $14 + 6$ annas, or Rs. 1-4.

Again, if the rate for non-occupancy ryots be Rs. 3, then, if an occupancy ryot is paying Rs. 2-6 $\frac{1}{2}$, his rent cannot be enhanced; if it be Rs. 2, then, if the occupancy ryot be paying Rs. 1-9 $\frac{1}{2}$, his rent cannot be enhanced.

18. It is not proposed that these rules should affect those ryots who come under section 4 of Act VIII of 1869, which lays down that if the rent at which land has been held by a ryot has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that the land has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shewn, or unless it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

19. I have endeavoured to propose these rules in a manner that shall be just both to the zemindar and to the occupancy ryot. As regards the zemindar, they define his share in the increased profits of the land and in the "unearned increment"—a share to which he is admitted to be entitled, but which is at present so indefinite as to be almost impossible of realization. As regards the occupancy ryot, they formally recognise by law the principle that he is entitled to a definite share in the profits of the land to which his labour is devoted—a principle which is probably acknowledged indirectly, but which operates in a very uncertain manner from the want of definition in the law: by these rules indeed, it is proposed to lay down, for the first time in Bengal, the share in the increase which ought to belong to the occupancy ryot.

20. A draft Bill will be prepared in accordance with these proposals, which, if generally approved, might be introduced into the local legislature as a continuation of section 18 of Act VIII of 1869, already quoted in this Minute; and I desire that these proposals may be circulated, among those who are concerned, or who take interest in this important matter; in order that it may be seen whether such proposals are likely to meet with general acceptance or not; and if they are, then whether any improvements or modifications in detail can be suggested.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

Précis of the opinions of the officers consulted on the subject discussed in the Lieutenant-Governor's Minute of 25th May.

REPLIES have been received from all officers consulted.

The Commissioners of the Presidency and Chota Nagpore divisions consider it impracticable to lay down any general rule, or indeed to legislate in any way.

The conclusion of the Officiating Commissioner of Dacca is practically much the same, as he would deal with every case on its own merits, leaving the decision to two arbitrators, one appointed by each party, and a Deputy Collector as referee.

The letter of the Commissioner of Burdwan is worthy of attention, but it scarcely touches upon the present question, being really an argument in favor of altering the present procedure in rent suits.

Mr. Schaleh would maintain the principle of proportion as laid down by the High Court in the great rent case of *Thakooranee Dassee*, i.e., that the enhanced rent ought to bear the same proportion to the present value of the produce as the old rent bore to the former value; but he considers it essential that the cases should be tried by revenue courts.

The Officiating Commissioner of Patna is also in favor of the principle of proportion, but he thinks the question not an urgent one in Behar, where the metayer system is so prevalent and enhancements are almost unknown.

The Officiating Commissioner of Bhagulpore thinks enquiry is necessary to ascertain what the standard rate should be, and he would not apply the standard rate to any except occupancy ryots.

The Commissioner of Orissa would give the landlord six-sixteenths of the *estimated* gross produce. He would have a schedule drawn up, showing what is to be taken to be the gross produce of a beegha of land, and what its selling price. But he says that the question of enhancement does not materially concern Orissa.

The Commissioner of Chittagong would give the landlord one-fourth of the gross produce. But when the amount of that one-fourth has been once ascertained, he would fix the rent at that sum for 20 years without variation.

The suggestion of the Commissioner of Rajshahye, that the right principle is to regulate the landlord's share of the rent according to the proportion which the land revenue bears to the rental, has not met with any support.

The Officiating Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department considers that the rent of land is the price paid for the use of a natural agent in the possession of another person. In the case of tenants-at-will the proper price is the price which persons will ordinarily be willing to give: in other words, the matter may be left to be regulated by the law of demand and supply. In the case of occupancy ryots the rent which would be paid by a tenant-at-will should first be ascertained: from this should be deducted the value of any improvements made by the ryot himself or his predecessor; and the balance* should be equally divided between landlord and tenant. The question of landlord's improvements may be omitted from the calculation, as they are practically unknown: but where they exist, their value should be added to the landlord's share.

The British India Association desire to adopt the principle of the Oudh Rent Act, by which the rent of the occupancy ryot is fixed at a certain percentage below that of a tenant-at-will. But they consider that an allowance of 12½ per cent., which is given in Oudh, is too small a deduction, and they would fix the rent of the occupancy ryot at 25 per cent. below the competitive rate. They consider that the competitive rate is a fair indication of the share of the produce of the soil which the cultivating ryot usually receives, and that where it is low from any cause, the rent of the occupancy ryot, as a rule, is also low.

The Commissioner of Rajshahye, in a communication subsequently received, sends up a detailed note on the question by Mr. Nolan, the officer in charge of the sub-division of Serajgunge in Pubna, in whose conclusions he generally agrees. Mr. Nolan thinks that little or no change in the substantive law is required: he would insist more strictly on the registration of leases, as the best means of ascertaining the actual prevailing rate; he would forbid enhancements except after legal notice; and would ascertain the proper amount of enhancement by applying the rule of proportion.

Mr. Dampier would take the competitive rate as the basis, and would make a deduction from it in favor of the occupancy ryot. But he suggests for consideration the adoption of a rule which would make the decrease in the purchasing power of silver the measure of the enhancement which may be demanded. On this principle the rent might be raised to the amount which would purchase, at present prices, the same quantity of rice (or other prominent staple) as the present amount of rent would have purchased when the rent was fixed, or at any subsequent point of time during the tenancy which the zemindar may select for proof. But Mr. Dampier thinks that fuller enquiry should be made before any final decision is arrived at.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated the 25th May 1875.

WHEN I was preparing the Bill now before the Legislative Council, for transferring to the revenue officers the jurisdiction in rent disputes, under circumstances where agrarian disturbances might be threatened, it was represented to me that the Bill did no more than provide an effective procedure in cases of trouble, and contributed nothing towards the determination of the principles which should guide the local authorities in deciding these disputes: in other words, that the Bill related to ~~procedure~~ only, leaving the substantive law respecting rent and the relations between landlord and tenant exactly where it has heretofore been. This representation I knew to be quite correct. I desire to take up immediately the question of procedure and jurisdiction, as being necessary for the prevention of agrarian disturbances, which might at any moment threaten to arise. And I intended advisedly to avoid joining with this comparatively summary consideration the questions which are frequently agitated regarding rent and regarding landlord and tenant, inasmuch as these questions are, in Bengal, perhaps the most difficult of all questions that can be raised, and must, if touched at all, occupy a long time and cause protracted deliberation, and might, even after all that, fail to arrive at a satisfactory solution. It would not, in my opinion, be expedient to defer rendering the procedure effective in circumstances of possible trouble and urgency, until we can achieve the as yet uncertain result of revising such an important law as the rent law.

Still, I bear in mind that many zemindars in Bengal are anxious that something more definite than anything which is now prescribed should be laid down by law regarding the determination of the landlord's share in the produce of the land or in the profits of the cultivation, and that some of our best revenue officers hold a similar opinion—Mr. H. L. Dampier, for example, Secretary to Government and Officiating Member of the Board of Revenue. It is much more difficult to gauge the views of the ryots or the tenant class; but so far as can be gathered from indications of their views, it seems probable that they entertain a similar wish. The apprehension seems to be gradually gaining ground that sooner or later there will be more or less of contest between landlord and tenant as to the principles on which the rate or amount of rent should be determined. It is expected that such contest may begin in Eastern Bengal, and then spread to other places. Those who entertain this apprehension seem frequently to think that, as these principles are but vaguely indicated in the existing law, they ought to be laid down by a new law, and that by such means alone can the relations between landlord and tenant in Bengal be peacefully settled. No doubt it would be very desirable to determine suitable rules by law, especially as tenant-right is growing so fast in Bengal, and as the occupancy tenure is extending year by year to larger and larger numbers of ryots and cultivators. But the question at once arises, is such legislation practicable?

It is not only that opinions conflict greatly upon the subject, but that local customs differ considerably. As shown in my Minute of the 16th March last (published in the Legislative Appendix to the *Calcutta Gazette*), the really difficult class of disputes arises in reference to the question whether the value of the land and its produce has increased otherwise than through the agency or at the expense of the ryot. All that was urged in the Minute, and is still urged by me, is that when such disputes assume serious proportions likely to cause agrarian trouble, the revenue authorities are in a much better position than the civil courts can possibly be to settle such disputes peaceably,

and in some degree satisfactorily; and that, as things are, the only chance of obviating trouble is to vest the Collectors with powers accordingly. I certainly believe that in the main the Collectors would, under the guidance of superior revenue authority, arrive at sound and just conclusions. If they decide that under the circumstances, the landlord is entitled to some increase, they will test his demand by the counter-representations of the ryots; and after taking every care that moderation is observed towards the cultivator, they will generally be able to fix upon some rate which the ryots are prepared to pay and which the landlord will accept: in this way an equitable compromise will in most cases be made. Still, I admit that the Collectors must often have some difficulty in defining the path which should lead them through the various considerations towards that conclusion. It is easy, perhaps, to decide that the value of the land has increased, otherwise than through the agency or expense of the ryot. But then the questions present themselves, how much has it increased? to what share in such increase is the landlord entitled? if it be that his share in the increase ought to be the same as his share in the original profit of the cultivation, then what was that share? if the facts show such share to have been indeterminate, then how is it to be determined?

Possibly some authorities or parties may consider that the landlord is not entitled to any share in the increased value of the land and its produce, and that such increase should be entirely for the benefit of the ryot. Now, every one will doubtless affirm that the ryots (especially the occupancy ryots, who are said to constitute the majority,) are entitled to a large share in the increase, and should be carefully protected in the full enjoyment of it. But to affirm that the landlord is not entitled to any share would, of course, be a very different proposition, which might be discussed on abstract grounds, but would be difficult to maintain. At all events, the rent law of 1859, which has now been in force for fifteen years, established the principle that the landlord is entitled to some share in the increase. When the law declared in 1859 that the rent of an occupancy ryot should not be raised unless under certain specified circumstances of ordinary recurrence, and re-affirmed this in 1869, it clearly contemplated that the landlord should have some share under those circumstances. The same principle has been repeatedly acted upon by the High Court of Judicature. We cannot, I think, recede now by any legislation from that principle.

It might not be difficult to assume, on abstract grounds commanding general assent, that the share of the landlord ought to be a certain proportion of the value of the gross produce: (though some authorities might prefer to take this value net after deducting the value of the ryot's labor,) let us assume it, for the sake of illustration, to be one-fourth, though I do not now say whether that is the correct proportion. But could this fraction, or any other fraction, be laid down in a law as the standard by which rent is to be regulated? Would not such a standard cause disturbance in the rent of different parts of Bengal? Would not any proportion that might be suitable in Western Bengal cause excessive enhancement in Eastern Bengal? Would not any proportion that might be suitable in Eastern Bengal cause considerable reduction of old-existing rents in Western Bengal? Would not any proportion that might be suitable in Bengal cause undue variations in Behar? The case of Orissa might be regarded separately, as that is not under the permanent settlement. It might be answered that a suitable proportion could be ascertained for each of the main divisions of the country and then laid down authoritatively. But would there not be difficulty in defining the territorial limits of such proportions, so that they could be embodied in a law? It may well be that such diversity of the proportionate share exists in the several parts of the country, and is practically recognised in judicial decisions. But it is another matter to set it forth and stereotype it by legislation.

Again, it might be thought that each case or class of cases should be taken *per se* on the facts and merits, that the proportion might be approximately ascertained which the old rent bore when it was established to the then value of the produce, and that this proportion might be taken as the landlord's share in the present increase, which increase also might be ascertained approximately. From some points of view it might appear that this

principle, if laid down by law, could be carried into practice. But it is to be remembered that the existing rents may have been established at former periods, when the relations between landlord and tenant were not so carefully considered as they would be now-a-days. In some places, where land has been reclaimed within this century, the original proportion might be regarded, with respect to the just interest of the landlord, as too low to be a guide for all time coming. In some places, perhaps in the oldest inhabited and cultivated districts, it might be regarded, in respect to the just interest of the ryot, as too high to be accepted for the future. I incline to believe, indeed, that many authorities who consider that the landlord is entitled to some share in the increase would yet hold that such share ought to be in a smaller proportion than that which the old rent bore to the original value of the produce. Then, of course, the question would arise, how much less? which question it might be hard to answer in terms which could be embodied in a law.

Further, a suggestion has been made to me by some authorities—for example, Mr. F. R. Cockerell, Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, who has had experience in both Western and Eastern Bengal—that possibly it might be laid down that the landlord's share might be regulated according to the proportion which the land revenue (as fixed in perpetuity by the permanent settlement) bears to the rental of the land. I do not understand that Mr. Cockerell is prepared to say that this certainly could be done, but only that it is a point worth considering. The question then arises, how can this proportion be ascertained? Heretofore such ascertainment, though not impossible, would have been very difficult and open to much objection. But it so happens that of late the road-cess valuations, district by district, have thrown, or are throwing, much light upon this matter. Indeed, we are thus incidentally becoming possessed of information which was never before in our possession. Thus the proportion of the land revenue to the rent of the land is already ascertainable for many districts, and will be so in due course of time for the remainder. But I am not able, as yet, to form an opinion as to whether it would be accepted by landlord and tenant as the regulator of the rent for the future. Perhaps, in some districts, it would be so accepted; but in others, and in some parts of Eastern Bengal especially, I apprehend that it would not.

Other methods of determining rent might be suggested, but whatever method is discussed, difficulties will, I fear, present themselves in respect to legislation by reason of the diversity of local custom and the variety of the circumstances of the cultivation, of the rent, and of the tenure in the several parts of Bengal. The *desideratum* is some method of adjusting rent which would adapt itself to the diverse circumstances of the several parts of the country, and which could be laid down in a law. It is very hard to find such a method.

Still, if with the help of both parties concerned, landlord and tenant, and of the many experienced authorities in the country, a practical solution could be attained, such as would be just to both landlord and tenant, and might be embodied in a law, I should be glad to do my part in the introduction of such a measure, which, if successful, would be of the highest benefit to the future of Bengal.

For the present, I desire that a copy of this Minute be sent to each of the Members of the Board of Revenue, of the Secretaries to Government, and of the Divisional Commissioners, with a request that they will favor me with their opinion on this difficult and important subject.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

COMMENCEMENT OF AN ASYLUM IN CALCUTTA FOR NATIVES AFFLICTED WITH INCURABLE DISEASES.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated 25th April 1876.

THE want of an Asylum in Calcutta for persons (Natives) afflicted with incurable diseases has been repeatedly brought to my notice by the medical authorities. By incurable diseases are meant permanent blindness, deafness, dumbness, paralysis, lameness, spinal curvature, congenital idiocy, and other diseases which incapacitate the sufferer, and for the cure of which there is no hope. But lunacy and leprosy are not included, because, for persons thus afflicted, there are separate asylums.

2. At present persons (Natives) suffering from incurable diseases are received in the several hospitals of the city; but these institutions are already crowded with curable patients for whom active treatment is required; and thus the space, care, and general appliances needed for coping with disease, regarding which hope remains, are encroached upon by reason of the necessity of attending to diseases which are past hope. Nevertheless, humanity dictates that no effort should be spared to alleviate the lot of those whose existence is affected to a degree that does not admit of any perfect remedy.

3. Several Native gentlemen have at different times mentioned the subject to me, and indicated a willingness to give donations towards the establishment of an asylum for incurables. And Dr. C. O. Woodford, the Principal of the Campbell Medical School at Scaldah, has specially invited my attention to the expediency of establishing an Asylum close to the hospital attached to the School at Scaldah, and the project is favoured also by the Surgeon-General.

4. I concur in thinking that Scaldah is a very suitable place for such an Asylum, and I recognise that at the outset there would be economy in managing the Asylum, and advantages in respect to efficiency, from the proximity to the existing Medical School and Hospital.

5. I have carefully considered the alternative of attaching the Asylum to the District Charitable Society's Institution. But it seems to me distinctly preferable to have the Asylum at Scaldah, by reason of the advantages, economical and other, of the proximity of medical supervision of the most competent kind.

6. From enquiry in the Public Works Department, I understand that a structure for the Asylum, fully capable of holding all the inmates for whom accommodation might be desirable (estimated at one hundred and fifty souls, Natives), would cost at least one lakh and a half of rupees; but such a structure might be built in compartments: if funds should not at the beginning admit of the whole being constructed, a part at least might be finished for the reception of a limited number of inmates, and the completion of the whole might follow afterwards, according as resources might become available. Under present circumstances, however, I am not sure that funds can be raised; the limited subscriptions heretofore promised would not be sufficient for so large a purpose; and certainly the Local Government is not able to make a grant of anything like this amount. If, in the future, funds shall become available, the project may be resuscitated.

7. Meanwhile, adjoining the hospital enclosure, there is a building which, together with its out-offices and grounds, may be purchased for comparatively a small sum, and which, with some additions and improvements, may be made to accommodate about forty poor persons (Natives). The subscriptions already promised may go some way towards defraying the cost of this arrangement, which should not exceed Rs. 25,000 in all. In that case the Government would contribute a share, provided that the grant thus required should not exceed Rs. 13,000. The medical supervision would be obtained from the existing staff of the Scaldah Hospital. The dieting and other contingencies would amount to a small sum monthly, of which half would be defrayed by Government, provided that the other half were met from private subscriptions. In this manner a humble, though useful, beginning might be made for an institution that is much needed in Calcutta.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

RESOLUTION ON THE SUBJECT OF SCHOLARSHIPS FOR GIRLS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION—No. 1204.

The 24th April 1876.

READ—

A letter, dated the 26th February 1875, from the Honorary Secretary to the Ootturpara Hitakari Sobha, forwarding a report of the proceedings of the Society.

A letter, No. 4963, dated the 29th November 1875, from the Director of Public Instruction, reporting on the establishment of a system of scholarships for girls.

Read again—

The report of the Director of Public Instruction for the year 1874-75.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has read with much interest the report of the proceedings of the Ootturpara Hitakari Sobha. This useful institution has done much to ameliorate the condition of the inhabitants of Ootturpara and the neighbourhood, and in particular it has exerted itself diligently, and with a considerable measure of success, in the promotion of female education. A special feature of the proceedings of the Sobha, in this department of its labors, is the adoption of a system for the award of scholarships to girls. The Association holds an annual competitive examination of the girls of a number of schools in the districts of Hooghly and the 24-Pergunnahs, and awards scholarships to the most successful candidates. The money for these scholarships is provided partly from the funds of the Sobha, and partly from a contribution given by Government under the grant-in-aid rules.

2. The slow progress of female education in Bengal is a subject of much concern to the Government; and the Lieutenant-Governor has considered how far it may be possible to carry out on a larger scale the system which the Ootturpara Sobha has successfully inaugurated in the localities to which its operations have extended. The Director of Public Instruction has been consulted, and that officer, after taking the opinions of the Circle Inspectors of schools, and of the several local committees, has submitted an outline of the proposals which he would recommend for adoption.

3. Mr. Woodrow considers that in the three divisions of the Presidency, Burdwan and Dacca female education is sufficiently advanced to allow of the system being adopted with a reasonable prospect of success, and that it will be better to make a commencement in these three divisions than to attempt any general introduction of the measure. In the districts which comprise these divisions he proposes to have scholarship examinations for girls held in three grades—primary, intermediate, and vernacular. He would make the standards nearly the same as in the corresponding scholarships for boys, substituting needle-work, embroidery, and knitting for higher arithmetic and science.

4. In view of the numerous calls which are made upon Government for educational grants of various kinds, the Director is of opinion that no additional assignment for these scholarships will be necessary except in the town of Calcutta. In the other districts he thinks it will be sufficient to authorize the local committees to expend upon these scholarships such portion of their scholarship grants as they consider advisable, not exceeding one-fourth of the whole scholarship assignment of the district. For Calcutta, where there is no district committee, he asks for a grant of Rs. 1,800, being Rs. 600 for scholarships in each of the three grades.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve generally of these recommendations, and to request that the Director, in communication with the local committees, will arrange the necessary details for holding these examinations, and for the appropriation of the required funds. But though the plan which has been proposed commends itself to the Lieutenant-Governor, as well calculated to further an object which it is very desirable to attain, it would be the wish of Sir Richard Temple to leave it in a great measure to the discretion of the local committees to encourage female education in this or in any other way which the circumstances of the district may indicate as most suitable. It appears to be the practice in some districts to give gurus of primary schools a

bonus of one rupee per month for every five girls who attend the patshala, or in some cases to give pecuniary rewards to the girls themselves for regular attendance. The district committee would probably be better qualified than the Government to determine whether these methods of encouraging female education are more practically useful than the establishment of a certain number of primary scholarships for girls would be; and the Lieutenant-Governor would desire to leave to the committee the decision of this question. But it must be understood that in all districts of the three divisions referred to, and as far as possible in all districts throughout the Lower Provinces, the Government will expect that some substantial portion either of the Government grant-in-aid or of the scholarship assignment, or of both these funds, shall be devoted to the promotion of female education.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor has considered the application of the Director for a special grant to meet the cost of scholarships in the town of Calcutta. The condition, however, of the provincial revenues is such as to make it impossible for the Government to increase the educational grant by this extra assignment, and the foundation of these scholarships in Calcutta must therefore be deferred for the present year, unless the Director is able to apply a portion of the grant-in-aid to this purpose. The Director is authorized to include the amount in his budget for next year, and it is hoped that funds will then be available.

7. It is not to be supposed that the establishment of these scholarships will give the Government that command over the course of female education which it obtains by the scholarship system as applied to the education of boys. A patshala student, who obtains a primary scholarship, is required to hold it in an intermediate or a middle vernacular school, and the Government is thus enabled to regulate not only the subjects of his study before the scholarship is awarded, but the course which he pursues afterwards. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that this principle has been extended by the District Committee of the 24-Pergunnahs to scholarships for girls, the scholarships awarded being either made tenable in female schools of a higher class, or being expended in the payment of a teacher to instruct the scholarship-holder at home. But it would seem that, even in a district like the 24-Pergunnahs, the effect of this rule must be to restrict the competition, as girls cannot usually leave their homes to hold scholarships in schools at a distance; and in districts in which female schools are few and scattered, and private teachers cannot easily be obtained, the adoption of this system would present serious difficulties. In such districts the Lieutenant-Governor recognizes the necessity of making these scholarships simply rewards for present proficiency; though even in these cases some effect will no doubt be produced by grading the scholarships, and giving the most valuable rewards to those girls who pass the higher standard of education.

8. In conclusion, the Lieutenant-Governor desires specially to commend this important subject to the earnest consideration of all educational officers and district school committees.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL AT HASTINGS.

No. 1917.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in the Public Works Department (Civil Buildings), under date the 25th April 1876.

Read again Proceeding of this Department for April 1875 (Establishment B) No. 144, being a Minute by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated the 2nd idem, for the establishment of a Training School for Natives of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.—In reference to the Lieutenant-Governor's Minute of the 2nd April 1875, regarding Technical and Industrial Schools for the Natives of Bengal, the formation of an Industrial School or Workshop for the practical instruction of the passed students of the Civil Engineering Classes of the Presidency College has from time to time been under the consideration of Government, but the expense attending the foundation of a separate institution for this purpose, and the difficulties in organizing it, has delayed the introduction of the scheme.

2. Minor Workshops have had to be formed in some of the Public Works Divisions of Calcutta for constructing iron-work for some of the large buildings and works lately erected at the Presidency, and some machinery has been bought from time to time for the requirements of these Divisional Workshops. It has been considered desirable to concentrate these Workshops and place them in one yard at Hastings, and advantage has been taken of this to organize an Industrial School for the practical instruction of the passed students of the Civil Engineering Classes of the Presidency College.

3. The additional machinery required for such an institution has been purchased, the sheds are being erected, and the machinery is being set up.

4. The school is primarily one for the instruction of the passed students of the College, but other native students will be allowed to enter the institution to receive practical instruction in carpentry and iron-work under skilled workmen. The rules and conditions under which such individuals will be allowed to enter the institution will be drawn up in this Department and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* when the buildings are sufficiently advanced for the reception of apprentices.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Captain*, M.S.C.,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Department.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 22nd April 1876.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Apl. 24,* '76	11	Weather—Rainfall at Cutwa was 1·20 inches. Want of rain is much felt. Cholera is still prevalent.
	2 Bankoora „ 22, „	0·08	Weather—Generally dry, with occasional dust storms. Rain much wanted. A few cases of sporadic cholera still reported.
	3 Beerbhoom, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Easterly winds prevail. Rain is much wanted, especially for indigo, cotton, and oil-seeds.
	4 Midnapore, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—There have been storms all over the district, though not at the Sudder Station. It now turns out that the storm of the 13th was so violent in the west of the district as to destroy many villages and cause much loss of life. The rain was needed, although the violence of the storm has occasioned serious injury in places.
	5 Hooghly, „ 22, „	10	Weather—Hot. Slight rain on the 21st. Sugarcane cuttings are still being planted out. <i>Aous</i> paddy being sown in a few places. Land is being prepared for <i>aous</i> and <i>amun</i> paddy. More rain is wanted. Indigo, <i>boro dhan</i> , cucumbers, &c., and onions on the ground, are doing well. Cucumbers and such like crops are being gathered. <i>Boro</i> harvest has commenced. Cholera is abating at Hooghly, but is still bad at Serampore, in the Boidobatty township, and in some places in the interior.
PASSENER DIV.	Howrah, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Very warm still. No rain yet. No crop to report on.
	<i>Central Districts.</i>		
	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 24,† '76	Nil.	Weather—Windy and very warm. No crops on the ground. Rain is much wanted. Cholera is prevailing in thanas Habra, Deygunga, Barripore, and Bhusserhat. No report is received from Satkhira.
	7 Nuddea, „ 22, „	0·39	Weather—Rain in small quantities and partial. Sowings of early rice have been continued, and in the most advanced parts the seed has begun to germinate.
	8 Jessore, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot. Spring rice continues to be gathered, and the sowing of the early rice is progressing favorably. Millet and mango crops in the Jhenidah sub-division have suffered from a hail-storm.
RAJSHAHY DIV.	9 Moorshedabad, „ 22, „	10	Weather—There was no rain in any part of the district save a slight shower at the Sudder Station. It is hot, but nights are cool for the season. The <i>rubbee</i> has been harvested. The late rain has done much good to mulberry, indigo, sugarcane, and <i>til</i> . The <i>boro</i> rice is everywhere well reported on except in Lalbagh, where the crop is indifferent. Cholera is bad in the Jellinghi thana, but has abated in Ramporehaut and Jungypore.
	10 Dinagepore, „ 21, „	38	Weather—Sultry. A slight thunder-storm on the evening of the 20th instant. More rain is needed. No alteration in the state and prospects of the crops since last week. Cholera and small-pox are prevalent in the district.
	11 Maldah, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot and sultry. Clouds occasionally collect but soon disperse. It is excessively hot and oppressive. Rain threatening. <i>Boro</i> thriving, but more rain is wanted. Weather excessively hot and oppressive. Twenty-nine deaths from cholera reported during the week.
	12 Rajshahye, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Has been cloudy and hot. There was a little rain in all the stations except Beaulah, Nattore, Barigaon, Godaguree, and Charchat, during the week. More rain is wanted. <i>Amun</i> , or winter rice, is now being sown in several stations. <i>Boro dhan</i> (spring rice crop) has been much benefited by the rain. Lands are being prepared for sowing <i>aous dhan</i> , or autumn rice crop. <i>Til</i> (<i>sesamum</i>) is thriving. Cholera still prevails in Charchat, Beaulah, Bolmaria, Nattore, and Pootea, though not to the extent it did a short time back.
	13 Rungpore, „ 21, „	90	Weather—Cool. Rain on four days. The rainfall at Bhowanigunge was 57 inches, and at Kurigram 39 inches. Sowings of <i>aous</i> are progressing all over the district. In Kurigram sub-division <i>aous</i> rice and the millets are looking well. Cholera has broken out in various directions, and there is cattle disease on the north-east corner of the district adjoining Gawalpara.
	14 Bogra, „ 22, „	A few drops.	Weather—A few drops of rain fell at the Sudder Station, but not appreciable by the rain-gauge. No change in the character of the weather since last week. Ploughing going on actively on the Deorah lands. Some of the rice is well up, and has been much benefited by last week's rain.
	15 Pubna, „ 22, „	0·45	Weather—Seasonable. Showers have fallen. Only 0·10 inches of rain fell at Serajgunge. The weather during the week has been generally favorable for agricultural operations. Since the heavy rains of last week cholera has abated.

* Telegram of the 24th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 24th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
COOCH BEHAR DIVN.	<i>Central Districts.—(Continued.)</i>		
	16 Darjeeling, Apl. 21, '76	0.03	Weather—It has been reported that the rain of the previous week did extend to the plains of this district. There was a sprinkling of rain during the past week, and the sky is now very threatening. In the hills the wheat and barley have been reaped, and all the young crops are doing well. In the plains very little sowing has been done except in wheat; but now that rain has fallen the rice sowings will proceed.
	17 Julpigoree, „ 22, „	.15	Weather—Intensely hot, though the crops have to some extent been benefited by the slight shower of Tuesday. Rain is still urgently wanted.
	Cooch Behar, „ 20, „	.84	Weather—It has cooled down a little, as some rain fell during the week. The rainfall during the week was very small. The prospects of the <i>bisri dhan</i> and of the <i>choona</i> and the <i>kaon</i> crops continue very unfavorable. The price of coarse rice has risen to Rs. 3 a maund in the bazar.
DACCA DIVN.	<i>Eastern Districts.</i>		
	18 Dacca, Apl. 24,* '76	0.89	Weather—Warm, with showers and storms. Prospects of crops are very good. Cholera is abating.
	19 Fureedpore, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable and cooler. The rainfall at Goslundo was 1.14 inches, and at Madaripore 0.79 inches during the week. State of the crops is fair. Prospects are good. Cholera decreased.
	20 Backergunge, „ 20, „	1.68	Weather—Last Saturday there was a violent storm of thunder, lightning, rain, and wind, which continued for about an hour and a half. The crops are good. The rain produced a beneficial effect, and diminished the cholera for a few days. But cholera still continues in every thana of the district, though not yet in an epidemic form. In other respects the state of the district is good.
	21 Mymensingh, „ 21, „	1.30	Weather—Showery and windy. Decidedly cool for this season. The <i>boro</i> rice is being reaped. The sowings of <i>sons</i> rice are nearly finished.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	22 Tipperah, „ 21, „	2.34	Weather—Hot, with occasional storms. Ploughing for the autumn and winter rice is going on. General prospects are good.
	23 Chittagong, „ 20, „	.36	Weather—Hot and close. Cultivation not commenced generally. Cholera extremely prevalent.
	24 Noakholly, „ 20, „	1.48	Weather—Variable; frequently cloudy, but comparatively cool, the highest heat being 85°, against 91° of the preceding week. Wind from south; occasionally a little high. Rain fell on the 13th, 15th, and 16th. It was slight on the last two days. Pulses, chillies, &c., are doing well, and some are being gathered. Ploughing for the early rice crop, and sowing of early and late rice, are now going on under favorable conditions. There is cholera still in some of the stations, and other diseases are rather more prevalent than usual.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 18, „	1.86	Weather—Rainy throughout the week. Owing to heavy falls of rain the joom burning has been delayed. No crops on the ground.
	Hill Tipperah, „ 19, „	1.98	Weather—Cool. There has been rain almost every day during the past week. Prospects of the crops are satisfactory.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIVN.	26 Patna, Apl. 24,* '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. Days exceedingly hot. The crops have all been harvested. A good deal of cholera about generally throughout the district, but especially in the city of Patna, where Assistant Surgeons have been deputed by the Civil Surgeon with men to work under them.
	27 Gya, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—East wind prevailing with great heat. Highest reading of the thermometer was 104° 8' in the shade. <i>Rubbee</i> crops are harvested. <i>Cherao</i> , which is sown, is good. Cholera and small-pox are prevalent.
	28 Shahabad, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot and seasonable. <i>Rubbee</i> crops are harvested. <i>Bhadai</i> lands being ploughed. <i>Mokwa</i> is a good crop, and mango is fair in the south. Cholera is reported in the Sassecram division.
	29 Durbhunga, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Warm. Intermittent east wind. Nothing special to remark. Preparations for ensuing sowings continue.
	30 Mozufferpore, „ 22, „	Nil.	Weather—Very hot and sultry, with east winds. There is nothing new to report about the state of crops in the Mozufferpore sub-division. In the Hazerpore sub-division 0.11 inches of rain fell during the week, and more rain is wanted for <i>choona</i> . In the Sitamarhee sub-division a fair amount of <i>choona</i> and moong have been sown, principally in Jalla and Sewhar, and indigo has been sown all over the sub-division.

* Telegrams of the 24th April, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Contd.)			
PATNA DIV.—(Contd.)	31 Saran, Apl. 22, '76	Nil.	Weather—Hot and clear, with variable wind. There was a fall of rain in the Sewan and Gopalgunge sub-division which has benefited <i>cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and <i>bhados dhan</i> . Reports as to indigo vary. In some places it is said to be doing well, while in others it is reported to be coming on badly. Cholera is reported from Revelgunge, in the Sudder sub-division.
	32 Chumparan, „ 21. „	Nil.	Weather—Very close and hot, and the wind steady from the east. The weather is excellent for the growing crops, but more rain after a week or ten days will do a great deal of good.
	33 Monghyr, „ 22. „	Nil.	Weather—Fair, with east winds. Only irrigated crops on the ground. The indigo has been improved by the recent rain in the Begooesrai sub-division, and the mango crop is said to be the best for the last twenty years. The <i>mokwa</i> is nearly always good, and this year forms no exception to the rule.
BHAGULPORE DIV.	34 Bhagulpore, „ 24. „	Nil.	Weather—East wind is prevalent with threatening clouds. Rain at Banks on the 20th was 53 inches. At Muddehpoorah the rainfall on the 22nd was 18 inches, with strong north-western wind. Soopole reports all low land paddy has been sown down, and the plants are very healthy. Land for <i>bhados</i> sowings is prepared, and some has been sown. Prospects of the crops are good. Prices are easy. General health is very good, though small-pox and cholera are still reported from various parts of the district.
	35 Purneah, „ 22. „	Nil.	Weather—Hot and sultry. Rain is still wanted in the north and centre, but it is apparently coming. A good shower fell in the south-west of the district on Friday. Prices are rising. Cholera is still prevalent.
	36 Sonthal Pergah, „ 23. „	Nil.	Weather—Hot again at Doomka. Rainfall at Deoghur was 32, at Godda 02, and at Rajnehal 15. No crops on the ground. Health is improving.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIV.	37 Cuttack, Apl. 15, '76	05	No change in the character of the weather and state of the crops since last week.
	38 Pooree, „ 20. „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. Rain is much wanted for tillage. The harvesting of the <i>datura</i> crop is still continuing. Cotton is dying for want of rain. Cholera is raging in the town of Pooree and in the interior.
	39 Balasore, „ 21. „	1.30	Weather—Ordinarily dry, but a shower falls every three or four days. Ploughing is progressing satisfactorily. Sporadic cholera still exists. No new cases of small-pox are reported.
CHOTA NAGPORE			
<i>South-Western Frontier Agency.</i>			
40	Hazareebagh, Apl. 21, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. Very warm, with hot west winds. Nothing on the ground. The <i>mokwa</i> crop has been a full one. Rain is much wanted to enable the ryots to plough their land. Cholera is still reported from the interior of the district.
41	Lohardugga, „ 22. „	Nil.	Weather—Hot, with variable wind. The <i>mokwa</i> has been abundant. Rain is much wanted for ploughing. Small-pox and cholera still prevalent in parts.
42	Singbhoom, „ 21. „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No crops to report about. The continued drought is drying up fast the pasturage, and renders it impossible to prepare any ground for cultivation, and agricultural prospects are altogether unfavorable. The prevalence of cholera mentioned in last week's report appears, from information since received, to have been much exaggerated. It is bad only in the north part of the district, and deaths from it have been ascertained to have occurred in two villages, Kandra and Narainpore. The rest of the district is reported to be free of it.
43	Manbhoom, „ 22. „	Nil.	Weather—Unusually dry and sultry, with little of the hot westerly breeze usually experienced at this time of year. Rain is much wanted. If there is no rain within the next twenty days the prospects of the crop will be very bad. This has been an unusual season. Cholera is rife all over the district apparently. Purulia is up to date free from the disease.

* Telegram of the 24th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 25th April 1876.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 2nd to 8th April 1876.	Rain from 9th to 16th April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	Nil	1.27	4.23	15th April.		
		Cutwa	Nil	Nil	1.81	ditto		
		Culina	Nil	0.82	3.27	ditto		
		Bood-Bood	Nil	Nil	0.83	ditto		
		Raneesungge	Nil	0.22	1.17	ditto		
		Jehanabad	Nil	0.58	4.19	ditto		
	Bankoora	Bankoora	Nil	0.19	1.20	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Mooree	Nil	1.26	1.39	ditto		
		Hetampore	Nil	0.75	0.86	ditto		
		Royপুর	Nil	0.13	2.31	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	Nil	1.75	4.27	ditto		
		Tamluk	Nil	Nil	1.19	ditto		
		Gurbetta	Nil	Nil	1.70	ditto		
		Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office... Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	Nil	0.84 0.85	ditto		
	Hooghly	Hooghly	Nil	1.24	3.67	ditto		
		Serampore	0.09	0.74	3.10	ditto		
	Howrah	Howrah	0.19	0.08	5.84	ditto		
		Moheshrekha	0.16	0.46	2.47	ditto		
CENTRAL DISTRICTS.								
PRESIDENCY.	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	Nil	Nil	0.60	ditto		
		Calcutta	0.13	0.07	7.49	ditto		
		Alipore { Dispensary	0.10	0.10	8.26	ditto		
		{ Jail	0.11	0.05	8.19	ditto		
		Buwaerhat	Nil	Not rec.	5.18	8th April.		
		Barasat	0.32	0.25	4.12	15th "		
		Diamond Harbour	Nil	Nil	2.99	ditto		
		Baripore	Nil	Nil	2.27	ditto		
		Satkhira	Nil	3.85	10.87	ditto		
		Barackpore	0.08	Not rec.	2.90	8th April.		
		Dum-Dum	0.15	0.11	3.44	15th "		
		Kishnaghur	Nil	3.38	4.66	ditto		
		Bongong	0.15	1.85	3.93	ditto		
		Meherpore	Nil	2.71	6.92	ditto		
	Nuddea	Chooadanga	Nil	2.15	4.55	ditto		
		Kooshtea	Nil	3.51	6.18	ditto		
		Ranaghat	Nil	1.55	5.68	ditto		
		Jessore	0.81	3.39	7.42	ditto		
		Nurrail	1.16	2.44	6.48	ditto		
		Khoolua	Nil	2.61	7.13	ditto		
	Jessore	Jhenida	Nil	3.45	7.17	ditto		
		Bagirhat	0.11	2.69	6.79	ditto		
		Magoorah	0.24	2.78	7.18	ditto		
		Berhampore	Nil	2.50	4.15	ditto		
		Rampore Hant	Nil	1.74	1.74	ditto		
		Lalbagh	Nil	1.89	3.04	ditto		
	Moorshedabad	Jungypore	Nil	3.64	3.93	ditto		
		Azimungge	Nil	1.20	2.84	ditto		
		Lallgolla	Nil	2.60	3.02	ditto		
		Kandee	Nil	1.30	1.82	ditto		
		RAJSHAHY.	Dinapore	Dinapore	Nil	0.91	0.91	ditto
Maldah				Nil	2.63	2.68	ditto	
Maldah	Chanchal		Nil	1.40	1.43	ditto		
	Hauleah		Nil	1.04	1.33	ditto		
Rajshahye	Nattore		Nil	2.03	2.17	ditto		
	Rungpore		Nil	0.51	0.53	ditto		
Rungpore	Rhowanigunge		Nil	0.73	0.73	ditto		
	Kurigram		Nil	1.93	1.98	ditto		
	Bagdogra		Nil	Not rec.	Nil	8th April.		
	Bagdogra		Nil	Not rec.	Nil	8th April.		
Bogra	Bogra	Nil	1.43	1.43	15th "	From 26th March.		
	Panchibibi	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	8th "			
Pabna	Pabna	Nil	3.54	5.57	15th "	Not rec. 2nd to 8th April.		
	Serajungge	Not rec.	1.10	3.40	ditto			
COOCH BEHAR.	Darjeeling	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Nil	1.05	2.20	ditto		
		{ Hospital	Nil	1.23	2.45	ditto		
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree	Nil	0.49	0.53	ditto		
		Boda	Nil	1.41	1.41	ditto		
		Huza { Commissioner's Office	Nil	1.02	1.04	ditto		
		{ Civil Surgeon's Office	Nil	1.02	1.04	ditto		
		Titalya	Nil	2.13	2.23	ditto		
		Alipore	Nil	3.08	3.18	ditto	From 9th April	
	Cooch Behar Tributary States	Cooch Behar	Nil	0.40	0.40	ditto		

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SUPPLEMENT

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 2nd to 8th April 1876.	Rain from 9th to 15th April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.—(Continued.)								
Dacca.	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Dacca	Dacca... { Telegraph Office ...	0.03	1.80	4.94	15th April.		
		... { Hospital ...	0.10	1.88	6.05	ditto		
		Moonabeegunge	0.50	1.47	6.89	ditto		
		Manickgunge ...	0.40	1.65	4.06	ditto		
	Furzedpore	Furzedpore ...	Nil	2.40	5.40	ditto		
		Goalundo ...	0.01	3.23	5.78	ditto		
		Madaripore ...	Nil	1.29	8.01	ditto		
	Bankergunge	Bankergunge ...	0.23	2.07	8.50	ditto		
		Burrisal ...	Nil	2.37	4.87	ditto		
		Perosepore ...	0.13	0.75	5.95	ditto		
		Patoakhally ...	0.58	0.08	5.07	ditto		
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh ...	Nil	1.04	1.90	ditto		
		Jamulpore ...	Nil	1.34	2.74	ditto		
		Atia ...	Nil	2.00	3.85	ditto		
		Kishoregunge ...	Nil	1.80	3.87	ditto		
	CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.20	2.13	ditto	
			... { Jail ...	Nil	0.81	3.62	ditto	
			Cox's Bazar ...	Nil	Nil	2.24	ditto	
		Noakholly	Noakholly ...	Nil	2.43	9.31	ditto	
		Tipperah	Comillah ...	1.10	2.58	8.58	ditto	
			Brahmunbariah ...	0.27	3.44	11.55	ditto	
		Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamtee Hill ...	Nil	1.85	7.89	ditto	
		Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah ...	Nil	2.06	6.88	ditto	
BEHAR.								
PATNA.	Patna	Patna ...	Nil	0.02	0.06	ditto		
		Behar ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Barh ...	Nil	Nil	0.44	ditto		
		Barh ... { Jail ...	Nil	0.10	0.10	ditto		
		Dinapore ... { Cantonment ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Gya	Gya ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Nowadah ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Arungabad ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Jehanabad ...	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
	Shahabad	Arrah ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Sasseram ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Buxar ...	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
		Bhuboah ...	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
	Mousserpoore	Mousserpoore ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	0.24	1st April.		
		Hajepore ...	ditto	ditto	0.10	ditto		
		Seetamurhee ...	ditto	ditto	0.63	ditto		
	Durbhanga	Durbhanga ...	Nil	2.00	2.31	15th April.		
		Mudhoobunsee ...	Nil	1.87	3.01	ditto		
		Tajpore ...	Nil	0.40	0.56	ditto	Not received 26th March to 1st April 1876.	
	Narun	Chupra ...	Nil	0.06	0.16	ditto		
		Sewan ...	Nil	0.16	0.39	ditto		
	Chumpanus	Motiharee ...	Nil	2.23	2.74	ditto		
		Bettiah ...	Nil	1.90	2.50	ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Monghyr	Monghyr ...	Nil	0.58	0.58	ditto		
Begoo Serai ...		Nil	0.19	0.19	ditto			
Jamooce ...		Nil	0.80	0.90	ditto			
Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore ...	Nil	2.60	2.60	ditto			
	Soopeel ...	Nil	1.48	1.90	ditto			
	Muddehpore ...	Nil	1.02	1.12	ditto			
	Banka ...	Nil	2.01	2.01	ditto			
	Sonburna ...	Nil	2.08	2.19	ditto			
Purneah	Purneah ...	Nil	0.73	0.86	ditto			
	Kissengunge ...	Nil	1.14	1.90	ditto			
	Arrareah ...	Nil	1.30	1.44	ditto			
Sonthal Parganahs	Nya Doomba ...	Nil	1.49	1.66	ditto			
	Rajmahal ...	Nil	3.50	3.50	ditto			
	Deoghar ...	Nil	0.24	0.24	ditto			
	Godda ...	Nil	0.59	0.59	ditto			

Divisions.	Districts.	Stations.	Rain from 2nd to 8th April 1876.	Rain from 9th to 15th April 1876.	Rain from 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	CUTTACK.	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	0.30	Nil	0.30	15th April	
		Cuttack ... { Hospital	0.15	0.05	0.25	ditto	
		Jajepore ...	0.80	Not rec.	2.05	8th April.	
		Kendraparah ...	1.19	ditto	2.91	ditto	
		Jugatsingapore ...	Nil	ditto	0.20	ditto	
		False Point ...	0.25	0.10	0.85	15th April.	
		Poorva ...	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Khoordah ...	Nil	Nil	3.11	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	1.07	2.23	6.38	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Collector's Office	0.74	2.23	7.07	ditto	
	Balasore	Bhuddruck ...	0.71	0.06	1.08	ditto	
		Jellapore ...	0.34	1.18	2.07	ditto	
		Sorah ...	0.36	1.20	3.03	ditto	
		Chandubally ...	1.00	Nil	1.63	ditto	
	Cuttack Tributary Mahals		Sumbalapore ...	Nil	Nil	0.81	ditto
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazarebagh ...	Hazarebagh ... { Jail	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Hazarebagh ... { Dispensary	Nil	Nil	0.01	ditto	
	Pachumba ...		Nil	0.04	0.21	ditto	
	Lohardugga ...	Ranchee ...	Nil	Nil	0.21	ditto	
		Palamow ...	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto	
	Singbhoon ...		Chyebassa ...	Nil	Nil	0.51	ditto
	Manbhoon ...	Purulia ...	Nil	Nil	0.51	ditto	
		Govindpore ...	Nil	0.21	0.20	ditto	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sibsagar	Sylhet ...	0.67	1.16	0.78	ditto	
		Sibsagar ...	0.03	Not rec.	7.80	8th April.	
		Golaghat ...	Nil	ditto	2.21	ditto	
		Jorehaut ...	Nil	ditto	4.30	ditto	
		Deopanie ...	Nil	ditto	6.26	ditto	
		Hattiepoclie ...	Nil	ditto	6.38	ditto	
		Mazengah ...	Nil	ditto	6.06	ditto	
		Nazeerah ...	0.15	ditto	7.57	ditto	
		Suntuck ...	0.02	ditto	8.20	ditto	
		Cherideo ...	Nil	ditto	11.21	ditto	
	Akyab ...		Nil	Nil	0.08	15th April.	

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd April 1876.

JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Wind and Cloud Observations.

STATIONS.	WIND.										Percentage and Resultant.	Mean velocity daily.	Mean clouds
	North.	North-east.	East.	South-east.	South.	South-west.	West.	North-west.	Variable.	Calm.			
Port Blair	19	26	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	76 N, 2° E	...	2.50
Nancowry	...	7	33	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 S, 70° E	210.7	4.21
Madras	6	45	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	82 N, 51° E	1.50	3.50
Vizagapatam	1	3	28	26	17	12	16	11	...	...	37 S, 30° E	53.1	0.82
Akyab	9	8	11	5	3	1	17	8	...	...	22 N, 14° W	77.5	2.23
Palas Point	15	9	15	10	10	17	11	23	1	14	10 N, 52° W	...	0.29
Cuttack	10	7	2	...	...	3	16	12	...	12	47 N, 43° W	21.4	0.94
Saugor Island	19	17	7	4	31	18	...	20	...	...	10 N, 58° W	149.1	0.84
Chittagong	...	18	4	1	1	4	15	11	...	...	41 N, 19° W	90.4	0.71
Calcutta	16	7	4	5	20	28	28	14	...	...	34 S, 57° W	90.3	...
Burdwan	10	5	3	1	5	5	16	14	...	3	42 N, 57° W	46.6	0.52
Jessore	8	1	1	...	2	15	21	14	...	...	65 N, 1° W	37.6	0.58
Dacca	3	3	1	2	11	18	18	4	...	2	54 S, 69° W	51.5	0.19
Bilchar	1	1	21	7	4	9	15	2	...	2	21 S, 1° E	5.8	3.42
Hasareebagh	...	...	...	3	2	3	25	20	...	...	77 N, 73° W	184.4	0.56
Berhampore	17	3	...	...	2	7	20	10	...	3	57 N, 57° W	3.4	1.40
Gya	1	1	9	...	1	7	28	10	...	7	43 N, 81° W	28.1	0.00
Patna	...	2	6	...	1	1	41	6	...	5	63 N, 84° W	42.5	1.00
Purneah	6	2	3	3	3	10	30	6	...	...	58 S, 80° W	48.3	0.75
Darjeeling	...	2	13	11	3	12	16	1	...	4	28 S, 10° W	...	7.24
Seebaugor	10	25	8	5	1	2	6	1	...	5	51 N, 48° E	43.0	8.50
Goaipara	4	6	21	2	...	5	5	5	...	14	26 N, 65° E	64.7	2.23
Allahabad	6	5	...	1	3	9	38	...	...	...	61 S, 49° W	72.4	0.60
Hoorkee	1	...	2	7	...	2	8	25	...	17	38 N, 59° W	91.6	3.15

NOTE.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Cloud.—This column gives the average proportion of clouded sky, a cloudless sky being indicated by 0, and one completely overcast by 10.

JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,

CALCUTTA, the 22nd April 1876.

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 16th to 22nd April 1876.

STATIONS	Date.	Hour.	Barometre reduced to 32°.	Barometre reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	Apl. 16th	10	29.778	29.790	80.6	74.7	47	W N W	5.9	Nil.	.....	b
	16	16	29.782	29.780	85.5	71.5	27	N by W	6.2	.....	.....	b
	17th	10	29.740	29.758	89.5	80.5	66	S S W	5.0	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.584	29.602	94.7	79.5	45	S S W	10.0	.....	K	b
	18th	10	29.681	29.679	89.5	80.1	66	S S W	9.2	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.543	29.561	93.2	81.7	59	S S W	10.3	.....	.....	b
	19th	10	29.777	29.795	90.0	79.1	59	S W	8.7	.....	K, CS	b
	16	16	29.650	29.674	92.6	81.5	60	S W	17.2	.....	K	scuds.
	20th	10	29.803	29.821	89.0	79.7	65	S S W	8.1	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.654	29.679	94.0	80.7	51	S S W	17.0	.....	CK	b
SAGOR ISLAND.	21st	10	29.771	29.789	89.0	78.5	61	S W	7.9	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.611	29.632	91.0	81.5	56	S S W	10.2	.....	CS	b
	22nd	10	29.704	29.722	89.3	81.3	67	S S W	7.2	.....	C	b
	16	16	29.567	29.585	95.2	83.0	60	S by W	11.7	.....	K	b
	16th	10	29.787	29.793	85	79	75	W	8.4	Nil.	N	b, m
	16	16	29.724	29.730	89	82	73	S	11.0	.....	N	b, m
	17th	10	29.745	29.771	86	80	75	S S W	9.6	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	16	16	29.637	29.613	88	82	76	S	14.0	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	18th	10	29.697	29.703	87	81	70	S S W	18.6	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	16	16	29.572	29.578	88	81	73	S	19.8	.....	N	b, m
CHITTAGONG.	19th	10	29.796	29.802	88	81	72	S	15.7	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	16	16	29.687	29.693	88	81	72	S	20.8	.....	K	b, m, scuds.
	20th	10	29.826	29.832	88	81	72	S S W	17.5	.....	K, C	b, m, scuds.
	16	16	29.680	29.686	88	80	69	S S W	10.3	.....	C	b, m
	21st	10	29.796	29.802	87	80	73	S S W	15.9	.....	K, C	b, v, scuds.
	16	16	29.670	29.676	87	80	73	S	20.8	.....	C, K	b, m
	22nd	10	29.731	29.737	88	81	72	S S W	17.5	.....	C	b
	16	16	29.602	29.608	87	81	76	S	18.3	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	16th	10	29.750	29.851	87	80	73	N	8.5	Nil.	K, KS	m
	16	16	29.655	29.747	87	80	73	E N E	17.9	.....	C, KS	g
MADRAS.	17th	10	29.715	29.808	89	81	69	E N E	6.9	.....	K	u
	16	16	29.503	29.674	89	81	60	E N E	1.5	.....	.....	u
	18th	10	29.707	29.708	88	80	69	E N E	6.1	.....	C, KS	u
	16	16	29.563	29.654	89	80	66	N N W	16.4	.....	K	u
	19th	10	29.776	29.867	90	81	66	E N E	7.5	.....	C, K	m
	16	16	29.669	29.760	90	80	63	E N E	10.1	.....	.....	b, v
	20th	10	29.774	29.865	91	81	63	E N E	4.5	.....	.....	b, v
	16	16	29.649	29.740	89	79	62	E N E	7.5	.....	.....	u
	21st	10	29.772	29.861	85	80	70	S	3.9	.....	K, KS	m
	16	16	29.643	29.734	90	80	63	S	7.4	.....	C, K	m
COIMBATUR.	22nd	10	29.707	29.799	91	80	60	N N W	3.1	.....	CS, K	m
	16	16	29.573	29.664	88	77	58	S W	11.3	.....	.....	b, v
	16th	10	29.800	29.830	92	81	60	S S E	13	Nil.	.....	b
	16	16	29.668	29.693	89	80	66	S E by E	14	.....	.....	b
	18th	10	29.814	29.874	89	80	66	S S E	14	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.687	29.717	92	80	57	S E by S	12	.....	.....	b, c
	17th	10	29.805	29.815	91	80	61	S	12	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.654	29.684	90	80	63	S E by E	11	.....	.....	b
	18th	10	29.753	29.783	94	77	43	S S W	12	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.612	29.612	91	77	50	S E	12	.....	.....	b
AYYER.	19th	10	29.788	29.818	91	78	53	S S E	19	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.692	29.722	90	79	59	S E by E	15	.....	.....	b, c
	20th	10	29.833	29.883	89	78	59	S S E	13	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.692	29.730	89	79	62	S E by S	14	.....	.....	b
	21st	10	29.839	29.869	84	77	59	S	7	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.692	29.723	89	78	60	S E	12	.....	.....	b, c
	16th	10	29.710	29.791	94	81	55	E N E	4.0	Nil.	C	b
	16	16	29.583	29.644	100	76	29	E S E	3.3	.....	C	b
	17th	10	29.694	29.710	91	79	56	E S E	2.5	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.494	29.570	99	79	38	S	5.0	.....	C	b
AYYER.	18th	10	29.694	29.687	92	80	57	S S W	7.0	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.174	29.555	95	79	47	S	10.8	.....	.....	b
	19th	10	29.695	29.716	91	78	53	S W	10.9	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.508	29.610	94	79	40	S S W	13.8	.....	C	b
	20th	10	29.735	29.810	91	78	53	W S W	8	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.585	29.666	95	74	33	S S W	13.0	.....	C	b
	21st	10	29.703	29.784	92	79	51	S S W	7.9	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.553	29.634	96	79	41	S S W	9.2	.....	S	b
	22nd	10	29.613	29.724	93	79	51	S W	7.4	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.498	29.540	99	80	41	S	8.1	.....	S	b
AYYER.	16th	10	29.863	29.884	90	80	63	S	2.4	Nil.	.....	b
	16	16	29.721	29.719	89	81	69	W	6.8	.....	.....	b
	17th	10	29.800	29.821	89	82	73	W	2.6	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.681	29.682	84	82	70	W	8.8	.....	.....	b
	18th	10	29.793	29.814	90	81	66	S	2.8	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.661	29.682	88	81	72	S W	6.3	.....	.....	b
	19th	10	29.860	29.887	90	80	60	W	3.5	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.741	29.762	87	81	76	W	7.1	.....	.....	b
	20th	10	29.747	29.768	91	83	70	N N W	4.5	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.701	29.722	89	82	73	W S W	12.3	.....	.....	b
AYYER.	21st	10	29.838	29.854	90	80	63	N	6.2	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.681	29.702	88	81	72	N N W	15.1	.....	.....	b
	22nd	10	29.703	29.814	90	81	66	W	4.8	.....	.....	b
	16	16	29.604	29.685	88	80	67	W	9.0	.....	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd April 1876.JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st April 1876.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phase.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			lb	Miles.	In.		
April	15th	29.073	91.5	80.0	114.2	86.6	80.0	77.5	0.75	S by W & S S W		158.1	.....		Clear and cumuli. Thunder at 7 p.m. Lightning at 7 and 8 p.m.
	16th	718	86.0	82.5	144.0	88.0	77.2	70.7	.58	S S W & Variable	...	151.1	.....		Overcast and clear.
	17th	071	87.5	80.4	145.0	87.2	79.6	75.0	.68	S S W & S W	...	133.3	.....		Clear and cumuli.
	18th	012	94.0	80.0	143.0	86.6	80.0	76.0	.72	S S W	2.1	250.6	.....		Scuds and clear. Sheet lightning from 7 to 10 p.m.
	19th	708	94.5	80.6	143.0	86.8	79.6	75.3	.69	S & S W	0.8	262.8	.....		Clear and cumuli.
	20th	731	94.4	80.0	143.0	86.3	78.8	73.5	.67	S & S W	1.0	309.3	.....		Clear and stratus. Sheet lightning on S at 7 p.m. Drizzled at 6 1/2 p.m.
	21st	707	90.3	79.0	143.0	86.4	78.7	73.3	.66	S, S S W & S W	0.8	153.4	.....		Clear and cirri.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1 1/2 feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days

°
... 18.5

The maximum temperature during the past seven days

... 97.5

The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year

... 102.5

The mean humidity during the past seven days

... 0.68

The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year

... 0.67
Inches.

The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... { by lower rain-gauge

... Nil

... { by anemometer gauge

... Nil

Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years

... 0.64

Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st April

... 7.49

Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years

... 4.20

GOPEKNAUTH SEN

The 24th April 1876.

In charge of the Observatory.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th April 1876, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	30,003	20,340 2 6	1,804 10 4	1,19,994 35	23,756 12 9	2,636 0 10	4,600 11 2
Or per mile of railway	195	128 8 6	11 15 8	758 10	181 11 0	16 13 2	28 8 10
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	489,248½	3,47,188 2 3	31,825 11 6	15,41,529 32	3,89,328 0 10	35,706 14 8	67,532 6 2
Total for 15 weeks ...	520,153½	3,67,528 4 9	33,690 1 10	16,61,524 27	4,18,284 13 7	38,342 15 6	72,032 17 4
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	35,728	23,759 11 6	2,536 6 2	1,81,520 5	36,446 9 4	3,340 18 9	5,077 4 11
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	226	181 11 9	16 13 2	1,220 8	230 5 0	21 2 3	37 15 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	515,991½	3,78,420 12 2	34,689 2 6	23,10,876 3	4,42,630 2 5	40,574 8 6	75,203 11 0

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th April 1876, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRAIN MILES RUN.								
	No. of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.						
		Rs.	A. P.	£.	s.	d.	Mds.	Srs.	Rs.	A. P.	£.	s.	d.			
Total traffic for the week	124,963	1,87,819	13 6	17,216	18 4	10,73,997 20*	4,62,662	10 11*	42,409	16 7	59,628	12 11	44,336½	87,404½	131,741	
Or per mile of railway ... ..	.....	146	12 3	13 9 1	.....	361 8 3	33 9 9	40 11 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	1,807,900	31,06,272	4 3	284,741	12 6	1,42,75,387 30	69,00,341	1 3	540,904	12 0	825,000	4 6	656,703½	1,075,229½	1,731,933½	
Total for 15 weeks	1,932,863	32,84,092	1 9	301,958	8 10	1,53,49,385 10	63,62,993	12 2	583,274	8 7	888,232	17 5	701,040½	1,162,634½	1,863,674½	
COMPARISON.																
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	133,769	1,93,104	8 9	17,701	5 6	7,99,816 20	3,20,843	6 4	29,080	12 11	47,001	17 11	44,073	65,620	109,693	
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ... ..	.....	150	14 3	13 16 7	.....	255 6 4	23 8 3	37 4 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,940,782	20,87,420	8 11	273,846	17 8	1,44,81,196 0	69,78,830	9 3	598,059	9 5	821,906	7 1	654,042	1,117,239	1,772,181	

* Added maunds 91,880 and Rs. 19,221-6-11 on account of differences between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th April 1876, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week ...	4,092½	14,480 14 0	1,327 8 4	1,24,939 10*	34,239 2 6*	3,143 3 5	4,470 11 9	4,674½	6,541½	11,015½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	64 11 6	5 18 8	.....	153 4 0	14 0 11	19 19 7	.....	.....	.....
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	94,219½	3,04,938 1 6	27,952 13 2	14,42,934 20	3,35,058 12 0	30,713 14 5	58,066 7 7	68,536½	82,422½	148,958½
Total for 15 weeks	98,212	3,19,419 0 0	29,290 1 6	15,67,873 30	3,69,347 14 6	33,836 17 10	63,136 19 4	71,010½	89,063½	159,974½
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	6,817½	23,043 5 4	2,112 6 1	80,643 30	25,777 4 0	2,363 18 4	4,475 4 5	4,874	5,774	10,348
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	102 15 10	9 8 10	.....	115 3 3	10 11 2	20 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	87,113	3,18,148 12 10	29,163 1 9	14,51,701 30	4,29,274 7 0	39,350 3 2	68,513 4 11	70,920	86,668	157,478

* Added maunds 7,137-20 and Rs. 4,452-12-6 on account of differences between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th April 1876, on 24 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Strs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	9,436	1,398 0 0	139 16 0	21,353 0	682 0 0	68 4 0	298 0
Or per mile of railway	337	50 0 0	5 0 0	763 0	24 0 0	2 8 0	7 8
For previous 15 weeks of half-year...	140,900	20,902 0 0	2,030 4 0	2,91,224 0	9,192 8 0	919 4 0	2,939 8
Total for 16 weeks	150,336	21,700 0 0	2,170 0 0	3,02,577 0	9,874 0 0	987 8 0	3,157 8
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,694	1,235 11 9	123 11 0	21,070 0	667 2 0	66 14 3	199 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	308	44 2 2	4 8 3	752 20	23 13 3	2 7 8	6 15
Total to corresponding date of previous year	140,721	19,767 2 3	1,976 14 4	3,01,601 0	10,296 5 0	1,029 12 8	3,066 7

NALHATTI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended the 15th April 1876, on 27½ miles open.

		Ra. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Strs.	Ra. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	1,756	882 0 0	89 4 0	4,726 0	925 0 0	42 10 0	130 14 0
Or per mile of railway	64	32 0 0	3 4 0	181 0	10 0 0	1 12 0	4 16 0
For previous 15 weeks of half-year	29,186	14,406 0 0	1,446 12 0	1,14,368 0	9,472 0 0	947 4 0	2,393 16 0
Total for 16 weeks	30,942	15,319 0 0	1,534 16 0	1,19,294 0	9,897 0 0	989 14 0	2,524 16 0
COMPARISON.							
Total corresponding week of prev. year	1,389½	1,096 5 2	109 12 8	4,610 20	365 11 0	36 11 4	146 4 0
Per m. of railway corresponding week of previous year	51	40 3 8	4 0 5	189 8	13 6 8	1 6 10	5 7 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	29,671½	19,735 15 9	1,973 12 0	1,03,102 20	8,161 3 9	816 2 5	2,789 14 0



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1876.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th November 1875.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1461C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 4th April 1876.*—Mr. Alexander Manson, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is appointed to act until further orders as Magistrate and Collector of Pooree, *vice* Mr. F. G. Millett.

The 12th April 1876.—Dr. D. B. Smith is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the temporary management of the Royal Zoological Garden at Alipore.

The 17th April 1876.—Baboo Moheah Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, is transferred to Bogra.

The 18th April 1876.—Mr. Anthony Benn Falcon, c.s., is allowed leave for one year, under Section 11 (a) of the Civil Leave Code.

The 19th April 1876.—Mr. H. L. Oliphant, Deputy Commissioner, Lohardugga, is appointed to act as Commissioner of the Chota Nagpore division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. LeF. Robinson, or until further orders.

Mr. J. Ware Edgar, Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is appointed to act until further orders in the Second Grade of Deputy Commissioners.

Mr. J. J. Livesay, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, is appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga in the Third Grade during the absence, on duty, of Mr. H. L. Oliphant, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Deslandes Church Winter, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the city Moorsshedabad division of the Moorsshedabad district, is posted to the Sudder Station of Jessore.

Baboo Romesh Chunder Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is appointed to have charge of the city Moorsshedabad division of the Moorsshedabad district.

Mr. J. E. B. Jeffery, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 1st instant.

The 20th April 1876.—Moulvi Mujeed Bukht Mozoomdar, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is allowed leave of absence for six months, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The 21st April 1876.—Mr. Frederick George Millett, c.s., is allowed leave for twelve months on medical certificate, under Section 11 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from the 7th instant.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the First Grade, viz.—

Mr. Romesh Chunder Dutt,	} <i>vice</i> Messrs. J. J. Livesay, W. H. Gordon, and A. Manson.
„ Francis Frederick Handley,	
„ Alfred Hinuber Haggard,	

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Second Grade, viz.—

Mr. John Nugent.
„ Charles Randal Marindin.
„ Krishna Gobind Gupta.

Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act VII (B.C.) of 1868.

Mr. Edward Thomas Smith Johnson, Deputy Superintendent of Revenue Survey, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX of 1833 in the Gya and Patna districts.

Mr. E. deDombal, Head Assistant, Financial Department, Bengal Secretariat, is allowed leave of absence for 18 days from 24th April to 6th May 1876, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. E. Stapleton is appointed to act as Head Assistant of the Financial Department of the Bengal Secretariat during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. deDombal, or until further orders.

Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands required for public purposes.

The 22nd April 1876.—Mr. Colman Patrick Lewis Macaulay, is appointed to act as Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. Crawford, or until further orders.

The 24th April 1876.—Mr. A. W. Cochran, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 11th instant.

Mr. H. L. Dampier, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 11th instant.

Mr. T. B. Lane, Secretary to the Board of Revenue, is allowed subsidiary leave for one day, viz. the 21st October 1875, on return from furlough, under Section 18 (b) of the Civil Leave Code.

The 25th April 1876.—Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, having joined his appointment in the district of Hooghly on the 20th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 11th January last, is cancelled.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Brahmunberriah Division of the Tipperah District, is transferred to the district of Fureedpore.

Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Baha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Fureedpore is appointed to have charge of the Brahmunberriah Division of the Tipperah district,

The following promotions are made consequent upon the departure from India on furlough of Messrs. F. G. Millett and A. B. Falcon:—

Mr. W. R. Larminie to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. E. G. Glasier to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade, continuing to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. D. R. Lyall to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade, continuing to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. G. S. Park to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, continuing to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the First Grade.

Mr. T. M. Kirkwood to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, but to continue to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade.

Mr. J. G. Charles to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, but to continue to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Mr. G. J. B. T. Dalton to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, continuing to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the Fourth Grade.

The following appointments are made with effect from the date on which Mr. F. L. Beaufort, Additional Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs and Hooghly, resigns the service:—

Mr. J. D. Ward to be a District and Sessions Judge of the First Grade.

Mr. J. B. Worgan to be a District and Sessions Judge of the Second Grade.

Mr. R. D. Hime to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. A. Mackenzie to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade, continuing to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. H. J. S. Cotton to be Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE.—*The 19th April 1876.*—Mr. D. Lacey, District Superintendent of Police, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 7th instant.

The 21st April 1876.—Mr. Hugh Lloyd Jones, District Superintendent of Police, is transferred from Dinapore to Pubna.

Mr. William J. Kilby, District Superintendent of Police, is transferred from Pubna to Dinapore.

Mr. Charles Armstrong Fisher, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to Dinapore.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 24th April 1876.*—The Rev. H. Finter, Head Master of St. James' School, is appointed to the charge of St. James' Church and district during the absence, on privilege leave, of Rev. P. J. Jarbo, Chaplain, with effect from 30th instant, or any subsequent date.

EDUCATION.—*The 20th April 1876.*—Baboo Kedareswar Roy, Subordinate Judge, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee at Jessore, vice Baboo Gunga Churn Sircar, transferred.

Mr. C. H. Tawney, Professor, Presidency College, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 7th instant.

The 24th April 1876.—Mr. E. Lethbridge, M.A., Principal of the Kishnaghur College, is appointed to act in the Second Class of the Bengal Educational Service during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. H. Tawney, or until further orders.

Baboo Lal Mohan Bhattacharjya, Head Master, Berhampore Normal School, is appointed to be Secretary to the District School Committee at Moorshedabad.

The 25th April 1876.—Mr. F. Lefevre, Officiating Head Master, Patna Collegiate School, is allowed leave up to 30th instant, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 3rd March last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem.

Mr. Samuel Ager is appointed to be Principal of the Cuttack College, with effect from the 23rd February 1876, and until further orders.

MEDICAL.—*The 19th April 1876.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bellogram, in the district of Burdwan:—

Baboo Jibon Kishor Mundle, Zemindar's Agent.

„ Ram Taron Mookerjee, Cultivator.

„ Kangalee Churn Pal, ditto.

„ Tarinee Churn Bhattacharjee.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Gotan, in the district of Burdwan :—

- Baboo Ram Dhon Sen, Talookdar.
- „ Mohendro Nath Sen, Talookdar and Head Master, Gotan Government Aided School.
- „ Bushonto Lall Sen, Talookdar.
- „ Goloke Nauth Mookerjee, ditto.
- „ Sreeram Dey, Talookdar.
- „ Chunder Shikher Mitter, Talookdar's Agent.
- „ Nobogopal Dutt, Landholder.
- „ Makhun Lal Ghuttuck, Landholder.
- „ Moti Lal Mullick, Trader.

The 20th April 1876.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Purulia Charitable Dispensary :—

- Baboo Gunga Nund Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.
- „ Rai Churn Ghose, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.
- „ Nuffer Chunder Sen, Pleader.
- „ Hungsesser Mookerjee, Government Pleader.
- „ Kyelas Nauth Chatterjee, Pleader.

Assistant Apothecary Mr. W. H. Harding is appointed to be House Surgeon to the Howrah General Hospital with effect from the date on which he joined the hospital.

The 21st April 1876.—Surgeon-Major J. G. Pilcher is appointed to act as Health Officer for the Port of Calcutta, during the absence, on duty, of Dr. J. G. French, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Fureedpore :—

- District Judge, member.
- District Magistrate, Chairman.
- Civil Surgeon, Secretary.
- W. L. Owmens, Esq., Member.

} *Ex officio.*

- T. G. Charles, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, member.
- Baboo Sree Nath Roy, Subordinate Judge, member.
- „ Tara Nath Chackravarti, M.A., B.L., Government Pleader, member.
- „ Jadub Chandra Gossami, B.A., Deputy Magistrate, member.
- „ Kali Dass Mukerji, Head Master, member.
- „ Rojoni Kanto Bose, M.A., B.L., Pleader, member.

The 24th April 1876.—Assistant Surgeon Ramkally Gupta, Demonstrator of Anatomy and Teacher of Midwifery in the Temple Medical School, Bankipore, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Grish Chunder Bhur is appointed to have medical charge of the Civil Station of Bankoora, *vice* Dr. H. C. Connolly, with effect from the 26th ultimo, the date on which he joined that station.

MARINE.—*The 24th April 1876.*—Captain J. V. Falle reported his departure from India on furlough on the 11th instant.

EMIGRATION.—*The 19th April 1876.*—Surgeon-Major J. G. French is appointed to be Medical Inspector of Emigrants at Calcutta under Section 9 of Act VII of 1871.

JAILS.—*The 21st April 1876.*—Mr. W. Leonard, Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Jails, is allowed leave for six months, under Sections 5 and 10 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for four days.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 25th April 1876.*—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of Mr. R. Macallister of his appointment as a Municipal Commissioner for the Suburbs of Calcutta.

Mr. A. H. Haggard, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Serampore Sub-Division, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Oottarparah.

ERRATUM.—*The 25th April 1876.*—In the order of the 18th instant, appointing certain gentlemen to be members of the Economic Museum Committee—

For 'Major J. F. Tennant, B.E., Mint Master, Calcutta,' read 'Colonel J. F. Tennant, B.E., Mint Master, Calcutta.'

The following Notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 10th April 1876.—Mr. T. J. Murray, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Second Grade, is appointed to act as Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

R. L. MANGLA,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th April 1876.—In pursuance of the provisions of Section 11 of the Indian Tariff Act, XVI of 1875, it is hereby notified for general information that the excise duty leviable on each gallon of country spirits manufactured in the distilleries in the several districts of Lower Bengal shall be at the following rates from this date:—

BENGAL.

Western Districts.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Rs. A.

Burdwan ..	4 0	where it was formerly Rs. 3-8, Rs. 2-8 where it was formerly Rs. 2, and Re. 1-8 where it was formerly Re. 1.
Bankoora ..	2 0	
Beerbhoom ..	2 0	
Midnapore ..	4 0	where it was formerly Rs. 3, Rs. 2 where it was formerly Re. 1-8, and Re. 1-4 where it was formerly Re. 1.
Hooghly, exclusive of Howrah Town ..	4 0	

Central Districts.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

24-Pergunnahs. exclusive of Suburbs ..	4 0	
Calcutta, inclusive of Suburbs and Howrah Town ..	4 0	
Nuddea ..	4 0	
Jessaore ..	4 0	
Moorshedabad ..	3 8	where it was formerly Rs. 3, and Re. 1-12 where it was formerly Re. 1-8.

RAJSHAHYE AND COOCH BEHAR DIVISIONS.

Dinagepore ..	2 8	
Maldah ..	2 8	
Rajshahye ..	2 8	
Rungpore ..	2 8	
Bogra ..	2 8	
Pubna ..	2 8	
Julpigoree ..	2 0	

Eastern Districts.

DACCA DIVISION.

Rs. A.

Dacca ..	3 8	
Fureedpore ..	3 0	
Backergunge ..	3 0	
Mymensingh ..	3 0	
Tipperah ..	2 0	

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Chittagong ..	2 8	
Noakhully ..	2 0	

BEHAR.

PATNA DIVISION.

Patna ..	2 8	
Gya ..	2 0	
Shahabad ..	2 0	
Mozufferpore ..	2 0	
Durbhunga ..	2 0	
Sarun ..	2 8	
Chumparun ..	2 0	

BHAGULPORE DIVISION.

Monghyr ..	2 0	
Bhagulpore ..	2 0	
Purneah ..	2 0	
Southal Pergunnahs ..	1 8 & Re. 1	

ORISSA.

ORISSA DIVISION.

Cuttack ..	1 0	
Pooree ..	1 0	
Balasore ..	1 0	

CHOTA NAGPORE.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

South-West Frontier Agency.

Hazareebagh ..	1 8	
Lohardugga ..	1 8	
Singbhoom ..	1 8	
Manbhoom ..	1 8	

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th April 1876.—In pursuance of the provisions of Section 11 of the Indian Tariff Act, XVI of 1875, it is hereby further notified for general information that the excise duty leviable on Rum manufactured after the English method in Calcutta and the Suburbs shall be Rs. 4 per-gallon from this date.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Buxar, in the Shahabad district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Buxar shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 24th March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st March 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after 1st May 1876 the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that the Gurbetta sub-division, in the district of Midnapore, shall henceforth be known as the Ghatal sub-division, and shall comprise the thanas of Ghatal, Chunderkona, and Daspore, that the head-quarters of the sub-division shall be located at Ghatal, and that thana Gurbetta shall form part of the sudder sub-division of the district.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India has determined not, under any circumstances, to sell in the calendar year 1877 more than 48,000 chests of Bengal Opium.

The precise number of chests to be sold in 1877 will be announced as soon as the manufacture in the present season is completed.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas Regulation I of 1873 is applicable to the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, and whereas the tusks of wild elephants and rhinoceros' horns found within these tracts are the property of Government, it is hereby notified that any person finding such ivory is bound to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer. Such ivory shall be sold, and half of the price recovered shall be paid to the finder as a reward. All persons now in possession of ivory in the Hill Tracts are required to produce the same before the district or sub-divisional officer and take out passes therefor. No authority is hereby given to kill elephants; except under the circumstances detailed in paragraph 8, Regulation I of 1873.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 25th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a diversion on the Beaulah to Nattore road running from east to west through the villages of Maskhata Digghi, Shomshadipore, Imadpore, and Kapasia, in pergunnah Lushkarpore, in the district of Rajshahye, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 13,585 feet in length with an average breadth of 100 feet, or 94 beeghas 6 cottahs 12 chuttacks of standard measurement is required within the aforesaid villages of Maskhata Digghi, Shomshadipore, Imadpore, and Kapasia.

2. This declaration is made under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 25th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a Rifle Range for the Calcutta Volunteer Corps, in the villages of Tiljala, Ghugudanga, and Baligunge, zillah 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land 3,150 feet in length and 150 feet in average breadth, containing by estimation 33 beeghas of land, more or less, bounded on the north by the Tiljala road; on the east by the Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway fencing; on the south by the Baligunge road; and on the west by lands appertaining to Dihi Punchanogram and pergunnah Saupgachi, is required within the aforesaid villages of Tiljala, Ghugudanga, and Baligunge.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

3. This cancels the Notification dated 4th December 1875, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th December 1875.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a post office at Mosouri, situated in mouzah Ganga Chak, pergunnah Shara, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road from Mosouri to Nohabatpur and a ditch; on the south by waste land and a house in the possession of Shindhar Goala and Lachman Goala; on the east by waste land and a ditch in the khas possession of the landholder; and on the west by waste and cultivated land in the possession of Harbansi Goala, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 8th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the purpose of a public library and reading-rooms in College Square and Rutton Mistry's Lane in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land, measuring 1 beegha 14 chittacks and 42 feet, more or less, of standard measurement, with the buildings situate thereon, bounded as noted below, are required:—

One piece with the partly upper-roomed and partly lower-roomed buildings situate thereon, being No. 15, College Square, Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the piece of land hereinafter mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; on the south by College Square; and on the west by College Street.

One piece, No. 20, Rutton Mistry's Lane, Calcutta, bounded on the north by the house of Dookhyram Mundul; on the south by the wall and buildings of the premises No. 15, College Square, hereinbefore mentioned; on the east by Rutton Mistry's Lane; and on the west by College Street.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that lands should be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for the establishment of an asylum, it is accordingly declared that a piece of ground containing an area of about 2 beeghas 17 cottahs of standard measurement is required for the above purpose in the village of Haritollah, within the suburbs of Calcutta, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The above-mentioned land is bounded on the north by the Campbell Hospital; on the south by the Harapara Road; on the east by the Campbell Hospital land; and on the west by the Calcutta Municipal Depôt and by Sohodeb Poddar's land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1462C.S.

The 20th April 1876.—Mr. Herman Michael Kisch, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Manbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class and with powers of a Moonsif.

The 21st April 1876.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates in the district of Tipperah, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, viz.

Moulvi Imdad Ali Nyan, Zemindar.

„ Hyder Ali Nyan, Talookdar.

Baboo Petambur Tarkabhusun, Talookdar.

The 24th April 1876—Baboo Jadu Nath Mullick, First Subordinate Judge and Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Rajshahye, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th May next.

Baboo Gonesh Chunder Chowdry, Moonsif of Comilla, on leave, is appointed to act as First Subordinate Judge and Small Cause Court Judge of Rajshahye during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Judu Nath Mullick, or until further orders.

The 25th April 1876.—The following officers are vested with the powers noted against their names with effect from the 6th November 1875, instead of from the dates previously notified :—

Mr. C. M. W. Brett	...	} Powers of a Magistrate, 1st Class.
„ H. Savage	...	
„ F. H. Harding	...	
„ H. Lee	...	} Powers of a Magistrate, 2nd Class.
„ D. Norton	...	
„ W. D. Blyth	...	
„ J. Kennedy	...	
„ R. Carstairs	...	

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 20th April 1876.*—Baboo Gopeenath Banerjee, Second Moonsif of Midnapore, is allowed leave for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 30th ultimo.

The unexpired portion of the three months' leave of absence on medical certificate granted to Baboo Sham Lall Halder, B.L., Moonsif of Juggernathdiggy, in the district of Tipperah, on the 17th January 1876, is cancelled.

The 22nd April 1876.—Baboo Judoonath Mookerjee, Moonsif of Raojan, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months, with effect from the 8th of April 1876, or from any subsequent date, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Rajchunder Sandyal, Moonsif of Putnitollah, in the district of Dinagapore, is allowed leave of absence for one month and twelve days, with effect from the 25th April 1876, or from any subsequent date, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 24th April 1876.—Moonshee Sudanund, Moonsif of Hazareebagh, is allowed leave of absence for one month, with effect from the 1st May 1876, or from any subsequent date, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Mohendra Narain Chuckerbutty, Moonsif of Dantoon, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave of absence for four months, with effect from the 17th of April 1876, under Section 21, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The following Notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 12th April 1876.—Mr. L. Hare, c.s., Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Second Grade, Sylhet, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with the powers described in Section 27 (a), 2, 4, 8, and 11 of the Criminal Procedure Code in that district.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that Bhugwan Chundra Bhodro, described in the roll below, who was formerly heristadar of the Third Moonsif's Court at Comillah, and was afterwards dismissed from that appointment for embezzling searching fees, is hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the service of Government in any capacity.

NAME.	Father's name	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Description and other distinguishing marks.	Native place.
Bhugwan Chundra Bhodro ...	Ramgoty Bhodro ...	Hindoo ...	37	Ft. In. 5 5	Dark complexion	Mousah Shooosunda pergunnah Bulda- khar, station Thoria, Zillah Tipperah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that the gentlemen named below have been elected as Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Kishnaghur, in the district of Nuddea, under the provisions of Section 1 of Act II (B.C.) of 1873:—

For Division No. I of the Town.

1. Baboo Umesh Chundra Dutta.
2. „ Nava Krishna Gangooly.

For Division No. II.

1. Baboo Prosonno Coomar Bose, M.A., B.L.
2. „ Jodu Nath Chatterjee, B.A., B.L.
3. „ Chunder Nath Ghose.

For Division No. III.

1. Baboo Mritunjoy Roy.
2. „ Utul Behary Moitra, B.A.
3. „ Hari Mohun Moitra.

For Division No. IV.

1. Baboo Dwarka Nath Sirkar.
2. „ Poresb Nath Sukul.
3. Bhodra Nath Sukul, B.A., B.L.

For Division No. V.

1. Rai Jodu Nath Roy, Bahadoor.
2. Baboo Prosonno Chundra Roy.

For Division No. VI.

1. Baboo Sharoda Proshad Chowdry.
2. „ Bidhu Blusun Roy.

In accordance with paragraph 1 of the Rules published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th December 1875, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Kishnaghur:—

Mr. D. B. Allen, Assistant Magistrate, Nuddea.

Dr. C. E. W. Bensley, Civil Surgeon.

Rev. C. H. Blumherdt, Missionary.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th April 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that under Section 68 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, called the Village Chowkeedaree Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend to the whole of the district of Nuddea the provisions of the said Act with effect from the 1st day of June 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under the provisions of Section 22 of Act VIII of 1859, to exempt Rajah Ram Runjuu Chuckerbutty, of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom, from personal attendance in Civil Courts.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the permanent continuance of the Sub-Registry Office at Phoranbari, in the district of Rungpore, which was opened experimentally for six months on the 1st September last, under the orders of Government dated the 8th June 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form the two following sub-districts in the district of Tipperah :—

1. A new sub-district conterminous with thana Hazigunge, and with its head-quarters at the place of that name, hitherto comprised within the sub-district of Chandpur, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Tubkibagra.

2. A new sub-district, with head-quarters at Nabinaggar, conterminous with thana Gouripara, now included in the sub-district of Maradnagar, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Thorla only.

Moulvie Fiazullah, the present Sub-Registrar of Chandpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Hazigunge.

Baboo Jaggobundhu Gupta is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chandpur.

Moulvie Izizul Islam is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gouripara.

This notification will take effect from 1st May 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th April 1876.—The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Bill having received the assent of the Governor-General, and having been published in this day's *Calcutta Gazette* as Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor directs, with reference to the second paragraph of Section 1 thereof, that the said Act shall come into force on the 1st July 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Arrah Jailor's house in the village, Hamidpore, appertaining to Arrah estate, zillah Shahabad, it is hereby declared that a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha and 18½ dhooors of standard measurement, and bounded on the north by the public road, south by the boundary of Paduman Lal's garden, east by the Government land appertaining to the jail, and west by the garden of Chaudhary Reaz Ali, &c, is required in the aforesaid village, Hamidpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Campbell Medical School and Hospital at Sealdah, Dihi Punchanogram, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring 58 beeghas, more or less, bounded on the north by the Sealdah Small Cause Court premises and the Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway lands; on the east by the same railway lands; on the south by the Municipal Railway and holdings Nos. 19, 21, 22 (34 and 38A), the property respectively of Brojo Nath Kundu, Brindubassini Dassi, Debnaran Chatterjee, and Government, the Muchipara Lane, and holding No. 49, the property of Diljan Ostagur; and on the west by holdings Nos. 33 and 49, the property respectively of Shaikh Abdul Sovan and Diljan Ostagur, and the Lower Circular Road, is required in Sub-division XIX, Division III, Khas Mehal Punchanogram.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected at the Office of the Collector of 24-Pergunnahs at Alipore.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 22nd April 1876.

No. 136.—Transfers.—Mr. F. Sills, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, from the Fourth to the Second Calcutta Division

No. 137.—Mr. P. J. Neuville, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Second Grade, from the Presidency to the Fourth Calcutta Division.

No. 138.—Baboo Gopaul Chunder Mookerjee, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Third Grade, from the Dinagapore to the Presidency Division.

No. 139.—Baboo Denonath Sen, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Presidency Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer of that division pending the arrival of Baboo Gopaul Chunder Mookerjee.

No. 140.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. S. A. Stewart, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, has been allowed an extension of one week's furlough by the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India.

The 24th April 1876.

* Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 604, dated 1st December 1875.

No. 141.—The furlough for one year which was granted* to Mr. G. W. Vivian, Executive Engineer, First Grade, has been converted into two years by the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, under Section 10 (a) of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 142.—Posting.—Mr. S. A. Stewart, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, having reported his return from furlough to Europe, is posted to the Third Calcutta Division.

No. 143.—Transfer.—Mr. A. F. Watson, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Second Grade, from the Third Calcutta to the Dinagapore Division.

No. 144.—Errata—In Notification No. 119, of the 10th April 1876, promoting Mr. Meara, for "1st February 1876," read "25th February 1876."

In Notification No. 133, of the 17th April 1876, opposite the name of Baboo Nobogopaul Banerjee, "for Burdwan Division," read "Midnapore Division."

G. A. D. ANLEY, C.E.,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

No. 145.

NOTIFICATION.

LOCAL ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 24th April 1876.

UNDER the authority conveyed in Section 97 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to prescribe the following forms of annual estimate and accounts required to be prepared and kept under Sections 70 and 77 of that Act in lieu of those ordered in notification No. 99 of 1872.

G. A. D. ANLEY, C.E.,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Forms of Accounts to be kept by District Committees under Section LXXXVII of Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

LIST OF FORMS.

- No. 1. Annual Estimate of Income and Expenditure.—Parts I and II.
- „ 2. Statement of Revenue assessed and realized.
- „ 3. Cash Book.
- „ 4. Cash Abstract Book of Receipts and Expenditure.
- „ 5. Register of Monthly Receipts and Expenditure.
- „ 6. Annual Account Current with Schedule.
- „ 7. Account of Deposits.
- „ 8. Account of Advances.

No. I.
DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Annual Estimate of Income and Expenditure for

Approved at a meeting of the District Road Committee held on the
Number of members present
Number who approved of the Estimate

Vice-Chairman.

No. 1.—PART I.
DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Estimate of Income and Expenditure from *to*

• INCOME.	Estimate for	EXPENDITURE.	Estimate for
REVENUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871—	Rs. A. P.	ON COLLECTION OF REVENUE—	Rs. A. P.
Cess on lands		Establishment	
„ on mines, railways, &c.		Contingent charges	
„ on houses		ON DISTRICT WORKS—	
Fines		Maintenance and Repairs—	Rs. A. P.
ROAD CASSES leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act.		Roads and bridges... ..	
RECEIPTS FROM TOLLS—		River and canal works	
Road tolls		Original Works—	
Canal or river tolls		Roads and bridges... ..	
Net proceeds from ferries		River and canal works	
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund		Establishment	
Sales of produce and stores		Tools and plant	
Fines			
Miscellaneous			
Total INCOME		Total EXPENDITURE	

Rs. A. P.

Estimated balance on the	
Receipts of 187 -7 as above	
Total	
Expenditure of 187 -7 as above	
Probable balance on the	

Vice-Chairman.

No. 1.—PART II.
DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Details of the several items of Income and Expenditure as set forth in the Annual Estimate for 1872-73.

Sub-head of Estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Estimate for
	INCOME.	Rs.
[Here enter, in consecutive order, as in estimate.]	[Here enter details of each source of income, each toll on each road or canal being separately entered. Also the net proceeds from each ferry, each grant from Provincial Funds, and the chief miscellaneous items.]	
	Total estimated Income	
	EXPENDITURE.	Rs.
Establishment for collection of revenue.		
Repairs		
Original Works	[Here enter details setting forth proposed expenditure on each work during the year.]	
And so on		
	Total proposed Expenditure	

No. 2.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Statement of Revenue assessed and realized from the 1st to the

Particulars of source from whence to be realized.	Balance out- standing on the	REVENUE ASSESSED FOR EACH QUARTER.					Total to	REVENUE REALIZED IN EACH QUARTER.				Balance out- standing on the	REMARKS.	
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.		P.	Rs.	A.	P.			Total.
REVENUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871.	Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			(The total of re- venue realised un- der each head for each month should accord with the cash abstract book of receipts.)
Assessments on lands														
Total ...														
Assessments on mines, railways, &c.														
Total ...														
Assessments on houses														
Total ...														
Total assessments under District Road Cess Act of 1871														
Road cesses leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act														
Receipts from tolls														
[Here enter particulars of each Toll Bar.]														
Total Tolls on Roads ...														
[And so on for each description of toll]														

Register of monthly receipts and expenditure for the year.

[illegible]

No. 6.—PART I.
DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from to

	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Collection of Revenue.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
BALANCE ON
{ Cash in hand
{ Advances outstanding
DEDUCT
Balance at credit of deposits
Receipts of the year.			Outlay on District Works.		
{ Cess on lands	{ Roads and bridges	...	...
REVENUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871.	{ River and canal works	...	...
{ " on mines, railways, &c.	ORIGINAL WORKS	...	...
{ " on houses	{ Roads and bridges	...	...
{ Fines	{ River and canal works	...	...
Road cesses leviable otherwise than under District Road Cess Act	Establishment	...	...
RECEIPTS FROM TOLLS	Tools and plant	...	...
{ Road tolls
{ Canal or river tolls
Net proceeds of ferries during the year 187-7
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund
Sales of produce and stores
Fines
Miscellaneous
Total
			BALANCE ON	...	...
			{ Cash in hand	...	...
			{ Advances outstanding	...	...
			DEDUCT	...	...
			Balance at credit of deposits	...	...
			Total	...	...
			Total outlay to be passed	...	...

Passed for Enpass

Members of the Committee.

Vice-Chairman.

No. 6.—PART II.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

*Details of Income and Expenditure for the year
Account for that year.*

to accompany the Annual

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
		INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Total INCOME ..		
		EXPENDITURE.		
		Total EXPENDITURE ...		

Vice-Chairman.

No. 7.

Dr.

ACCOUNT OF DEPOSITS.

Cr.

Deposits refunded.	Amount.	Total.	Deposits received.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
				-	

No. 8.

Dr.

ACCOUNT OF ADVANCES.

Cr.

Advances made.	Amount.	Total.	Advances recorded.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 24th April 1876.

No. 143, *Notification*.—The following Notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for general information :—

"No. 194, dated 20th April 1876.—Mr. A. D'Ortez, First Grade Overseer, Bengal Irrigation Branch, is transferred to the establishment under the Director of State Railways."

No. 144.—With reference to Public Works Department General Branch Notification No. 131, of the 13th instant, republishing an extract from Financial Department's Notification No. 1952, dated the 31st March 1876, relative to the admission of certain officers of Government to the more favourable leave rules, the following list of the officers of this Branch of the Public Works Department, who have been admitted to the benefit of those rules, is republished for general information:—

"OFFICERS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

"D.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

"Engineer Establishment.

Name.	Present grade.	Name.	Present grade.
"1. H. C. Levinge ...	Supdg. Engr., 1st grade.	98. F. Taylor ...	Exe. Engr., 4th grade.
3. J. P. H. Walker ...	Ditto, 2nd grade.	100. R. A. Oldham,	
5. J. L. Parker M.		Assoc. Inst., C. E.	Ditto, ditto.
Inst., C. E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	W. G. L. Cotton...	Ditto, ditto.
16. J. MacMillan ...	Exe. Engr., 1st grade.	132. J. A. Beale ...	Asst. Engr., 1st grade.
17. J. C. Vertannes ...	Ditto, ditto.	136. C. Kriens ...	Ditto, ditto.
23. T. Martin, M.		137. C. E. Livesay ...	Ditto, ditto.
Inst., C. E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	139. P. B. Roberts ...	Ditto, ditto.
37. G. H. Faulkner ...	Exe. Eng., 2nd grade.	140. T. R. Roberts ...	Ditto, ditto.
38. J. Kimber, Assoc.		141. J. F. Williamson...	Ditto, ditto.
Inst., C. E. ...	Ditto, ditto.	190. C. V. S. Cotton ...	Ditto, 2nd grade.
39. G. R. Long ...	Ditto, ditto.	191. G. W. Faulkner ...	Ditto, ditto.
65. F. G. Brooks ...	Ditto, 3rd grade.	192. E. Foster ...	Ditto, ditto.
66. C. Fouracres ...	Ditto, ditto.	194. E. Parsick ...	Ditto, ditto.
67. C. W. Hope ...	Ditto, ditto.	197. A. Salmon ...	Ditto, ditto.
69. F. B. Pemberton ...	Ditto, ditto.	209. J. P. Scotland ...	Ditto, ditto.
70. T. B. Stoney ...	Ditto, ditto.	235. J. P. Cleghorn ...	Ditto, 3rd grade.
92. E. DeGroussilliers...	Ditto, ditto.	236. A. C. Rogers ...	Ditto, ditto.
96. P. Dejour ...	Ditto, 4th grade.	244. H. P. Crane ...	Ditto, ditto."

No. 145.—*Transfers*.—The following subordinates are transferred from the Gunduck Survey to the Lower Gunduck Embankment Division :—

Baboo G. B. Naidoo, Temporary Overseer, Second Grade.

„ Aughore Nath Datta, Probationary Sub-Overseer, First Grade.

No. 146 —*Notifications*.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Mr. F. M. S.

No. 131, dated 3rd April 1876. Douglas, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, left the Gunduck Survey Division on the forenoon of the 11th April 1876 to join the Arrah Division of the Sone Circle.

No. 147.—Mr. C. L. Davies, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, on Special Survey Duty in the South-Western Circle, availed himself of the furlough granted him in the orders marginally noted on the forenoon

No. 42, dated 29th January 1876. of the 7th April 1876.

No. 148.—*Declaration*.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for Drainage Cut No. 1 along the main western canal in its fourth and fifth miles, and passing through or near mouzah Bank, pergunnah Sasseram, zillah Shahabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, about 3.950 feet in length, and from about 85 to 50 feet in width, and measuring 5 acres 1 rood 11.23 poles, more or less, is required as demarcated by the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, officers in or near the aforesaid village in the district of Shahabad.

The plan of the said Drainage Cut may be seen and inspected in the Office of the Executive Engineer, Arrah Division, at Arrah, on any day (holidays excepted) during Office hours.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3495, dated Alipore, the 24th April 1876.—Surgeon D. W. D. Comins received charge of the Purneah Jail from Dr. D. Picachy in the afternoon of the 4th April 1876.

S. S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, L.P.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Monghyr will sit in that Court until further notice for nine days in each month from May next, commencing on the 2nd Monday to 3rd Tuesday, both days inclusive.

J. R. HALLETT, *Offg. Judge.*

MONGHYR SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 18th April 1876.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The Rev. Brownlow Thomas Atlay, M.A., Chaplain of Saint Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, has been appointed to act as Commissary in Calcutta to the Bishop of Madras (at present exercising the jurisdiction and functions of the See of Calcutta) during the absence of his Lordship and the Venerable the Archdeacon from Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, the 25th April 1876.

C. SANDERSON, *Registrar and Secretary.*

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO UMBICA CHARAN RAI CHOWDHARI, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of Pooree Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

T. E. RAVENSHAW, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVN., CUTTACK, the 16th April 1876.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO PORESH NATH SUKUL has been placed in charge of the Nuddea Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1876.

MR. R. H. BENNY, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Loharduggah Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON, *Commr. of Chota Nagpore.*

The 21st April 1876.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

THE Latin subject for the Gilchrist Scholarship Examination of 1877 will be—

Virgil Georgics, Book IV.

„ Æneid, Book IV.

H. WOODROW, *Director of Public Instruction.*

FORT WILLIAM, the 10th April 1876.

It is hereby notified that for the first half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, two Local Committees will be appointed in this division, viz. one Committee at Midnapore for the officers employed in the district of Midnapore, and another Committee at Burdwan, for the officers employed in all the other districts of the Burdwan division except Midnapore.

HORACE COCKERELL, *Commissioner.*

BURDWAN COMMR.'S OFFICE, the 21st April 1876.

It is hereby notified that at the ensuing half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, four local Examination Committees will be held in this division, viz. one at No. 3, Theatre Road, Calcutta, for officers stationed at Calcutta or employed in the 24-Pergunnahs; one at Kishnaghur, for those employed in the district of Nuddea; one at Jessore Sudder Station, for those employed in that district; and one at Berhampore, for those employed in the Moorshedabad district.

C. T. BUCKLAND, *Commissioner.*

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on 16th April 1876.

	Government Golas.	Private Golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga ...	21,05,671	4,00,376	2,95,637	28,01,684
French Kurkutch ...	73,610	...	.....	73,610
Italian Punga ...	51,555	...	.....	51,555
Italian Kurkutch ...	1,49,145	...	.....	1,49,145
Malabar ditto ...	12,740	...	.....	12,740
Bombay ditto ...	1,42,760	...	40,100	1,82,860
Madras ditto ...	2,46,519	...	.....	2,46,519
Coconada ditto ...	10,483	...	.....	10,483
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch and Muscat Rock ...	3,65,362	...	20,218	3,85,580
Tuticorin Kurkutch ...	23,068	23,880	.....	46,948
Cadiz ditto ...	29,876	...	.....	29,876
Aden ditto ...	11,696	...	.....	11,696
Total ...	32,22,485	4,24,256	3,55,955	40,02,696

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd April 1876.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

OPIMUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 356B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1874-75, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 4th May 1876, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,920 chests, viz.—

Behar Opium ...	...	...	...	Chests. 2,235
Benares „ ...	...	...	...	1,685
Total ...	...	...	...	3,920

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1875, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th May 1876 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th May 1876.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 7th June 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Wednesday, 5th July 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Thursday, 3rd August 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto Wednesday, 6th September 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Friday, 6th October 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Thursday, 2nd November 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto Friday, 1st December 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Total ...	15,625	11,775	27,400

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 28th March 1876.

[REGISTERED NO. 29.]

No. 14 of 1876.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1876.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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SERVICES OF GOVERNMENT OFFICERS AND OTHERS DURING THE VISIT OF H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

No. 253, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal.
To—The Chairman of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

I AM directed to request that you will be so good as to communicate to the Justices the cordial thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for their zealous, effective, and most useful assistance in all matters relating to the reception of the Prince of Wales during His Royal Highness' visit to Calcutta.

No. 251, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal.
To—The Chairman of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

I AM directed to communicate to the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for the good service and assistance rendered by them during His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' visit to Calcutta, and more especially on the occasions of His

No. 248, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Secretary to the Illumination Committee, Calcutta.

I AM directed to request that you will communicate to the Illumination Committee an expression of the very cordial acknowledgments of the Government of Bengal for the eminently successful result of their long-sustained exertions, as manifested on the evening of the 24th ultimo, by the illumination in honor of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The manner in which all classes, European and Native, official and non-official, raised a large subscription, and combined together to render the effect uniformly brilliant throughout the long line of operations, was such as to evince the highest degree of loyalty and the public spirit of the community of Calcutta. The Lieutenant-Governor has every reason to believe that the display was graciously approved by His Royal Highness.

2. I am to add that the Lieutenant-Governor's entire approval has been separately communicated to the Public Works Department for their share in the work, which consisted in the illumination of the large buildings belonging to Government.

No. 252, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to request that you will accept the very cordial thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for your personal and unremitting efforts during the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to Calcutta. The recognition which His Royal Highness was graciously pleased to make of those efforts in investing you with the dignity of Knighthood is the best possible proof of their entire success.

2. I am to request also that you will communicate to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Lambert, the Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgment of the valuable and assiduous services rendered by that officer on that very important occasion.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor observed with great satisfaction the good conduct of many of the Police Inspectors on the same occasion, and His Honor requests that you will be good enough to submit the names of the most deserving for the information of Government.

No. 254, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Officiating Commissioner of Patna.

I AM directed to communicate to you the very best thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for the skill, forethought, and management displayed by you in the preparations made for the reception of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales at Bankipore, the entire success of which arrangements is eminently creditable to you.

No. 250, dated Calcutta, the 19th January 1876.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Officiating Inspector-General of Police.

I AM directed to communicate to you the Lieutenant-Governor's cordial acknowledgment of the excellent and efficient manner in which all the police arrangements in the interior of Bengal were devised by you, and carried out by your department, during the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET ESTIMATES OF THE CALCUTTA PORT COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR 1876-77.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MARINE—CALCUTTA PORT TRUST—No. 944.

Calcutta, the 3rd April 1876.

READ—

Letter No. 2430, dated 4th March 1876, from the Officiating Vice-Chairman to the Port Commissioners, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Port of Calcutta for the year 1876-77.

1. The estimates have, as last year, been drawn up completely and clearly.

2. They have been drawn up precisely in the same form as last year, and consist of the following five parts:—

Part I.—Jetties.

Part II.—Inland Vessels' Wharves..

Part III.—Strand bank lands.

Part IV.—Port or River Division.

Part V.—Loans and New Works.

The first four heads constitute the revenue account, and the fifth the capital account, a separation of which was ordered by the Government of India in resolution of the Public Works Department, Nos. 778-80A.G.

3. The appendices to the estimates give details of control, of working expenses of dredger, of interest and sinking fund, of engineering, of municipal taxes and repairs for servants' quarters, and of assessment of store-yards, workshops, and lascars' quarters, the expenditure on which is distributed between the several parts of the estimates, *i.e.*, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th.

4. Appendix A.—The charges on account of control establishments have been redistributed with the view of debiting one-tenth of the head office expenses to the Hooghly Bridge accounts, and of relieving the port and jetty divisions of the estimates of one-twentieth of the charge.

Appendix F, which gives details of assessment of store-yards, workshops, and lascars' quarters, has been added to the estimates.

5. In the estimates numbered 1 to 41 are given detailed explanations of all other items which appear in each of the five parts, *viz.* :—

1 to 10—Details of Jetties, Part I.

11 to 15 " of Inland Wharves, Part II.

16 to 22 " of Strand Bank Lands, Part III.

23 to 39 " of Port or River Division, Part IV.

40 to 41 " of Loans and New Works, Part V.

6. The points which require to be noticed in connection with the detailed estimates are the following :—

Receipts from Jetties.—Estimate No. 1.

(1.) It is estimated that the receipts from the jetties will give an increase of Rs 32,000 in 1876-77 as compared with the previous year. It is satisfactory to note that this year an increase in both the sources of income under this head is expected. The receipts from imports are reckoned at Rs. 5,00,000, and those from exports at Rs. 42,000, making a total of Rs. 5,42,000. The grand total will be Rs. 5,42,000 plus Rs. 18,500 received in repayment of loans advanced to Parts II and III in 1875-76, which is equal to Rs. 5,60,500.

Repairs of Jetties, Sheds, Tramway, Compound.—Estimate No. 3.

(2.) The estimate for 1876-77 is Rs. 10,000, and the actual expenditure for ten months for 1875-76 has been Rs. 8,094. During the year it was found necessary to employ the fire-engine *Hooghly* frequently, when the state of the tides permitted, in washing away the accumulation of silt from the jetty pitched slope. The requirements for 1876-77 are therefore reckoned on actual expenditure, that is, Rs. 10,000 for repairs, and Rs. 3,500 for removal of silt from jetty slope, which make in all a total of Rs. 13,500.

Salaries of Jetty Establishments.—Estimate No. 5.

(3.) The estimate under this head is Rs. 1,24,042 showing an increase of

this increase is owing to the provision for two extra drivers at Rs. 100 each per mensem under the head "Crane Establishment." These men are provided to meet the constant requisitions for working at night. The remaining portion of the increase (Rs. 2,188) is due to slight increases in establishments under the heads "Jetty Office," "Jetty Collection Department," "Landing and Delivery," and "Import Warehouse."

Working expenses of Jetties.—Estimate No. 6.

(4.) This estimate exceeds that of last year by Rs. 3,000. Under the head of "Coolie labour for exports" an increased provision of Rs. 2,500 is made for cost of extra labour, as the receipts from this source are expected to increase. An extra provision of Rs. 500 is made under the head of "Stationery and printing charges," as the forms, tally books, manifests, and cart tickets now used are largely in excess of former requirements.

Municipal Taxes on Jetty Enclosures.—Estimate No. 7.

(5.) The Municipal tax will amount to Rs. 33,640, against Rs. 36,699 in 1875-76. The decrease of Rs. 3,059 is due to the reduction of $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in the house and water-rates.

New works to be met from Jetty Revenue.—Estimate No. 9.

(6.) The sum to be transferred from revenue to Part V, Capital Account, for new works, will amount to Rs. 1,06,500, against Rs. 23,200 in 1875-76. The excess is due to an increased provision being made for new works at the jetties.

Rent of Seebpore Chur Land.—Estimate No. 10.

(7.) Provision has been made for Rs. 4,000, the amount to be paid to Government as annual rent for the chur land at Seebpore, which will be made over, at the expiration of a year from date of notice to the present lessee, to the Commissioners with a view to its utilization for purposes connected with the timber trade of the port. The charge will be met from jetty funds as a temporary measure.

Receipt from Inland Vessels' Wharves.—Estimate No. 11.

(8.) The receipts estimated at Rs. 3,32,000 show an increase of Rs. 43,376 as compared with the previous year. The anticipated increase is based upon the grant of a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 applied for by the Port Commissioners for the purpose of completing the purchase of land required for the new riverside road. This Government, in its letter No. 445, dated 15th February 1876, addressed to the Government of India, in the Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department, recommended the grant of the loan to the Commissioners. If, however, the loan is not granted, the receipts now counted upon will be reduced, but, on the other hand, there will be a corresponding reduction in the charges for interest and maintenance.

Repairs of Inland Vessels' Wharves.—Estimate No. 12.

(9.) A sum of Rs. 30,000 is provided under this head, against Rs. 12,000 in the year 1875-76. This amount will possibly be in excess of the actual requirements, but as there may be much to do in the way of making up and protecting the bank, metalling the road with stone, &c., provision is made for this sum, which will include all labour, such as bhicstees, sweepers, &c., employed for conservancy and maintenance purposes.

Salaries—Inland Vessels' Wharves.—Estimate No. 13.

(10.) The estimate, Rs. 51,780, shows an increase of Rs. 912 as compared with the year 1875-76. The increase is owing partly to the pay of the Superintendent being raised from Rs. 300 to 400 per mensem, by an annual increment of Rs. 50, and partly to the provision of an establishment at a cost of Rs. 312 per annum for looking after the pontoon at Cossipore.

Working Expenses—Inland Vessels' Wharves.—Estimate No. 14.

accepted the liability to bear the cost of nine lamps on the Strand Bank which were formerly maintained by the Justices, and to provision having been made for lighting the new wharf between Aheereetollah and Permit Ghâts.

New works from revenue of Inland Vessels' Wharves.—Estimate No. 15.

(12.) The estimate under this head is Rs. 87,000, against Rs. 1,20,000 in 1875-76. The amount (Rs. 87,000) is made up of two items, viz. Rs. 73,500 to be transferred to the capital account for new works, and Rs. 13,500 for the repayment of the loan received from Part I in 1875-76.

Strand Bank Rents.—Estimate No. 16.

(13.) The receipts estimated at Rs. 1,04,794 show an increase of Rs. 4,000 as compared with the previous year. This estimate is based upon the actual receipts from the monthly rental of the Strand Bank lands.

Repairs to Strand Bank Lands.—Estimate No. 17.

(14.) There is an increase of Rs. 4,000 as compared with the estimate for 1875-76, owing to the provision of a special grant for drainage and latrines, &c.

Salaries—Strand Bank Lands.—Estimate No. 18.

(15.) The estimate for salaries shows an increase of Rs. 120, viz. from Rs. 1,276 in 1875-76 to Rs. 1,396 in 1876-77. The increase is due to the rent collector's pay being raised from Rs. 80 to Rs. 90 per mensem, and it is raised with a view to make his pay commensurate with his increased work and responsibility.

Municipal Taxes on Strand Bank Lands.—Estimate No. 19.

(16.) Municipal taxes will amount to Rs. 7,879 as against Rs. 7,312 in 1875-76, in consequence of the Justices having increased the assessment from the last quarter of 1875.

Amount to be transferred to Part I.—Estimate No. 22.

(17.) Provision is made for a sum of Rs. 5,000, which is to be transferred to Part I in repayment of loan received in 1875-76.

Receipts from Harbour Masters' Department.—Estimate No. 24.

(18.) The receipts estimated at Rs. 1,35,000 show a decrease of Rs. 3,000 as compared with the previous year. The estimate is based upon the actual receipts of 1875-76.

Wreck and Anchor Receipts.—Estimate No. 25.

(19.) The income is reckoned at Rs. 15,000, showing a decrease of Rs. 2,500 as compared with the year 1875-76. The estimate is based upon the actual collections of the previous year.

Interest of Government Securities.—Estimate No. 28.

(20.) There will be an increased income of Rs. 1,000 over the estimate (Rs. 20,110) for the year 1875-76.

Fines for Breach of Port Rules.—Estimate No. 33.

(21.) The receipts under this head are estimated at Rs. 400, showing a decrease of Rs. 350 as compared with 1875-76. The estimate is based upon the actual receipts of the past year.

Repairs of Boats, Vessels, &c., of the Port.—Estimate No. 35.

(22.) The estimate, Rs. 15,000, shows a decrease of Rs. 1,300 as compared with the year 1875-76.

Port Working Expenses.—Estimate No. 36.

(23.) There is an increase of Rs. 2,500 in the working expenses over the estimate for the year 1875-76.

Salaries of Port Works Establishment.—Estimate No. 87.

(24.) The estimate for establishments employed on port works shows an increase of Rs. 144, which is due to annual increments of pay under the head "Port Pilotage Collecting Department," but this increase is reduced by Rs. 6 by a revision of the establishments under the heads "Heave-up boats," "Anchor and mooring boats, No. 1 Experiment," and "Fire-engine boat *Houghly*." The total increase therefore is Rs. 138.

Probable balance on the 1st April 1876.—Estimates Nos. 42-46.

	Rs.
(25.) Part I.—Jetties	55,861
Part II.—Inland Vessels' Wharves	389
Part III.—Strand Bank Lands	95
Part IV.—Port or River Division... ..	17,749
Part V.—Capital Account	43,269
Total	1,17,383

Loan and Interest Account.

(26.) The Commissioners make provision for payments from revenue of interest and sinking fund as below :—

	Rs.
Debitable to Jetties	1,60,062
„ to Inland Wharves	1,26,444
„ to Strand Bank	32,681
„ to Port or River Division	85,876
Total	4,05,063
„ to Bridge	2,165
Grand total	4,07,228

Of this grand total, Rs. 3,01,039 are payments on account of interest, and Rs. 1,06,189 are repayments of principal. The total loan liability of the Commissioners at the close of the year 1875-76 is Rs. 44,17,570-1, exclusive of the original Port debt of Rs. 17,65,000, the principal of which is not repayable. The item of Rs. 2,165 shown above as payable by the Bridge Commissioners is made up of the following two sums :—

	Rs.
As rent for the quarters occupied by the officer in charge of the bridge	1,133
As rent for quarters in the new office.	1,032
Total	2,165

Revenue Account.

(27.) The following tabular statement shows the estimate of the Revenue Account from 1st April 1876 to 31st March 1877 :—

Estimate of Receipts and Expenditure for 1876-77.

RECEIPTS.

Particulars.	Jetties.	Wharves.	Strand Bank.	Port Proper.	Bridge.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance on 1st April 1876	55,861	389	95	17,749	.....	74,094
Receipts	5,60,500	3,32,000	1,04,794	4,18,806	2,165	14,18,355
	6,16,361	3,32,389	1,04,889	4,36,645	2,165	14,92,449

EXPENDITURE.

Payment of loans, interest, &c. ...	1,60,002	1,26,444	22,681	25,876	3,165	4,67,229
New Works ...	1,06,500	73,500	...	...	...	1,80,000
Repairs ...	21,500	30,000	...	9,000	13,000	74,100
Salaries ...	1,24,043	81,790	1,396	1,87,637	...	2,35,985
Engineering ...	4,910	2,455	2,455	...	...	9,820
Control ...	24,131	14,624	4,476	34,131	...	87,766
Working Expenses ...	69,086	18,093	...	36,162	...	1,23,970
Reserve Fund ...	10,000	...	...	...	...	10,000
Taxes ...	25,926	713	8,023	2,266	...	46,945
Annual payment to Government ...	4,000	...	37,292	...	...	41,292
Repayment of Loan to Part I ...	...	13,500	5,000	...	...	14,500
Depreciation Account ...	...	...	...	55,110	...	55,110
River Police Establishment ...	...	...	...	35,744	...	35,744
Pensions and Gratuities ...	...	...	...	3,772	...	3,772
Insurance ...	...	...	3,000	...	...	3,000
Moordafarash Establishment ...	...	...	...	1,500	...	1,500
Total ...	5,73,067	3,31,712	1,04,323	4,27,738	2,165	14,39,005*
Probable balance on 31st March 1877 ...	43,294	677	566	8,907	...	53,444†

* The grand total receipts and expenditure will be as below:—

Receipts.					Rs.
Revenue receipts ...	...	...	...	...	14,92,440
Capital Account receipts ...	...	...	...	...	11,94,299
Total ...					26,86,739
Deduct Bridge receipts ...	...	...	...	...	2,103
Grand total ...					26,84,636 (a)
Expenditure.					Rs.
Revenue expenditure ...	...	...	...	...	14,39,005
Capital Account expenditure ...	...	...	...	...	11,87,060
Total ...					26,26,065
Deduct Bridge expenditure ...	...	...	...	...	2,165
Grand total ...					26,23,900 (b)

(a) Vide page 1 of Estimates.

(b) Vide page 1 of Estimates.

† Add balance on 31st March 1877 of capital account, and the grand total balance will be:—

					Rs.
Revenue Account balance ...	...	...	...	...	53,444
Capital Account balance ...	...	...	...	...	7,229
Grand total balance on 31st March 1877 ...					60,673

(28.) It appears from the above estimate that the expenditure falls short of the receipts of the year by Rs. 53,444, which is satisfactory.

New Works.

(29.) The assets and outlay on capital account for new works may be shown as follows:—

Amounts which have been debited on the revenue account as transferred to capital account—vide Part I (Jetties) of the estimates* Rs. 1,06,500 and Part II (Inland wharves†) Rs. 73,500					Rs.
* No. 9.	...	...	...	...	1,80,000
† No. 15.	...	...	...	...	5,20,000
Undrawn balance‡ of sanctioned loans ...	...	...	...	...	2,96,000
Loans applied‡ for but not yet sanctioned ...	...	...	...	...	1,50,000
Loans to be applied‡ for ...	...	...	...	...	5,000
Other receipts‡ ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...					11,51,000
Add available balance on 1st April 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	43,239
Total ...					11,94,239
Outlay on account of new works as shown in Part V of the estimates§					11,87,060
Probable balance on 31st March 1877 ...					7,229

Rs. 7,229 is therefore the balance that will be available under the capital account, while Rs. 53,444 are shown as working balances under the different items of the revenue account.

7. The Lieutenant-Governor approves generally, under section 50, Act V (B.C.) of 1870, of the estimates of income and expenditure of the Commissioners for the year 1876-77.

8. He is glad to take advantage of this annual occasion to reiterate the expression of his thanks for the skill and attention given by the Commissioners and their Chairman and Vice-Chairman to the affairs of the Calcutta Port.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																								
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULBUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.												
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.										
BENGAL																										
Western Districts.																										
1	Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Beerbhoom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Honghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																										
	Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	24-Pergunnahs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Nudda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Moorshedabad*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Dinapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Maldah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Rajshahye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Rungpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Pubna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Darjeeling*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Julpigoree	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Districts																										
18	Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Furzedpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Backergunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*Returns not received.

- A In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 19 to 23 seers, barley 36 to 42 seers, rice best sort 20 to 25-4 seers, rice common 22-8 to 27 seers, and gram 22 to 36 seers.
- B In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 19 to 22 seers, barley 24 to 40 seers, rice best sort 15-8 to 23-8 seers, rice common 23 to 24 seers, maize 25 to 35 seers, and gram 20 to 22 seers.
- C In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 20 to 29 seers, barley 25 to 27 seers, rice best sort 22-8 to 30 seers, rice common 24 to 35 seers, and gram 23 to 35 seers.
- D In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18-8 to 22 seers, barley 26 to 32 seers, rice best sort 11 seers, rice common 20 to 26 seers, and gram 18 to 26-8 seers.
- E In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 16 to 18-12 seers, barley 20 seers, rice best sort 9 to 40-8 seers, rice common 16 to 17-12 seers, and gram 20 to 22-8 seers.
- F In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 7 to 17 seers, rice best sort 15 to 22 seers, rice common 20 to 25-8 seers, and gram 15-8 to 32 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 30th March 1876.

THE SEKE OF 80 TOLAS

GREAT MILLET— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— KAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FINEWOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	
...	29 0	27 0	30 0	300 0	260 0	240 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Burdwan.
...	45 0	45 0	37 0	{ 21 0 to 24 0 }	21 0	16 4	360 0	360 0	480 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	Bankoora.
...	40 0	...	24 0	24 0	17 8	200 0	200 0	220 0	8 4	8 4	8 8	Beerbhoom.
...	18 0	20 0	14 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Midnapore.
...	{ 23 0 to 23 0 }	{ 22 0 to 23 0 }	{ 16 0 to 16 8 }	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	Hooghly.
...	21 0	21 4	20 0	130 0	120 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Howrah.
Central Districts.																		Calcutta.
24 0	24 0	17 0	...	...	...	24 0	25 0	18 0	22 0	21 0	17 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	24-Pergunnahs.
...	20 0	20 0	13 5	90 0	100 0	120 0	8 12	8 12	9 0	Nudda.
...	32 0	29 0	26 5	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 2	9 2	8 10	Jessore.
...	21 0	23 0	20 0	92 0	92 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Moorshedabad.
...	27 0	27 0	12 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	Dinapore.
...	40 0	40 0	23 0	24 0	23 0	16 0	160 0	170 0	180 0	8 4	8 4	8 0	Maldah.
...	24 0	24 0	...	{ 24 0 to 35 10 }	{ 24 0 to 30 0 }	{ 15 0 to 20 10 }	320 0	320 0	240 0	8 5	8 5	7 15	Rajshahye.
...	18 0	18 0	15 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rungpore.
...	18 4	18 12	16 0	67 8	67 8	67 5	8 4	7 8	7 8	Bogra.
...	26 4	26 4	16 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	Pabna.
Darjeeling.																		Jainporee.
...	13 3	13 3	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 1	6 0	6 1	Eastern Districts.
...	22 14	22 12	14 8	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	Dacca.
...	22 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 4	Fureadpore.
...	21 0	21 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Backergunge.
...	19 0	19 0	13 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	Mymensinga.

G In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 16 seers, rice best sort 23 seers, rice common 25 seers, and gram 25 seers.

H In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 26-4, rice best sort 15-12 seers, rice common 21 seers, and gram 30 seers.

I In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 20 to 30 seers, rice best sort 15 to 18 seers, rice common 20 seers, less or millet 40 seers, and gram 22-8 seers.

J In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 30 seers, rice best sort 11 seers, rice common 23 seers, and gram 20 seers.

K In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 10 to 12 seers, rice best sort 11-5 to 13-3 seers, rice common 14 to 20 seers, and gram 13 to 13-3 seers.

L In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 22 seers, barley 50 seers, rice best sort 15 to 21 seers, rice common 17 to 23 seers, and gram 16 seers.

M In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 26 seers, barley 40 seers, rice best sort 9 seers, rice common 19 to 24-8 seers, and gram 16 seers.

N In the interior the prices range as follow:—Rice best sort 15 to 20-4 seers, rice common 20 to 23 seers, paddy 35 to 45 seers, and gram 12 to 21 seers.

O In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 12 to 20 seers, rice best sort 12 to 21 seers, rice common 17-12 to 25 seers, and gram 9-8 to 16 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY														
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.

Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)

		S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.
22	Chittagong	14	0	11	0	10	8	...	...	...	15	0	14	0	15	0	20	0	...
23	Noakholly ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	0	12	0	15	0	17	0	...
24	Tipperah	15	0	16	0	11	0	...	...	...	14	0	14	0	13	0	21	0	...
25	Chittagong Hill Tracts ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	5	13	5	13	5	14	8	...
	Hill Tipperah	9	5	9	5	10	0	...	...	...	16	0	15	0	14	0	20	0	...

BEHAR.

26	Patna	...	...	...	..	30	0	30	0	19	0	40	0	40	0	34	0	13	0	12	0	10	0	25	0	25	0	16	0	...	...	...
						R																												
27	Gya	...	...	...	...	24	8	24	8	19	0	39	8	42	0	28	0	11	4	11	8	11	8	23	4	23	8	23	0	...	...	..
						S																												
28	Shahabad	...	...	...	...	23	0	22	0	19	0	35	0	36	0	23	0	21	0	21	0	17	0	22	8	22	8	23	0	...	...	...
						T																												
29	Durbhunga	20	12	20	12	17	8	33	0	36	4	29	0	13	0	{	12 0 10 13	}	17	8	14	4	16	7	18	8	
						U																												
30	Mozufferpore...	...	...	...	...	19	0	19	0	11	0	35	0	35	0	...	12	0	12	0	8	0	16	0	17	0	13	0	...	...	...
31	Sarun	...	...	...	...	22	0	22	0	19	0	43	0	43	0	30	0	10	0	10	0	9	0	23	4	23	4	24	0	...	...	...
						V																												
32	Chumpanun	...	...	...	...	24	0	24	0	15	0	35	0	35	0	...	9	0	9	0	8	0	23	0	23	0	21	0	...	...	...
33	Monghyr	...	...	...	...	28	3	26	2	17	8	36	7	36	7	24	1	16	8	12	6	14	7	19	0	18	9	19	4	...	...	...
34	Bhagulpore	...	...	...	...	21	8	24	0	18	15	35	13	40	0	33	13	18	15	22	11	20	3	20	3	25	4	23	11	...	...	...
35	Purneah	...	...	...	...	18	0	18	0	14	0	...	...	...	...	...	17	0	20	0	21	0	20	0	23	0	22	0	...	...	..	...
						Y																												
36	Southal Pergunnahs	18	0	18	0	12	0	...	24	0	20	0	18	0	13	0	24	0	22	0	21	0	40	0	40	0	40	0

ORISSA.

37	Cuttack	21	0	21	0	17	11	...	...	...	17	1	18	6	18	6	23	14	31	8
38	Pooree	17	1	18	6	17	1	...	...	...	18	6	21	0	23	10	23	10	26	4
39	Balasore	20	0	20	0	16	0	...	...	...	28	0	28	0	18	0	32	0	32	0

CHOTA NAGPORE.

South-Western Frontier Agency.

40	Hasarabagh	21	0	21	0	22	0	30	0	30	0	24	0	12	0	12	0	10	0
41	Lohardugga	26	0	24	0	16	0	36	0	40	0	28	0	26	0	26	0	18	0
42	Singbhoom	20	0	20	0	16	0	32	0	32	0	...	...	18	0	18	0	14	0
43	Manbhoom	18	0	18	0	16	0	32	0	32	0	30	0	16	0	16	0	14	0

P In the interior the prices range as follow :—Rice best sort 16 to 20 seers, and rice common 18 to 24 seers.
Q In the interior the prices range as follow :—Rice best sort 13 to 22 seers, and rice common 17 to 21 seers.
R In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 23 to 28 seers, barley 35 to 45 seers, rice best sort 19-12 seers, and rice common 20-4 to 27 seers, lesser millet 40 to 45 seers, maize 32-8 to 40-12 seers, and gram 30 to 34 seers.
S In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 29 seers, barley 36 to 45 seers, rice best sort 12 to 14 seers, rice common 23 to 27-8 seers, bulrush millet 30 to 31 seers, great millet 26 to 33 seers, lesser millets 40 seers, maize or Indian corn 33 to 40 seers, and gram 34 to 39 seers.
T In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 23 seers, barley 24 to 40 seers, rice best sort 14 to 18-14 seers, rice common 16 to 21 seers, lesser millets 23-10 to 32 seers, maize 25 to 40 seers, and gram 24 to 32 seers.
U In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 25 seers, barley 36 to 45 seers, rice best sort 12-10 to 14 seers, rice common 18-8 to 24 seers, lesser millets 21 to 45 seers, maize 30 to 42-8 seers, and gram 30 to 34 seers.
In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 31 seers, barley 30 to 55 seers, rice best sort 13 to 18 seers, rice common 18 to 26 seers, lesser millets 29 to 45 seers, maize 36 to 45 seers, and gram 23 to 30 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 30th March 1876.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAS.

GRASS MILLET— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LEASER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	

Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)

S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	
...	17 0	17 0	12 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Chittagong.
...	16 0	16 0	10 8	250 0	280 0	280 0	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	Noakholly.
...	19 0	19 0	12 8	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	Tipperah.
...	240 0	240 0	280 0	6 10	6 10	7 4	7 4	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
...	11 6	10 5	9 6	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 2	7 2	Hill Tipperah.

BEHAR.

40 0	40 0	35 0	...	...	...	42 0	42 8	28 0	34 0	34 8	31 0	150 0	15 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Patna.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37 0	25 8	28 8	30 0	19 0	180 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	Gya.
36 0	37 8	...	...	...	...	40 0	31 8	19 0	35 0	35 0	19 0	180 0	18 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Shahabad.
...	...	...	29 0	29 0	20 0	35 0	34 0	24 0	31 13	30 12	27 0	178 0	178 0	200 0	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 0	Durbhunga.
...	...	...	40 0	40 0	20 0	40 0	37 8	28 0	26 0	26 0	25 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	Muzafferpore.
44 0	43 0	...	38 0	38 0	25 0	42 0	41 0	31 0	25 0	32 8	25 0	180 0	160 0	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	7 12	Saran.
...	...	...	...	...	38 0	50 0	50 0	32 0	25 0	25 0	18 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	Chumpanam.
...	...	...	...	...	...	35 7	34 6	25 2	36 7	33 6	22 5	168 0	147 0	147 0	8 9	8 4	7 8	7 8	Monghyr.
...	...	...	...	...	...	37 15	40 0	27 12	27 12	30 6	20 3	164 2	176 12	151 8	8 3	8 3	8 3	8 3	Biagulpore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 0	22 0	20 0	160 0	13 0	160 0	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	Purneah.
...	...	...	...	...	...	40 0	40 0	40 0	23 0	20 0	14 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Santhal Pergunahs.

ORISSA.

...	...	...	21 0	21 0	21 0	...	...	...	28 14	30 3	18 6	20 0	20 0	200 0	13 0	13 0	10 10	10 10	Cuttack.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 0	21 0	17 1	100 0	100 0	100 0	14 7	14 7	12 0	12 0	Pooree.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	Balasore.

CHOTA NAGPORE.

South-Western Frontier Agency.

...	...	...	38 0	38 0	33 0	30 0	30 0	20 0	24 0	22 0	21 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Hazareebagh.
...	...	...	40 0	48 0	38 0	...	30 0	...	24 0	24 0	15 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 0	Lohardugga.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	Singbhoom.
...	...	...	64 0	64 0	...	36 0	36 0	28 0	18 0	18 0	16 0	240 0	240 0	280 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	Manbhoom.

W In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 25 seers, barley 31 seers, rice best sort 18 to 22 seers, rice common 20 to 25 seers, lesser millets 26 seers, maize 36 seers, and gram 18 to 24 seers.

X In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 20 seers, rice best sort 17 to 20 seers, rice common 20 to 23 seers, and gram 21 to 23 seers.

Y In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 24 seers, barley 44 seers, rice best sort 20 to 26 seers, rice common 22 to 30 seers, bulrush millet 40 to 45 seers, maize 32 to 45 seers, and gram 20 to 30 seers.

Z In the interior the prices range as follow :—Rice best sort 23-10 seers, rice common 28-14 seers, and gram 21 seers.

A A In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 25 seers, barley 25 to 45 seers, rice best sort 11 seers, rice common 24-8 to 26-4 seers, lesser millet 40 to 45 seers, maize 29 to 40 seers, and gram 24 to 26-10 seers.

B B In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 20 seers, barley 16 seers, rice best sort 24 to 30 seers, rice common 26 to 28 seers, maize 40 seers and gram 16 to 24 seers.

Published for general information.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 1st April 1876.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Apl. 3, 1876	19	Weather—Rainfall at Culna 0.47, Hood-hood 0.15, and Cutwa nil. Cholera is abating in Raneegunge, but prevalent in Culna.
	2 Bankoora „ 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Generally dry and hot, but there was some rain on the north-eastern border of the district. No change in the state and prospects of the crops. Rain is wanted especially for indigo. Cholera is abating.
	3 Beerbhoom, „ 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Dry, with hot westerly wind. No change in the state and prospects of the crops. Rain is wanted.
	4 Midnapore, „ 1, „	0.38	Weather—Seasonable. The rain is derived from partial thunder-storms, which are not general, and less in the south than in the north. Every fall is beneficial. Cholera and small-pox continue in certain portions of the district.
	5 Hooghly, „ 1, „	Inappreciable.	Weather—Close and sultry. Cloudy at intervals. No sowings reported as going on. Land is being prepared for <i>aus</i> , <i>rahar</i> , and late indigo. <i>Cucumbers</i> , <i>pauloffs</i> , early indigo, and <i>jali dhan</i> , still doing well. Mangoes indifferent from want of water. Rain greatly needed. Wheat and barley harvest almost over. Cholera is bad all over the district, especially in Hooghly and Serampore. Small-pox is abating. Fever ceased.
	Howrah, „ 1, „	10	Weather—Sky clouded with indications of rain. Heavy storm on Wednesday but an inappreciable fall of rain. Ground is still under preparation for sowings. More rain would be appreciated.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 3, 1876	0.48	Weather—Hot; windy. More rain is required for the preparation of ground for spring sowings. Cases of cholera continue to be reported from every part of the district.
	7 Nuddea, „ 1, „	0.20	Weather—Rain in nearly all the sub-divisions, but heavy only in Meherpore and Chooadangah. There are no crops on the ground except indigo, which is fair. The preparations for sowings of early rice have progressed. Cholera is spreading. It is bad in the north of the Meherpore sub-division and in the Sudder.
	8 Jessore, „ 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Clear and dry; wind from south. October indigo, <i>teel</i> oil-seed, and spring rice, promising. Rain is generally wanted. Cholera is prevalent at the Sudder station, and here and there in the district.
	9 Moorsshedabad, „ 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Temperature generally close and hot, cloudy, and sometimes windy. Cold weather crop almost entirely gathered. Outturn of about 10 or 11 annas. Prospects of the <i>boro dhan</i> good. Indigo, mulberry, and sugarcane, are fair. Cholera is prevailing at Rampore Haut, Jungypore, at thanas Sujagunge, Goas, Jellinghee, and Bhurutpoor. Also prevails in Berhampore.
RAJSHAHY DIV.	10 Dinagepore, Mar. 31, „	Nil.	Weather—Very hot; strong west winds. Prospects of the <i>boro dhan</i> crop are bad. Rain is much wanted to enable sowings of <i>bhadoe</i> rice. Cholera is prevailing in a few villages, but not in an epidemic form.
	11 Maldah, Apl. 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Getting warmer, with occasional dust-storms. Cloudy on the 1st instant, with a promise of rain very shortly. No change in the state of the crops. <i>Rubhee</i> is being reaped. During the week nineteen cases of cholera reported, eight terminating fatally. This disease is reported to be increasing.
	12 Rajshahye, „ 1, „	22	Weather—There was slight rain at a few places on the 28th; insufficient, however, to benefit the crops. The <i>rublee</i> crops have suffered considerably from want of rain. Such as have been already cut have given scarcely half the average outturn. In Mandah, Janore, and Bagmain, the prospects of the <i>boro dhan</i> crop are decidedly unfavorable. In other parts, such as Poothea and Burrigong, the crop is at present in a much better condition. Several cases of cholera have been reported in various quarters; also some cases of small-pox.
	13 Rangpore, Mar. 31, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot, with strong westerly wind. Sowings of rice delayed from continual drought.
	14 Bogra, Apl. 1, „	Nil.	No change in the character of the weather since last week. State and prospects of the crops are same as before. Rain is wanted for ploughing.
	15 Pubna, „ 1, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot. State and prospects of the crops are fair, but rain is much wanted. Cholera is spreading.

* Telegram of the 3rd April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 3rd April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
• <i>Central Districts.—</i> (Continued.)			
COOCH BEHAR DIV.	16 Darjeeling, Mar. 31, '76	Nil.	Weather—Not a drop of rain, although the appearance of the sky has often been threatening. Rain is greatly needed. High winds at times. The young crops are doing well, but they will suffer if there is no rain soon.
	17 Julpigoree, Apl. 1, ..	Nil.	Weather—No rain. The want of it is very serious in the dryer parts of the district. The early <i>dhan</i> , which should now be in the field, cannot be sown till rain falls—the ground is so dried up; and in the damper parts of the Dooars, where the <i>bhadoe</i> dhan is sown very early, it is now reported as being dried up in places.
	Cooch Behar, Mar. 30, ..	Nil.	Weather—No rain; it is getting hot. There has been west wind as well as east wind during the week. People have not yet been able to sow <i>bitri dhan</i> (<i>aous</i>) in all their fields for want of rain; the seeds sown have not germinated. The prospects of the <i>cheena</i> and the <i>kaon</i> crops continue unfavorable.
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
DACCA DIV.	18 Dacca, Apl. 3, '76	0.8	Weather—Seasonable. State and prospects of the crops are good.
	19 Furredpore, .. 1, ..	0.72	Weather—Windy, with a storm and rain on one day. State of the crops is fair. Ploughs at work generally. Cholera is very prevalent, especially at Belgachi Station, Eastern Bengal Railway, and Goalundo.
	20 Backergunge, Mar. 30, ..	.45	The crops are in a satisfactory condition. A good deal of cholera in a sporadic form prevails.
	21 Mymensingh, .. 31, ..	Nil.	Weather—Dry and hot, with variable winds. Great want of rain, to allow of sowing of the early rice crop.
	22 Tipperah, .. 31, ..	.01	Weather—Hot. High south wind. A few drops of rain. The spring rice is being reaped. Prospects are good.
CHITTAGONG DIV.	23 Chittagong, .. 30, ..	.43	Weather—Warm. Cold-weather crops getting on well owing to the recent rain. Cholera in the south of the district.
	24 Noakholly, .. 30, ..	0.41	Weather—Heat daily increasing. Mornings generally cloudy. On the 26th the morning was densely foggy. High winds. A little rain on the 23rd, and a thunder-storm on the night of the 28th. Chillies, pulses, linseed, &c., are in good order. Ploughing for the early rice crop, and sowing of early and late rice together, are now going on. Cholera is very bad in the town and out in the district, especially along the pilgrim route from Chandranath.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, .. 28, ..	.6	Weather—Seasonable. Showers of rain on the 24th and 25th. Joom-cutting is nearly over; its burning has commenced. Both cholera and small-pox have broken out at Rangamatee.
	Hill Tipperah, .. 29, ..	0.55	Weather—Hot, with occasional storms. No change in the state and prospects of the crops.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIV.	26 Patna, Apl. 3, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No rain. Crops are nearly all harvested. Yield is good. Sporadic cases of cholera and small-pox generally throughout the district, and a good deal of measles and chicken-pox.
	27 Gya, .. 1, ..	Nil.	Weather—Hot westerly wind in the beginning of the week. East wind and cloudy latterly, with a few drops of rain at Gya and Jehanabad. Highest reading of the thermometer is 101°. No crops on the ground. Cholera and small-pox reported from a few places.
	28 Shahabad, .. 1, ..	Nil.	Weather—Generally cloudy. <i>Ebbre</i> harvest is almost finished. The opium-outturn is good. Small-pox still prevalent.
	29 Durbhunga, .. 1, ..	Nil.	Weather—Mornings and evenings are pleasant. West wind during the day; cloudy skies. The <i>rubber</i> is being harvested all over the district, but the character of the yield cannot be stated definitely for a week or ten days longer. It promises, however, to be an average crop in Tajpore and the southern portion of the Sudder sub-divisions, about three-fourths of an average crop in the east of the latter sub-division, and scarcely half an average crop in Mudhoobunnee.
	30 Mozufferpore, .. 1, ..	Nil.	Weather—It has been very cloudy for some days, and there is much hope of rain soon falling. The reaping of the <i>rubber</i> harvest is nearly completed. The price of rice has risen, but other food-grains remain cheap. Some sporadic cases of small-pox and cholera have occurred.

• Telegrams of the 3rd April, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Contd.)			
PATNA DIVN.—(Contd.)	31 Sarun, Apl. 1, '76	Nil.	Weather—Hot and dry, with high west wind blowing. Sky every day covered with clouds with no result. No change in the state of the crops. The <i>rubbee</i> crops have been harvested, and are being threshed and stacked. Opium has been collected, and the weighments have commenced. Cotton is doing well. <i>Cheena</i> and <i>moong</i> promise well. Indigo prospects are generally indifferent. Prices favorable. General health is good.
	32 Chumpanun, Mar. 31, "	Nil.	Weather—There have been continual west winds, which have done some damage, but the weather has been very cool. The crops are being reaped, and the produce is fair.
	33 Monghyr, Apl. 1, '76	Nil.	Weather—Cloudy. No change in the state of the crops since last. The <i>rubbee</i> crop is now nearly all gathered in. Prices continue easy.
BHAGULPORE DIVN.	34 Bhagulpore, " 3, "	Nil.	Weather—Cloudy, with but little west wind. No crops on the ground now except some late <i>rohur</i> , newly planted sugarcane, and newly sown <i>aghani</i> rice and <i>moong</i> . Mango promises a good crop. Rain now would be of great value for agricultural operations. Condition of the people is good, though there are cases of cholera and small-pox here and there.
	35 Purneah, " 1, "	Nil.	Weather—Very high west wind. Mornings cloudy, threatening rain. Rain is much wanted for the ploughing and sowing of <i>bhadoe</i> crops and for the <i>moong</i> , <i>kowni</i> , and <i>cheena</i> , which is now coming on. Rice is getting dearer, but wheat and grain are cheapest. The health of the district is bad. Small-pox and cholera are prevalent; the latter especially bad in the north.
	36 Sonthal Pergas, " 3, "	Nil.	Weather—Great promise of rain, though none has fallen. <i>Mohwa</i> being gathered with good outturn. Mango crop promises well. Both crops said to be slightly injured from want of rain in Rajmehul. Cholera appears to be stopping.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN	37 Cuttack, Mar. 25, '76	Nil.	Weather—No rain in Sudder station. Several slight rainfalls reported from interior. It is extremely hot and close. No crops on the ground. Public health is good.
	38 Pooree, " 30, "	Nil.	Weather—Hot and cloudy. Three-fourths of the <i>dalsa</i> paddy crop are being reaped, while the remaining fourth part is failing for want of rain. The state of crops in general fair. Mango crop is short. Cholera prevails, but the influence is less.
	39 Balasore, " 31, "	Nil.	Weather—Unsettled and wind variable. In spite of threatening appearances rain has held off; ploughing, however, proceeds. Cholera and small-pox cases much less frequent.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
	South-Western Frontier Agency.		
	40 Hazareebagh, Mar. 31, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No crops on the ground at present. Cholera and small-pox diminishing.
	41 Lohardugga, Apl. 1, "	Nil.	Weather—Very hot for the time of the year. The <i>mohwa</i> is falling freely, and will probably be a full crop. Rain is now looked for, for ploughing. Small-pox, measles, and cholera, are still reported.
	42 Singbhoom, Mar. 31, "	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. There are no crops to report about. The weather is warm, and if there is no rain soon, the Deputy Commissioner is afraid there will be sickness.
	43 Manbhoom, Apl. 1, "	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No change in the character of the weather, and in the state and prospects of the crops.

* Telegram of the 3rd April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 4th April 1876.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 12th to 18th March 1876.	Rain from 19th to 25th March 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	0.03	Nil	2.85	25th Mar.		
		Cutwa	Nil	Nil	0.76	ditto		
		Culina	0.76	Nil	1.98	ditto		
		Blood-Blood	Nil	Nil	0.83	ditto		
		Baneesunge	Nil	Nil	0.95	ditto		
		Jhannabad	0.65	Nil	3.63	ditto		
	Bankoora	Bankoora	Nil	Nil	1.10	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	0.11	Nil	0.13	ditto		
		Helampore	Nil	Nil	0.11	ditto		
		Royপুর	0.78	Nil	2.18	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	Nil	Nil	2.05	ditto		
		Tumlook	0.85	Nil	0.04	ditto		
		Gurbetta	0.45	Nil	0.20	ditto		
		Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office	Nil	Nil	0.64	ditto		
		{ Exe. Engr.'s Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	0.85	11th Mar.		
	Hooghly	Hooghly	Nil	Nil	2.28	26th ..		
		Seraimpore	0.15	Nil	2.26	ditto		
	Howrah	Howrah	0.81	Nil	5.38	ditto		
		Moheshbrikha	0.47	Nil	1.73	ditto		
PASCHIM.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.30	Nil	0.60	ditto		
		Calcutta	1.64	Nil	7.11	ditto		
		Alipore { Dispensary	1.73	Nil	7.68	ditto		
		{ Jail	1.66	Nil	7.64	ditto		
		Rasaeerhat	1.09	Nil	4.68	ditto		
		Baraset	0.21	Nil	3.40	ditto		
		Diamond Harbour	0.34	Nil	2.90	ditto		
		Barripore	Not rec.	Nil	1.46	ditto	Not rec. 12th to 18th Mar. 1876.	
		Satkhira	0.36	Nil	5.39	ditto		
		Barraekpore	Nil	Nil	2.66	ditto		
	Nuddea	Dum-Dum	0.08	Nil	3.18	ditto		
		Kishnaghur	0.16	Nil	1.08	ditto		
		Bongong	0.35	Nil	1.58	ditto		
		Meherpore	0.11	Nil	3.59	ditto		
		Choodanga	0.35	Nil	1.42	ditto		
		Kooshtea	0.64	Nil	2.58	ditto		
		Hannaghat	0.42	Nil	3.50	ditto		
		Jessore	0.25	Nil	3.22	ditto		
		Nurrail	0.19	Nil	2.15	ditto		
		Jessore	Khoolna	0.83	0.19	4.10	ditto	
	Jhenida		Nil	Nil	3.07	ditto		
	Hagirhat		1.61	0.74	2.89	ditto		
	Magoorah		0.97	Nil	3.70	ditto		
	Moorshedabad	Berhampore	0.95	Nil	1.65	ditto		
		Rampore Haut	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Lallbagh	Nil	Nil	1.37	ditto		
		Jungypore	Nil	Nil	0.20	ditto		
		Azingunge	Nil	Nil	1.23	ditto		
		Lallgolla	Nil	Nil	0.43	ditto		
		Kandee	0.07	Nil	0.03	ditto		
RAJSHAHY.	Dinagopore	Dinagopore	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Maldah	Maldah	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
		Chanchal	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto		
	Rajshahye	Bauleah	Nil	Nil	0.07	ditto		
		Nattore	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto		
	Rungpore	Rungpore	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto		
		Bhowanigunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Kurigram	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Bagdogra	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Bogra	Bogra	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
Pubna	Pubna	0.64	Nil	2.03	ditto			
	Serajgunge	Nil	Nil	2.30	ditto			
COOCH BEHAR.	Darjeeling	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	1.21	11th Mar		
		{ Hospital	Nil	Nil	1.12	25th ..		
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Boda	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Buxa { Commissioner's Office	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto		
		{ Civil Surgeon's Office	Nil	Nil	0.92	ditto		
	Titalya	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto			
	Cooch Behar Tributary States		Cooch Behar	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 12th to 18th March 1876.	Rain from 19th to 25th March 1876.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.—(Continued.)							
Dacca.	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.		
	Dacca	Dacca... { Telegraph Office ...	0·07	0·10	3·01	25th Mar.	
		Dacca... { Hospital ...	0·10	0·25	3·39	ditto	
		Moonsheeringa ...	Nil	Nil	4·55	ditto	
		Manickgunge ...	Nil	Nil	1·61	ditto	
	Furzedpore	Furzedpore ...	0·31	Nil	2·28	ditto	
		Coalundo ...	Nil	Nil	2·03	ditto	
		Madaripore ...	Nil	0·50	6·43	ditto	
	Backergunge	Burrisal ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	3·41	11th Mar.	
		Perozepore ...	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Patoakhally ...	ditto	ditto	3·00	ditto	
		Dowlutkhan ...	ditto	ditto	1·94	ditto	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh ...	Nil	Nil	0·86	25th Mar.	
		Jamulpore ...	Nil	Nil	1·50	ditto	
		Atia ...	Nil	Nil	1·85	ditto	
		Kishoregunge ...	Nil	Nil	1·43	ditto	
CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office ...	0·03	0·10	1·93	ditto	
		Chittagong { Jail ...	0·42	0·42	2·34	ditto	
		Cox's Bazar ...	1·70	Nil	2·01	ditto	
	Noakholly	Noakholly ...	0·15	0·41	6·01	ditto	
	Tipperah	Comillah ...	Nil	0·02	2·70	ditto	
		Brahmunbaria ...	Nil	1·02	7·35	ditto	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamates Hill ...	0·00	1·32	4·71	ditto	
Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah ...	0·20	0·55	3·82	ditto		
BEHAR.							
PATNA.	Patna	Patna ...	Nil	Nil	0·04	ditto	
		Behar ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Barh ...	Nil	Nil	0·44	ditto	
		Dinapore ... { Jail ...	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	19th Mar.	
		Dinapore ... { Cantonment ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	25th "	
	Gya	Gya ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Nowadah ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Arungabad ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Jehanabad ...	Nil	Nil	0·05	ditto	
	Shahabad	Arrah ...	Nil	Nil	0·10	ditto	
		Sasaram ...	Nil	Nil	0·05	ditto	
		Buxar ...	Nil	Nil	0·06	ditto	
		Bhubonah ...	Nil	Nil	0·06	ditto	
	Muzafferpore	Muzafferpore ...	Nil	Nil	0·24	ditto	
		Hajepore ...	Nil	Nil	0·10	ditto	
		Seetamurhee ...	Nil	Nil	0·63	ditto	
	Durbhanga	Durbhanga ...	Nil	Nil	0·31	ditto	
		Mudhoobunsee ...	Nil	Nil	1·14	ditto	
		Tajpore ...	Nil	Nil	0·15	ditto	
	Sarnu	Chupra ...	Nil	Nil	0·10	ditto	
		Sewan ...	Nil	Nil	0·23	ditto	
	Champarnu	Mothurree ...	Nil	Nil	0·51	ditto	
		Bettiah ...	Nil	Nil	0·50	ditto	
	Monghyr	Monghyr ...	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	18th Mar.	
		Begun Sarai ...	Nil	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Jamunee ...	Nil	ditto	0·10	ditto	
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	25th Mar.	
		Sopool ...	Nil	Nil	0·42	ditto	
		Muddehpore ...	Nil	Nil	0·10	ditto	
		Banka ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Sonburna ...	Nil	Nil	0·11	ditto	
	Purneah	Purneah ...	Nil	Nil	0·13	ditto	
		Kisengunge ...	Nil	Nil	0·09	ditto	
		Arrareah ...	Nil	Nil	0·14	ditto	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Nya Doomka ...	0·02	Nil	0·15	ditto	
		Rajmehal ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Deoghur ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Godda ...	Nil	Nil	0·30	ditto	

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 13th to 18th March 1876.	Rain from 19th to 25th March 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	Cuttack	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	Nil	25th Mar.	
		... { Hospital ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto	
		Jajepore ...	1.80	0.20	2.00	ditto	
		Kendraparah ...	1.40	0.40	1.80	ditto	
		Jugutsingpore ...	Nil	0.30	0.30	ditto	
	Pooree	False Point ...	0.50	Nil	0.50	ditto	
		Pooree ...	0.02	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Khoordah ...	2.23	0.57	2.80	ditto	
	Balasore	Balasore ... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	0.83	Nil	3.48	ditto	
		... { Collector's Office	1.18	Nil	3.50	ditto	
		Bhuddruck ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Jellasore ...	0.16	Nil	1.88	ditto	
		Sorah ...	Nil	0.04	1.37	ditto	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehal	Chandbally ...	0.13	0.50	0.63	ditto	
		Sumbalpor ...	0.68	Nil	0.68	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazarebagb...	Hazarebagb ... { Jail ...	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		... { Dispensary ...	Nil	Nil	0.01	ditto	
	Lohardugga ...	Pachumba ...	0.15	Nil	0.17	ditto	
		Ranchee ...	Nil	Nil	0.21	ditto	
	Singbhoom ...	Palamow ...	Nil	Not rec.	0.03	18th Mar.	
		Chyebassa ...	0.14	Nil	0.37	25th ..	
	Maubhoom ...	Purnia ...	Nil	Nil	0.50	ditto	
		Govindpore ...	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	18th Mar.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet ...	Sylhet ...	0.11	0.70	5.45	25th Mar.	
		Sebsangor ...	0.13	Not rec.	5.76	18th ..	
	Sebsangor ...	Golaghat ...	Nil	ditto	1.49	ditto	
		Jorehaut ...	0.16	ditto	3.23	ditto	
		Deopanie ...	0.26	ditto	4.38	ditto	
		Hattiepootie ...	0.43	ditto	3.76	ditto	
		Mazengah ...	0.41	ditto	4.83	ditto	
		Nazeerah ...	0.24	ditto	4.80	ditto	
		Suntuck ...	0.59	ditto	5.45	ditto	
		Cherideo ...	0.24	ditto	7.01	ditto	
	Akyab ...	Akyab ...	0.60	Nil	0.98	25th Mar.	

CALCUTTA,
The 1st April 1876.

JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period, 26th Mar. to 1st Apl. 1876.

STATIONS	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat.=100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity			
CALCUTTA.	Mar. 26th	10	29.801	29.819	85.5	78.5	71	S S W	4.2	.....	C	b
		16	29.883	29.700	84.0	74.5	36	S by W	11.2	.....	.....	b
	27th	10	29.851	29.869	85.5	78.2	70	S by E	6.1	.....	K	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.723	29.740	92.4	81.4	60	S by E	6.2	.....	C, CS	b, m, scuds.
	28th	10	29.835	29.853	86.0	79.0	73	S W	5.3	.....	CS	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.705	29.723	89.5	80.0	61	S by W	9.8	.....	S	b, m, scuds.
	29th	10	29.807	29.825	87.5	80.3	71	S	6.7	0.01	CK	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.091	29.709	91.5	80.5	60	S S W	7.2	.....	CK	b, m, scuds.
	30th	10	29.777	29.795	86.2	77.5	68	S W	7.9	.....	CK	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.638	29.656	95.5	74.5	31	S E	4.3	.....	C, CS	b, m, scuds.
	31st	10	29.732	29.750	87.2	81.4	78	S by W	6.1	0.17	C, CS	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.609	29.627	93.3	82.0	59	S	6.3	.....	C	b, m, scuds.
SANDWICH ISLAND.	April 1st	10	29.769	29.787	87.2	79.9	71	S by W	5.9	.....	.....	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.647	29.665	92.6	81.0	59	S	7.0	.....	C, K	b, m, scuds.
	Mar. 26th	10	29.817	29.823	86	80	78	S W	11.9	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.899	29.705	86	80	75	S	11.9	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	27th	10	29.907	29.913	86	80	75	S S W	13.0	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.759	29.765	86	79	73	S	13.8	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	28th	10	29.905	29.911	86	79	72	S	13.1	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.732	29.738	85	80	79	S S E	14.1	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	29th	10	29.827	29.833	85	80	79	S S E	9.8	.....	C	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.733	29.739	86	81	79	S	14.9	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	30th	10	29.892	29.808	83	81	72	W	9.8	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.674	29.690	89	81	60	S S W	15.0	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
CHITTAGONG.	31st	10	29.775	29.781	86	80	75	S	14.6	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.650	29.656	86	81	79	S S W	17.1	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	April 1st	10	29.790	29.796	85	80	79	S S W	9.5	0.20	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.686	29.692	86	81	79	S	13.4	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	Mar. 26th	10	29.784	29.870	85	79	75	S E	4.7	.....	K	m
		16	29.715	29.807	87	78	65	W N W	12.7	.....	KS	m
	27th	10	29.824	29.916	86	79	73	S S E	5.2	.....	K	m
		16	29.717	29.809	87	77	61	S W	13.5	.....	KS	m
	28th	10	29.822	29.913	88	79	65	S E	5.4	.....	K	m
		16	29.687	29.779	87	79	68	S W	13.2	.....	K	m
	29th	10	29.812	29.904	87	78	65	E	8.1	.....	K	m
		16	29.667	29.759	86	79	72	S S E	13.9	.....	CK	m
MADRAS.	30th	10	29.756	29.847	88	79	65	S	10.1	.....	K	m
		16	29.657	29.749	87	79	68	S W	17.2	.....	K	m
	31st	10	29.720	29.812	85	80	79	W	11.7	.....	K, KS	m
		16	29.621	29.713	84	79	79	S	10.0	.....	K, KS	m
	April 1st	10	29.750	29.842	87	78	65	S W	10.5	.....	K, KS	m
		16	29.667	29.759	87	79	68	S	20.1	.....	K, KS	m
	Mar. 25th	10	29.826	29.856	92	75	42	S by W	13	.....	.....	b
		16	29.675	29.705	89	77	58	S E by S	12	.....	.....	b
	26th	10	29.837	29.847	89	78	59	S by E	11	.....	.....	b
		16	29.717	29.717	86	79	72	S E by S	10	.....	.....	b
	27th	10	29.877	29.907	91	77	60	S by W	13	.....	.....	b
		16	29.758	29.788	86	80	75	S E by S	10	.....	.....	b
CUTTACK.	28th	10	29.893	29.923	90	78	56	S	12	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.768	29.798	87	78	65	S E by S	15	.....	.....	b, c
	29th	10	29.602	29.632	90	77	53	S	12	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.772	29.802	86	77	61	S E by S	14	.....	.....	b, c
	30th	10	29.003	29.032	87	76	58	S by E	15	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.700	29.790	87	77	61	S E by S	14	.....	.....	b, c
	31st	10	29.851	29.881	87	77	61	S S E	15	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.727	29.757	86	78	68	S E by S	10	.....	.....	b
	Mar. 26th	10	29.736	29.818	87	75	55	S W	0.8	.....	C	b
		16	29.570	29.651	100	69	15	S W	2.5	.....	C	b
	27th	10	29.772	29.854	89	78	59	S W	3.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.629	29.710	94	78	42	S S W	4.5	.....	.....	b
AYR.	28th	10	29.772	29.854	89	79	62	S	4.9	.....	C	b
		16	29.623	29.704	95	79	47	S S W	6.1	.....	C, K	b
	29th	10	29.772	29.854	88	78	55	S	4.0	.....	C	b
		16	29.645	29.726	98	78	42	S S E	3.8	.....	CS	b
	30th	10	29.742	29.823	95	78	28	S W	3.7	.....	C	b
		16	29.570	29.651	97	78	40	S W	7.3	.....	K, C	b
	31st	10	29.698	29.779	90	78	58	S W	6.0	.....	C	b
		16	29.563	29.644	91	78	53	S S W	8.1	.....	K, N	b
	April 1st	10	29.708	29.789	91	79	56	S S E	4.7	.....	.....	b
		16	29.623	29.704	91	78	53	S	6.5	.....	K, N, C	b
	Mar. 26th	10	29.888	29.889	88	78	62	S W	1.6	.....	.....	b
		16	29.756	29.777	86	79	72	W	5.8	.....	.....	b
AYR.	27th	10	29.898	29.919	86	78	68	S	1.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.808	29.829	86	78	68	W	6.8	.....	.....	b
	28th	10	29.910	29.937	85	79	75	E	1.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.786	29.807	87	79	68	W	5.5	.....	.....	b
	29th	10	29.931	29.952	87	78	65	W N W	2.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.786	29.807	87	80	72	S W	5.8	.....	.....	b
	30th	10	29.898	29.919	86	79	72	S	1.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.766	29.787	87	79	68	S W	7.5	.....	.....	b
	31st	10	29.866	29.887	87	79	68	S	3.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.749	29.770	86	78	68	S	7.1	.....	.....	b
	April 1st	10	29.856	29.877	87	78	65	S	1.2	.....	.....	b
		16	29.787	29.808	86	78	68	S	7.5	.....	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st April 1876.JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 31st March 1876.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			B	Miles.	In.		
March	22nd	29.807	92.2	77.8	140.0	83.9	78.9	75.4	0.76	S W & S	...	137.3	...	...	Clear, cumuli, and cirri. Sheet lightning on E. from 6½ to 8 P.M.
	23rd	.703	93.0	79.5	142.0	85.1	78.7	74.2	.71	S S W & S W	...	129.5	...	...	Clear and cumuli.
	24th	.000	95.0	79.2	143.0	85.5	74.8	67.3	.56	S, N W, & W by S	...	105.8	...	...	Clear and cirri. Slightly foggy at 6 and 7 A.M.
	25th	.698	95.0	75.0	143.0	84.2	73.3	65.7	.55	W S W & S S W	...	109.0	...	...	Clear and cirri.
	26th	.741	94.2	77.0	142.0	84.3	77.2	72.2	.68	S by W & S	...	106.0	...	●	Clear and cirri.
	27th	.778	92.4	80.0	140.0	84.3	78.7	74.8	.74	S by W & S	...	169.3	...	...	Stratoni and cirri. Sheet lightning on N. E. from 6½ to 8 P.M.
	28th	.773	92.0	77.6	140.8	83.5	78.5	75.0	.76	S by W & S	0.8	161.9	...	...	Cirri and cumuli. Thunder at 5 P.M. Sheet lightning from 7 to 11 P.M.
	29th	.754	93.5	78.5	144.0	84.9	78.6	74.2	.71	S & S S W	...	167.8	0.01	...	Clear, cirrocumuli, and cirri. Thunder at 1½ A.M. Sheet lightning from 2 to 4 A.M. Light rain at 1½ A.M.
	30th	.712	95.5	76.7	141.0	85.5	76.2	69.7	.60	S S W & S	1.2	170.0	0.17	...	Cirri and clear. Lightning from 7 to 11 P.M. Thunder between 2 and 9 P.M. Rain at 9 P.M.
	31st	.676	93.5	78.5	141.0	84.9	78.0	74.9	.73	S by E, S, & S. S W	...	144.5	...	...	Clear and cirri.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain-gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days	...	20.5
The maximum temperature during the past ten days	...	95.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	96.5
The mean humidity during the past ten days	...	0.68
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.72
		Inches
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st	... { by lower rain-gauge	0.18
	... { by anemometer gauge	0.15
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years	...	0.37
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st March	...	7.29
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years	...	2.84

The 3rd April 1876.

GOPKENDRA SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendrapara Canal for the month of February 1876.
LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—39 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.									
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.					
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.					Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.																
1	Paddy	100	50	135	5	160	1 4 0	...	1	Mile stone	...	...	...	...	...	79	Local	4,820	13,622	469	7,744	77 15 6	...	Rice and paddy, and partly to the closure of the Inamghat Lock for repairs.	
2	Oilcake	397	217	529	19	304	5 0 0	...	1	Gyres	...	...	...	...	...	9	Govt. stores	1,285	232	133	2,272	19 1 0	...		
15	Jaggery	1,991	9,955	3,266	117	1,872	20 10 0	...	2	Rubble stone	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Cotton	208	1,340	392	14	224	2 14 0	...	5	Empty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Salt	800	1,500	520	19	304	3 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Laterite stone	1,700	27	3,291	117	1,872	16 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Timber	124	403	271	10	320	2 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	Empty boats	...	...	4,445	159	2,544	24 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Passenger boats	...	...	256	9	144	1 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	Total	4,820	13,522	13,105	489	7,744	77 15 6	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	...	6,105	13,754	602	10,016	97 0 6	...		
TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTTACK AND SEABOARD.																													
29	Paddy	9,982	4,941	13,942	...	...	180 14 "	...	6	Ghosting lime	...	...	...	...	...	...	Local	26,747	2,76,532	1,960	78,030	721 5 8	...		
24	Rice	7,500	7,500	13,013	...	...	187 14 0	...	1	Bricks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Spices	4,762	95,240	7,500	...	...	109 14 0	...	2	Gyres	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Copper	145	4,350	245	...	...	3 6 0	...	15	Laterite stone	...	...	...	...	...	41	Govt. stores	9,670	606	1,034	43,428	410 6 0	...		
11	Gram	538	394	1,057	...	...	13 14 6	...	17	Empty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Jaggery	270	1,450	525	...	...	2 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Opium	300	1,50,000	495	...	...	7 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Tobacco	20	200	52	...	...	0 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the High Level Canal for the month of February 1876.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.									
Number of boats.	Nature of Cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.								
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.						Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.																			
20	Straw	Mds.	Rs.	2,831	843	5,198	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Timber	...	...	2,907	3,022	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Salt	...	...	531	938	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Factory	...	...	1,939	5,193	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Factory	...	...	963	1,302	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Factory	...	...	683	1,603	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Factory	...	...	182	1,203	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Provision	...	...	270	271	201	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Gabars	...	...	100	600	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Turneric	...	...	73	700	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Cotton	...	...	60	60	138	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Furniture	...	...	20	100	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Bamboo mats	...	...	67	50	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Pumpkin	...	...	75	114	183	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Cocunut	...	...	30	12	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Paniks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	Empty boats	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Passenger boats	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
155	Total	9,708	20,035	28,879	940	10,984	281	13	9	0	27	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
131	Total of same month last year	8,620	20,673	16,083	506	15,802	107	15	2	0	24	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bamboo No. 50	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Total	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Total of same month last year	...	173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
183	Grand Total	9,708	20,035	28,879	940																								
163	Grand Total of same month last year	8,620	20,351	16,095	506	15,802	232	13	0																				

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldanda Canal for the month of February 1876.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN - 27 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.				
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tonnage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tonnage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.		
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.					Mds.	Tons.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.										Mds.	Tons.
2	Paddy	...	...	Mds.	Rs.	54	512	...	...	Rs.	A. P.	A. P.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Jaggery	...	...	408	700	718	525	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Turneric	...	...	33	20	42	1	18	0 1 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Tandy grass	...	...	432	50	800	31	354	2 2 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Gravels	...	...	621	10	853	31	335	2 2 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Cotton	...	...	96	34	189	6	123	0 11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Passenger boats	...	...	...	...	274	10	117	9 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Empty boats	...	...	...	...	2,195	78	1,000	6 5 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Total	...	...	2,559	1,746	6,638	257	3,151	19 11 10	6 12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Total of same month last year	...	...	8,612	4,794	29,850	724	8,769	50 12 10	0 11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	33 Local	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15,100 Bumboes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	32 Passengers for 12 miles each @ 100 per head	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Total of same month last year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	...	...	2,559	2,226	6,638	257	3,151	41 9 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Grand Total of same month last year	...	...	8,612	5,130	29,850	724	8,769	57 2 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Canal for the month of February 1876.
 LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—53 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.						
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.						Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.												
38	Betel leaves ..	Mds. 1,343	Rs. 7,203	4,640	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Local	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
6	Betel-nuts ..	735	4,298	1,825	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
13	Coal and Coke ..	2,701	1,422	4,875	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
17	Cotton ..	2,190	40,080	5,375	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
31	Cotton, European manufactures ..	2,480	2,84,220	7,035	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
11	Cotton, Native manufactures ..	134	18,500	1,370	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
16	Cotton twist, European ..	1,750	61,370	4,325	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
8	Copper and brass, and their manufactures...	1,000	42,500	2,475	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
3	Castor ..	570	1,000	1,075	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
16	Curd ..	1,120	3,360	3,450	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
3	Cocoanuts ..	110	400	350	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
516	Empty boats ..	.....	.....	37,215	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
32	Fruits, fresh, and vegetables ..	1,331	2,020	4,580	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
18	Fruits, dried ..	4,350	9,035	7,050	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
4	Fuel and firewood ..	130	66	385	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
8	Fibres, manufactures ..	240	1,580	1,675	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
3	Glassware ..	250	1,500	625	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
2	Gums and Rosins ..	200	800	375	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
24	Hides ..	2,610	21,100	5,250	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
3	Horns ..	250	5,030	800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
2	Iron and its manufactures ..	30	240	80	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
13	Indigo seeds ..	3,900	77,100	7,400	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.
2	Intoxicating drugs other than opium ..	50	1,500	250	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rate of toll per ton mile.

rice and pad... in February 1875 it was 17 miles.

5	Jute & other raw fibres	260	1,040	850</
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tidal Canal for the month of February 1876.
 LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—29 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.									
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.			
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.						Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.															
7	Miscellaneous ...	Mds.	Rs.	1,975	...	...	Rs. A. P. A. P.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Local ...	5,900	10,555	1,226	13,492	237 7 3 0 33	...	...	
60	Paddy ...	812	5,785	...	...	...	13 9 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Sugar ...	2,770	2,012	...	...	...	41 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Pottery (No. 1020) ...	100	700	...	...	...	1 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Skin ...	225	20	...	...	...	1 3 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Wood or firewood ...	1,000	150	...	...	...	1 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Fuel or firewood ...	400	64	...	...	...	6 8 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Wood (No. 82) ...	12	80	...	...	...	4 15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Canes-water ...	725	...	...	...	...	0 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Furniture ...	100	...	...	...	...	0 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Plank wood (No. 158) ...	130	5	...	...	...	0 14 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Planks (No. 216) ...	80	20	...	...	...	1 3 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Sand ...	100	50	...	...	...	17 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Straw (111 balin) ...	4,500	...	...	...	...	30 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Brick (No. 5,000) ...	2,525	168	...	...	...	2 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Rice ...	365	265	...	...	...	2 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Shooting lime ...	1,550	462	...	...	...	19 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Passenger boats ...	1,980	...	...	...	...	13 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
129	Empty boats ...	11,190	...	...	...	...	76 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
254	Total ...	5,900	10,555	34,345	1,226	13,492	237 7 3 0 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
175	Total of same month last year ...	3,645	8,568	17,755	634	11,414	198 2 3 0 51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Local ...	3,645	9,568	634	11,414	198 2 3 0 51	...	...	
1	Timber (No. 8) ...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Passengers (No. 332) ...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Demurrage, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	1 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Total of same month last year ...	...	...	...	...	...	14 3 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
255	Grand Total ...	5,900	10,555	34,345	1,226	13,492	245 7 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,900	10,555	1,226	13,492	245 7 9	...	...	
176	Grand Total of same month last year ...	3,645	8,568	17,755	634	11,414	212 5 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,645	9,568	634	11,414	212 5 6	...	...	

Goods were carried an average distance of 11 miles. The Canal Range No. II was closed and paid during the month on account of nil clearance.

ABSTRACT.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE OF THE YEAR 1875-76.		TOLLAGE OF THE YEAR 1874-75.		REMARKS.
	During the month.	To end of month.	During the corresponding month.	To end of cor- responding month.	
ORISSA CIRCLE.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Kendraparah	1,378 8 10	10,277 6 8	2,353 7 6	14,494 14 2	
High Level, Section I	378 10 0	3,028 4 3	396 18 0	2,381 5 1	
Taldaudah	60 15 5	895 15 10	107 1 10	701 12 11	
Total Orissa Circle ...	1,718 2 3	14,191 10 8	2,859 6 4	17,578 0 3	
SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Midnapore	3,944 2 3	45,995 7 5	3,394 10 6	42,053 9 4	
Tidal	245 7 9	22,034 9 9	212 5 6	51,148 1 0	
Total South-Western Circle ...	4,189 10 0	68,030 1 2	3,607 0 0	93,201 10 4	
Grand Total ...	5,907 12 3	82,221 11 10	6,466 6 4	1,10,779 10 6	

G. A. SEARLE, Col., B.C.,
Asst. Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

The 25th March 1876.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended the 18th March 1876, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	34,700½	23,023 0 3	2,163 8 10	1,20,240 22	30,482 1 8	2,704 3 10	4,089 12 8
Or per mile of railway	219	149 4 5	13 13 8	797 20	192 9 11	17 13 2	31 6 10
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	376,980½	2,71,078 4 3	24,848 16 9	11,59,776 32	2,91,618 5 5	26,731 13 7	51,580 10 4
Total for 12 weeks	411,689	2,94,701 4 6	27,014 5 7	12,85,017 14	3,22,100 7 1	29,525 17 5	56,540 3 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	35,498	25,220 5 0	2,311 17 3	1,42,798 27	24,422 4 8	2,238 14 2	4,550 11 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	224	159 5 11	14 12 2	902 14	154 5 3	14 2 11	28 15 1
Total to corresponding date of previous year	309,510½	2,92,558 10 3	26,817 13 11	17,50,220 28	3,26,979 13 5	30,589 16 6	57,707 10 5

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th March 1876, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TRAIN MILES RUN.			
	No. of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.			Weight carried.	Receipts.			TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs.	A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week	130,397	2,11,047	5 9	19,346 0 2	9,95,307 10	4,10,090	2 6	37,591 12 0	56,937 12 2	*30,133½	*63,825½	102,959½
Or per mile of railway ... ..	.....	164 14 7		16 2 4	.....	320 7 2		29 7 6	44 9 10	.....	.....	.....
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	1,405,916	24,53,733	15 3	225,108 18 11	1,11,34,435 10	45,78,119	14 9	419,660 10 10	644,769 18 9	517,233	838,910½	1,356,143½
Total for 12 weeks	1,536,313	26,66,781	5 0	244,434 19 1	1,21,29,762 20	49,88,210	1 3	437,252 11 10	701,707 10 11	550,366½	962,730½	1,513,103½
COMPARISON.												
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	120,264½	1,90,204	7 0	18,260 8 2	9,90,762 30	3,24,458	7 0	29,742 0 5	48,002 8 7	42,653	77,058	119,711
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ... ..	.....	153 10 7		14 5 4	.....	253 8 6		23 4 10	37 10 2	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,488,058	23,20,230	5 5	212,687 15 7	1,17,44,126 20	48,70,229	0 7	440,437 13 3	650,125 8 10	*23,012½	908,680	1,432,592

Deducted miles 4,977½ from Coaching and 10,997½ from Merchandise, excess included in week ending 26th February 1876.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th March 1876, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week ...	8,342	28,684 15 6	2,629 9 1	1,00,684 10	24,751 11 0	3,203 18 1	4,808 7 2	*5,363½	*5,023½	10,386½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	128 3 3	11 15 0	.....	110 9 11	10 2 10	21 17 10	.....	.....	.....
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	72,680	2,30,306 6 3	21,944 13 5	11,09,114 0	2,48,910 11 0	22,807 12 11	44,752 6 4	51,837½	64,725½	116,562½
Total for 12 weeks	81,022	2,68,991 5 9	24,574 2 6	12,09,798 10	2,73,562 6 0	25,070 11 0	49,650 13 6	57,200½	70,848½	127,549½
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	4,450	15,285 8 9	1,401 3 7	95,139 0	20,806 14 0	2,732 4 1	4,133 7 8	4,403	4,278	8,683
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	68 5 1	6 5 3	.....	133 3 4	12 4 3	18 9 6	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	67,778	2,65,839 6 3	23,451 18 11	11,94,710 0	3,46,170 12 0	31,732 6 4	55,184 5 3	57,269	70,906	128,175

* Added miles 231 to Coaching and deducted 381 from Merchandise, short and excess included in week ending 26th February 1876.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTHERN STATE RAILWAY.

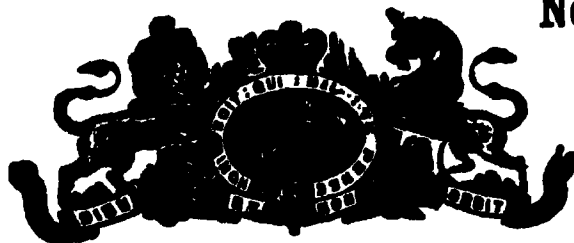
Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th March 1876, on 29 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	9,139	1,299 0 0	129 18 0	19,613 0	673 0 0	67 4 0	197 2 0
Or per mile of railway	320	46 0 0	4 12 0	700 0	24 0 0	2 8 0	7 0 0
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	121,562	16,400 0 0	1,640 0 0	2,14,441 0	7,053 0 0	705 6 0	2,343 6 0
Total for 13 weeks ...	130,701	17,699 0 0	1,769 18 0	2,38,094 0	7,725 0 0	772 10 0	2,542 8 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,369	1,297 6 6	129 14 10	21,423 0	701 4 6	70 2 6	190 17 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	290	43 1 11	4 6 3	765 2	25 0 9	2 10 1	6 16 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	120,997	16,055 3 9	1,605 10 5	2,37,497 30	8,184 12 9	814 9 7	2,424 9 0

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th March 1876, on 27 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week	2,242	1,079 0 0	107 14 0	4,598 0	431 0 0	43 2 0	121 0 0
Or per mile of railway	82	39 8 0	3 19 0	169 0	15 8 0	1 11 0	5 10 0
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	23,075	11,465 0 0	1,148 10 0	1,01,924 0	8,279 0 0	827 15 0	1,276 8 0
Total for 13 weeks	25,317	12,564 0 0	1,256 8 0	1,06,522 0	8,710 0 0	871 0 0	2,127 8 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,639	1,198 4 4	119 16 6	4,096 30	355 3 6	35 10 5	105 6 11
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	60	43 15 7	4 7 11	150 13	13 0 7	1 6 1	5 14 0
Total to corresponding date of previous year	22,238	16,238 4 3	1,623 17 0	82,959 0	6,624 5 6	662 8 8	2,286 5 5



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Monday, the 20th March 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *Presiding*,
The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, KT.
The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
The Hon'ble H. BELL,
The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, RAI BAHADOOR,
The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
and
The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities be further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the substitution of the words "two hundred" for "fifty" in the proviso which was added as an amendment to section 49. He had received a letter from the Chairman of the Suburban Municipality objecting to that proviso, and pointing out that the limit fixed by the

amendment was too low, and would apply to almost every municipality except menial servants. Mr. Wilson said the principle which the limit was fixed was that Rs. 200 being accepted for Calcutta Rs. 50 would be suitable for mofussil municipalities. But that analogy did not apply to the suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah, where the salary of officers of the description to which the provision was intended to apply would be considerably higher. He hoped that, after seeing the effect of the amendment as adopted at the former meeting, the Council would allow him to add an exception in favor of the municipalities of the Suburbs and Howrah, by raising the proposed limit to Rs. 200.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said he entirely concurred in the opinion of the Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs: it was on those grounds that he opposed the amendment which was moved on a previous occasion.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said with every deference to the Chairman of the Suburban Commissioners, he submitted that the officers of that municipality who received a salary of more than Rs. 200 a month might be counted on one's fingers. In fact he doubted whether they had more than two officers who received a salary of more than Rs. 200, and the same remarks would apply to the Howrah municipality. The limit of Rs. 200 was fair and reasonable for Calcutta, because here there was a large number of officers in the receipt of a salary exceeding Rs. 200. On that ground he submitted that the limit in mofussil municipalities should be Rs. 50, but if that minimum were considered too low for the Suburbs and Howrah, he was willing to raise it to Rs. 100. But the limit of Rs. 200 would exclude all officers under the Vice-Chairman of those municipalities, and the proviso adopted by the Council would practically become a dead letter. When the Council adopted that proviso, it assented to the principle involved in it, and he had seen nothing adduced which would make him change his opinion as regards the principle of the provision.

The HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE said he did not see why an exception should be made in favour of the Suburbs and Howrah. There was another important municipality (Dacca), the income of which might not be so great as that of the other two, but which was in every respect as important. And with respect to the number of servants of municipalities who drew a salary of more than Rs. 200, in the Suburban Municipality there were not more than two now, and at Howrah there was only one, viz. the Secretary. Therefore in point of fact the Council was going to make an exception in favour of these two municipalities for the sake of two or three individuals, and he considered that the provision should remain as it now stood.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said that the proviso in the Bill was highly objectionable, as it struck at the independence of the executive. He considered it most inexpedient to empower the Commissioners at a meeting to appoint the subordinate officers of the municipality, as they might have persons connected with them whom they might desire to serve quite independent of their fitness for the offices to which they were to be appointed. The executive officers were responsible for the efficient discharge of the duties of municipalities, and he considered that the appointment of the subordinate officers should be left in the hands of those who were practically responsible.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT felt it his duty to say that the appointment of particular individuals to particular offices was not one of those functions which ought to be vested in a body of gentlemen at a meeting. Experience very clearly showed that it was not desirable to confer such a power in a corporate body. His remarks more particularly applied to appointments which were sure to cause a certain sort of agitation. But he had no objection to impose a check on the dismissal of officers above a certain standing. He would suggest that the check of the Commissioners in meeting should apply to dismissals only, and if that were accepted, the present limit of Rs. 50 might be retained. He submitted to the Council that they ought not at one meeting to reverse the decision of a previous meeting without very good grounds, especially as there were one or two members absent at the present meeting who were present on the

If on this occasion. But if the hon'ble member on whose motion the provision was carried, would consent to its being amended in the way in which His Honor suggested, it might perhaps be done.

After some conversation, it was ultimately agreed that in lieu of the proviso at the end of the section, a proviso to the following effect be substituted:—

“Provided that no officer shall be appointed to an office the salary of which is more than Rs. 200 per mensem, without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the division; and provided also that no officer whose salary is more than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be dismissed without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting.”

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the word “assessors” was inserted before the word “overseers” in line 5 of the same section.

Verbal amendments were on the motion of MR. DAMPIER, made in sections 70 and 75.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, as the Bill stood it provided that the tax was due on the first day of the first month of the quarter; but it was also provided by section 109 that no bill should be presented until one month had elapsed from the time when the tax became due. This would throw the whole collection of the tax into arrears; and he would therefore move that the words “and not less than one month” in lines 1 and 2 of that section be omitted; and that in the second clause, for the words “appended to such bill shall be a notice of demand in the form marked (A) in the second schedule” the following words be substituted:—

“If the amount in such bill be not paid on presentation thereof, a notice of demand in the form marked (A) in the second schedule may be served on the person liable to pay the same, and such notice of demand may be served either at the time when the bill is presented, or at any subsequent time, provided that no charge shall be made in respect of the service of such notice.”

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, if a person was not able to pay the tax immediately on presentation of the bill, he was to be served with a notice of demand. The practice in Calcutta was that a bill was presented two or three times before it was paid, then, if the tax-payer could not pay the tax, a notice of demand was served upon him. If that was the practice in Calcutta, it could not be said that persons in the mofussil were in a position to pay the bill at once, that was to say, the moment it was presented. He thought that if the bill was not paid within a reasonable time after presentation, then a notice of demand might be served. But as the two amendments were worded, he did not know whether such a practice would be allowed.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said that under this Bill the presentation of the bill and the service of the notice of demand were to be made simultaneously: the two processes ought, he thought, to be separate. If the bill was not paid within a reasonable time, then a notice of demand should be served.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he would explain the effect of the second amendment. The practice was no doubt very much what the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had said. But it had struck him that the bill and notice of demand might be presented at the same time; that was to say, if the bill was not paid on presentation, notice of demand should be served at once, in which notice it would be stated that the tax-payer was required either to pay the amount of the bill within fifteen days, or if this was the first time he was assessed, or if he was assessed at a higher rate than before, he might come in and make his objections instead of paying. Since then MR. DAMPIER had been in communication with persons who were practically acquainted with the matter, and it had been pointed out that there would be a good deal of trouble in filling up in all these notices of demand; therefore he proposed that the notice of demand should either be left at the time with the man who did not pay his bill, or it might be served upon him at any future time, provided that no charge should be made for such service.

After some conversation, MR. DAMPIER's first amendment was agreed to, and the second was carried with the substitution of the word “shall” for “may” in the 4th line, and the omission of the words “either at the time when the bill is presented or”

On the motion of MR. DAMPIER a verbal amendment was made to section 110, and the position of sections 124 and 125 was transposed.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the substitution of the following section for section 146 :—

"The Commissioners at a meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, may establish a toll-bar and levy tolls on any bridge, or on any part of a road, which they may have constructed after the commencement of this Act, or at any place within the municipality adjacent to such bridge or part of a road, at which tolls may conveniently be levied on vehicles and animals passing over such bridge or part of a road, and the profits derived therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the municipal fund.

Provided that no such toll-bar shall be established or tolls levied, otherwise than for the purpose of recovering the expenses incurred in constructing such bridge or part of a road, and in maintaining the said bridge or part of a road in repair for the five years next after the construction thereof, together with interest on such expenses as hereinafter provided."

He said it was quite out of the question to abolish tolls on roads where they at present existed; one municipality got as much as 25 per cent. of their income from this source, and several got a very considerable sum. The Council had heard a great deal about the unfairness and injustice of this tax; of people being required to pay twice for the use of the roads, first in the shape of a municipal tax, and then in the shape of a toll. Here was the reverse of the medal. The municipality of the Suburbs had no toll-bars, and they complained very much of the whole of the traffic of Calcutta coming over their roads, and not contributing one pie to their funds. The proposed section would enable them and other municipalities to levy tolls on any bridge or road, or part of a road, which they might have constructed, and for the maintenance of the bridge or road for five years after its construction: as soon as the cost of construction and of such maintenance had been recovered, the tolls would cease.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG enquired whether there would be any strong objection to exempting *kutchas* roads from liability to tolls. He thought it would be a great hardship to levy tolls on such roads, as during the rains one might often see carts buried up to the nave, and it would not be fair to levy tolls where during certain seasons traffic was almost entirely impeded.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER explained that tolls were imposed on the authority of the Government; and under the Bill as it now stood the Government might make over to a municipality any tolls which were levied under the authority of Government at toll-bars established within the municipality. The municipality could not establish any toll-bar without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor. The proposed section would not empower a municipality to set up any toll-bar except for works constructed by them, and then only until the cost of construction and of maintenance for a certain period had been recouped. And with regard to the special objection urged by the hon'ble member, to putting a toll-bar on a *kutchas* road, MR. DAMPIER would instance the case of a bridge connecting two portions of a *kutchas* road. The bridge might be a very great convenience. He had, however, no particular objection to inserting the word "metalled" before "roads," and would adopt the hon'ble member's suggestion.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he understood that the object of the Bill was simply to consolidate existing Acts and not to impose additional taxation; and when the discussion on this subject took place at a previous sitting, the hon'ble mover pointed out that tolls existed in several municipalities, and that it would not be wise to deprive such municipalities of the income they derived from that source. The hon'ble member also stated that it was not the object of the Government to allow additional taxation to be imposed. But the effect of the amendment now before the Council was to impose additional taxation; for instead of confining himself to securing the income now derived from this source, he proposed to give to municipalities where tolls were not now levied a power which they did not now possess. That was inconsistent with the avowed object of the Bill.

He was aware that tolls under the proposed section could not be imposed without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, but practically the effect of the provision, when sanctioned, would be the imposition of additional taxation.

If entirely agreed with the hon'ble member on his right (Sir Stuart Hogg) that tolls should not be levied on roads which were not metalled. He had heard a great deal of the sufferings of the people who had been made to pay tolls on roads which were unmetalled, and over which carts could not pass without great difficulty during the rains. The objection which he took to the proposal for levying tolls on roads generally had not been invalidated by any arguments which had been brought forward. The only question left open for consideration was whether the income now derived by municipalities from this source could be abandoned. It appeared from enquiry that the existing revenue could not be surrendered without seriously crippling the resources of some municipalities. He was willing to accept that position. He therefore proposed that the levy of tolls should be continued in those municipalities only where it existed, but that no power to levy tolls on roads should be conferred on any municipality which did not now obtain an income from that source.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that it was altogether straining words to say that this section provided means for additional taxation.

After some conversation the Council divided :

Ayes 5.		Noes 2.	
The HON'BLE	BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.	The HON'BLE	BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.
"	MR. BELL.	"	" JUGGADANUND
"	MR. REYNOLDS.		MOOKERJEE.
"	SIR STUART HOGG.		
"	MR. DAMPIER.		

The motion was then carried, with the addition of the word "metalled" before the word "roads" wherever it occurred.

A similar amendment was made in section 147; and the following section was introduced after section 147 :—

"Whenever a toll-bar shall have been established, and tolls shall be levied as provided in section 143, the Commissioners shall at the end of each year publish, by causing it to be posted up at their office, an abstract account showing—

(1) the amount of expenses incurred in the construction of such bridge or part of a road, and in the maintenance of the same during the five years next after the construction of the same;

(2) the amount of interest which has accrued due thereon, at the annual rate of six per centum annually; and

(3) the amount which has been recovered from the profits of the said toll-bars; and whenever such expenses and interest shall have been recovered as aforesaid, such toll-bar shall be removed, and tolls shall no longer be levied on such bridge or part of a road."

An amendment rendered necessary by the foregoing amendment was made in section 77.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had at a former meeting proposed an amendment to the effect that if the Chairman required any person to do any particular thing, such person might, instead of doing such thing, state his objections to the Commissioners at a meeting; in fact, giving a kind of power of revision to them. To give effect to that proposal, it was necessary to make a verbal amendment in section 174, and to introduce the following new sections after section 174:—

174A. "Any person who is required by a requisition as aforesaid to execute any work or to do anything may, instead of executing the work or doing the thing required, prefer an objection in writing to the Commissioners against being required to comply with such requisition; provided such objection be preferred within five days of the service of the notice or posting up of the notification containing the requisition; or if the time within which he is required to comply with the requisition be less than five days, then provided that such objection is preferred within such less time.

174B. Except as provided in the next following section, such objection shall be heard and disposed of by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

174C. If the objector shall allege that the cost of executing the work or of doing the thing required will exceed three hundred rupees, such objection shall be heard and determined by the Commissioners at a meeting, unless the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall certify his opinion that such cost will not exceed three hundred rupees, in which case the objection shall be heard and disposed of by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

Provided that in any case in which the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have certified his opinion as aforesaid, and the objection shall in consequence thereof have been heard and decided by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, it shall be lawful for the person making the objection, if the requisition made upon him is not withdrawn on the hearing of his objection,

to pay in the said sum of three hundred rupees to the Commissioners as the cost of the work or the thing required; whereupon such person shall be relieved of all liability and obligation in respect of executing the work or doing the thing required, in respect of paying the expenses thereof; and the Commissioners themselves shall execute such work or do such thing, and shall exercise all powers necessary therefor.

174D. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or the Commissioners at a meeting, as the case may be, shall, after hearing the objection and making any inquiry which they may deem necessary, record an order withdrawing, modifying, or making absolute the requisition against which the objection is preferred; and unless such order withdraw the requisition, it shall specify the time within which the requisition shall be carried out, which shall not be less than the shortest time which might have been mentioned under this Act in the original requisition.

174E. If the person making such objection be present at the office of the Commissioners, the said order shall be explained to him orally, and such explanation shall be deemed to be sufficient notice of the order made; and if such order cannot be so verbally explained, notice of such order shall be given to the person making the objection in the manner provided by section 350; and such explanation of or service of the notice of the said order shall be deemed a requisition duly made under this Act to execute the work or do the thing required."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said when he proposed the amendment to which the hon'ble mover had adverted, he considered that the question at issue was not simply one of amount, but of principle. First, it was necessary to consider whether a person residing in a municipality should be required to execute a certain class of works without being allowed an opportunity of stating his objections; and secondly, whether the Chairman or Vice-Chairman should be empowered to compel a person to execute such works irrespectively of the value of the work. In the amendment proposed provision was made as to amount only, i.e., if the amount of the work required to be done exceeded Rs. 300, then the person required to execute the work might apply to the Commissioners at a meeting for the revision of the order of the Chairman, unless the Chairman undertook to carry out the work for Rs. 300, or unless he modified his own order. If the Chairman had to carry out the work with his own funds, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL could understand the principle upon which it was based. But as the proposed sections stood, if the Chairman exceeded the estimate, the loss would fall upon the municipality.

In the next place he thought that the most important question was about the classes of works to be done. The removal of nuisances and rubbish, and matters of that kind, did not come within the category of the works to which he referred, because those works were ordinary works, and ought to be done at once. But there were other works, such as the filling up of tanks, with regard to which an appeal should be allowed. He mentioned the other day the case of certain tanks in Calcutta in regard to which the Chairman and Health Officer differed in opinion. The Health Officer considered it necessary to have them filled up; the Chairman and the Engineer on the other hand were of opinion that such tanks were to be found all over the town, and if it was necessary to fill up these tanks, it would be equally necessary to fill up all the others. A case of that kind might occur. The Chairman might order a particular work to be done, and it might be open to question whether it was necessary to execute the work irrespectively of the cost; and the person required to do it should have an opportunity of laying his objections before the Commissioners at a meeting.

With regard to the limit of cost of these works, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would suggest that it should be lowered to Rs. 100, because in the mofussil extensive works were rare, and the sum of Rs. 100 was heavy enough for people in the circumstances of mofussil residents.

After some further conversation, the motion was agreed to.

In section 184, line 6, the words "and rubbish" were, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, omitted.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following proviso was added to section 188:—

"Provided that if for the purpose of effecting any drainage under this section it shall be necessary to acquire any land not being the property of the person who is required to drain his land, or to pay compensation to any other person, the Commissioners shall provide such land and pay such compensation."

If section 195 the following proviso was introduced on the motion of the hon'ble Mr. DAMPIER:—

"Provided that if for the purpose of effecting any drainage under this section it shall be necessary to acquire any land not being the property of the person who is required to drain his land, or to pay compensation to any other person, the Commissioners shall provide such land and pay such compensation."

- Verbal amendments were made in sections 199 and 213.

Section 213 empowered the Commissioners to enter upon possession of a house which they might have repaired.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said the consideration of this section had been reserved at the last meeting. He had since considered the point and had no objection to the principle as far as the repairs of unoccupied houses was concerned, but he objected to the mode of recovery of the cost of such repairs: he would affirm the principle of the section, and give power to recover the cost in the same manner as was provided for the recovery of other expenses under the Bill. But he objected to the special procedure provided for the recovery of expenses under this section, and would therefore move its omission.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said there was no express provision in the Bill authorizing the Commissioners to repair ruinous houses. But there were two sections, one of which provided that if a house was in a dangerous or ruinous condition the Commissioners might require the owner either to pull it down or to repair it; and there was the general section 174, which declared that if the Commissioners required a person to do anything, and he failed to do it, the Commissioners might do it and charge the expense to the owner. Then this section provided that when there was a ruinous house, and in consequence of the absence or inability of the proprietor the Commissioners repaired it, they might retain possession of the house until the expense of repairs was recovered. He thought it was better to provide this special procedure for the recovery of such expenses than that the Commissioners should be forced to pull the house down.

After some further conversation, the motion for the omission of section 213 was negatived.

Sections 217 and 218 were agreed to.

Section 219 authorized the Commissioners to maintain an establishment for the removal of offensive matter or rubbish.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said that there was a notice of amendment in the name of the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) to insert the words "on the application or with the consent of the occupiers" in clause 2, line 2, after the word "time," so that occupiers should not be bound to avail themselves of the establishment of the Commissioners to remove offensive matter and rubbish from their premises, but might do it through their own servants or anybody else. The hon'ble member did not wish the provision to be made compulsory, but optional. It seemed to Mr. DAMPIER that this might be accepted, if after clause 2 were added the words "nothing in this section shall be deemed to restrict the powers which the Commissioners are authorized to exercise under section 184."

The HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE observed that the word "rubbish" included broken bricks and mortar, and he thought this section ought not to apply to such things.

After some conversation the further consideration of the section was postponed.

Section 220 required mehters to give one month's notice before leaving service.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the substitution of the words "a fine not exceeding Rs. 20" for the words "rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months" in paragraph 2, line 4 of section 220. He did not believe that there was any law in the country which provided rigorous imprisonment for withdrawal from service without giving notice. The class of people to which the section referred was a very useful one, and they did a service which could not be rendered by other people, and he did not think it would be fair or just to visit desertion by rigorous imprisonment. They ought to be liable to the same punishment that other menial servants were subject to;

and if the law considered the punishment of fine sufficient for other ^{and pure work} he did not see why a more severe punishment should be meted out to very useful class of servants.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that the hon'ble member seemed entirely to miss the point of this provision. He did not seem to consider how terrible would be the result of a strike amongst these people, and how much the comfort and health of the community would be jeopardized by a combination among them to strike work; it was therefore absolutely necessary for the protection of health and even life to make desertion by these men a criminal offence. MR. DAMPIER would, however, be willing to reduce the punishment to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

After some conversation the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier's amendment was agreed to.

In section 221 an amendment moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier on behalf of the Hon'ble Nawab Syed Ashgur Ali, with the object of increasing the time allowed for the repair of drains, &c., from fifteen days to one month, was negatived, and so also was an amendment moved in section 222 for the purpose of exempting from punishment a person who "permits his servants to throw or put" rubbish, &c., into sewers.

Section 222 was then passed after a verbal amendment made on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier.

An amendment in section 223 moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier, on behalf of the Hon'ble Nawab Syed Asligar Ali, for increasing the time allowed for enclosing privies from fifteen days to one month, was negatived.

Sections 224 and 225 were agreed to.

In section 226 the penalty for altering or making unauthorized drains leading into public sewers was, on the motion of the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal, reduced from Rs. 200 to Rs. 50.

Sections 227, 228, and 229 related to the drainage of land or of a group or block of houses.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of these sections, which were taken from the Calcutta Municipal Bill. He observed that there was no underground drainage going on in mofussil municipalities, and he did not think that these provisions should apply to such places. The amendment to be proposed by the hon'ble mover would to a certain extent meet the objects sought to be attained; but he did not understand whether the outlet was to be maintained by the Commissioners or by private individuals.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the substitution, for section 227, of the following, which he thought would meet the objections of the hon'ble member:—

"If any land, being within one hundred feet of a sewer, drain, or other outlet into which such land may, in the opinion of the Commissioners, be drained, is not drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, the Commissioners may require the owner within one month to drain the said land into such sewer, drain, or outlet, and the Commissioners shall at their own expense provide any land which may be required for such drainage, and shall pay any compensation which it may be necessary to pay to any person other than the person whose land is so drained in consequence of such drainage."

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG suggested that the section should stop at the word "outlet," so as to avoid possible complications as to compensation; if the Commissioners required a person to drain land, they must indicate the way in which it should be done.

After some conversation the Hon'ble Sir Stuart Hogg's suggestion was adopted, and the section as amended was agreed to.

An amendment rendered necessary by the previous amendment was, on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier, made in section 228.

Sections 229 to 233 were agreed to.

Section 234 empowered the Commissioners to prohibit excavations.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved amendments which made the section run thus:—

"The Commissioners at a meeting may by a general order prohibit the making of excavations for the purpose of taking earth therefrom or for the purpose of storing rubbish or filth therein, and the digging of cesspools, tanks, or pits, without special permission previously obtained from them."

If any such excavation, cesspool, tank, or pit is made after the issue and publication of such order without special permission, the Commissioners may require the owners and occupiers of the land on which such cesspool, tank, or pit is made, within eight days, to fill up such cesspool, tank, or pit."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he could not accept the amendment, and was rather surprised that the hon'ble mover, with his knowledge of the condition of the country should seriously propose this section. It would practically prohibit the erection of any building with earth or bricks. He did not see why such a provision should find a place in the Bill; for if any person committed a nuisance by filling up a hole with refuse, he would be punishable under the general provisions of the law. To make the declaration under comment was simply to interfere with the commonest rights of the people: it was microscopic legislation, and would interfere with the daily wants of the people. The sanitary objects contemplated would be sufficiently met by the sanitary regulations of the law, and when such was the case, he would entreat his hon'ble friend to omit this and the following sections.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG hardly thought this section should be passed. They were not proposing to deal with a town like Calcutta, but with municipalities and municipal unions in which several places at considerable distances would be grouped together, and therefore the whole intervening space between such places would be included; consequently the villagers would not be able to dig a tank or even a hole without permission.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that it should be remembered that this was one of the provisions which could only be introduced into a municipality by the Government on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting: he would, however, have no objection to modify the provision by empowering the Commissioners to restrict the operation of the section to particular portions of the municipality.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he thought it was absolutely necessary that some provision of this sort should exist in the law. Every one who had had experience of mofussil municipalities must know that these tanks and holes in towns were the greatest source of disease: they were receptacles of the most filthy water and decayed vegetation, and any one who had experience of these municipalities would agree that these tanks and holes were a constant source of sickness. He thought that the sections as proposed were necessary, and that with the alteration suggested they were absolutely harmless.

After some further conversation, the Council divided:—

Ayes 5.
The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

" MR. BELL.

" MR. REYNOLDS.

" MR. DAMPIER.

" THE PRESIDENT.

Noes 3.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

" BABOO J'GGADANUND.

" MOOKERJEE.

" SIR STUART HOGG.

The motion was therefore carried, and the section as amended was agreed to.

Amendments to correspond with those in section 234 were, on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier, made in section 235.

Section 236 related to the removal of existing projections from houses.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Dampier amendments were carried to make it necessary that a hearing should be given before an order was carried out for the removal of an existing projection.

Sections 237 to 241 were agreed to.

Sections 242 to 245 provided regulations similar to those in the Calcutta Municipal Bill to be observed in the building of new houses in municipalities.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of these sections. He thought the time had not arrived to insist upon the observance of these building regulations in the mofussil: in Calcutta they were necessary because there was a system of underground drainage, and proper levels must be observed. In mofussil municipalities there was no prospect of an underground drainage; and even in the Suburbs of Calcutta that system was not contemplated, as far as he was aware. To require the inhabi-

tants of mofussil municipalities to furnish plans and the like, would necessitate a large amount of expenditure which would be hard upon the poorer classes. Many of the conservancy and sanitary regulations of this Bill had been introduced chiefly with the view, as far as he understood it, of meeting the wants of two first class municipalities, Howrah and the Suburbs of Calcutta. He was of opinion that it would have been better had these two municipalities been separately dealt with. These sections, even if introduced into first class municipalities, would subject the inhabitants to great harassment, irritation, and annoyance; and even in the Suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah they ought to be very sparingly used, if at all. The object of the Bill was not to cause irritation and annoyance; and as in the absence of underground drainage there was no necessity to have such regulations, he thought it would not be detrimental to the interests of any municipality to omit these sections; in fact, to attempt to foist all the provisions of the Calcutta Municipal Bill on mofussil municipalities would be to put on very high pressure indeed.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said the object of these sections was to take time by the forelock, so as to render conservancy arrangements possible. In Calcutta time was not taken by the forelock, and now the difficulty was how to make adequate provision for conservancy. It was for that reason that these sections were introduced.

After some further conversation the motion was negatived, and the sections were agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of the words "and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a plinth of at least two feet above the level of the nearest street" at the end of section 246.

The motion was negatived, and the section was agreed to.

Section 247 was agreed to.

In section 248, the penalty for erecting a hut contrary to the provisions of section 246 was, on the motion of the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal, reduced from Rs. 100 to Rs. 20.

The further consideration of the Bill was postponed.

The Council was adjourned to Thursday, the 23rd instant.

Thursday, the 23rd March 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *Presiding*,
The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, Kt.,
The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
The Hon'ble H. BELL,
The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, RAI BANADOOR,
The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

and

The Hon'ble NAWAB SYUD ASHGHAH ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities be further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The motion was agreed to.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following section was introduced after section 158:—

"158A. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time order that the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them, shall cease to levy any tolls under the last preceding section, and may at any time withdraw such order; provided that reasonable compensation shall be paid by the Commissioners to any farmer or other person who has entered into a legal

contract with the said Commissioners for the collection of such tolls, and whose profits under such contract are diminished by an order of the Lieutenant-Governor passed under this section."

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said that section 184 now related to the removal of offensive matter only and was applicable to all municipalities on the passing of the Bill. He suggested that "rubbish" should be dealt with in two separate sections as follows:—

"184A. The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time, by an order published as prescribed in section 348, appoint the hours within which only every occupier of any house or land may place rubbish on the public road adjacent to his house or land in order that such rubbish may be removed by the establishment of the Commissioners, and the Commissioners may charge such fees as they may think fit in respect of the removal of such rubbish from such public road, or, with the consent of the occupier of any house or land, from such house or land.

184B. Whenever any order as provided in the last preceding section shall have been published in a municipality, every occupier of any house or land who shall place, or who shall allow his servants to place, rubbish on a public road at other than the appointed times, shall be liable to a fine of twenty rupees "

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL objected to that portion of the section which authorized the Commissioners to charge fees for the removal of rubbish. Hon'ble members were aware that one of the primary duties of a municipal body was to attend to the conservancy of the town; in other words, to remove the sweepings and rubbish, and clean the roads and drains. This duty was now performed without any additional charge. The amendment did not confine the charging of fees for the removal of professional or business rubbish. The term "rubbish" had been used in such a comprehensive sense that it would include rubbish ordinarily thrown out from houses as well as rubbish thrown out by reason of any trade or business. He would therefore move the omission from section 184A of the words "from such public road or" so as to confine the operation of the section to rubbish removed from within private houses.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said, in his view of the case it was no part of the business of a municipality to remove rubbish collected in private houses. Undoubtedly it was their business to remove the sweepings of the roads and the dust accumulated on them, but not to remove the filth collected in the houses of private individuals. It was true that it was so done in Calcutta, but it was certainly not so done in London or elsewhere; in those places the work was done by private contract. In Calcutta the Municipality raised high rates, and did the work, but the same observations did not apply to outlying towns in the mofussil. He thought the section as drafted should stand: it was left optional to municipalities in the mofussil to charge or not, as they thought fit.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said his experience was contrary to that of the hon'ble member who had just spoken. The rubbish and sweepings from houses must be put upon the roads. In all mofussil municipalities with which he had been connected, conservancy carts went round and removed the the rubbish deposited on the roads, without any charge. It seemed to him that these were charges which the municipality ought to bear. He would retain the section, omitting from section 184A all the words from the words "and the Commissioners may charge" to the end of the section.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL withdrew his amendment in favor of that proposed by the HON'BLE MR. BELL.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL's amendment was then put and negatived.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved by way of amendment the omission from section 184A of the words "from such public road or" and the addition of the words "or in respect of the removal from such public road of any rubbish which has accumulated in the course of a trade or business."

The motion was carried and section 184A as amended was agreed to.

Section 184B was agreed to.

Section 219, empowering the Commissioners to maintain an establishment for the purpose of removing offensive matter, the further consideration of which was postponed, was on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, omitted.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of sections 249 to 255 (the *bustee* sections) on the same grounds that he had urged at the last meeting for the omission of some of the sections which were called building regulations. These sections were mostly taken from the Calcutta Municipal Bill, and the reasons which applied to Calcutta did not, in his humble opinion, apply with equal force to mofussil municipalities. He thought that if there was a separate chapter in the Bill dealing with the Suburbs and Howrah, these provisions might apply. But as these sections might be enforced with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor in any mofussil municipality, he thought it was placing too much power in the hands of the Commissioners. The necessity for *bustee* reform did not exist in the municipalities in the interior, where the population was not so dense, and the habitations of the people were not so unhealthy, as were to be found in some of the *bustees* in Calcutta. In the mofussil the habitations of the poor were generally in open places, and unhealthiness proceeding from overcrowdedness could not be said to exist. Besides, the means of drainage in mofussil towns was not such as to admit of the efficient draining of *bustees*: the water-supply there was very deficient and defective; and he thought that before the inhabitants of such places were called upon to improve their *bustees*, the municipalities should be required to provide the necessary means of improvement. In many of these towns good drinking water could not be had, and until the municipalities supplied the means for preserving health, it was too much to require the poor inhabitants to conform to those rigid sanitary rules which were applicable to the metropolis of the country.

On these grounds he objected to these sections. He believed that they might be applicable to some particular municipalities; but the Bill made no exception whatever. The provisions of these sections were very comprehensive, and he thought they ought not to find a place in this Bill.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, the hon'ble member had observed that this Bill made no distinction as to places. The Bill enacted provisions to be used where they were required to be used. And it seemed impossible in matters of this sort to avoid leaving a discretion in the hands of the executive Government. He did not see why these provisions should not be required at Dacca and Moorshedabad, as well as Howrah and the Suburbs. He should be the last to expect that the Government would introduce these provisions into distant municipalities, rural municipalities so to say, in which the population was sparse and not crowded: he thought that the reason which made them good for Calcutta made them good for some of the mofussil municipalities, and he thought power should be given to the Government to extend them to such places.

The Council divided:—

Ayes 2.
THE HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.
„ BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKER-
JEE.

Noes 6.
THE HON'BLE NAWAB SYED ASHGUR ALL.
„ BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.
„ MR. BRILL.
„ MR. REYNOLDS.
„ SIR STUART HOGG.
„ MR. DAMPIER.

So the motion was negatived.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER a verbal amendment was made in section 255.

Section 256 required markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of this section and of section 257 on the same grounds which he had urged for the omission of the *bustee* sections. He thought the general provisions of the law relating to nuisances would be sufficient to make people keep these places in good condition, but to require them to cause the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and to provide a sufficient water-supply where there was no supply of water, would be very expensive, and in many cases would lead to the closing of markets and slaughter-houses.

After some conversation the motion was put and negatived, and the sections were agreed to.

Sections 258 and 259 were agreed to.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the second paragraph of section 260 was omitted as unnecessary.

Sections 260 to 264 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 265.

Sections 266 to 268 were agreed to.

On the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL the following section was inserted after section 268:—

"The Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time out of the municipal fund provide for the burial and burning of paupers, free of charge, within the limits of a municipality."

In section 269 the following were omitted from the list of offensive or dangerous trades—

Yard or depôt for trade in "coal, charcoal, golpatta, bamboos ;"

Shop for the sale of "fish."

And the provision for charging "an annual fee, not exceeding two rupees for each license" was also omitted.

Section 270 was agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 271.

Section 272 was agreed to.

In section 273 verbal amendments were made so as to exclude shepherds and persons keeping less than ten head of horned cattle, from the necessity of taking out a license.

In section 274 the word "shepherd" was omitted, and the penalty for omitting to take out a license was reduced from Rs. 100 to Rs. 50.

Sections 275 to 280 were agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, he thought it was wrong on principle to allow the Municipal Commissioners to devote their funds to speculations of this kind. In most municipalities private markets were in existence in sufficient numbers, and it would necessarily cause conflict between private individuals and the Commissioners if these were permitted to establish markets with the aid of the municipal fund. He was not aware if any complaint existed in mofussil towns in consequence of the want of a sufficient number of markets. It was certainly desirable to keep markets in proper condition, and sanitary provisions ought to be enacted for that purpose. But to enable the Commissioners to establish markets out of the municipal fund would be to arm them with power to fritter away their resources without adequate advantages to the people. On these grounds he moved the omission of sections 281, 282, and 283.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, the subject of these sections had been so thoroughly discussed outside this Bill that he need hardly say anything by way of reply to the hon'ble member's motion. The whole question at issue was whether the establishment of good markets under the circumstances was a good or a bad thing. The Council had already affirmed the principle of these sections in the Calcutta Act. But in deference to the British Indian Association the Select Committee had introduced a provision which required the market fund to be kept entirely distinct from the municipal fund; so that any one could see in a moment how a market was getting on, and whether it was a charge upon the municipal fund or not. He might also point out that by section 267 the Commissioners were bound to license a private market unless there were sanitary objections against it.

The motion was then put and negatived, and the sections were agreed to, a verbal amendment being made in section 281.

Sections 284 to 288 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 289.

Sections 290 to 293 were agreed to.

Section 294 related to the framing of bye-laws.

After verbal amendments made on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following proviso was on the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL, added to the section:—

"Provided that no fee or toll shall be levied under the bye-laws which is not expressly sanctioned under this Act."

Sections 295 to 298 were agreed to.

Section 299 was as follows:—

“ 299. If the Commissioners of any municipality fail to maintain, within the limits thereof, any road which without such limits is maintained by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871, or to pay for the municipal police, or if the Commissioner of the division shall have reason to believe that the Commissioners are failing to fulfil any obligation imposed upon them by this Chapter,

the Commissioner of the division in which such municipality is situated may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, convene a Committee consisting of—

- (a) the Magistrate of the district, or the Magistrate of the division of the district.
- (b) the Executive Engineer of the division,
- (c) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
- (d) and two members, one of whom shall be nominated by the Commissioner of the division, and the other by the Commissioners at a meeting;

and such Committee shall inquire into and report on the state of the Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the report of such Committee, call upon the Commissioners by a requisition in writing forwarded to the Chairman, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Chapter;

And if the Commissioners neglect, for the period of three months from the date of such publication, to comply with such requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate of the district to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Chapter, and carry out the purposes thereof in respect of roads, police, and the cleansing of the municipality; and for such purposes the Magistrate of the district shall have all the powers and rights conferred on the Commissioners and the Commissioners at a meeting, by this Act, and shall exercise such powers and rights until the said Lieutenant-Governor shall otherwise direct.”

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the omission of the words from the beginning of the section to the words “ the Commissioner of the division in which such municipality is situated” in the beginning of the second paragraph, and the substitution of the following:—

“ If the Commissioner of the division shall have reason to believe that the Commissioners have failed to pay for the municipal police as required by this Act, or have failed to maintain within the limits of the municipality any road which without such limits is maintained by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871,

or have failed to maintain in proper order the roads within the municipality;

or have failed to make adequate and suitable provision for the cleansing and conservancy of the municipality to an extent likely to be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of any part thereof, the said Commissioners”

Also the insertion of the words “ in respect of the objects mentioned in this section” after the word “ chapter” at the end of paragraph 3; and the substitution of the words “ the said objects” for the words “ roads, police, and the cleansing of the municipality” in paragraph 4.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he was sorry he could not agree to the amendment proposed. This section very much resembled the controlling sections of the Calcutta Bill, and it gave much more power to the Commissioner of the Division than the Government itself took in the Calcutta Bill. The tendency of the section was to keep the Municipal Commissioners continually and perpetually in the leading strings of the Commissioner of the division. If the Commissioner thought not only that the Commissioners did not pay for the police, but that the roads in the municipality were not kept in proper order, or that the Commissioners did not make adequate provision for the cleansing and conservancy of the municipality, then he might convene a Committee and carry out the provisions of the law. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL need not repeat that the funds of mofussil municipalities were so very limited, that they were not in a position to carry out the many improvements which were enjoined by this Bill, and it would therefore be most unjust to vest the Commissioner of the division with power to step in whenever he might think that the Commissioners had not done their duty: where the police were not paid, or where the Commissioners failed to maintain, within municipal limits, roads which without such limits were maintained by a Road Cess Committee, the Commissioners might justly be called upon to make suitable provision. But in other respects, he did not think it would be consistent with the principle of the Bill to vest these large powers over Municipal Commissioners in the Commissioner of the division. They might, he thought, be trusted to exercise their

powers in other respects, especially as the Commissioner of the division, having practically a voice in the internal working of the municipality, would be necessarily acquainted with its affairs. The budget could not be passed without the sanction of the Commissioner of the division; no new work above a certain amount could be carried out without his approval; and he did not think it was necessary or desirable to vest him with further powers. He therefore suggested that the provisions of this section should be limited to those two items, namely, the maintenance of the police, and the maintenance of such roads as were under the Road Cess Committee. He would therefore move the following amendments:—

The omission of the words “or if the Commissioner of the division shall have reason to believe that the Commissioners are failing to fulfil any obligation imposed upon them by this chapter” in the first paragraph.

The substitution of the words “provide for the roads and the police in the manner provided by this Act” for the words “carry out the purposes of this chapter” in paragraph 2.

And the omission of the words “and the cleansing of the municipality” in paragraph 4.

After some conversation, the HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL's amendments were negatived, and the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER's amendments were agreed to.

Sections 300 to 302 were agreed to.

Section 303 provided for the formation of Unions under Chapter III.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the addition to the section of the following words:—

“But no agricultural village intervening shall be included in such Union.”

It had been affirmed at an early stage of the Bill that it was not the object to extend municipal taxation to agricultural villages; he therefore proposed the insertion of these words. It was true that these towns were not, properly speaking, municipal towns; they were in fact towns under the Chowkidaree Act XX of 1856; but agricultural villages were also not included in that Act. He found from a despatch of the Court of Directors on the passing of that Act that the object was to exclude agricultural villages.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he must again explain that this Chapter of the Bill was really a consolidation and nothing else of Act XX of 1856 and the many existing laws which have been grafted on it; and this section 303 would be found to be an exact reproduction of Act XX of 1856. There was no such exception of agricultural villages in the Act, and it might be that there had been abuses; but it was out of place to bring in such an amendment as this when the provisions of this Chapter were only a re-enactment of the existing law.

After some conversation the motion was carried, and the section as amended was agreed to.

A similar amendment was made in section 304.

Section 305 provided that the Magistrate should raise in every town the expense of the police, and such sum in addition as he might think fit for “cleaning the town or in lighting or otherwise improving it.”

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought that good drinking water was of much more practical importance than lighting, and he would therefore move that the words “in providing drinking water” be substituted for the words in lighting.”

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER explained that “lighting” had all along been one of the purposes to which the funds might be applied under Act XX of 1856; he would however have no objection to include “drinking water” as one of the objects in addition to lighting.

The motion as amended on the suggestion of Mr. Dampier was carried, and the section as amended was agreed to.

Sections 306 to 314 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 315.

Section 316 was agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 317.

Sections 318 to 320 were agreed to.

Section 321 provided a penalty for refusal to serve on the panchait.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of this section. The Chowkidaree Act was passed at a time when municipal institutions were just springing up into existence, and now that the Act had been in existence for twenty years, he thought the time had arrived for amending the law.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL thought it would be unadvisable to omit this section. There might be districts in which there was a difficulty to get panchaits.

After some conversation, the motion was agreed to.

Sections 322 to 338 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 339.

Section 340 specified the purposes for which rules might be framed under the Chapter, and amongst other things authorized the levy of "town duties."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of the word "or town-duties" in clause 2 of the section; he believed "town-duties" were not now levied anywhere.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that this Chapter IV was a mere reproduction of the existing Act XXVI of 1850. That Act could not be introduced otherwise than at the wish of the inhabitants. He believed it was in force in two places only, Jamalpore and another, and there, under the existing Act, the mode of taxation by town duties might be adopted if it was desired. The law was considered well adapted to young towns which sprung up about railway stations, and it had been determined to reproduce its provisions in this Bill. Places under that Act had the right to make rules for defining "the persons or property within the town or suburbs to be taxed for raising the moneys necessary for the purposes of this Act, whether by house assessment or town-duties or otherwise."

After some conversation, the further consideration of the section was postponed.

Sections 341 to 354 were agreed to.

Section 355 authorized the sale of unclaimed holdings for money due.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of the section. He thought that if anybody had a right to unclaimed holdings it was the Government. If there were any holdings which were unoccupied, the conclusion was that any due which the Commissioners had in respect of such holdings ought to be written off as bad debts. But surely the Municipal Commissioners ought not to have the power of selling them off; for if nobody claimed the property within a year, the Commissioners under this section would carry the proceeds to the credit of the municipal fund. Such a power did not exist in the Calcutta Act. He thought the Government, and not the Municipality, ought to benefit in such cases, and that the ordinary law of limitation ought to apply.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said the section was introduced to meet a case of this sort. An epidemic came in and persons began to leave the place. Huts were deserted and fell to pieces. The Commissioners kept down the jungle, and kept clean the premises which had been deserted, as nobody else would move in the matter. Surely the Commissioners ought to be allowed to recover anything they could in such cases. With regard to the limitation of one year, the section simply provided that the proceeds were to be transferred to the municipal fund after the expiration of one year: there was nothing to prevent a person putting in his claim within the usual limitation of three years.

The motion was negatived and the section was agreed to.

Section 356 was agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 357.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the introduction of the following section after section 357:—

"357A. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, Bengal Act VI of 1870 (an Act to provide for the appointment, dismissal, and maintenance of village chowkidars, the provisions of Part II of the said Act, relating to chowkidaree chakran lands, shall be applicable to all such lands which have been assigned before the passing of the said Act for the benefit of any part of a municipality, town, or station in which this Act may from time to time be in force, and all duties and functions which the panchait of a village or any member thereof is required to discharge under the provisions of the said Part, and all powers

which the panchait of a village or any member thereof is authorized to exercise under the said Part, shall be exercised in respect of any municipality by the Commissioners thereof."

He said hon'ble members were aware that Bengal Act VI of 1870 provided a system for securing the payment and the control of chowkidars in mofussil villages. And one of the Chapters of that Act was to the effect that chakran lands, which had been assigned to provide for the performance of police duties, might be assessed at half rates and given up to the zemindar entirely, the zemindar paying revenue on such lands at half the usual rates only, instead of their being held as before by a chowkidar who, as a condition of his tenure, was bound to give a certain amount of police service and a certain amount of service to the zemindar. It was assumed that the interest of the zemindar and the public in the chowkidar's services was half and half. There was a provision in the Act that Commissioners might be appointed to identify these chakran lands, and it enacted that the rent payable by the zemindar should be paid over to the panchait, who should devote it to the purpose of paying chowkidars. In the Burdwan district there had been a good deal of stir about this matter, and it had been found that there was a great amount of chakran lands within the limits of chowkidaree unions, and it was proposed that there the land should be assessed under the Act. But on looking at the law, Act VI of 1870, it was found that in section 3 there was a provision of which the effect was to prevent that being done within the limits of municipalities. The reason of the exclusion appeared to be this, that in framing Act VI of 1870 they were dealing with villages and not municipalities, and were providing that the rental of land should be dealt with by the panchaits who were called into existence as a part of the scheme of that Act. In municipalities and chowkidaree unions there were no such panchaits. In fact the Act was not dealing with towns at all but with rural villages; and therefore it expressly excluded from its own operation chakran lands which lay within the limits of municipalities. Section 3 of Act VI of 1870 ran as follows:—

"It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district by a sunnud under his hand and seal to appoint not less than three nor more than five persons to be a panchait in any village containing more than sixty houses, within the district of which he is in charge. Provided that no such panchait shall be appointed in any village to which the provisions of Act XXVI of 1850, or of Act XX of 1856, passed by the Legislative Council of India, or the provisions of Act III of 1864, or of Act VI of 1868, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, shall have been extended."

Then the subsequent sections of the law said that the sections which dealt with chakran lands should not be applied in any place where there was not a panchait. But under section 3 you might not appoint a panchait in municipalities, and therefore you could not apply the chakran provisions to such places. He thought it was obvious that it would be very desirable to deal with chakran lands within the limits of municipalities in the same manner as they were dealt with in villages under Act VI of 1870; and as on the present occasion the Council were dealing with towns, he had at the instance of the Government drafted the section which he now moved should be introduced in the Bill.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he was sorry that this important question was raised at the far end of the discussion. The hon'ble member had given the Council his theory of the cause of the omission of the assessment of chakran lands within the limits of municipalities by referring to the fact that Act VI of 1870 provided a machinery for panchaits and for assessments, and as the Municipal Acts did not provide that machinery, therefore the chakran provisions of Act VI of 1870 did not apply to municipalities. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL appealed to his hon'ble friend to refer to the section which he had read, and let him say whether under Act XX of 1856 there was not a panchait in existence. Still it was enacted there that no such panchait should be appointed in villages which were under the provisions of Act XX of 1856.

In other words, the chakran clauses of Act VI of 1870 were not extended wherever Act XX of 1856 was in force, although a panchait was then in existence. Therefore the theory of his hon'ble friend did not hold good.

So there must be some other cause and some very weighty reason why the chakran clauses were not extended to such places as were under the operation of Act XX of 1856, or Bengal Acts III of 1864 and VI of 1868. Now, the

controversy about chakran lands had a long history. Hon'ble members were aware that since the year 1831 the question of bringing chakran lands under assessment had been more or less under consideration, and Committee after Committee had been appointed and officer after officer had been called upon to report upon the subject. The last of these reports was that made by Mr. MacNeille. Upon the submission of that report a Committee consisting of official and non-official gentlemen, was appointed to go into the whole question, and the result of its labors was the chakran clauses of Act VI of 1870. So that after many years of enquiry and deliberations the Government decided that chakran lands should be dealt with in rural villages in the manner provided by that Act. It was now proposed to extend the same provisions to municipalities.

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL asked whether his hon'ble friend was aware that these lands, like others, were liable to assessment: if they were, should they be subject to double assessment? The question ought to have been considered in Select Committee first. At the first blush of the subject he was inclined to think that they ought not to be brought under municipal assessment. He did not say that if they were brought under Act VI of 1870 they should be exempt from municipal assessment; but the subject was a very important one, and should be carefully considered before the Council was asked to introduce into this Bill an innovation of this nature.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he happened to be one of the Committee on whose report Act VI of 1870 was passed; and he thought the hon'ble member labored under some slight misapprehension as to what was recommended by the Committee and embodied in the Act. The Village Chowkidars' Act merely referred to villages in which that Act was in force; and the provisions regarding chakran land were necessarily limited to those particular villages. One reason why the provisions of the Chowkidars' Act in regard to chakran land were not extended to municipalities was this, that the question of municipalities was not before the Council when that Act was discussed. Section 48 of the Act provided that:—

"All chowkidari chakran lands before the passing of this Act assigned for the benefit of any village in which a panchait shall be appointed, shall be transferred in manner and subject as hereinafter mentioned to the zemindar of the estate or tenure within which may be situate such lands."

The object of the Act was to utilize chakran lands by assessing them with rent and devoting the rent to the payment of the chowkidars. It seemed to him that the amendment was one of exclusive gain to municipalities. At present, if there was chakran land in a village the chowkidar who lived on that land was absolutely useless to the municipality. The object of the amendment was to allow the municipality to make over the land to the zemindar and receive rent for the land. Therefore, as far as the amendment went, it would be a great relief to the burden of the tax-payers.

The hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) objected that this land would be subject, first, to municipal assessment, and secondly, to chowkidaree assessment. But the service rendered by the chowkidar was paid in lieu of rent; and therefore there would be no double assessment. If we left the land as it stood, chakran lands in municipalities would be liable to no assessment at all. He quite agreed that the general question of dealing with chakran lands was a very difficult one, and if any new principle had been involved in the present proposition, he should have advised that the subject be postponed for further consideration. But as he understood it, the hon'ble member merely wished to introduce into municipalities an arrangement which had already been carried out in chowkidaree unions.

After some further conversation the Council divided:—

Ayes 5.

THE HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.

" MR. BELL.

" MR. REYNOLDS.

" SIR STUART HOGG.

" MR. DAMPIER.

Noes 3.

THE HON'BLE NAWAR SYED ASHGAR ALI.

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.

BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE.

The motion was therefore carried.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following section was added to the Bill :—

Section 360.—"If any person employed under this Act (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act,

or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person with the Commissioners or with any public servant or with the Government as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous, as provided in section 53 of the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or with both."

The first and second schedules were agreed to.

The third schedule prescribed the maximum rates of tax for houses and carriages.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved that the schedule annexed to Act III of 1864 be substituted for this schedule. He found on comparing the two schedules that material alterations had been made in this schedule from the existing law. For instance in Act III of 1864 the charge for every four-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies was Rs. 1-8; in the schedule of the Bill the tax was raised to Rs. 3. Then for every four-wheeled carriage without springs the tax in the existing law was Rs. 1-8. These two classes had been amalgamated together in the new schedule, and the tax had been raised to Rs. 3. The present rate for a two-wheeled carriage on springs was Rs. 2-4; in the Bill it was Rs. 2-8. And the tax for a two-wheeled carriage without springs was at present 12 annas, whereas in this schedule it was raised to Rs. 2-8. The Bill appeared to make no distinction between carriages on springs and without springs. And as the principle of the Bill was to impose no additional taxation, he thought the schedule of the existing law should be substituted for the schedule in the Bill.

After some conversation, the Council divided :—

<i>Ayes 3.</i>		<i>Noes 5.</i>	
The HON'BLE NAWAB SYED ASHOUR ALI.		The HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.	
" BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.		" MR. BELL.	
" BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE.		" MR. REYNOLDS.	
		" SIR STUART HOGG.	
		" MR. DAMPIER.	

The motion was therefore negatived, and the schedule as it stood was agreed to.

The fourth and fifth schedules were agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 25th instant.

Saturday, the 25th March 1876.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *Presiding*,
 The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I.,
 The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General*,
 The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
 The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, Kt.,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL.
 The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble T. W. BROOKES,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 and
 The Hon'ble NAWAB SYED ASHGAR ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

THE HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said before proceeding to make the motion which stood in his name, he would ask leave to propose a verbal alteration

in the 9th schedule, which referred to the registration of deaths in the town. After the 8th column of the form prescribed in that schedule, he proposed to add the following heads of information, "residence at the time of death," and "residence previous to last illness." The object of these two additions to the form was to enable the municipality to distinguish between persons who died in the town and were actual residents of Calcutta, and those who, although they died in Calcutta, were previous to their last illness residents beyond municipal limits. The alteration had been suggested by the Health Officer, Dr. Payne, who found it difficult to distinguish between those two classes of deaths.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG moved that the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the municipal affairs of Calcutta be passed. In doing so, he said that since the last publication of the Bill in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and indeed since it had been considered by the Select Committee, to whom it was referred with the view of considering how far it was possible to alter the control sections so as to meet the wishes of certain memorialists, the Council had only received one memorial in a general form from the Special Committee appointed by the Justices of the Peace. Previously to that the Council had received a memorial from the Justices, in which they at a very large meeting generally approved of the Bill. That was previous to the introduction of the sections which gave to Calcutta the elective system now contained in the Bill. Since then the Justices had appointed another Committee, who had not only remonstrated against the elective system, but had made suggestions as regards particular clauses of the Bill to which they had previously given their assent; as all that the Justices had said had been fully considered by the Select Committee of this Council before whom the Justices had been represented by Counsel, he need not take up the time of the Council by referring to those matters again.

Another memorial which had also been received was from Baboo Prannath Pundit, who prayed the Council to reconsider section 143, which provided that people residing outside the municipal limits and not paying municipal taxes, should not, without the express permission of the Justices, be permitted to take water from the stand-pipes in the town. Seeing that such people did not pay the water-rate, SIR STUART HOGG did not think that it could be any hardship to enact that, without express permission, such persons should not take the water which was paid for by the residents of the town. He did not think that the representation placed in his hands deserved the consideration of the Council. He would therefore now move that the Bill be passed.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said before this motion was put to the vote, he desired to say why he considered it his duty to oppose the passing of the Bill. He would not take up the time of the Council by reiterating the objections which he had taken to several portions of the Bill. He readily acknowledged the patience and courtesy with which the Council had heard his arguments and objections, as well as the various suggestions which he had made for the improvement of the Bill. He would now simply sum up the reasons upon which he considered it his duty to protest against the passing of the Bill:—

Firstly.—Because the Bill, though it professes to concede self-government to the people of Calcutta, leaves the appointment and dismissal of the Chief Executive Officer in the hands of Government, and thus destroys one of the most essential characteristics of self-government.

Secondly.—Because the Bill sanctions the union of the functions of Chairman of the Commissioners and Commissioner of Police in the hands of one person, which is detrimental to efficiency, tends to divide responsibility, and opens a door to abuse of power. This centralization of authority is not required in the interest of the town, inasmuch as the experience gained in the sister capitals of Madras and Bombay shows that the separation of the two offices works there smoothly and satisfactorily.

Thirdly.—Because the Bill sanctions additional objects for municipal expenditure, which, though optional, may be enforced at the discretion of the Commissioners, and which, when enforced, are likely to result in additional taxation. The multiplication of municipal expenditure on objects of secondary importance, when the town is burdened with a heavy debt, and its primary requirements cannot be satisfactorily met from want of funds, is much to be regretted.

Fourthly.—Because the Bill reduces the hours of the supply of water at high pressure from 17 to 3 during twenty-four hours, though it enhances the water-rate from 5 to 6 per cent. The reduction of the water-supply will place the people at considerable disadvantage and imperil the success of the drainage system.

The HON'BLE MR. BROOKES said he also desired to record his protest against the passing of this Bill. He cordially agreed in the remarks which had fallen from the hon'ble member who had just spoken. Every argument which could possibly be made use of against the various sections of the Bill which had been objected to had been brought to the notice of the Council by the hon'ble member and himself, and it now only remained for them to record their protest against the passing of the Bill that day.

The HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE referred to the petition which had been received from Baboo Prannath Pundit regarding section 143 of the Bill. His desire was to ask the Council to consider whether they could not modify the section in some way. The provision as it stood would be to some extent a hardship on persons who were not resident in Calcutta, but who, from their residing in proximity to the town, had enjoyed the benefits which the water-supply conferred upon the residents of Calcutta. Pure and good water was wholly a matter of necessity and not a luxury to those who had been accustomed to it.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said he would point out that the Bill in its present form absolutely accorded to the residents of the suburbs an advantage which they did not now possess. Under the existing law the Justices had no power whatever to grant permission to persons outside the town to take any water. But by section 143, with the view of meeting the convenience of people living outside the town, the Council had thought fit to declare that the Commissioners should have power to allow persons residing outside the town to take water from the stand-posts on such terms as the Commissioners might think fit. He did not think it was any hardship to declare by legislation that people who did not pay for the water had not the right to take water unless with the sanction of the people who did pay for it.

The motion that the Bill be passed was then put:—

<i>Ayes</i> —8.		<i>Noes</i> —3.	
THE HON'BLE BABOO RAM SUNKER SEN.		THE HON'BLE NAWAB SYED ASHGUR ALL.	
" " JUGGADANUND MOOKER-		" BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.	
" " JEE.		" MR. BROOKES.	
" MR. BELL.			
" " REYNOLDS.			
" SIR STUART HOGG.			
" MR. DAMPIER.			
" THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.			
" MR. SCHRALCH.			

So the motion was carried and the Bill was passed.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the Council proceeded to the further consideration of the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities.

Section 3 declared under what classes existing municipalities would fall.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said this section was intimately connected with sections 13, 303, and 304. It might be in the recollection of the Council that when the question of forming fresh municipal unions under this Act was under consideration, he called attention to the injustice of including outlying villages in these unions, and it was at last agreed that such villages should not be included in fresh unions which might be formed under sections 13, 303, and 304. The discussions of the Council on this point showed that it recognised the injustice of including such outlying villages in municipal unions. If the injustice of including such villages in fresh unions was admitted, he did not see why the injustice should be perpetuated in existing unions; and if the opportunity were given to the Municipal Commissioners and the Government, he did not doubt that they would rectify it. Section 3 was so worded that it would not be in the power of the Commissioners or the Government to exclude these outlying villages from such unions.

Several hon'ble members had testified from their own experience to the hardship and injustice of including these villages; and therefore, in accordance with the decision already arrived at, he would move the addition to the section of the following words—

“and within six months from the date on which this Act shall come into force, the Commissioners at a meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, may exclude from the limits of the municipality such place or places as are described in sections 13, 303 and 304.”

If the Council accepted the principle of the amendment, the words could be afterwards altered so as to fit into the legal phraseology of the Bill. But the broad question was that if it was unjust to include outlying villages in unions to be formed hereafter, surely the injustice was equally patent in refusing to exclude villages, already included in unions and municipalities, which ought not, according to reason and justice, to have been so included.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he must oppose this motion. No doubt the Council had by their decision in section 13 affirmed the principle that they thought the conditions imposed should be adhered to in bringing new places under municipal legislation. In so far he quite admitted that the Council had already done considerable good which the executive would, he hoped, follow in dealing with existing municipalities and municipal unions. But he must say that he thought some weight should be given to the fact of towns or tracts having been subject to a certain law for a number of years. We had said for instance that no place should be a municipality which did not contain at least three thousand inhabitants. Now, he believed that if a place had been a municipality for ten years, and it contained only two thousand inhabitants, it would not be right in effect to reduce it to the status of an agricultural village again after it had had the status and dignity of a municipality for ten years.

Then he wished the honorable gentleman to observe that the section as it was drawn left it quite open for the Commissioners to do what was proposed. It only provided that the machinery of such places should not come to a dead-lock on the passing of the Act. Everything would proceed in existing municipalities and towns according to present qualifications. But it had been specially provided that the local Government might impose other qualifications. The section provided that “unless and until the Lieutenant-Governor should otherwise direct by notification.” There was therefore full power given to the Lieutenant-Governor; and the Commissioners might, and in extreme cases no doubt would, move the Lieutenant-Governor to exercise that power. At any rate it would be most dangerous for the Government to accept the amendment proposed, so far as MR. DAMPIER understood it, without ascertaining what the facts were. The Bill had now been weeks and weeks before the Council, and no notice of this amendment had been formally given. Not that he should press that ground at all, but he might say that the amendment could not be accepted by the Government without seeing how it affected the status of existing municipalities and townships.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he thought there were two very short objections to the amendment proposed. First, that it was opposed to the well-known principle that you ought not to change the status of a public body without giving that body notice. The effect of the amendment would be that you would alter the status of existing municipalities without giving the inhabitants any chance of being heard against the change proposed. The second objection was that it adopts the dangerous principle of giving retrospective effect to legislation. The only safe course was to apply the Bill prospectively to our municipalities, but if the amended Bill were adopted, the new principle would at once apply to all municipalities. He thought it would be very dangerous if the Council were to amend the section as proposed.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said a great deal had been made of the point that this Bill was not intended to increase taxation; that was the way the argument was put. But he thought the fair way to state the case was that the Bill was mainly a Consolidation Bill, introducing minor amendments where they were desirable, but not introducing any radical changes in the law. Now, with regard to increased taxation, if an extra rupee was put on, the objection had been taken that the object of the Bill was not to increase taxation.

On the other side most sweeping innovations were introduced at the instance of hon'ble members without any objection being taken that this was mainly a Consolidation Bill.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he owed it to himself to offer an explanation on the point urged by the hon'ble mover. He said that this was a Consolidation Bill, with only a few minor alterations in the existing provisions of the law. The Council had now come to the end of the Bill, and BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would just state *seriatim* some of the subjects with which this Bill dealt. And he would appeal to the hon'ble member himself to say whether the many sections which had been introduced regarding conservancy, building regulations, bustees, slaughter-houses, markets, and other things, were not, to use his own expression, sweeping innovations; whether the provisions on these subjects were quite consistent with his statement of objects and reasons; and whether the single proposition which BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had ventured to advance for the purpose solely of rectifying the glaring injustice which was admitted on all hands, would materially alter the character of the Bill. Of course he was entirely in the hands of the Council; but he submitted that when an injustice was admitted, and when it was a glaring injustice, no technical objection ought to prevent the Council from doing justice to the poor people in outlying villages which were unjustly included in municipal unions.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG thought that the hon'ble member's object would be better attained by an amendment of section 9. He should therefore move that to that section be prefixed the words "On the representation of the Commissioners or by his own motion."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL's amendment was withdrawn, and Sir Stuart Hogg's amendment was agreed to.

The postponed sections 4 and 5 were agreed to.

Section 2, the interpretation section, was agreed to.

In Section 1, for the second paragraph the following clause, taken from the Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Bill, was, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, substituted:—

"and it shall come into force as the local Government may direct, not being more than three months after the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General."

The preamble and title were agreed to, and the Bill as settled by the Council was ordered to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

SETTLEMENT OF RENT DISPUTES.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for inquiry into disputes regarding land, and to prevent agrarian disturbances; and moved that the report of the Select Committee be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL enquired whether the settlement of the clauses of this Bill now was to be considered final, or only provisional. If it was not the object of the Council to proceed with this Bill in a hurry, without giving an opportunity to those interested to make known their objections, he had no objection to the settlement of the clauses at the present sitting of the Council. He was informed that persons interested in this Bill were desirous of expressing their views regarding it, and they had had no time to do so since the publication of the Select Committee's report.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT stated that the settlement of the clauses would be provisional; there was every desire to afford those interested an opportunity to submit any representations they might have to make, and it was therefore, he thought, better that the Council should consider the clauses of the Bill and settle them provisionally, so that the public might see the Bill in the shape in which it was likely to be passed.

Section 3 provided that if it should appear to the Lieutenant-Governor that a serious dispute existed in any tract of country as to any question in respect

of the adjustment of rents, or as to arrears of rents, the Lieutenant-Governor might declare the provisions of the Act to be in force in such place.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of the words "in respect of the adjustment of rents or as to." His reason for making that motion was that the Bill did not provide any principle upon which the adjustment of rents was to be made. The hon'ble member had pointed out that this was merely a procedure Bill. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had since carefully considered the Bill, and found that it was provided in section 13 that the Collector should, as far as possible, follow the procedure prescribed in Act X of 1859: he might therefore follow that procedure as far as he chose. There was nothing to show that he was to be guided by the principles laid down in that Act for the enhancement of rent.

[The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL remarked that the hon'ble member was under a misapprehension. The Collector had no option, but was bound to follow the procedure of Act X of 1859 as far as possible—as far as he could go. Take the case of equitable rents; there the rule of proportion laid down in Thakooranee Dossee's case must be applied. But if the rule of proportion there laid down could not be applied, then the Collector was to be guided by his own judgment, and act according to equity and good conscience.]

None was better aware than the learned Advocate-General that the rule of proportion laid down by the High Court was not easily workable, and therefore suits would be decided according to the varying judgment of the Collectors.

It was to this wide discretion he objected. He thought the law should lay down a number of definite principles, because one principle might not be applicable to all parts of Bengal; but if certain principles applicable to the varying circumstances of different districts were adopted, the Collector would have some guide in regulating the adjustment of rents.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said, during the discussions of the Select Committee certain rules had been framed by him, in conjunction with the hon'ble mover of the Bill, to enable the Collector to follow certain lines in the adjustment of rents. But they were objected to by the majority of the Committee. He for one was quite willing to agree to the motion of the hon'ble member. The grounds of enhancement were mentioned in section 17 of Act X of 1859. For instance, if the "value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot," then the Act said that a pottah should be given "at fair and equitable rates." The question in all cases was, what was the limit of enhancement. Thakooranee Dossee's case followed a certain rule of proportion, and practically one member of the proportion was not discoverable; and therefore the rule there given could not be followed. But inasmuch as the value of the produce had been increased, the Court must follow certain other rules to find out the rate of enhancement. Thakooranee Dossee's case was not exhaustive. The zemindar could not go without an increase, because the rule there laid down could not be followed. The rules which had been framed were proposed not with the view to compel the Collector to follow them, but merely to point to certain principles which he might adopt; always bearing in mind that these principles were subject to the broad principle in the Act, that the rate must be "fair and equitable." These rules would be objectionable if in point of fact they were a sort of amendment of the Rent Act. But they were not proposed in the way of amendment; and if the principles contained in them were worked fairly and practically, they might be of much assistance to the Collector in arriving at an adjustment of rent.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he had a strong objection to embody these rules in the Bill, which was not one of substantive law, but merely of procedure and jurisdiction. The result of introducing such rules, or any similar rules, would be that we should have the whole of Bengal in a blaze. An irresistible inducement would be held out to every zemindar to enhance the rents of his ryots in order that he might try the effect of these new principles. The object of the Bill was to settle disputes, not to foment them. But if these principles were inserted in the Bill, we should foment disputes throughout the length and breadth of the land. One of the principles laid down in the proposed rules was, that a zemindar might enhance the rent of his ryots by taking as a standard what

tenants-at-will in adjacent places paid for their land. What would be the result of such a principle? Why, the zemindar would only have to put up two or three fictitious ryots, and say, "these tenants are paying so much rent per beegha," and he would thus be able to enhance the rent of every ryot on his estate.

Again, Mr. BELL would ask whether the three principles laid down in these rules were the only principles upon which the rates of rent could be adjusted. If rules were to be laid down, why should they not be laid down in the interest of the ryot as well as of the zemindar. But his objection was not only to the principles of these rules; he was strongly opposed to amending the substantive law of the land in a temporary measure of this sort. He felt confident that it would be most unadvisable to introduce new principles in a temporary measure of this sort, and he hoped the Council would not, when passing a temporary measure to settle disputes in regard to rent, allow a most important and substantive change in the law to be embodied as it were by a side wind in the Bill. He felt sure that these proposals would be received with great opposition throughout the country, and that it would not be within the ability of the the Council to pass the Bill without exciting the very feelings which the Bill was intended to allay.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said he did not think the hon'ble member who had just spoken had quite understood the principle upon which these rules were intended to be proposed. The object of the Bill was a summary enquiry for the purpose of adjusting disputes relating to rent; and until persons who were at issue with each other could have their disputes properly settled, they would resort to other means for settling their differences. The rules were intended for the purpose of enabling the settler of disputes to use his own judgment as to which should be the proper principle upon which the dispute should be settled. If these principles were not to be introduced, and the rule in Thakooranee Dossee's case was to be the sole standard by which the Collector should be guided, then in cases where it might be impossible to ascertain the first number in the rule of proportion there laid down, namely the rate of rent at the time of the last adjustment of rents, what principle was the Collector to follow in ascertaining the rate of rent? A man was entitled to a certain proportion of the increase of value of the produce, and he brought a suit to obtain that increase of rent. It was impossible to determine the enhanced rent payable, and the suit was dismissed. Did that allay disputes? The ADVOCATE-GENERAL submitted that it rather fomented disputes. Therefore, so far from the principles proposed to be laid down by these rules being calculated to foment disputes, he thought they were likely to settle disputes.

With regard to the case put of the zemindar doing something by fraud, he submitted that every principle, however fair, might be defeated by fraud. Fraud was a fact in the case. If the zemindar gained a decree by means of fraud, he deceived the judge. But the ADVOCATE-GENERAL thought that such frauds would rarely be established if the Collector was vigilant and had experience of his district. Even the highest judicial tribunals miscarried sometimes in arriving at conclusions of fact. A case of fraud was exceptional: if it could be detected it would have no force.

The hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had suggested that unless you had some principles upon which the adjustment of rents was to be made, what was the use of this Bill at all? Having seen the force of that objection, the ADVOCATE-GENERAL thought it his duty to embody some rules which might assist the Collector to determine the rate of rent in those cases in which the rule in Thakooranee Dossee's case did not apply. All that was intended was to introduce, in case of a difficulty in dividing the proportion of increase between the ryot and the zemindar in consequence of the inapplicability of the rule of proportion laid down, some principles, not as absolute rules of law, but to assist the Collector in determining in such cases what would be a fair and equitable rate of rent. He further intended that if it were found that the principles embodied in these rules worked satisfactorily, hereafter, when any proposal for the amendment of the law was before the Council, these rules might be taken into consideration. As the law stood, the Collector must decide what was a fair and equitable rent. He must first follow the ruling in Thakooranee Dossee's case; and if he could not find out the different members of the rule

of proportion there given, he must then either dismiss the suit, or he must decide according to his own judgment on the principle of what was fair and equitable. Then which was best, that, what was fair and equitable should be described by fair lines for the Collector's assistance, or that it should be left entirely to his own discretion? The matter was unanswerable that the latter was preferable to the former; that the Collector's judgment should be guided by some principles, rather than that he should be left to his unfettered discretion. It was on these considerations that the ADVOCATE-GENERAL thought some rules should be put forward in this Bill; if he thought that the rules would have the effect of fomenting disturbances, he should have been the last to have proposed them. He suggested them because he thought that they would enable the Collector to give a modified ruling in those cases in which the ruling laid down by the High Court might not apply.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, the third of the Rules which it was proposed to introduce (rule c) ran in this way—"by taking as the standard of comparison the rates which are generally paid by ryots having no right of occupancy in adjacent places, or in such places as the Collector may select, for lands of a similar description and having similar advantages." Now, he understood the hon'ble member on the right (Mr. Bell) to consider that this rule would induce the zemindar to set up tenants-at-will paying nominal rents, and by such nominal standard to endeavour to enhance the rents of the ryots. HIS HONOR was anxious to explain, in the first place, as the learned Advocate-General had remarked, that if a zemindar did so it would be an attempt to defraud, which he should hope would not be generally followed by gentlemen in the position of zemindars, and if the attempt were made, it ought to be found out. One could fancy the Civil Court being deceived by strong and skilfully prepared evidence; but the Collector, who had every sort of information of his district, ought not to be duped by any attempt of that kind. But be that as it might, HIS HONOR was anxious to explain to the Council what was a matter of great importance, that this was the very rule, and absolutely the very principle, on which all rents of occupancy tenants were adjusted in Northern India, in the Punjab, in Oudh, and in fact throughout Northern India. He ventured to say that there was no part of India in which this question was so minutely studied as in Northern India, and there was no province in which the variety of tenures was so great as in Northern India. You took first of all the average of what was called the pergunnah rate, which was what the landlord could get in the market in the shape of rent from a tenant-at-will. That was taken as the basis of the adjustment, and favorable rents were all calculated on that basis. One man had 5 per cent. advantage as compared with ordinary rates; another man had 10 per cent.; another had 25 per cent.; and some had even 50 per cent. Hon'ble members who had served in that part of the country must be aware of this; and if the Council would consult the Punjab Tenants' Act they would see exactly the same principle laid down there. He was sanguine that something of the same kind might answer in Bengal, and it was satisfactory to see that principle suggested by so competent and experienced an officer as the learned Advocate-General. HIS HONOR did not see that this principle was open to the objection taken by the hon'ble member on the right (Mr. Bell). When the substantive law declared that the Collector should determine the rent upon fair and equitable rates, it was not an amendment of the law for the Council to lay down certain principles which the Collector might take into consideration. If they should say that the Collector should not decide what he should consider fair and equitable rates, but upon some other principle, that would be an alteration of the substantive law. But what the learned Advocate-General meant was, that in arriving at what was fair and equitable, the Collector might adopt certain principles, which was nothing more than to give something for his guidance.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL observed that no one had a greater experience than himself of the value of any opinion which the learned Advocate-General might give. But he regretted that he could not, in the present instance, agree with the learned Advocate-General that these rules would not change the substantive law. It was said that the Collector need not avail himself of these rules unless he pleased. But it was surely a change in the law to allow the

Collector to make use of rules which were novel and opposed to the existing law. Then again, rule (c) allowed the Collector to fix the rates by a comparison with rents obtained by competition. Yet that was the very principle which thirteen judges of the High Court condemned in Hills' case; and Mr. BELL thought they rightly condemned it. The rule laid down in that case was that the rates should be fair and equitable customary rates, not that they should be determined by competition. The rates of rent could only be decided by competition in a country like England, where both sides were capitalists. Any attempt to fix rates by competition in a country like this would revolutionize the whole country. It was perfectly true, as pointed out by the learned Advocate-General, that fraud invalidated all proceedings; but his objection to this rule was that it would enable zemindars to enhance rents by setting up fictitious ryots, and that it would be almost impossible to detect fraud in such cases. If the zemindar placed three or four ryots on his land, and took from them kubooliyats at very high rates, how was the Collector to say that they were not *bonâ fide* ryots. Though Mr. BELL, as he had said before, had great respect for anything that emanated from the learned Advocate-General, he must remind the Council that this principle of fixing rents by competition had been condemned by thirteen Judges of the High Court. He thought the Council should pause before introducing a rule which had been so unanimously condemned. He felt convinced that if any fresh principles were introduced into this Bill, it would lead to disputes, and to one general attempt to enhance rents throughout the country. The learned Advocate-General said that the Collector very often was in great difficulty in fixing what were fair and equitable rates. When the Civil Courts had to determine what were fair and equitable rates, they had to apply certain principles for ascertaining that rate [THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.—Hence the disputes.] Then, Mr. BELL said, alter the substantive law. If the disputes arose from the state of the substantive law, the proper course was to amend that law. Therefore he did hope that the Council would not accede to the suggestion of the learned Advocate-General, and introduce these new principles in the Bill.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said, in reference to the observations which fell from the hon'ble member who had just spoken in regard to the decision of the thirteen judges of the High Court, he would point out that the great objection to the decision taken by Sir Barnes Peacock, namely that under Act X of 1859, the equity attempted to be administered by the rule of proportion to the ryot who was fourteen years in occupation was the same as that which was dealt out to the ryot who held from the time of the permanent settlement, was not met by the other Judges. Surely a different rule should be applied to a *khoddkhasht kudeemee* ryot from that which was applied to a man who was only fourteen years in possession. He did not propose to set aside the rule of proportion at all, or put forward a competitive system of letting land; he would leave it to the Collector to decide what was fair and equitable, only keeping his eye upon the rate of rent which was obtainable under the competitive principle. He merely asked the Collector to consider that broad fact; then having that fact before him, the Collector was asked to consider what was fair and equitable. The rules which were proposed were not hard-and-fast rules, but were proposed simply with the object that the Collector should take those principles into consideration in determining what was fair and equitable.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT observed that the law now left it absolutely to the Civil Court to decide what was fair and equitable in rent. It might go according to the rule of proportion, or any other rule. If it could not follow the rule of proportion given in Thakooranee Dossee's case, then it was to arrive at what was fair and equitable in some other way. But there was no rule laid down as to how the Court was to do so. Then did it amount to an alteration of the substantive law, if the Court were merely to follow one or other of three or four rules laid down for its assistance? These rules had been given to him by the hon'ble mover of the Bill. He thought them to be fair rules, and such as ought to be adopted. Some time or other the substantive law must be altered. But this was a tentative measure, and inasmuch as the Collector was left to his own discretion, and might adopt these rules or not as he thought fit, it appeared to him that

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL would freely admit that he had an object in view in the future. In case the decisions given under these rules came hereafter to be duly appreciated, and were found to allay any irritation that might exist, then they might form the groundwork of future legislation, which legislation, he thought, would be about the most important for Bengal that could be well imagined.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said there was one point in the remarks of the hon'ble member opposite (Mr. Bell) which he thought ought not to pass unnoticed. It appeared that the hon'ble member took exception to the rules proposed by the learned Advocate-General, because they had a tendency, as he thought, to affect the substantive law. Now, as had been very clearly and forcibly pointed out by the hon'ble and learned Advocate-General, where the Collector found it difficult to work out the rule of proportion, he would be left absolutely to his own judgment in coming to a decision as to what was a fair and equitable rate of rent. The question was whether it was preferable to rely on the sole and unaided judgment of the Collector, or to lay down some definite rules to assist the Collector in arriving at his judgment. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought, with all deference to the hon'ble member, that if the Bill was passed in the form in which it stood, leaving everything practically to the discretion of the Collector, it would tend much more to foment disputes than the rules proposed by the Advocate-General were likely to do. The moment it was known in the mofussil that any number of ryots could petition the Lieutenant-Governor on the allegation that they were oppressed by the extortionate demands of zemindars, and any mookhtiar could work upon the imagination of the ryots and set up a "kingdom" or "raj," as was done in Pubna, they would flood the Collector with petitions for the enforcement of the law; and if the Collector were disposed to favor their views, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would not be surprised if the ryots should go in *en masse* and avail themselves of this law to get a summary settlement of their rents. If the Collector were a pro-ryot collector, he would favor the ryots; but if he were a pro-zemindar Collector, he would favor the zemindar. The mischief of discretionary government of this kind was thus apparent. It would be far better not to pass any law on the subject than to pass one which would tempt the executive to favor the one class or the other according to their personal sympathies or antipathies. He would therefore strongly advocate the introduction of the proposed rules.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that the discussion had now got to the point as to whether, by introducing these rules, they would be changing the substantive law or not. The question was thoroughly discussed in committee. One party held that the words "fair and equitable" had a construction put upon them by the High Court. That construction was the law of the land, and if this Council should attempt to put any other construction which it considered that the law itself would bear—if this Council attempted to put by its legislation any other construction than what the High Court had put upon those words, then the Council would be altering the substantive law of the land.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said the object of the Bill was to prevent disputes. How was that to be done? Practically, if the Collector was to act according to the principles laid down in Act X of 1859, then he must be guided by the rule of proportion laid down by the High Court, and if that rule was unworkable, he would be as helpless as the Munsif now was. He must decide according to what was "fair and equitable" and therefore would have to use his own discretion. It was true that the Bill provided an appeal to the Commissioner of the division; but the Commissioner would also have to exercise his own discretion, and we should then have the discretion of one officer pitted against the discretion of another. There would be no law for the guidance of either. It was this absence of law that led to the state of things for which this Bill was intended to apply a remedy.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that was an admitted evil. The object of the Bill was limited: it did not propose to go such lengths as to provide a rule where there was none. Disputes of this nature could be better decided by the Collector than by the Commissioner. It would not be very creditable to the

Collectors if they could not settle these things better than the Civil Court. Hon'ble members knew that they had settled them in the Dacca district, and in the Pubna district exactly the same thing would have happened if precautionary measures had not been taken: Therefore experience showed that the transfer of the jurisdiction in cases of this sort was beneficial.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that there was a very material difference made in the Bill in Select Committee. As the Bill stood before, the Lieutenant Governor was to state the "matters" to be decided by the Board after a general enquiry. The majority of the Select Committee had inserted the words "of fact" after the word "matters." That made a very wide difference in the intention of the Bill as introduced by the mover; because the original intention was that the Board should lay down general instructions for the guidance of the Collector in the settlement of these suits, whereas now the Collectors would have to arrive at a finding at their own discretion.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISNODAS PAL said he was quite aware of the change. Under the Bill as introduced, the Board of Revenue was empowered to lay down any principles they might think fit; now, they would be restricted to the finding of facts. So the discretion of the Collector was absolute with regard to the application of principles, with the exception of course of an appeal to the Commissioner, which was also allowed by the original Bill. Therefore the alteration made by the Select Committee made the Bill more objectionable than it was before.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL observed—Suppose the Collector said, "I find that the rule laid down in Hills' case is unworkable, because I cannot find what was the value of the produce at the time the rate of rent was fixed; therefore I will follow one or other of these principles." Would it be said that he did not follow a good rule, if he followed one of the rules which were proposed to be laid down in the Bill? That was all the ADVOCATE-GENERAL desired, namely, that there should be laid down certain principles for the assistance of the Collector in arriving at what was "fair and equitable." He was pretty clear in his own mind that if some such rules were not laid down the Bill would be useless. If the Government thought that a simple transfer of jurisdiction would be sufficient, he had nothing to say against such transfer. But when it was seen how utterly impossible it was in some cases to apportion the increased produce between the zemindar and the ryot, he doubted very much whether a mere transfer of jurisdiction was enough. Could it be expected that a sick person would be healed merely by calling in a new doctor: what was required was a new doctor with new appliances?

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said it was true that the proposal was to call in a new doctor (the Collector) without any new appliances, except such as he possessed from his position as a revenue officer. But the one doctor was better than the other, as every zemindar knew and as was proved by what had happened in the Eastern districts.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he should like, if he could, to insert some such rules as those proposed by the learned Advocate-General. They seemed to him not to go very far, and they were perfectly harmless: they could do no harm, and they might do good. They were worded with the hon'ble gentleman's usual skill and carefulness, combined with the knowledge and practical experience of the hon'ble mover. First the rules said that the Collector should fix the rate of rent upon a certain principle, which was the very principle which had been affirmed by the High Court as to the rule of proportion. But suppose the Collector was unable to determine the rent by the rule of proportion, then he might (not omit it) but go by one of the three rules here proposed. Rule (a) was a very harmless one. It provided that the rent should represent such portion of the gross produce of the land as should be considered "fair and equitable." The rule was not very definite, but it was perfectly harmless. Then rule (b) provided that the rent should represent such portion of the net profits of the land as should be "fair and equitable." That also was a very harmless rule. Rule (c) was no doubt very important. It provided that the Collector should take as the standard of comparison the rates obtained by competition, and adjust the rent by taking

such proportion of such competition rates as he should consider "fair and equitable." That was the practice in other parts of India, where these things were more particularly considered. The rules appeared to His Honor to be good rules, but there was this objection to them, that they might cause apprehension to arise that a change in the substantive law was being made: whereas the real object of the Act was a mere transfer of jurisdiction; and secondly, perhaps the majority of the Council would not agree to these rules being inserted in the Bill.

The question of trying to alter the substantive law was under separate consideration. His Honor derived encouragement in pressing on the matter from what he heard from the learned Advocate-General, and if the Government succeeded in their endeavors, it would be one of the greatest boons which could be conferred upon the inhabitants of these provinces. He was not without hope of being able to frame some Bill, which he should submit separately for the consideration of the Council. But it was an objection to put in what he might call a jurisdiction Bill any rules of this description. Nevertheless, looking at the uncertainty of their being able to pass a larger law of that kind, he was personally in favor of these rules being introduced. But if these rules could not properly be inserted in the Bill, he was willing not to have the rules and to pass the Bill without them, as it would enable the Government to do by law what had been done in the Dacca district without law. They had done the thing to the satisfaction of both parties in Dacca; but in an old established province like Bengal they could not answer for being able to succeed again. That was an argument for passing this Bill, which provided for nothing more than a mere transfer of jurisdiction. Therefore if the Council were in favor of accepting these rules he should be glad; but if they did not approve of the rules being included in the Bill, he should be content to see the Bill pass without them.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said, as a member of the Select Committee on this Bill he felt it his duty to say that he thought there were very strong objections to these proposed rules. They would have the effect of giving rise to serious apprehensions amongst the ryots that the law was being altered to their disadvantage, and he thought, with all deference to the learned Advocate-General, that they did to some extent alter the substantive law. It was true that the first clause declared that the Collector was to fix the rate of rent according to the rule of proportion laid down by the High Court; but the working of the rule of proportion was limited by the latter part of the clause to a period of five or ten years before the date of the institution of the suit. That MR. REYNOLDS believed was an entirely new provision.

Then it appeared to him that the tendency of these sections would be that the Collector would not fix his mind so entirely to the necessity of working out the rule of proportion. They gave him not exactly an alternative procedure, but one which was much easier to follow than working out the rule prescribed by the High Court. He feared that, under the temptation of these rules, some Collectors might be induced to say, more readily than they ought to do, that they could not apply the rule of proportion, and might therefore proceed to fix a "fair and equitable" rate of rent according to their own judgment of what was fair and equitable. He thought that such a result was very undesirable. It appeared to him that if they passed the Bill as it stood, the rule of proportion would have to be applied; and it seemed to him that the tribunals established under this Bill would have much better opportunities of applying that rule than the Civil Courts. Therefore he thought the Council ought to allow the tribunals established under this Bill to see whether they could not work out the rule of proportion, while the Government were considering how far they could work out an amendment of the law in a separate measure.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he for one did not believe that these rules would make any change in the substantive law. He believed it was perfectly within the competency of the Council to pass the Bill with these rules, and he was sure that if they could do so they would do a great deal of good. But whether they could do so he felt doubtful on account of the differences in the country. He greatly regretted the difficulty he feared would arise. He however felt

bound to say, in justice to the learned Advocate-General, that every one of these rules would so far conduce to peace and quietness in the country. But still if the Council could not pass them, he was quite willing to do without them. He would rather take the Bill without these rules, than risk its safety by inserting them if there was no prospect of the Bill being so passed. He had to look of course not only to what his own opinion might be, but what he thought might be the opinion of the country generally and of the authorities into whose hands the Bill might fall.

The HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE said it appeared to him to be of doubtful propriety to insert in the Bill any rules such as these. The rule of proportion as laid down by the High Court in Hills' case was found not to be workable, and could not be worked by the Civil Court, and the present attempt was to see whether the Collector would be able to work it out. He would be in a better position to do so than the Civil Court; he would be able to visit the place personally, and he would have more opportunity of settling disputes by his personal influence. The Civil Court, on the other hand, was only expected to send an amin to the spot, to find out how the rule of proportion should be worked, and the Court must rely upon the report made by the amin.

There was another reason why it appeared to BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE objectionable to embody any rules in the Bill. It was provided that if the Collector failed to apply the present rule of proportion he might fall back upon one or other of these rules. That, he thought, would open a door to the litigant parties to dispute the Collector's judgment upon other points before the Commissioner in appeal. Therefore upon these grounds it appeared to him that it was not the province of the legislature to lay down any indefinite rules for the guidance of the Collector.

The question was then put that the following section be inserted in the Bill after section 14:—

* "14A. Whenever in any suit instituted under the provisions of this Act it shall appear to the Collector that a ryot having a right of occupancy is liable to enhancement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land held by him have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot;

or whenever in any such suit it shall appear to the Collector that such ryot is entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him on the ground that the value of the produce of the productive powers of the land held by him have been decreased by any cause beyond the power of the said ryot,

the Collector shall, if possible, fix the rate of rent payable by such ryot so that it shall bear the same proportion to the rent which he previously paid for the same lands as the present average gross value of the produce of such lands bears to the average gross value of the produce of such lands at the time when the rent of such ryot was last fixed, or at any subsequent time during the tenancy of such ryot (not being less than ^(five)/_{ten} years before the institution of such suit) in respect of which such average gross value can be ascertained;

but if in any such suit the Collector shall not be able to ascertain to his satisfaction the average gross value of the produce of such lands as it existed at the time when the rent of the ryot was last fixed, or at any subsequent time during the tenancy of such ryot, not being less than ^(five)/_{ten} years before the date of the institution of such suit,

the Collector may determine the rate of rent payable by such ryot according to any of the following methods:—

(a) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the existing average gross value of the produce of the land held by him as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(b) by fixing the rent of the ryot so that it shall represent such portion of the average net profits of the land held by him (after deducting from the average gross annual value of the produce of such lands such a sum as may be deemed proper on account of costs of production and disposal of such produce) as the Collector shall consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case;

(c) by taking as the standard of comparison the rates which ryots having no right of occupancy pay in adjacent places, or in such places as the Collector may select for lands of a similar description and having similar advantages; and by fixing the rates of rent to be paid by the ryot having a right of occupancy at such percentage below the rent which would be paid for the same lands by ryots having no right of occupancy as the Collector may consider fair and equitable with reference to the circumstances of each case."

The Council divided—

	<i>AYES 6.</i>		<i>NOES 4.</i>
THE HON'BLE	NAWAB SYED ASHGAR ALI.	THE HON'BLE	BABOO JUGGADANUND
" "	BABOO KRISTODAS PAL.	" "	MOOKERJEE.
" "	MR. BROOKES.	" "	MR. BELL.
" "	BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN.	" "	" REYNOLDS.
" "	MR. DAMPIER.	" "	SIR STUART HOGG.
" "	THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.		

The motion was therefore carried.

Sections 4 to 29, as well as sections 1 and 2 and the preamble and title, were severally agreed to

The Council was adjourned to Thursday, the 30th instant, at 3 P.M.

Saturday, the 30th March 1876.

Present:

The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General, presiding,*
 The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB SYUD ASHGAR ALI DILER JUNG, C.S.I.,
 and
 The Hon'ble MOULVIE MEER MAHOMED ALI.

PARTITION OF ESTATES.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to make better provision for the partition of estates paying revenue to Government in the lower provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal be taken into consideration, in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill, and that the clauses of the Bill be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

Sections 5 and 6 were agreed to.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following amendments were made in section 7:—

In paragraph 3, last time, for "shall be deemed to be the rental of the land, was substituted "may, if the Collector think proper, be deemed, &c."

In paragraph 5, line 5 of the same section, after "estate" was substituted "subject only to the payment of a fixed amount of rent."

Sections 8 to 10 were agreed to.

In section 11, lines 3 to 6, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, the following amendment was made:—

For the words "no partition of an estate shall be made if the result of such partition would be to form any separate estate," were substituted "if the application shall have been admitted, no partition shall be carried out in accordance with such application if the separate estate of the applicant for such partition would be"

Sections 12 to 36 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 37.

Sections 38 to 46 were agreed to.

Section 47 provided for the formation of an Estates' Partition Fund, and declared what costs should be chargeable to such fund. Clause (c) of the section was as follows:—

"(c) the pay and allowances of any Deputy Collector who is employed exclusively in making partitions in the district, or such proportion as the Collector may think proper of the pay and allowances of any Deputy Collector who is partly employed in making such partitions."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of this clause. Under the existing law the pay and allowances of Deputy Collectors employed in making partition were not charged to the proprietors. And the reason was obvious. There were many administrative acts performed by the Government for the benefit of different classes of the community. Inasmuch as the Government was the guardian of the public, it was bound to perform certain duties for the benefit of the public. Surveys were undertaken for the benefit of the community, but the Government did not charge the cost of surveys to the landowners. In the same way, in the management of wards' estates, the Collector, the Commissioner of the division, the Board of Revenue, all attended to the affairs of such estates, but no such charge was made to the proprietors. He did not see why any difference should be made in the case of butwarah proceedings. It was reasonable and just that all establishments entertained for butwarah proceedings should be paid by the proprietors interested—the amecns, the chainmen, peons and other subordinate establishment. But the Deputy Collector formed a link of the great chain of administration, and BABOO KRISTODAS PAL saw no reason why the Deputy Collector's services should be charged to the estates for superintending the work of partition. One great object of the Bill was to lessen the cost of butwarah proceedings. The Council was doubtless well aware that the great expensiveness of butwarahs was one of the chief obstacles in its way. But the charge proposed to be thrown on the estates on account of the pay and allowances of the Deputy Collector would be a serious charge; and as butwarah proceedings hung on for years, and although this Bill simplified the proceedings, still it would take many years to complete a partition, this charge would consequently amount to a very large sum. He would therefore move that, in accordance with the existing law, this clause be omitted, and that no charge be made to the estates on account of the pay and allowances of the Deputy Collector.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said this was almost the only important point on which the Select Committee did not come to an unanimous conclusion. It was first proposed that a portion of the Deputy Collector's salary should form a charge of the partition costs leviable from the proprietors in every instance; that was to say, if the Deputy Collector was engaged once a month in any butwarah proceeding, still some small portion of the Collector's pay should be charged as costs of the proceedings. Subsequently, after a good deal of discussion, the Committee adopted a sort of compromise, and it ended as was seen in the Bill. It would be observed that by section 42, in all ordinary sporadic cases of butwarah, this item of the pay of the Deputy Collector was not included, as it was proposed under section 47 to do in cases where the whole or any great portion of the Deputy Collector's time was given up. Then we came to section 43, which provided for the formation of an Estates' Partition Fund: instead of providing that the cost of each butwarah should be settled by itself, and paid by itself, section 43 provided that notwithstanding anything contained in the six last preceding sections, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct that in any district a fund to be called the "Estates' Partition Fund" should be formed. There were some districts, Tirhoot and Cuttack for instance, in which butwarahs were extremely numerous, and were sufficient fully to occupy the time of one Deputy Collector. Where butwarahs were so systematically made, and on such a large scale as to require the attention of a special Deputy Collector, a partition fund would be formed to which all receipts should be credited, and out of which all establishments and other expenditure should be paid. In the section to which an amendment was now proposed were given the items of cost which should be chargeable out of this estates' partition fund, i.e., should be chargeable to proprietors where partitions were numerous enough to make it worth while to make a joint stock concern of the funds; and to have a regular establishment for the purpose instead of its being appointed *ad hoc* for each particular case as it arose. The majority of the Committee thought where butwarahs were effected in such large numbers, it would be quite fair that the pay of the Deputy Collector should be charged, inasmuch as his services were immediately and solely devoted to the benefit of the proprietors of estates and not for the general good of the country.

After some conversation the Council divided:—

<i>Ayes 4.</i>		<i>Noes 4.</i>	
THE HON'BLE	NAWAB SYED ASHGAR ALI.	THE HON'BLE	MR. BELL.
"	"	"	MR. REYNOLDS.
"	"	"	MR. DAMPIER.
"	"	"	THE PRESIDENT.
JEE.			

The numbers being equal, the President gave his casting vote with the Noes.

So the motion was negatived, and the section was agreed to.

Sections 48 to 82 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 83.

Sections 84 to 89 were agreed to.

Section 90 ran as follows:—

"Whenever the dwelling-house of one proprietor, with the offices, building, and grounds immediately attached thereto, shall have been included in the separate estate of another proprietor, and the annual rent to be paid in perpetuity in respect of the land occupied thereby shall have been fixed by the Deputy Collector and stated in the paper of partition, as provided in section 87, the proprietor whose dwelling-house, offices, and buildings have been included as aforesaid may apply to the Deputy Collector for permission to redeem the annual rent so fixed."

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved the addition to the section of the following words:—

"And the Deputy Collector shall give such permission, unless he shall be of opinion that such redemption would endanger the safety of the land revenue for the payment of which the separate estate in which such dwelling-house, buildings, offices and grounds have been included will be liable."

The necessity of this amendment had forced itself upon his conviction since the Select Committee had reported upon the Bill. The point was considered in committee, and he with others then thought this precaution would be necessary, but since then he had reason to think differently. When the dwelling-house of one proprietor by the process of butwarah was placed within the separate estate assigned to another proprietor, the Bill provided that the owner of the dwelling-house should hold the land occupied by it at the jumma to be fixed by the Deputy Collector in perpetuity. Then this section went on to say, not only should the proprietor have the benefit of holding the land on which the house stood at a fixed jumma, but he might convert it into a rent-free holding by redeeming the fixed rent assigned to it by the Deputy Collector by the payment of a capitalized sum, as in the section described. The question was whether this provision was sufficient for the protection of the interests of the Government. Take the case of a small estate broken up into four separate estates, A, B, C, D, each very small. It might happen that in the particular separate estate A a considerable portion of the area was occupied by the dwelling-house and yard and immediate premises of another proprietor, not the proprietor of estate A but of estate C. In that case, on the land which was so occupied might be imposed a fixed jumma of say Rs. 5. It might so happen that the Government revenue of the whole separate estate A was only Rs. 8. Now, under the provisions of this Bill, C might redeem the rent of the land on which his dwelling-house was situated by a capitalized payment to the proprietor A, so that the separate estate A would remain with assets of Rs. 3 only out of which to meet a sudder jumma of Rs. 8; or in other words, the assets would be reduced to an amount below the amount for which proprietor A was liable. It could not be denied that this danger might exist. Mr. DAMPIER thought it would be better to give the Deputy Collector authority to refuse to allow the rent to be redeemed on this ground, if he thought it necessary to do so.

The motion was agreed to.

A similar amendment was, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER, made in section 91.

Sections 92 to 103 were agreed to.

Section 104 provided that lands held rent-free were not to be divided, but might be left appertaining jointly to all the separate estates which were formed out of the parent estate.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following words were added to the section :—

“Provided that such lands or any of them may be allotted among the different separate estates with the consent of all the proprietors of the parent estate, but not otherwise.”

Section 105 provided :—

“Whenever the Deputy Collector shall find in the parent estate any lands which are held at a fixed rent on a patni or other permanent intermediate tenure created by all the proprietors of the parent estate or their predecessors, the Deputy Collector may either—

(1) Assign lands which are held on such tenure and the assets thereof entirely to one or more of the separate estates, the rental being calculated as provided in exception two or in exception three (as the case may be) of section 7; or

(2) Leave such lands unassigned to any separate estate, and specify in the partition papers and proceedings that the lands are left appertaining jointly to all the separate estates in the proportion which each separate estate bears to the parent estate.”

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said the question had been raised by Mr. Money of a case where nine out of ten proprietors admitted that the tenure was created by all the proprietors of the estate, and the tenth proprietor denied that it was so created. No procedure was provided by which the Deputy Collector should ascertain the facts of the case. To get over this difficulty, MR DAMPIER proposed the substitution of the words “falling within exception 2 or exception 3 of section 7” for the words “created by all the proprietors of the parent estate or their predecessors” in line 5 of this section.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL submitted that the point raised by Mr. Money in connection with this section was not satisfactorily answered. He raised the question of what was to be the procedure where nine proprietors admitted the creation of the tenure and the tenth did not. Was he to reject the tenure because one proprietor out of ten did not acknowledge its reality; or was he to accept the acknowledgment of the nine proprietors and reject the objection raised by the tenth?

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said he was decidedly of opinion that where a tenure was acknowledged by nine proprietors to have been created and to be valid against all the proprietors, and its creation and validity was denied by the tenth, the Collector should not recognize the tenure, but should divide the lands of such tenure between the different estates created by such partition. After all the only difference would be that the Collector would, on the papers, divide the ryottee rental of the lands, instead of the tenure-holder's rental, among the different separate estates. Rights would not be affected.

After some conversation the motion was agreed to.

Sections 106 to 109 were agreed to.

Section 110 was passed after an unimportant amendment.

Sections 111 to 137 were agreed to.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Baboo Ramshunker Sen a clause was inserted in section 138, giving an appeal from the decision of the Deputy Collector to the Collector, when fixing the rent to be paid under section 87 by one proprietor for the land and dwelling-house belonging to him but situate in the separate estate allotted to another proprietor. And a clause was inserted in section 139, giving a similar appeal from the Collector to the Commissioner.

The remaining sections of the Bill, with the schedule and the preamble and title, were agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 1st April.

RESOLUTION ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORIZED LODGING-HOUSES FOR STUDENTS AT GOVERNMENT COLLEGES AND HIGHER ENGLISH SCHOOLS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION.

Calcutta, the 10th April 1876.

READ—

A Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated the 30th August 1875, on the establishment of authorized lodging-houses for students at Government colleges and higher English schools.

A letter from the Director of Public Instruction, No. 1363, dated the 20th March 1876, reporting on the measures to be taken for carrying out the directions of the Minute.

THE Lieutenant-Governor's Minute of the 30th August 1875 referred to the establishment of hostels or lodging-houses as a matter subsidiary to higher education in which the Government might possibly be able to render help to students and their parents. The plan proposed was that the heads of colleges, high schools, and zillah schools should be authorized to establish lodging-houses, and to appoint some of the native masters to supervise them, each master so appointed receiving a capitation grant, varying according to circumstances, from four annas to eight annas per month for each student who might lodge with him. Thus, a master accommodating 50 students in his lodging-house might receive from Government Rs. 25 per month, of which part would be for the trouble of supervision, and part to assist in meeting the expenses which he would have to incur. This grant would be independent of the payments made by the students themselves, which would be arranged between the students and the master, and would vary according to the character of the accommodation provided.

2. The letter of the Director of Public Instruction reports on the applications which have been made for grants upon the system indicated in the Minute. From some districts replies have not yet been received, and in others it is found either that satisfactory arrangements already exist for the lodging and boarding of the pupils, or that none of the masters is willing to take the trouble and risk of establishing a lodging-house. But there remain a considerable number of districts which have expressed a wish to avail themselves of the assistance which the Minute offers to them.

3. Lodging-houses or hostels for Hindu students already exist in Calcutta, Hooghly, Berhampore, Patna, and Dacca. The Calcutta hostel was established about 15 years ago, chiefly through the exertions of the late Professor of the Presidency College, Baboo Peary Churn Sirkar. It is assisted by Government to the extent of Rs. 50 per month, which pays half the rental of the house; but the institution has not proved self-supporting, and the Director attributes this want of success to the situation of the building, which is at too great a distance from the Presidency College and from the Hindu and Hare Schools. Mr. Woodrow remarks that there is a piece of Government land on the west of the Senate House which would be an eligible site for a new lodging-house, and he proposes, if Government will give this land, to appeal to the public for subscriptions to erect a suitable building. The Lieutenant-Governor will direct enquiries to be made regarding the proposed site; and if the result of these enquiries should be satisfactory, he will have much pleasure in granting the land, and in authorizing the invitation of subscriptions for the erection of the building. He trusts that the liberality of native gentlemen, which has been so often shown in the carrying out of other works of public usefulness, will not be wanting in the realization of a scheme which is calculated to be of so much advantage to the best interests of education.

4. The hostel at Berhampore is supported partly by Government aid and partly by the interest of a fund locally subscribed. Its financial condition is reported to be satisfactory. At Hooghly the hostel receives a monthly grant of Rs. 44 from Government; but it is not self-supporting even with this assistance.

At Dacca and Patna grants of Rs. 200 were made for establishing the hostels, and advances were also given, which were to be repaid from the receipts. These advances, however, have not been refunded; and in the case of the Dacca hostel, the Lieutenant-Governor has agreed that repayment shall not be enforced.

5. The Director recommends that grants, not exceeding Rs. 500 per annum, should be made to each of the above institutions. It is not quite clear whether he intends this subvention to be in lieu of, or in addition to, the capitation grants proposed in the Minute. Considering the importance of maintaining these lodging-houses at the principal centres of education, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction grants of Rs. 500 per annum to each of these hostels, and, in addition, to allow head-money at the rate of eight annas in each of the mofussil colleges, and at the rate of Re. 1 in the Calcutta hostel, in consideration of the greater expenses which attend a residence in the Presidency town.

6. At Midnapore and Ranchi the District School Committees propose to erect the necessary buildings from the surplus funds of the schools, and apply for head-money at the full rate of eight annas. These grants will be given as soon as it is certified to the Director that the buildings are ready for the accommodation of students.

7. The District Committees of Mymensingh, Tipperah, and Noakholly have applied for Government grants for the erection of buildings, in addition to the head-money sanctioned by the Minute. The Cuttack Committee also ask for a sum of Rs. 500 as a preliminary grant. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets that it is not in his power to comply with these additional applications, though quite willing to give the head-money according to the sanctioned scale. The object is one to which the surplus funds of a school may very properly and usefully be devoted; and the scheme indicated in the Minute did not contemplate any further assistance from Government than the amount of the capitation grant.

8. At Shahabad, Sarun, and Pooree the District Committees have expressed a desire to adopt the system, and have applied for head-money; but it is not explained how the necessary buildings are to be provided. As in the cases of Midnapore and Ranchi, the grants asked for will be made on a certificate being given that suitable buildings have been erected or rented for the purpose.

9. At Rungpore the District Committee have proposed to place the master of the normal school in charge of the lodging-house; but as the normal school at that station will not be permanently retained, this arrangement will require to be modified.

10. At the mofussil colleges the hostels will be under the supervision and control of the College Principals. The Calcutta Hostel, which is not attached to any special educational institution, will be under the supervision of the Inspector of the Presidency Circle. Hostels which may be opened in connection with zillah schools will be supervised by the circle inspectors. It will be understood that these officers are not called upon to exercise any minute interference with the details of management, or with the terms upon which students are boarded and lodged, but it will be their province to satisfy themselves that the hostels are conducted in such a manner as to justify the continuance of Government assistance to them.

11. The Director is requested to call for and submit proposals from those districts which have not yet replied to the Minute.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORMATION OF A BOTANICAL GARDEN AT RUNGAROO, IN THE DARJEELING DISTRICT.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated the 14th September 1875.

It seems to me that the time has come when a Botanical Garden should be established at or near Darjeeling for the cultivation of plants, shrubs, and trees suitable to the soil and climate of the Eastern Himalayas. Rich as are the hills around Darjeeling in many beautiful sorts of trees, they are yet destitute of one of the most remarkable natural orders of the Himalayan region, namely the *Coniferae*, the cedars, firs, pines, larches, spruces, cypresses, and others which are such usual and striking objects in other parts of the mountainous country. The culture of these various and noble species has to a slight extent been commenced at Darjeeling, and will, I hope, be carried on perseveringly. The culture of many species of the *Rhododendron* genus, which are found in such magnificence in the higher parts of the Darjeeling district, and of the neighbouring State of Sikkim, is scarcely undertaken at all at Darjeeling, though it doubtless might be begun there under extraordinary advantages. The *Erythrina* and other flowering trees and shrubs which already grow there might be cultivated yet more extensively. The growth of a large tea industry in the surrounding districts, the approach of the railway, the proximity of the cinchona plantations, the presence of the head-quarters of the Forest Department of Bengal during several months in each year, and other material causes, combine to afford encouragement for an undertaking of this description on the part of Government, and to promise the successful issue of such efforts as might be made for the advancement of practical science and for the public benefit.

Thus many botanical experiments of much value might be, and ought to be, carried out in the Darjeeling district, a locality so highly favored by nature, if a good site were available. It is not, however, easy to find such a spot. After examining possible sites in various directions and at various altitudes in these hills, I arrive at the conclusion that the place known as the Rungaroon Gardens affords quite the best site for the purposes above indicated. It is situated on a slope at the lower edge of the great forest which clothes the Senchal Mountain; its altitude of about 6,000 feet, somewhat lower than that of Darjeeling (7,000 feet), constitutes an advantage; its distance, six miles from Darjeeling, is convenient; it is easily accessible from the road between Darjeeling and the Cinchona plantations at Rungbee; it has an excellent soil, watered during most months of the year by running streams; it has trees of the *Coniferae* order, planted some years ago, and already flourishing. It is therefore proved by experiment to be well suited to one of the main objects of our botanical culture. It was originally cleared and laid out in 1863 by the Cinchona Plantation Establishment, and its general arrangement had the advantage of professional knowledge. I propose, therefore, that this spot should be devoted to the purpose of a Botanical Garden for the Darjeeling district. And I desire that the Commissioner will be pleased to take the earliest opportunity of considering the details of this project, for the carrying out of which I greatly rely on his good offices and exertions.

The land and the buildings erected by the Cinchona Department, but now unused, are the property of Government, but they, together with other lands, the whole amounting to about 800 acres, have been temporarily made over to a private gentleman on a lease which is terminable on the giving of three months' notice before the end of the official year. I request that due notice be given before the end of the current official year 1875-76 for the termination of the lease in respect to so much of these lands as may be required for the Botanical Garden, that is, in respect to an area not exceeding one hundred acres round about the existing buildings. This much of area, or as much less as the Commissioner may consider expedient, must be resumed by Government for its Botanical Garden.

Within the abovementioned area of 800 acres, there is situate a valuable forest of about 300 acres, regarding which separate instructions have been

given that it be included in the adjoining reserved forests and placed under the Conservator of Forests. Due notice regarding the termination of the lease in respect to these lands also should be given by the proper authority. The Conservator will, however, determine the exact amount of land to be taken over by his department. Thus 100 plus 300, in all 400 acres, or thereabouts, will be reserved for Government.

Regarding the remainder of the area, namely 400 acres, the Commissioner is authorized either to continue the lease to the present lessee, or to make such other arrangements as he may deem best. I would place the Botanical Garden under the sole control of the Commissioner, who will work through the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.

For the repair of the existing buildings on the gardens, I will allow the sum of Rs. 2,600 from "Provincial Services." For the remainder of the expenses, that is, for the stocking and keeping up of the gardens and the current repairs of the buildings, I shall expect local resources to provide. The expenditure required in the first instance for the improvement and extension of the existing garden may be defrayed from the balance of the Local Improvement Fund. The annual cost of maintaining the garden may be met from the resources placed at the disposal of the district authorities under my Minute of the 9th November 1874. Such charges will be fixed as the Commissioner may deem expedient for the admission of visitors and for the sale of plants, &c., to individuals. Any sums realized from these sources might be credited to the local revenue referred to above.

I am sure that the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner, with his subordinates, will appreciate the value of this garden as a local institution, and will do their best to extend its usefulness to the whole neighbourhood.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

No. D2, dated Darjeeling, the 7th March 1876.

From—F. R. COCKERELL, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

WITH reference to your letter No. 2636T, dated the 14th September last, on the subject of the formation of a Botanical Garden at Rungaroon near the Darjeeling station, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Lieutenant-Governor, the accompanying copy of a letter from the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, showing the progress that has been made up to date in carrying out the project for the formation of the garden.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor by his Minute sanctioned the appropriation of a portion of the Local Improvement Fund to this work, but did not specify the amount up to which it might be drawn upon. Mr. Edgar estimates his full requirements at Rs. 5,000, and I have authorized a gross expenditure from the fund for the purposes of the garden not exceeding that amount. I have directed the Deputy Commissioner to sell a portion of the securities in which the capital of the Improvement Fund is invested to realize the amount required.

3. I believe, however, that the confirmation by Government of the permission to realize this property is needed, and I request early orders on the subject.

4. I would also draw especial attention to paragraph 6 of Mr. Edgar's letter. It certainly was understood at the time that this project of resuming possession of Rungaroon, theretofore assigned in lease for agricultural purposes, was under discussion, that the Forest Department would, in consideration of the advantages accruing thereto from this transaction, forego all claim to the cost of timber. I have now to request that the Government in its Revenue Department will now ratify that implied compact, and order the remission of the amount of the bill submitted by the Assistant Conservator, which amounts to Rs. 330. The timber was used in the repairs of the two bungalows, the cost of which is met from the Lieutenant-Governor's assignment (Rs. 2,000) from provincial resources.

No. 283, dated Darjeeling, the 23rd February 1876.

From—J. W. EDGAR, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling,
To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.

WITH reference to your letter No. 87 of the 1st October 1875, and previous correspondence, I have the honor to submit a report on the measures since taken with regard to Rungaroon, together with rough estimate for the formation of the Botanical Garden.

2. The entire estate was surveyed by Captain Sandeman before his party was removed, and it was found that the area of the land contained within the boundaries fixed by us for the Botanical Garden is 75 acres 1 rood and 35 poles, of which rather more than 26 acres is under forest.

The area of the land to be included in the forest reserve is 423 acres 1 rood and 4 poles; the Reverend Mr. Wilson has accepted my offer of a lease for 388 acres and 12 poles, the area of the remainder.

3. The season has not yet permitted us to take any steps towards forming the garden, and we have agreed to allow Mr. Wilson to keep such plants as he may not sell to us on the ground till the season allows of their removal. Meantime we are repairing the buildings and roads; the roof and floor of the lower bungalow have been renewed, and work on the upper bungalow has been commenced. The road to the garden from the ridge has been repaired, and it is now fairly rideable; but the gradient is so steep that it will always be an unpleasant road during the rains. I therefore propose to make an alternative road, with an easier gradient, from a point near the Senchal jhora.

4. It is to be hoped that in a short time the weather will be mild enough to permit Mr. Wilson to remove his flowers, and us to begin work at the Botanical Garden. I should like to have some professional advice and assistance at the first start, both in laying out the garden and in forming nurseries.

I understand that Mr. Jaffray, of the Cinchona Department, is entitled to three months privilege leave, which he might be induced to spend in starting the Botanical Garden. As he is an excellent gardener, and laid out the Rungaroon grounds in the first instance, this arrangement would be better than any other I can think of, and I have written to Dr. King, the Superintendent of the Howrah Garden, to ask whether he would permit Mr. Jaffray to give his services in the manner proposed. If Dr. King assents, as I have no doubt he will, I should, with your permission, offer Mr. Jaffray Rs. 100 a month for three months, and the use of one of the bungalows, on condition of his residing at Rungaroon for the time, starting the garden, and drawing up a scheme for its working. I should allow him at least fifty coolies daily, at the rate of Rs. 6 per month, for the three months, and let him make his own temporary arrangements for under-gardeners. For this purpose and contingencies, I should put down Rs. 300. In consequence of the absence of Mr. Wilson and myself, no arrangement has been yet come to about the plants and seedling claimed by him. I propose to appoint Mr. Gammie, of the Cinchona Department, as arbitrator on our behalf, and I think Mr. Wilson will nominate Mr. C. B. Clarke; but I do not know where that gentleman is at present. I have not been able even to make a guess at the amount these gentlemen are likely to assess the value of the plants at, but I think it cannot possibly exceed, or even approach to, Rs. 1,000. Still I shall put down that sum for the sake of safety. In estimating for the repairs of the bungalows, I intentionally left out the forcing house, as I was not satisfied that it is advisable to repair it, while the repairs, if undertaken, will be very costly. I understand Mr. Gammie to think its construction so faulty as to make it not worth keeping up. Mr. Wilson, on the other hand, thinks well of it, and he has used it much. I am at present inclined to think it worth while to repair it, but in this I shall be guided by Mr. Jaffray, in whose practical knowledge I have much confidence. The cost of repairs, &c., would be about Rs. 1,500.

The cost of making new roads and repairing old ones will be under Rs. 1,000, but I estimate it at that sum.

5. The rough estimate for starting the garden, apart from repairs of the bungalows, is therefore as follows:—

	Rs.
Mr. Jaffray's pay for three months	300
Under-gardeners and contingencies	300
50 coolies for three months, at Rs. 6 each	900
Roads	1,000
Possible compensation to Mr. Wilson for seedlings and plants	1,000
Repairs to forcing house	1,500
Total	5,000

Under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor, contained in the Minute of the 14th September, the expenditure required in the first instance for the improvement and extension of the Botanical Garden is to be met from the balances of the Local Improvement Fund. If therefore you sanction the estimates given above, I can begin work at once.

6. I take this opportunity of forwarding a bill received from the Forest Department for trees made use of in the repairs of the bungalows, and would solicit the remission of the

demand. Before going on leave, I had some conversation with Dr. Schlich on the subject of the timber required for the repairs, and I understood from him that the price could be remitted by the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department.

I believe that some, if not all, of the trees were cut in the forest which was included in the Rungaroon estate, and which we now propose to make forest reserve. The officers of the Forest Department will of course enjoy the use of the bungalows which we are repairing, and when I undertook to repair them for the sum of Rs. 2,000, it was on the understanding that I should not have to pay anything to the department for trees cut down for the work. Under these circumstances, I hope that the claim may be remitted.

No. 88C, dated Camp Bamanpakri, the 8th January 1876.

From—J. S. GAMBLE, Esq., Assistant Conservator of Forests, Darjeeling Division,
To—The Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.

I HAVE the honor to enclose a number of receipts for the following trees made over to you for the use of the Rungaroon bungalows, and request a transfer receipt in payment of the amount at your earliest convenience:—

					Rs.
Marked, October 26, 1875	...	3 Katoas	...	...	36
„ November 1, „	...	6 Champ	...	...	150
	...	4 Booke	...	...	48
„ „ 26, „	...	4 Katoas	...	...	48
„ January 5, 1876	...	4 Katoas	...	...	48
Total					330

No. 1114, dated Calcutta, the 10th April 1876.

From—H. LEE, Esq., Acting Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. D2, dated 7th March 1876, forwarding copy of a report from the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling on the measures taken for the formation of a Botanical Garden at Rungaroon near that station.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor approves of your action in having authorised the expenditure, on account of this garden, of a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,000 from the Darjeeling Local Improvement Fund. His Honor also approves of your instructions to realise the required amount by a sale of a portion of the Government securities in which the capital of the Fund is invested. The Forest Department will be instructed to forego their claim for payment of Rs. 330, being the cost of timber supplied for the repairs of the bungalows at Rungaroon.

3. With regard to Mr. Edgar's proposal to employ Mr. Jaffray while on privilege leave) at Rungaroon for the purpose of starting the garden, I am to say that it has since been ascertained from the Superintendent of the Botanical Garden that Mr. Jaffray does not wish to take leave, but an arrangement has been made by which Mr. Jaffray will be employed for some time on public duty at Rungaroon, and that his services will be available during that period for assisting in the laying out of the garden.

4. In conclusion, I am to express to you and to Mr. Edgar the Lieutenant-Governor's thanks and satisfaction at the progress made towards the formation of the garden.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 8th April 1876.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIVN.	1 Burdwan, Apl. 10,* '76	Nil.	Weather—Rain is much wanted. Tanks are getting low. No crops on the ground but cotton and <i>til</i> . Cholera is still prevalent, especially in Culna.
	2 Bankoora " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Dry, but cooler than last week. No change in the state and prospects of the crops. Rain is much wanted. Cholera is abating.
	3 Beerbhoom, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Westerly winds continue. No change in the state of the crops. Rain is wanted for early ploughing.
	4 Midnapore, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. <i>Boro</i> paddy is the only crop on the ground at present. Its prospects are good. Small-pox continues in certain portions of the Tumlook sub-division.
	5 Hooghly, " 8, "	3 0	Weather—Very hot. Slight hailstorm with rain on the first instant. Foggy on the morning of the 7th. Onions being planted in some places. Sowings of <i>assamum</i> and sugarcane retarded from want of rain. <i>Jhinga</i> and <i>potole</i> lands are being irrigated. Cucumbers, &c., doing well. Rain is greatly needed. <i>Rubbee</i> harvest is over. Result is very good. Cholera is still very bad in Hooghly and Serampore.
	Howrah, " 8, "	16	Weather—Warm and bright. No change in the state and prospects of the crops.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 10,† '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No crops on the ground; the land is being prepared for cultivation. Health is generally good except at Barripore, where prevalence of cholera and fever is reported.
	7 Nuddea, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Slight rain in Bongong and a storm at Ranaghat, but generally there has been no rain. No crops on the ground except October indigo, which is doing well. Rain is much required for early rice and spring sowings of indigo. Cholera is prevalent in Kooshtea and part of Meherpore sub-division.
	8 Jessore, " 8, "	81	Weather—Hot. Spring rice and millet are being gathered, and are giving good crops. Rain is wanted for the sowing of early rice and indigo. The rice sown in the low lands is doing well.
	9 Moorsshedabad, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Cooler than usual at this time of the year, especially at night. <i>Boro dhan</i> and mulberry are promising. Price of rice is nearly stationary. Outturn of the cold weather crops is nearly up to the average. Cholera is still prevalent in the Rampore Haut, Jungypore, Nulhattee, and Jellinhee thanas.
RAJSHAHY DIVN.	10 Dinagepore, " 7, "	Nil.	Weather—Hot in the day and cool at night. State and prospects of the crops are the same as in last week.
	11 Maldah, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Very dry. Rain is urgently needed. Matters will soon get serious if some rain does not fall soon. <i>Rubbee</i> has suffered and <i>boro</i> is suffering. Cholera is spreading, and there have been sixteen deaths this week. Timely rain would stop a good deal of this.
	12 Rajshahye, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—No rain during the week. Very hot in the day time, but nights are particularly cool. No change for the better in the prospects of the crops, which need rain more than ever. The <i>rubbee</i> crops have been nearly all gathered in, the outturn taken all round being about half of the average. A large number of cases of cholera have been reported in many parts of the district.
	13 Rungpore, " 7, "	Nil.	Weather—Cooler; rain is badly wanted. Sowings are going on for the next harvest, but nevertheless partially deferred for want of rain. Wheat is still being cut; the outturn is less than an average one. Tobacco has been cut. Its fermentation has been spoiled by the dryness of the atmosphere. The prospect for Rungpore tobacco this year is decidedly bad. Cholera has decreased.
	14 Bogra, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Hot and heavy. Rain much wanted. <i>Cheena</i> and <i>til</i> have just begun to flower. Cultivation of sugarcane has commenced. The state of other crops continues the same as last week.
	15 Pabna, " 8, "	Nil.	Weather—Days hot and nights cool. State and prospects of the crops are fair, but rain is much needed. Cholera continues.

* Telegram of the 10th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 10th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
Central Districts.— (Continued.)			
COOCH BEHAR DIV.	16 Darjeeling, Apl. 7, '76	Nil.	Weather—Most unusual. Not a drop of rain. The ground is looking parched and dry. The young crops do not seem to have suffered yet for want of rain, but rain is greatly needed.
	17 Julpigoree, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Still no rain, and the want of it begins to be very serious. It is most unusual. Wind westerly; atmosphere very thick; so much so that till near 9 A.M., and from 4½ P.M., the sun appears like a red ball with little heat. The result is that the mornings and afternoons are dark and gloomy, though there are no clouds about. This the Deputy Commissioner believes is greatly due to jungle-burning in the Dooars, and rubbish-burning in the fields all over the district, and owing to there not being the usual rain, which ordinarily at this season clears the atmosphere of the smoke and dust now in it. Price of rice is rising all over the district. <i>Bhadde dhan</i> sowing retarded for want of rain. General health of the district is pretty good.
	Cooch Behar, „ 6, „	Nil.	Weather—No rain. It has grown hot. People are giving up hopes of getting any <i>bilri dhan</i> this year. For want of rain this crop will fail. The prospects of <i>cherma</i> and <i>kaon</i> continue unfavorable.
Eastern Districts.			
Dacca DIV.	18 Dacca, Apl. 10, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. Cloudy. State and prospects of crops are good.
	19 Furreedpore, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Warmer. Less wind. Ploughing and sowing on the late rain going on all over the district. Prospects of crops so far as visible are good. Cholera is still prevalent, but a little less.
	20 Backergunge, „ 6, „	1.03	The crops are good, but there has been rather a serious outbreak of sickness all over the district. Cholera is present in almost every thana, and there have been many deaths.
	21 Mymensingh, „ 7, „	Nil.	Weather—Mornings up to 8 A.M. cool, days very hot. Prospects of crops are unfavorable owing to want of rain, which is much needed for the sowings of <i>aus</i> .
	22 Tipperah, „ 7, „	1.10	Weather—Fair and hot, with one heavy shower on Sunday. The <i>Loro</i> rice is doing well. No other crops of importance on the ground.
CHITTAGONG DIV.	23 Chittagong, „ 6, „	A few drops.	Weather—Hot, with no prospect of more rain just at present. No change in the state of the crops since last report. Cholera is still prevalent in the south of the district.
	24 Noakholly, „ 6, „	0.87	Weather—Heat daily increasing. There has been an occasional breeze from the south. Thunder and lightning on the 30th. The heat became less oppressive afterwards. The cold weather crops are in good order. Ploughing for the early rice crop, and sowing of early and late rice together, are now going on. Cholera is bad in Amirgunge and Nalcheera. In the town it has somewhat abated.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 4, „	1.33	Weather—Some showers of rain on the 30th and 31st ultimo. Owing to the fall of rain during the last two weeks joom-burning has been delayed this year. Cholera has broken out at Rangamattee.
	Hill Tipperah, „ 5, „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last report.
• BEHAR			
PATNA DIV.	26 Patna, Apl. 10, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. Hot during the day, but still cool at night. All the crops have now been harvested, and the yield has been fairly good. No rain. Sporadic cases of cholera and small-pox throughout the district, with a good deal of measles and chicken-pox.
	27 Gya, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot westerly winds prevailed during the week. The highest reading of the thermometer 99°-6°. No crops on the ground. Public health on the whole is good. A few cases of cholera and small-pox are reported.
	28 Shahabad, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot. <i>Rubber</i> crops are harvested and the outturn is moderate. Cholera is reported from Buxar and Bhubbobah sub-divisions. Sporadic instances of small-pox are still reported.
	29 Durbhunga, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Cloudless skies. Westerly winds. The <i>rubber</i> harvest is nearly completed. Preparation for ensuing sowings have been commenced, but the want of rain, now much felt, retards them. Prices slightly higher than last week. The supply of food-grain is sufficient. Importations have not increased in quantity, neither have they diminished. The necessity of employment for the poorer classes in Mudhubani is increasing. The health of the district is generally good.

* Telegrams of the 10th April, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Contd.)			
PATNA DIVN.—(Contd.)	30 Mozufferpore, Apl. 8, '76	Nil.	Weather—Very clear and bright, with cool mornings and evenings. All signs of rain have disappeared. The <i>rubbee</i> crops have nearly all been cut. The price of common rice is rising steadily, and is now 15 annas per rupee at Mozufferpore; but pulses and millets remain cheap. Numerous fires—all accidental—have lately occurred, causing much loss of property. Cholera and small-pox are increasing.
	31 Sarun, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Very cool for the time of the year. The Joint-Magistrate of Sewan gives a very favorable report of the general crop outturn of his sub-division estimating it at more than 14 annas all round; the Deputy Collector of Gopalgunge estimates it at but little less.
	33 Champaran, „ 7, „	Nil.	Weather—Westerly winds still continue to blow daily, and will do much damage if they last much longer. Unless rain falls soon, the prospects of the Indian-corn crops will be injured, as owing to the prevalent westerly winds, the soil is becoming too hard for ploughing or digging. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested and the yield is fair.
BHAGULPORE DIVN.	33 Monghyr, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Fair. The <i>rubbee</i> crop is all harvested. The mango and <i>mohwa</i> prospects continue good, and prices are unusually low, although the district is in the seventh month without rain.
	34 Bhagulpore, „ 10, „	Nil.	Weather—Mornings still cool. Westerly winds have apparently ceased. Rain would be most beneficial for all agricultural operations. Condition of the people is good. General health is very good, but cholera seems to be increasing.
	35 Purneah, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—The high winds have subsided, and it is getting hotter. Rain is urgently wanted. The sowing of <i>bhadoe</i> rice is going on, and in the low lands there is still a good deal of moisture. Mangoes promised well, but are falling off in consequence of the drought. Cholera is very bad in the north.
	36 Sonthal Pergha, „ 9, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot westerly winds blowing. <i>Mohwa</i> crops are good. Mango crop is promising well. Cholera is decreasing, but has not disappeared.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN	37 Cuttaek, Apl. 1, '76	Nil.	No rain in the Sudder station. A few slight showers in the interior. Weather very hot and sultry for the time of the year, with occasional high winds. Rain is much wanted to soften the earth for ploughing. No crops of importance on the ground. A little small-pox and cholera have appeared.
	38 Pooree, „ 6, „	Nil.	Weather—Hot and cloudy at intervals. Rain is much needed throughout the district. <i>Dalua</i> paddy crop is being reaped. The state of other crops is good. Mango crop is short.
	39 Balaore, „ 7, „	80	Rainfall at Bhadruck 0.72. The weather continues very unsettled, and the absence of the south wind, usual at this season, is remarkable. In the north of the district the earth has been sufficiently moistened and ploughing is general; in the south ploughing has commenced. Cholera and small-pox have not yet disappeared, and still cause occasional deaths.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
	South-Western Frontier Agency.		
	40 Hazareebagh, Apl. 7, '76	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. It is very warm. No crops on the ground. <i>Mohwa</i> promising a full crop. Cholera and small-pox still continue.
	41 Lohardugga, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. The <i>mohwa</i> is plentiful. Rain is much wanted for ploughing. A few cases of cholera and small-pox are still reported.
	42 Singbhoom, „ 7, „	Nil.	Weather—Seasonable. No crops to report about. Rain is much wanted for the preparation of land. The <i>mohwa</i> and jungle fruits are reported very plentiful, but the mango is very deficient. The Deputy Commissioner reports that as yet the district is healthy, but that, if the rain keeps away much longer, the water in the tanks will get low and unwholesome, and unhealthiness will follow.
	43 Manbhoom, „ 8, „	Nil.	Weather—Too dry for want of rain. Ploughing has not commenced, and the early rice crop, reaped in Bhadur, will suffer. <i>Mohwa</i> has turned out tolerably good.

* Telegram of the 10th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 1st to 25th March 1876.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.							
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS		Inches.	Inches.	1876.		
	Burdwan	Burdwan	Nil	0.11	2.90	1st April.	
		Cutwa	Nil	0.12	1.18	ditto	
		Culina	Nil	0.47	2.45	ditto	
		Blood-Hood	Nil	Nil	0.63	ditto	
		Raneegunge	Nil	Nil	0.95	ditto	
	Bankoora	Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	3.63	ditto	
		Bankoora	Nil	Nil	1.10	ditto	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	Nil	Not rec.	0.13	25th Mar.	
		Hetanpore	Nil	ditto	0.11	ditto	
		Roypore	Nil	ditto	2.18	ditto	
	Midnapore	Midnapore	Nil	0.47	2.52	1st April.	
		Tumlook	Nil	0.30	0.34	ditto	
		Gurbetta	Nil	1.05	0.25	ditto	
		Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office...	Nil	Nil	0.64	ditto	
		Contai { Rxe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	Nil	0.85	ditto	
	Hooghly	Hooghly	Nil	0.05	2.33	ditto	
		Seraupore	Nil	0.01	2.27	ditto	
	Howrah	Howrah	Nil	0.19	5.57	ditto	
		Moheahrekha	Nil	0.12	1.65	ditto	
PRESIDENCY.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS						
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	Nil	0.20	0.90	ditto	
		Calcutta	Nil	0.18	7.29	ditto	
		Alipore { Dispensary	Nil	0.28	8.06	ditto	
		Alipore { Jail	Nil	0.39	8.03	ditto	
		Russeerhat	Nil	0.50	5.18	ditto	
		Baraset	Nil	0.15	3.65	ditto	
		Diamond Harbour	Nil	0.09	2.39	ditto	
		Barripore	Nil	0.81	2.27	ditto	
		Satkhira	Nil	Not rec.	5.39	25th Mar.	
		Barackpore	Nil	0.16	2.82	1st April.	
	Nuddea	Dum-Dum	Nil	Nil	3.18	ditto	
		Kishnaghur	Nil	0.20	1.28	ditto	
		Bongong	Nil	0.35	1.04	ditto	
		Meherpore	Nil	0.62	4.21	ditto	
		Chooadanga	Nil	0.39	2.41	ditto	
		Kooshtea	Nil	0.09	2.67	ditto	
		Ranaghat	Nil	0.63	4.13	ditto	
		Jessore	Nil	Nil	3.22	ditto	
		Nurrail	Nil	0.73	2.88	ditto	
		Khoolna	0.19	0.11	4.51	ditto	
	Jessore	Jhenida	Nil	0.65	3.72	ditto	
		Bagirhat	0.74	0.90	3.79	ditto	
		Magoorah	Nil	0.40	4.16	ditto	
		Berhampore	Nil	Nil	1.65	ditto	
Moorshedabad	Rampore Haut	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Lalbagh	Nil	0.30	1.67	ditto		
	Jungypore	Nil	Nil	0.29	ditto		
	Azumgunge	Nil	0.11	1.64	ditto		
	Laligolla	Nil	Nil	0.42	ditto		
	Kandee	Nil	0.42	0.45	ditto		
RAJSHAHY.	Dinagepore	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Maldah	Maldah	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto	
		Chanchal	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto	
		Bauleah	Nil	0.02	0.29	ditto	
	Rajshahye	Nattore	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto	
		Rangpore	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Bhowanungunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
	Rungpore	Kurigram	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto	
		Bagdogra	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Bogra	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
Pubna	Panchdubi	Not rec.	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Purna	Nil	Nil	2.03	ditto		
	Serajungunge	Nil	Nil	2.30	ditto		
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	1.24	ditto	
COOCH BEHAR.	Julpigoree	Darjeeling { Hospital	Nil	Nil	1.12	ditto	
		Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto	
	Julpigoree	Boda	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
		Buxa { Commissioner's Office	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Buxa { Civil Surgeon's Office	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Titalya	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto	
	Cooch Behar Tributary States	Cooch Behar	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	

From 26th March.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 19th to 25th March 1876.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.—(Continued.)								
Dacca.	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Dacca	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	0.10	Not rec.	3.01	25th Mar.		
			{ Hospital ...	0.25	0.70	4.09	1st April.	
			Moonsheegunge ...	Nil	0.37	4.92	ditto	
	Fareedpore	Manickgunge ...	Nil	0.40	2.01	ditto		
		Fareedpore ...	Nil	0.72	3.00	ditto		
		Gosaiundo ...	Nil	0.52	2.55	ditto		
	Bachergunge	Madaripore ...	0.50	0.20	6.72	ditto		
		Burrisal ...	0.32	0.93	6.20	ditto		
		Perozepore ...	Nil	Nil	2.80	ditto		
	Mymensingh	Patoakhally ...	0.05	0.13	5.08	ditto		
		Dowlutkhan ...	1.85	0.48	4.43	ditto		
		Mymensingh ...	Nil	Nil	0.88	ditto		
	Chittagong.	Chittagong	Jamalpore ...	Nil	Nil	1.50	ditto	
			Atia ...	Nil	Nil	1.85	ditto	
			Kishoregunge ...	Nil	0.64	2.07	ditto	
		Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office ...	0.10	Nil	1.93	ditto	
			{ Jail ...	0.43	0.01	2.39	ditto	
			Cox's Bazar ...	Nil	0.20	2.24	ditto	
			Nonkholly ...	0.41	0.87	0.88	ditto	
	Tipperah	Comillah ...	0.02	0.00	2.88	ditto		
		Brahmunbarah ...	1.62	0.49	7.14	ditto		
Chittagong Hill Tracts		Rungamater Hill	1.32	1.13	5.84	ditto		
Hill Tipperah		Hill Tipperah	0.55	Nil	3.82	ditto		
BEHAR.								
Patna.	Patna	Patna ...	Nil	Nil	0.04	ditto		
		Behar ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Barh ...	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto		
		Dinapore { Jail ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	1st Mar.		
	Gya	{ Cantonment ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	1st April.		
		Gya ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Nowadah ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Arungabad ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Shahabad	Jehanabad ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Arrah ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Sasaram ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Buzar ...	Nil	Nil	0.08	ditto		
	Muzafferpore	Bhuboah ...	Nil	Nil	0.08	ditto		
		Muzafferpore ...	Nil	Not rec.	0.24	25th Mar.		
		Hajeepore ...	Nil	ditto	0.10	ditto		
	Durbhunga	Seetamurhee ...	Nil	ditto	0.63	ditto		
		Durbhunga ...	Nil	Nil	0.31	1st April.		
		Mudhoobunnee ...	Nil	Nil	1.14	ditto		
	Sarub	Tajpore ...	Nil	Not rec.	0.15	25th Mar.		
		Chupra ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	1st April.		
	Chumpanna	Sewan ...	Nil	Nil	0.23	ditto		
		Motiharee ...	Nil	Nil	0.51	ditto		
Monghyr	Bettiah ...	Nil	Not rec.	0.50	25th Mar.			
	Monghyr ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	1st April.			
	Begoo Serai ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto			
	Jamsoore ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto			
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
Bhagulpore	Sonpool ...	Nil	Nil	0.12	ditto			
	Muddehpore ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto			
	Banka ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto			
	Sonbursa ...	Nil	Nil	0.11	ditto			
Purneah	Purneah ...	Nil	Nil	0.13	ditto			
	Kisheengunge ...	Nil	Nil	0.08	ditto			
	Arrameah ...	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto			
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Nya Doomsa ...	Nil	Nil	0.15	ditto			
	Rajmehal ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto			
	Deoghur ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto			
	Godda ...	Nil	Nil	0.30	ditto			

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, APRIL 12, 1876.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 19th to 25th March 1876.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	CUTTACK.	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	Nil	1st April	
		Cuttack ... { Hospital	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto	
		Jajepore ...	0.20	0.15	2.15	ditto	
		Kendraparah ...	0.40	Nil	1.80	ditto	
		Jugatsingpore ...	0.30	Nil	0.30	ditto	
		False Point ...	Nil	Nil	0.50	ditto	
		Poorce ...	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Khordah ...	0.57	0.30	3.10	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	Nil	3. 8	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Collector's Office	Nil	0.00	1.10	ditto	
	BALASORE.	Bhuddruck ...	Nil	0.01	0.01	ditto	
		Jellapore ...	Nil	0.07	1.45	ditto	
		Sorah ...	0.04	Nil	1.37	ditto	
		Chandbally ...	0.50	Nil	0.63	ditto	
		Cuttack Tributary Mahals	Nil	0.12	0.81	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	HAZAREEBAGH...	Hazareebagh... { Jail	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Hazareebagh... { Dispensary	Nil	Nil	0.01	ditto	
	Pachumba ...	...	Nil	Nil	0.17	ditto	
	LOHARDUGGA ...	Rancher ...	Nil	Nil	0.21	ditto	
		Palamow ...	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto	
	Singbhoom ...	Chyebassa ...	Nil	Nil	0.37	ditto	
	MANBHOOM ...	Paruha ...	Nil	Nil	0.50	ditto	
		Govindpore ...	Not rec.	Nil	Nil	ditto	Not rec. 19th to 25th March.
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet ...	Sylhet ...	0.70	2.57	8.03	ditto	
	SEEBSAUGOR ...	Seebsaugor ...	1.18	Not rec.	6.94	25th Mar.	
		Golaghat ...	0.02	ditto	1.71	ditto	
		Jorehaut ...	0.40	ditto	3.09	ditto	
		Deopante ...	1.05	ditto	5.13	ditto	
		Hattiepootie ...	0.64	ditto	4.39	ditto	
		Mazengah ...	0.63	ditto	5.46	ditto	
		Nazorah ...	1.28	ditto	6.08	ditto	
		Suntock ...	0.85	ditto	9.50	ditto	
		Cherissoo ...	1.45	ditto	8.40	ditto	
	Akyab ...	...	Nil	Nil	0.98	1st April.	

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1876.

JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 2nd to 8th April 1876.

STATIONS	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	Apl. 2nd	10	29.832	29.850	85.5	79.0	77	S	5.0	.....	K	
		16	29.838	29.716	91.0	81.0	83	S	5.2	.....	K, K	
	3rd	10	29.921	29.939	86.0	79.0	73	W by S	4.4	0.13	.....	b
		16	29.779	29.707	93.0	72.5	34	S W	4.2	.....	C	
	4th	10	29.877	29.895	87.8	73.0	46	N W	5.0	.....	.....	b
		16	29.717	29.765	83.4	68.5	22	N W	4.5	.....	.....	b
	5th	10	29.843	29.861	86.0	76.6	63	S W	3.4	.....	.....	b
		16	29.738	29.756	93.7	74.0	35	S	3.0	.....	.....	b
	6th	10	29.856	29.874	88.9	78.7	62	E	4.9	.....	.....	b
		16	29.735	29.753	94.5	73.0	32	S	4.7	.....	.....	b
	7th	10	29.869	29.887	87.0	78.5	67	W S W	3.7	.....	.....	b
		16	29.741	29.759	95.6	72.5	29	S W	5.5	.....	.....	b
	8th	10	29.853	29.871	88.0	78.2	63	S W	4.4	.....	.....	b
		16	29.708	29.726	97.8	73.0	20	S W	7.7	.....	.....	b
SAUGOR ISLAND.	2nd	10	29.833	29.844	86	80	75	S S W	16.5	.....	N	i, m, scuds.
		16	29.720	29.735	81	80	83	S E	13.2	.....	N	m, scuds.
	3rd	10	29.941	29.947	86	81	79	S	7.5	.....	N	i, m, scuds.
		16	29.759	29.765	86	81	73	S W	10.7	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
	4th	10	29.874	29.880	88	80	69	N N W	9.5	.....	S	i, m
		16	29.743	29.749	89	81	69	S	8.0	.....	N	b, m
	5th	10	29.846	29.852	87	80	72	N N W	7.4	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.755	29.761	87	80	72	S	9.0	.....	K	b, m
	6th	10	29.879	29.885	87	81	76	S S E	4.2	.....	N	b, m, scuds.
		16	29.750	29.765	87	81	76	S	13.0	.....	K	b, m, scuds.
	7th	10	29.877	29.883	87	81	76	S S W	4.1	.....	N	i, m, scuds.
		16	29.761	29.767	89	81	69	S	11.3	.....	.....	b, m
	8th	10	29.863	29.869	87	81	76	S W	12.2	.....	N	b, e
		16	29.728	29.734	88	81	72	S S W	14.6	.....	S	b, e
CHITTAGONG.	2nd	10	29.789	29.841	87	78	65	S S E	9.6	.....	K	m
		16	29.685	29.777	87	77	61	W	17.1	.....	.....	i, e
	3rd	10	29.866	29.958	87	78	65	S E	7.9	.....	K, KS	e
		16	29.732	29.823	88	80	60	W	11.0	.....	K	m
	4th	10	29.909	29.901	85	78	71	W S W	3.8	.....	K, KS	m
		16	29.679	29.770	90	77	63	W	8.3	.....	K	m
	5th	10	29.789	29.881	85	76	61	N E	4.9	.....	K	m
		16	29.679	29.770	90	78	56	W S W	6.9	.....	.....	i, e
	6th	10	29.869	29.960	88	76	65	N W	4.4	.....	K	m
		16	29.687	29.778	92	76	45	W N W	8.8	.....	.....	m
	7th	10	29.806	29.908	87	76	58	N N E	7.0	.....	.....	m
		16	29.687	29.778	91	74	63	W	7.1	.....	.....	m
	8th	10	29.784	29.880	89	76	62	N W	1.0	.....	.....	m
		16	29.679	29.770	91	74	41	N W	9.2	.....	.....	m
MADRAS.	1st	10	29.444	29.574	92	78	51	S by W	13	.....	.....	b, e
		16	29.709	29.730	80	78	68	S E by S	17	.....	.....	i, e
	2nd	10	29.861	29.891	91	79	56	S by E	17	.....	.....	i, e
		16	29.744	29.774	86	79	72	S E by S	18	.....	.....	b, e
	3rd	10	29.942	29.972	88	78	62	S S E	13	.....	.....	b, e
		16	29.810	29.840	86	77	64	S E by S	13	.....	.....	e
	4th	10	29.946	29.976	89	78	59	S E by S	14	.....	.....	b, e
		16	29.771	29.801	87	78	65	S E by S	15	.....	.....	b, e
	5th	10	29.894	29.924	90	78	60	S	14	.....	.....	b, e
		16	29.756	29.786	86	76	61	S E by S	15	.....	.....	i, e
	6th	10	29.965	29.995	93	77	45	S	12	.....	.....	b
		16	29.744	29.774	88	78	62	S E by S	15	.....	.....	b
	7th	10	29.893	29.923	90	76	50	S by W	12	.....	.....	b, e
		16	29.754	29.784	85	78	62	S E by E	15	.....	.....	b
COIMBATORE.	2nd	10	29.743	29.834	90	79	59	S S W	5.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.618	29.699	95	80	49	S S E	5.6	.....	CK	b
	3rd	10	29.852	29.934	87	78	65	S	3.1	.....	K, N, C	
		16	29.660	29.771	91	79	49	S S E	2.1	.....	K, N, C	
	4th	10	29.755	29.877	86	78	68	N N E	1.7	0.10	.....	b
		16	29.635	29.716	96	81	50	S S E	2.1	.....	KS, N, C	
	5th	10	29.785	29.887	88	78	68	S S W	2.2	0.20	CK	b
		16	29.643	29.724	93	78	48	S E	1.1	.....	K, N, C	
	6th	10	29.815	29.897	88	75	52	E S E	1.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.667	29.748	96	77	39	N E	4.0	.....	S	b
	7th	10	29.801	29.885	92	78	45	N E	1.3	.....	.....	b
		16	29.662	29.743	98	74	38	S	3.2	.....	K, N, C	
	8th	10	29.787	29.868	90	74	56	S S E	2.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.624	29.704	102	77	28	S E	2.4	.....	C	b
AYYER.	2nd	10	29.893	29.917	88	77	58	S	2.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.706	29.807	87	79	68	S W	5.6	.....	.....	b
	3rd	10	29.961	29.962	85	79	75	E	1.3	.....	.....	b, g
		16	29.851	29.973	84	79	79	W	10.5	.....	.....	b
	4th	10	29.873	29.994	92	81	60	N E	3.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.711	29.802	87	81	76	W	10.8	.....	.....	b
	5th	10	29.848	29.969	87	81	76	E N E	3.0	.....	.....	b
		16	29.704	29.792	88	81	72	W N W	10.3	.....	.....	b
	6th	10	29.874	29.990	88	81	72	E N E	4.0	.....	.....	b
		16	29.733	29.774	87	81	76	W	9.3	.....	.....	b
	7th	10	29.848	29.969	91	76	47	E N E	3.5	.....	.....	b
		16	29.711	29.792	88	81	72	W N W	7.6	.....	.....	b
	8th	10	29.858	29.979	90	79	60	W N W	4.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.753	29.774	87	79	68	W N W	11.5	.....	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA.
The 8th April 1876.JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th April 1876.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			h	Miles.	in.		
April	1st	29.705	94.4	76.5	143.2	85.1	70.0	74.7	0.72	S	...	138.6	...	...	Clear, and cirrostrati. Lightning from 5½ to 8 P.M. Thunder and drizzled between 5 and 6 P.M.
	2nd	761	93.5	70.2	141.0	84.2	70.5	70.2	78	S & S S W	1.0	151.0	0.13	...	Stratoni, cumuli, and cirri. Sheet lightning from 6½ to 8 P.M. Thunder and rain between 4 and 5 P.M.
	3rd	834	93.2	77.5	139.7	84.8	70.8	71.3	65	S S W	...	115.3	...	...	Clear and cirri.
	4th	799	93.4	79.5	141.0	85.3	74.9	67.6	57	S W & Variable	...	123.6	...	...	Clear and cirri.
	5th	779	93.7	79.5	139.0	85.3	76.9	71.0	63	S S W, W by S & S	...	80.8	...	...	Chiefly clear.
	6th	797	94.7	79.0	141.5	86.1	76.9	70.5	61	S S W	...	110.0	...	...	Clear.
	7th	803	96.0	78.5	144.0	85.8	75.6	68.5	58	S by W & Variable	...	75.7	...	...	Clear.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain-gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	18.5
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	...	96.0
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	96.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0.65
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.72
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th	... { by lower rain-gauge	0.13
	... { by anemometer gauge	0.11
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years	...	0.46
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 7th April	...	7.42
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-two previous years	...	3.30

The 10th April 1876.

GOPEENATH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—IRRIGATION BRANCH.

RUBBEE SEASON 1875-76, COMMENCING ON THE 1st DECEMBER 1875.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the month of February 1876.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	SUPPLY OF WATER IN THE CANALS.										DALWA RICE IRRIGATION.				TOBACCO, COTTON, INDUR, GINGER, WHEAT, AND GARDEN PRODUCE.				OIL-SEEDS AND PULSES.				SUGARCANE AND OTHER CROPS.				RAINFALL.				REMARKS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
			Estimated fallacy in cubic feet per second.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second throughout the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Inches during the month.	Inches during the rubber season.	Average of ten previous years for the same period.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22							(a) The details of column 19 are— Details of column 8— Dalwa ... 122 Details of column 11— Cotton ... 3,064 Held ... 2 Wheat ... 2 Mung ... 16 China ... 3 Various ... 2 Peas ... 1 Caulis ... 1 Garden Pro- duce ... 72 Total ... 3,166 Details of column 14— Oil-seeds ... 84 Pulses ... 50 Total ... 136 Details of column 17— Sugarcane ... 85 Brinjals ... 15 Saru ... 1 Plantains ... 5 Other crops ... 14 Total ... 190 (b). The details are— Wheat at 2-8 31,581 Ditto at 3-12 1,294 Opium at 5 53 Sugarcane at 3 53 Ditto at 2-8 69 Total ... 33,935																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Orissa ...	Cuttack	Kondrapah, Sec. then Levee, Tadrapah, Machhane	1,269	223'00	27	82	106	2,020	213	2,439	116	13	120	26	22	46	3,123	2,021	...	...	128																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
			675	192'00	...	13	13	35	12	47	3	...	3	2	1	3	64	77	...	...	...																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
			1,200	119'18	...	...	...	116	14	130	3	...	3	23	19	42	175	165	...	...	...																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
			650	210'42	...	...	...	123	27	150	1	...	1	12	15	27	174	157	...	...	...																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
South-Western ...	Total of the month	Total of the corresponding month of previous year	...	...	27	95	122	2,900	266	3,166	123	13	139	63	57	120	(a) 3,544	2,090	...	...	...																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
		

G. A. SEARLE, Col., &c.,

Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

The 11th April 1876.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended the 26th March 1876, on 159½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	41,707½	27,355 0 0	2,325 14 2	1,24,145 25	32,640 0 11	2,950 4 5	5,522 2 7
Or per mile of railway	283	171 2 0	15 19 3	784 20	206 8 9	19 14 4	51 17 11
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	411,699	2,91,761 4 6	27,014 5 7	12,85,017 14	3,22,100 7 1	29,525 17 5	58,549 3 0
Total for 13 weeks ...	453,406½	3,22,256 19 6	29,549 3 9	14,09,162 59	3,54,740 9 0	32,525 1 10	62,072 5 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	41,002½	26,229 1 9	2,405 5 1	1,63,963 25	29,224 12 5	2,747 5 5	4,962 11 0
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	279	165 12 11	15 4 0	1,036 4	178 5 8	16 7 0	31 11 0
Total to corresponding date of previous year	443,642	3,14,735 12 0	29,222 19 0	13,16,184 13	3,65,204 11 11	33,177 1 11	62,799 0 11

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st April 1876, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TRAIN MILES RUN.			
	No. of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.			Weight carried.	Receipts.			TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	Coach. m.e.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs.	A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week	132,157	2,31,182	8 0	21,191 14 7	11,31,212 0	4,75,953	6 0	43,049 11 2	64,738 5 9	59,550½	50,322	145,872½
Or per mile of railway		180 10 4		16 11 2	.....	371 6 4		34 0 7	50 11 9	.....	.....	.....
For previous 12 weeks & half-year	1,539,213	26,66,781	5 0	244,451 19 1	1,21,29,762 29	49,88,219	1 3	457,252 11 10	761,767 19 11	556,906½	902,730	1,459,636½
Total for 13 weeks	1,668,509	28,97,963	13 9	265,640 13 8	1,32,60,974 29	54,63,261	7 8	509,794 3 0	794,445 16 8	612,936	992,858	1,455,794
COMPARISON.												
Total for corresponding week of previous year	150,212	2,31,551	3 9	21,225 10 7	10,08,840 29	4,65,297	8 0	37,152 5 6	58,377 16 1	48,790	49,744	113,534
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year		180 14 11		16 11 9	.....	316 11 3		29 0 7	45 12 4	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,658,270	23,51,781	9 2	233,913 6 2	1,27,52,197 0	4,75,526	9 1	483,589 18 9	717,509 4 11	567,612	975,491	1,543,103

* Added miles 11,473 to Coaching and 19,216½ to Merchandise, less included in week ending 4th March 1876.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st April 1876, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week	7,186½	24,675 12 3	2,261 18 11	1,13,777 29	26,274 3 0	2,148 7 6	4,670 6 5	55,841	50,729	1,47,570
Or per mile of railway	.....	110 4 6	19 2 2	.....	117 6 9	10 15 4	20 17 6	.....	.....	.....
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	81,022	2,68,081 5 9	24,574 2 6	12,08,798 10	2,73,562 6 0	23,059 11 0	49,659 13 4	67,295	70,348	1,47,643
Total for 13 weeks	88,208½	2,92,757 2 0	26,836 1 5	13,22,575 59	2,99,835 9 0	25,184 18 6	54,330 19 11	62,281	75,477	1,38,758
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,216½	19,810 9 0	1,815 19 4	92,993 59	20,764 9 0	2,728 1 0	4,541 0 4	4,652	5,054	9,706
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	.....	88 8 7	8 2 4	.....	137 0 2	12 3 10	20 6 2	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	73,991½	2,75,659 15 3	25,267 19 3	12,87,768 30	2,75,391 5 0	31,460 7 4	59,728 5 7	61,801	75,980	1,57,781

* Added miles 610½ to Coaching and deducted 671½ from Merchandise, less and excess included in week ending 4th March 1876.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st April 1876, on 28 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week	9,298	1,317 0 0	131 14 0	22,182 0	753 0 0	75 6 0	207 0 0
Or per mile of railway	332	47 0 0	4 14 0	792 0	27 0 0	2 14 0	7 8 0
For previous 13 weeks of half-year...	1,30,701	17,639 0 0	1,760 18 0	2,38,094 0	7,723 0 0	772 10 0	2,542 8 0
Total for 14 weeks	1,39,999	19,016 0 0	1,901 12 0	2,60,276 0	8,478 0 0	847 16 0	2,749 6 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,601½	1,231 13 6	123 8 9	23,129 0	756 12 6	75 13 7	198 17 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	307	43 15 11	4 8 0	826 1	27 0 5	2 14 1	7 2 1
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,29,599	17,287 1 8	1,728 14 2	2,60,626 30	8,941 9 3	894 3 2	2,622 17 4

NALHATTI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended the 1st April 1876, on 27½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	2,199	1,063 0 0	106 6 0	4,655 0	436 0 0	43 12 0	149 18 0
Or per mile of railway ...	81	39 0 0	3 18 0	171 0	16 0 0	1 12 0	5 10 0
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	25,317	12,644 0 0	1,256 8 0	1,04,523 0	8,710 0 0	871 0 0	2,127 8 0
Total for 14 weeks ...	27,516	13,627 0 0	1,362 14 0	1,11,177 0	9,146 0 0	914 12 0	2,277 6 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,986	1,145 9 2	114 11 2	8,591 10	667 1 0	66 14 2	180 5 4
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	62	42 0 8	4 4 1	315 11	24 1 9	2 8 2	6 12 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	23,926	17,384 1 8	1,738 8 2	91,550 10	7,361 6 6	736 2 10	2,444 11 0

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1876.—The following amendment of Rule 76 of the Rules for the guidance of running pilots (published at page 572 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st February 1872) having been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, is published for general information :—

* AMENDED RULE No. 76.

“Pilots in charge of inward-bound pilgrim ships from the Persian Gulf or Red Sea are to warn the commander not to allow the pilgrims to land until an officer of the Master Attendant's Department has visited and inspected the vessel. Should there be an epidemic on board, he will anchor the vessel at Mud Point and telegraph to the Master Attendant for orders. The latter part of this order applies to vessels bringing return emigrants, and to vessels any of the passengers or crew of which are suffering from an epidemic or an infectious or contagious disease dangerous to human life.”

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—In supersession of Notification dated 16th May last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor directs the substitution of the following for Rule 96 of the rules for regulating labor transport under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, which were published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 21st January 1874 :—

Rule 96.—The space measured off for emigrants shall be fitted along the sides of the vessel with (a) a boarding three feet high, rising from the plank sheer of the vessel; and (b) thick and sound canvas curtains, hanging from roof to deck, with ventilating space under the eaves, and fastening closely to the deck below. But from the month of October to March, both inclusive, the three-feet boarding shall completely enclose the emigrants' deck space, and, besides the side curtains, there shall be similar curtains hung, one at each end of the deck, so as to convert the entire space allotted to emigrants into a thoroughly sheltered compartment, with ventilating spaces near the roof for the exit of heated and unwholesome air. This large compartment, moreover, shall be sub-divided into three smaller compartments by means of similar boarding and curtains placed right across the deck space from one side of the vessel to the other; only that each such intermediate boarding shall be so constructed as to admit of its removal when necessary at the discretion of the Medical Officer in charge, and each such intermediate curtain, instead of being hung almost from the roof as the curtains at the sides and ends, shall be hung at a height not exceeding six feet, measuring from the deck upwards, the space above being left clear and open for the purposes of free ventilation.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the townships of Berhampore, Lallbagh, and Jungypore, in the Moorshedabad district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said townships of Berhampore, Lallbagh, and Jungypore, shall be those specified in the Government notifications respectively dated 28th February 1869, 17th March 1869, and 24th March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire areas above defined.

H. J. S. CORTON,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th March 1876.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the townships of the North Suburban Town, Nowabgunge, Bagjulla, Kadihatty, and Augurpara, in the 24-Pergunnahs district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said townships of North Suburban Town, Nowabgunge, Bagjulla, Kadihatty, and Augurpara, shall be those specified in the Government notifications respectively dated 20th February 1869, 24th March 1869, 23rd August 1870, 23rd August 1870, 17th March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire areas above defined.

H. J. S. CORTON,

Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 25th March 1876—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Rampore Beaulah, in the Rajshahye district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Rampore Beaulah shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 15th March 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Nattore shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 20th February 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the towns of Maldah and English Bazar, in the Maldah district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said towns of Maldah and English Bazar shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 15th December 1868 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Rungpore, in the Rungpore district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Rungpore shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 20th February 1869 for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

UNDER the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from the 1st May 1876 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Julpigoree, in the Julpigoree district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Julpigoree shall be the same as those specified in the Government notification dated 24th July 1875 for the purposes of Act XX (B.C.) of 1856.

3. From and after the 1st May 1876, the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that lands should be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for the establishment of an asylum, it is accordingly declared that a piece of ground containing an area of about 2 beeghas 17 cottahs of standard measurement is required for the above purpose in the village of Haritollah, within the suburbs of Calcutta, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The above-mentioned land is bounded on the north by the Campbell Hospital; on the south by the Harapara Road; on the east by the Campbell Hospital land; and on the west by the Calcutta Municipal Depot and by Sohodeb Poddar's land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 3rd April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Chur Pullundo, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 4 cottahs and 10 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Chur Pullundo:—

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of Bhabooeel village; on the west and east by lands occupied by Jadoo Shaik, Commoroddy Shaik, Gobind Dass, Asker Mundole, Bodone Shaik, Jooran Pramanick, Fshuh Shaik, Mookondolail Roy, Hazaree Shaik, Melere Shaik, Niloo Shaik, Hussien Shaik, Bosoruth Shaik, Echoo Mullick, Attoy Mullick, Hooroom Shaik, Mochun Mullick, Gopaul Mullick, Mullicksha, Arjan Shaik, Bhooloy Shaik, Madarce Shaik, Gopaul Mullick, and Gunga Gobindo Soor; and on the north by Government boundaries of Chur Pullundo.

One piece bounded on the east by boundaries of kismut Bhabooeel village; on the west and south by land taken by the Eastern Bengal Railway Company; and on the north by lands belonging to Pittambur Dass and Modoo Soodone Kur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Bhabooeel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid village of Bhabooeel:—

One piece bounded on the south and west by boundaries of kismut Bhabooeel; on the north by land occupied by Modoo Soodon Kur; and on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

One piece bounded on the south by boundaries of kismut Bhabooeel; on the west by lands belonging to Modoo Soodon Kur, Bachoolaul Roy, and Modoo Soonee Kur; on the north by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; and on the east by lands belonging to Modoo Soonee Kur and Bachoolaul Roy.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of kismut Bhabooeel, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 37 beeghas 15 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by boundaries of Chur Pullundo; on the south by lands occupied by Roy Churn Pramanick, Pittambur, Ram Chund Frollad, Gour Gopaul, Nobokissory, and Shooobul Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Ashanundo Pramanick, Gobindo Mistry, Hurry Barooye, Oerew Pramanick, Shitole Sirdar, Tiloke Pramanick, and Radhanath Sirdar; on the east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company and the boundaries of Bhabooeel village; and on the north by boundaries of Bhabooeel village and by lands occupied by Radhanath and Nundo Sirdars, Tiloke Pramanick, Shitole Sirdar, boundaries of Bhabooeel, Oerew Pramanick, Hurry Barooye, Gobindo Mistry, Ashanundo Pramanick, Doorjodhun Biswas, Shooobul Ram Chund, Nobokissory, Gopaul, and Goyanath Pramanick, is required within the aforesaid village of kismut Bhabooeel.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1271C.S.

The 30th March 1876.—Mr. J. G. Charles, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class and powers under Sections 141, 142, and 157 of the Criminal Procedure Code, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, to be exercised within the limits of the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by the notification issued on the 17th October 1867, under the provisions of Section 1 of Act II (B.C.) of 1866. He is also vested with the powers of a Magistrate of Police in Calcutta under Act IV (B.C.) of 1866 and Act XX of 1864. He is also appointed to be a visitor of the Presidency Jail and of the Lunatic Asylum at the Presidency.

The 5th April 1876.—Baboo Trigoona Prosunno Bose is appointed to act until further orders as Moonsif of Jhenidah, in the district of Jessore.

The 8th April 1876.—The leave of absence under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, granted to Mr. R. S. T. MacEwen, Judge, Calcutta Court of Small Causes, in orders dated the 6th March 1876, is commuted to leave for twenty-one months, under Section 10 (a) of the Code.

The 10th April 1876—Mr. Allen Mears, District Traffic Superintendent, Sahibganje, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of Sonthal Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, *vice* Mr. Hudson, transferred.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates in the district of Patna, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class :—

Baboo Haranund	..	Zemindar.
„ Doorga Pershad	..	Ditto.
Qazi Lall Zaman	..	Rural Sub-Registrar.
Moulvie Karamut Hossen	..	Zemindar.

The 11th April 1876.—Baboo Jogendranath Ghose, Acting Moonsif of Goalundo, in the district of Furrulpore, is vested, under Section 29, Act VI of 1871, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50 while officiating as Moonsif of Goalundo.

Baboo Sham Lal Halder, Moonsif of Juggernathdiggy, in the district of Tipperah, is vested, under Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Courts' Act (VI of 1871), with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 7th April 1876.*—Baboo Debendro Lal Shome, B.L., Moonsif of Amta, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave of absence for two months, with effect from the 2nd April 1876, under Sections 3 and 14, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him on the 26th February 1876. The whole period of the leave will be reckoned as leave on medical certificate.

Baboo Gocool Chaud, Second Moonsif of Patna, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the permanent continuance of the Sub-Registry Office at Phoranbari, in the district of Rangpore, which was opened experimentally for six months on the 1st September last, under the orders of Government dated the 5th June 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under the provisions of Section 22 of Act VIII of 1859, to exempt Rajah Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom, from personal attendance in Civil Courts.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th April 1876.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form the two following sub-districts in the district of Tipperah :—

1. A new sub-district conterminous with thana Hazigunge, and with its head-quarters at the place of that name, hitherto comprised within the sub-district of Chandpur, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Tubkibagra.

2. A new sub-district, with head-quarters at Nabinaggar, conterminous with thana Gouripara, now included in the sub-district of Maradnagar, which will henceforth be restricted to thana Thorla only.

Moulvi Fiazullah, the present Sub-Registrar of Chandpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Hazigunge.

Baboo Jaggobundhu Gupta is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chandpur.

Moulvi Izizul Islam is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gouripara.

This notification will take effect from 1st May 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th April 1876.—The Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Bill having received the assent of the Governor-General, and having been published in this day's *Calcutta Gazette* as Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor directs, with reference to the second paragraph of Section 1 thereof, that the said Act shall come into force on the 1st July 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1876.—The declaration published at page 1357 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd September 1874, for the acquisition, under the provisions of Act X of 1870, of the plot of land required for a burial ground for Mahomedans in the town of Jehanabad, is hereby cancelled.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the Sulkea Moonsi'ee be henceforth called the Moonsifce of Howrah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st March 1876.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 82 of the District Towns' Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend to the town of Nussceerabad, in the district of Mymensingh, from the 15th April 1876, the whole of the conservancy provisions of the Schedule K of the aforesaid Act.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th March 1876.—The men described in the roll below having embezzled Government money on different occasions, are hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the Government service in any capacity.

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Age.	Caste.	Height.	Complexion.	Place of residence.	Official designation.
				Ft. In			
Hemomah Chakravarti.	Ramcoti Chakravarti.	20	Brahmin, Hindu.	4 6	Fair	Maheshwardi, thana Kopashia, zillah Dacca.	Late District Revenue Fund Clerk, Backergunge.
Raj Kumar Mukerjee.	Ishwar Chandra Mukerji.	30	Ditto	5 7	Ditto	Kashimur, thana Kutwali, zillah Backergunge.	Late Head Clerk of the Police Office, Backergunge.
Grish Chandra Gupta.	Gour Chandra Gupta.	30	Boudho, Hindu.	4 6	Dark	Kurmura, thana Sonagur, zillah Dacca.	Late Municipal Overseer at Barisal.
Loke Nath Guho	Kali Kinkar Guho	27	Kyeste, Hindu	5 6	Swarthy	Medinimondal, thana Sonagur, zillah Dacca.	Late Nazir of the Pergepur Moonsif in Backergunge.
Shama Charan Das	Ramkamal Das	26	Boldya, Hindu	5 6	Dark	Gach, thana Gournadi, zillah Backergunge.	Late Nazir of Patuya Khali, Moonsif in zillah Backergunge.
Kisto Kumar Das	Kashi Nath Das	38	Halma Das, Hindu.	5 3	Ditto	Blawar, thana Sonagur, zillah Dacca.	Late Munsif in the Accountant Department in the Judge's Court, Backergunge.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite its name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Burdwan	Goghat	Goghat	Goghat	Baboo Ishan Chunder Kumar.

This change will take effect on and from the 1st April 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite its name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-registrar appointed.
Burdwan	Khandagosh	Khandagosh	Khandagosh	Gyanendra Nath Singha.

This change will take effect on and from the 1st April 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th March 1876.—Under Section 104 of Act VI of 1863 of the Bengal Legislative Council, it is hereby notified for general information that a Census will be taken by the Justices of Calcutta of all persons who may be within the Town on the night of the 6th April 1876.

The Lieutenant Governor trusts that persons of all classes will co-operate heartily with the Justices, in order that so important a public work may be carried to a successful conclusion.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1876.—The men described in the roll below having been implicated in the abstraction of court-fee stamps from the Courts of the Moonsifs of Panchpookooria, in the district of Tipperah, are hereby declared to be disqualified for future employment in the Government service in any capacity.

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Description and other distinguishing marks.	Native place.
Nobin Chandra Bhadra.	Ramgati Hindu.	Kayast, Hindu.	About 24—25 years.	About 5 feet 2 inches.	Fair complexion and thin.	Mouza Shuanda, pergunnah Bardakhlat, zillah Tipperah.
Sadat Ali	Nahar Mahomed	Mahomedan, Sunni.	About 36 years.	About 5 feet 6 inches.	.....	Kalghara, Bardakhlat, Tipperah, pergunnah zillah
Dar Bux	Khandakar Karim.	Ditto	35—36 years.	About 5 feet 2 inches.	Dark complexion	Panjipoori, zillah Dacca
Abdool Rezzaq	Rezasuddin	Ditto	30—31 years.	About 5 feet 4 inches.	Ditto	Madhabpoor, zillah Tipperah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 25th March 1876.—The following Rules under Sections 18 and 24 of Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan Marriages and Divorces), as finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are published for general information:—

1. As soon as the Act has been extended to any district under section 1, the District Registrar shall nominate a sufficient number of persons to be licensed as Mahomedan Registrars under section 3. He shall also specify the limits within which each of the persons so nominated shall exercise the functions of Mahomedan Registrar.

2. The District Registrar's nomination shall be submitted to the Inspector-General of Registration, and shall be accompanied by the original application of each nominee in the form below, and also by a certificate of good moral character signed by three Mahomedan gentlemen of known respectability and position, and countersigned by the District Magistrate:—

Application for a Mahomedan Registrarship under Act I of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan Marriages and Divorces) at District of

REMARKS	
<p>Whether candidate is acquainted with Mahomedan law and holds a certificate from any Government Magistrate.</p>	
<p>Whether candidate can write Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Bengali, and English.</p>	
<p>Names and addresses of persons recommending the candidate.</p>	
<p>If previously employed under Government, details of past service; if ever dismissed from any post, particulars of the fact.</p>	
<p>Whether candidate has a masonry house for office.</p>	
<p>Distance of residence from proposed Registry Office and Subdar Station.</p>	
<p>Present family residence of candidate.</p>	
<p>Father's name and profession.</p>	
<p>Profession or present employment of candidate, with present salary or position.</p>	
<p>Age.</p>	
<p>Name (in English) and usual signature of candidate, date of application, and address in full.</p>	

3. In the selection of Mahomedan Registrars, preference shall ordinarily be given to ex-kazis and Government pensioners, being Mahomedans, who reside at a convenient place within the limits of the proposed jurisdiction; but no person shall be appointed a Mahomedan Registrar merely by reason of some supposed hereditary right. A Sub-Registrar of Assurances may be nominated as Mahomedan Registrar, provided he be a Mahomedan, and is otherwise qualified.

4. The limits within which a Mahomedan Registrar shall be licensed to act shall for the present coincide with the limits of a sub-district under the Indian Registration Act, or with the jurisdiction of a police station. The head-quarters shall be at some convenient place within those limits.

5. The District Registrar's nomination, with the accompanying applications and certificates, shall be forwarded to Government by the Inspector-General of Registration with his remarks and recommendation.

6. Should such a course appear expedient hereafter, all Mahomedan Registrars who may have been appointed under these rules, and all future applicants for licenses, shall be liable to examination in the following subjects:—

- (1.) Arabic and vernacular of the district.
- (2.) Mahomedan law of marriage and divorce.
- (3.) Act I of 1876 (B.C.), and the rules.

And if any person who has been appointed a Mahomedan Registrar fail to pass such examination, his license will be liable to be cancelled. Such examination may be held at such times and places and by such examiners as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time appoint.

7. Licenses to qualified persons who have been approved of as Mahomedan Registrars will be granted in the following form:—

License under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876.

To
of
Calcutta, the 187.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by Act I (B.C.) of 1876, you are hereby authorized to register, in the manner prescribed by the above Act, all Mahomedan marriages and divorces which shall be effected within on application being made to you for such registration.

2. It will be your duty carefully to observe the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, and such rules as may from time to time be prescribed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, in pursuance of the power conferred upon him by the above Act.

3. This license shall continue in force until it is revoked or suspended by the said Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

By order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

8. When a Mahomedan Registrar desires to give up his license, or is about to leave the place or district in which he has exercised the functions of Mahomedan Registrar, he shall report the circumstances through the District Registrar to the Inspector-General of Assurances for the orders of Government.

9. When a Mahomedan Registrar makes over charge of his office to a licensed successor, a certificate shall be jointly given of the date on which the office is made over, and of the safety and correctness of the records; and this certificate shall be forwarded by the District Registrar to the Inspector-General.

10. Mahomedan Registrars shall not be entitled to leave as of right under the rules in force for Government servants. The District Registrar may, however, grant leave in cases of urgency, but no leave exceeding one month shall be granted without the previous sanction of the Inspector-General. All leave shall be at once reported to that officer, together with the arrangements made for carrying on the duties of the Mahomedan Registrar.

11. In cases of leave or absence from duty, the next nearest Mahomedan Registrar shall ordinarily be appointed to carry on the duties of the absentee in addition to his own.

12. It is not intended that service as a Mahomedan Registrar shall count as Government service, so as to give rise to any claim for pension or gratuity, or to leave allowances of any kind; but it is not intended by this to preclude the appointment of Sub-Registrars or retired Government servants to be Mahomedan Registrars.

13. The general control and supervision of the working of the Act shall be exercised by the present inspecting staff attached to the Department for the Registration of Assurances.

14. The registers, forms, and seal to be used by a Mahomedan Registrar shall be such only as are supplied by Government under section 5 of the Act. The Government shall also supply writing ink; and no ink shall be used for making entries in the registers and indexes other than that supplied. The Government may also supply such other articles of stationery as are requisite. All such registers, forms, seals, ink, and other articles shall be charged at cost price, and shall ordinarily be paid for by the Mahomedan Registrar at the time they are supplied. But in any case, when the District Registrar thinks it necessary, he may defer the realization of the charge for a term not exceeding three months. In case of failure to pay at the prescribed period, the District Registrar should report the case for orders to the Inspector-General of Registration.

15. The seal shall always remain in the personal custody of the Mahomedan Registrar, and shall be made over with the records to the officer appointed to receive the same whenever a Mahomedan Registrar ceases, either temporarily or permanently, to exercise his functions.

16. A printed table of fees in the vernacular of the district shall be suspended in some conspicuous place in every Mahomedan Registrar's office.

17. The fees received by a Mahomedan Registrar under sections 9 and 16 of the Act, and rules 21 and 50, may be retained by him as his lawful remuneration, provided that he duly pays for the registers and other articles supplied to him under rule 14. All fees received by a District Registrar shall be credited to Government in the same way as fees realized under the Indian Registration Act.

18. When the attendance of a Mahomedan Registrar is required at the celebration of a marriage, the party requiring his attendance may make a written application to the Mahomedan Registrar, specifying the place and time of the marriage, and that officer may attend, provided the prescribed fees and expenses have been paid.

19. It shall be lawful for a Mahomedan Registrar to travel on circuit within his jurisdiction for the purpose of attending at the celebration of marriages, provided that at least 15 days before the beginning of each month he affix at his office a public notice specifying the dates on which he will be at the several places which he proposes to visit, and on a written application made by any resident of such place, not less than one week before the date so fixed, he shall be bound to attend at the house of such resident at the time fixed for the celebration of the marriage.

20. Priority of application shall in all cases determine the order in which the Mahomedan Registrar shall be bound to attend such marriages in case any question of precedence arise.

21. The following fees are prescribed for the attendance of a Mahomedan Registrar attending at the celebration of a marriage:—

- (1) For attending a marriage under rule 18 at a place and time fixed by the parties, Rs. 10, plus travelling expenses at the rate of four annas a mile.
- (2) For attending the celebration of a marriage under rule 19 at a place and time fixed by the Registrar himself, Rs. 2. In such cases no travelling expenses will be charged.

22. The fees, together with the travelling allowance, must be deposited by the applicant at the time of applying for the attendance of the Mahomedan Registrar.

23. When a Mahomedan Registrar is present at the celebration of a marriage, he shall make an entry of the fact in the Register of Marriages (A), and a copy of such entry shall be included in the copies to be made under sections 12, 15, and 22 of the Act.

24. If all the persons who, by section 11 of the Act, are required to sign the entry of the marriage or divorce in the proper register are not present, registration shall be deferred until they are all present; provided that no marriage or divorce for registration of which application has been made within one month as required by section 9, shall be registered after the expiration of three months from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected.

25. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself whether or not a marriage was effected by the persons by whom it is represented to have been effected in the following manner:—

- (1) by examining the parties to the marriage or, if either or both of them are minors, their lawful guardians. If the woman be a *purdah-nishin*, her duly authorized vakil shall be examined, instead of the woman;
- (2) by examining the two witnesses who were present at the marriage.

26. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself whether or not a divorce, other than the kind known as *khula*, was effected by the man by whom it is represented to have been effected by examining that man; and if he be of the Sheah sect, by also examining the two witnesses to the divorce being effected.

27. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself that a divorce of the kind known as *khula* was effected by the persons by whom it was represented to have been effected in the following manner:—

- (1) by examining the parties to the *khula*, provided that if the woman be a *purdah-nishin*, her duly constituted vakil shall be examined instead of the woman;
- (2) if the man be of the Sheah sect, by also examining the two witnesses to the divorce being effected.

28. The Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself of the identity of persons appearing before him as witnesses of a marriage or divorce, unless they are otherwise personally known to him, by examining at least one witness to the identity of each person so appearing.

29. In the case of any person appearing as the representative of the man or woman (whether he appears as guardian or vakil), the Mahomedan Registrar shall satisfy himself of the right of such person to appear by examining such person. If a vakil so appear, the Mahomedan Registrar shall further examine witnesses to the fact of the vakil having been duly authorized to appear.

30. When the entry of the marriage or divorce has been made in the proper register, it shall be read over by the Mahomedan Registrar to the persons who, by section 11, are required to sign such entry. If they admit its correctness, the entry shall then be signed by them.

31. When a person who cannot write signs his name by means of a mark, his name shall be recorded at length, and the writer shall also sign his name in attestation that the mark was affixed in his presence.

32. If a Mahomedan Registrar discovers any error in the form or substance of any entry of a marriage or divorce made by him, he may within one month next after the discovery of such error, in the presence of the persons married, or, in case of their death or absence, in the presence of two other credible witnesses, correct the error by entry in the margin, without any alteration of the original entry, and shall sign the marginal entry and add

thereto the date of such correction, and he shall also make the like marginal entry in the copies thereof.

And every entry made under this section shall be attested by the witnesses in whose presence it was made.

And, in case a copy has been already sent to the Registrar, such person shall make and send another copy thereof, containing both the original erroneous entry and the marginal correction therein made.

33. No erasures shall be made with a knife in any register book or record, but mistakes shall be corrected, when necessary, with the pen, and shall be invariably attested by the registering officer. Corrections are not to be obliterated or blotted out, so as to be illegible; but a line is to be drawn through erroneous words with the pen, so that they may remain legible.

34. The circumstances under which registration of a marriage or divorce should be refused are as follows:—

- (1.) If the marriage or divorce was not effected within the jurisdiction of the Marriage Registrar to whom application for registration is made.
- (2.) If the application is not made by the persons specified in section 8 of the Act.
- (3.) If application has been made after the expiry of one month from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected.
- (4.) If all the persons required by section 11 to sign the entry in the proper register fail to appear within the time limited for such appearance by the Mahomedan Registrar under rule 26.
- (5.) If the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself that the marriage or divorce was effected by the person or persons by whom it is represented to have been effected.
- (6.) If the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself as to the identity of the persons appearing before him and alleging that the marriage has been effected.
- (7.) In the case of any person appearing as the representative of the man or woman (whether he appear as guardian or as vakil), if the Mahomedan Registrar fail to satisfy himself of the right of such person to appear.
- (8.) If one of the parties applying for registration of marriage, or if the man applying for the divorce, appear to be of unsound mind.

35. In cases 2 and 8 the order of refusal shall ordinarily be deferred till one month has elapsed from the date on which the marriage or divorce was effected; but if the parties declare their inability to comply with the requirements of the law, or for any other reason wish that registration should at once be refused, this may be done.

back of the application. If the register from which an extract is required has been transferred to the District Registrar or other person under section 23, the application, together with the prescribed fee, shall be forwarded by the Mahomedan Registrar to such District Registrar or other person at the expense of the applicant.

49. A call for information from any court shall, if it necessitates search in the registers, be accompanied by the necessary fee for search. Officers of Government shall be permitted to

inspect the registers without fee; but if the production of a register in any court is required, it shall be produced by the Mahomedan Registrar or other officer whom the District Registrar may depute for the purpose, who will be entitled to claim payment of his expenses like any other witness.

50. Besides the fees leviable under section 16 of the Act, a fee of eight annas may be charged for extracts and copies of orders and records not otherwise provided for in the law.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th April 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Campbell Medical School and Hospital at Sealdah, Dihi Punchanogram, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring 58 beeghas, more or less, bounded on the north by the Sealdah Small Cause Court premises and the Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway lands; on the east by the same railway lands; on the south by the Municipal Railway and holdings Nos. 19, 21, 22 (34 and 38A), the property respectively of Brojo Nath Kundu, Brindubassini Dassi, Debnaran Chatterjee, and Government, the Muchipara Lane, and holding No. 49, the property of Diljan Ostagur; and on the west by holdings Nos. 33 and 49, the property respectively of Shaikh Abdul Sovan and Diljan Ostagur, and the Lower Circular Road, is required in Sub-division XIX, Division III, Khas Mehal Punchanogram.

2 This declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected at the Office of the Collector of 24-Pergunnahs at Alipore.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th March 1876.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a public latrine, it is hereby declared that the following plot of land, measuring 3,844 square feet, more or less, at Inamgunge, in the town of Dacca, is required.

The plot is bounded on the north by the land belonging to Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; south by the pucca wall of Dil Mahomed Bepari and the land of Juggo Nath Baboo, Fazlu Miah, and Parbati Chund; east by the land of Dil Mahomed Bepari and part of the land of the above parties; and west by the road.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 6th April 1876.

No. 110.—*Postings*—Sub-Conductor W. Cummings, Supervisor, First Grade, is posted to the Bhagulpore Division.

No. 111.—*Notification*.—The transfer of Baboo Mohendro Nath Banerjee, Supervisor, First Grade, from the Bhagulpore to the Third Calcutta Division, is cancelled.

No. 112.—*Transfers*.—Baboo Hemchunder Biswas, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, from the Third Calcutta to the Chittagong Division.

No. 113.—Sub-Conductor W. Cummings, Supervisor, First Grade, from the Bhagulpore to the Third Calcutta Division.

The 10th April 1876.

No. 114.—Notification.—Colonel C. T. Stewart, R.E., Superintending Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, resumed charge of the North-Western Circle on the 1st April 1876, after noon.

No. 115.—Appointment.—Mr. G. A. D. Anley, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, Officiating Superintending Engineer, North-Western Circle, to officiate as Assistant to the Chief Engineer and Assistant Secretary in this Department.

2nd.—Mr. Anley joined the above appointment on the 7th April 1876, before noon.

No. 116.—Notification.—The services of Baboo Ramnath Bhattacharjee, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Raichee Division, are, with the sanction of the Government of India, Public Works Department, placed at the disposal of the Road Cess Committee of the Manbhoom District, under the conditions prescribed in the Public Works Code, Chapter I iv. 5. 1 and Civil Pension Code Chapter VI 29. 3 and VII. 35.

No. 117.—Leave of Absence.—Baboo Hurry Mohun Roy, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Backergunge Division, for three months on medical certificate, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code in addition to that already granted* to him.

No. 118.—Corrigendum.—In Notification No. 89, dated 16th March 1876, opposite the name of Mr. E. W. H. Staples, for "17th" January 1876, read "22nd" January 1876, after noon.

No. 119.—Promotions.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following temporary and permanent promotions in the Provincial Engineer and Upper Subordinate establishment in Bengal:—

ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT.

*(Temporary.)**From Executive Engineer, Second, to First Grade.*

Mr. J. A. Windle, Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canals Division, with effect from the 25th February 1876.

From Executive Engineer, Third, to Second Grade.

Captain G. F. E. S. Neill, M.S.C., Officiating Assistant Secretary in this Department, with effect from the 25th February 1876.

From Executive Engineer, Fourth, to Third Grade.

Mr. W. H. Nightingale, Officiating Executive Engineer, Burdwan Division, with effect from the 25th February 1876.

From Assistant Engineer, First Grade, to Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade.

Mr. E. J. Mcara, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Orissa Division, with effect from the 1st February 1876.

From Assistant Engineer, Second, to First Grade.

Mr. C. A. Mills, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Darjeeling Division, with effect from the 26th January 1876.

Baboo Poorno Chunder Sircar, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Orissa Division, with effect from the 25th February 1876.

UPPER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.

*(Temporary.)**From Supervisor, Second, to First Grade.*

Baboo Nobogopaul Dutt, Supervisor, Second Grade, Presidency Division, with effect from the 28th August 1875.

From Overseer, First Grade, to Supervisor, Second Grade.

Baboo Satcourie Chatterjee, Overseer, First Grade, Circular and Eastern Canals Division, with effect from the 13th May 1875.

Baboo Benode Chand Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, Burdwan Division, with effect from the 28th August 1875.

Baboo Hemchunder Chatterjee, Overseer, First Grade, Rajshahye Division, with effect from the 7th December 1875.

Mr. G. Adams, Overseer, First Grade, Aera Division, with effect from the 12th December 1875.

Baboo Bhuggobutty Churn Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, Chittagong Division, with effect from the 1st January 1876.

Baboo Gunnesam Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, Darjeeling Division, with effect from the 16th January 1876.

Mr. L. T. Deesholts, Overseer, First Grade, Burdwan Division, with effect from the 22nd January 1876.

Serjeant J. Young, Overseer, First Grade, Darjeeling Division, with effect from the 16th March 1876.

(Permanent.)

From Supervisor, Second, to First Grade.

Baboo Poran Chunder Sen, Supervisor, Second Grade, Patna Division, with effect from the 16th January 1876.

From Overseer, First Grade, to Supervisor, Second Grade.

Baboo Satcourie Chatterjee, Overseer, First Grade, Circular and Eastern Canals Division, with effect from the 16th January 1876.

No. 120.—Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Govt. of India—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road to Goalundo new railway line from the thana road, Goalundo, in the villages of Khurd Govinda and Chur Pallundo, Pergunnah Kasimnagar, Zillah Furreedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 22 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the Goalundo Khas Mehal; south by the new railway line; on the east by lands in the occupation of Ram Charan Poramanie, Hriday Poramanie, Raj Chandra Mistri, Baul Chandra Loho, Guffur Serang, Gour Mohun Nait, and Keramat Fakir; and on the west by lands occupied by Jamir Snakh and others, and by part of the Kata Khal land, is required within the aforesaid villages of Khurd Govinda and Chur Pallundo.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Col., R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 10th April 1876.

No. 133.—Notification.—Baboo Sushu Bhoosun Ghose, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, Hidgellee Division, returned to duty from the privilege leave granted in the orders marginally noted on the forenoon of the 20th March 1876.

No. 134.—Transfers.—Sergeant C. Montague, Overseer, First Grade, from the Eastern Sone to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 22nd January 1876.

No. 135.—Baboo Sushu Bhoosun Ghose, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, from the Hidgellee to the Balasore Survey Division.

No. 136.—Leave.—Mr. R. B. Claudius, Overseer, First Grade, on special survey duty in the South-Western Circle, is granted privilege leave from the 13th to the 22nd March 1876, both days inclusive, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 137.—In modification of the orders marginally noted, Mr. H. C. Levinge, Superintending Engineer, First Grade, is granted furlough for two years, under Section 10 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 77, dated 17th February 1876.

No. 138.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a retired line of embankment in the village of Shalalpoore, Pergunnah Haveli, Zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 17 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by lakhiraj land belonging to Khetter Mittra and māl land of Sriram Ghosh and others; south by lakhiraj land of Jadu Mondle and boundary of Monzah Raimundunpore; east by brahmotra land of Sriram Chuckerbutty and māl land of Tara Chand Mondle; and west by Government embankment, is required within the aforesaid village of Shalalpoore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3134, dated 10th April 1876.—Mr. A. P. MacDonnell, c.s., made over charge of the Durbhunga Jail in the forenoon of the 1st April 1876 to Surgeon J. MacDonnell.

2. Surgeon A. Scott Reid made over charge of the Chittagong Jail in the forenoon of the 1st April 1876 to Surgeon R. D. Murray.

3. Surgeon W. Harvey made over charge of the Beerbhoom Jail in the forenoon of the 1st April 1876 to Mr. A. Fitzgibbon.

S. S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, L.P.

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1875, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th May 1876 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th May 1876, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th May 1876.

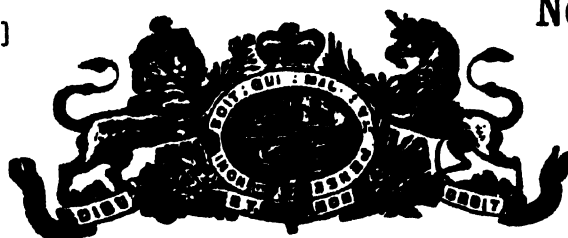
4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.		Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about	Wednesday, 7th June 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Wednesday, 5th July 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Thursday, 3rd August 1876 ...	2,235	1,685	3,920
Ditto	Wednesday, 6th September 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Friday, 6th October 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Thursday, 2nd November 1876 ..	2,230	1,680	3,910
Ditto	Friday, 1st December 1876 ...	2,230	1,680	3,910
Total ...		15,625	11,775	27,400

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 28th March 1876.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 1st April 1876.

Present:

The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General, presiding.*
 The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
 The Hon'ble SIR STUART HOGG, KT.,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble T. W. BROOKES,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 and
 The Hon'ble MOULVY MEER MAHOMED ALI.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the Council proceeded to the further consideration of the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, since the last meeting of the Council the Chairman of the Justices had suggested to him the propriety of inserting in the Bill certain sections taken from the Calcutta Municipal Bill to provide for the more efficient registration of deaths. It was considered that these sections would be found useful in such municipalities as the suburbs of Calcutta, Howrah, Dacca, Patna, and Moorshedabad, and they would be made applicable only to such municipalities as required their introduction. He therefore moved the insertion of the following sections after section 279 :—

“279a.—The Lieutenant-Governor may require the Commissioners of any municipality to appoint and maintain at each burning ghât and native burial-ground a sub-registrar for the registration of all corpses brought to such burning ghât or burial-ground for cremation or interment.

279b.—Whenever a sub-registrar shall have been appointed for any burning ghât or burial-ground under the last preceding section, information of the particulars required by section 8 of the said Bengal Act IV of 1873 to be known and registered may be given in respect of the death of any person whose body is brought to such burning ghât or burial-ground for cremation or interment to such sub-registrar, and information so given shall be deemed to be information given to the registrar of the district as required by the said section.

279c.—Whenever a death shall occur in any hospital within the limits of any municipality in respect of which the Lieutenant-Governor has directed that all deaths shall be registered under the said Bengal Act IV of 1873, it shall be the duty of the medical officer in charge of such hospital forthwith to send a notice in writing of the occurrence of such death to the Commissioners in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe; and in such case no other person shall be required to give information of such death to a registrar or sub-registrar under this Act.

279d.—Within the limits of any municipality in respect of which the Lieutenant-Governor has directed that all deaths shall be registered under the said Bengal Act IV of 1873, it shall not be lawful for any sexton, keeper of a cemetery, burial-ground, or burning ghât to bury, burn, or allow to be buried or burnt any corpse, unless the said corpse is accompanied by a certificate of the death in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, and signed by the registrar of the district, or by the sub-registrar appointed under section 279b, or by a medical officer.

279e.—Whoever buries, burns, or allows to be buried or burnt a corpse without the certificate mentioned in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.”

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he entirely concurred with the hon'ble mover as to the necessity of making arrangements for the registration of deaths in first class municipalities. These sections appeared to be copied from the Calcutta Bill, but he thought sections (d) and (e) might well be omitted without in any way impairing the efficiency of arrangements for registration. Section (d) required that no corpse should be buried or burnt without a certificate, and section (e) prescribed the penalty for not complying with that provision. It was well known that in the mofussil the persons likely to be employed as registrars would be persons generally on small pay, and he was afraid that this power might be converted into a source of extortion. Sections (d) and (e) were in his opinion not absolutely necessary, and he would therefore suggest their omission. The state of things in Calcutta was different. Here people were well able to protect themselves, and public opinion was also strong. He could not too strongly urge that those two sections were superfluous so far as the mofussil was concerned, and might be converted into an engine of extortion.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG observed that he was unable to follow the argument of the hon'ble member. He was unable to see why the requiring of a certificate should in any way facilitate the exaction of illegal fees from the friends of the deceased. There must be always at each burning ghât a person to look after it, and he did not see why the mere fact of a corpse being accompanied by a certificate should in any way facilitate extortion.

The HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE concurred with the hon'ble mover of the amendment that to require a certificate would not only be a hardship upon the poor, but lead to extortion. In the interior of the mofussil there were no burning ghâts in the sense in which the term was known; it was only where the Ganges ran that burning ghâts existed. To require a certificate would be a great hardship, because in the mofussil very few people were in a position to call in the aid of a medical man professionally, and when they did do so, the medical man generally left before death ensued. He therefore thought that these sections (d) and (e) would not only act as a hardship,

but would be an instrument in the hands of registrars and others of extortion upon the poor.

The HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN instanced the burning ghâts at Chogdah, Santipore, and Dacca, and in order to meet the objection raised as to abuse of authority, he would suggest the addition of a penal section to the effect that any sub-registrar who received any gratification or fee, or who failed to register a death, should be fined.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said the gist of his objection had not been fully understood by the hon'ble member on his right (Sir Stuart Hogg). It was true that these sections would not be absolutely extended to all municipalities, but only to those which were so far advanced as to admit of the registration of deaths. But what he wished to impress upon the Council was that the persons likely to be appointed sub-registrars would generally be appointed upon small pay, and might convert their power into a source of extortion; they might charge persons with suspicious deaths, and so forth, and thus put people to no end of annoyance at a time when their feelings ought to be scrupulously respected. This was most likely to happen, knowing as we did that in the mofussil little men dressed in brief authority were but too apt to turn their authority into a source of gain. He thought the legislature ought to hesitate before they multiplied opportunities for gain for such persons.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER observed that after what had been said it appeared to him that the two sections which had been objected to would be so excessively unpopular that he would consent to withdraw them.

The HON'BLE SIR STUART HOGG said that he was entirely opposed to the withdrawal of these sections. It was well known that people were opposed to the registration of deaths, and it seemed to him very necessary that some steps should be taken to compel them to do so; they might either go to the sub-registrar for registering deaths, or the deaths might be registered at the spot where the corpse was to be interred or burnt, and he would make it incumbent on municipalities to keep up these sub-registrars. Surely it was not too much to ask the friends of a deceased person to go to the sub-registrar to register the death, and obtain a certificate that the registration had been duly effected; they could then produce the certificate, show it to the officer in charge of the burial-ground or burning ghât, and bury or burn the corpse as the case might be. He thought that no hardship was likely to arise from passing these sections, and he was therefore entirely opposed to their being omitted. The same law existed in Calcutta, and as the matter was very important, he thought the law in the suburbs should be the same: it was not proposed to extend these sections throughout Bengal, but only to such places as the Lieutenant-Governor might think fit.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said there was already a general law for the registration of births and deaths applicable to the whole of Bengal—Act IV of 1873 of this Council. All that he gathered from the hon'ble mover was that certain facilities should be given in some of the mofussil municipalities for the registration of deaths: these would consist in the employment of sub-registrars at burial-grounds and burning ghâts. He did not know whether there were many first class municipalities which were in a position to employ sub-registrars at different places, for if sub-registrars were appointed at the rate of even ten rupees a month, the establishment would swallow up some five hundred rupees, which few first class municipalities could afford to pay. He therefore thought it would not be desirable to introduce these sections, except in the most wealthy municipalities. But wherever Act IV of 1873 might be in force, it appeared to him that it was not necessary to impose additional obligations, such as the production of a certificate, on persons who might carry a corpse to be buried or burnt. The inconvenience, annoyance, and harassment which might be caused by the sub-registrars in regard to the granting of certificates had been acknowledged by the hon'ble mover of the Bill, and he hoped therefore that sections (d) and (e) would be omitted.

After some further conversation sections 279d and 279e were withdrawn, and 279a, 279b, and 279c were agreed to, with the addition to section 279b of the words—"Section 9 of Bengal Act IV of 1873 shall be applicable to every sub-registrar appointed under this Act."

PARTITION OF ESTATES.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the Bill to make better provision for the partition of estates was further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

Section 48 provided that the civil court might order the parties to pay expenses incurred in dividing an estate.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following words were added to the section:—

“and the Collector shall levy the expenses and fees from the parties in the proportion ordered by the civil court in the same manner and by the same means as if the levy of such expenses and fees had been ordered by the Collector.”

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following sections were substituted for section 113: and sections 112, 113, 113*a*, and 113*b* were transposed so as to come immediately after section 94:—

“113.—When the aggregate of two or more shares equals one other share, or equals the aggregate of two or more other shares, the Deputy Collector, with the sanction of the Collector, may cause such aggregate shares to be treated as one share for the purpose of determining by lots as aforesaid which portion of the parent estate shall be assigned to each proprietor as his separate estate;

“and may decide which shares shall be formed into one aggregate share for the purpose of causing such lots to be drawn;

“and may cause lots to be drawn in like manner as often as he shall think proper for such purpose.

“And after lots shall have been drawn once (or more than once if necessary) as aforesaid, the Deputy Collector shall proceed to divide the portion of the parent estate which has fallen by lot to each aggregate share among the proprietors of the different shares which were formed into such aggregate share for the purpose of drawing lots, and shall assign to every such proprietor his separate estate within such portion in such position as the Deputy Collector may think proper.

“Provided that lots shall in no case be drawn until after full opportunity shall have been given to the proprietors to advance their objections in respect of the papers accepted as the basis of the partition and of the assets of the different lands as stated in such papers, and until such objections which may have been made shall have been disposed of.

Section 113a.—The Deputy Collector may, by a notice served as prescribed in section 131, require any proprietor in respect of whose share lots are to be drawn as provided in either of the two last preceding sections, to attend at the office of the Deputy Collector in person or by authorized agent at a time to be fixed by the Deputy Collector for the purpose of drawing lots;

“and may similarly require the proprietors of any shares which he may have ordered to be formed into an aggregate share for the purpose of drawing lots, jointly to appoint an agent duly authorized to draw lots on their joint behalf; and if at the time fixed for drawing such lots such proprietors have failed to agree to any such joint appointment, and shall fail to cause the attendance of an agent so authorized to act jointly for all such proprietors, all such proprietors shall be deemed to have failed to comply with the Collector's requisition.

“113*b*.—Whenever any proprietor or proprietors shall have failed to comply with a requisition of the Deputy Collector as made under the last preceding section, the Deputy Collector may appoint a person to draw lots on behalf of such proprietor, or on the joint behalf of such proprietors who shall have so failed.”

ON the motion of the HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER the following clause was introduced after clause (d) of section 138:—

“(d1) fixing under section 87 the limits of land, or the rents to be paid for land.”

And the following clause was introduced after clause (f) of section 139:—

“(f1) fixing under section 87 the limits of land, or the rent to be paid for land.”

THE HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN moved the introduction of the following section after section 145:—

“*Section 145a.*—The provisions of this Act may also, so far as they are applicable, be applied under orders of the Board or of a court of competent jurisdiction, to the partition of any landed property comprised in any tenure or holding of a permanent and transferable nature held directly under Government and subject to the payment of a fixed amount of rent.

“Provided that if the result of such partition would be to form separate holdings, whereby the area of each is reduced below five kátas, no application for such partition shall be entertained until all the holders thereof agree to redeem the amount of Government revenue for which each separate holding would be liable, by the payment of such sum as the Lieutenant-Governor may fix with reference to the circumstances of the Government estate within which the tenure or holding is situated.”

After some conversation it was agreed that section 145 of the Bill should be omitted, and the Hon'ble Baboo Ramshunker Sen's motion was by leave withdrawn.

Section 104 provided as follows:—

“Wherever the Deputy Collector shall find in the parent estate lands which are actually held rent-free (whether the proprietors of the estate do or do not claim a right to receive rent from such lands), the Deputy Collector shall make a division or assignment of such lands among the separate estates, but shall specify in the partition papers and proceedings that such lands are left appertaining jointly to all the separate estates which are formed out of the parent estate, in the proportion which each separate estate bears to the parent estate.”

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the substitution of the word “a” for “no” before the words “division or assignment;” and the omission of all the words from the words “but shall specify” to the end of the section.

After some conversation the motion was put and negatived.

REGISTRATION OF ESTATES.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the further Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the registration of revenue-paying estates and revenue-free lands, which was presented to the Council at the last meeting, be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill. He said the Committee had consulted several officers, most of whom were strongly of opinion that the Collector, instead of the civil court, should be allowed to decide questions of disputed succession. The Committee had therefore provided that the Collector might either himself decide the question of right to possession after summary inquiry, or might refer the question for summary decision by the civil court, if he considered that the dispute might more properly be so determined. If he found that only vexatious or frivolous objections were taken, he would probably decide the question himself. But if the right to succession depended upon an intricate title, the Collector would no doubt refer the question for the decision of the civil court.

Then the Bill provided that a proprietor who did not apply for registration within the time prescribed should be punished. Now, by section 65, which was an expediency section, the Committee had provided that although the proprietor incurred the penalty by not applying within the prescribed time, the penalty should not be enforced if he came in of his own motion even after the prescribed time, but before the Collector began to take action against him to enforce registration. That would hold out an inducement to proprietors to come in for registration even after the time fixed.

Then the Committee had introduced a new Part V, which made some amendments in the provisions of Act XI of 1859, as to the opening of separate accounts of land revenue for shares of estates. These amendments were made to meet a difficulty which had suggested itself in connection with the Bill for the partition of estates. Under the registration sections of Act XI of 1859, a person holding a share of an estate might require a separate account of his share to be kept, and if the estate fell into arrears, his share would not be liable to sale unless the sale of the other shares failed to cover the amount of such arrears. But when once a separate account had been opened there was no provision for ever closing it. If four shareholders, each of a four-annas share in an estate, all applied for the opening of separate accounts, the accounts would be opened for each; but if subsequently these shares became broken up and re-amalgamated, so that the estate consisted, say, of one nine-annas and one seven-annas share, the separate accounts for the four four-annas shares must remain on the register, although this distribution no longer represented the existing distribution of the proprietors' interest.

As Act XI of 1859 stood, there was no power to close such an account when once opened. The Committee had therefore provided how an account might be closed and new accounts might be opened to represent a re-arranged distribution of the interests in an estate.

Then, in section 71, the Committee had taken the opportunity of legalizing a practice which had been followed by Collectors under Act XI of 1859, but which was not authorized by that law, and which might lead to legal difficulties. Under section 10 of Act XI of 1859, a proprietor who was a joint-sharer in

common tenancy over the whole estate might have a separate account opened, and under section 11 a proprietor who was the entire owner of specific lands might have an account opened. But a man who was neither the owner of a fractional undivided share over the whole estate, nor the entire owner of specific lands of any part of an estate, but who was the owner of an undivided fractional share only in certain specific lands, (and not extending over the whole estate,) could not have a separate account opened under Act XI of 1859. Section 71 of this Bill made provision for opening separate accounts in respect of such composite interests.

Then, in sections 73-75 the Committee had provided that the Collector should furnish an extract from the register showing how the registered interests stood on any particular date, and that whenever any change was made in the registers in the names of the proprietors or managers of an estate, or in the extent of their interest, the Collector should give the greatest publicity to such change throughout the estate. The object of these provisions was in connection with sections 76 and 77, which were very important sections. They gave indemnity to a person who paid rent to a joint proprietor holding in common tenancy in proportion to the extent of interest in respect of which such proprietor was registered, and relieved the tenant from liability to pay rent to any proprietor in excess of such proportion; and as a necessary adjunct to the above, the Committee had re-introduced the provision that no person should be bound to pay rent to a proprietor who was required to cause his name to be registered under the Act, unless his name should have been so registered, or unless his application for registration was pending. When the Bill was originally referred to the Select Committee, there was a section in it that no person should be bound to pay rent to any proprietor who was not registered; the object then was to apply an additional impetus to induce proprietors to register. The Select Committee had, when they first reported the Bill to Council, omitted that provision as unnecessary. But they had now re-introduced it with quite a different object. It was now introduced as a complement to the section which gave the tenant indemnity for payments made in accordance with registered interests. If the Council retained this provision in the Bill, the other provision relieving the tenant from the obligation to pay to an unregistered proprietor was an unavoidable adjunct to it.

The Committee had provided that whenever any sum of money should be payable by the Collector to the proprietors of any estate or revenue-free property jointly, he might pay to any one or more registered proprietors thereof such portion of the sum payable as was in proportion to the extent of their registered interests, and the Bill gave the Collector an indemnity for payments so made, as in the case of tenants paying rent.

The Committee had also saved the conditions of written contracts, and had provided that the time required for obtaining copies of the orders complained against should be deducted in computing the time allowed for appeals under the Act.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved the insertion of the following words at the end of section 1:—

"Provided that such clauses of this Act as require the registration of the extent of interest possessed by any proprietor shall not come into force in any district until they shall have been specially extended thereto by an order of the Lieutenant-Governor published in the *Calcutta Gazette*."

He said, when this measure came before the Council on the 12th February last, the Bill had been but a very short time, he thought only a few hours, in his hands, and he had therefore then deferred any remarks he might have to offer upon the changes which had been made in the Bill during its passage through the Select Committee. He had wished to have further time for the consideration of those changes, and also to hear what might be said by the hon'ble mover in favor of them. Amongst the most important of these changes, as it seemed to him, was the introduction of a provision for the registration of the extent of interest of the proprietors of estates.

He need not remind the Council that this provision formed no part of the Bill as originally introduced and as referred to the Select Committee. It was altogether foreign to the scope and purpose of the Bill, and no mention of

it was to be found in the Statement of objects and reasons drawn up by the hon'ble mover: in fact, he believed he was correct in saying that the hon'ble mover himself had originally been opposed to the introduction of these clauses into the Bill. They had been introduced into the Bill during its passage through Select Committee on the recommendation (he believed) of the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal), and had been since adopted and supported by the hon'ble mover.

Mr. REYNOLDS was quite aware of the great importance and weight which must attach to the opinion of those members of the Select Committee who had signed the report, and he was also aware that the great majority of mofussil officers who had been consulted were in favor of these clauses. But it appeared to him, on the best consideration that he had been able to give to the subject, that these provisions were likely to do more harm than good; that the clauses for the registration of the extent of a proprietor's interest had better have been omitted; and that, if they were to be introduced, they ought to be introduced cautiously and gradually.

He must say at once that some of the objections made to these clauses appeared to him to be of no importance or weight at all. For instance, it had been objected that the effect of them would be to flood the revenue officers with work. He thought there was no force in this objection. District officers were put where they were in order that they might be flooded with work, and if it was for the public interests that the work should be done, the more district officers were flooded with it the better. In that case it was simply the province of the Executive Government to increase the number of officers so as to enable them to keep pace with the work. His objection to these clauses was not that they would give revenue officers too much to do, but that they would employ them on work that had better not be done at all.

He wished to say a few words upon an argument which had been adduced in support of these clauses, and on which considerable stress had been laid by the hon'ble member opposite. It had been said that they would operate as a valuable protection to the ryot, by enabling him to know the extent of his landlord's share, and consequently the proportion of rent which he might justly be called upon to pay. A zemindar, it was urged, who was registered as the owner of a four annas share would be able to screw six annas of the rent out of the ryots; and, in fact, the Bill as it now stood relieved the ryot from liability to pay rent in excess of the registered share of the landlord. But this idea of protection seemed to Mr. REYNOLDS to be delusive. The ryot would not in one case out of a hundred know anything about the entries in the register; and, secondly, the great majority of ryots did not pay their rents to zemindars, but to intermediate tenure-holders or farmers. A register of zemindars' titles was a matter in which the ryot had very little interest.

This, however, was a merely negative objection; it might show that these clauses would not produce some of the benefits which were expected from them, but it would not show that they would do any real harm. Coming now to what he considered to be the real objections to these clauses, he would remark that the question was really *res judicata*. The memorandum which Sir Barnes Peacock had recorded in 1852 regarding the Bill of that year applied in all its breadth and strength to these clauses of the measure now before the Council. He should only weaken the argument of that eminent jurist if he attempted to lay it before them in any other language than the author's own. Sir Barnes Peacock wrote as follows:—

“If it is intended that any reliance shall be placed on the register by persons about to purchase land or to lend money upon the security thereof, I think it will be worse than useless, as it will frequently record persons to be the owners of rights which do not belong to them, and may thus be made an instrument of fraud.”

Sir Barnes Peacock then went on to argue very clearly and forcibly on the impossibility of entrusting the Collector with the power of adjudicating on the question of right, and the uselessness of allowing him merely to determine possession without reference to title, and he finally summed up the case thus:—

“Should the Most Noble the Governor-General and my hon'ble colleagues concur with me in the view I have taken of the proposed Act, I think the Sudder Board had better be

informed thereof, and probably it would be advisable to call their attention to the above remarks, and request them to inform the Government in what respect they consider that such a register as that which would be produced by the proposed Act, affording no correct information as to the rights of parties, nor even as to the lawfulness of their possession, and affording no conclusive evidence even in a summary suit, could be of any real benefit for fiscal, judicial, or police purposes."

MR. REYNOLDS was quite aware that he would be told that these criticisms were not applicable to the present Bill. It would be said that the Bill of 1852 was too ambitious in its aims. Its avowed intention was to enhance the value of landed property, to facilitate the raising of money on loans and mortgages, and to diminish litigation in respect of landed property; whereas the object of this Bill was of a different and far more limited character, and aimed at nothing more than the registration of possessory titles. The answer to that argument seemed to him very simple and easy. They had to look, not to the object which the legislature might avow, but to the character of the legislation itself. He had compared the Bill of 1852 with the Bill of 1876, and, so far as these clauses of the Bill were concerned, the only practical difference he found was that the summary investigation into the question of possession which under the former Bill was to be made by the Collector, under the present Bill was to be made sometimes by the Collector and sometimes by the Civil Court. That was the whole difference between the two Bills as far as these clauses were concerned; and that being so, it seemed to him to be of little use to say that the objects of the former Bill were distinctly repudiated, when the same measures to effect them were introduced now as were proposed then. This seemed to him to be keeping the word of promise to the ear and breaking it to the hope.

He thought it would be admitted that if it could be shown that the results which Sir Barnes Peacock anticipated from the legislation of 1852 would follow from the present Bill, the consequences would be much to be deplored. It so happened that the Council were not without the means of judging how the Bill would be regarded in the mofussil, as this could be ascertained from a perusal of the opinions of the officers who had been consulted. Mr. Buckland, the Commissioner of Burdwan, in discussing the question whether the litigants ought to be called upon to bear the cost of the enquiry, wrote as follows:—

"It seems to me that the increased value given to land by the establishment of a clear record of title is amply sufficient to justify the compulsory registration of the extent of the interest of each proprietor at the cost of the disputants."

But Mr. Harrison, Collector of Midnapore, went a good deal further than this. He said:—

"The great advantage, it appears to me, of the registration of shares is the enhanced value of the property thus registered. At present estates sold for arrears of revenue fetch many times the value of estates sold for debt in the civil court, solely because the title is thereby secured. Registration of shares will not entirely remove defects of title, but it will go far to do so, and thereby enhance the value of landed property in the Lower Provinces by perhaps Rs. 100,000,000 (2½ times the present land revenue). To achieve such a result is worth some expenditure of time and trouble."

If the Council were to accept that very extravagant estimate—if they were to believe that the landholders of Bengal would be under the delusion that by registering their names and the extent of their interest under this Bill they would increase the value of their property to the amount of a hundred millions of rupees, it would be hardly too much to say that in passing these clauses of the Bill as they stood this Council would be issuing notes to the value of a hundred millions of rupees, and that those notes would be forgeries.

He need hardly say that he entirely disclaimed the least intention of attributing to the hon'ble mover any desire to create or foster such a delusion as this.

But they had to look to the character of the persons for whom they were legislating. They were legislating not for men of exceptional wisdom and clear-sightedness, but for the average Bengal zemindar, the ordinary proprietor of land in these Lower Provinces. Had the Council any right to assume—had they even the slightest reason to suppose—that this average zemindar would be better able to comprehend the object and effect of these clauses of the Bill than such able and experienced officers as Mr. Buckland and Mr. Harrison? And if they must answer this question in the negative, how could they

be justified in passing a provision, the meaning of which was sure to be misunderstood?

MR. REYNOLDS had spoken of Mr. Harrison's estimate as extravagant, and it appeared to him that it was extravagant in degree and quantity. But he had no doubt that there was some substratum of truth at the bottom of it. He had no doubt that a zemindar who might register his name as owner of a four annas share would believe—and his neighbours, and friends, and enemies, and creditors would believe too—that in some undefined way he had a better right to that share than he had before he registered it. His right, in fact, would be exactly the same as it was before.

MR. REYNOLDS' objections, therefore, to these clauses were three-fold. *First*, that they were foreign to the scope and purpose of the Bill; *secondly*, that they were sure to be misunderstood; *thirdly*, that if they were misunderstood, they could hardly fail to do a great deal of harm. He did not mean to say that such provisions as these would be bad always, and bad everywhere. The time might come when it would be possible to introduce them generally without danger; and even now there might be localities in which they might be introduced at once without any evil consequences. But he thought the Council would incur a very serious responsibility if it sanctioned the extension of these clauses at once to all parts of the country, before the Government had an opportunity of satisfying itself that there would be no misapprehension as to their real object and effect. He therefore hoped the Council would accept the amendment which he had moved.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said, with regard to the first great objection which the hon'ble mover of the amendment had taken, that the nature of these clauses, regarding the registration of shares, was foreign to the scope of the whole Bill, he would reply that he could see no difference between the registration of entire interests and of fractional shares. If there would be a difficulty in ascertaining who was the proprietor of the one, there would equally be a difficulty in ascertaining who were the proprietors of the other. Even under the existing law, fractional shareholders were registered, and the only difference which the Bill would make would be to compel them to declare what the extent of their interests was. The Bill provided for determining the rights of parties where the fact of possession was disputed, and he thought the Council would be stopping far short of the requirements of the country if it only provided means for determining the fact of possession of entire estates and not of fractional shares as well.

The hon'ble member had referred to the Bill which had been condemned by Sir Barnes Peacock, but MR. BELL thought that any hon'ble member who had seen that Bill would agree with him that the whole scope and tenor of that Bill were opposed to the scope and object of the Bill now before the Council. But his principal answer to the arguments against the scheme of the Bill was that the people throughout the country were in favour of it. It was not only the officers of Government, but the zemindars as well were equally in favour of the measure; and such being the case, he thought the Council ought not to reject these sections on the purely theoretical ground that they were opposed to the scope of the Bill. For his own part he could not see how they were opposed to the scope of the Bill; and as both the zemindars and the officers of Government were in favour of the clauses, he thought the Council would be doing wrong to reject them.

Again, his hon'ble friend said that he saw no conceivable use in enforcing the registration of shares, and that, as far as the ryots were concerned, the protection which these sections was supposed to afford was absolutely delusive. Here, again, he could not agree with his hon'ble friend. The present system often led to great injustice being done to the ryot. A case came before him the other day, in which the ryots were paying seventeen annas to the rupee. It happened in this wise. Two shareholders were disputing about an anna share of the property, and each collected from the ryot the rent from this anna share, and the result was that the unfortunate ryots had to pay seventeen instead of sixteen annas to the rupee.

Then there were obvious advantages which would result to the country generally by this registration of shares. He would give one or two instances.

It frequently happened that a joint proprietor not only paid what was due on his own share, but also the amount of arrears of the other shareholders. And the question was, how was he to realize the amount that he had paid in excess of his own share? In many cases it was perfectly impossible to say who were the shareholders, or what was the amount of their respective shares; but if these particulars were unknown, no suit for contribution would lie. A case came before him the other day in which he had advised a joint proprietor to give up the sum he had paid in excess of his own share of the revenue, rather than submit to the harassment and expense of asking the civil court to ascertain and apportion the amount of the respective liability of each particular shareholder of the estate. Now, if this Bill had been passed, all the shareholders would have been registered, and the shareholder who paid more than his share would have had no difficulty in recovering the amount from the other shareholders.

Another difficulty of frequent occurrence in the mofussil arose out of the sale of estates for arrears of revenue. It generally happened after the sale that a certain portion of the sale proceeds remained to be distributed, and this distribution was hardly ever accomplished without a suit in the civil court to determine the respective shares which each proprietor held. But if the provisions of this Bill became law, the Collector would be able to distribute the surplus sale proceeds without seeking the assistance of the civil court.

But his hon'ble friend next objected that if shares were registered the object and effect of registration would be misunderstood. But the Council were not responsible if they were misunderstood. MR. BELL by no means agreed with the distinguished Collector, whose opinion had been referred to, in thinking that the value of landed property throughout the country would be vastly increased by the passing of this Bill. But without attributing to the Bill virtues which it did not possess, he thought it would be a great advantage to the country that there should be some means of knowing who the responsible owners of landed property were. The mere fact of registration would not of course give a man a title. If a man purchased an estate, he would have to look beyond the fact of registration: but the fact of registration would be a guarantee that he had some sort of a title.

If a man could get his name on the register without opposition from his co-sharers, it was *prima facie* proof that he had at any rate some sort of a title, and was in possession. This question of the registration of shares he could assure the Council had been very carefully and very earnestly considered in Select Committee, and as both the officers of Government who had been consulted, and the landed interest as well, were in favour of it, he had given the proposition his unhesitating support in Committee, and he would ask the Council to do so now.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, as the original mover of this section for the registration of shares, he felt bound to say a few words in reply to the hon'ble mover of the amendment. He thought it was hardly consistent to condemn the registration of shares, and at the same time to move an amendment to the effect that the provisions of those sections should be extended at the discretion of the Lieutenant-Governor. If on principle the registration of shares were deemed objectionable, he thought the hon'ble member was inconsistent in holding that the objection would be removed by the exercise of the discretion of the Lieutenant-Governor. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought it would have been more intelligible if the hon'ble member had moved the omission of these sections altogether, instead of saying, as in effect he had said, that the registration would be altogether delusive, but that circumstances might arise when the Lieutenant-Governor might with advantage extend the scheme. So much for the principle on which the amendment was based.

Then the hon'ble member said that although the Collectors in the districts had almost to a man supported these sections, still they could not deny that they would lead to considerable increase of work, which would not be quite desirable. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL admitted that in a matter like this the hon'ble member was a better judge than himself. But when he balanced against the opinion of the hon'ble member the opinions of the district executive officers, *i.e.*, the Collectors and Commissioners, who had

reported on these sections, he must confess that when the majority of these officers did not apprehend much increase of work, but, on the contrary, warmly advocated the introduction of the new system, their opinion was certainly entitled to greater consideration.

The hon'ble member thought that the advantage which would accrue to ryots in the way of protecting their interests would be quite delusive; that although it was laid down in the Bill that no ryot should be bound to pay rent to any proprietor whose name and extent of interest had been registered, or more than the amount indicated by his share, still it was a delusion. It might be a delusion; but no one could say that it would prove a delusion unless it had had a fair trial. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought that when once it had been notified to the ryots that the shares of the different proprietors in an estate were so much, they would take precious good care not to pay more than they were legally liable to pay. In fact, if we turned to the rather voluminous correspondence which had passed between the Government of Bengal and the different district officers about the evils of the separate management of joint estates, one evil which perhaps raised its head far higher than any other evil, he might say, was the uncertainty about the respective shares of different proprietors. It was this uncertainty which led to great abuses—an evil of which the ryots complained so much.

Then the hon'ble member said that even if this advantage could be realized the ryots in most cases did not pay their rent to the zemindars direct, but to farmers, jotedars, and others. But surely in many cases the ryots did pay directly to the zemindars, and if that was not the case, then the evils of the separate management of joint estates would not have been so great as to lead the Government to propose a measure on the subject, of which the hon'ble member himself was well aware. In the majority of estates, he might say, the ryots paid their rent directly to the zemindar, and although sub-infeudation had been extending rapidly, still the direct management of estates by zemindars largely preponderated.

Then the hon'ble member remarked that the Bill would give a fictitious security of title to property. He had in support of his position quoted the opinion of Sir Barnes Peacock, and had also alluded to the Bill which was prepared in 1852. The hon'ble member had himself answered the objection he had raised on the point. He had himself pointed out that there was a great difference between the Bills of 1852 and 1876; that the view which Sir Barnes Peacock took did not apply to the present state of things; that, whatever might be the opinion of the mofussil officers, the Bill did not profess to give additional security of title. When the hon'ble member had so distinctly and satisfactorily answered his own objection, he had left the Council very little to answer on this point. But BABOO KRISTODAS PAL might be permitted to observe, that if the registration of shares should in any degree lead people to attach greater value to it than was contemplated, surely such a result should not be regretted by the Council. The Bill distinctly provided that registration was intended only for the purposes of the Bill, and not for any other purpose, or to enhance the security of title to property. But if the collateral result should be as the hon'ble member had supposed, it should not be a matter of regret, and in that view of the case registration would be preferable to non-registration; for if with the aid of this Bill we could secure a registration of title to property, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought a greater boon could not be conferred. For his own part, he thought that the two Bills going hand in hand, viz. the Partition and the Registration Bill, would certainly cause considerable improvement in the record of rights in land, and if the Council accepted these provisions, they would confer a signal benefit upon the people.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, the hon'ble member who moved the amendment said that the registration of interests was not a portion of the scheme of the Bill as originally introduced; that it was not mentioned in the Statement of objects and reasons. That was the case. But the hon'ble member would find that when Mr. DAMPIER asked leave to introduce the Bill, he expressly stated that leave was not asked to make the registration of shares a part of the scheme, because it was considered impracticable to work such registration. That was certainly his own impression at the

time. But he did not doubt then, more than he did now, that the impracticability of working once got over, the benefit would be material. When the Bill went to the Select Committee, he strongly held the opinion that it would not be found practicable to work the measure. That opinion was shared by other Revenue officers whose experience in the districts was not of to-day. On pressure being put upon the Committee by the two hon'ble members who spoke last, Mr. DAMPIER being fully convinced of the advantages which would result if the measure could be worked out, suggested that they should consult the most able and experienced of the district officers who were working the revenue machine. The Committee did consult these officers, and Mr. DAMPIER must admit that he was surprised to find, not a consensus of opinion, but a heavy preponderance of opinion of the local officers in favour of this registration being attempted. So he being convinced by the evidence of those actually engaged in the work of the districts, that practically the measure was workable, and having long held the opinion that if the impracticability could be got over, great advantages would result from the registration of the extent of interests, he agreed with the two hon'ble members to whom he had referred, and the result was the Bill in the form in which it was now before the Council.

The hon'ble member had said that the ryots would never know the particulars of this registration. Not one in a hundred would know whose names were registered and the extent of their interests, and therefore they would not have the benefit of the sections which affect to give them protection against those zemindars who claimed to levy rent in excess of their registered interests. Mr. DAMPIER could not agree in that. He believed that within a year after the law was introduced anywhere, any ryot who resided on any estate in which disputes were going on, would find out whose names were registered and to what extent, and from that moment he would object to pay one piece more than the rent properly due in accordance with the registered shares.

Again, the hon'ble member had said that the relief to the ryots would be inappreciable, because there were few ryots who held their lands directly of the zemindar. Mr. DAMPIER admitted that the relief would only be to the ryots who paid directly to the zemindar. But it was not only the ryot who complained of the difficulty of not knowing to whom he should pay, talookdars and middlemen labored under it also. And he said that if these provisions succeeded, and in the event of their being found to afford practical relief, as far as they went, to those who paid directly to the zemindar, the present measure might probably be the germ of a further measure to be introduced hereafter, which should have for its object the registration of interests in under-tenures, so as to extend the benefit to all rent-payers.

Then the hon'ble member had said that the Bill was the same as the Bill which had been drafted by the Board in 1852. The Bill might be in its structure the same as the Bill of 1852, but it appeared in quite a different phase. The avowed main object of the draft of 1852, as put forward, was to increase the value of property by giving security to titles. Now, as stated by the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal), the advocates of the present measure did not claim that virtue for it. They admitted that the value of the measure in that particular direction had been even dangerously over-estimated. It did not in itself profess to give any security of title. No prudent purchaser would be justified in relying on the register as sufficient to satisfy him that the title was secured. What he did claim for the Bill was this, that the fact of registration would help a purchaser in ascertaining in what direction he must look for the purpose of clearing the title. If a man's name was on the register, it would put the intending purchaser on an enquiry; it would give him a new lead, as it were, into the past history of the title to the estate. So much he did claim for the Bill, and he did think that even that was a great gain.

Then his hon'ble friend had said that the zemindars in distant parts of Bengal would misunderstand the object of the Bill, especially as some of the Government officials themselves did not understand its scope and object. Possibly at first this might be the case, but if the zemindar did not understand the object and intention of the Bill, and how far it affected the title to the property which he wished to purchase, he would have lawyers about him whose

profession it was to understand laws, and would consult them just as anybody in England would do if he wished to purchase property.

To sum up then, Mr. DAMPIER's doubts as to the practicability of the measure had given way before the opinions of the district officers. He had also been influenced by the wish of the zemindars for the registration of shares and by the assistance which such registration would afford to executive officers in many matters in connection with their daily work. Secondly, it would be a protection to tenants and ryots paying their rent directly to zemindars on estates in which disputes existed as to the amount of rent payable to different claimants. Thirdly, though he did not claim for this Bill that a consultation of the register would *per se* give any one any reasonable notion for believing that he could purchase an estate safely, yet he said that the Bill would give some help, would throw some light on that darkness which existed with regard to the titles and interests in estates in Bengal: it would go some way towards clearing away the chaos and ignorance which now prevailed in this respect. It would give clues towards following up and ascertaining how the title really stood. And fourthly, Mr. DAMPIER thought another benefit of the Bill would be that it would tend to diminish confusion by bringing disputes as to claims and rights to an issue. The Council were all aware that such disputes, now often almost interminable, went on, and that they had the effect of distracting and harassing all persons connected with the land, and especially the tenantry; and it was claimed that the effect of the Bill would be to force such disputes to a point, and press on the definition of rights.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS would say a few words by way rather of explanation than of reply. He said this, because he thought no real answer had been given to the arguments he had used, and because in the course of the discussion he had been represented as holding opinions which he not only did not hold, but which he had distinctly disavowed. The hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had said that one of Mr. REYNOLDS' great objections to these clauses was the increase of work they would throw upon Collectors. He had expressly said that he attached no weight to that at all. His remarks had been treated as if they were directed against the Bill as a whole, whereas he was a cordial supporter of the Bill; and even as regarded the particular clauses to which he objected, he only desired that the Government should be allowed to defer putting them in force till it considered it safe to introduce them.

The words of the hon'ble member who had just sat down (Mr. Dampier) seemed to him to involve an acceptance of the whole principle of the amendment. Mr. Dampier had admitted that "possibly at first" these clauses might be misunderstood: and Mr. REYNOLDS' only object was to prevent this possible misunderstanding, and to defer the introduction of these clauses until it was ascertained that they would not be misunderstood. But after the remarks of the hon'ble members who had spoken, he could not hope to carry the amendment, and it was unnecessary for him to say anything more.

The motion was then put and negatived.

Section 2 was agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 3. Sections 4 to 6 were agreed to.

Verbal amendments were made in sections 7 and 8.

Sections 9 to 31 were agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the omission of sections 32 and 33. He said, this was perhaps the only point upon which the Select Committee were not unanimous. The hon'ble member in charge of the Bill thought it necessary, perhaps more in deference to the opinion of the hon'ble member now absent (Mr. Schaleh) than his own conviction, to include rent-free land in this Bill. Now, this was a Bill which professed to provide for the registration of revenue-paying lands. It had nothing to do with rent-free lands. Yet, inconsistently enough, these sections were introduced. As these two sections covered land which was not within the scope of the Bill, he thought it was inconsistent to include them. He need not repeat the reasons which the minority thought proper to urge in Select Committee, but his main objection was that they would indirectly tend to increase litigation. It was allowed on all hands that

the zemindar would not readily admit the validity of claims to rent-free lands, while the claimant would not readily surrender his right, and the result would be that the parties would be forced into Court, and there would consequently be increased litigation. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought that these sections were foreign to the object of the Bill, and would therefore move their omission.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he would support the hon'ble member in his motion to omit these sections. On any point in connection with this Bill, he should be indeed sorry to place himself in opposition to the hon'ble member in charge of the Bill who had so skilfully carried it through Select Committee. But these sections, which were taken from the Road Cess Act, seemed to him to be totally out of place in the present Bill. They were very properly included in the Road Cess Act, because all lands, whether revenue-free or revenue-paying, were assessed to the road cess, and the cess imposed on rent-free land was collected by the zemindar, and therefore it was necessary in the Road Cess Act to have a section of this sort. But he failed to perceive what conceivable purpose they would accomplish here. He agreed with the hon'ble mover of the amendment in thinking that these sections would be the cause of much litigation and many disputes. MR. BELL was quite prepared to allow the sections to stand if the hon'ble mover could show any practical purpose which they would answer. But, as far as he was aware, there was no practical purpose which they would serve; and considering that there was no reason for their introduction, and that they would tend to litigation and dispute, he thought that they should be omitted.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said, this Bill was a Bill to provide for the registration of revenue-paying and revenue-free lands, and of the proprietors and managers thereof. He insisted that every plot of land, if all men had their rights, was either a plot of revenue-paying land, or a plot of revenue-free land. He held that if any one claimed to hold land in this country as revenue-free, the burden of proof was on that claimant; and until a man formally established his right to hold his land revenue-free, he was, so far as the Government was concerned, the holder of revenue-paying land. [THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL. That was the ruling of the old Sudder Court: the High Court had held differently.] The object of these sections was to bring every acre of land in the district under registry in one or other of the registers, and to give the Collector, the executive officer, knowledge (as regards every acre) of the person to whom he was to look for the fulfilment of the duties as proprietor of the estate as imposed by other Acts. These sections followed the two existing Acts, the Embankment and the Road Cess Acts. If a piece of land was held rent-free, that would not entitle it to be entered in the revenue-free register. The revenue authorities could not recognize it as revenue-free unless the revenue-free title had been formally established. They must therefore enter it somewhere in the revenue-paying register; but where? The occupant would not by word or deed admit that his land formed part of this or that estate. The object was simply, in such cases, for convenience sake to prescribe a procedure for determining whether this piece of land should be treated as part of estate A on this side of the land, or of estate B on the other side of it for the purposes of the registry. No rights would be affected; and if this were not done, then the register would no longer profess to include *all* land in the district.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL observed that these sections related to lands which were held, or claimed to be held, rent-free, but as far as the Government was concerned, unless they were recognised and admitted to be lakhiraj, they were revenue-paying lands, and should be included in the Bill.

The motion was then put and negatived, and the sections were agreed to. Sections 34 to 44 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 45, and the position of sections 45 and 46 was transposed.

Sections 47 to 70 were agreed to.

A verbal amendment was made in section 71.

Sections 72 to 87 and the preamble and title were agreed to. •

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 8th instant.

AID BY GOVERNMENT TO THE NATIVE ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF A TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated the 18th April 1876.

DURING the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to Calcutta, an Association of Native gentlemen was formed (many of whom were members or promoters of the Indian Reform League) for the cultivation of practical science. It was at first hoped that this Association might be amalgamated with the Association promoted by Dr. Mahendra Lal Sircar (which forms the subject of my Minute of the 21st January last); but, after discussion, it was found that the two Associations would hardly consent to work in combination. Among other reasons there was this reason, that Dr. Mahendra Lal's Association aimed rather at the culture of science in the abstract; whereas the other Association aimed rather at the teaching of science practically, with the immediate object of enabling the pupils to earn their living thereby.

The present Association then apparently desires to establish an Institution for the culture of practical science, an Institution partaking of the character of a technical school. For this purpose several of its members, eminent native gentlemen, have promised subscriptions, amounting in all to nearly one lakh and three-quarters of rupees, among whom may be mentioned Baboo Hurris Chunder Choudhree, Rai Dhunput Sing Bahadoor (donors of Rs. 45,000 and Rs. 40,000 respectively), Baboo Brojendro Kumar Rai (of Dacca district), Baboo Sooraj Kanth Acharjee (of Mymensingh district), Baboo Shama Shunkur Rai (of Fureedpore district), and others. They also desire that the Institution be considered as a memorial of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

The Association having enquired what assistance would or could be rendered by Government, I have informed them through the Director of Public Instruction that, in the event of their raising subscriptions to the amount of two lakhs of rupees, and investing the same in Government securities, so as to produce an income of Rs. 8,000 per annum, a corresponding amount, or Rs. 8,000, would be annually contributed by Government, so as to make up the income of the Institution to Rs. 16,000 per annum, irrespective of whatever might be obtained from fees or current subscriptions. I felt justified in agreeing to this grant-in-aid, considering that, if the sum of two lakhs of rupees should be thus raised and invested, it would represent an important and honourable enterprise undertaken by the natives themselves, and a praiseworthy munificence on the part of several native donors for the sake of practical science, an object of national importance to Bengal. Indeed, the Association deserves both the material support and the moral sympathy of the Government.

Subject only to the occasional inspection of the Director of Public Instruction, I would leave the management of the Institution to the discretion and public spirit of the Association itself, under such conditions as the members might settle among themselves.

The Association have intimated a wish to occupy, for the purposes of the Institution, that portion of the Government Normal School building which is not wanted for the school, but which is now occupied by the private servants of the landlord. They have been informed that there is no objection whatever on the part of Government to any arrangement which they may be able to make in this respect.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

RESOLUTION ON THE WORKING OF THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ACT IN THE TOWN AND SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.

MEDICAL.

The 18th April 1876.

READ—

A letter from the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, No. 569, dated 25th March 1876, submitting the Annual Report by the Superintendent of Lock-hospitals on the working of the Contagious Diseases Act in the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta.

Read again—

The report for the previous year, with the orders of Government passed thereon.

1. BRIEFLY stated, the following are the chief results to be gathered from the report now submitted on the working of the Contagious Diseases Act in Calcutta and its Suburbs during the past as compared with the previous year. In 1875, the number of persons borne on the register at the close of the year was 7,925, and the number of persons newly registered was 1,204; while in 1874, 6,845 persons only were entered on the register, and the number of those newly registered amounted to 947 only. In the past year, however, the number of defaulters from examination had increased to 7,409 as against 5,263 in the previous year. The number of arrests made by the police at the same time increased from 802 for non-registration and 2,572 for non-attendance at examinations in 1874, to 1,054 and 4,588 respectively in 1875. The number of persons found to be diseased in the past year was 410 among those examined for the first time, and 2,288 among others; the corresponding figures for the previous year having been 254 and 1,773 respectively. Among the troops in garrison, the ratio of disease rose from 9·4 per cent. in 1874 to 10·3 in 1875; while as regards the civil population the returns of the various city and suburban hospitals show that 9,235 cases of venereal disease were treated as against 7,941 cases in the previous year.

2. These results, the Lieutenant-Governor regrets to say, he still regards as far from satisfactory. In reviewing the report for the previous year, he expressed his opinion that, after making every allowance, it was apparent that the rules had not been enforced with sufficient strictness. In one particular it is evident that there has been some improvement, as shown by the increased number of arrests which were made of defaulters and unregistered persons. Still the great amount of disease which is prevalent among the civil population would seem to indicate, in a very marked manner, that the measures hitherto adopted have merely affected the surface, and that far more energetic and vigorous action is necessary to reach the root of the evil, and to insure that protection which it is the object of the law to afford.

3. As long as a limited area only is brought under the operations of the Act, and no control can be exercised over the male population of the town and suburbs, complete success can never be looked for; but notwithstanding the advance which has been made during the year under review, the Lieutenant-Governor is convinced that the number of persons at present on the register is far smaller than it should be, and that, even under existing conditions, much better results might be achieved by the exercise of stricter supervision and control over those who have been already brought under the provisions of the law.

4. It is no doubt creditable to the police that 1,204 persons, who had hitherto evaded the law, were detected and brought on the register; but the fact that 410 of these, or over 34 per cent, were found to be diseased, and might, for aught that is stated, have been engendering disease for years, speaks unfavourably for the manner in which the rules have been hitherto carried out. These figures also indicate very clearly that the sources from which the large amount of prevalent diseases are contracted are to be found within the area which has been already brought under the control of the law, as well as the obvious action which it is within the power of the authorities to adopt with the view of counteracting the existing evils. All persons detected in evading the law should, the Lieutenant-Governor considers, be severely dealt with, in order to deter others from the same offence; but the statements submitted show that five persons only were prosecuted by the police authorities, and of these, three only

were fined, the rest being discharged. Unless more vigorous action is taken for the punishment of offenders, it cannot be a matter of surprise that over a thousand persons should be found defying the law in a single year.

5. Similarly, there would seem to have been much laxity in the enforcement of the rules requiring attendance at the periodical examination. Of 7,409 defaulters, 698 are not accounted for, about 2,123 attended after a reminder, and 4,588 were arrested. But of those arrested, it seems that 13 only were imprisoned and 151 fined, the rest being simply warned. What the amount of the fines imposed was, or what amount was really realized from the defaulters, is not stated. But, under any circumstances, it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that the measures taken to repress this growing evil—for experience proves that those who evade the examinations are usually diseased—were very inadequate. There also arises a question as to whether full effect is given to the intention of the law in the magisterial courts; this will form the subject of a separate correspondence.

6. As regards the health of the persons who have been entered on the register, it appears from table C of the report submitted by the Commissioner of Police that 33·3 per cent. of the total number of those liable to attend were found on examination to be diseased, the corresponding ratio in the previous year having been 29·3 per cent. This increase, as well as the increased number of defaulters, accounts for, and corresponds with, the increased number of cases treated in the several hospitals and dispensaries in the town and suburbs.

7. It is stated that during the past, as in previous years, the greatest amount of disease was found to occur in those parts of the town which are most frequented by European soldiers and sailors, and by persons of the better class, who chiefly endeavour to evade the operations of the Act, and are most successful in doing so. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the Commissioner of Police states that special measures have now been taken by him to enforce the provisions of the Act more strictly in those parts where disease has been shewn by Dr. Payne to be most prevalent.

8. But notwithstanding that an increased number of persons were admitted for treatment into the lock-hospitals, it is satisfactory to notice that during late years the type of the disease has been less severe among them, and that, as compared with the previous year, there has been a considerable reduction in the number of cases of serious disease. The general health of the persons under treatment appears also to have been good. Among a daily average of 282 in hospital, 18 deaths only are shewn to have occurred. Full details have not been given of the cases of venereal disease treated in the several hospitals; but it is shewn generally that the number of cases of primary syphilis which were admitted amounted to 3,410 as against 2,675 in the previous year, and that there has thus been apparently a large increase of the severe form of the disease among the civil population. It must be observed, however, that this increase is solely attributable to the large number of cases admitted into the Mayo Hospital, which exceeded those of the previous year by 915; while there was a decrease of 210 cases in all the other hospitals. The Lieutenant-Governor is willing to admit, as urged by Dr. Payne, that some of these cases of disease may have been contracted elsewhere than in Calcutta, and that the people now avail themselves more readily of the advantages afforded them of treatment in the Mayo Hospital, as shewn by the contemporaneous and great increase in the number of cases of all kinds which were treated during the past year; but at the same time the Lieutenant-Governor must hold that the results, when considered in connection with the decrease of the severe form of disease among such of the registered persons as attended the examinations, show very clearly the defects of the system in certain localities, and that the real root of the evil has yet to be reached, as has been already noticed.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets that he has been obliged to ascribe the unfavorable results of the past year in some measure at least to deficiencies and defects in the administration. He is fully aware that the matter is a delicate one, and that great difficulties, and perhaps greater evils, have to be met and guarded against; but, as already observed, much might have been done to secure better results, which was left undone, and he trusts that it will now be

the anxious endeavour of all connected with the enforcement of the Act to mitigate the evil which afflicts some sections of the urban population

10. With an average strength of 906 European troops in garrison, 94 cases of venereal disease only are reported to have occurred. But though there was a slight increase in the general ratio of disease as above noted, it is shewn that this was entirely attributable to the mild form of the disease.

11. The total charges on account of the lock-hospitals in Calcutta and the Suburbs during the past year amounted to Rs. 39,609 against Rs. 34,877 in the previous year. The share of this cost paid by Government was Rs. 26,409, to which must be added a sum of Rs. 18,681 paid on account of preventive establishment. There was thus a saving of some Rs. 5,000 on the maximum expenditure sanctioned by Government for charges to be incurred in enforcing the Act.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that no complaints of any importance were brought during the year under review against any of the officers employed in connection with the administration of the Act. In urging the adoption of more energetic and vigorous action, the Lieutenant-Governor must at the same time impress upon the Commissioner of Police that increased vigilance will be necessary on his part to prevent unnecessary arrests or needless interference by the police. The Lieutenant-Governor also notices with pleasure that Dr. Payne is again able to bear favorable testimony to the character of his subordinates, and to the careful manner in which they have discharged their duties. Sir Richard Temple's thanks are due to Dr. Payne for his full and interesting report, and for the assistance which he has afforded the Government in the discussions which have been held during the past year with a view to extending the provisions of the Act to other localities.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 15th April 1876.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Apl. 17,* '76	1.33	Rainfall at Culna 0.82 inch. Cotton and til oilseed are doing fairly. Rain is wanted. Cholera is still prevalent.
	2 Bankoora, .. 15, ..	0.19	Weather—Dry for the greater part of the week. Slight rain on the 13th. Rain is much wanted. Cholera is nearly gone.
	3 Beerbhoom, .. 15, ..	1.26	Weather—Changeable. Westerly and easterly winds alternating. State and prospects of the crops are favorable. Early ploughing has begun since the recent rainfall.
	4 Midnapore, .. 15, ..	1.75	Threatening weather all the week, culminating on Thursday afternoon in a very severe thunder-storm and very heavy downpour. Lightning struck the station in three or four places. The strong wind has done some mischief, especially to fruit trees, but the rain was much needed.
	5 Hooghly, .. 15, ..	1.17	Weather—Close and sultry from the 9th to the 11th. Cloudy from the 12th. Rainfall on the night of the 12th was 1.16 inches. The weather is much cooler since the 12th. Sugarcane being planted out. Land being ploughed up for the <i>aus</i> and <i>amun</i> paddy. More rain is wanted for the preparation of the soil. The rain of the 12th has proved very beneficial to the crops on the ground. <i>Jhinga</i> , <i>potol</i> , cucumbers, &c., vegetables are doing well. Onions, water-melons, cucumbers, &c., are being gathered. Cholera is slightly on the decrease.
	Howrah, .. 15, ..		Cloudy sky and great heat, with very little rain. No crops to report on.

* Telegram of the 17th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 17,* '76	·10	Weather—Sultry. No crops on the ground. Lands are being ploughed for the cultivation of <i>aus</i> , or early crop. Cholera has appeared in the Satkhira, Bussarhat, and Baraset sub-divisions.
	7 Nuddea, „ 15, „	3·38	Weather—The rain appears to have been general. It has been most timely for the sowing of early rice and of indigo.
	8 Jessore, „ 15, „	3·39	Weather—Somewhat variable. Heavy rain on the 13th. The reaping of the spring rice continues. The rain has been most beneficial, and will enable the ryots to push forward the sowing of the early rice.
	9 Moorshedabad, „ 15, „	2·50	Weather—Two heavy showers have fallen. Temperature considerably cooler. Mornings cloudy. The recent rain will much facilitate ploughing and sowing operations. Mulberry and indigo crops are promising. Sowing of the <i>aus</i> or early crop commenced. Cholera has decreased since the rain.
RAJSHAHY DIV.	10 Dinagepore, „ 14, „	·91	Weather—Cool in consequence of recent rain. State and prospects of the crops are better than last week. The land is being prepared for the <i>bhados</i> crops, but more rain is needed.
	11 Maldah, „ 15, „	2·62	Weather—Since the rainfall the weather is cool and agreeable. The rain was accompanied with thunder and lightning, and the wind south-easterly. Rain has fallen at last just in time to save the crops from loss. State of the crops is same as before. Ten deaths from cholera.
	12 Rajshahye, „ 15, „	1·04	The weather has been very unsettled, the wind varying almost daily. It has been cloudy and cool. There was moderate rain on the 12th, and heavy rain on the 13th, everywhere except in Manda and Bhundhaikhara, where there had been no rain. Much good has been done by the rain to the standing <i>til</i> (sesamum) crops, and it has enabled the cultivators to plough and prepare their lands for the rice sowings. Cholera continues to be very severe in Beaulah, Chorghat, Poota, and Bilmaree.
	13 Rungpore, „ 14, „	1·69	Weather—Very cool. There was rain on the 11th and 12th instant. It has been general, and the fall has been larger to the east. The rainfall at Kurigram sub-division has been 1·54, at Gaibanda 0·27, and at Bagdogra 0·84. Rain has retrieved the position of the <i>aus</i> crop. It is sprouting everywhere, and sowings are being rapidly pushed on. Up to this last fall there had been no good rain since August. Three and a half inches of rain fell in dribblets during the month of September, and $\frac{1}{4}$ inch on the 17th October, since which time there has been no rain at all registered at the Sudder station.
	14 Bogra, „ 15, „	1·43	Stormy weather. The great heat at last tempered by the rainfall. Ploughing going on everywhere, and, with seasonable rains, good crops may be expected.
COOCH BEHAR DIV.	15 Pubna, „ 15, „	3·54	Weather—Sultry till the afternoon of Tuesday, the 11th. It was stormy till noon on Thursday last. Ample rain has fallen throughout the Sudder sub-division. The rainfall in Serajgunge has been 0·50. State of the crops is good in Pubna, but more rain is wanted in Serajgunge.
	16 Darjeeling, „ 15, „	1·33	Weather—Rain fell on the 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th, and chiefly on the 13th. This will do a great deal of good, but more is needed. The rain that fell on the hills is said to have extended to the plains. The Deputy Commissioner has not yet received any formal report from the Terai, but it is hoped that this timely rain will have greatly benefited the young crops in the plains as it has on the hills.
	17 Julpigoree, „ 15, „	·42	Rain has fallen generally over the district, but not in sufficient quantity. It looks, however, as if there will be more rain. The commencement of rain removes much of the apprehension felt of late. Nothing new in the state of the crops, but prospects owing to rain are better.
Dacca Div.	Cooch Behar, „ 13, „	·06	Weather—There were a few drops of rain on Tuesday night. Rain may set in very soon, as clouds are visible. The weather is hot during the day. There is at present no hope of getting <i>bitri dhan</i> this year. The want of rain is very much felt. The prospects of the <i>chaena</i> and <i>kaon</i> crops are very unfavorable. The price of rice is gradually rising. Coarse rice is selling in the bazar here at the rate of Rs. 2-14 a maund.
	<i>Eastern Districts.</i>		
	18 Dacca, Apl. 17,† '76	2·7	Weather—Heavy storms all over the district. State of the crops is very favorable. Storms have reduced cholera.
	19 Fureedpore, „ 15, „	2·4	Weather—Storms on Wednesday and Thursday, with high wind and rain, and on Wednesday, with hail in places as large as hen's eggs. The rainfall at Goalundo has been 3·22 inches, and at Madaripore 50 inches. <i>Boro jali</i> rice is doing well. The rain is enabling higher lands to be sown.

* Report of the 17th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Telegram of the 17th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
Eastern Districts.— (Continued.)			
Dacca Divn.—(Contd.)	20 Backergunge, Apl. 13, '76	·03	Weather—More rain is wanted. The state of the crops is good; but cholera continues in a sporadic form in the following thanas, viz. Barisaul, Nalchiti, Jhalokati, Mendigunge, Gournadi, Perozepore, Mottesaria, Merzagunge, Bowful, Golachipa, Gulchakhati, and Dowlutkhan. There have been a good many deaths. In other respects the condition of the district is satisfactory.
	21 Mymensingh, „ 14, „	1·04	Weather—Seasonable showers throughout the district. State of the crops is favorable. Early sowings of rice are in full progress.
	22 Tipperah, „ 14, „	1·51	Weather—Stormy. Very hot in the first part of the week, but after some heavy storms, the thermometer fell as low as 73°. The autumn rice has been nearly all sown, and lands are being prepared for the winter rice.
Chittagong Divn.	23 Chittagong, „ 13, „	·51	Weather warm, with prospects of more rain. Crops promising fairly. Cholera in the south of the district.
	24 Noakholly, „ 13, „	·98	Weather generally hot and cloudy; occasionally foggy in the morning. Thunder and lightning on the 10th instant. The two successive nights were cloudy and attended with high wind. The cold weather crops are in good order. Ploughing for the early rice crop, and sowing of early and late rice, are going on. Present prospects are good from the seasonable showers that were falling at the time of report. Cholera is very bad in almost every station.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts „ „	.....	Return not received.
	Hill Tipperah, „ 12, „	0·95	Weather—Seasonable. Rice in plains will be benefited by the late rain.
BEHAR.			
Patna Divn.	26 Patna, Apl. 17, '76	·02	Weather—Seasonable. All the crops have now been harvested. Health of the district is generally good, though there are sporadic cases of both cholera and small-pox in all parts of it.
	27 Gya, „ 15, „	Nil.	High winds; generally westerly, but easterly on one or two days. Much cooler than usual at this time. No crops on the ground worth mentioning. There is some cholera and a little small-pox.
	28 Shahabad, „ 15, „	Nil.	Weather—Cloudy, with strong easterly wind. <i>Rubbee</i> harvest completed. The outturn is expected to be a 12 auna one. Cholera and small-pox are still reported.
	29 Durbhunga, „ 15, „	2·	Seasonable weather. Rain has fallen. The <i>rubbee</i> , or cold weather crops, have now been harvested; the outturn in the Tajpore and Sudder sub-divisions has verified previous estimates. In Mudhoobany the outturn has been in no thana above half an average crop, in some below it, while in the northern tracts the failure has been complete. In those tracts, however, <i>rubbee</i> is not extensively sown. The late rain was general over the north and central regions of the district, and has proved of great benefit, especially to the indigo crop, regarding which serious apprehensions had been entertained. Preparation of the soil for the <i>bhadoe</i> sowings has received a needed impulse, but the time for sowing <i>moong</i> pulse, &c., has passed by.
	30 Mozufferpore, „ 15, „	1·75	Weather—West wind at the beginning and high east wind at the end of the week, with cool morning and evening. The rainfall at Seetamarhee has been 1·6 inches. The rainfall during the week has enabled the people in some places to prepare their fields for the <i>bhadoe</i> sowing. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is completed throughout the district. Prices are stationary. Cholera and small-pox are disappearing at Seetamarhee sub-division owing to the late fall of rain.
	31 Saran, „ 15, „	·05	Weather—For the greater part of the week the prevailing wind was a westerly one. The wind however veered to the east on Tuesday night, and since then has remained in that direction, blowing very hard. The rain fell on Wednesday night. The weather seems still unsettled. No change in the state of the crops since last report.
	32 Champaran, „ 14, „	2·23	Weather—The rain has been fairly distributed over the district. The rain has much improved the soil for the coming crops, and has not injured those that are being reaped.

* Telegram of the 17th April. received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR:—(Contd.)			
BHAGULPORE DIV.	33 Monghyr, Apl. 15, '76	.55	Weather—Fair. There was a storm of wind and rain from the north-west on Thursday morning. There are now no important food-crops on the ground. <i>Bhadoe</i> sowings will commence when the ground is sufficiently moist. Prices continue easy.
	34 Bhagulpore, „ 17, „	2.50	Weather—Easterly winds. Heavy storm from south-west on the evening of the 12th instant, and a severer one, but with less rain, from north-east on the morning of the 13th idem. Rain general throughout the district—2.1 at Banka, 1.48 at Soopool, and 2 inches in the east of Mudehpoorah. The benefit of this rain after so long a drought cannot be overstated. Prices have fallen everywhere. General health very good, though there is still some small-pox and cholera about.
	35 Purneah, „ 15, „	0.73	Weather—High west wind, but cool and pleasant. The rain which fell on Thursday has done much good. Ploughing and sowing are going on briskly. Indian-corn is doing well.
	36 Southal Pergah, „ 16, „	1.49	Weather—A little rain is reported from Deoghur and Godda. Violent storm with heavy rain on Wednesday evening all the way from Madhupore to Dumka, 40 miles. Mango crop somewhat damaged. <i>Morcha</i> has been nearly all gathered. Health improving.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIV.	37 Cuttack, Apl. 8, '76	.15	Weather—Hot and dry. One or two slight showers, very partial, and not enough to soften the ground for ploughing. Public health is good, with the exception of a little cholera and small-pox here and there.
	38 Pooree, „ 13, „	A few drops.	Weather—Hot and occasionally cloudy, with strong southerly wind. Rain is much wanted. Tillage for the ensuing rice crops awaits rain. <i>Dalua</i> paddy is being reaped. The state of the other crop is fair. Cotton is in flower; the mangoes are beginning to ripen, but the crop has been very poor. Cholera is raging in Pooree and parts of Khoordah.
	39 Balasore, „ 14, „	.93	Weather—Continues unsettled. Occasional heavy storms bring with them rain, and ploughing is now general. There are no crops of any importance on the ground. Fewer cases of small-pox have been reported last week. Cholera still causes much mortality.
CHOTA NAGPORE			
	<i>South-Western Frontier Agency.</i>		
40	Huzareebagh, Apl. 11, '76	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. No crops on the ground to report about; <i>mowrah</i> is abundant. Cases of cholera and small-pox are still reported.
41	Lohardugga, „ 15, „	Nil	Weather—Strong east wind during the 12th and 13th, but no rain. The <i>mowrah</i> has been a fine crop. Rain is much wanted for ploughing. Small-pox and cholera are still reported.
42	Singbhoom, „ 14, „	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. There have been two dry storms, from which the intense heat has slightly decreased. No crops to report about. The drought has caused great want of pasturage for cattle, and it is reported that unless there is a change soon, there will be difficulty in bringing lands under cultivation later. Cholera of a fatal type is reported to be prevailing in the north-east and western parts of the district.
43	Manbhoom, „ 15, „	Nil	Weather—Too dry. It has been little cooler owing to fall of rain in the neighbourhood. Sugarcane is being put out. The ryots are in places preparing their fields for <i>gora dhua</i> by means of water from reservoirs, but rain is badly wanted in parts of the district, especially near Purnia. There has been a good deal of sickness in the district, but the Deputy Commissioner believes that matters have improved a little of late.

* Telegram of the 17th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 18th April 1876.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY

DISTRICTS.		QUANTITIES FOR ROTINE																									
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULBUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.													
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.								
BENGAL																											
Western Districts																											
		S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.
		A																									
Burdwan	...	18	0	18	0	20	0	20	0	17	8	26	0	25	0	24	0	19	0	26	0	24	12	20	0	...	...
Bankura	...	B																									
	...	22	8	21	8	20	4	28	0	25	0	26	0	17	8	17	8	17	12	20	0	20	0	18	8	...	...
	...			to										to		to				to		to		to		...	...
	...			23	0									20	0	20	0			24	0	24	0	20	4	...	...
Beerbhoom	...	C																									
	...	20	0	20	0	25	0	...		27	0	30	0	22	8	22	8	18	0	24	0	24	0	22	8	...	...
Midnapore	...	22	0	20	0	12	0	...		...		...		22	0	22	0	15	0	26	0	26	0	18	0	...	...
Hooahly	...	D																									
	...	19	0	19	8	16	0	...		...		...		11	0	11	0	9	8	20	0	20	0	16	8	...	...
	...			to														to		to		to		to		...	...
	...			20	0			...		...		...		10	0			10	0	17	0					...	...
Howrah	...	19	0	19	0	16	0	...		...		...		15	0	15	8	13	8	21	0	20	8	16	8	...	...
Central Districts																											
Calcutta	...	16	0	18	0	16	0	30	0	32	0	19	8	9	14	9	14	11	0	16	2	16	2	15	8	...	...
24-Pargunnas*	...	20	0	20	0	20	0	35	8	32	0	32	0	19	8	18	8	14	8	21	5	20	0	15	4	...	...
Nudda	...	20	0	20	0	20	0	35	8	32	0	32	0	19	8	18	8	14	8	21	5	20	0	15	4	...	...
Jessore*	...	20	0	20	0	20	0	35	8	32	0	32	0	19	8	18	8	14	8	21	5	20	0	15	4	...	...
Moorshedab.*	...	20	0	20	0	20	0	35	8	32	0	32	0	19	8	18	8	14	8	21	5	20	0	15	4	...	...
Dinagapore*	...	20	0	20	0	20	0	35	8	32	0	32	0	19	8	18	8	14	8	21	5	20	0	15	4	...	...
Maldah	...	24	0	22	8	22	0	50	0	40	0	40	0	23	0	23	8	23	8	23	8	23	0	32	0	32	0
Rajshahye	...	19	11	18	12	15	0	45	0	48	1	37	8	16	8	19	4	19	11	21	0	22	8	21	9	...	...
	...	to		to		to										to		to		to		to		to		...	...
	...	24	6	22	8	25	5							21	0	20	10	22	8	25	5	22	8			...	...
Rangpore	...	E																									
	...	25	8	27	0	22	8	...		...		...		12	5	12	12	0	0	18	0	18	0	22	8	...	...
Rogra	...	18	4	18	8	15	0	...		...		...		17	0	17	0	12	0	26	0	26	0	27	0	...	...
Pubna*	...	18	4	18	8	15	0	...		...		...		17	0	17	0	12	0	26	0	26	0	27	0	...	...
Darjeeling*	...	18	4	18	8	15	0	...		...		...		17	0	17	0	12	0	26	0	26	0	27	0	...	...
Jalpigore*	...	18	4	18	8	15	0	...		...		...		17	0	17	0	12	0	26	0	26	0	27	0	...	...
Eastern Districts																											
Dacca*	...	F																									
	...	20	0	20	0	23	0	40	0	40	0	30	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	20	0	20	0	18	0	...	...
Fureedpore	...	18	0	18	0	17	8	22	0	23	0	21	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Backergunge	...	18	0	18	0	17	8	22	0	23	0	21	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	G																									
	...	16	0	15	0	11	4	...		...		...		19	0	19	0	16	0	21	0	22	8	21	0	...	...

- *Returns not received.
- A In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 26 seers, barley 32 to 39 seers, rice best sort 20 to 25-4 seers, rice common 22 to 26-4 seers, and gram 24 to 30 seers.
- B In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 28 seers, barley 24 to 42 seers, rice best sort 18 to 22-8 seers, rice common 23 to 25 seers, maize 25 to 35 seers, and gram 18 to 24 seers.
- C In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 29 seers, barley 25 seers, rice best sort 22-8 to 28 seers, rice common 30 to 31-8 seers, and gram 25-8 to 35 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 15th April 1876.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAS

GRASS MILLETS— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LEBBU MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FINGERWOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
BENGAL.																		
Western Districts.																		
S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	Burdwan.
...	26 0	29 0	29 0	200 0	200 0	220 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Burdwan.
...	45 0	45 0	36 0	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 21 \ 4 \ 21 \ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 24 \ 0 \ 24 \ 0 \end{array} \right\}$	17 0	360 0	360 0	490 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	Bankura.	
...	25 8	24 0	21 0	200 0	200 0	220 0	8 4	8 4	8 4	Beerbhoom.
...	18 0	18 0	14 0	180 0	160 0	190 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Malinapore.
...	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 23 \ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 16 \ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 24 \ 0 \ 23 \ 0 \ 20 \ 0 \end{array} \right\}$	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	Haugh's.	
...	22 8	22 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Howrah.
Central Districts.																		
23 0	24 0	18 8	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	19 0	21 0	22 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta.
...	32 0	32 0	26 5	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 2	9 2	8 10	24-Pargannas.*
...	Naddea
...	Jessore.*
...	Munshelabad.*
...	Dinapore.*
...	40 0	40 0	23 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	18 4	8 0	Maldah.
...	24 0	24 0	...	35 10	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 24 \ 0 \ 15 \ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 35 \ 10 \ 26 \ 4 \end{array} \right\}$	320 0	320 0	240 0	8 5	8 5	7 15	Rajshahye	
...	16 5	18 0	14 1	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rangpur.*
...	18 0	18 4	16 0	67 8	67 8	67 8	8 1	8 4	7 8	Rangpur.
...	Fulbari.*
...	Darjeeling.*
...	Munshiganj.*
Eastern Districts.																		
...	Dacca.*
...	26 0	22 0	20 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	Faridkot.
...	21 0	21 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Backergunge.
...	20 0	19 0	13 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	Mymensingh.

D In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 22 seers, barley 26 to 32-8 seers, rice best sort 10 to 15 seers, rice common 20 to 23 seers, and gram 20 to 26-8 seers.

E In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 30 seers, rice best sort 10-3 to 16 seers, rice common 20 to 20-4 seers, and gram 9 to 22-8 seers.

F In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 26 seers, barley 40 seers, rice best sort 9 to 22 seers, rice common 19 to 26 seers, and gram 16 seers.

G In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 to 20 seers, rice best sort 12 to 23 seers, rice common 17-12 to 25 seers, and gram 9-8 to 16 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																	
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, RAJRA.					
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)																			
22	Chittagong	H 12 0	14 0	10 0	...	...	...	13 0	15 0	16 0	19 0	20 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Nonkholly	I ...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	16 0	22 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Tipperah	15 0	15 0	12 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	13 0	21 0	21 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Chittagong Hill Tracts ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	13 5	14 8	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah	9 5	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	15 0	18 0	20 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
BEHAR.																			
26	Patna	J 25 0	30 0	16 0	38 0	40 0	18 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	24 0	25 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	Gya	K 25 0	24 8	22 0	40 0	39 8	34 8	11 0	11 4	11 12	23 0	23 4	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Shahabad	23 8	23 0	19 0	35 0	36 0	22 0	21 0	21 0	17 0	22 8	22 8	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Durbhunga	20 12	20 12	17 8	35 8	33 0	32 8	13 0	13 0	16 12	15 5	14 4	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Muzafferpore*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Sarua	L 21 8	22 0	20 0	43 0	43 0	26 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	23 0	23 4	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	Chumpanan	25 0	24 0	20 0	37 0	36 0	36 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	23 0	23 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	Monghy:*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	Bhagulpore	M 22 11	21 8	21 7	37 15	35 12	32 13	17 11	18 15	18 15	21 8	20 3	21 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	Purneah	N 20 0	19 0	25 0	...	...	...	17 0	17 0	23 0	18 0	20 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	Sontha Pergunnah	O ...	18 0	11 0	...	21 0	...	21 0	20 0	12 0	21 0	21 0	21 0	40 0	40 0	40 0	...	...	...
ORISSA.																			
37	Cuttack	P 22 5	21 0	17 1	...	...	...	18 6	17 1	18 6	30 3	28 14	31 3	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	Pooree	18 6	17 1	17 1	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	23 10	27 9	23 10	27 9	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Balasore*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPORE.																			
South-Western Frontier Agency.																			
40	Hazratnag	Q 21 0	21 0	21 0	36 0	30 0	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	21 0	26 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	Lohardugga*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	Singbhoon*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	Manbhoon	R 18 0	18 0	17 0	32 0	32 0	40 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	27 0	26 10	22 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Returns not received.

H In the interior the prices range as follow:—Rice best sort 16 to 20 seers, and rice common 18 to 21 seers.

I In the interior the prices range as follow:—Rice best sort 13 to 20 seers and rice common 17 to 22 seers.

J In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 23-12 to 24-12 seers, barley 37-8 to 48 seers, rice best sort 18-12 seers, rice common 20-4 to 28 seers, lesser millet 45 seers, maize 40 to 40-8 seers, and gram 32 to 34-4 seers.

K In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 21-8 to 27 seers, barley 33 to 40 seers, rice best sort 12 to 14 seers, rice common 23 to 27-8 seers, bulrush millet 30 seers, great millet 32 seers, maize 33 seers, and gram 38 seers.

L In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 20 to 28 seers, barley 35 to 50 seers, rice best sort 13 to 17-8 seers, rice common 18 to 25 seers, lesser millets 32 to 50 seers, maize 36 to 50 seers and gram 23 to 30 seers.

M In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 20-8 to 25 seers, barley 33 to 40 seers, rice best sort 18 to 22 seers, rice common 19 to 25 seers, murwa 28 to 30 seers, maize 40 seers, and gram 22 to 30 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 15th April 1876.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAS.

GRANAT MILLET— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	

Eastern Districts.—(Cont

S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	DISTRICTS.
...	Chittagong.
...	Noakhully.
...	Tipperah.
...	Chittagong Tracts.
...	Hill Tipperah.

BEHAR.

32	0	40	0	18	0	...	...	...	...	42	8	12	8	19	0	38	0	34	0	17	8	16	15	0	170	0	8	0	8	0	7	12	Patna.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gya.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shahabad.	
35	8	37	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	0	40	0	19	...	34	0	35	0	19	0	180	18	0	160	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	Darbhanga.	
...	20	10	28	0	28	0	35	8	35	0	17	8	31	13	31	0	28	0	160	0	174	0	200	0	7	6	7	0	Muzafferpore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Baran.	
43	0	41	0	38	0	38	0	25	0	14	0	12	0	30	0	5	0	35	0	28	8	160	0	160	0	8	8	8	8	7	12	Chungarum.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Monghyr.*
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpoore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Farrauk.
...	Satna.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nahe
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ORISSA

ORISSA

...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuttack.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Purba.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Balasore.*

CHOTA NAG

South-Western Frontier &

...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hazratn
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lacharia
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Singhpo
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandira

- N In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 24 seers, rice best sort 16 to 17 seers, rice common 18 to 20 seers, and to 24 seers.
- O In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 28 seers, rice best sort 22 to 23 seers, rice common 25 to 30 seers, millet 40 seers, maize 32 to 40 seers, and gram 30 to 34 seers.
- P In the interior the prices range as follow :—Rice best sort 23 to 24 seers, rice common 28 to 31 seers, and gram 21 seers.
- Q In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 21 to 25 seers, barley 25 to 35 seers, rice best sort 14 seers, rice common 16 seers, lesser millet 35 to 40 seers, maize 20 to 40 seers, and gram 24 to 30 seers.
- R In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 20 seers, barley 10 seers, rice best sort 24 to 30 seers, rice common 20 bulrush millet 40 seers, maize 40 seers, and gram 18 to 24 seers.

Published for general information.

H. J. S. COITON,
Offg. Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Ben

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	Rain from 2nd to 8th April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	0.11	Nil	2.06	8th April.		
		Cutwa	0.42	Nil	1.18	ditto		
		Culina	0.47	Nil	2.45	ditto		
		Bood-Bood	Nil	Nil	0.83	ditto		
		Raueegunge	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	3.63	ditto		
	Bankoora	Bankoora	Nil	Nil	1.10	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Soree	Nil	Nil	0.13	ditto		
		Hetanpore	Nil	Nil	0.11	ditto		
		Roynore	Nil	Nil	2.18	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	0.17	Nil	2.52	ditto		
		Tumlook	0.30	Nil	1.19	ditto		
		Gurbetta	1.05	Nil	1.70	ditto		
		Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office... Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	0.64 0.85	ditto ditto		
	Hooghly	Hooghly	0.05	Nil	2.33	ditto		
		Serampore	0.01	0.09	2.36	ditto		
	Howrah	Howrah	0.19	0.19	5.76	ditto		
		Moheshrekha	0.12	0.16	2.01	ditto		
PRESIDENCY.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.20	Nil	0.80	ditto		
		Calcutta	0.18	0.13	7.42	ditto		
		Alipore { Dispensary Jail	0.38 0.39	0.10 0.11	8.16 8.14	ditto ditto		
		Busseerhat	0.50	Nil	5.18	ditto		
		Baraset	0.15	0.32	3.87	ditto		
		Diamond Harbour	0.09	Nil	2.90	ditto		
		Barripore	0.81	Nil	2.27	ditto		
		Satkhira	Not rec.	Nil	5.39	ditto		
		Barrackpore	0.16	0.08	2.00	ditto		
		Dum-Dum	Nil	0.15	3.33	ditto		
		Kishnaghur	0.20	Nil	1.28	ditto		
		Bongong	0.35	0.15	2.08	ditto		
		Meherpore	0.62	Nil	4.21	ditto		
		Choudadanga	0.00	Nil	2.41	ditto		
	Nuddea	Kooshitea	0.00	Nil	2.07	ditto		
		Ranaghat	0.63	Nil	4.13	ditto		
		Jessore	Nil	0.81	4.03	ditto		
		Nurrail	0.73	0.16	4.04	ditto		
		Khoolna	0.41	Nil	4.51	ditto		
		Jhenida	0.65	Nil	3.72	ditto		
		Bagirhat	0.90	0.11	3.90	ditto		
		Magoorah	0.46	0.24	4.40	ditto		
	Moorshedabad	Berhampore	Nil	Nil	1.65	ditto		
		Rampore Haut	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Lallbagh	0.30	Nil	1.67	ditto		
		Jungpore	Nil	Nil	0.29	ditto		
		Azimungo	0.41	Nil	1.64	ditto		
		Lallgolla	Nil	Nil	0.42	ditto		
	RAJSHAHY.	Kandee	0.42	Nil	0.52	ditto		
		Dinagepore	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Maldah	Maldah	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto	
			Chanchal	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto	
			Bauleah	0.22	Nil	0.20	ditto	
		Rajshahye	Nattore	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto	
			Rungpore	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Bogra	Bhowanigunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
			Kurigram	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto	
			Bagdogra	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
	Bogra		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	COCH BEHAR.	Pubna	Panchibibi	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
			Pubna	Nil	Nil	2.03	ditto	
			Serajungge	Nil	Not rec.	2.30	1st March	
Darjeeling			Darjeeling { Telegraph Office Hospital	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1.24 1.12	ditto 8th March.	
Julpigoree	Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto			
	Boda	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto			
	Buxa { Commissioner's Office Civil Surgeon's Office	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	0.02 0.02	ditto ditto			
	Titalya	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto			
	Cooch Behar Tributary States	Cooch Behar	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
From 26th March.								

Not rec. 28th March to 1st April.

From 28th March.

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	Rain from 2nd to 6th April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.—(Continued.)								
DACC.	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1876.			
	Dacca	Dacca... { Telegraph Office ...	0.10	0.03	3.14	8th April.		
		... { Hospital ...	0.70	0.10	4.19	ditto		
		Moonsheergunge ...	0.37	0.50	5.42	ditto		
		Manickgunge ...	0.40	0.40	2.41	ditto		
	Furzedpore	Furzedpore ...	0.72	Nil	3.03	ditto		
		Goswundo ...	0.52	0.01	2.56	ditto		
		Madaripore ...	0.29	Nil	0.72	ditto		
	Backergunge	Burriah ...	0.03	0.23	6.43	ditto		
		Perozepore ...	Nil	Nil	2.00	ditto		
		Patoakhally ...	0.13	0.12	5.20	ditto		
		Dowlutkhan ...	0.48	0.58	5.01	ditto		
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh ...	Nil	Nil	0.86	ditto		
		Jamalpore ...	Nil	Nil	1.50	ditto		
		Atia ...	Nil	Nil	1.85	ditto		
		Kishoregunge ...	0.04	Nil	2.07	ditto		
	CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office ...	Nil	Nil	1.93	ditto	
			... { Jail ...	0.01	Nil	2.51	ditto	
			Cox's Bazar ...	0.20	Nil	2.24	ditto	
		Noakholly	Noakholly ...	0.67	Nil	6.68	ditto	
		Tipperah	Comillah ...	0.09	1.10	3.06	ditto	
			Brahmunbariah ...	0.40	0.27	8.11	ditto	
		Chittagong Hill Tracts	Bungamata Hill	1.33	Nil	0.04	ditto	
	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah ...	Nil	Nil	3.82	ditto		
BEHAR.								
PATNA.	Patna	Patna ...	Nil	Nil	0.04	ditto		
		Behar ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Barh ...	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto		
		Dinapore ... { Jail ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	1st Mar.		
	Gya	... { Cantoument ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	8th April.		
		Gya ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Nowadah ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Arunabad ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
	Shahabad	Jehanabad ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Arrah ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Sasseram ...	Nil	Nil	0.05	ditto		
		Buxar ...	Nil	Nil	0.08	ditto		
	Muzafferpore	Bhubanah ...	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
		Muzafferpore ...	Nil	Not rec.	0.24	1st April.		
		Hajenore ...	Nil	ditto	0.10	ditto		
	Darbhanga	Seetamurhee ...	Nil	ditto	0.03	ditto		
		Darbhanga ...	Nil	Nil	0.31	8th April.		
		Musihobunnee ...	Nil	Nil	1.14	ditto		
	Sarun	Tajpore ...	Not rec.	Nil	0.15	ditto	Not received 26th March to 1st April 1875.	
		Chupra ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Sewan ...	Nil	Nil	0.23	ditto		
	Chumpran	Motiharee ...	Nil	Nil	0.51	ditto		
		Bettiah ...	Not rec.	Nil	0.50	ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Monghyr	Monghyr ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Begoo Serai ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Jamocoe ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Sopool ...	Nil	Nil	0.12	ditto		
		Muddehpore ...	Nil	Nil	0.10	ditto		
		Banka ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Sonburna ...	Nil	Nil	0.11	ditto		
	Purneah	Purneah ...	Nil	Nil	0.13	ditto		
		Kissemgunge ...	Nil	Nil	0.06	ditto		
		Arrareah ...	Nil	Nil	0.14	ditto		
	Sonthal Pergunnah	Nya Doomka ...	Nil	Nil	0.17	ditto		
		Rajmehal ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Deoghur ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto		
		Godda ...	Nil	Nil	0.30	ditto		

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 26th March to 1st April 1876.	Rain from 2nd to 5th April 1876.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1876.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	CUTTACK.	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.30	0.30	8th April	
		Cuttack ... { Hospital ...	Nil	0.15	0.20	ditto	
		Jajepore ...	0.15	0.80	2.05	ditto	
		Kendraparah ...	Nil	1.10	2.91	ditto	
		Jugutsangpore ...	Nil	Nil	0.30	ditto	
		False Point ...	Nil	0.25	0.75	ditto	
		Pooree ... { Pooree ...	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Pooree ... { Khoordah ...	0.30	Nil	3.10	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	1.07	4.15	ditto	
		Balasore ... { Collector's Office	0.60	0.74	4.84	ditto	
	Balasore	Bhuddruck ...	0.01	0.71	0.72	ditto	
		Jellapore ...	0.07	0.34	1.79	ditto	
		Sorah ...	Nil	0.36	1.73	ditto	
		Chandbally ...	Nil	1.00	1.63	ditto	
	Cuttack Tributary Mahals	Sumbalpoore ...	0.12	Nil	0.81	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh...	Hazareebagh... { Jail ...	Nil	Nil	0.02	ditto	
		Hazareebagh... { Dispensary ...	Nil	Nil	0.01	ditto	
	Lohardugga ...	Pachumba ...	Nil	Nil	0.17	ditto	
		Ranchee ...	Nil	Nil	0.21	ditto	
	Singbhoom ...	Palamow ...	Nil	Nil	0.03	ditto	
		Chyebassa ...	Nil	Nil	0.61	ditto	
	Maubhoom ...	Purulia ...	0.01	Nil	0.51	ditto	
		Govindpore ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet ...	Sylhet ...	2.57	0.67	8.70	ditto	
	Seesauzor ...	Seesauzor ...	0.83	Not rec.	7.77	1st April.	
		Golaghat ...	0.50	ditto	2.21	ditto	
		Jorehaut ...	0.68	ditto	4.36	ditto	
		Deopanie ...	0.83	ditto	6.20	ditto	
		Hattiepootie ...	0.49	ditto	5.38	ditto	
		Mazengah ...	1.20	ditto	6.66	ditto	
		Nazurah ...	1.34	ditto	7.42	ditto	
		Santock ...	1.77	ditto	8.27	ditto	
		Cherideo ...	2.71	ditto	11.21	ditto	
	Akyab ...	Akyab ...	Nil	Nil	0.08	8th April.	

CALCUTTA,
The 15th April 1876.

JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 9th to 15th April 1876.

STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	Apl. 9th	10	29.788	29.804	89.8	80.0	63	S S W	9.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.837	29.855	97.5	79.5	43	S S W	11.5	.....	.....	b
	10th	10	29.765	29.773	88.0	80.8	72	S W	9.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.812	29.830	97.8	78.7	40	S S E	4.5	.....	CS	b
	11th	10	29.741	29.759	88.4	80.5	69	S S W	7.5	.....	K	b
		16	29.809	29.827	93.5	81.5	58	S S E	10.8	.....	.....	b
	12th	10	29.700	29.778	88.0	80.0	69	S	11.6	.....	K	scuds.
		16	29.825	29.843	90.0	79.4	61	S	11.7	.....	K	scuds.
	13th	10	29.732	29.750	87.3	79.8	69	S	12.8	0.04	K	scuds.
		16	29.887	29.705	79.0	73.5	76	S E	7.5	.....	.....	o
	14th	10	29.731	29.749	87.0	80.8	75	W S W	6.2	0.03	K	b
		16	29.811	29.829	93.2	74.2	43	N by E	8.3	.....	.....	b
	15th	10	29.740	29.758	89.0	81.2	70	S S W	6.4	.....	K	b
		16	29.814	29.832	94.0	83.5	62	S	9.3	.....	K	b
SANDWICH ISLAND.	9th	10	29.801	29.807	88	81	79	S S W	13.2	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.871	29.877	87	82	79	S S E	18.1	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	10th	10	29.780	29.775	87	81	76	S W	19.4	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.841	29.847	88	82	76	S	14.9	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	11th	10	29.764	29.782	87	79	68	S S W	13.9	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.825	29.831	87	80	72	S	18.2	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	12th	10	29.780	29.788	88	81	72	S E	12.4	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.860	29.868	88	80	75	S	19.8	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	13th	10	29.785	29.771	86	80	75	S	18.3	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.860	29.868	87	80	72	S	21.7	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	14th	10	29.743	29.749	89	82	73	W S W	15.1	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.819	29.825	90	83	73	S S W	15.0	.....	N	l, m, scuds
	15th	10	29.747	29.753	87	80	72	S S W	15.7	.....	N	l, m, scuds
		16	29.849	29.855	87	82	79	S S E	14.7	.....	N	l, m, scuds
CHITTAGONG.	9th	10	29.782	29.873	88	80	69	W	4.7	.....	K	m
		16	29.845	29.736	88	79	65	W	10.4	.....	.....	l, w
	10th	10	29.740	29.832	83	79	88	S S W	8.3	.....	K	o
		16	29.815	29.708	88	79	65	W S W	19.5	.....	.....	b, v
	11th	10	29.836	29.829	80	72	66	S	7.1	.....	K	g
		16	29.803	29.804	69	79	62	S W	1.5	.....	.....	m
	12th	10	29.748	29.840	84	75	61	E N E	7.8	.....	.....	m
		16	29.833	29.724	90	79	59	S E	11.3	.....	.....	b, v
	13th	10	29.837	29.830	82	74	66	N E	7.3	.....	K, C	g
		16	29.897	29.789	95	78	71	E S E	13.2	.....	K, KS	g
	14th	10	29.715	29.808	88	80	69	E N E	11.6	0.10	K	m
		16	29.801	29.883	85	78	71	N N E	14.3	.....	K, KS	g
	15th	10	29.720	29.811	88	82	76	N N E	7.0	0.10	K, KS	m
		16	29.878	29.869	85	79	75	N E	16.5	.....	K, KS	g
MADRAS.	8th	10	29.922	29.952	90	79	57	S by E	10	.....	.....	c
		16	29.753	29.783	68	79	65	S E by S	15	.....	.....	b, c
	9th	10	29.878	29.908	92	77	48	S S W	14	.....	.....	b
		16	29.726	29.766	89	77	54	S E	13	.....	.....	l
	10th	10	29.823	29.753	91	80	60	S S E	13	.....	.....	l, c
		16	29.680	29.710	88	80	69	S E by S	14	.....	.....	b
	11th	10	29.762	29.792	94	79	49	S by W	10	.....	.....	c
		16	29.823	29.853	88	80	69	S E by S	16	.....	.....	b
	12th	10	29.772	29.802	91	81	63	S E by S	11	.....	.....	c
		16	29.848	29.878	88	81	79	S E by S	17	.....	.....	b, c
	13th	10	29.811	29.841	91	81	63	S	9	.....	.....	c
		16	29.878	29.708	89	81	69	S E	16	.....	.....	b, c
	14th	10	29.791	29.821	93	77	45	S by E	15	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.604	29.694	88	78	62	S E by S	15	.....	.....	b
CUTTACK.	9th	10	29.740	29.821	90	80	63	S	4.3	.....	.....	b
		16	29.580	29.641	106	73	14	S S W	3.2	.....	C	b
	10th	10	29.655	29.736	102	79	64	N W	6.2	.....	.....	b
		16	29.627	29.648	104	76	24	W N W	2.8	.....	.....	b
	11th	10	29.685	29.739	91	79	50	S W	6.0	.....	.....	b
		16	29.488	29.509	93	81	43	S W	7.4	.....	K, N, C	b
	12th	10	29.673	29.755	88	78	62	S S W	1.2	.....	K, N, C	b
		16	29.520	29.611	87	76	58	S	1.2	.....	N, C	b
	13th	10	29.608	29.749	91	79	56	S	9.2	.....	K	b
		16	29.550	29.631	91	79	56	S W	11.4	.....	N, C	b
	14th	10	29.658	29.739	90	80	63	W N W	5.8	.....	C	b
		16	29.446	29.577	100	78	34	N N W	1.5	.....	CK	b
	15th	10	29.606	29.687	92	80	63	S W	0.5	.....	C	b
		16	29.524	29.605	90	80	47	S	24.8	.....	C	b
ATLAS.	9th	10	29.881	29.872	80	79	62	S	2.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.758	29.777	86	79	72	N E	6.1	.....	.....	b
	10th	10	29.858	29.877	88	79	65	W	2.3	.....	.....	b
		16	29.707	29.728	87	79	68	S W	5.0	.....	.....	b
	11th	10	29.823	29.844	80	79	62	S	1.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.684	29.705	87	79	68	W	23.5	.....	.....	b
	12th	10	29.843	29.864	84	81	72	S W	1.7	.....	.....	b
		16	29.714	29.735	88	80	69	W	6.8	.....	.....	b
	13th	10	29.850	29.877	88	80	63	S	1.4	.....	.....	b
		16	29.714	29.735	88	80	69	S W	5.8	.....	.....	b
	14th	10	29.815	29.836	88	80	69	N	1.8	.....	.....	b
		16	29.714	29.735	88	79	65	W S W	5.5	.....	.....	b
	15th	10	29.820	29.850	87	79	68	N N W	2.7	.....	.....	b
		16	29.714	29.735	87	80	72	W	4.6	.....	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th April 1876.JOHN ELLIOTT, M.A.,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office,
Calcutta, from 8th to 14th April 1876.**

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phase.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	%		H	Miles.	In.		
April	8th	29.770	97.8	78.3	114.0	86.1	77.5	71.5	63	S S W & S W	...	105.5	...	...	Clear.
	9th	710	99.5	79.5	147.0	87.2	79.3	74.6	67	S W & S	0.8	225.8	...	○	Scuds and clear.
	10th	684	97.8	81.2	144.0	87.2	79.7	75.2	68	S S W & S	...	219.2	...	...	Cumuli and clear.
	11th	684	94.6	80.0	143.8	86.1	79.8	75.4	71	S S W & S	...	193.2	...	...	Scuds, cirri, and cirrostrati. Sheet-lightning from 7 to 9 P.M.
	12th	706	91.8	74.0	136.7	83.6	77.4	73.1	73	S	2.0	293.4	0.04	...	Clear, cirrocumuli, cumuli, and overcast. Brisk wind the whole day; thunder at 9½ P.M.; lightning from 8 to 10 P.M.; light rain between 9 and 10 P.M.
	13th	708	91.2	73.5	141.0	80.5	75.8	72.5	77	S S E & S	2.0	305.7	0.03	...	Cumuli and overcast. Thunder from 2 to 5 P.M.; lightning from 3½ to 9 P.M.; light rain between 3 and 4 P.M.
	14th	674	93.4	80.5	140.0	85.8	78.6	73.6	68	S by W & N	0.4	157.1	...	...	Scuds, cumuli, and clear.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain-gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

				°
The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days				... 26.0
The maximum temperature during the past seven days				... 99.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year				... 102.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days				... 0.69
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year				... 0.68
				Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th				... { by lower rain-gauge 0.07
				... { by anemometer gauge 0.03
Ditto	ditto	ditto,	average of twenty-two previous years	... 0.26
Ditto	ditto	between the 1st January and the 14th April		... 7.49
Ditto	ditto	ditto,	average of twenty-two previous years	... 3.56

The 18th April 1876.

GOPKENDATH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st April 1876 on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	32,842	24,931 7 9	2,265 7 9	1,32,300 33	34,741 8 10	3,164 12 10	5,470 0 7
Or per mile of railway	208	157 8 9	14 8 10	836 18	219 8 7	20 2 6	34 11 4
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	456,406½	3,22,256 10 6	20,540 3 9	14,60,162 30	3,54,796 8 0	32,522 1 10	62,662 5 7
Total for 14 weeks ...	489,249½	3,47,188 2 3	31,825 11 6	15,41,529 32	3,59,538 0 10	35,706 14 8	67,532 6 2
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	36,621½	30,871 4 8	2,829 17 4	2,11,171 25	40,978 13 2	3,756 7 10	6,596 5 2
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	231	195 1 3	17 17 7	1,334 17	259 15 3	23 14 10	41 12 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	480,263½	3,40,607 0 8	32,052 16 4	21,25,553 38	4,06,143 9 1	37,233 9 9	69,296 6 1

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th April 1876 on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRAIN MILES RUN.		
	No. of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		Coach-ing.		Merchan-dise.	Total.	
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
Total traffic for the week	139,400	2,08,508 7 3	19,094 18 10	10,14,413 10	4,37,977 10 0	40,065 9 0	50,160 7 10	43,767½	58,161	128,928½	
Or per mile of railway		162 12 4	14 18 5	.....	341 8 7	31 6 2	40 1 7			
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	1,668,500	28,07,963 13 0	265,616 13 8	1,32,60,974 20	54,63,263 7 3	500,739 3 0	766,445 16 8	612,956	992,068½	1,605,024½	
Total for 14 weeks	1,807,900	31,06,272 4 3	284,741 12 6	1,42,75,387 30	59,00,341 1 5	549,844 12 0	825,606 4 6	656,768½	1,075,229½	1,731,998½	
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	168,803	2,42,534 7 0	22,282 6 6	9,28,412 20	3,75,460 9 9	34,508 17 9	36,741 4 3	43,257	74,185	118,442	
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ... ..	.....	180 8 3	17 7 5	.....	294 2 8	26 19 4	44 6 9	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,807,073	27,04,316 0 2	256,145 12 8	1,30,81,379 20	56,51,987 2 10	518,098 16 6	774,244 9 2	610,829½	1,051,619	1,662,448	

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th April 1876 on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Total traffic for the week ...	5,711	12,180 15 6	1,116 11 9	1,18,358 30	35,223 3 0	3,228 15 11	4,345 7 8	4,251	68,969½	10,645½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	54 7 1	4 19 10	.....	157 6 0	14 8 7	19 8 5	.....	.....	.....
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	88,508½	2,02,757 2 0	20,836 1 5	13,24,575 50	2,09,835 9 0	27,484 18 6	54,820 19 11	62,254½	76,077½	138,331½
Total for 14 weeks ...	94,219½	3,04,954 1 6	27,952 13 2	14,42,934 20	3,35,668 12 0	30,713 14 5	59,666 7 7	66,509½	82,124½	148,634½
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	6,301	10,440 8 8	1,782 17 5	83,554 10	27,565 14 0	2,526 17 6	4,360 10 11	4,545	4,924	9,289
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	86 14 10	7 19 4	.....	123 8 2	11 5 11	19 5 3	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	80,295½	2,06,090 7 6	27,050 15 8	13,71,058 0	4,03,497 3 0	36,987 4 10	61,038 0 6	66,246	80,884	147,130

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th April 1876, on 28 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Strs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	9,961	1,286 0 0	128 12 0	20,948 0	714 0 0	71 8 0	200 0 0
Or per mile of railway	356	46 0 0	4 12 0	748 0	25 8 0	2 11 0	7 3 0
For previous 14 weeks of half-year...	139,999	19,016 0 0	1,901 12 0	2,60,276 0	8,478 0 0	847 16 0	2,749 8 0
Total for 15 weeks	149,960	20,302 0 0	2,030 4 0	2,81,224 0	9,192 8 0	919 4 0	2,949 8 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,488	1,244 5 3	124 8 8	19,904 10	687 9 9	68 15 3	193 3 11
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	303	44 7 1	4 8 11	710 35	24 8 7	2 9 1	7 18 0
Total to corresponding date of previous year	138,087	18,531 6 6	1,853 2 10	2,90,531 0	9,629 3 0	962 18 5	2,816 1 3

NALHATTI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended the 8th April 1876, on 27½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Strs.	Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,670	839 0 0	83 18 0	3,191 0	326 0 0	32 12 0	116 10 0
Or per mile of railway	61	30 8 0	3 1 0	117 0	12 0 0	1 4 0	4 5 0
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	27,516	13,627 0 0	1,362 14 0	1,11,177 0	9,140 0 0	914 12 0	2,277 6 0
Total for 15 weeks	29,186	14,466 8 0	1,446 12 0	1,14,368 0	9,472 0 0	947 4 0	2,393 16 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,656½	1,265 9 2	125 11 2	6,941 30	514 2 3	51 8 3	176 19 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	61	46 1 3	4 12 2	254 30	18 13 11	1 17 9	6 9 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	25,582	18,639 10 7	1,863 19 4	98,492 0	7,795 8 9	779 11 1	2,643 10 5